
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**Amendment No. 4
to
FORM S-4
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

2860
(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)

13-1432060
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

**521 West 57th Street
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(212) 765-5500**
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

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Approximate date of commencement of the proposed sale of the securities to the public: As soon as possible following the effective date of this registration statement and satisfaction or waiver of all other conditions to the consummation of the Exchange Offer and Merger described herein.

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If the securities being registered on this Form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company,” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act.

If applicable, place an X in the box to designate the appropriate rule provision relied upon in conducting this transaction:

Exchange Act Rule 13e-4(i) (Cross-Border Issuer Tender Offer)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Exchange Act Rule 14d-1(d) (Cross-Border Third-Party Tender Offer)	<input type="checkbox"/>

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until this registration statement shall become effective on such date as the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. (“IFF”) is filing this registration statement on Form S-4 (Registration No. 333-238072) to register the shares of its common stock, par value \$0.125 per share (“IFF common stock”), that will be issued in the merger of Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., a Delaware corporation (“Merger Sub I”), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, with and into Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“N&B”), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of DuPont de Nemours, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“DuPont”), whereby the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub I will cease and N&B will continue as the surviving company and a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF (the “Merger”). Prior to the Merger, subject to the terms of the Separation Agreement (as defined below), DuPont will transfer certain assets, liabilities and entities comprising its nutrition and biosciences business (such business to be transferred, the “N&B Business”) to N&B or its subsidiaries. In exchange therefor, DuPont will receive shares of N&B common stock, as well as the Special Cash Payment (as defined below), and the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders as provided below. As a result of the Merger, the existing shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock. No fewer than 30 days (and in some circumstances 15 days) after the Merger, N&B will merge with and into Neptune Merger Sub II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Merger Sub II”), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, with Merger Sub II surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF (the “Second Merger,” and together with the Merger, the “Mergers”).

N&B is a newly formed, wholly owned subsidiary of DuPont that was organized specifically for the purpose of effecting the Separation (as defined below). N&B has engaged in no business activities to date and it has no material assets or liabilities of any kind, other than those incident to its formation and those incurred in connection with the Transactions (as defined below). The shares of N&B common stock will be immediately converted into shares of IFF common stock upon completion of the Merger. IFF filed a proxy statement that relates to the special meeting of shareholders of IFF to approve the issuance of shares of IFF common stock in the Merger. In addition, N&B filed a registration statement on Form S-4 and Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-238089) to register the offer of shares of N&B common stock, which shares will be distributed to DuPont stockholders.

Based on market conditions prior to the closing of the Merger, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders in a spin-off or a split-off exchange offer and if conducted as an exchange offer, the terms thereof (including whether to offer any discount for shares of N&B common stock). In a spin-off, all DuPont stockholders would receive a pro rata number of shares of N&B common stock. In a split-off exchange offer, DuPont would offer its stockholders the option to exchange their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock, which would be converted automatically into shares of IFF common stock in the Merger. As a result, there would be a reduction in DuPont’s outstanding shares. If the exchange offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered results in fewer than all of the shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, then DuPont would conduct a clean-up spin-off. In the clean-up spin-off, DuPont would distribute the remaining shares of N&B common stock on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after the consummation of the exchange offer. If DuPont decides to undertake a split-off exchange offer, DuPont presently expects that a clean-up spin-off will be necessary following the exchange offer.

IFF and N&B are filing this registration statement under the assumption that the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders pursuant to an exchange offer with a clean-up spin-off to distribute any additional shares of N&B common stock not exchanged in the exchange offer. However, no final decision has been made about whether the shares will be distributed by way of an exchange offer or a spin-off or the final terms of any potential exchange offer (including whether to offer any discount for shares of N&B common stock). Once a final decision is made regarding the manner of distribution of the shares, this registration statement on Form S-4 (Registration No. 333-238072) will be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary. It is not expected that DuPont’s decision to effect the distribution of N&B common stock solely through a spin-off instead of a split-off exchange offer would have a material impact on the combined company or on IFF’s shareholders.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may change. The Exchange Offer and issuance of securities being registered pursuant to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part may not be completed until the registration statement is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities, and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities, in any jurisdiction where such offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED OCTOBER 5, 2020

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS—OFFER TO EXCHANGE

DuPont de Nemours, Inc.
Offer to Exchange Shares of Common Stock of
NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC.
which are owned by DuPont de Nemours, Inc.
and will be converted into Shares of Common Stock of
INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES INC.
for
Shares of Common Stock of DuPont de Nemours, Inc.

DuPont de Nemours, Inc. (“DuPont”) is offering to exchange all shares of common stock (“N&B common stock”) of Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. (“N&B”) owned by DuPont for shares of common stock of DuPont (“DuPont common stock”) that are validly tendered and not properly withdrawn. The number of shares of DuPont common stock that will be accepted if the Exchange Offer (as defined below) is completed will depend on the final exchange ratio and the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered. The terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer are described in this prospectus, which you should read carefully. None of DuPont, N&B, any of their respective directors or officers nor any of their respective representatives makes any recommendation as to whether you should participate in the Exchange Offer. You must make your own decision after reading this prospectus and consulting with your advisors. The Exchange Offer is voluntary. If you would like to keep all of your shares of DuPont common stock, you do not need to take any action.

DuPont’s obligation to exchange shares of N&B common stock for shares of DuPont common stock is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including conditions to the consummation of the Transactions (as defined below), which include approval by the shareholders of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. (“IFF”) of the issuance of shares of common stock of IFF (“IFF common stock”) in the Merger (as defined below) (IFF’s shareholders approved the issuance of shares of IFF common stock in the Merger at a special meeting on August 27, 2020).

The Transactions are being undertaken to transfer the N&B Business (as defined below) from DuPont to IFF. The aggregate value of the consideration to be paid to DuPont stockholders with respect to the N&B Business in the Transactions is estimated to be approximately \$ billion in value of IFF common stock (calculated based on the closing price on the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) of IFF common stock as of , 2020) issuable to DuPont stockholders that participate in the Exchange Offer or receive shares in the Clean-Up Spin-Off (as defined below) if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered results in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged. This stock consideration combined with the Special Cash Payment (as defined below) would result in an overall value of approximately \$ billion received by DuPont and DuPont stockholders in connection with the Transactions.

Immediately following the distribution of shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders (the “Distribution”), a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF named Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., a Delaware corporation (“Merger Sub I”), will be merged with and into N&B, whereby the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub I will cease and N&B will continue as the surviving company and a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF (the “Merger”). In the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be automatically cancelled) will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock equal to the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement. The aggregate number of shares of IFF common stock to be issued in the Merger by IFF is expected to result in pre-Merger holders of shares of N&B common stock collectively owning approximately 55.4% of the issued and outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis after giving effect to the Merger and IFF’s existing shareholders collectively owning approximately 44.6% of the issued and outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis (in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases). N&B common stock will not be transferred to participants in the Exchange Offer; such participants will instead receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger. No trading market currently exists for N&B common stock. You will not be able to trade shares of N&B common stock before they are converted into shares of IFF common stock in the Merger. In addition, there can be no assurance that shares of IFF common stock, when issued in the Merger, will trade at the same prices that shares of IFF common stock are traded at prior to the Merger.

The value of DuPont common stock and N&B common stock will be determined by DuPont by reference to the simple arithmetic average of the daily volume-weighted average prices (“VWAP”) on each of the Valuation Dates (as defined below) of DuPont common stock on the NYSE and IFF common stock on the NYSE on each of the last full three trading days ending on and including the second trading day preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer period (“Valuation Dates”), as it may be voluntarily extended. Based on an expiration date of , 2020, the Valuation Dates are expected to be , 2020, , 2020 and , 2020. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.”

The Exchange Offer is designed to permit you to exchange your shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock at a % discount to the per-share value of IFF common stock, calculated as set forth in this prospectus, subject to the upper limit described below. For each \$100 of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer, you will receive approximately \$ of N&B common stock, subject to an upper limit of shares of N&B common stock per share of DuPont common stock. The Exchange Offer does not provide for a minimum exchange ratio. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.” If the upper limit is in effect, then the exchange ratio will be fixed at that limit. **IF THE UPPER LIMIT IS IN EFFECT, AND UNLESS YOU PROPERLY WITHDRAW YOUR SHARES, YOU WILL RECEIVE LESS THAN \$ OF N&B COMMON STOCK FOR EACH \$100 OF DUPONT COMMON STOCK THAT YOU TENDER, AND YOU COULD RECEIVE MUCH LESS.**

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The indicative exchange ratio that would have been in effect following the official close of trading on the NYSE on _____, 2020 (the second to last trading day before the date of this prospectus), based on the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on _____, 2020, _____, 2020 and _____, 2020 would have provided for _____ shares of N&B common stock to be exchanged for every share of DuPont common stock accepted. The value of N&B common stock received and, following the Merger, the value of IFF common stock received may not remain above the value of DuPont common stock tendered following the expiration of the Exchange Offer.

THE EXCHANGE OFFER AND WITHDRAWAL RIGHTS WILL EXPIRE AT _____ P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON _____, 2020 UNLESS THE OFFER IS EXTENDED OR TERMINATED. SHARES OF DUPONT COMMON STOCK TENDERED PURSUANT TO THE EXCHANGE OFFER MAY BE WITHDRAWN AT ANY TIME PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION OF THE EXCHANGE OFFER.

In reviewing this prospectus, you should carefully consider the [risk factors](#) beginning on page 65 of this prospectus.

We Are Not Asking You for a Proxy and You are Requested Not To Send Us a Proxy.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is _____, 2020.

The final exchange ratio used to determine the number of shares of N&B common stock that you will receive for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer will be announced by press release no later than 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day immediately preceding the expiration date. At such time, the final exchange ratio will be available at <https://> _____ and from the information agent at the toll-free number provided on the back cover of this prospectus. DuPont will announce whether the upper limit on the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock tendered will be in effect, through <https://> _____ and by press release, no later than 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day immediately preceding the expiration date. Starting at the end of the third trading day of the Exchange Offer, indicative exchange ratios (calculated in the manner described in this prospectus) will also be available on that website and from the information agent at the toll-free number provided on the back cover of this prospectus.

This prospectus provides information regarding DuPont, N&B, IFF, the Exchange Offer, the Clean-Up Spin-Off and the Merger. DuPont stock is listed on the NYSE under the symbol “DD.” IFF common stock is listed on the NYSE, Euronext Paris and the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange (“TASE”) under the symbol “IFF.” On _____, 2020, the last reported sale price of DuPont common stock on the NYSE was \$ _____ per share, and the last reported sale price of IFF common stock on the NYSE was \$ _____ per share. The market prices of DuPont common stock and of IFF common stock will fluctuate prior to the completion of the Exchange Offer and thereafter and may be higher or lower at the expiration date than the prices set forth above. No trading market currently exists for N&B common stock. N&B has not applied for listing of N&B common stock on any exchange.

Following the Exchange Offer, the remaining shares of N&B common stock held by DuPont (if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered results in fewer than all outstanding shares of N&B common stock being exchanged), will be distributed to DuPont stockholders whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after the consummation of the Exchange Offer pursuant to a pro rata distribution in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. This prospectus covers all shares of N&B common stock offered by DuPont in the Exchange Offer and all shares of N&B common stock that may be distributed by DuPont in the Clean-Up Spin-Off (or, if the Exchange Offer is terminated by DuPont, the Spin-Off (as defined below)) to holders of shares of DuPont common stock. If the Exchange Offer is terminated by DuPont without the exchange of shares (but the conditions to consummation of the Transactions have otherwise been satisfied), all shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont will be distributed in a spin-off on a pro rata basis to holders of DuPont common stock, with a record date to be announced by DuPont (the “Spin-Off”). See “The Exchange Offer—Distribution of N&B Common Stock Remaining After the Exchange Offer.”

Following the consummation of the Distribution, in the Merger, Merger Sub I will be merged with and into N&B, whereby the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub I will cease and N&B will continue as the surviving company. In the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be cancelled) will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock equal to the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement. The aggregate number of shares of IFF common stock to be issued in the Merger by IFF is expected to result in pre-Merger holders of shares of N&B common stock collectively owning approximately 55.4% of the issued and outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis after giving effect to the Merger and IFF’s existing shareholders collectively owning approximately 44.6% of the issued and outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis (in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger shareholder bases).

No fewer than 30 days (and in some circumstances 15 days) following the Merger, N&B will be merged with and into Neptune Merger Sub II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Merger Sub II”), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, whereby the separate corporate existence of N&B will cease and Merger Sub II will continue as the surviving company (such merger, the “Second Merger” and together with the Merger, the “Mergers”).

DuPont’s obligation to exchange shares of N&B common stock for IFF common stock is subject to the conditions listed under “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer,” including the satisfaction of conditions to the Merger.

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This prospectus incorporates by reference important business and financial information about DuPont and IFF from documents filed with the SEC that have not been included in or delivered with this prospectus. This information is available without charge at the website that the SEC maintains at www.sec.gov, as well as from other sources. See “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation By Reference.” You also may ask any questions about the Exchange Offer or request copies of the Exchange Offer documents and the other information incorporated by reference in this prospectus, without charge, upon written or oral request to DuPont’s information agent, _____, located at _____, at the telephone number _____ or at the email address _____. In order to receive timely delivery of the documents, you must make your requests no later than _____, 2021.

All information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus with respect to IFF, Merger Sub I, Merger Sub II and their respective subsidiaries, as well as information on IFF after the consummation of the Transactions, has been provided by IFF. All other information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus with respect to DuPont, N&B or their respective subsidiaries, or the N&B Business, and with respect to the terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer, has been provided by DuPont.

This prospectus is not an offer to sell or exchange and it is not a solicitation of an offer to buy any shares of DuPont common stock, N&B common stock or IFF common stock in any jurisdiction in which the offer, sale or exchange is not permitted. Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their advisors in considering whether they may participate in the Exchange Offer in accordance with the laws of their home countries and, if they do participate, whether there are any restrictions or limitations on transactions in the shares of N&B common stock that may apply in their home countries. DuPont, N&B and IFF cannot provide any assurance about whether such limitations may exist. See “The Exchange Offer—Certain Matters Relating to Non-U.S. Jurisdictions” for additional information about limitations on the Exchange Offer outside the United States.

HELPFUL INFORMATION

Certain abbreviations and terms used in the text and notes are defined below:

<u>Abbreviation/Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
Ancillary Agreements	The Tax Matters Agreement, the Employee Matters Agreement, the Intellectual Property Cross-License Agreement, the Trademark Cross-License Agreement, the Regulatory Cross-License Agreement, the Umbrella Secrecy Agreement, the Regulatory Transfer and Support Agreement, TMODS License Agreement, Transition Services Agreements, Supply Agreement, Space Leases and the other agreements set forth in the Separation Agreement and any other agreements to be entered into by and between any member of the N&B Group and any member of the DuPont Group, at, prior to or after the Distribution in connection with the Distribution (to the extent consented to by IFF), N&B and IFF, but shall exclude any conveyancing and assumption instruments and the Merger Agreement
Benefit Plan	All employee or director compensation and benefit plans, programs, agreements, policies or arrangements, including any employment, severance, welfare (including medical, dental, vision and life insurance), cafeteria, retirement, savings and other deferred compensation plans, programs, agreements, policies or arrangements
Clean-Up Spin-Off	The distribution by DuPont following the consummation of the Exchange Offer, if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed, of the remaining shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer
Code	The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended
Collective Bargaining Agreement	A collective bargaining agreement, labor agreement or similar written contract with a labor union, labor organization or other employee representative body and each written contract with a works council
DGCL	General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware
Distribution	The distribution by DuPont, pursuant to the Separation Agreement, of 100% of the shares of N&B common stock to DuPont's stockholders in the Exchange Offer with the Clean-Up Spin-Off to the extent required, or the Spin-Off

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<u>Abbreviation/Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
Distribution Date	The date, as shall be determined by the board of DuPont, on which DuPont distributes all of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock to the holders of DuPont common stock
DuPont	Depending on context, either DuPont de Nemours, Inc. or DuPont de Nemours, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries
DuPont Benefit Plan	Any Benefit Plan sponsored or maintained by DuPont or any member of the DuPont Group
DuPont Bylaws	DuPont's Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws, effective June 1, 2019 (as they may be amended)
DuPont Charter	DuPont's Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, effective June 1, 2019 (as it may be amended)
DuPont common stock	The common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of DuPont
DuPont Equity Award	Any outstanding DuPont Option, DuPont Stock Appreciation Right, DuPont RSU Award, DuPont Restricted Stock Award, DuPont PSU Award and other equity incentive compensation award that was granted under the DuPont Incentive Plan
DuPont Group	DuPont and each of its subsidiaries and any legal predecessors thereto, but excluding any member of the N&B Group
DuPont Incentive Plan	DuPont's Omnibus Incentive Plan and any other equity compensation plan or arrangement maintained by DuPont
DuPont Option	Each option to purchase shares of DuPont common stock from DuPont, whether granted by DuPont pursuant to the DuPont Incentive Plan, assumed by DuPont in connection with any merger, acquisition or similar transaction or otherwise issued or granted and whether vested or unvested
DuPont PSU Award	Each stock unit representing the right to be issued shares of DuPont common stock by DuPont upon the satisfaction of a performance-based vesting requirement, whether granted by DuPont pursuant to the DuPont Incentive Plan, assumed by DuPont in connection with any merger, acquisition or similar transaction or otherwise issued or granted and whether vested or unvested
DuPont Restricted Stock Award	Each restricted stock award in respect of shares of DuPont common stock, whether granted by DuPont pursuant to the DuPont Incentive Plan, assumed by DuPont in connection with any merger, acquisition or similar transaction or otherwise issued or granted and whether vested or unvested

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<u>Abbreviation/Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
DuPont RSP	The DuPont Retirement Savings Plan
DuPont RSU Award	Each restricted stock unit representing the right to vest in and be issued shares of DuPont common stock by DuPont, whether granted by DuPont pursuant to a DuPont Incentive Plan, assumed by DuPont in connection with any merger, acquisition or similar transaction or otherwise issued or granted and whether vested or unvested
DuPont Stock Appreciation Right	Each stock appreciation right in respect of DuPont common stock, whether granted by DuPont pursuant to the DuPont Incentive Plan, assumed by DuPont in connection with any merger, acquisition or similar transaction or otherwise issued or granted and whether vested or unvested
Employee Matters Agreement	The Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, N&B and IFF
Exchange Act	The Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
Exchange Offer	The exchange offer to which this prospectus relates, whereby DuPont is offering to its stockholders the ability to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock, which N&B common stock will be immediately exchanged for IFF common stock in the Merger
GAAP	Generally accepted accounting principles in the United States
HSR Act	The Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended
IFF	International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
IFF Bylaws	IFF's Bylaws (as they may be amended)
IFF Charter	IFF's Restated Certificate of Incorporation (as it may be amended)
IFF common stock	The common stock, par value \$0.125 per share, of IFF
IFF Companies	IFF and each of IFF's subsidiaries, including Merger Sub I and Merger Sub II
IFF Equity Awards	Any outstanding LTIP Award, IFF Option, IFF PRSU, IFF RSU, IFF SSAR and other equity incentive compensation award that was granted under the IFF Incentive Plan
IFF Form S-4 Registration Statement	IFF's registration statement on Form S-4 filed with the SEC in connection with the issuance of IFF common stock pursuant to the Merger, as such registration statement may be amended prior to the time it becomes effective under the Securities Act

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<u>Abbreviation/Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
IFF Incentive Plan	IFF's 2015 Stock Award and Incentive Plan and any other equity compensation plan or arrangement maintained by IFF
IFF Option	Each option to purchase shares of IFF common stock from IFF, whether granted by IFF pursuant to the IFF Incentive Plan, assumed by IFF in connection with any merger, acquisition or similar transaction or otherwise issued or granted and whether vested or unvested
IFF PRSU	Each purchased restricted stock unit representing the right to vest in and be issued shares of IFF common stock by IFF, purchased pursuant to the IFF Incentive Plan
IFF RSU	Each restricted stock unit representing the right to vest in and be issued shares of IFF common stock by IFF, whether granted by IFF pursuant to the IFF Incentive Plan, assumed by IFF in connection with any merger, acquisition or similar transaction or otherwise issued or granted and whether vested or unvested
IFF SSAR	Each stock-settled appreciation right in respect of IFF common stock, whether granted by IFF pursuant to the IFF Incentive Plan, assumed by IFF in connection with any merger, acquisition or similar transaction or otherwise issued or granted and whether vested or unvested
Indenture	The indenture, dated September 16, 2020, between N&B and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee
Intellectual Property Cross-License Agreement	The Intellectual Property Cross-License Agreement substantially in the form attached as Exhibit 10.4 hereto and to be entered into at or prior to the Distribution Date
Internal Reorganization	The transfer and/or assignment and assumption of certain N&B Assets, N&B Liabilities, Excluded Assets and Excluded Liabilities in furtherance of the Separation and the Parent Contribution
LTIP Award	Each performance cash and share in the form of long-term incentive plan awards granted by IFF pursuant to the IFF Incentive Plan
Merger	The merger of Merger Sub I with and into N&B, with N&B surviving the merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, as contemplated by the Merger Agreement
Merger Agreement	The Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, IFF, N&B and Merger Sub I (as it may be amended from time to time)

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<u>Abbreviation/Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
Merger Sub I	Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF
Merger Sub II	Neptune Merger Sub II LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF
N&B	Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a Delaware corporation and currently a wholly owned subsidiary of DuPont
N&B Assets	The assets allocated to N&B and the members of the N&B Group described in the section of this document entitled “The Separation Agreement—The Separation—Transfer of Assets”
N&B Benefit Plan	Any Benefit Plan sponsored or maintained by N&B or any member of the N&B Group that is in place immediately prior to the Distribution
N&B Business	The nutrition and biosciences business of DuPont
N&B Bylaws	The Bylaws of N&B, dated as of October 30, 2019 (as they may be amended)
N&B Certificate of Incorporation	The Certificate of Incorporation of N&B, dated as of October 30, 2019 (as it may be amended)
N&B common stock	The common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of N&B
N&B Companies	N&B and its subsidiaries, after giving effect to the Separation and the Parent Contribution
N&B Debt Financing	The indebtedness to be incurred by N&B under the Commitment Letter and/or the Permanent Financing in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Separation Agreement and the Merger Agreement, as described in the section of this document entitled “Debt Financing”
N&B Dedicated Employee	Each individual described in Section 1.01(a)(i) of the Employee Matters Agreement (and, for the avoidance of doubt, not including any individual in a shared corporate or functional role to be identified pursuant to Section 1.01(a)(ii) of the Employee Matters Agreement)
N&B Employee	Each employee who is employed as of the Separation Date and is: (i) an N&B Dedicated Employee, (ii) identified through a process for talent selection to fill a shared corporate or functional department listed in Schedule 1.01(a)(ii) of the Employee Matters Agreement, (iii) hired by DuPont prior to the Distribution, as permitted under the Merger Agreement, (iv) by operation of law or the terms of the N&B Labor Agreement, without the taking of any action by DuPont or any of its affiliates, automatically transferred to the N&B Group on or before the Distribution Date or (v) mutually identified by N&B, DuPont and IFF, in each case, exclusive of Non-Consenting Employees or any individual, as determined and agreed upon by DuPont and IFF in

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<u>Abbreviation/Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
	good faith, was inappropriately identified for employment with a member of the N&B Group
N&B Group	N&B, and each person that is a direct or indirect affiliate of N&B immediately following the Distribution, and each person that becomes a subsidiary of N&B after the Distribution
N&B Indemnitees	N&B, each other member of the N&B Group, and each of their affiliates from and after the Distribution, including IFF and each of IFF's affiliates, and all persons who are or have been directors, officers, employees and of any member of the N&B Group (in each case, in their respective capacities as such), and their respective heirs, executors, successors and assigns
N&B Key Executive Role	The position of a principal executive officer of N&B or his or her direct reports
N&B Liabilities	The liabilities allocated to N&B and the members of the N&B Group described in the section of this document entitled "The Separation Agreement—The Separation—Assumption of Liabilities"
New York City time	Local time in the City of New York, New York
Non-Consenting Employees	Each individual who otherwise would be an N&B Employee pursuant to Section 1.01(a) of the Employee Matters Agreement, who has the right under applicable law or applicable N&B Labor Agreement to object to, opt out of, refuse to consent to, or otherwise fail to acquiesce to, and who has (a) validly objected to, opted out of, refused to consent to, or otherwise failed to acquiesce to, the automatic transfer of their employment to N&B Group by operation of applicable law, in cases where such employee is subject to automatic transfer by operation of applicable law, (b) validly refused to consent to, refused to accept the offer to, refused to execute a tripartite agreement or otherwise failed to acquiesce to, become an employee of N&B Group, or (c) validly objected to, opted out of, refused to consent to, or otherwise failed to acquiesce to, changes in his or her compensation or employee benefits by validly resigning or terminating his or her employment with, validly withdrawing his or her consent to employment with or validly rejecting his or her transfer to, N&B Group, in accordance with and to the extent permitted by applicable law or an applicable N&B Labor Agreement
NYSE	The New York Stock Exchange
Parent Contribution	The conveyance by DuPont to N&B of certain assets and liabilities constituting the N&B Business

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<u>Abbreviation/Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
record date	The record date to be established for any pro rata distribution of shares
SEC	The United States Securities and Exchange Commission
Securities Act	The Securities Act of 1933, as amended
Separation	The transfer of the N&B Assets that are not already owned by members of the N&B Group to members of the N&B Group and the assumption of the N&B Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise directly the responsibility of members of the N&B Group by members of the N&B Group, and the transfer of Excluded Assets that are not already directly owned by members of the DuPont Group to members of the DuPont Group and the Assumption of the Excluded Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise the responsibility of members of the DuPont Group by the DuPont Group, including the steps contemplated by the Internal Reorganization
Separation Agreement	The Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, IFF and N&B (as it may be amended from time to time)
Separation Date	The effective date of the Separation
Separation Plan	DuPont’s plan with respect to the Internal Reorganization, as further described in the Separation Agreement
Share Issuance	The issuance of shares of IFF common stock to the stockholders of N&B in the Merger
Special Cash Payment	A special cash payment from N&B to DuPont in an amount equal to \$7.306 billion, subject to certain adjustments as described in “The Separation Agreement—The Separation—Special Cash Payment and Post-Closing Adjustments”
Spin-Off	If the Exchange Offer is terminated by DuPont without the exchange of shares (but the conditions to consummation of the Transactions have otherwise been satisfied), the distribution of all shares of N&B common stock on a pro rata basis to holders of DuPont common stock, with a record date to be announced by DuPont
Tax Matters Agreement	The Tax Matters Agreement substantially in the form attached as Exhibit 10.3 hereto and to be entered into immediately prior to the Distribution
Termination Fee	The termination fee of \$521.5 million payable by IFF to DuPont upon termination of the Merger Agreement under circumstances as described in the section of this document entitled “The Merger Agreement—

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<u>Abbreviation/Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
Transaction Documents	Termination Fees and Expenses Payable in Certain Circumstances” The Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements
Transactions	The transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents, which provide for, among other things, the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger, as described in “The Transactions”
Transition Services Agreements	The Transition Services Agreement (DuPont (or certain of its affiliates) to N&B (or certain of its affiliates)) and the Transition Services Agreement (N&B (or certain of its affiliates) to DuPont (or certain of its affiliates)), each as contemplated by the Merger Agreement
Valuation Dates	The last three full trading days ending on and including the second trading day preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer period, as it may be voluntarily extended
Voting Agreement	The Voting Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and between DuPont and Winder Investment Pte. Ltd.
VWAP	Volume-weighted average price

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE EXCHANGE OFFER AND THE TRANSACTIONS

The following are some of the questions that DuPont stockholders may have, and answers to those questions. These questions and answers, as well as the following summary, are not meant to be a substitute for the information contained in the remainder of this prospectus, and this information is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed descriptions and explanations contained elsewhere in this prospectus. You are urged to read this prospectus in its entirety prior to making any decision.

Questions and Answers about the Exchange Offer

Q: Who may participate in the Exchange Offer?

A: Any U.S. holders of DuPont common stock in the United States during the Exchange Offer period may participate in the Exchange Offer. Although DuPont has mailed this document to its stockholders to the extent required by U.S. law, including stockholders located outside the United States, this document is not an offer to buy, sell or exchange and it is not a solicitation of an offer to buy, sell or exchange any shares of DuPont common stock, shares of IFF common stock or shares of N&B common stock in any jurisdiction in which such offer, sale or exchange is not permitted.

Countries outside the United States generally have their own legal requirements that govern securities offerings made to persons resident in those countries and often impose stringent requirements about the form and content of offers made to the general public. None of DuPont, N&B or IFF has taken any action under non-U.S. laws or regulations to facilitate a public offer to exchange shares of DuPont common stock, shares of N&B common stock or shares of IFF common stock outside the United States. Accordingly, the ability of any non-U.S. person and any U.S. person residing outside of the United States to tender shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer will depend on whether there is an exemption available under the laws of such person's home country that would permit such person to participate in the Exchange Offer without the need for DuPont, N&B or IFF to take any action to facilitate a public offering in that country or otherwise. For example, some countries exempt transactions from the rules governing public offerings if they involve persons who meet certain eligibility requirements relating to their status as sophisticated or professional investors.

Non-U.S. stockholders and U.S. stockholders residing outside of the United States should consult their advisors in considering whether they may participate in the Exchange Offer in accordance with the laws of their home countries or countries of residence, as applicable, and, if they do participate, whether there are any restrictions or limitations on transactions in the shares of DuPont common stock, N&B common stock or IFF common stock that may apply in such countries. None of DuPont, IFF or N&B can provide any assurance about whether such limitations may exist. See "The Exchange Offer—Certain Matters Relating to Non-U.S. Jurisdictions" for additional information about limitations on the Exchange Offer outside the United States.

Q: How many shares of N&B common stock will I receive for each share of DuPont common stock that I tender?

A: The Exchange Offer is designed to permit you to exchange your shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock at a price per share equal to a % discount to the per-share value of IFF common stock, calculated as set forth in this prospectus. Stated another way, for each \$100 of your DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer, you will receive approximately \$ of N&B common stock. The value of the DuPont common stock will be based on the calculated per-share value for the DuPont common stock on the NYSE and the value of the N&B common stock will be based on the calculated per-share value for IFF common stock on the NYSE, in each case determined by reference to the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the NYSE on each of the Valuation Dates. The last day on which tenders will be accepted, whether on , 2021 or any later date to

which the Exchange Offer is extended, is referred to in this document as the “expiration date.” Please note, however, that:

- The number of shares you can receive is subject to an upper limit of _____ shares of N&B common stock for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer. The next question and answer below describes how this limit may impact the value you receive.
- The Exchange Offer does not provide for a minimum exchange ratio. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.”
- If the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered results in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged in the Exchange Offer, then such remaining shares of N&B common stock will be distributed pro rata to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. DuPont currently expects that a portion of the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off.
- Because the Exchange Offer is subject to proration in the event of oversubscription, DuPont may accept for exchange only a portion of the DuPont common stock tendered by you. Any proration of the number of shares accepted in the Exchange Offer will be determined on the basis of the proration mechanics described under “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Proration; Tenders for Exchange by Holders of Fewer than 100 Shares of DuPont Common Stock.” While proration is possible, DuPont does not expect proration to occur because DuPont currently expects that the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in fewer than all of the shares of N&B common stock being subscribed for, and that shares of N&B common stock will remain to be distributed following the completion of the Exchange Offer.

For more information on the terms of the Exchange Offer see “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.”

Q: Is there a limit on the number of shares of N&B common stock I can receive for each share of DuPont common stock that I tender?

A: The number of shares you can receive is subject to an upper limit of _____ shares of N&B common stock for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer. **If the upper limit is in effect, you will receive less than \$ _____ of N&B common stock for each \$100 of DuPont common stock that you tender, and you could receive much less.** For example, if the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock was \$ _____ (_____ % above the highest closing price for DuPont common stock on the NYSE during the three-month period prior to commencement of the Exchange Offer) and the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock was \$ _____ (the lowest closing price for IFF common stock on the NYSE during that three-month period), the value of N&B common stock, based on the IFF common stock price, received for shares of DuPont common stock accepted for exchange would be approximately \$ _____ for each \$100 of DuPont common stock accepted for exchange.

The upper limit would represent a _____ % discount for N&B common stock based on the average of the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the NYSE on _____, 2020, _____, 2020 and _____, 2020 (the last three full trading days ending on the second to last full trading day prior to commencement of the Exchange Offer). DuPont set this upper limit to ensure that an unusual or unexpected drop in the trading price of IFF common stock, relative to the trading price of DuPont common stock, would not result in an undue high number of shares of N&B common stock being exchanged for shares of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer.

In addition, depending on the number of the shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered in the Exchange Offer and the final exchange ratio, the Exchange Offer could become oversubscribed. In the event of such an oversubscription, DuPont would have to limit the number of shares of DuPont common stock that it accepts in the Exchange Offer through a proration process. Any proration of the number of shares

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accepted in the Exchange Offer will be determined on the basis of the proration mechanics described under “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Proration; Tenders for Exchange by Holders of Fewer than 100 Shares of DuPont Common Stock.” While proration is possible, DuPont does not expect proration to occur because DuPont currently expects that the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in fewer than all of the shares of N&B common stock being subscribed for, and that shares of N&B common stock will remain to be distributed following the completion of the Exchange Offer.

Q: Are there possible adverse effects on the value of IFF common stock ultimately to be received by DuPont stockholders who participate in the Exchange Offer?

A: The factors associated with the Transactions are described in more detail in the section of this document entitled “Risk Factors.” You should carefully consider the risk factors set forth in that section.

Q: How and when will I know the final exchange ratio and whether the upper limit is in effect?

A: DuPont will announce the final exchange ratio used to determine the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer by press release, and it will be available on the website _____, in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be _____, 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021), unless the Exchange Offer is extended or terminated. At such time, the final exchange ratio will also be available from the information agent at the toll-free number provided on the back cover of this document. DuPont will also announce at that time whether the upper limit on the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock tendered will be in effect. Therefore, the timing of such announcement will provide each holder of DuPont common stock with two full business days after knowing the final exchange ratio and whether the upper limit is in effect during which to decide whether to tender or withdraw their shares in the Exchange Offer.

Q: How are the calculated per-share values of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock determined for purposes of calculating the number of shares of N&B common stock to be received in the Exchange Offer?

A: The calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock for purposes of the Exchange Offer will equal the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock, as the case may be, on the NYSE on each of the Valuation Dates. The daily VWAP will be as reported by Bloomberg L.P. as displayed under the heading Bloomberg VWAP on the Bloomberg pages “_____” with respect to DuPont common stock and “_____” with respect to N&B common stock (or any other recognized quotation source selected by DuPont in its sole discretion if such pages are not available or are manifestly erroneous). The daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock obtained from Bloomberg L.P. may be different from other sources of volume-weighted average prices or investors’ or other security holders’ own calculations. DuPont will determine the simple arithmetic average of the VWAPs of each stock based on prices provided by Bloomberg L.P., and such determination will be final. For more information on the terms of the Exchange Offer, see “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.”

Q: What is the “daily volume-weighted average price” or “daily VWAP?”

A: The “daily volume-weighted average price” for DuPont common stock and IFF common stock will be the volume-weighted average price of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the NYSE during the period beginning at 9:30 a.m., New York City time (or such other time as is the official open of trading on the NYSE), and ending at 4:00 p.m., New York City time (or such other time as is the official close of

trading on the NYSE) except that such data will only take into account adjustments made to reported trades included by 4:10 p.m., New York City time, as reported to DuPont by Bloomberg L.P. for the equity ticker pages of DuPont, in the case of DuPont common stock, and IFF, in the case of IFF common stock. The daily VWAPs obtained from Bloomberg L.P. may be different from other sources of volume-weighted average prices or investors' or other security holders' own calculations. DuPont will determine the simple arithmetic average of the VWAPs of each stock based on prices provided by Bloomberg L.P., and such determination will be final.

Q: Where can I find the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock during the Exchange Offer period?

A: DuPont will maintain a website at _____ that provides the daily VWAP of both DuPont common stock and IFF common stock, together with indicative exchange ratios, which will be made available commencing at the end of the third trading day of the Exchange Offer and until the first Valuation Date. On the first two Valuation Dates, when the values of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock are calculated for the purposes of the Exchange Offer, the website will show the indicative exchange ratios based on indicative calculated per-share values calculated by DuPont, which will equal: (i) on the first Valuation Date, the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and the IFF common stock for that day; and (ii) on the second Valuation Date, the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock for the first and second Valuation Dates. The website will not provide an indicative exchange ratio on the third Valuation Date. The final exchange ratio (as well as whether the upper limit on the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock tendered will be in effect) will be announced by press release and be available on the website, in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be _____, 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021). DuPont will determine the simple arithmetic average of the VWAPs based on data provided by Bloomberg L.P., and such determinations will be final.

Q: Why is the calculated per-share value for N&B common stock based on the trading prices for IFF common stock?

A: There is currently no trading market for N&B common stock. DuPont believes, however, that the trading prices for IFF common stock are an appropriate proxy for the trading prices of N&B common stock because (i) in the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be canceled and cease to exist and no consideration will be delivered in exchange therefor) will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock such that immediately after the Merger such DuPont stockholders will collectively own approximately 55.4% of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, and IFF shareholders will collectively own approximately 44.6% of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case excluding any overlaps in the pre-transaction stockholder bases (calculated as further described in "The Merger Agreement – Merger Consideration"), (ii) prior to the consummation of the Exchange Offer, N&B will issue to DuPont a number of shares of N&B common stock such that the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding at the time of the Distribution is equal to the number of shares to be issued in the Share Issuance and the exchange ratio in the Merger is equal to approximately one and, as a result, each share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be canceled and cease to exist and no consideration will be delivered in exchange therefor) will be converted into approximately one share of IFF common stock in the Merger, and (iii) at the Valuation Dates, it is expected that all the major conditions to the consummation of the Merger will have been satisfied or, if permitted by the Merger Agreement, waived (except for those conditions that by their nature are satisfied at the closing of the Merger), and the Merger will be expected to be consummated shortly, such that investors should be expected to be valuing IFF common stock based on the expected value of such IFF common stock immediately after the Merger. There can be no assurance,

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however, that IFF common stock after the Merger will trade on the same basis as IFF common stock trades prior to the Merger. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to the Exchange Offer—The trading prices of IFF common stock may not be an appropriate proxy for the prices of N&B common stock.”

Q: How and when will I know the final exchange ratio?

A: DuPont will announce the final exchange ratio used to determine the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer by press release, and it will be available on the website [www.dupont.com](#), in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be [November 10, 2021](#)) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be [November 12, 2021](#)), unless the Exchange Offer is extended or terminated. At such time, the final exchange ratio will also be available from the information agent at the toll-free number provided on the back cover of this document. DuPont will also announce at that time whether the upper limit on the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock tendered will be in effect. Therefore, the timing of such announcement will provide each holder of DuPont common stock with two full business days after knowing the final exchange ratio and whether the upper limit is in effect during which to decide whether to tender or withdraw their shares in the Exchange Offer.

Q: Will indicative exchange ratios be provided during the Exchange Offer period?

A: Yes. Prior to the Valuation Dates and commencing at the end of the third trading day of the Exchange Offer, indicative exchange ratios will be available by contacting the information agent at the toll-free number provided on the back cover of this prospectus and at [www.dupont.com](#), calculated as though that day were the last of the three Valuation Dates for the Exchange Offer. The indicative exchange ratio will also reflect whether the upper limit on the exchange ratio, described above, would have been in effect. In other words, assuming that a given day is a trading day, the indicative exchange ratio will be calculated based on the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock for that day and the two immediately preceding trading days. On the first two Valuation Dates, when the values of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock are calculated for the purposes of the Exchange Offer, the website will show the indicative exchange ratios based on indicative calculated per-share values calculated by DuPont, which will equal: (i) on the first Valuation Date, the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and the IFF common stock for that day; and (ii) on the second Valuation Date, the simple arithmetic mean of the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock for the first and second Valuation Dates. The website will not provide an indicative exchange ratio on the third Valuation Date. The final exchange ratio (as well as whether the upper limit on the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock tendered will be in effect) will be announced by press release and be available on the website, in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be [November 10, 2021](#)) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be [November 12, 2021](#)).

In addition, for purposes of illustration, a table that indicates the number of shares of N&B common stock that you would receive per share of DuPont common stock, calculated on the basis described above and taking into account the upper limit, assuming a range of averages of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the Valuation Dates, is provided under “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.”

Q: What if DuPont common stock or IFF common stock does not trade on any of the Valuation Dates?

A: If a market disruption event, as defined below, occurs with respect to DuPont common stock or IFF common stock on any of the Valuation Dates, the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock and per-share value of N&B common stock will be determined using the daily VWAP of shares of DuPont

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common stock and shares of IFF common stock on the preceding full trading day or days, as the case may be, on which no market disruption event occurred with respect to either DuPont common stock and IFF common stock. If, however, a market disruption event occurs as specified above, DuPont may terminate or extend the Exchange Offer if, in its reasonable judgment, the market disruption event has impaired the benefits of the Exchange Offer to DuPont. If DuPont decides to extend the Exchange Offer period following a market disruption event, the Valuation Dates will be reset, as with any extension of the Exchange Offer, to the period of three consecutive trading days ending on and including the second trading day preceding the expiration date, as may be extended. Therefore, the timing of such announcement will provide each holder of DuPont common stock with two full business days after knowing the final exchange ratio and whether the upper limit is in effect during which to decide whether to tender or withdraw their shares in the Exchange Offer. For specific information as to what would constitute a market disruption event, see “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer.”

- Q: Are there circumstances under which I would receive fewer shares of N&B common stock than I would have received if the exchange ratio were determined using the closing prices of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer?**
- A: Yes. The exchange ratio is calculated based on an average of the daily VWAP of shares of DuPont common stock and shares of IFF common stock on the Valuation Dates and not using the closing prices of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer, such that you could receive fewer shares of N&B common stock than you would have received if the exchange ratio were determined using the closing prices of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer. For example, if the trading price of DuPont common stock were to increase during the last two full trading days of the Exchange Offer, the average DuPont stock price used to calculate the exchange ratio would likely be lower than the closing price of shares of DuPont common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer. As a result, you would receive fewer shares of N&B common stock, and therefore effectively fewer shares of IFF common stock, for each \$100 of shares of DuPont common stock than you would have if the average DuPont stock price were calculated on the basis of the closing price of shares of DuPont common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer or on the basis of an averaging period that includes the last two full trading days prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer period. Similarly, if the trading price of IFF common stock were to decrease during the last two full trading days prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer period, the average IFF stock price used to calculate the exchange ratio would likely be higher than the closing price of IFF common stock on the last full trading day prior to the expiration date. This could also result in your receiving fewer shares of N&B common stock, and therefore effectively fewer shares of IFF common stock, for each \$100 of DuPont common stock than you would otherwise receive if the average IFF common stock price were calculated on the basis of the closing price of IFF common stock on the last full trading day prior to the expiration date or on the basis of an averaging period that included the last two full trading days prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer period. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.”
- Q: Will fractional shares of IFF common stock be distributed?**
- A: No fractional shares will be issued in the Merger, as described in this document. The Exchange Offer Agent will hold shares of N&B common stock in trust for the holders of DuPont common stock who validly tendered their shares in the Exchange Offer or are entitled to receive shares in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. Immediately following the consummation of the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off, and by means of the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock will be converted into the right to receive an equal number of shares of IFF common stock (because, prior to the consummation of the Exchange Offer, N&B will issue to DuPont a number of shares of N&B common stock such that the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding at the time of the Distribution is equal to the number of shares to be issued in the Share Issuance and the exchange ratio in the Merger is equal to approximately one). In the Merger, no fractional shares of IFF common stock will be delivered to holders of

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N&B common stock. All fractional shares of IFF common stock that a holder of shares of N&B common stock would otherwise be entitled to receive as a result of the Merger will be aggregated by the Exchange Agent. The Exchange Agent will cause the whole shares obtained thereby to be sold on behalf of such holders of shares of N&B common stock that would otherwise be entitled to receive such fractional shares of IFF common stock pursuant to the Merger, in the open market. The Exchange Agent will make available the net proceeds thereof, after deducting any required withholding taxes and brokerage charges, commissions and conveyance and similar taxes, on a pro rata basis, without interest, as soon as practicable to the holders of N&B common stock that would otherwise be entitled to receive such fractional shares of IFF common stock in the Merger. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.”

Q: What is the aggregate number of shares of N&B common stock being offered in the Exchange Offer?

A: In the Exchange Offer, DuPont is offering to exchange all of the shares of N&B common stock held by it. In addition, N&B will issue to DuPont a number of shares of N&B common stock such that the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding at the time of the Distribution is equal to the number of shares to be issued in the Share Issuance and the exchange ratio in the Merger is equal to approximately one. DuPont currently expects that approximately million shares of N&B common stock will be available in the Exchange Offer. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.”

Q: What happens if not enough shares of DuPont common stock are tendered to allow DuPont to exchange all of the shares of N&B common stock DuPont holds?

A: If the Exchange Offer is consummated but less than all of the shares of N&B common stock being offered in the Exchange Offer are exchanged because the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed, the additional shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont will be distributed on a pro rata basis to the holders of shares of DuPont common stock whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after the consummation of the Exchange Offer in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. See “The Exchange Offer—Distribution of N&B Common Stock Remaining After the Exchange Offer.”

Q: What happens if DuPont declares a quarterly dividend during the Exchange Offer?

A: If DuPont declares a quarterly dividend and the record date for that dividend occurs during the Exchange Offer period, you will be eligible to receive that dividend if you continue to own your shares of DuPont common stock as of that record date.

Q: Will tendering my shares affect my ability to receive the DuPont quarterly dividend?

A: No. If a dividend is declared by DuPont with a record date before the completion of the Exchange Offer, you will be entitled to that dividend even if you tendered your shares of DuPont common stock. Tendering your shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer is not a sale or transfer of those shares until they are accepted for exchange upon completion of the Exchange Offer.

Q: Will all shares of DuPont common stock that I tender be accepted in the Exchange Offer?

A: Not necessarily. Depending on the number of shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered in the Exchange Offer and not properly withdrawn, the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock and the per-share value of N&B common stock determined as described above, DuPont may have to limit the number of shares of DuPont common stock that it accepts in the Exchange Offer through a proration

process. Any proration of the number of shares accepted in the Exchange Offer will be determined on the basis of the proration mechanics described under “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Proration; Tenders for Exchange by Holders of Fewer than 100 Shares of DuPont Common Stock.”

An exception to proration can apply to stockholders (other than participants in the DuPont Retirement Savings Plan (referred to herein as the “DuPont RSP”)) who beneficially own “odd-lots,” that is, fewer than 100 shares of DuPont common stock. Such beneficial holders of DuPont common stock who validly tender all of their shares will not be subject to proration. For instance, if you directly or beneficially own 50 shares of DuPont common stock and tender all 50 shares, your odd-lot will not be subject to proration. If, however, you hold less than 100 shares of DuPont common stock, but do not tender all of your shares, you will be subject to proration to the same extent as holders of more than 100 shares if the Exchange Offer is oversubscribed. Direct or beneficial holders of 100 or more shares of DuPont common stock will be subject to proration.

Proration for each tendering stockholder subject to proration will be based on (i) the proportion that the total number of shares of DuPont common stock to be accepted, except for tenders of odd-lots, as described above, bears to the total number of shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn, except for tenders of odd-lots, as described above, and (ii) the number of shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn by that stockholder (and not on that stockholder’s aggregate ownership of shares of DuPont common stock). Any shares of DuPont common stock not accepted for exchange as a result of proration will be returned to tendering stockholders promptly after the final proration factor is determined.

DuPont will announce its final determination of the extent to which tenders will be prorated by press release promptly after this determination is made.

While proration is possible, DuPont does not expect proration to occur because DuPont currently expects that the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in fewer than all of the shares of N&B common stock being subscribed for, and that shares of N&B common stock will remain to be distributed following the completion of the Exchange Offer.

Q: Will I be able to sell my shares of N&B common stock after the Exchange Offer is completed?

A: No. There currently is no trading market for N&B common stock and no such trading market will be established in the future. The Exchange Offer Agent will hold all issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock in trust until the shares of N&B common stock are converted into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger. Participants in the Exchange Offer will not receive such shares of N&B common stock, but will receive the shares of IFF common stock issuable in the Merger, which can be sold in accordance with applicable securities laws. See “The Exchange Offer—Distribution of N&B Common Stock Remaining After the Exchange Offer.”

Q: How many shares of DuPont common stock will DuPont accept if the Exchange Offer is completed?

A: The number of shares of DuPont common stock that will be accepted for exchange in the Exchange Offer if the Exchange Offer is completed will depend on the final exchange ratio, the number of shares of N&B common stock offered (which will be based upon the number of shares issued in the Share Issuance) and the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered. DuPont currently expects that approximately million shares of N&B common stock will be available in the Exchange Offer (based on an equal number being issued by IFF in the Share Issuance). Assuming that DuPont offers million shares of N&B common stock and that the Exchange Offer is fully subscribed, the largest possible number of shares of DuPont common stock that will be accepted for exchange in the Exchange Offer would be million divided by the final exchange ratio. For example, assuming that the final exchange ratio is (the current indicative exchange ratio based on the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on , 2020, , 2020, and , 2020), then DuPont would accept for exchange up to a total of approximately shares of DuPont common stock.

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The calculation above is illustrative only, and DuPont does not expect _____ shares of DuPont common stock to be accepted in the Exchange Offer because DuPont does not expect, due to the number of shares of N&B common stock being offered, to receive a sufficient number of tendered shares of DuPont common stock to make the Exchange Offer fully subscribed.

Q: Are there any conditions to DuPont’s obligation to complete the Exchange Offer?

A: Yes. The Exchange Offer is subject to various conditions listed under “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer.” If any of these conditions are not satisfied or waived prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer, DuPont will not be required to accept shares for exchange and may extend or terminate the Exchange Offer.

DuPont may waive any of the conditions to the Exchange Offer prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer. For a description of the material conditions precedent to the Exchange Offer, including satisfaction or waiver of the conditions to the Transactions, the receipt of IFF shareholder approval of the issuance of shares of IFF common stock in connection with the Merger, and other conditions, see “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer.” N&B has no right to waive any of the conditions to the Exchange Offer. IFF has no right to waive any of the conditions to the Exchange Offer (other than certain conditions relating to the other transactions).

Q: When does the Exchange Offer expire?

A: The period during which you are permitted to tender your shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer will expire at 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2021, unless DuPont extends the Exchange Offer (subject to certain limitations on DuPont’s ability to extend). See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Extension; Termination; Amendment.”

Q: Can the Exchange Offer be extended and under what circumstances?

A: Yes. DuPont can, subject to the terms and conditions of the Separation Agreement, extend the Exchange Offer, in its sole discretion, at any time and from time to time. For instance, the Exchange Offer may be extended if any of the conditions for consummation of the Exchange Offer listed under “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer” are not satisfied or waived prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer. In case of an extension of the Exchange Offer, DuPont will publicly announce the extension at _____ and separately by press release no later than 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the next business day following the previously scheduled expiration date. If the Exchange Offer is extended, the Valuation Dates will reset to the period of three consecutive trading days ending on and including the second trading day preceding the revised expiration date, as may be extended.

DuPont’s right to extend the Exchange Offer is subject to the terms and conditions of the Separation Agreement. The Separation Agreement provides that the terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer must comply with the terms of the Merger Agreement and all applicable securities law requirements. See “The Separation Agreement—The Final Distribution.” The Separation Agreement also provides that, unless otherwise required by applicable law, the maximum number of days that the Exchange Offer may be extended following satisfaction of the conditions to the closing set forth in Article IX of the Merger Agreement (other than consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Separation Agreement and satisfaction of those conditions to be satisfied as of the closing date, provided that such conditions are capable of being satisfied at such date) shall be the earlier of (i) twenty business days and (ii) the latest date that would permit the distribution to occur prior to the initial outside date (as defined in the Merger Agreement) in compliance with all applicable laws.

Q: How do I participate in the Exchange Offer?

A: The procedures you must follow to participate in the Exchange Offer will depend on whether you hold your shares of DuPont common stock through a bank or trust company or broker, as a participant in the RSP, or if

your shares of DuPont common stock are registered in your name in DuPont's direct register of shares (the "DRS"). For specific instructions about how to participate, see "The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Procedures for Tendering."

Q: What if I participate in the RSP?

A: If you participate in the RSP, you can elect to either keep your shares of DuPont common stock or exchange some or all of your shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer. You will receive instructions from Bank of America, N.A., the trustee of the RSP, via letter or email informing you how to make an election and the deadline for making an election. If you do not make an active election prior to the applicable deadline, none of the shares of DuPont common stock attributable to your account under the RSP will be exchanged for shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer.

For specific instructions about how to tender the shares of DuPont common stock attributable to your account, see "The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Procedures for Tendering."

If you do not elect to exchange some or all of the shares of DuPont common stock attributable to your account for shares of N&B common stock, you may still receive shares of N&B common stock in the Clean-Up Spin-Off in respect of the shares of DuPont common stock attributable to your account. Upon the closing of the Merger, any shares of N&B common stock attributable to your account will be converted into shares of IFF common stock.

After the closing of the Merger, the plan fiduciary responsible for evaluating the propriety of investment options under the RSP may conclude that the RSP will no longer maintain an IFF common stock fund, in which case you may be required to sell the shares of IFF common stock attributable to your account and reallocate the sale proceeds to one or more of the other investment options within the RSP.

Q: How do I tender my shares of DuPont common stock after the final exchange ratio has been determined?

A: DuPont will announce the final exchange ratio used to determine the number of shares of N&B common stock that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer by press release and it will be available on the website _____, in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be _____, 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021), unless the Exchange Offer is extended or terminated. The timing of such announcement will therefore provide each holder of DuPont common stock with two full business days after knowing the final exchange ratio during which to decide whether to tender or withdraw their shares in the Exchange Offer. If you wish to tender shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer but (i) the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on a timely basis or (ii) time will not permit all required documents to reach the Exchange Offer Agent on or before the expiration date of the Exchange Offer, you may still tender your shares of DuPont common stock by complying with the guaranteed delivery procedures described in the section entitled "The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Procedures for Tendering—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures." If you hold shares of DuPont common stock through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or similar institution, that institution must tender your shares on your behalf.

If your shares of DuPont common stock are held through an institution and you wish to tender your DuPont common stock after The Depository Trust Company has closed, the institution must deliver a notice of guaranteed delivery to the Exchange Offer Agent via e-mail prior to 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date.

Q: Can I tender only a portion of my shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer?

A: Yes. You may tender all, some or none of your shares of DuPont common stock.

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Q: What do I do if I want to retain all of my shares of DuPont common stock?

A: If you want to retain all of your shares of DuPont common stock, you do not need to take any action.

Q: Can I change my mind after I tender my shares of DuPont common stock and before the Exchange Offer expires?

A: Yes. You may withdraw your tendered shares at any time before the Exchange Offer expires. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Withdrawal Rights.” If you change your mind again, you can re-tender your shares of DuPont common stock by following the tender procedures again prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer.

If you hold your shares through the RSP, [].

Q: Will I be able to withdraw the shares of DuPont common stock I tender after the final exchange ratio has been determined?

A: Yes. The final exchange ratio used to determine the number of shares of N&B common stock that you will receive for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer will be announced by press release and be available on the website , in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be , 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be , 2021), unless the Exchange Offer is extended or terminated. DuPont will also announce at that time whether the upper limit on the number of shares of N&B common stock that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock tendered is in effect. The timing of such announcement will therefore provide each holder of DuPont common stock with two full business days after knowing the final exchange ratio and whether the upper limit is in effect during which to decide whether to tender or withdraw their shares in the Exchange Offer. Subject to any extension or termination, you have the right to withdraw shares of DuPont common stock you have tendered at any time before 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date, which is , 2021. In addition, shares of DuPont common stock tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn after , 2020 (i.e., after the expiration of 40 business days from the commencement of the Exchange Offer), if DuPont does not accept your shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the exchange offer by such date. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer.”

Q: How do I withdraw my tendered DuPont common stock after the final exchange ratio has been determined?

A: If you are a registered stockholder of DuPont common stock holding shares through the DRS and you wish to withdraw your shares after the final exchange ratio has been determined, then you must deliver a written notice of withdrawal or an e-mail transmission notice of withdrawal to the Exchange Offer Agent prior to 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. In addition, shares of DuPont common stock tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn after , 2020 (i.e., after the expiration of 40 business days from the commencement of the Exchange Offer), if DuPont does not accept your shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer by such date. The information that must be included in that notice is specified under “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Withdrawal Rights.”

If you hold your shares through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or similar institution, you should consult that institution on the procedures you must comply with and the time by which such procedures must be completed in order for that institution to provide a written notice of withdrawal or an e-mail transmission notice of withdrawal to the Exchange Offer Agent on your behalf before 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. In addition, shares of DuPont common stock tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn after , 2020 (i.e., after the expiration of 40 business days from the commencement of the Exchange Offer), if DuPont does not accept your shares of DuPont common

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stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer by such date. If you hold your shares through such an institution, that institution must deliver the notice of withdrawal with respect to any shares you wish to withdraw. In such a case, as a beneficial owner and not a registered stockholder, you will not be able to provide a notice of withdrawal for such shares directly to the Exchange Offer Agent.

If your shares of DuPont common stock are held through an institution and you wish to withdraw your shares of DuPont common stock after The Depository Trust Company has closed, the institution must deliver a written notice of withdrawal or an e-mail transmission notice of withdrawal to the Exchange Offer Agent prior to 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date, in the form of The Depository Trust Company's notice of withdrawal and you must specify the name and number of the account at The Depository Trust Company to be credited with the withdrawn shares and must otherwise comply with The Depository Trust Company's procedures. In addition, shares of DuPont common Stock tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn after _____, 2020 (i.e., after the expiration of 40 business days from the commencement of the Exchange Offer), if DuPont does not accept your shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer by such date. See "The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Withdrawal Rights—Withdrawing Your Shares After the Close of Business on the Expiration Date."

Q: Are there any material differences between the rights of holders of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock?

A: Yes. IFF is a New York corporation and DuPont is a Delaware corporation, and each is subject to different organizational documents. Holders of DuPont common stock, whose rights are currently governed by DuPont's organizational documents and Delaware law, will, with respect to the shares validly tendered and exchanged immediately following the Exchange Offer (and with respect to those shares they receive in the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off, which are received by stockholders without the exchange of any of their shares in the Exchange Offer), become shareholders of IFF and their rights will be governed by IFF's organizational documents and New York law. The material differences between the rights associated with DuPont common stock and IFF common stock that may affect holders of DuPont common stock whose shares are accepted for exchange for shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer (or who receive shares of N&B common stock in the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off) and who will obtain shares of IFF common stock in the Merger, relate to, among other things, advance notice procedures for shareholder proposals or director nominations and whether certain actions and proceedings are subject to an exclusive forum. For a further discussion of the material differences between the rights of holders of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock, see the section entitled "Comparison of Rights of Holders of DuPont Common Stock and IFF Common Stock."

Q: Are there any appraisal rights for holders of shares of DuPont common stock?

A: There are no appraisal rights available to holders of shares of DuPont common stock in connection with the Exchange Offer.

Q: What will DuPont do with the shares of DuPont common stock that are tendered, and what is the impact of the Exchange Offer on DuPont's share count?

A: The shares of DuPont common stock that are tendered in the Exchange Offer will be held as treasury stock by DuPont unless and until retired or used for other purposes. Any shares of DuPont common stock acquired by DuPont in the Exchange Offer will reduce the total number of shares of DuPont common stock outstanding, although DuPont's actual number of shares outstanding on a given date reflects a variety of factors such as option exercises and release of shares upon vesting restricted stock units.

Q: What will happen to the remaining shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont in the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off following the consummation of the Exchange Offer?

A: DuPont currently expects that the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in fewer than all outstanding shares of N&B common stock being subscribed for in the Exchange Offer (i.e., the Exchange Offer will not be fully subscribed). DuPont therefore will distribute any remaining shares of N&B common stock on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding following the consummation of the Exchange Offer in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. Upon the consummation of the Exchange Offer and the Clean-Up Spin-Off, prior to the effective time of the Merger, DuPont will deliver to the Exchange Offer Agent, and the Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, a book-entry authorization representing all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock, pending the consummation of the Merger. Prior to or at the effective time of the Merger, IFF will deposit with the Exchange Agent evidence in book-entry form representing the shares of IFF common stock issuable in the Merger. Such shares of IFF common stock will be delivered promptly following the effectiveness of the Merger, pursuant to the procedures determined by the Exchange Offer Agent and the Exchange Agent. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Exchange of Shares of DuPont Common Stock.” If the Exchange Offer is terminated by DuPont on or prior to the expiration date of the Exchange Offer without the exchange of shares, but the conditions to consummation of the Transactions have otherwise been satisfied, DuPont intends to distribute all shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont on a pro rata basis to holders of DuPont common stock in the Spin-Off, with a record date to be announced by DuPont. Such distributed shares of N&B common stock will convert to the right to receive IFF common stock in the Merger.

Q: If I tender some or all of my shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, will I receive any shares of N&B common stock in the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off?

A: DuPont stockholders who validly tender (and do not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights (but solely with respect to such shares) to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. However, in the event any tendered shares are not accepted in the Exchange Offer for any reason, or you do not tender all of your shares of DuPont common stock, such shares will be entitled to receive shares of N&B common stock in the Clean-Up Spin-Off.

Q: If I do not tender any of my shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, will I receive any shares of N&B common stock in the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off?

A: Yes. DuPont currently expects that the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in fewer than all outstanding shares of N&B common stock being subscribed for in the Exchange Offer (i.e., the Exchange Offer will not be fully subscribed). DuPont therefore will distribute any remaining shares of N&B common stock on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding following the consummation of the Exchange Offer in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. DuPont is unable to predict the number shares of N&B common stock that will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off as this will depend on the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered by DuPont stockholders in the Exchange Offer and the final exchange ratio. DuPont is therefore unable to predict, and cannot guarantee, how many shares of N&B common stock will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off and how many shares of N&B common stock would be received per share of DuPont common stock in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. Holders of DuPont common stock that do not tender any shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer will only receive such number of shares of N&B common stock (and, following the Merger, IFF common stock) that are remaining after the completion of the Exchange Offer and distributed on a pro rata basis.

Q: If I do not tender any of my shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, but I want to receive shares of N&B common stock in the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off, am I required to do anything?

A: No. DuPont stockholders are not required to take any action in connection with the Clean-Up Spin-Off or Merger, and no action by DuPont stockholders is required to participate in these transactions and to receive the shares of N&B common stock that will be distributed on a pro rata basis in the Clean-Up Spin-Off and automatically converted in the Merger into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock (calculated as further described in “The Merger Agreement – Merger Consideration”). DuPont is unable to predict the number of shares of N&B common stock that will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off as this will depend on the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered by DuPont stockholders in the Exchange Offer and the final exchange ratio. DuPont is therefore unable to predict, and cannot guarantee, how many shares of N&B common stock will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off and how many shares of N&B common stock would be received per share of DuPont common stock in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. Holders of DuPont common stock that do not tender any shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer will only receive such number of shares of N&B common stock (and, following the Merger, IFF common stock) that are remaining after the completion of the Exchange Offer and distributed on a pro rata basis. DuPont stockholders should carefully read this document, which contains important information about the Transactions, DuPont, IFF and N&B. In addition, should you want to participate in the Exchange Offer to exchange your shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock, you would need to take the actions described above and in the section of this document entitled “The Exchange Offer.”

IF YOU DO NOT ELECT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE EXCHANGE OFFER AND ONLY WISH TO RECEIVE SHARES OF N&B COMMON STOCK IN THE CLEAN-UP SPIN-OFF, YOU WILL NOT BE REQUIRED TO SURRENDER YOUR SHARES OF DUPONT COMMON STOCK IN THE CLEAN-UP SPIN-OFF OR THE MERGER, AND THE CLEAN-UP SPIN-OFF AND MERGER WILL NOT RESULT IN ANY CHANGE IN YOUR OWNERSHIP OF DUPONT COMMON STOCK. DUPONT IS UNABLE TO PREDICT HOW MANY SHARES OF N&B COMMON STOCK WILL BE DISTRIBUTED IN THE CLEAN-UP SPIN-OFF.

Q: Why has DuPont decided to separate the N&B Business from DuPont and combine it with IFF through a Reverse Morris Trust transaction?

A: DuPont has decided to pursue a combination with IFF to create a global leader in high-value ingredients and solutions serving food & beverage, home & personal care and health & wellness end markets. Executing this combination through a Reverse Morris Trust transaction is expected to be tax-efficient to DuPont and its stockholders.

Q: Why has DuPont decided to separate N&B from DuPont through an Exchange Offer?

A: DuPont believes that distribution of the shares of N&B common stock that it holds to DuPont stockholders by way of an exchange offer, rather than distributing all of the shares of N&B common stock in a *pro rata* spin-off, is a tax-efficient way to divest its interest in N&B while allowing DuPont’s stockholders an opportunity to adjust their current investment between DuPont and the post-Merger IFF. See “The Transactions—DuPont’s Reasons for the Transactions.” In addition, if the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered in the Exchange Offer results in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, then such remaining shares of N&B common stock will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. DuPont currently expects the Exchange Offer will not be fully subscribed such that some portion of shares of N&B common stock will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off, although it is unable to predict how many.

Q: Will DuPont stockholders who sell their shares of DuPont common stock shortly before the completion of the Distribution and Merger still be entitled to receive shares of IFF common stock with respect to the shares of DuPont common stock that were sold?

A: No. Unless the Exchange Offer is terminated by DuPont prior to the expiration date, shares of N&B common stock (and, ultimately, shares of IFF common stock) will only be received by DuPont stockholders that either (i) tender their shares in the Exchange Offer or (ii) are stockholders of DuPont as of the record date, which will be announced by DuPont, but is expected to be following the time at which any validly tendered shares of DuPont common stock are accepted in the Exchange Offer (and as such after the completion of the Exchange Offer). As such, DuPont stockholders who sell their shares prior to the completion of the Distribution will not receive any shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution or shares of IFF common stock in the Merger. In addition, any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. To the extent DuPont terminates the Exchange Offer, and determines to distribute the shares of N&B common stock entirely by a pro-rata distribution in the Spin-Off, DuPont will announce in advance any record date with respect to such distribution.

Q: Will holders of DuPont stock options or restricted stock units have the opportunity to exchange their DuPont stock options or restricted stock units for IFF common stock in the Exchange Offer?

A: No, neither holders of vested or unvested stock options nor holders of restricted stock units (including performance-based restricted stock units and time-based restricted stock units) can tender the shares of DuPont common stock underlying such awards in the Exchange Offer. However, holders of vested and unexercised DuPont stock options can exercise their vested stock options in accordance with the terms of the agreements under which the options were issued and tender in the Exchange Offer the shares of DuPont common stock received upon exercise. The exercise of a DuPont stock option cannot be revoked for any reason, including if the Exchange Offer is terminated for any reason or if shares of DuPont common stock received upon exercise are tendered and not accepted for exchange in the Exchange Offer. Additionally, if you hold shares of DuPont common stock as a result of the vesting and settlement of restricted stock units, these shares can be tendered in the Exchange Offer.

If you are a holder of vested and unexercised DuPont stock options and wish to exercise such stock options and tender in the Exchange Offer shares of DuPont common stock received upon exercise, you should be certain to initiate such exercise generally no later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the trading day prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer, so that the shares of DuPont common stock are received in enough time to tender the shares in accordance with the instructions for tendering.

There are tax consequences associated with the exercise of a stock option, and individual tax circumstances may vary. You are urged to consult the prospectus provided to you in connection with your DuPont stock options and to consult your own tax advisor regarding the consequences to you of exercising your stock options. You are also urged to read carefully the discussion in “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Transactions” and to consult your own tax advisor regarding the consequences to you of the Exchange Offer.

Q: How do the Transactions impact DuPont’s dividend policy?

A: Declarations of dividends on DuPont’s common stock are made at the discretion of DuPont’s board of directors upon the board’s determination that the declaration of dividends is in the best interest of DuPont’s stockholders. In 2019 prior to the distribution of the performance materials business through the spin-off of Dow (as defined below) on April 1, 2019 and the distribution of the agriculture business through the spin-off of Corteva (as defined below) on June 1, 2019, DuPont declared cash pro rata dividends to its

stockholders totaling \$1,176 million. DuPont has consistently paid a quarterly cash dividend following the consummation of the spin-offs of Dow and Corteva. DuPont remains committed to paying a quarterly cash dividend to its investors commensurate with its earnings and cash flow profile following the Merger, subject to limitations under applicable law and the discretion of DuPont's board of directors.

Questions and Answers about this Prospectus, the Transactions and Related Steps

Q: What are the Transactions described in this prospectus?

A: On December 15, 2019, DuPont, N&B and IFF entered into definitive agreements, pursuant to which and subject to the terms and conditions therein, (1) DuPont will transfer the N&B Business to N&B (generally referred to herein as the Separation), (2) N&B will make a cash distribution to DuPont equal to \$7.306 billion, subject to certain adjustments (referred to herein as the Special Cash Payment), (3) DuPont will distribute to its stockholders all of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock by way of an exchange offer followed by a pro rata distribution of any shares of N&B common stock remaining if the exchange offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered does not result in all shares of N&B common stock being distributed in the exchange offer (generally referred to herein as the Distribution) and (4) Merger Sub I will merge with and into N&B, with N&B as the surviving corporation (generally referred to herein as the Merger). As a result of the Merger, the existing shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock. When the Merger is completed, holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont's common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases. The Distribution and the Merger are a Reverse Morris Trust transaction and are expected to be tax-free to DuPont stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes, except to the extent that cash is paid to DuPont stockholders in lieu of fractional shares in the Distribution or the Merger. The Separation, Distribution and the Mergers are collectively referred to herein as the "Transactions".

The definitive agreements entered into in connection with the Transactions include (1) an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"), dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, N&B, IFF and Merger Sub I, (2) a Separation and Distribution Agreement (the "Separation Agreement"), dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, N&B and IFF, and (3) an Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019 (the "Employee Matters Agreement"), by and among DuPont, N&B and IFF. In addition, DuPont, N&B, IFF and certain of their respective affiliates will enter into other Ancillary Agreements in connection with the Transactions. These agreements, which are described in greater detail in "Other Agreements," govern the relationship among DuPont, N&B, IFF and their respective affiliates after the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger.

The Distribution will be conducted through an exchange offer, subject to the conditions to the Exchange Offer as further described in "The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer" of this prospectus. On the closing date of the Merger, DuPont will distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders through the Exchange Offer, followed by the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. In the Exchange Offer, DuPont will offer to DuPont stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock. Following the Exchange Offer, the shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered in the Exchange Offer results in fewer than all of the shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B

common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. The Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, the book-entry authorizations representing all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock, pending the consummation of the Merger. Shares of N&B common stock will not be able to be traded during this period. Rather, following the completion of the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off the shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger, as described above. In addition to the conditions applicable to the Exchange Offer described above, the Distribution is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Separation Agreement and the Merger is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement. See “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution.”

No fewer than 30 days (and in some circumstances 15 days) following the Merger, N&B will be merged with and into Merger Sub II, with Merger Sub II surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. IFF will own and operate the N&B Business through Merger Sub II and will also continue IFF’s current business. All shares of IFF common stock, including those issued in the Merger, will be listed on the NYSE under IFF’s current trading symbol “IFF.”

Q: What are the steps for the Transactions described above?

A: Below is a step-by-step list illustrating the material events relating to the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger. Each of these events, as well as any conditions to their consummation, is discussed in more detail elsewhere in this prospectus.

Step #1—Internal Reorganization; the Separation. Prior to the Distribution and the Merger, DuPont will convey to N&B or one or more subsidiaries of N&B certain assets and liabilities constituting the N&B Business, and will cause any applicable subsidiary of DuPont to convey to DuPont or its designated subsidiary (other than N&B or any members of the N&B Group) certain excluded assets and excluded liabilities in order to separate the N&B Business, in each case, as set forth in and subject to the terms and conditions of the Separation Agreement. Thereafter, DuPont will transfer all the equity interests in each such subsidiary or subsidiaries of DuPont holding N&B Assets and N&B Liabilities, and constituting the N&B Business, to N&B.

Step #2—Issuance of N&B common stock. Prior to the Distribution, N&B will issue to DuPont a number of shares of N&B common stock such that the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding at the time of the Distribution is equal to the number of shares to be issued in the Share Issuance.

Step #3—Special Cash Payment; Borrowings. Prior to the effective time of the Merger, and as a condition to the Distribution, N&B will make the Special Cash Payment to DuPont, which is a cash distribution to DuPont equal to \$7.306 billion, subject to the adjustments described herein. Prior to making the Special Cash Payment, N&B will receive the proceeds of the Term Loan Facility and the funds in the escrow account from the issuance of the Notes.

Step #4—The Distribution; Exchange Offer and Clean-Up Spin-Off. On the closing date of the Merger, DuPont will distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders through the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. In the Exchange Offer, DuPont will offer its stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock. Following the Exchange Offer, the shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered results in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer. DuPont currently expects that a Clean-Up Spin-Off will be necessary to complete the distribution of all

shares of N&B common stock. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. See “The Separation Agreement—The Distribution” and “The Exchange Offer.”

The Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, the book-entry authorizations representing all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock, pending the consummation of the Merger. Shares of N&B common stock will not be able to be traded during this period.

Step #5—The Mergers. In the Merger, Merger Sub I will be merged with and into N&B, with N&B surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. In the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be canceled and cease to exist and no consideration will be delivered in exchange therefor) will be converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock such that immediately after the Merger such holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont’s common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases (calculated as further described in “The Merger Agreement – Merger Consideration”). No fewer than 30 days (or 15 days, in some circumstances) after the Merger (unless otherwise agreed by the parties), N&B will merge with and into Merger Sub II, with Merger Sub II surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF.

Immediately after the consummation of the Merger, approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock are expected to be held by pre-Merger holders of shares of N&B common stock and approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock are expected to be held by pre-Merger IFF shareholders (in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger shareholder bases).

The foregoing are subject to certain conditions to their consummation. See “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer,” “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger,” “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Internal Reorganization.”

Q: What are DuPont’s reasons for pursuing the Transactions described in this prospectus?

A: In reaching its decision to approve the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement and the Transactions, DuPont board consulted with DuPont’s senior management as well as DuPont’s legal and financial advisors and considered a wide variety of factors, including the significant factors listed below, as generally supporting its decision:

- the Transactions resulted from a competitive auction process that was conducted by DuPont and its advisors and involved the participation of several interested parties;
- the belief that the Transactions provide the most attractive value with respect to the N&B Business;
- the expectation that the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger generally would result in a tax-efficient disposition of the N&B Business for DuPont and DuPont’s stockholders, while a sale of the N&B Business for cash would result in a taxable disposition for DuPont;
- DuPont would receive approximately \$7.3 billion in cash (subject to adjustment) in connection with the Transactions, which would be received tax-free by DuPont to the extent such cash is used for repayment of certain debt, payment of dividends and/or share repurchases;
- due to the shares of IFF common stock that would be received by DuPont stockholders as consideration for the Merger, DuPont stockholders would have the opportunity to participate in the combined IFF and N&B businesses after the consummation of the Transactions; and

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- the review by the DuPont board of directors with DuPont’s senior management and legal and financial advisors of the terms and conditions and structure of the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement, the form of the Tax Matters Agreement, the Employee Matters Agreement and the other agreements relating to the Transactions, including the parties’ representations, warranties and covenants, the conditions to their respective obligations and the termination provisions, as well as the likelihood of the consummation of the Transactions and the DuPont board of directors’ evaluation of the likely time period necessary to close the Transactions.

In the course of its deliberations, the DuPont board of directors also considered other factors supporting its decision and a variety of risks and other potentially negative factors as set forth in the section entitled “DuPont’s Reasons for the Transactions.”

Q: What are IFF’s reasons for pursuing the Transactions described in this prospectus?

A: In reaching its decision to approve the Transaction Documents and the Transactions and recommend that IFF shareholders approve the Share Issuance, the IFF board of directors considered a wide variety of factors, including the significant factors listed below, as generally supporting its decision:

- the increased size, economies of scale, geographic presence and total capabilities of IFF after the Transactions, which are expected to enable IFF to improve its cost structure, deepen its innovation platform, enhance growth and expand margins;
- the complementary asset portfolios and strengths of IFF and the N&B Business and the expectation that the combination with the N&B Business would diversify and expand IFF’s mix of product offerings, including the N&B Business’s food & beverage, health & biosciences and pharma solutions platforms;
- the belief that IFF would benefit from the scale of the combined company and diversity of its lines of business, making it less dependent on the performance of any particular segment or business line;
- the expectation that IFF would maintain broad market presence, with an enhanced position in the food & beverage, home & personal care and health & wellness markets;
- the expectation that IFF would achieve approximately \$300 million of estimated cost synergies anticipated on a run-rate basis by the end of the third year following the consummation of the Transactions as a result of anticipated procurement improvements along with manufacturing and organizational efficiencies, as well as have an enhanced ability to drive volumes via a combination of cross-selling opportunities across the enhanced portfolio and the creation of integrated solutions, which is expected to generate more than \$400 million in run-rate revenue synergies by the end of the third year following the consummation of the Transactions;
- the expectation that the combination of IFF and N&B Business employees’ experience will drive improvements in manufacturing, R&D, leadership and growth, and enhance IFF’s ability to achieve its strategic objectives with respect to its existing business and the businesses of the combined company;
- the expectation that the combined company will provide a compelling value proposition to global, regional and local customers, including through the provision of differentiated integrated solutions using the complementary capabilities of each business;
- the expectation that the cash flow from the combined businesses after the Transactions would be strong enough to allow IFF to maintain its current quarterly dividend policy, reduce indebtedness incurred to finance the Transactions and maintain its investment grade rating;
- the significant increase in total equity market capitalization of IFF, which could increase the trading volume, and therefore, the liquidity, of IFF’s common stock;
- the fact that the consideration payable by IFF in the Merger consists, in part, of IFF’s common stock, enabling IFF to acquire the N&B Business without incurring the amount of indebtedness that would be required to fund an all-cash transaction;

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- the fact that IFF shareholders as of immediately prior to the completion of the Merger are expected to own 44.6% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the combined company, on a fully diluted basis, immediately following completion of the Merger, and will have the opportunity to share in the future growth and expected synergies of the combined company while retaining the flexibility of selling all or a portion of those shares;
- the fact that the management team of IFF, following the closing of the Transactions, would continue to be led by IFF's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and IFF's senior management team would be expanded to include executives from IFF and the N&B Business;
- the fact that the Merger Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and the aggregate consideration to be paid by IFF pursuant to the Merger Agreement were the result of extensive arms-length negotiations between representatives of IFF and DuPont, and the IFF board of directors' belief that IFF had negotiated the transaction terms most favorable to IFF that DuPont would be willing to accept;
- the expectation that IFF's experience with acquiring and integrating businesses and growing larger companies will enhance IFF's ability to integrate the N&B Business and grow the combined company;
- the expectation that DuPont's experience with separating its business lines through prior spin-offs or divestitures would lower the execution risk associated with the separation of the N&B Business from DuPont's other businesses;
- the expectation that IFF's board of directors will benefit from expertise provided by the addition to its board of six directors to be designated by DuPont, including Mr. Ed Breen who will join the board of IFF as a DuPont appointee and will serve as Lead Independent Director starting June 1, 2021;
- the support of IFF's largest shareholder, Winder Investment Pte Ltd ("Winder"), and its willingness to enter into a voting agreement to vote in favor of the Share Issuance;
- the opinion of Greenhill & Co., LLC ("Greenhill") rendered to the IFF board of directors on December 15, 2019, that, as of the date of the written fairness opinion and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth in such written fairness opinion, the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement was fair from a financial point of view to IFF, as more fully described below in "Opinion of Greenhill & Co., LLC;"
- the opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC ("Morgan Stanley") rendered to the IFF board of directors on December 15, 2019, that, as of such date and based upon and subject to the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations on the scope of review undertaken by Morgan Stanley as set forth in such written fairness opinion, the exchange ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement was fair from a financial point of view to IFF, as more fully described below in "Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC;" and
- the ability of the IFF board of directors to withdraw or modify its recommendation that IFF's shareholders approve the Share Issuance, subject to the limitations set forth in the Merger Agreement, including, without limitation, the potential payment of a termination fee and the obligation of IFF to proceed with a vote of IFF's shareholders on the Share Issuance regardless of such withdrawal or modification of its recommendation.

In the course of its deliberations, the IFF board of directors also considered a variety of risks and other potentially negative factors as set forth in the section entitled "IFF's Reasons for the Transactions."

Q: Why will the ownership of IFF following the Transactions between DuPont equityholders and existing IFF equityholders be approximately 55.4% and 44.6% on a fully diluted basis, respectively?

A: It is expected that upon completion of the Transactions, pre-Merger holders of shares of N&B common stock and N&B Employees will hold approximately 55.4% of IFF's common stock on a fully diluted basis

and IFF's existing equityholders will hold approximately 44.6% of IFF's common stock on a fully diluted basis (in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger shareholder bases). The ownership of IFF following the Merger was the result of a negotiated value exchange between DuPont and IFF, which was based upon each party's valuations, prior to the execution of the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement, of IFF and the N&B Business.

Q: What will DuPont stockholders receive in the Transactions?

A: In the Exchange Offer, DuPont is offering to DuPont stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock. Following the Exchange Offer, the shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed, will be distributed on a pro rata basis in the Clean-Up Spin-Off to DuPont stockholders as of the record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer. In the Merger, the shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock. DuPont stockholders participating in the Exchange Offer will be required to exchange those shares that they tender in the Exchange Offer and that are not properly withdrawn and accepted by DuPont for the shares of N&B common stock they receive therefore (see "The Exchange Offer – Terms of the Exchange Offer"). If the Exchange Offer is terminated by DuPont without the exchange of shares (but the conditions to consummation of the Transactions have otherwise been satisfied), DuPont intends to distribute all shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont on a pro rata basis to holders of DuPont common stock in the Spin-Off, with a record date to be announced by DuPont.

In the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be canceled and cease to exist and no consideration will be delivered in exchange therefor) will be converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock such that immediately after the Merger such holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont's common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases (calculated as further described in "The Merger Agreement – Merger Consideration"). Holders of N&B common stock will receive cash from the Exchange Agent in lieu of any fractional shares of IFF common stock to which such stockholders would otherwise be entitled. All shares of IFF common stock issued in the Merger will be issued in book entry form.

Calculated based on the closing price on the NYSE of IFF common stock as of _____, 2020, the shares of IFF common stock that IFF expects to issue to DuPont stockholders as a result of the Transactions would have had a market value of approximately \$ _____ billion in the aggregate (the actual value will not be known until the closing date of the Merger). For more information, see "The Transactions—The Separation and the Distribution" beginning on page 207, "The Transactions—The Merger" beginning on page 208 and "The Transactions—Calculation of the Merger Consideration" beginning on page 209.

Q: Are there any conditions to the consummation of the Transactions?

A: Yes. Consummation of the Transactions is subject to a number of conditions, including:

- the approval by IFF's shareholders of the Share Issuance, which condition has been satisfied;
- the registration statements on Forms S-4 and S-1 of which this prospectus is a part have become effective under the Securities Act;
- the Separation and the Distribution shall have been consummated;

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- the expiration or termination of any waiting period applicable to the Merger under applicable antitrust or competition laws in the United States (which waiting period has expired and approvals have been received) and receipt of additional antitrust approvals in applicable jurisdictions;
- DuPont shall have received the Special Cash Payment immediately before the Distribution;
- the receipt by DuPont of the Tax Opinion from DuPont’s tax counsel, dated as of the closing date of the Merger; and
- other customary conditions.

For a description of the material conditions precedent to the Transactions, see “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution.”

Q: What will IFF shareholders receive in the Merger?

A: IFF shareholders will not directly receive any consideration in the Merger. All shares of IFF common stock issued and outstanding immediately before the Merger will remain issued and outstanding after the consummation of the Merger. Immediately after the Merger, IFF shareholders will continue to own shares in IFF, which will include the N&B Business by virtue of the fact that N&B will be a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. IFF will also be responsible for repaying the approximately \$7.5 billion of debt that will be incurred or refinanced in connection with the Transactions in connection with paying the Special Cash Payment. After the consummation of the Merger, the debt obligations incurred by N&B in connection with the Special Cash Payment will be guaranteed by IFF. In addition, following the Merger, by virtue of the fact N&B will be a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, the consolidated indebtedness of IFF and its subsidiaries will include the indebtedness incurred by N&B in the debt financings completed prior to the Distribution (See “Debt Financing”). At the election of N&B and IFF, IFF may assume these N&B obligations, which assumption is expected to occur after the Second Merger.

Q: What is the estimated total value of the Transactions?

A: IFF expects to issue approximately million shares of IFF common stock in the Merger. In addition, DuPont will receive a one-time Special Cash Payment from N&B, subject to certain adjustments. Based upon the reported closing sale price of \$ per share for IFF common stock on the NYSE on , 2020 and assuming no adjustments to the Special Cash Payment, the total combined value of the shares to be issued by IFF and the cash expected to be received by DuPont from N&B would have been approximately \$ billion. The actual value of the IFF common stock to be issued in the Merger will depend on the market price of shares of IFF common stock at the time of determination and the amount of the Special Cash Payment will be determined based on adjustments thereto (if any), see “The Separation Agreement—The Separation—Special Cash Payment and Post-Closing Adjustments.”

Q: Are there possible adverse effects on the value of IFF common stock to be received by DuPont stockholders?

A: DuPont stockholders, by virtue of the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off, and if they elect to exchange their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer, will receive shares of IFF common stock. The Share Issuance (as well as any discount in the Exchange Offer), may negatively affect the market price of IFF common stock. IFF also expects to incur significant one-time costs in connection with the Transactions, including advisory, legal, accounting and other professional fees related to the Transactions, transition and integration expenses, such as consulting professionals’ fees, information technology implementation costs, financing fees and relocation costs, that IFF management believes are necessary to realize anticipated annualized cost synergies. The incurrence of these costs may have an adverse impact on IFF’s liquidity or operating results in the periods in which they are incurred. Finally, IFF will be required to devote a significant amount of time and attention to the process of

integrating the operations of IFF and the N&B Business. If IFF is not able to effectively manage the process, IFF's business could suffer and its stock price may decline. In addition, the market price of IFF common stock could decline as a result of sales of a large number of shares of IFF common stock in the market after the consummation of the Transactions or even the perception that these sales could occur. See "Risk Factors" for a further discussion of the material risks associated with the Transactions.

Q: How will the Transactions impact the future liquidity and capital resources of IFF?

A: IFF's level of indebtedness will increase as a result of the Transactions. In connection with the Transactions, N&B will be the initial borrower under the Term Loan Facility and the initial issuer of the Notes, incurring total indebtedness of approximately \$7.5 billion. Following the consummation of the Transactions, all obligations of N&B with respect to the Term Loan Facility and the Notes will be guaranteed by IFF or at the election of N&B and IFF, IFF may assume these N&B obligations, which assumption is expected to occur after the Second Merger. In addition, following the Merger, by virtue of the fact N&B will be a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, the consolidated indebtedness of IFF and its subsidiaries will include the indebtedness incurred by N&B in the debt financings completed prior to the Distribution (See "Debt Financing"). IFF anticipates that its primary sources of liquidity for working capital and operating activities will be cash from operations and borrowings under its existing credit facilities. IFF expects that these sources of liquidity will be sufficient to make required payments of interest on the outstanding IFF debt and to fund working capital and capital expenditure requirements, including the significant one-time costs relating to the Transactions. IFF expects that it will be able to comply with the financial and other covenants under the credit agreement governing the Term Loan Facility and the Indenture governing the Notes.

IFF expects to realize cost synergies of approximately \$300 million on a run-rate basis by the end of the third year after the closing of the Merger. These cost synergies are expected to be driven by procurement excellence, streamlining overhead and manufacturing efficiencies. In addition, IFF's target is to deliver more than \$400 million in run-rate revenue synergies, which would result in more than \$175 million of EBITDA, driven by cross-selling opportunities and leveraging the expanded capabilities across a broader customer base. IFF expects to incur significant, one-time costs in connection with the Transactions of approximately \$355 million in transaction-related costs (before accounting for an estimated \$40 million of capital expenditure synergies) over the first three years following the consummation of the Transactions that IFF management believes are necessary to realize the anticipated synergies from the Transactions. See "Information on IFF—IFF's Liquidity and Capital Resources After the Transactions." The incurrence of these costs may have an adverse impact on IFF's liquidity, cash flows and operating results in the periods in which they are incurred.

Q: How do the Transactions impact IFF's dividend policy?

A: Declarations of dividends on IFF's common stock are made at the discretion of IFF's board of directors upon the board's determination that the declaration of dividends are in the best interest of IFF's shareholders. IFF has consistently paid regular dividends, and in 2019, IFF's board of directors declared total cash dividends of \$2.96 per share. Following the Merger, IFF intends to maintain its current dividend policy and remains committed to maintaining its history of paying a dividend to investors, as determined by its Board of Directors at its discretion based on various factors.

Q: What will DuPont receive in the Transactions?

A: Prior to the Distribution, DuPont will receive the Special Cash Payment in the amount of approximately \$7.3 billion, subject to adjustment. See "The Separation Agreement—The Separation—Special Cash Payment and Post-Closing Adjustments."

Q: Will the Separation, the Distribution or the Merger affect the DuPont Equity Awards held by employees of the N&B Business who become N&B Employees?

A: Yes. Certain employees of the N&B Business who will become N&B Employees may hold DuPont Options, DuPont Stock Appreciation Rights, DuPont RSU Awards, DuPont PSU Awards or DuPont Restricted Stock Awards. Upon consummation of the Merger, each DuPont Option and DuPont Stock Appreciation Right that is held by a DuPont employee who becomes an N&B Employee will be converted into an IFF Option or IFF stock appreciation right, as applicable. Upon consummation of the Merger, each DuPont RSU Award that is held by a DuPont employee who becomes an N&B Employee will be converted into an IFF RSU, and will otherwise be subject to the same terms and conditions (excluding any rights to dividend equivalents after the closing date of the Merger). Upon consummation of the Merger, each DuPont PSU Award that is held by a DuPont employee who becomes an N&B Employee will be converted into an IFF RSU (excluding any rights to dividend equivalents after the closing date of the Merger), with the performance criteria under the DuPont PSU Award deemed satisfied at the actual level of performance immediately prior to the closing date of the Merger. Each DuPont Restricted Stock Award that is held by a DuPont employee who becomes an N&B Employee will be converted into IFF restricted stock upon consummation of the Merger.

For a more complete description of the treatment of DuPont Equity Awards held by employees of DuPont who become N&B Employees that are outstanding as of the effective time of the Merger, see “The Transactions—Effects of the Distribution and the Merger on DuPont Equity Awards” beginning on page 261.

Q: Will the Separation, the Distribution or the Merger affect the DuPont equity-based awards held by current and former employees of DuPont who do not become N&B Employees?

A: Certain current and former employees of DuPont who will not become N&B Employees hold equity-based awards relating to shares of DuPont common stock. The number and the exercise price of DuPont Options and DuPont Stock Appreciation Rights held by these current and former employees may be adjusted if determined by the DuPont board of directors to be necessary so that there is no change by reason of the proposed Transactions to the intrinsic value of the options or stock appreciation rights (the excess of the fair market value of the underlying shares of DuPont common stock over the award’s aggregate exercise price) or the ratio of the award’s aggregate exercise price to the fair market value of the underlying shares of DuPont common stock, and the number of other DuPont Equity Awards held by these current and former employees may be similarly adjusted to the extent necessary so that there is no change by reason of the proposed Transactions to the aggregate fair market value of the DuPont Equity Awards. In addition, any performance based vesting conditions applicable to the DuPont Equity Awards may be adjusted if determined by the DuPont board of directors to be necessary to reflect the proposed Transactions.

Q: What are the material U.S. federal income tax consequences to DuPont stockholders resulting from the Distribution and the Mergers?

A: The completion of the Internal Reorganization, Distribution, and Merger is conditioned upon the receipt by DuPont of a tax opinion from counsel to the effect that, among other things, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, (a) the Parent Contribution, Special Cash Payment and Distribution, taken together, will qualify as a reorganization under Sections 355(a), 361 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code and (b) the Merger and the Second Merger will be treated as an integrated plan described in Rev. Rul. 2001-46, 2001-2 C.B. 321 and qualify as a tax-free reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code (the “Tax Opinion”). Provided that the Parent Contribution, Special Cash Payment and Distribution so qualify, DuPont’s stockholders will not recognize any taxable income, gain or loss as a result of receiving N&B shares in the Distribution for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Provided that the Mergers so qualify, DuPont’s stockholders will not recognize any taxable income, gain or loss as a result of the Mergers for U.S. federal income tax purposes (except for any gain or loss attributable to the receipt of cash in lieu of fractional shares of IFF common stock). See “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Transactions” for more information regarding the potential tax consequences of the Transactions.

Q: What are the material U.S. federal income tax consequences to IFF and IFF’s shareholders resulting from the Transactions?

A: IFF will not recognize any gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of the Mergers. Because IFF shareholders will not participate in the Distribution or the Mergers, IFF shareholders will generally not recognize gain or loss upon either the Distribution (including the Exchange Offer) or the Mergers. IFF shareholders should consult their own tax advisors for a full understanding of the tax consequences to them of the Distribution and the Mergers.

Q: Are there risks associated with the Transactions?

A: Yes. The material risks and uncertainties associated with the Transactions are discussed in the section entitled “Risk Factors” beginning on page 65 and the section entitled “Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements” beginning on page 102. Those risks include, among others, the possibility that the Transactions may not be completed, the possibility that IFF may fail to realize the anticipated benefits of the Merger, the uncertainty that IFF will be able to integrate the N&B Business successfully, the possibility that IFF may be unable to provide benefits and services or access to equivalent financial strength and resources to the N&B Business that historically have been provided by DuPont, and the substantial dilution to the ownership interest of current IFF shareholders following the consummation of the Merger.

Q: Who will serve on the IFF board of directors following completion of the Merger?

A: As of the effective time of the Merger, the IFF board of directors will consist of 13 members, consisting of seven current IFF directors selected by the IFF board of directors and six individuals selected by the DuPont board of directors. The IFF designees will include Andreas Fibig, who will continue to serve as Chairman and CEO of IFF. Current DuPont Executive Chairman and CEO Ed Breen will join the board of IFF following the effective time of the Merger as a DuPont designee and will serve as Lead Independent Director starting upon the later of June 1, 2021 and the closing date of the Merger. On May 11, 2020, IFF and DuPont announced two additional DuPont director designees for the combined company. Matthias Heinzl, N&B President, and Carol A. (John) Davidson, a CPA with more than 30 years of leadership experience across multiple industries, will be appointed to join the board of the combined company at the effective time of the Merger. At the 2022 annual meeting of IFF shareholders, the IFF board of directors will take all actions necessary to set the size of the IFF board of directors at 12 members, and to include (i) DuPont’s six designated directors (or any replacements thereof) and (ii) six of IFF’s current directors (or any replacements thereof) as nominees to serve a full new term on IFF’s board of directors. Until the second annual meeting of IFF that occurs after consummation of the Merger, (i) if a vacancy is created by the cessation of service of any DuPont designated director, then the remaining DuPont designated directors then in office will designate a replacement by a majority vote, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole DuPont designated director; and (ii) if a vacancy is created by the cessation of service of any IFF director, then the remaining IFF directors then in office will designate a replacement by a majority vote, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining IFF director.

Q: Will IFF’s current senior management team manage the business of IFF after the Transactions?

A: Andreas Fibig will continue to serve as Chairman and CEO of IFF. The Executive Committee of the combined company is expected to also include the individuals listed in the section entitled “Information on IFF—Directors and Officers of IFF Before and After the Transactions.” IFF and N&B have formed an Integration Office, comprised of leaders from both companies, to manage the integration of the companies.

Q: What stockholder approvals are needed in connection with the Transactions?

A: IFF shareholders approved the Share Issuance by the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of IFF common stock represented and voting at the special meeting held on August 27, 2020. No vote of DuPont stockholders is required or being sought in connection with the Transactions.

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Q: Where will the IFF shares issued in connection with the Merger be listed?

A: IFF common stock is listed on the NYSE, Euronext Paris and TASE under “IFF.” After consummation of the Transactions, all shares of IFF common stock issued in the Merger, and all other outstanding shares of IFF common stock, will continue to be listed on the NYSE, Euronext Paris and TASE.

Q: What is the current relationship between N&B and IFF?

A: N&B is currently a wholly owned subsidiary of DuPont and was formed as a Delaware corporation on October 30, 2019 to effectuate the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger. Other than in connection with the Transactions, there is no relationship between N&B and IFF.

Q: When will the Transactions be completed?

A: IFF and DuPont expect the Transactions to be completed in the first quarter of 2021, subject to satisfaction of the closing conditions, including receipt of IFF shareholder approval for the Share Issuance and certain regulatory approvals. IFF shareholders approved the Share Issuance at a special meeting on August 27, 2020 and the status of regulatory approvals is set forth on page 263. In addition, other important conditions to the closing of the Merger exist, including, among other things, the completion of the Separation necessary to separate the N&B Assets and the N&B Liabilities from DuPont’s other businesses and to realign the N&B Companies holding the N&B Assets and the N&B Liabilities under N&B and the receipt by DuPont of the Tax Opinion from its tax counsel. It is possible that factors outside IFF’s and DuPont’s control could require DuPont to complete the Separation and the Distribution and IFF and DuPont to complete the Merger at a later time or not complete them at all. For a discussion of the conditions to the Separation and the Merger, see “The Transactions—Regulatory Approvals” beginning on page 263, “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger” beginning on page 285, and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution ” beginning on page 299.

Q: Does the Merger Agreement contain an outside date which, once reached, allows a party to terminate?

A: Yes. Subject to specified qualifications and exceptions, either DuPont or IFF may terminate the Merger Agreement at any time prior to the consummation of the Merger if the Merger has not been consummated by March 15, 2021 or, in certain circumstances at the election of DuPont or IFF, by June 15, 2021. See “The Merger Agreement—Termination.”

Q: Does IFF have to pay anything to DuPont if the Merger Agreement is terminated?

A: Depending on the reasons for termination of the Merger Agreement, IFF may have to pay DuPont a termination fee of \$521.5 million (referred to herein as the Termination Fee) or reimburse DuPont for its expenses in connection with the Transactions not to exceed \$75 million. DuPont and IFF have also agreed to split 50/50 any commitment fees incurred to the extent the Merger Agreement is terminated. For a discussion of the circumstances under which the Termination Fee is payable by IFF or the requirement to reimburse expenses applies, see “The Merger Agreement —Termination Fees and Expenses Payable in Certain Circumstances.”

Q: Does DuPont have to pay anything to IFF if the Merger Agreement is terminated?

A: Depending on the reasons for termination of the Merger Agreement, DuPont may have to reimburse IFF for its expenses in connection with the Transactions not to exceed \$75 million. For a discussion of the circumstances under which the Termination Fee is payable by DuPont, see “The Merger Agreement—Termination Fees and Expenses Payable in Certain Circumstances.”

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Q: Who can answer my questions about the Transactions or the Exchange Offer?

A: If you have any questions about the Transactions or the Exchange Offer or you would like to request additional documents, including copies of this prospectus and the letter of transmittal (including the instructions thereto), please contact the information agent, _____, located at _____ at the telephone number _____ or at the email address _____.

Q: Who is the transfer agent for IFF common stock and the Exchange Agent for the Merger?

A: American Stock Transfer & Trust Company is the transfer agent for IFF common stock. _____ will be the exchange agent (the “Exchange Agent”) for the Merger.

Q: Who is the transfer agent for DuPont common stock and the Exchange Offer Agent for the Distribution?

A: Computershare is the transfer agent for DuPont common stock and _____ will be the Exchange Offer Agent for the Distribution.

Q: Where can I find more information about DuPont, IFF, N&B and the Transactions?

A: You can find out more information about DuPont, IFF, N&B and the Transactions by reading this prospectus and, with respect to DuPont and IFF, from various sources described in “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation By Reference” beginning on page 345.

SUMMARY

The following summary contains certain information described in more detail elsewhere in this prospectus. It does not contain all the details concerning the Transactions, including information that may be important to you. To better understand the Transactions, you should carefully review this entire document and the documents it refers to. See “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference.”

The Companies

International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.

International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
521 West 57th Street
New York, NY 10019-2960
Telephone: (212) 765-5500

IFF is a leading innovator of sensory experiences that move the world. IFF’s creative capabilities, global footprint and regulatory and technological know-how provides IFF a competitive advantage in meeting the demands of its global, regional and local customers around the world. IFF’s product portfolio covers taste, scent and complementary adjacent products, and IFF has over 128,000 individual products that are provided to customers in approximately 200 countries.

Neptune Merger Sub I

Neptune Merger Sub I Inc.
c/o International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
521 West 57th Street
New York, NY 10019-2960
Telephone: (212) 765-5500

Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., a Delaware corporation, is a newly formed, direct wholly owned subsidiary of IFF that was organized specifically for the purpose of completing the Merger. Merger Sub I has engaged in no business activities to date and it has no material assets or liabilities of any kind, other than those incident to its formation and in connection with the Transactions.

DuPont de Nemours, Inc.

DuPont de Nemours, Inc.
974 Centre Road,
Wilmington, DE 19805
Telephone: (302) 774-3034

DuPont was incorporated in 2015 (formerly, DowDuPont Inc.) for the purpose of effecting an all-stock merger of equals between The Dow Chemical Company and E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company with the intent to separate into three, independent, publicly traded companies – one for each of its post-merger agriculture, materials science and specialty products businesses. On April 1, 2019, DuPont completed the separation of its materials science business into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Dow Inc. (“Dow”) through a pro rata dividend in-kind of all of the then-issued and outstanding shares of Dow’s common stock (the “Dow Distribution”). On June 1, 2019, DuPont completed the separation of its agriculture business into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Corteva, Inc. (“Corteva”) through a pro rata dividend

in-kind of all of the then-issued and outstanding shares of Corteva's common stock (the "Corteva Distribution"). Following the Corteva Distribution, DuPont holds the specialty products business as continuing operations.

Today, DuPont is a global innovation leader with technology-based materials, ingredients and solutions that help transform industries and everyday life by applying diverse science and expertise to help customers advance their best ideas and deliver essential innovations in key markets including electronics, transportation, building and construction, health and wellness, food and worker safety. DuPont had approximately 35,000 employees as of December 31, 2019. DuPont has subsidiaries in about 70 countries worldwide and manufacturing operations in about 40 countries.

Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc.

Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc.
974 Centre Road,
Wilmington, DE 19805
Telephone: (302) 774-3034

Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a Delaware corporation, is a newly formed, direct wholly owned subsidiary of DuPont that was organized specifically for the purpose of effecting the Separation. N&B has engaged in no business activities to date and it has no material assets or liabilities of any kind, other than those incident to its formation and those incurred in connection with the Transactions. In connection with the Transactions, N&B has entered into several arrangements which will provide financing, and expects to, prior to the consummation of the Transactions, enter into additional financing agreements or issue Notes, in each case to fund the Special Cash Payment. For more information see "Debt Financing."

N&B is a holding company. In the Separation, DuPont will transfer the N&B Assets that are not already owned by members of the N&B Group to members of the N&B Group and members of the N&B Group will assume the N&B Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise directly the responsibility of members of the N&B Group, and DuPont will transfer the Excluded Assets that are not already directly owned by members of the DuPont Group to members of the DuPont Group and the DuPont Group will assume the Excluded Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise the responsibility of members of the DuPont Group. Prior to the Distribution, DuPont will transfer all the equity interests in each member of the N&B Group (i.e., such subsidiary of DuPont holding assets and liabilities constituting a portion of the N&B Business) to N&B. In exchange, N&B will: (i) issue to DuPont shares of N&B common stock and (ii) pay to DuPont the Special Cash Payment.

The Transactions

On December 15, 2019, DuPont, N&B and IFF entered into definitive agreements, pursuant to which and subject to the terms and conditions therein, (1) DuPont will transfer the N&B Business to N&B (generally referred to herein as the Separation), (2) N&B will make a cash distribution to DuPont equal to \$7.306 billion, subject to certain adjustments (referred to herein as the Special Cash Payment), (3) DuPont will distribute to its stockholders all of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock by way of an exchange offer followed by a pro rata distribution of any shares of N&B common stock remaining if the exchange offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered does not result in all shares of N&B common stock being distributed in the exchange offer (generally referred to herein as the Distribution) and (4) Merger Sub I will merge with and into N&B, with N&B as the surviving corporation (generally referred to herein as the Merger). As a result of the Merger, the existing shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock. When the Merger is completed, holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the

Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont's common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases. The Distribution and the Merger are a Reverse Morris Trust transaction and are expected to be tax-free to DuPont stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes, except to the extent that cash is paid to DuPont stockholders in lieu of fractional shares in the Distribution or the Merger. The Separation, Distribution and the Merger are collectively referred to herein as the "Transactions".

The definitive agreements entered into in connection with the Transactions include (1) an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"), dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, N&B, IFF and Merger Sub I, (2) a Separation and Distribution Agreement (the "Separation Agreement"), dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, N&B and IFF, and (3) an Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019 (the "Employee Matters Agreement"), by and among DuPont, N&B and IFF. In addition, DuPont, N&B, IFF and certain of their respective affiliates will enter into other Ancillary Agreements in connection with the Transactions. These agreements, which are described in greater detail in "Other Agreements," govern the relationship among DuPont, N&B, IFF and their respective affiliates after the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger.

The N&B Business is one of the world's largest producers of specialty ingredients, and is an innovation-driven and customer-focused business that provides solutions for the global food and beverage, dietary supplements, home and personal care, energy, animal nutrition and pharma markets. Additionally, the N&B Business is an industry pioneer and innovator that works with customers to improve the performance, productivity and sustainability of their products and processes through differentiated technology in ingredients applications, fermentation, biotechnology, chemistry and manufacturing process excellence. Prior to the Distribution and the Merger, DuPont will undertake the Separation and transfer the N&B Assets that are not already owned by members of the N&B Group to members of the N&B Group and members of the N&B Group will assume the N&B Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise directly the responsibility of members of the N&B Group, and DuPont will transfer of Excluded Assets that are not already directly owned by members of the DuPont Group to members of the DuPont Group and the DuPont Group will assume the Excluded Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise the responsibility of members of the DuPont Group. Thereafter, DuPont will transfer all the equity interests in each member of the N&B Group (i.e., such subsidiary of DuPont holding assets and liabilities constituting a portion of the N&B Business) to N&B. In exchange, N&B will: (i) issue to DuPont shares of N&B common stock and (ii) pay to DuPont the Special Cash Payment.

The Distribution will be conducted through an exchange offer, subject to the conditions to the Exchange Offer as further described in "The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer" of this prospectus. On the closing date of the Merger, DuPont will distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders through the Exchange Offer, followed by the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. In the Exchange Offer, DuPont will offer to DuPont stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock. Following the Exchange Offer, the shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered results in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. The Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, the book-entry authorizations representing all of the outstanding

shares of N&B common stock, pending the consummation of the Merger. Shares of N&B common stock will not be able to be traded during this period. Rather, following the completion of the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off the shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger, as described above. In addition to the conditions applicable to the Exchange Offer described above, the Distribution is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Separation Agreement and the Merger is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement. See “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution.”

As previously noted, this disclosure has been prepared under the assumption that the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders pursuant to an exchange offer. Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont’s stockholders in a split-off exchange offer or a spin-off and, once a final decision is made, this disclosure will be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary.

Transaction Steps

Below is a step-by-step list illustrating the material events relating to the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger. Each of these events, as well as any conditions to their consummation, is discussed in more detail elsewhere in this prospectus.

Step #1—*Internal Reorganization; the Separation.* Prior to the Distribution and the Merger, DuPont will convey to N&B or one or more subsidiaries of N&B certain assets and liabilities constituting the N&B Business, and will cause any applicable subsidiary of DuPont to convey to DuPont or its designated subsidiary (other than N&B or any members of the N&B Group) certain excluded assets and excluded liabilities in order to separate the N&B Business, in each case, as set forth in and subject to the terms and conditions of the Separation Agreement. Thereafter, DuPont will transfer all the equity interests in each such subsidiary or subsidiaries of DuPont holding N&B Assets and N&B Liabilities, and constituting the N&B Business, to N&B.

Step #2—*Issuance of N&B common stock.* Prior to the Distribution, N&B will issue to DuPont a number of shares of N&B common stock such that the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding at the time of the Distribution is equal to the number of shares to be issued in the Share Issuance.

Step #3—*Special Cash Payment; Borrowings.* Prior to the effective time of the Merger, and as a condition to the Distribution, N&B will make the Special Cash Payment to DuPont, which is a cash distribution to DuPont equal to \$7.306 billion, subject to the adjustments described herein. Prior to making the Special Cash Payment, N&B will receive the proceeds of the Term Loan Facility and the funds in the escrow account from the issuance of the Notes.

Step #4—*The Distribution; Exchange Offer and Clean-Up Spin-Off.* On the closing date of the Merger, DuPont will distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders through the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. In the Exchange Offer, DuPont will offer its stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock. Following the Exchange Offer, the shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered results in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer. DuPont currently expects that a Clean-Up Spin-Off will be necessary to complete the distribution of all shares of N&B common stock. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose

shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. See “The Separation Agreement—The Distribution” and “The Exchange Offer.”

The Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, the book-entry authorizations representing all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock, pending the consummation of the Merger. Shares of N&B common stock will not be able to be traded during this period.

In order to enable stockholders of DuPont to value their shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer, DuPont intends to cause N&B to issue such number of shares of N&B common stock to DuPont prior to the Distribution such that the number of shares of N&B common stock is equal to the number of shares to be issued in the Share Issuance and the exchange ratio in the Merger is equal to approximately one. As such, the actual number of shares of N&B common stock distributed in the Distribution may differ from what is set forth above to the extent the number of fully diluted shares of IFF common stock (and by extension the Share Issuance) changes between the date hereof and the Distribution.

As previously noted, this disclosure has been prepared under the assumption that the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders pursuant to an exchange offer. Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont’s stockholders in a split-off exchange offer or a spin-off and, once a final decision is made, this disclosure will be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary.

Step #5—The Mergers. In the Merger, Merger Sub I will be merged with and into N&B, with N&B surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. In the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be canceled and cease to exist, and no consideration will be delivered in exchange therefor) will be converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock such that immediately after the Merger such holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont’s common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases (calculated as further described in “The Merger Agreement – Merger Consideration”). No fewer than 30 days (or 15 days, in some circumstances) after the Merger (unless otherwise agreed by the parties), N&B will merge with and into Merger Sub II, with Merger Sub II surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF.

The foregoing are subject to certain conditions to their consummation. See “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer,” “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger,” “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Internal Reorganization.”

The Separation and the Distribution

The Separation

DuPont will convey to N&B certain assets and liabilities constituting the N&B Business by first transferring the N&B Assets that are not already owned by members of the N&B Group to members of the N&B Group and having members of the N&B Group assume the N&B Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise directly the responsibility of members of the N&B Group, and transferring the Excluded Assets that are not already directly owned by members of the DuPont Group to members of the DuPont Group and having

the DuPont Group assume the Excluded Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise the responsibility of members of the DuPont Group. Thereafter, DuPont will transfer all the equity interests in each member of the N&B Group (i.e., such subsidiary of DuPont holding assets and liabilities constituting a portion of the N&B Business) to N&B. In exchange, N&B will: (i) issue to DuPont shares of N&B common stock and (ii) pay to DuPont the Special Cash Payment.

The Distribution— Exchange Offer, Expected to be Followed by the Clean-Up Spin-Off

On the closing date of the Merger, DuPont will distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders through the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. In the Exchange Offer, DuPont will offer its stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock. Following the Exchange Offer, the shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered results in fewer than all shares of N&B being exchanged, will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer. For additional information regarding the Exchange Offer, see “The Exchange Offer.” DuPont currently expects that a Clean-Up Spin-Off will be necessary to complete the distribution of all shares of N&B common stock. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off.

The Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, the book-entry authorizations representing all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock, pending the consummation of the Merger. Shares of N&B common stock will not be able to be traded during this period. Rather, following the completion of the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off the shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger as further described below under “—Calculation of the Merger Consideration.”

As previously noted, this disclosure has been prepared under the assumption that the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders pursuant to an exchange offer. Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont’s stockholders in a split-off exchange offer or a spin-off and, once a final decision is made, this disclosure will be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary.

The Merger

Under the Merger Agreement and in accordance with the DGCL, at the effective time of the Merger, Merger Sub I will merge with and into N&B. As a result of the Merger, the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub I will cease and N&B will continue as the surviving company and will succeed to and assume all the rights, powers and privileges and be subject to all of the obligations of Merger Sub I in accordance with the DGCL. As a result of the Merger, N&B will become a direct wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. At the effective time of the Merger, each share of N&B common stock issued and outstanding as of the effective time of the Merger (other than each share of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont which, in each case, immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger will be canceled and will cease to exist, and no stock or other consideration will be issued or delivered in exchange therefor) will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock (or cash payment in lieu of fractional shares) based on the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement described below under “—Calculation of the Merger Consideration.”

Calculation of the Merger Consideration

The Merger Agreement provides that each share of N&B common stock issued and outstanding as of the effective time of the Merger (which calculation is described below) will automatically convert at the effective time of the Merger into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock based on the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement. However, each share of N&B common stock that is held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont will be automatically cancelled at the effective time of the Merger. The exchange ratio will be determined prior to the closing of the Merger based on the number of outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted, as-converted and as-exercised basis, on the one hand, and the number of shares of N&B common stock, on the other hand, in each case outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger. As described in the Merger Agreement, the exchange ratio equals the quotient of (i) the total shares of IFF common stock issued pursuant to the Share Issuance divided by (ii) the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the merger, subject to the adjustments set forth in the Merger Agreement. The total shares of IFF common stock to be issued pursuant to the Share Issuance will equal the number of outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted, as-converted and as-exercised basis immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger multiplied by the quotient of 55.4 divided by 44.6.

No fractional shares of IFF common stock will be issued to any holder of N&B common stock pursuant to the Merger. All fractional shares of IFF common stock that a holder of shares of N&B common stock would otherwise be entitled to receive as a result of the Merger will be aggregated by the Exchange Agent (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and sold by the Exchange Agent, in the open market or otherwise no later than five business days after the date on which the Merger becomes effective. Any holder of shares of N&B common stock who would otherwise be entitled to receive a fraction of a share of IFF common stock (after aggregating all fractional shares issuable to such holder) will, in lieu of such fraction of a share, be paid in cash the dollar amount (rounded to the nearest whole cent), after deducting any required withholding taxes, brokerage charges, commissions and conveyances and similar taxes, on a pro rata basis, without interest, as soon as practicable.

Approval of the Transactions

On August 27, 2020, IFF shareholders voted at a special meeting to approve the Share Issuance. No vote by DuPont stockholders is required or is being asked for in connection with the Transactions. DuPont, as the sole stockholder of N&B, has previously approved the Merger.

Terms of the Exchange Offer

DuPont is offering holders of shares of DuPont common stock the opportunity to exchange their shares for shares of N&B common stock. You may tender all, some or none of your shares of DuPont common stock. This

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prospectus and related documents are being sent to persons who directly held shares of DuPont common stock on _____, 2020 and brokers, banks and similar persons whose names or the names of whose nominees appear on DuPont’s stockholder list or, if applicable, who are listed as participants in a clearing agency’s security position listing for subsequent transmittal to beneficial owners of DuPont’s common stock.

DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn will be accepted for exchange at the exchange ratio determined as described under “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer,” on the terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer and subject to the limitations described below, including the proration provisions.

DuPont will promptly return any shares of DuPont common stock that are not accepted for exchange following the expiration of the Exchange Offer and the determination of the final proration factor, if any, described below. After the expiration of the Exchange Offer, shares accepted by DuPont may not be withdrawn; provided, however, that such shares may be withdrawn at any time after the expiration of 40 business days from the commencement of the Exchange Offer if the Exchange Offer has not then been consummated.

For the purposes of illustration, the table below indicates the number of shares of N&B common stock that you would receive per share of DuPont common stock you validly tender, calculated on the basis described under “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer” and taking into account the upper limit, assuming a range of averages of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the Valuation Dates. The first row of the table below shows the indicative calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock, the indicative calculated per-share value of N&B common stock based on the per-share value of IFF common stock and the indicative exchange ratio that would have been in effect following the official close of trading on the NYSE on _____, 2020 based on the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on _____, 2020, _____, 2020 and _____, 2020. The table also shows the effects of a 10% increase or decrease in either or both the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock and the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock (i.e., IFF common stock) based on changes relative to the values as of _____, 2020.

DuPont Common Stock	IFF Common Stock	Calculated Per-Share Value of DuPont Common Stock(A)	Calculated Per-Share Value of N&B Common Stock (Before The % Discount)(B)	Shares of N&B Common Stock To Be Received Per Share of DuPont Common Stock Tendered (The Exchange Ratio)(C)	Calculated Value Ratio(D)
As of _____, 2020	As of _____, 2020				
Down 10%	Up 10%				
Down 10%	Unchanged				
Down 10%	Down 10%				
Unchanged	Up 10%				
Unchanged	Down 10%				
Up 10%	Up 10%				
Up 10%	Unchanged				
Up 10%	Down 10%				

(A) As of _____, 2020, the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock equals the simple arithmetic average of daily VWAPs on each of the three prior trading dates (\$ _____, \$ _____ and \$ _____).

(B) As of _____, 2020, the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock equals the simple arithmetic average of daily IFF VWAPs on each of the three prior trading dates (\$ _____, \$ _____ and \$ _____).

(C) Calculated as $A / (B * (1 - \%))$ or equal to the upper limit, whichever is less.

(D) The Calculated Value Ratio equals (i) the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock (B) multiplied by the exchange ratio (C), divided by (ii) the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock (A), rounded to the nearest three decimals.

For example, if the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock was \$ (the highest closing price for DuPont common stock on the NYSE during the three-month period prior to commencement of the Exchange Offer) and the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock was \$ (the lowest closing price for IFF common stock on the NYSE during that three-month period), the value of N&B common stock, based on the IFF common stock price, received for shares of DuPont common stock accepted for exchange would be approximately \$ for each \$100 of DuPont common stock accepted for exchange.

Extension; Termination

The Exchange Offer, and your withdrawal rights, will expire at 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on , 2021, unless the Exchange Offer is extended or terminated. You must tender your shares of DuPont common stock prior to this time if you want to participate in the Exchange Offer. DuPont may extend, terminate or amend the Exchange Offer as described in this prospectus.

DuPont will issue a press release or other public announcement no later than 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the next business day following any extension, amendment, non-acceptance or termination of the previously scheduled expiration date.

Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer

DuPont's obligation to exchange shares of N&B common stock for shares of DuPont common stock is subject to the conditions listed under "The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer," including the satisfaction of conditions to the Transactions and other conditions. All conditions to the Exchange Offer must be satisfied or waived at or prior to the expiration date of the Exchange Offer, and DuPont will not be required to complete and consummate the Exchange Offer and may extend or terminate the Exchange Offer, if, at the scheduled expiration of the Exchange Offer:

- any condition precedent to the consummation of the Transactions (other than the Exchange Offer) pursuant to the Merger Agreement and Separation Agreement has not been satisfied or waived (except for the conditions precedent that will be satisfied at the time of the consummation of the Transactions) or for any reason the Transactions (other than the Exchange Offer) cannot be consummated promptly after consummation of the Exchange Offer (see "The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger" and "The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution");
- the shares of IFF common stock to be issued in the Merger have not been authorized for listing on the NYSE;
- any proceeding for the purpose of suspending the effectiveness of any registration statement of which this document is a part has been initiated by the SEC and not concluded or withdrawn;
- the Merger Agreement or the Separation Agreement has been terminated;
- DuPont has not received the Tax Opinion from DuPont's counsel, dated as of the closing date of the Merger, on certain aspects of the anticipated non-taxable nature of the Transactions; or
- if certain other customary conditions have not been waived or satisfied.

For a description of the material conditions precedent to the Transactions, see "The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger" and "The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution."

DuPont may waive any of the conditions to the Exchange Offer prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer. N&B has no right to waive any of the conditions to the Exchange Offer. IFF has no right to waive any of the conditions to the Exchange Offer (other than certain conditions relating to the other transactions).

Proration; Tenders for Exchange by Holders of Fewer than 100 Shares of DuPont Common Stock

If, upon the expiration of the Exchange Offer, DuPont stockholders have validly tendered more shares of DuPont common stock than DuPont is able to accept for exchange (taking into account the exchange ratio and the total number of shares of N&B common stock being exchanged by DuPont in the Exchange Offer), DuPont will accept for exchange the shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn by each tendering stockholder on a pro rata basis, based on the proportion that the total number of shares of DuPont common stock to be accepted bears to the total number of shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn (rounded to the nearest whole number of shares of DuPont common stock, and subject to any adjustment necessary to ensure the exchange of all shares of N&B common stock being offered by DuPont in the Exchange Offer), except for tenders of odd-lots, as described below.

DuPont will announce the proration factor for the Exchange Offer at _____ and separately by press release promptly after the expiration date of the Exchange Offer. Upon determining the number of shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered for exchange and not properly withdrawn, DuPont will announce the final results of the Exchange Offer, including the final proration factor for the Exchange Offer.

Beneficial holders (other than participants in the RSP) of less than 100 shares of DuPont common stock who validly tender all of their shares may elect not to be subject to proration by completing the section in the applicable letter of transmittal entitled "Odd-Lot Shares." If your odd-lot shares are held by a broker for your account, you can contact the broker and request this preferential treatment. All of your odd-lot shares will be accepted for exchange without proration if DuPont completes the Exchange Offer.

While proration is possible, DuPont does not expect proration to occur because DuPont currently expects that the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in fewer than all of the shares of N&B common stock being subscribed for, and that shares of N&B common stock will remain to be distributed following the completion of the Exchange Offer.

Fractional Shares

In the Merger, no fractional shares of IFF common stock will be delivered to holders of shares of N&B common stock. Instead, all fractional shares of IFF common stock that a holder of shares of N&B common stock would otherwise be entitled to receive as a result of the Merger will be aggregated by the Exchange Agent. The Exchange Agent will cause the whole shares obtained thereby to be sold on behalf of such holders of shares of N&B common stock that would otherwise be entitled to receive such fractional shares of IFF common stock in the Merger in the open market or otherwise, in each case at then prevailing market prices, and in no case later than five business days after the Merger. The Exchange Agent will make available the net proceeds thereof, after deducting any required withholding taxes and brokerage charges, commissions and conveyance and similar taxes, on a pro rata basis, without interest, as soon as practicable to the holders of N&B common stock that would otherwise be entitled to receive such fractional shares of IFF common stock in the Merger.

Procedures for Tendering

For you to validly tender your shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer, prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer:

- If you hold shares of DuPont common stock through the DRS, you must deliver to the Exchange Offer Agent at an address listed on the letter of transmittal for DuPont common stock you will receive, a

properly completed and duly executed letter of transmittal, along with any required signature guarantees and any other required documents.

- If you hold shares of DuPont common stock through a broker, you should receive instructions from your broker on how to participate in the Exchange Offer. In this situation, do not complete a letter of transmittal to tender your DuPont common stock. Please contact your broker directly if you have not yet received instructions. Some financial institutions may also effect tenders by book-entry transfer through The Depository Trust Company.
- If you participate in the RSP, you will receive instructions from _____ via letter or email informing you how to make an election and the deadline for making an election. In this situation, do not complete a letter of transmittal to tender your shares of DuPont common stock.

Delivery of N&B Common Stock

Upon the consummation of the Exchange Offer, DuPont will deliver to the Exchange Offer Agent, and the Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, a book-entry authorization representing (a) all of the shares of N&B common stock being exchanged in the Exchange Offer, with irrevocable instructions to hold the shares of N&B common stock as agent for the holders of shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn in the Exchange Offer and, (b) the shares of N&B common stock being distributed pro rata to DuPont stockholders whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after the consummation of the Exchange Offer. Prior to the effective time of the Merger, IFF will deposit with the Exchange Agent for the benefit of persons who received shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer evidence in book-entry form representing the shares of IFF common stock issuable in the Merger. Shares of IFF common stock will be delivered immediately following the consummation of the Exchange Offer, the acceptance of DuPont common stock for exchange, and the effectiveness of the Merger, pursuant to the procedures determined by the Exchange Offer Agent and the Exchange Agent. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Exchange of Shares of DuPont Common Stock.”

Withdrawal Rights

Shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn at any time before 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date by following the procedures described herein. If you change your mind again, you may re-tender your DuPont common stock by again following the Exchange Offer procedures prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer.

No Appraisal Rights

No appraisal rights are available to holders of DuPont common stock in connection with the Exchange Offer or any pro rata distribution of shares of N&B common stock.

Distribution of N&B Common Stock Remaining After the Exchange Offer

DuPont currently expects that the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in fewer than all of the shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, and that shares of N&B common stock will remain to be distributed following the completion of the Exchange Offer.

All shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont that are not exchanged in the Exchange Offer will be distributed in a pro rata distribution to holders of DuPont common stock whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after the consummation of the Exchange Offer, referred to throughout this prospectus as the Clean-Up Spin-Off. The record date for the pro rata distribution will be announced by DuPont, but is expected to

be following the time at which any validly tendered shares of DuPont common stock are accepted in the Exchange Offer. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off.

Upon the consummation of the Exchange Offer, DuPont will deliver to the Exchange Offer Agent a book-entry authorization representing all of the shares of N&B common stock being exchanged in the Exchange Offer (as well as all shares of N&B common stock being distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off) for the account of the DuPont stockholders that are entitled thereto, with instructions to hold the shares of N&B common stock for the account of the DuPont stockholders pending the Merger. Shares of IFF common stock will be delivered following the effectiveness of the Merger, pursuant to the procedures determined by the Exchange Offer Agent and Exchange Agent. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Exchange of Shares of DuPont Common Stock.” The Exchange Offer is subject to the conditions to the Exchange Offer as further described in “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer” of this prospectus. In addition to the conditions applicable to the Exchange Offer, the Distribution is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Separation Agreement and the Merger is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement. See “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution.”

Legal Limitations; Certain Matters Relating to Non-U.S. Jurisdictions

This prospectus is not an offer to buy, sell or exchange and it is not a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell any shares of N&B common stock, shares of DuPont common stock or shares of IFF common stock in any jurisdiction in which the offer, sale or exchange is not permitted. After the consummation of the Exchange Offer and prior to the Merger, it will not be possible to trade the N&B common stock. Countries outside the United States generally have their own legal requirements that govern securities offerings made to persons resident in those countries and often impose stringent requirements about the form and content of offers made to the general public. None of DuPont, IFF or N&B has taken any action under non-U.S. regulations to facilitate a public offer to exchange the shares of DuPont common stock, IFF common stock or N&B common stock outside the United States. Accordingly, the ability of any non-U.S. person to tender shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer will depend on whether there is an exemption available under the laws of such person’s home country that would permit the person to participate in the Exchange Offer without the need for DuPont, IFF or N&B to take any action to facilitate a public offering in that country or otherwise. For example, some countries exempt transactions from the rules governing public offerings if they involve persons who meet certain eligibility requirements relating to their status as sophisticated or professional investors.

Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their advisors in considering whether they may participate in the Exchange Offer in accordance with the laws of their home countries and, if they do participate, whether there are any restrictions or limitations on transactions in the shares of DuPont common stock, IFF common stock or N&B common stock that may apply in their home countries. None of DuPont, IFF or N&B can provide any assurance about whether such limitations may exist. See “The Exchange Offer—Certain Matters Relating to Non-U.S. Jurisdictions” for additional information about limitations on the Exchange Offer outside the United States.

Risk Factors

In deciding whether to tender your shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, you should carefully consider the matters described in the section “Risk Factors,” as well as other information included in this prospectus and the other documents to which you have been referred.

Debt Financing

In connection with the Transactions, N&B has engaged in the following financing activities:

- On December 15, 2019, N&B and IFF entered into a commitment letter (as it may be amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the “Commitment Letter”), under which Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., Credit Suisse Loan Funding LLC, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, and certain other financial institutions (collectively, and together with their respective affiliates, the “Commitment Parties”) committed to provide \$7.5 billion in an aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured bridge term loans, the availability of which is subject to reduction upon the consummation of the Permanent Financing (as defined below) pursuant to the terms set forth in the Commitment Letter (the “Bridge Facility”);
- On January 17, 2020, N&B entered into a term loan credit agreement providing for unsecured term loan facilities in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1.25 billion (the “Term Loan Facility”), which reduced the commitments under the Commitment Letter by a corresponding amount to \$6.25 billion. The term loan agreement was amended pursuant to that certain Amendment No. 1 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2020, among N&B, the lenders party thereto and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent; and
- On September 16, 2020, pursuant to the Indenture, N&B issued \$6.25 billion in aggregate principal amount of the Notes, which reduced the remaining commitments under the Commitment Letter in their entirety. The Commitment Letter was also terminated as of such date. The Notes are described further in the section entitled “Debt Financing—N&B Notes.”

Following the consummation of the Transactions, all obligations of N&B with respect to the Term Loan Facility and the Notes will be guaranteed by IFF or at the election of N&B and IFF, IFF may assume these N&B obligations, which assumption is expected to occur after the Second Merger. In addition, following the Merger, by virtue of the fact N&B will be a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, the consolidated indebtedness of IFF and its subsidiaries will include the indebtedness incurred by N&B in the debt financings completed prior to the Distribution (See “Debt Financing”).

Risk Factors

There are a number of risks that you should understand before making an investment decision regarding the Transactions. These risks are discussed more fully in the section entitled “Risk Factors” following this summary. If any of these risks actually occur, IFF’s, the N&B Business’s or the combined company’s business, financial condition or results of operations would likely be materially and adversely affected. These risks include, but are not limited to, the following:

- The calculation of merger consideration will not be adjusted if there is a change in the value of the N&B Business or its assets or the value of IFF before the Transactions are completed.
- The Transactions may not be completed on the terms or timeline currently contemplated, or at all, as IFF and DuPont may be unable to satisfy the conditions or obtain the approvals required to complete the Transactions or such approvals may contain material restrictions or conditions, and failure to complete the Transactions could adversely affect the market price of IFF common stock as well as its business, financial condition and results of operations.
- If completed, the Transactions may not be successful or achieve their anticipated benefits.
- Investors holding shares of IFF common stock immediately prior to the completion of the Transactions will, in the aggregate, have a significantly reduced ownership and voting interest in IFF after the Transactions and will exercise less influence over management.

- The Merger Agreement contains provisions that may discourage other companies from trying to acquire IFF.
- The fairness opinions obtained by the IFF board of directors from Greenhill and Morgan Stanley, respectively, will not reflect changes, circumstances, developments or events that may have occurred or may occur after the date of such opinions
- IFF's estimates and judgments related to the acquisition accounting models used to record the purchase price allocation may be inaccurate.
- IFF may be required to recognize impairment charges for goodwill and other intangible assets.
- IFF is required to abide by potentially significant restrictions which could limit IFF's ability to undertake certain corporate actions (such as the issuance of IFF common stock or the undertaking of a merger or consolidation) that otherwise could be advantageous.
- The Distribution could result in significant tax liability, and IFF may be obligated to indemnify DuPont for any such tax liability imposed on DuPont.
- If the Mergers do not qualify as a tax-free reorganization under Section 368 of the Code, the stockholders of DuPont may have significant tax liability.
- IFF and the N&B Business may have difficulty attracting, motivating and retaining executives and other employees in light of the Transactions, and significant shortfalls in recruitment or retention could adversely affect the combined company's ability to compete and achieve its strategic goals.
- IFF may waive one or more of the conditions to the consummation of the Transactions without re-soliciting shareholder approval.
- IFF, by acquiring N&B in the Merger, will, on a consolidated basis, assume and be responsible for all N&B Liabilities following the closing of the Transactions, and is acquiring the N&B Assets on an as is, where is basis and with all faults, in each case, notwithstanding any breach of any representation or warranty of the Merger Agreement.
- Tendering DuPont stockholders may receive a reduced premium or may not receive any premium in the Exchange Offer.
- The trading prices of IFF common stock may not be an appropriate proxy for the prices of N&B common stock.
- DuPont stockholders' investment will be subject to different risks after the Exchange Offer regardless of whether they elect to participate in the Exchange Offer.
- Sales of IFF common stock after the Transactions may negatively affect the market price of IFF common stock.
- The historical financial information of the N&B Business may not be representative of its results or financial condition if it had been operated independently of DuPont and, as a result, may not be a reliable indicator of its future results.
- The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information of IFF and the N&B Business is not intended to reflect what actual results of operations and financial condition would have been had IFF and the N&B Business been a combined company for the periods presented, and therefore these results may not be indicative of the combined company's future operating performance.
- IFF may be unable to provide (or obtain from third-parties) the same types and level of services to the N&B Business that historically have been provided by DuPont, or may be unable to provide (or obtain) them at the same cost, and the combined company's business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected following the Transactions if IFF cannot negotiate terms that are as favorable as those

DuPont has received when IFF replaces contracts after the closing of the Transactions, or if there are adverse changes in relationships with third parties and pre-existing customers of IFF and the N&B Business.

- The integration of the N&B Business with IFF may present significant challenges, and the combined company may not realize anticipated synergies and other benefits of the Transaction.
- The combined company will have a substantial amount of indebtedness following the Transactions, which could materially adversely affect its financial condition.
- IFF may not realize all the benefits anticipated from the Frutarom acquisition, including expected cost savings and increased efficiencies, which could adversely affect the combined company's business.
- A significant portion of the combined company's sales are expected to be generated from a limited number of large multi-national customers, which are currently under competitive pressures that may affect the demand for the combined company's products and profitability.
- Natural disasters, public health crises (such as COVID-19), international conflicts, terrorist acts, labor strikes, political crisis, accidents and other events could adversely affect the combined company's business and financial results by disrupting development, manufacturing, distribution or sale of the combined company's products.
- The novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, and measures taken in response to it, may adversely impact the operations, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the N&B Business, IFF and/or the combined company. The extent of such impact, which may be material, depends on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.
- Volatility and increases in the price of raw materials, energy and transportation, including due to climate change, could harm the combined company's profits, and a disruption in the combined company's supply chain, including the inability to obtain ingredients and raw materials from third parties, could adversely affect the combined company's business and financial results.
- If the combined company is unable to comply with regulatory requirements and industry standards, including those regarding product safety, quality, efficacy, sustainability and environmental protection, the combined company could incur significant costs and suffer reputational harm which could adversely affect results of operations.
- IFF and the N&B Business have investments in and continue to expand their business into emerging markets, which exposes the combined company to certain risks.
- The combined company could be adversely affected by violations of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act or similar U.S. or foreign anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws and regulations in the jurisdictions in which it operates.
- The combined company's results of operations may be negatively impacted by the outcome of uncertainties related to litigation.

Opinions of IFF's Financial Advisors

Opinion of Greenhill & Co., LLC

IFF engaged Greenhill to provide certain financial advisory services to the IFF board of directors in connection with the Transactions. At the December 15, 2019 meeting of the IFF board of directors held to evaluate the Transactions, Greenhill rendered an oral opinion, confirmed by delivery of a written opinion dated as of December 15, 2019, to the effect that, as of such date and subject to and based on the various assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and qualifications and limitations of the review set forth therein, the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to holders of IFF common stock.

The full text of the written opinion of Greenhill, dated December 15, 2019, which sets forth the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and qualifications and limitations of the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached as Annex A and is incorporated herein by reference. The summary of the Greenhill opinion provided in this prospectus is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the opinion. Shareholders of IFF are encouraged to read Greenhill's opinion and this section carefully and in their entirety. Greenhill provided advisory services and its opinion for the information and assistance of the IFF board of directors in connection with its consideration of the Transactions. Greenhill's opinion is not a recommendation as to how any holder of shares of IFF common stock should vote with respect to matters related to the Transactions, or any other matter.

Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Morgan Stanley was retained by the IFF board of directors to act as its financial advisor and to provide a fairness opinion in connection with the Transactions, including the Merger. At the meeting of IFF's board of directors on December 15, 2019, Morgan Stanley rendered its oral opinion, which was subsequently confirmed in writing on December 15, 2019, to the effect that, as of such date, and based upon and subject to the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations on the scope of review undertaken by Morgan Stanley as set forth in Morgan Stanley's written opinion, the exchange ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement was fair from a financial point of view to IFF.

The full text of the written opinion of Morgan Stanley, dated December 15, 2019, is attached as Annex B and incorporated by reference into this prospectus in its entirety. The opinion sets forth, among other things, the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and qualifications and limitations on the scope of the review undertaken by Morgan Stanley in rendering its opinion. Shareholders of IFF are urged to, and should, read the opinion carefully and in its entirety. Morgan Stanley's opinion is directed to the IFF board of directors and addresses only the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement to IFF. Morgan Stanley's opinion did not address any other aspect of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement or the Separation Agreement and did not address any other aspects or implications of the Transactions, including the price at which IFF common stock will trade following the consummation of the Transactions or at any time, or the fairness of the amount or nature of the compensation to any of the N&B Business' or IFF's officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons, whether relative to the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement or otherwise.

Board of Directors and Management of IFF Following the Transactions

As of the effective time of the Merger, IFF's board of directors will consist of 13 directors, including seven directors from IFF and six individuals selected by the DuPont board of directors until IFF's Annual Meeting in 2022, when the size of the board will be reduced to 12 directors and the nominees to be voted on shall be DuPont's six designated directors (or any replacement thereof) and six of IFF's current directors (or any replacements thereof). Current DuPont Executive Chairman and CEO Ed Breen will join the board of IFF at the effective time of the Merger as a DuPont appointee and will serve as Lead Independent Director upon the later of June 1, 2021 and the closing date of the Merger. On May 11, 2020, IFF and DuPont announced two additional DuPont director designees for the combined company. Matthias Heinzl, N&B President, and Carol A. (John) Davidson, a CPA with more than 30 years of leadership experience across multiple industries, will be appointed to join the board of the combined company at the effective time of the Merger.

Andreas Fibig will continue to serve as Chairman and CEO of IFF. The Executive Committee of the combined company will also include: Rustom Jilla, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer; Kathy Fortmann, President, Taste, Food & Beverage; Nicolas Mirzayantz, President, Scent; Simon Herriott, President, Health & Biosciences; Angela Strzelecki, President, Pharma Solutions; Greg Yep, Executive Vice President, Chief

Research & Development and Global Integrated Solutions Officer; Greg Soutendijk, Senior Vice President, Commercial Excellence; Susana Suarez Gonzalez, Executive Vice President, Chief Human Resources and Diversity & Inclusion Officer; Francisco Fortanet, Executive Vice President, Global Operations Officer; Vic Verma, Executive Vice President, Chief Information Officer; Michael DeVeau, Senior Vice President, Chief Investor Relations & Communications Officer; Etienne Laurent, Senior Vice President, Finance & Corporate Strategy; Jennifer Johnson, Executive Vice President, General Counsel; and Anne Chwat, IFF's current Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, who has agreed to remain with IFF for a period following the consummation of the Transactions to work with Ms. Johnson to ensure a smooth integration and transition. IFF and N&B have formed an Integration Office, comprised of leaders from both companies, to manage the integration of the companies.

Interests of Certain Persons in the Transactions

As more fully described in "The Transactions—Interests of DuPont's and N&B's Directors and Executive Officers in the Transactions" beginning on page 254 certain existing DuPont directors and executive officers will or may serve as directors of IFF upon consummation of the Transactions, and one existing DuPont executive officer is party to certain retention and severance arrangements that provide him with financial interests in the Transactions that may be different from, or in addition to, the interests of DuPont's stockholders generally. The members of the DuPont board of directors were aware of and considered these interests, among other matters, in reaching the determination to approve the terms of the Transactions.

Although the closing date of the Merger will result in a change in control of IFF for purposes of certain compensation and benefits plans, with the exception of an automatic acceleration of the aggregate vested balance held in the Deferred Compensation Plan (defined below) for Marcello Bottoli and Michael Ducker, directors who participate in that plan and had not elected to defer accelerated payment upon a change in control, no payments or benefits become due to directors or executive officers upon the closing date of the Merger. Instead, upon a qualifying termination of employment within 24 months following the closing date of the Merger, IFF's executive officers will have the right to receive potential enhanced severance payments and potential accelerated vesting of certain outstanding LTIP and equity awards, and IFF's non-employee directors will have the right to receive potential accelerated vesting of certain IFF RSUs. The directors and executive officers of IFF otherwise will receive no extra or special benefit that is not shared on a pro rata basis by all other IFF shareholders in connection with the Transactions. As with all holders of shares of DuPont common stock, if a director or officer of IFF owns shares of DuPont common stock, directly or indirectly, such person may participate in the Exchange Offer on the same terms as other holders of shares of DuPont common stock. See "The Transactions—Interests of IFF's Directors and Executive Officers in the Transactions."

Treatment of DuPont Equity Awards

As more fully described in "The Transactions—Effects of the Distribution and the Merger on DuPont Equity Awards," certain employees of the N&B Business hold DuPont Equity Awards. Upon consummation of the Merger, each DuPont Equity Award then held by an N&B Employee will be converted into an IFF Equity Award in a manner intended to preserve its intrinsic value with terms and conditions otherwise generally the same as those to which the underlying DuPont Equity Award was subject immediately before the Merger, provided that DuPont PSU Awards will be converted into IFF RSUs with the performance criteria under the DuPont PSU Award deemed satisfied at the actual level of performance immediately prior to the closing date of the Merger. Certain current and former employees of DuPont who will not become N&B Employees also hold DuPont Equity Awards. Such awards may be adjusted by reason of the proposed Transactions if determined by the DuPont board of directors to be necessary to preserve the intrinsic value of the awards.

IFF's Shareholders Meeting

Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, IFF agreed to take all lawful action to call a meeting of its shareholders for the purpose of voting upon the issuance of shares of IFF's common stock in the Merger and related matters as promptly as practicable following the date on which the SEC has cleared IFF's proxy statement. IFF asked its shareholders to vote on the Share Issuance at the special meeting of IFF shareholders by delivering IFF's proxy statement to its shareholders in accordance with applicable law and its organizational documents. On August 27, 2020, IFF shareholders approved the Share Issuance.

No vote of DuPont stockholders is required or being sought in connection with the Transactions.

Accounting Treatment and Considerations

Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 805, *Business Combinations*, requires the use of the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. In applying the acquisition method, it is necessary to identify the accounting acquirer. In a business combination effected primarily through an exchange of equity interests, such as the Merger, the entity that issues its equity interests (IFF in this case) is usually the acquiring entity. However, in identifying the acquiring entity in a combination effected through an exchange of equity interests, all pertinent facts and circumstances must be considered, including, but not limited to, the following:

- *The relative voting interests of significant stockholders and the ability of any of those stockholders to exercise control over the consolidated entity after the Transactions.* It was determined that upon the combination pre-Merger holders of shares of N&B common stock will own 55.4 percent of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock, on a fully diluted basis. In this case, it was also determined that the stockholder bases of both entities are dispersed such that no single stockholder or group of related stockholders would control the entity after the Transactions.
- *The composition of the governing body of IFF after the Transactions.* The board of directors of the combined company immediately following the Merger is expected to consist of seven members from the board of directors of IFF immediately prior to the consummation of the Merger and six DuPont director appointees. At the 2022 IFF annual meeting, the composition of the board will revert to six IFF and six DuPont designated directors, and thereafter, directors will be elected annually according to a typical nomination and election process. However, given IFF has majority in the governing body until the 2022 IFF annual meeting, IFF has influence over the governing body for at least a period of time.
- *The composition of the senior management of IFF after the Transactions.* Effective as of the closing of the Merger, Andreas Fibig shall continue as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the combined company and Rustom Jilla shall continue as the Chief Financial Officer of the combined company. The Executive Committee of the combined company is expected to also include the individuals listed in the section entitled "Information on IFF—Directors and Officers of IFF Before and After the Transactions." IFF and N&B have formed an Integration Office, comprised of leaders from both companies, to manage the integration of the companies.

After considering all pertinent facts, reviewing the criteria outlined in ASC 805 and conducting the relevant analysis, IFF has concluded that it is the accounting acquirer in the Merger. IFF's conclusion is based primarily upon the following facts: (1) seven of thirteen members of the board of directors positions in the combined entity will be determined by IFF, (2) the current Chief Executive Officer and the current Chief Financial Officer of IFF as noted above will continue as Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the combined company after the Merger and (3) IFF is issuing its equity interests as consideration for the Merger. The above facts are deemed to outweigh the fact that the pre-Merger holders of shares of N&B common stock that receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger will in the aggregate own a majority of IFF common stock on a fully diluted bases and associated voting rights after the Merger. As a result of the identification of IFF as the acquirer, IFF

will apply the acquisition method of accounting to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed of the N&B Business upon consummation of the Merger. Upon consummation of the Merger, the historical pre-acquisition financial statements will reflect only the operations and financial condition of IFF.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Transactions

The completion of the Internal Reorganization, Distribution, and Merger is conditioned upon the receipt by DuPont of the Tax Opinion to the effect that, among other things, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, (a) the Parent Contribution, Special Cash Payment and Distribution, taken together, will qualify as a reorganization under Sections 355(a), 361 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code and (b) the Merger and the Second Merger will be treated as an integrated plan described in Rev. Rul. 2001-46, 2001-2 C.B. 321 and qualify as a tax-free reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. Provided that the Parent Contribution, the Special Cash Payment and the Distribution so qualify, DuPont's stockholders will not recognize any taxable income, gain or loss as a result of the receipt of N&B shares in the Distribution for U.S. federal income tax purposes and DuPont will not recognize any taxable income gain or loss as a result of the Parent Contribution, receipt of the Special Cash Payment, or the Distribution, provided DuPont uses the proceeds of the Special Cash Payment for certain permitted purposes, including repayment of certain debt, distributions to stockholders, and repurchases of DuPont shares. Provided that the Mergers so qualify, DuPont and its stockholders will not recognize any taxable income, gain or loss as a result of the Mergers for U.S. federal income tax purposes (except for any gain or loss attributable to the receipt of cash in lieu of fractional shares of IFF common stock).

Please see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to the Transactions—The Distribution could result in significant tax liability, and IFF may be obligated to indemnify DuPont for any such tax liability imposed on DuPont," "Risk Factors—Risks Related to the Transactions—If the Mergers do not qualify as a tax-free reorganization under Section 368 of the Code, the stockholders of DuPont may have significant tax liability," and "U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Transactions" for more information regarding the Tax Opinion and the potential tax consequences of the Transactions. Holders of DuPont common stock should consult their tax advisor as to the particular tax consequences of the Transactions.

Regulatory Approvals

Under the HSR Act, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder by the U.S. Federal Trade Commission (the "FTC"), the Merger cannot be consummated unless certain information has been furnished to the FTC and the Antitrust Division of the U.S. Department of Justice (the "DOJ"), and specified waiting period requirements have been satisfied. Each of IFF and N&B filed a Pre-Merger Notification and Report Form pursuant to the HSR Act with the DOJ and the FTC on February 3, 2020. The waiting period under the HSR Act expired at 11:59 p.m. (Eastern Time in the United States) on March 4, 2020.

There can be no assurance that a challenge to the Merger on antitrust or other grounds will not be made or, if such a challenge is made, that it would not be successful. DuPont and IFF have agreed to use their respective reasonable best efforts to obtain clearances and/or approvals.

Under the Merger Agreement, the Merger is conditioned upon (i) obtaining any applicable consents, authorizations, orders, or approvals required under the competition or antitrust laws of Brazil, China, the European Union, Mexico, Russia, South Africa, Turkey, Ukraine and Serbia; and (ii) the absence of any law or binding governmental order or taking of any other action prohibiting, enjoining, restraining or otherwise making illegal the Separation, the Distribution or the Merger by a court of competent jurisdiction or other governmental authority in Brazil, China, the European Union, Mexico, Russia, South Africa, Turkey, Ukraine and Serbia (DuPont and IFF shall also consider the inclusion of any additional jurisdictions in good faith).

IFF and the N&B Business derive revenues in various non-U.S. jurisdictions where consents, authorizations, orders, or approvals under the applicable competition, antitrust or similar laws may be required or advisable. In addition to those countries described above where obtaining any applicable consents, authorizations, orders, or approvals is required as a condition to the consummation of the Merger, the parties are seeking or have sought clearance from the Competition Commission of India, the Korea Fair Trade Commission and the Superintendence of Industry and Commerce in Colombia.

The parties previously filed the required notification forms with and have received clearance with respect to the Merger from each of the Superintendence of Industry and Commerce in Colombia, the Commission for the Protection of Competition in Serbia, the Administrative Council for Economic Defense in Brazil, the Anti-Monopoly Committee of Ukraine, the Competition Commission of India, the Korea Fair Trade Commission, the Federal Antimonopoly Service of Russia, the Turkish Competition Board, the Competition Commission of South Africa and the Chinese State Administration for Market Regulation. With respect to the European Union, the parties are currently engaged in pre-notification proceedings with the European Commission and have submitted a draft notification to the European Commission. The parties are also engaged in finalizing their responses to certain requests for information received from the European Commission. With respect to Mexico, the parties previously filed the required notification forms and are engaged in finalizing their responses to certain requests for information. While the parties believe that all regulatory clearances will ultimately be obtained, they cannot be certain when or if such clearances will be obtained, or if the clearances will contain terms, conditions or restrictions that will be detrimental to or adversely affect, IFF, the N&B Business or their respective subsidiaries after the completion of the Transactions.

The Merger Agreement provides that each party to the Merger Agreement will use its reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, and to do, or cause to be done, and to assist and cooperate with the other parties in doing, all things necessary, proper or advisable to obtain all actions or nonactions, waivers, consents and approvals from governmental authorities (including any required action or non-action under antitrust and competition laws) that may be or become necessary to consummate the Merger prior to the effective time of the Merger. These obligations are described in further detail in the section entitled “The Merger Agreement—Regulatory Matters” on page 276.

SUMMARY HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA

The following summary historical combined financial data of the N&B Business and summary historical consolidated financial data of DuPont and IFF are being provided to help you in your analysis of the financial aspects of the Transactions. You should read this information in conjunction with the financial information included elsewhere and incorporated by reference into this document. See “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference,” “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the N&B Business,” “Information on the N&B Business,” “Information on DuPont,” “Information on IFF,” and “Selected Financial Statement Data.”

Summary Historical Combined Financial Data of the N&B Business

The following data of N&B as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, and for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, have been derived from the audited combined financial statements of N&B included elsewhere in this document. The following selected historical combined condensed financial statement data as of June 30, 2020, and for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 have been derived from the interim unaudited combined condensed financial statements of N&B included elsewhere in this document. The data below as of December 31, 2017 has been derived from the unaudited combined balance sheet of N&B not included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. This information is only a summary and should be read in conjunction with “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the N&B Business” and the combined financial statements of N&B and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this document.

	Successor					Predecessor
	<i>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020</i>	<i>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
<i>(In millions)</i>						
Statement of Operations¹						
Net sales	\$ 3,090	\$ 3,093	\$ 6,076	\$ 6,216	\$ 1,885	\$ 2,810
Net (loss) income	\$ (284)	\$ (566)	\$ (471)	\$ 394	\$ 197	\$ 285
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 5
Net (loss) income attributable to N&B	\$ (284)	\$ (566)	\$ (472)	\$ 393	\$ 196	\$ 280
Period-end Financial Position						
Total assets	\$ 20,853		\$ 21,539	\$ 22,612	\$ 23,360	

- The periods presented during the year ended December 31, 2017 reflect results related to Historical EID (as defined below under “Information on DuPont”) businesses for the entire year and includes the results of the Historical Dow (as defined below under “Information on DuPont”) businesses for the period beginning on and after September 1, 2017, and the H&N Business (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the N&B Business”) for the period beginning on and after November 1, 2017.

Summary Historical Consolidated Financial Data of DuPont

The following summary historical consolidated financial data of DuPont for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 and as of such dates, have been derived from DuPont's historical audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017. The selected historical consolidated condensed financial data for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and as of June 30, 2020, as set forth below, have been derived from the interim unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements of DuPont incorporated by reference into this prospectus. This information is only a summary and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of DuPont and the notes thereto and the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section contained in DuPont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference."

Selected Financial Data	As of and for the Six Months Ended (Unaudited)		As of and for the Year Ended		
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	2019	2018	2017
In millions except as noted					
Summary of Operations¹					
Net sales	\$10,049	\$10,882	\$21,512	\$ 22,594	\$ 11,672
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax ²	\$ (3,081)	\$ (1,177)	\$ (614)	\$ 405	\$ 233
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ —	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,214	\$ 3,595	\$ 1,058
Net (loss) income available for DuPont common stockholders	\$ (3,094)	\$ (50)	\$ 498	\$ 3,845	\$ 1,159
(Loss) earnings per common share – basic:					
Continuing operations ²	\$ (4.20)	\$ (1.59)	\$ (0.86)	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.39
Discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ 1.52	\$ 1.53	\$ 4.54	\$ 1.79
Net (loss) income ³	\$ (4.20)	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.67	\$ 4.99	\$ 2.18
(Loss) earnings per common share – assuming dilution:					
Continuing operations ²	\$ (4.20)	\$ (1.59)	\$ (0.86)	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.38
Discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ 1.52	\$ 1.53	\$ 4.51	\$ 1.77
Net (loss) income ³	\$ (4.20)	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.67	\$ 4.96	\$ 2.15
Cash dividends declared per share of common stock	\$ 0.90	\$ 1.86	\$ 2.16	\$ 4.56	\$ 5.28
Period-end Financial Position					
Total assets ⁴	\$66,753		\$69,396	\$187,855	\$191,907
Long-term debt ⁵	\$15,608		\$13,617	\$ 12,624	\$ 18

1. The year ended December 31, 2017 reflects results related to Historical Dow businesses for the entire year and includes the results of the Historical EID businesses for the period beginning on and after September 1, 2017, segregated accordingly between continuing and discontinued operations.
2. See Notes 4, 6, 8 and 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements within the DuPont Annual Report on Form 10-K for information on items materially impacting the results for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, including the effects of the goodwill impairments; gains on divestitures; integration and separation costs; charges related to restructuring programs; and the effects of the U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, enacted on December 22, 2017 (the "TCJA").
3. Earnings per share amounts are computed independently for income from continuing operations, income from discontinued operations and net income attributable to common stockholders. As a result, the per share amounts from continuing operations and discontinued operations may not equal the total per share amounts for net income attributable to common shareholders.

4. Total assets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 reflect the combination of Historical Dow and Historical EID. Total assets as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 reflect assets of DuPont subsequent to the Dow Distribution (as defined below under “Information on DuPont”) and Corteva Distribution.
5. Long-term debt is revised on a continuing operations basis.

Summary Historical Consolidated Financial Data of IFF

The following summary historical consolidated financial data of IFF for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 and as of such dates, have been derived from IFF’s historical audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017. The following summary historical consolidated financial data of IFF for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and as of June 30, 2020 have been derived from the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of IFF incorporated by reference into this prospectus. This information is only a summary and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of IFF and the notes thereto and the “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” section contained in IFF’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which are incorporated by reference into this document. See “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference.”

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE AND PERCENTAGE AMOUNTS)	As of and for Six Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,		
	2020	2019	2019(a)	2018(b)	2017(d)
Consolidated Statement of Income Data					
Net sales	\$ 2,546,090	\$ 2,588,970	\$ 5,140,084	\$ 3,977,539	\$ 3,398,719
Cost of goods sold(c)	1,498,381	1,511,472	3,027,336	2,294,832	1,926,256
Gross profit	1,047,709	1,077,498	2,112,748	1,682,707	1,472,463
Operating profit	315,592	363,807	665,270	583,882	552,630
Net income	214,577	250,083	460,268	339,781	295,665
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	3,766	4,877	4,395	2,479	—
Net income attributable to IFF stockholders	\$ 210,811	\$ 245,206	\$ 455,873	\$ 337,302	\$ 295,665
Net income per share — basic	\$ 1.91	\$ 2.19	\$ 4.05	\$ 3.81	\$ 3.73
Net income per share — diluted	\$ 1.89	\$ 2.16	\$ 4.00	\$ 3.79	\$ 3.72
Average number of diluted shares (thousands)	113,635	113,131	113,307	88,121	79,370
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data					
Total assets	\$ 12,989,130		\$ 13,287,411	\$ 12,889,395	\$ 4,598,926
Bank borrowings, overdrafts and current portion of long-term debt	185,200		384,958	48,642	6,966
Long-term debt	4,181,701		3,997,438	4,504,417	1,632,186
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	98,534		99,043	81,806	—
Total Shareholders’ equity	6,000,916		6,229,548	6,043,374	1,689,294
Other Data					
Cash dividends declared per share	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.46	\$ 2.96	\$ 2.84	\$ 2.66

- (a) Results for the year ended 2019 include a full year of Frutarom Industries Ltd.’s (“Frutarom”) business operations.
- (b) Results for the year ended 2018 include Frutarom’s business operations since the acquisition date of October 4, 2018.

- (c) The 2018 amount includes \$23.6 million related to amortization for inventory “step-up” costs for the Frutarom acquisition and \$7.1 million of net reimbursements from suppliers related to the previously disclosed FDA mandated recall. The 2017 amount includes \$15.9 million of costs related to the amortization for inventory “step-up” for the Fragrance Resources and PowderPure acquisitions and FDA mandated product recall costs of \$11.0 million.
- (d) The amounts have been adjusted to reflect the adoption of ASU 2017-07, which required that employers who present a measure of operating income in their statement of income include only the service cost component of net periodic pension cost and postretirement costs in operating expenses. The impact of the adoption of this standard was a decrease in operating profit by approximately \$28.8 million for the fiscal year 2017 and corresponding increases in Other (income) expense, net.

Summary Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Data of DuPont

The following summary unaudited pro forma consolidated financial data of DuPont was derived from its historical consolidated financial statements and is being presented to give effect to the proposed separation and distribution of the N&B Business to be effectuated through the following transactions: (i) the transfer of the N&B Business to N&B (generally referred to herein as the “Separation”), (ii) the cash distribution to DuPont of \$7,306 million, subject to and as adjusted for financing costs incurred or paid by DuPont prior to the Distribution and other adjustments, which could be downward, described in the Separation Agreement (generally referred to herein as the “Special Cash Payment”), (iii) the distribution to its stockholders of all of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock through an exchange offer with any remaining shares distributed on a pro rata basis as a clean-up spin-off (generally referred to herein as the “Distribution”) and (iv) following the Distribution, a merger of N&B with Neptune Merger Sub I Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF), with N&B as the surviving corporation (generally referred to herein as the “Merger”).

For purposes of this pro forma presentation, it is assumed that the Distribution will be conducted by way of (i) an exchange offer in which DuPont will offer its stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock (generally referred to herein as the “Exchange Offer”); and (ii) following the consummation of the Exchange Offer, that the remaining shares, if any, of N&B common stock will be distributed in a clean-up spin-off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the applicable record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer (generally referred to herein as the “Clean-Up Spin-Off”). The Separation, the Special Cash Payment, the Exchange Offer, the Clean-Up Spin-Off, and the Merger are collectively referred to as the “Transactions.”

Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont’s stockholders in a spin-off or exchange offer and once a final decision is made, this disclosure may be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary.

The unaudited pro forma summary financial data for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019 reflect DuPont’s results as if the Transactions had occurred on January 1, 2019. The unaudited pro forma summary financial data as of June 30, 2020 gives effect to the Transactions as if they had occurred on that date. The summary unaudited pro forma consolidated financial data is derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, the information provided in “DuPont’s Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Statements” and the notes thereto. The results of DuPont’s operations may have varied from that presented herein had the Transactions occurred prior to the period or at the date presented.

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The summary unaudited pro forma consolidated financial data is presented for illustrative purposes only and does not necessarily reflect the operating results or financial position that would have occurred if the Transactions had been consummated on the dates indicated, nor is it necessarily indicative of the results of operations or financial condition that may be expected for any future period or date. Accordingly, such information should not be relied upon as an indicator of future performance, financial condition or liquidity.

Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data <i>(in millions, except per share amounts)</i>	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020	As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019
Net sales	\$ 10,049	\$ 21,512
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax	(3,081)	(614)
Net loss from continuing operations attributable to DuPont common stockholders	(3,094)	(644)
Earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations:		
Basic	(4.20)	(0.86)
Diluted	(4.20)	(0.86)
Cash dividends declared per share of common stock	0.90	2.16
Period-end Financial Position		
Total assets	66,753	
Long-term debt	15,608	

Other Historical Financial Data:	As of June 30, 2020
Book value per common share	\$ 51.02

Selected Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Data <i>(in millions, except per share amounts)</i>	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020	As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019
Net sales	\$ 6,959	\$ 15,436
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax	(2,937)	(124)
Net loss from continuing operations attributable to DuPont common stockholders	(2,950)	(153)
Earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations:		
Basic ¹	(4.01)	(0.21)
Diluted ¹	(4.01)	(0.21)
Cash dividends declared per share of common stock ¹	0.90	2.16
Period-end Financial Position		
Total assets	51,485	
Long-term debt	13,604	

Other Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Data:	As of June 30, 2020
Book value per common share ¹	\$ 36.08

1. Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont's stockholders in a spin-off or exchange offer. The pro forma per share information provided above has been calculated using the historical shares outstanding.

Summary Unaudited Combined Pro Forma Financial Data of IFF and the N&B Business

The following summary unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information of IFF and the N&B Business is being presented for illustrative purposes only, and this information should not be relied upon for purposes of making any investment or other decisions. The following summary unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial data assume that the N&B Business had been owned by IFF for the period, and at the date presented. IFF and the N&B Business may have performed differently had they actually been combined for all periods or on the date presented. You should also not rely on the following summary unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial data as being indicative of the results or financial condition that would have been achieved had IFF and the N&B Business been combined during the periods or on the date presented or of the actual future results or financial condition of IFF to be achieved following the Transactions. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to the Combined Company’s Business—The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information of IFF and the N&B Business is not intended to reflect what actual results of operations and financial condition would have been had IFF and the N&B Business been a combined company for the periods presented, and therefore these results may not be indicative of the combined company’s future operating performance.”

This information is only a summary and has been derived from and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of IFF and the notes thereto contained in IFF’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and IFF’s unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in IFF’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which are incorporated by reference in this document, the financial statements of the N&B Business and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this document and the more detailed unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements of IFF and the N&B Business and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this document.

See “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference,” “Unaudited Condensed Combined Pro Forma Information of IFF and the N&B Business” and the audited financial statements of the N&B Business included elsewhere in this document.

(In thousands, except per-share data)	As at and for the Six months ended June 30, 2020	For the year ended December 31, 2019
Statement of Income Data:		
Net sales	\$ 5,635,896	\$ 11,216,240
Net income (loss)	343,974	(294,107)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	3,605	4,947
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 340,369	\$ (299,054)
Net income (loss) per share — basic	\$ 1.34	\$ (1.18)
Net income (loss) per share — diluted	\$ 1.33	\$ (1.18)
Average number of shares outstanding—basic	254,248	254,084
Average number of shares outstanding—diluted	255,753	254,084
Balance Sheet Data:		
Total assets	\$ 41,736,380	
Long-term debt	\$ 11,621,697	
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 23,195,745	

Summary Comparative Historical and Pro Forma Per Share Data

The following table sets forth certain historical and pro forma per share data for IFF. The IFF historical data have been derived from and should be read together with IFF's audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in IFF's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 and IFF's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in IFF's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. IFF's pro forma data have been derived from the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements of IFF and the N&B Business included elsewhere in this prospectus. See “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference.”

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This summary comparative historical and pro forma per share data are being presented for illustrative purposes only. IFF and the N&B Business may have performed differently had the Transactions occurred prior to the period or at the date presented. You should not rely on the pro forma per share data presented as being indicative of the results that would have been achieved had the N&B Business been separated from DuPont and combined with IFF during the period or at the date presented or of the actual future results or financial condition of IFF or the N&B Business to be achieved following the Transactions.

IFF <i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i>	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019	
	Historical	Pro Forma	Historical	Pro Forma
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ 1.91	\$ 1.34	\$ 4.05	\$ (1.18)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ 1.89	\$ 1.33	\$ 4.00	\$ (1.18)
Weighted average common shares outstanding				
—Basic	112,130	254,248	111,966	254,084
Weighted average common shares outstanding				
—Diluted	113,635	255,753	113,307	254,084
Book value per share of common stock	53.52	91.23	\$ 55.64	\$ 97.22
Dividends declared per share of common stock	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.50	\$ 2.96	\$ 2.96

The following table sets forth certain historical and pro forma per share data for DuPont. The DuPont historical data has been derived from and should be read together with DuPont’s unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in DuPont’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020 and Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. DuPont’s pro forma data has been derived from the unaudited pro forma combined financial statements of DuPont included elsewhere in this prospectus. See “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference.”

This summary comparative historical and pro forma per share data is being presented for illustrative purposes only. DuPont may have performed differently had the Transactions occurred prior to the period or as of the date presented. The pro forma per share information does not purport to represent what the actual results of operations or the financial position that would have been achieved had the N&B Business been separated from DuPont and combined with IFF during the period or at the date presented, nor is it indicative of the future results of operations or financial position of DuPont to be achieved following the Transactions.

DuPont <i>(in millions, except per share amounts)</i>	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019	
	Historical	Pro Forma ¹	Historical	Pro Forma ¹
Basic earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$ (4.20)	\$ (4.01)	\$ (0.86)	\$ (0.21)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	(4.20)	(4.01)	(0.86)	(0.21)
Weighted average common shares outstanding—basic	736.5	736.5	746.3	746.3
Weighted average common shares outstanding—diluted	736.5	736.5	746.3	746.3
Book value per share of common stock	51.02	36.08		
Cash dividends declared per share of common stock	0.90	0.90	2.16	2.16

- Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont’s stockholders in a spin-off or exchange offer. The pro forma per share information provided above has been calculated using the historical shares outstanding.

Comparison of Market Prices

The following table sets forth the closing sale price per share of IFF common stock and DuPont common stock as reported on the NYSE as of December 13, 2019, the last trading day prior to the public announcement of the Transactions.

	Closing Sale Price Per Share of IFF Common Stock	Closing Sale Price Per Share of DuPont Common Stock
December 13, 2019	\$ 133.98	\$ 64.80

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the following risks, together with the other information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus and the exhibits hereto. Some of the risks described below relate principally to the business and the industry in which IFF, including the N&B Business, will operate after the Transactions, while others relate principally to the Transactions and participation in the Exchange Offer. The remaining risks relate principally to the securities markets generally and ownership of shares of IFF common stock. For a discussion of additional uncertainties associated with forward-looking statements in this prospectus, please see the section entitled “Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements.” In addition, you should consider the risks associated with IFF’s business that appear in IFF’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. For a description of the material risks relating to DuPont, please read “Risk Factors” in DuPont’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, and which are incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

Any of the following risks could materially and adversely affect the business, financial condition and results of operations of IFF, the N&B Business or the combined company and the actual outcome of matters as to which forward-looking statements are made in this prospectus. In such case, the trading price for IFF common stock could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment. The risks described below are not the only risks that IFF and the N&B Business currently face or that the combined company will face after the consummation of the Transactions. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known or that are currently expected to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect the combined company’s business, financial condition and results of operations or the price of combined company’s common stock in the future. Past financial performance may not be a reliable indicator of future performance, and historical trends should not be used to anticipate results or trends in future periods.

Risks Related to the Transactions

The calculation of merger consideration will not be adjusted if there is a change in the value of the N&B Business or its assets or the value of IFF before the Transactions are completed.

The calculation of the number of shares of IFF common stock to be issued to DuPont stockholders in the Merger is based on fixed percentages and will not be adjusted (i) if the value of the business or assets of the N&B Business increases prior to the consummation of the Merger or the value of IFF decreases prior to the Merger, or (ii) if the value of the business or assets of the N&B Business declines prior to the consummation of the Merger or the value of IFF increases prior to the Merger. IFF may not be permitted to terminate the Merger Agreement because of changes in the value of the N&B Business or its assets. IFF will not be permitted to terminate the Merger Agreement solely because of changes in the market price of IFF common stock.

The Transactions may not be completed on the terms or timeline currently contemplated, or at all, as IFF and DuPont may be unable to satisfy the conditions or obtain the approvals required to complete the Transactions or such approvals may contain material restrictions or conditions.

The consummation of the Transactions is subject to numerous conditions, as described in this prospectus, including the occurrence of certain events contemplated by the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement (such as the Separation, approvals from governmental agencies and the receipt of IFF shareholder approval for the Share Issuance). Neither DuPont nor IFF can make any assurances that the Transactions will be consummated on the terms or timeline currently contemplated, or at all. Recent events involving the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) could also impact the satisfaction of the conditions described in the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement. Each of DuPont and IFF has and will continue to expend time and resources and incur expenses related to the proposed Transactions. These expenses must be paid regardless of whether the Transactions are consummated.

Governmental agencies may not approve the Transactions, may impose conditions to the approval of the Transactions or require changes to the terms of the Transactions. Any such conditions or changes could have the

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effect of delaying completion of the Transactions, imposing costs on or limiting the revenues of the combined company following the Transactions or otherwise reducing the anticipated benefits of the Transactions.

N&B will need to obtain the proceeds of the Term Loan Facility and the Notes in order to fund the Special Cash Payment. The funding of the loans under the Term Loan Facility will be available upon the satisfaction of several limited conditions precedent, including (i) the accuracy of certain representations and warranties, (ii) the absence of a material adverse effect on N&B and (iii) the consummation of the Separation and the Merger in accordance with the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement substantially concurrently with the funding of the loans under the Term Loan Facility. The proceeds of the Notes are presently being held in a segregated escrow account and the escrow agent will only release the funds to N&B upon presentation by N&B of an officer's certificate of a responsible officer addressed to the escrow agent with a copy to the trustee of the Notes on or prior to September 15, 2021, certifying that substantially contemporaneously with, or promptly following, the release of funds, the Merger will be consummated in accordance with the Merger Agreement and no event of default related to certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization has occurred and is continuing or will result therefrom.

If completed, the Transactions may not be successful or achieve their anticipated benefits.

If the Transactions are completed, IFF may not be able to successfully realize anticipated growth opportunities and synergies, or integrate IFF's business and operations with the N&B Business's business and operations. See “—Risks Related to the Combined Company's Business— The integration of the N&B Business with IFF may present significant challenges, and the combined company may not realize anticipated synergies and other benefits of the Transaction.”

After the Transactions, IFF will have significantly more revenue, expenses, assets and employees than IFF did prior to the Transactions. In the Transactions, IFF will also be assuming certain liabilities of the N&B Business and taking on other obligations (including collective bargaining agreements and certain pension obligations with respect to transferred employees). IFF may not successfully or cost-effectively integrate the N&B Business's business and operations into IFF's existing business and operations. Even if the combined company is able to integrate the combined businesses and operations successfully, this integration may not result in the realization of the full benefits of the growth and other opportunities that IFF currently expects from the Transactions within the anticipated time frame, or at all.

Failure to complete the Transactions could adversely affect the market price of IFF common stock as well as its business, financial condition and results of operations.

If the Transactions are not completed for any reason, the price of IFF common stock may decline, or IFF's business, financial condition and results of operations may be impacted to the extent that the market price of IFF common stock reflects positive market assumptions that the Transactions will be completed and the related benefits will be realized; based on significant expenses, such as legal, advisory and financial services which generally must be paid regardless of whether the Transactions are completed; based on potential disruption of the business of IFF and distraction of its workforce and management team; and the requirement in the Merger Agreement that, under certain limited circumstances, IFF must pay DuPont the Termination Fee or reimburse DuPont for expenses relating to the Transactions.

Investors holding shares of IFF common stock immediately prior to the completion of the Transactions will, in the aggregate, have a significantly reduced ownership and voting interest in IFF after the Transactions and will exercise less influence over management.

Investors holding shares of IFF common stock immediately prior to the completion of the Transactions will, in the aggregate, own a significantly smaller percentage of the combined company immediately after the completion of the Transactions. Immediately following the completion of the Transactions, it is expected that

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DuPont stockholders will hold approximately 55.4 percent of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock, on a fully diluted basis. IFF's existing shareholders will continue to hold the remaining approximately 44.6 percent of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock, on a fully diluted basis. Consequently, IFF shareholders, collectively, will be able to exercise less influence over the management and policies of the combined company than they will be able to exercise over IFF's management and policies immediately prior to the completion of the Transactions.

The Merger Agreement contains provisions that may discourage other companies from trying to acquire IFF.

The Merger Agreement contains provisions that may discourage a third party from submitting a business combination proposal to IFF prior to the closing of the Transactions that might result in greater value to IFF shareholders than the Transactions. The Merger Agreement generally prohibits IFF from soliciting any alternative transaction proposal and IFF may not terminate the Merger Agreement in order to accept, and must hold a meeting of its shareholders to approve the Share Issuance, even if an unsolicited alternative transaction proposal that the IFF board of directors determines is superior to the Transactions is received. In addition, before the IFF board of directors may withdraw or modify its recommendation, DuPont has the opportunity to negotiate with IFF to modify the terms of the Transactions in response to any competing acquisition proposals. If the Merger Agreement is terminated by IFF or DuPont in certain limited circumstances, IFF may be obligated to pay the Termination Fee to DuPont, which would represent an additional cost for a potential third party seeking a business combination with IFF.

The announcement and pendency of the Transactions could have an adverse effect on IFF's stock price as well as the business, financial condition, results of operations or business prospects of IFF and the N&B Business.

The announcement and pendency of the Merger could disrupt IFF's and N&B's business in negative ways. For example, customers and other third-party business partners of IFF or the N&B Business may seek to terminate and/or renegotiate their relationships with IFF or the N&B Business as a result of the Merger, whether pursuant to the terms of their existing agreements with IFF and/or the N&B Business or otherwise. In addition, current and prospective employees of IFF and the N&B Business may experience uncertainty regarding their future roles with the combined company, which might adversely affect IFF's and N&B's ability to retain, recruit and motivate key personnel. Should they occur, any of these events could adversely affect the stock price of IFF, or harm the financial condition, results of operations or business prospects of, IFF or N&B.

The fairness opinions obtained by the IFF board of directors from Greenhill and Morgan Stanley, respectively, will not reflect changes, circumstances, developments or events that may have occurred or may occur after the date of such opinions.

On December 15, 2019, each of Greenhill and Morgan Stanley separately rendered to the IFF board of directors an oral opinion, each of which was subsequently confirmed in writing by delivery of separate written opinions dated December 15, 2019, that, as of such date of their respective written fairness opinions, and based upon and subject to the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations on the scope of review undertaken by each of Greenhill and Morgan Stanley as set forth in such written fairness opinions, the exchange ratio pursuant to the proposed Merger Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to IFF.

The IFF board of directors has not obtained an updated fairness opinion as of the date of this document from Greenhill or Morgan Stanley, and the IFF board of directors does not expect to receive an updated fairness opinion prior to the completion of the Merger.

The opinions delivered by Greenhill and Morgan Stanley were necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as they existed on, and on the information made available to Greenhill and Morgan Stanley,

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respectively, as of, December 15, 2019. The opinions do not speak as of the time the Merger will be completed or as of any date other than the date of such opinions. Although subsequent developments may affect their respective opinions, neither Greenhill nor Morgan Stanley has any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm its opinion. These developments may include, among other things, changes to the operations and prospects of the N&B Business or IFF, regulatory or legal changes, general industry, market and economic conditions and other factors that may be beyond the control of DuPont, the N&B Business or IFF, and on which such opinions were based, and that may alter the value of the N&B Business and IFF or the prices of securities of DuPont and IFF at the effective time of the Merger. The value of the merger consideration has fluctuated since, and could be materially different from its value as of, the date of the opinions delivered by Greenhill and Morgan Stanley, and neither Greenhill nor Morgan Stanley has expressed any opinion as to the price or range of prices at which any securities of DuPont or IFF may trade at any time.

For a more complete description of the opinion that Greenhill delivered to the IFF board of directors and a summary of the material financial analyses performed by Greenhill and reviewed by the IFF board of directors in connection with its opinion, please refer to the section entitled “*The Transactions—Opinion of Greenhill & Co., LLC*” and to the full text of the written opinion included as Annex A to this document. For a more complete description of the opinion that Morgan Stanley delivered to the IFF board of directors and a summary of the material financial analyses performed by Morgan Stanley and reviewed by the IFF board of directors in connection with its opinion, please refer to the section “*The Transactions—Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC*” and to the full text of the written opinion included as Annex B to this document.

IFF’s estimates and judgments related to the acquisition accounting models used to record the purchase price allocation may be inaccurate.

Management will make significant accounting judgments and estimates for the application of acquisition accounting under GAAP, and the underlying valuation models. IFF’s business, operating results and financial condition could be materially and adversely impacted in future periods if IFF’s accounting judgments and estimates related to these models prove to be inaccurate.

IFF may be required to recognize impairment charges for goodwill and other intangible assets.

The proposed Transactions will add approximately \$21.7 billion of goodwill and other intangible assets to IFF’s consolidated balance sheet. In accordance with GAAP, management periodically assesses these assets to determine if they are impaired. Significant negative industry or economic trends, disruptions to IFF’s business, inability to effectively integrate acquired businesses, unexpected significant changes or planned changes in use of the assets, divestitures and market capitalization declines may impair goodwill and other intangible assets. Any charges relating to such impairments would adversely affect results of operations in the periods recognized.

IFF is required to abide by potentially significant restrictions which could limit IFF’s ability to undertake certain corporate actions (such as the issuance of IFF common stock or the undertaking of a merger or consolidation) that otherwise could be advantageous.

During the two year period following the Distribution or, in the case of certain historic transactions undertaken by DuPont, during the two year period following each such historic transaction, Section 7.01 of the Tax Matters Agreement generally will prohibit N&B, IFF and their respective subsidiaries from taking certain actions that could cause the Distribution, the Merger, certain related transactions and certain historic transactions undertaken by DuPont to fail to qualify as tax-free transactions unless IFF and N&B receive either (i) an opinion of counsel or (ii) a ruling from the IRS or other applicable tax authority, in either case acceptable to DuPont (in DuPont’s discretion), to the effect that such action or actions will not cause a relevant transaction to fail to qualify as a tax-free transaction. These restrictions may limit IFF’s ability to pursue certain strategic transactions or engage in other transactions, including using IFF common stock to make acquisitions and in connection with equity capital market transactions or disposing of certain businesses that might increase the value of IFF’s business.

The Distribution could result in significant tax liability, and IFF may be obligated to indemnify DuPont for any such tax liability imposed on DuPont.

The completion of the Transactions is conditioned upon the receipt by DuPont of the Tax Opinion to the effect that, among other things, (a) the Parent Contribution, Special Cash Payment and Distribution, taken together, will qualify as a reorganization under Sections 355(a), 361 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code and (b) the Merger and the Second Merger will be treated as an integrated plan described in Rev. Rul. 2001-46, 2001-2 C.B. 321 and qualify as a tax-free reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. Accordingly, DuPont's stockholders will not recognize any taxable income, gain or loss as a result of the Distribution or the Mergers for U.S. federal income tax purposes (except for any gain or loss attributable to the receipt of cash in lieu of fractional shares) and DuPont will not recognize income, gain or loss except for gain to the extent the Special Cash Payment exceeds DuPont's adjusted tax basis in the N&B common stock or the proceeds of the Special Cash Payment are not used for certain permitted purposes.

The Tax Opinion will be based upon various factual representations and assumptions, as well as certain undertakings made by DuPont, IFF and N&B. If any of those factual representations or assumptions are untrue or incomplete in any material respect, any undertaking is not complied with, or the facts upon which the opinion will be based are materially different from the facts at the time of the Distribution, the Distribution may not qualify (in whole or part) for tax-free treatment. Opinions of counsel are not binding on the IRS. As a result, the conclusions expressed in the opinions of counsel could be challenged by the IRS, and if the IRS prevails in such challenge, the tax consequences to DuPont and its stockholders could be materially less favorable. DuPont may also incur tax and other obligations as a result of internal restructuring transactions undertaken in order to effectuate the Distribution, which are not covered by the Tax Opinion.

If the Exchange Offer were determined not to qualify for non-recognition of gain and loss under Sections 355 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code, each DuPont stockholder who receives N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer would generally be treated as recognizing taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the fair market value of the N&B common stock received by the stockholder in the Exchange Offer and its tax basis in the shares of DuPont common stock exchanged therefor, or, in certain circumstances, as receiving a taxable distribution equal to the fair market value of the N&B common stock received by the stockholder in the Exchange Offer. If the Clean-Up Spin-Off or the Spin-Off were determined not to qualify for non-recognition of gain and loss under Sections 355 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code, each DuPont stockholder who receives N&B common stock in the Clean-Up Spin-Off or the Spin-Off would generally be treated as receiving a taxable distribution equal to the fair market value of the N&B common stock received by the stockholder in the Clean-Up Spin-Off or the Spin-Off.

In addition, if the Distribution were determined not to qualify for non-recognition of gain and loss under Sections 355 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code, DuPont would generally recognize gain (but not loss) with respect to the transfer of N&B common stock in the Distribution.

Even if the Distribution otherwise qualifies under Section 355 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code, the Distribution would be taxable to DuPont (but not to DuPont stockholders) pursuant to Section 355(e) of the Code if one or more persons acquire a 50% or greater interest (measured by vote or value) in the stock of DuPont or N&B, directly or indirectly (including through acquisitions of IFF stock after the completion of the Merger), as part of a plan or series of related transactions that includes the Distribution. For this purpose, any direct or indirect acquisitions of DuPont or N&B stock (including through acquisitions of IFF stock after the completion of the Merger) within the period beginning two years before the Distribution and ending two years after the Distribution are presumed to be part of a plan that includes the Distribution, although DuPont, N&B or IFF may be able to rebut that presumption in certain circumstances. The process for determining whether an acquisition is part of a plan under these rules is complex, inherently factual in nature, and subject to a comprehensive analysis of the facts and circumstances of the particular case. Although it is expected that the Mergers will be treated as part of such a plan, the Mergers standing alone will not cause Section 355(e) of the Code to apply to the Distribution because holders of N&B common stock immediately before the Mergers will hold more than 50% of the stock of the combined company (by vote and value) immediately after the Mergers. However, if the IRS were to determine that other direct or indirect acquisitions of stock of DuPont or N&B, either before or after the Distribution, were part of a plan or series of related transactions that includes the Distribution, such

determination could cause Section 355(e) of the Code to apply to the Distribution, which could result in significant tax liability.

The Distribution and certain aspects of the Separation could be taxable to DuPont if N&B or IFF were to engage in a Spinco Tainting Act (as defined in the Tax Matters Agreement). A Spinco Tainting Act is generally any action (or inaction) within the control of IFF, N&B or their affiliates, any event involving the common stock of N&B or IFF or any assets of any N&B Companies, or any breach by any of the N&B Companies of any factual representations, assumptions, or undertakings made by it, in each case, that would affect the nonrecognition treatment of the Distribution or certain aspects of the Separation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as described above. Under the Tax Matters Agreement, N&B and IFF will be required to indemnify DuPont against any taxes resulting from the Distribution or certain aspects of the Separation that arise as a result of a Spinco Tainting Act. If DuPont were to recognize gain on the Distribution or certain aspects of the Separation for reasons not related to a Spinco Tainting Act by N&B or IFF, DuPont would not be entitled to be indemnified under the Tax Matters Agreement and the resulting tax to DuPont could be substantial and could have a material adverse effect on DuPont. If N&B or IFF were required to indemnify DuPont as a result of the Distribution or certain aspects of the Separation being taxable, this indemnification obligation would likely be substantial and could have a material adverse effect on IFF, including with respect to its financial condition and results of operations.

If the Mergers do not qualify as a tax-free reorganization under Section 368 of the Code, the stockholders of DuPont may have significant tax liability.

The obligations of DuPont and IFF to consummate the Transactions are conditioned on, among other things, the receipt by DuPont of the Tax Opinion to the effect that the Mergers will be treated as a tax-free reorganization in which no gain will be recognized for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The opinion will be based upon various factual representations and assumptions, as well as certain undertakings made by DuPont, IFF and N&B. If any of those factual representations or assumptions are untrue or incomplete in any material respect, any undertaking is not complied with, or the facts upon which the opinion will be based are materially different from the facts at the time of the Distribution, the Mergers may not qualify (in whole or part) for tax-free treatment. Opinions of counsel are not binding on the IRS. As a result, the conclusions expressed in the opinions of counsel could be challenged by the IRS, and if the IRS prevails in such challenge, the tax consequences to N&B and holders of shares of N&B common stock could be materially less favorable. If the Mergers were taxable, holders of shares of N&B common stock would be considered to have made a taxable sale of their shares of N&B common stock to IFF, and holders of shares of N&B common stock would generally recognize taxable gain or loss on their receipt of IFF common stock in the Mergers. See “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Transactions.”

Some of IFF’s directors and executive officers have interests in seeing the Transactions completed that may be different from, or in addition to, those of other IFF shareholders. Therefore, some of IFF’s directors and executive officers may have a conflict of interest in recommending the proposals being voted on at IFF’s special meeting.

In considering the recommendations of the IFF board of directors that IFF’s shareholders vote to approve the Share Issuance, you should be aware that certain of IFF’s directors and executive officers have financial interests in the Transactions that may be different from, or in addition to, the interests of IFF’s shareholders generally. The members of the IFF board of directors were aware of and considered these interests, among other matters, in reaching the determination to approve the terms of the Transactions, including the Merger, and in recommending to IFF’s shareholders that they vote to approve the Share Issuance.

For a description and quantification of the benefits that IFF’s executive officers and directors may receive as a result of these interests, see “The Transactions—Interests of IFF’s Directors and Executive Officers in the Transactions.”

IFF and the N&B Business may have difficulty attracting, motivating and retaining executives and other employees in light of the Transactions.

IFF and the N&B Business may have difficulty attracting, motivating and retaining executives and other employees in light of the Transactions. Uncertainty about the effect of the Transactions on the employees of IFF and the N&B Business may have an adverse effect on IFF and the N&B Business. This uncertainty may impair IFF's and the N&B Business' ability to attract, retain and motivate personnel until the Transactions are completed. Employee retention may be particularly challenging during the pendency of the Transactions, as employees may feel uncertain about their future roles with IFF or the N&B Business after their combination. If employees of IFF or the N&B Business depart because of issues relating to the uncertainty or perceived difficulties of integration or a desire not to become employees of IFF after the Transactions, IFF's ability to realize the anticipated benefits of the Transactions could be reduced.

IFF may waive one or more of the conditions to the consummation of the Transactions without re-soliciting shareholder approval.

IFF may determine to waive, in whole or in part, one or more of the conditions to its obligations to consummate the Transactions, to the extent permitted by applicable law. If IFF waives the satisfaction of a material condition to the consummation of the Transactions, IFF will evaluate the appropriate facts and circumstances at that time and re-solicit shareholder approvals of the Share Issuance if required to do so by applicable law or the rules of the NYSE. In some cases, if the IFF board of directors determines that such waiver or its effect on IFF's shareholders does not rise to the level of materiality that would require re-solicitation of proxies pursuant to applicable law or the rules of the NYSE, IFF would complete the Transactions without seeking further shareholder approval. Any determination whether to waive any condition to the Transactions or as to re-soliciting IFF shareholder approval or amending the proxy statement as a result of a waiver will be made by the IFF board of directors at the time of such waiver based on the facts and circumstances as they exist at that time.

IFF, by acquiring N&B in the Merger, will, on a consolidated basis, assume and be responsible for all N&B Liabilities following the closing of the Transactions, and is acquiring the N&B Assets on an as is, where is basis and with all faults, in each case, notwithstanding any breach of any representation or warranty of the Merger Agreement.

As described in the description of the Separation Agreement on page 292 of this document, N&B and its subsidiaries, which are being acquired by IFF in the Merger, will accept, assume, agree to pay, discharge, fulfill, and to the extent applicable, comply with on a timely basis, the N&B Liabilities, regardless of (i) when or where such liabilities arose or arise (whether arising prior to, at or after the Distribution), (ii) where or against whom such liabilities are asserted or determined, (iii) whether arising from or alleged to arise from negligence, gross negligence, recklessness, violation of law, fraud or misrepresentation by any member of the DuPont Group or N&B Group, as the case may be, or any of their past or present respective directors, officers, employees, agents, subsidiaries or affiliates and (iv) which entity is named in any Action associated with any liability. The Separation Agreement further provides that generally all assets are being conveyed to IFF on an as-is, where is basis and with all faults, and while DuPont is subject to certain indemnification obligations in favor of N&B and IFF under the Separation Agreement, these are generally limited to indemnification for certain indemnifiable losses to the extent relating to, arising out of or resulting from the liabilities retained by DuPont (or any claim by a third party that would, if resolved in favor of the claimant, constitute such a liability) or any breach by DuPont of any provision of the Separation Agreement.

Furthermore, while the Merger Agreement contains certain representations and warranties about the N&B Business, the Merger Agreement provides that all representations and warranties of the parties contained therein shall not survive the effective time of the Merger. Accordingly, there are no remedies available to the parties with respect to any breach of representations of the parties to the Merger Agreement after the effective time of the Merger, except for any rights IFF may have under applicable law to bring a claim relating to or arising from

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fraud with respect to any representation or warranty made in the Merger Agreement, which we note is excepted from the release among the parties to the Separation Agreement described on page 300 of this document. With respect to the other Ancillary Agreements, other than in the case of certain Space Leases, they do not contain any representations or warranties in favor of IFF.

As such, notwithstanding whether any N&B Liability or any issue with an N&B Asset is related to a breach of a representation or warranty in the Merger Agreement, N&B, and by virtue of the Merger, IFF, will bear full responsibility for any and all N&B Liabilities and any issues with an N&B Assets following the closing of the Transactions. To the extent any such N&B Liabilities are larger than anticipated, or an issue with an N&B Asset prohibits the N&B Business from performing as planned, they could have an adverse impact on the business, results of operation and financial condition of the combined company.

Risks Related to the Exchange Offer

Tendering DuPont stockholders may receive a reduced premium or may not receive any premium in the Exchange Offer.

The Exchange Offer is designed to permit you to exchange your shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock at a % discount to the per-share value of N&B common stock / There is no premium being offered in the exchange of your shares of DuPont common stock for N&B common stock and the number of shares of N&B common stock you will receive will be based entirely on the relative value of shares of IFF common stock versus shares of DuPont common stock, with no adjustment thereto, calculated as set forth in this prospectus. Stated another way, for each \$100 of your DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer, you will receive approximately \$ of N&B common stock (subject to the exception described below). The value of the DuPont common stock will be based on the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock on the NYSE and the value of the shares of N&B common stock will be based on the calculated per-share value of IFF common stock on the NYSE, in each case determined by reference to the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP on each of the Valuation Dates.

The number of shares you can receive is, however, subject to an upper limit of shares of N&B common stock for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer. As a result, you may receive less than \$ of N&B common stock for each \$100 of DuPont common stock, depending on the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock and the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock at the expiration date. Because of the limit on the number of shares of N&B common stock you will receive in the Exchange Offer, if there is a drop of sufficient magnitude in the trading price of IFF common stock relative to the trading price of DuPont common stock, and/or if there is an increase of sufficient magnitude in the trading price of DuPont common stock relative to the trading price of IFF common stock, you may not receive \$ of N&B common stock for each \$100 of DuPont common stock, and could receive much less.

For example, if the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock was \$ (% above the highest closing price for DuPont common stock on the NYSE during the three-month period prior to commencement of the Exchange Offer) and the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock was \$ (the lowest closing price for IFF common stock on the NYSE during that three-month period), the value of N&B common stock, based on the IFF common stock price, received for shares of DuPont common stock accepted for exchange would be approximately \$ for each \$100 of DuPont common stock accepted for exchange.

There are also risks associated with calculating the exchange ratio as of the Valuation Dates and not using the closing prices of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer, such that you could receive fewer shares of N&B common stock than you would have received if the exchange ratio were determined using the closing prices of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer. For example, if the trading price of DuPont common stock were to increase during the last two full trading days of the Exchange Offer, the average DuPont stock price used to calculate the

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exchange ratio would likely be lower than the closing price of shares of DuPont common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer. As a result, you would receive fewer shares of N&B common stock, and therefore effectively fewer shares of IFF common stock, for each \$100 of shares of DuPont common stock than you would have if the average DuPont stock price were calculated on the basis of the closing price of shares of DuPont common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer or on the basis of an averaging period that includes the last two full trading days prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer period. Similarly, if the trading price of IFF common stock were to decrease during the last two full trading days prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer period, the average IFF stock price used to calculate the exchange ratio would likely be higher than the closing price of IFF common stock on the last full trading day prior to the expiration date. This could also result in your receiving fewer shares of N&B common stock, and therefore effectively fewer shares of IFF common stock, for each \$100 of DuPont common stock than you would otherwise receive if the average IFF common stock price were calculated on the basis of the closing price of IFF common stock on the last full trading day prior to the expiration date or on the basis of an averaging period that included the last two full trading days prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer period.

In addition, there is no assurance that holders of shares of DuPont common stock that are exchanged for shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer will be able to sell the shares of IFF common stock after receipt in the Merger at prices comparable to the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock at the expiration date. For example, while DuPont is offering all of the shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer, DuPont does not expect the Exchange Offer to be fully subscribed, such that shares of N&B common stock will also be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. These shares of N&B common stock will convert into IFF common stock in the Merger. DuPont stockholders who receive IFF common stock as a result of the Clean-Up Spin-Off may not want to be IFF common stock holders and may sell those shares immediately in the public market. Although DuPont has no actual knowledge of any plan or intention of any significant stockholder of DuPont to sell the IFF common stock it receives as a result of the Clean-Up Spin-Off and the Merger, it is possible that some DuPont stockholders will sell the IFF common stock they receive if, for reasons such as IFF's business profile or market capitalization, IFF does not fit their investment objectives, or in the case of index funds, IFF is not a participant in the index in which they are investing. The sales of significant amounts of IFF common stock relating to the above events or the perception in the market that such sales will occur may decrease the market price of IFF's common stock.

DuPont stockholders receiving shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off may experience a delay prior to receiving their shares of IFF common stock or their cash in lieu of fractional shares, if any.

Holders of shares of DuPont common stock participating in the Exchange Offer will receive their shares of IFF common stock or cash in lieu of fractional shares, if any, only upon surrender of all necessary documents, duly executed, to the Exchange Agent. In general, until the distribution of the shares of IFF common stock to the individual stockholder has been completed, the relevant holder of shares of IFF common stock will not be able to sell its shares of IFF common stock. Consequently, in case the market price for IFF common stock should decrease during that period, the relevant stockholder (which are DuPont stockholders receiving shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off) would not be able to stop any losses by selling the shares of IFF common stock. Similarly, the former holders of shares of N&B common stock who received cash in lieu of fractional shares will not be able to invest the cash until the distribution to the relevant stockholder has been completed, and they will not receive interest payments for this time period.

The trading prices of IFF common stock may not be an appropriate proxy for the prices of N&B common stock.

The calculated per-share value for N&B common stock is based on the trading prices for IFF common stock, which may not be an appropriate proxy for the prices of N&B common stock. There is currently no trading

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market for N&B common stock and no such market will be established in the future. Immediately following the consummation of the Exchange Offer, Merger Sub I will be merged with and into N&B, and N&B will continue as the surviving company and a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. In the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock will be converted into the right to receive a number of fully paid and nonassessable shares of IFF common stock such that immediately after the Merger such DuPont stockholders will collectively own approximately 55.4% of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, and IFF shareholders will collectively own approximately 44.6% of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case excluding any overlaps in the pre-transaction stockholder bases (calculated as further described in “The Merger Agreement – Merger Consideration”). There can be no assurance, however, that IFF common stock after the Merger will trade on the same basis as IFF common stock traded prior to the consummation of the Merger. In addition, it is possible that the trading prices of IFF common stock prior to the consummation of the Merger will not be indicative of the anticipated value of IFF common stock after the Merger. For example, trading prices of IFF common stock on the Valuation Dates could reflect some uncertainty as to the timing or the consummation of the Merger or could reflect trading activity by investors seeking to profit from market arbitrage.

As a result of the Pricing Mechanism (as defined below) utilized in the Exchange Offer, the exchange ratio for the Exchange Offer will not be fixed prior to the launch of the Exchange Offer, but will be instead determined while the Exchange Offer is open, creating a risk of arbitrage trading during the Exchange Offer that could impact the final exchange ratio.

The Exchange Offer does not set forth a fixed exchange ratio at the outset of the Exchange Offer. Rather, the Exchange Offer price is expressed as a ratio of N&B common stock for each \$ of DuPont common stock validly tendered and not withdrawn pursuant to the Exchange Offer (subject to the limit on the exchange ratio that could result from the upper limit, as described in greater detail in this document). The Exchange Offer’s pricing mechanism (the “Pricing Mechanism”) will calculate the values of DuPont common stock and N&B common stock by reference to a simple arithmetic average of daily VWAPs over the three Valuation Dates. The per-share values for DuPont common stock will be determined by DuPont by reference to the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock on the NYSE over the three Valuation Dates. Similarly, the per-share values for N&B common stock will be determined by DuPont by reference to the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of IFF common stock on the NYSE over the Valuation Dates (since each share of N&B common stock will be exchanged for approximately one share of IFF common stock in the Merger). If the Exchange Offer is extended, the Valuation Dates will reset to the period of three consecutive trading days ending on and including the second trading day preceding the revised expiration date, as may be extended. The final exchange ratio will be announced by press release and be available on the website , in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day preceding the expiration of the Exchange Offer, as may be extended, and therefore provides for a two business day window between pricing and Exchange Offer’s expiration. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Pricing Mechanism.”

As the Pricing Mechanism results in the final exchange ratio being fixed two business days before the expiration of the Exchange offer, the value of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock may change after the final exchange ratio is fixed by the Pricing Mechanism. The difference between the changing prices of publicly traded DuPont common stock and IFF common stock and the fixed exchange ratio could allow for investors to engage in arbitrage trading during the final two business days prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer, which could affect the price of DuPont common stock, IFF common stock or both. Such trading could impact the value of the consideration received by holders of DuPont common stock participating in the Exchange Offer.

Arbitrage trading during the Exchange Offer could adversely impact the price of IFF common stock.

The shares of N&B common stock to be received by holders of DuPont common stock who validly tender such stock in the Exchange Offer will be issued at a discount to the per-share value of IFF common stock. During the Exchange Offer, the existence of this discount could negatively affect the market price of IFF common stock. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—General.” Prospective buyers of IFF common stock could

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choose to acquire shares of IFF common stock indirectly by purchasing shares of DuPont common stock and then tender such shares in the Exchange Offer. Additionally, certain market participants may use a hedging strategy to manage risk in the context of split-off transactions that involves shorting IFF common stock. Both occurrences, or either individually, could result in a decrease in the price of IFF common stock during the Exchange Offer. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer— General.”

DuPont stockholders’ investment will be subject to different risks after the Exchange Offer regardless of whether they elect to participate in the Exchange Offer.

- If DuPont stockholders tender all of their shares of DuPont common stock and such shares are accepted and the Exchange Offer is not oversubscribed, then they will no longer have an interest in DuPont, but instead they will directly own an interest in IFF. As a result, their investment will be subject exclusively to risks associated with IFF and not risks associated solely with DuPont.
- If DuPont stockholders tender all of their shares of DuPont common stock and the Exchange Offer is oversubscribed, then the offer will be subject to the proration procedures described below and, unless their odd-lot tender is not subject to proration, such DuPont stockholders will own an interest in both DuPont and IFF. As a result, their investment will be subject to risks associated with both DuPont and IFF.
- If DuPont stockholders exchange some, but not all, of their shares of DuPont common stock, then regardless of whether the Exchange Offer is fully subscribed, the number of shares of DuPont common stock they own will decrease (unless they otherwise acquire shares of DuPont common stock), while the number of shares of N&B common stock, and therefore effectively shares of IFF common stock, they own will increase. As a result, their investment will be subject to risks associated with both DuPont and IFF.
- In addition to the consequences of the Exchange Offer described above, all DuPont stockholders that remain stockholders of DuPont following the completion of the Exchange Offer will receive shares of IFF common stock (although they may instead receive only cash in lieu of a fractional share) when DuPont completes the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. As a result, their investment may be subject to risks associated with both DuPont and IFF.

Whether or not DuPont stockholders tender their shares of DuPont common stock, any DuPont shares they hold after the completion of the Exchange Offer will reflect a different investment from the investment they previously held because DuPont will no longer own the N&B Business.

Risks Related to the Combined Company’s Business Following the Transactions

Sales of IFF common stock after the Transactions may negatively affect the market price of IFF common stock.

The shares of IFF common stock to be issued in the Transactions to holders of shares of N&B common stock will generally be eligible for immediate resale. The market price of IFF common stock could decline as a result of sales of a large number of shares of IFF common stock in the market after the consummation of the Transactions or even the perception that these sales could occur.

It is expected that the IFF common stock outstanding on a fully-diluted basis immediately prior to the Transactions will represent, in the aggregate, approximately 44.6% of IFF common stock outstanding on a fully diluted basis immediately following the Transactions.

Currently, DuPont stockholders may include index funds that have performance tied to certain stock indices and institutional investors subject to various investing guidelines. Because IFF may not be included in these indices following the consummation of the Transactions or may not meet the investing guidelines of some of these

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institutional investors, these index funds and institutional investors may decide to or may be required to sell the shares of IFF common stock that they receive in the Transactions. In addition, the investment fiduciaries of DuPont's defined contribution plans may decide to sell any shares of IFF common stock that the trusts for these plans receive in the Transactions, or may decide not to participate in the Exchange Offer, in response to their fiduciary obligations under applicable law. These sales, or the possibility that these sales may occur, may also make it more difficult for IFF to obtain additional capital by selling equity securities in the future at a time and at a price that it deems appropriate.

The historical financial information of the N&B Business may not be representative of its results or financial condition if it had been operated independently of DuPont and, as a result, may not be a reliable indicator of its future results.

The N&B Business is currently operated by DuPont. Consequently, the financial information of the N&B Business included in this prospectus has been derived from the combined financial statements and accounting records of the N&B Business and reflects all direct costs as well as assumptions and allocations made by management of DuPont. The financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the N&B Business presented herein may be different from those that would have resulted had the N&B Business been operated independently of DuPont during the applicable periods or at the applicable dates. For example, in preparing the financial statements of the N&B Business, DuPont made allocations of costs and DuPont corporate expenses deemed to be attributable to the N&B Business. However, these costs and expenses reflect the costs and expenses attributable to the N&B Business operated as part of a larger organization and do not necessarily reflect costs and expenses that would be incurred by the N&B Business had it been operated independently or costs and expenses that would be incurred by the combined company. As a result, the historical financial information of the N&B Business may not be a reliable indicator of future results.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information of IFF and the N&B Business is not intended to reflect what actual results of operations and financial condition would have been had IFF and the N&B Business been a combined company for the periods presented, and therefore these results may not be indicative of the combined company's future operating performance.

Because IFF will combine with the N&B Business only upon completion of the Transactions, it has no available historical financial information that consolidates the financial results for the N&B Business and IFF. The historical financial statements contained or incorporated by reference in this document consist of the separate financial statements of DuPont, the N&B Business and IFF.

The N&B Business's historical combined financial statements have been prepared on a "carve-out" basis from DuPont's consolidated financial statements using the historical results of operations, assets and liabilities of the N&B Business and include allocations of expenses from DuPont. As a result, the N&B Business's historical financial statements may not necessarily reflect what its financial condition and results of operations would have been had the N&B Business been an independent, stand-alone entity during the period presented.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information presented in this document is for illustrative purposes only and is not intended to, and does not purport to, represent what the combined company's actual results or financial condition would have been if the Transactions had occurred on the relevant date. In addition, such unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information is based in part on certain assumptions regarding the Transactions that IFF believes are reasonable. These assumptions, however, are only preliminary and will be updated only after the consummation of the Transactions. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information has been prepared using the acquisition method of accounting, with IFF considered the accounting acquirer of the N&B Business. Under the acquisition method of accounting, the purchase price is allocated to the underlying tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values with any excess purchase price allocated to goodwill. The purchase price allocation in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information was based on a preliminary estimate of the fair

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values of the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities of the N&B Business. In arriving at the preliminary fair value estimates, IFF has considered the input of independent consultants based on a preliminary and limited review of the assets and liabilities related to the N&B Business to be transferred to, or assumed by, N&B in the Transactions. Following the effective date of the Transactions, IFF expects to complete the fair valuation of the N&B Business's assets and liabilities at the level of detail necessary to finalize the required purchase price allocation. The final purchase price allocation may be different than that reflected in the pro forma purchase price allocation presented herein, and this difference may be material. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information also does not reflect the costs of any integration activities or transaction-related costs or incremental capital expenditures that IFF management believes are necessary to realize the anticipated synergies from the Transactions. Accordingly, the pro forma financial information included in this document does not reflect what IFF's results of operations or operating condition would have been had IFF and the N&B Business been a consolidated entity during all periods presented, or what the combined company's results of operations and financial condition will be in the future.

IFF may be unable to provide (or obtain from third-parties) the same types and level of services to the N&B Business that historically have been provided by DuPont, or may be unable to provide (or obtain) them at the same cost.

As a separate reporting segment of DuPont, the N&B Business has been able to receive services from DuPont. Following the Transactions, IFF will need to replace these services either by providing them internally from IFF's existing services or by obtaining them from unaffiliated third parties. These services include certain corporate level functions of which the effective and appropriate performance is critical to the operations of the N&B Business and the combined company following the Merger. While DuPont will provide certain services on a transitional basis pursuant to the Transition Services Agreements, the duration of such services is generally limited to no longer than three years from the date of the Separation for information technology services and no longer than two years from the date of the Separation for all other services. IFF may be unable to replace these services in a timely manner or on terms and conditions as favorable as those the N&B Business currently receives from DuPont. The costs for these services could in the aggregate be higher than the combination of IFF's current costs and those reflected in the historical financial statements of the N&B Business. If IFF is not able to replace the services provided by DuPont or is unable to replace them at the same cost or is delayed in replacing the services provided by DuPont, the combined company's results of operations may be materially adversely impacted.

The combined company's business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected following the Transactions if IFF cannot negotiate terms that are as favorable as those DuPont has received when IFF replaces contracts after the closing of the Transactions.

As a separate reporting segment of DuPont, the N&B Business has been able to receive benefits from being a part of DuPont and has been able to benefit from DuPont's financial strength, extensive business relationships and purchasing power. Following the Merger, the N&B Business will be combined with IFF, and the combined company will not be able to leverage DuPont's financial strength, may not have access to all of DuPont's extensive business relationships and may not have purchasing power similar to what the N&B Business benefited from by being a part of DuPont prior to the Merger. In addition, some contracts that DuPont or its subsidiaries are a party to on behalf of the N&B Business require consents of third parties to assign them to N&B in connection with the Transactions. There can be no assurance that DuPont, N&B or IFF will be able to obtain those consents or enter into new agreements with respect to those contracts if consents are not obtained. It is therefore possible, whether as a result of routine renegotiations of terms in the ordinary course of business, or as part of a request for consent or a replacement of a contract where consent has not been obtained, that the combined company may not be able to negotiate terms as favorable as those DuPont has received previously for one or more contracts, and in the aggregate it is possible that the loss or renegotiation of contracts in connection with the foregoing could adversely affect the combined company's business, financial condition and results of operations following the closing of the Transactions by increasing costs or decreasing revenues.

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As of the date hereof, neither N&B nor IFF expects that the failure to obtain a consent for any individual contract with a customer or supplier where such consent is required in connection with the Transactions would materially affect the combined company's business, financial condition and results of operations following the closing of the Transactions.

The integration of the N&B Business with IFF may present significant challenges, and the combined company may not realize anticipated synergies and other benefits of the Transaction.

The combination of independent businesses is complex, costly and time-consuming, and combining IFF and the N&B Business's practices and operations may divert significant management attention and resources and disrupt the combined company's business. The failure to meet the challenges involved in integrating the businesses and to realize the anticipated benefits of the transaction could cause an interruption of, or a loss of momentum in, the combined company's business activities and could adversely affect its results of operations. The overall combination of the IFF business and the N&B Business may also result in material unanticipated problems, expenses, liabilities, competitive responses, and loss of customer and other business relationships. The risks and difficulties of integration include, among others:

- the diversion of management attention to integration matters;
- integrating operations and systems, including intellectual property and communications systems, administrative and information technology infrastructure and financial reporting and internal control systems, some of which may prove to be incompatible;
- conforming standards, controls, procedures and accounting and other policies, business cultures and compensation structures between the businesses;
- integrating employees and attracting and retaining key personnel, including talent;
- retaining existing, and obtaining new customers and suppliers;
- managing the expanded operations of a significantly larger and more complex company;
- realizing contingent liabilities that are larger than expected; and
- potential unknown liabilities, adverse consequences and unforeseen increased expenses associated with the transaction.

Many of these factors are outside of IFF's control and/or will be outside the control of the N&B Business, and any one of them could result in lower revenues, higher costs and diversion of management time and energy, which could materially impact the business, financial condition and results of operations of the combined company's business.

In addition, even if the operations of the IFF business and the N&B Business are integrated successfully, the full benefits of the transaction may not be realized, including, among others, the synergies, cost savings or sales or growth opportunities that are expected. These benefits may not be achieved within the anticipated time frame or at all. Further, additional unanticipated costs may be incurred in the integration of the IFF business and the N&B Business. All of these factors could cause dilution to the earnings per share of IFF, decrease or delay the projected accretive effect of the transaction, and negatively impact the price of IFF common stock following the transaction.

The success of the combined company will also depend on relationships with third parties and pre-existing customers of IFF and the N&B Business, which relationships may be affected by customer or third-party preferences or public attitudes about the Transactions. Any adverse changes in these relationships could adversely affect the combined company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

The combined company's success will depend on its ability to maintain and renew relationships with pre-existing customers, suppliers and other third parties of both IFF and the N&B Business, and its ability to establish new

relationships. There can be no assurance that the business of the combined company will be able to maintain and renew pre-existing contracts and other business relationships, or enter into or maintain new contracts and other business relationships, on acceptable terms, if at all. The failure to maintain important business relationships could have a material adverse effect on the combined company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

The combined company will have a substantial amount of indebtedness following the Transactions, which could materially adversely affect its financial condition.

The combined company's level of indebtedness will increase as a result of the Transactions. As of June 30, 2020, IFF had \$4,366.9 million of indebtedness outstanding (of which \$4,181.7 million was long-term indebtedness), and as of June 30, 2020 on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the Transactions, the combined company would have had \$11,806.9 million of indebtedness outstanding (of which \$11,621.7 million would have been long-term indebtedness). In connection with the Transactions, N&B will be the initial borrower of up to \$1.25 billion under a 3-year/5-year senior unsecured term loan facility and is the initial issuer of senior unsecured notes in an aggregate principal amount of \$6.25 billion, which will be used to finance the Special Cash Payment to DuPont in connection with N&B's separation from DuPont and to pay related fees and expenses. Following the consummation of the Transactions, all obligations of N&B with respect to the Term Loan Facility and the Notes will be guaranteed by IFF or at the election of N&B and IFF, IFF may assume these N&B obligations. IFF and N&B expect that IFF will assume such N&B obligations after the Second Merger. In addition, following the Merger, by virtue of the fact N&B will be a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, the consolidated indebtedness of IFF and its subsidiaries will include the indebtedness incurred by N&B in the debt financings completed prior to the Distribution (See "Debt Financing"). In addition, in connection with the acquisition of Frutarom, IFF had incurred approximately \$3.3 billion of debt, thereby significantly increasing IFF's leverage. Despite its level of indebtedness, the combined company expects to continue to have the ability to borrow additional debt.

There may be circumstances in which required payments of principal and/or interest on the combined company's debt could adversely affect its cash flows, its operating results or its ability to return capital to its stockholders. Furthermore, the combined company's degree of leverage could adversely affect the combined company's future credit ratings. If the combined company is unable to maintain or improve IFF's current investment grade rating, it could adversely affect its future cost of funding, liquidity and access to capital markets. In addition, the combined company's level of leverage could increase its vulnerability to sustained, adverse macroeconomic weakness and limit its ability to obtain further financing, its ability to pursue certain operational and strategic opportunities, including large acquisitions, and its ability to comply with financial and other covenants under its debt instruments. The Term Loan Facility (as amended by that certain Amendment No. 1 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2020) contains a financial covenant requiring maintenance of a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of 4.75 to 1.00 until and including the end of the third full fiscal quarter after the closing date of the Merger, stepping down to 4.50 to 1.00 until and including the end of the sixth full fiscal quarter after the closing date of the Merger, stepping down further to 3.75 to 1.00 until and including the end of the ninth full fiscal quarter after the closing date of the Merger and stepping down further to 3.50 to 1.00 thereafter, with a step-up in connection with certain qualifying acquisitions. If, after borrowing under the Term Loan Facility, the combined company fails to satisfy any of the financial or other restrictive covenants, or otherwise defaults under this facility, the borrowings under the facility could be declared immediately due and payable and the facility could be terminated, which will require immediate repayment by the combined company of the borrowed funds and could trigger cross-default provisions in the combined company's other financings. Further, the cash flow from operations needed for the payment of principal and interest on its debt and to lower its level of leverage may reduce the cash flow available for dividends or stock repurchases. The combined company's level of indebtedness as well as its failure to comply with covenants under its debt instruments, could adversely affect its business, results of operation, financial condition and the price of its common stock.

Continued or increased turbulence in the United States or international financial markets and economies could also adversely impact the combined company's ability to replace or renew maturing liabilities on a timely basis

or access the capital markets to meet liquidity and capital expenditure requirements and may result in adverse effects on its business, financial condition and results of operations. As such, the combined company may not be able to obtain financing on favorable terms or at all.

Economic uncertainty may adversely affect demand for the combined company's products which may have a negative impact on the combined company's operating results and future growth.

IFF's flavors and fragrance compounds, IFF's fragrance, cosmetic active and functional food ingredients and the N&B Business's ingredients and solutions products are components of a wide assortment of global consumer products throughout the world. Historically, demand for consumer products using these compounds and ingredients was stimulated and broadened by changing social habits and consumer needs, population growth, an expanding global middle-class and general economic growth, especially in emerging markets. The global economy is experiencing substantial recessionary pressures and declines in consumer confidence that are expected to negatively impact economic growth following the COVID-19 pandemic and measures adopted by various governments to address the spread of the disease. A global recessionary economic environment may increase unemployment and underemployment, decrease salaries and wage rates or result in other market-wide cost pressures that will adversely affect demand for consumer products in both developed and emerging markets. In addition, growth rates in the emerging markets have moderated from previous levels. Reduced consumer spending may cause changes in the combined company's customer orders including reduced demand for IFF's and the N&B Business's compounds or ingredients, or order cancellations. The timing of placing of orders and the amounts of these orders are generally at the discretion of the combined company's customers. Customers may cancel, reduce or postpone orders with the combined company on relatively short notice. Significant cancellations, reductions or delays in orders by customers could affect the combined company's quarterly results. It is currently anticipated that these challenging economic uncertainties will continue to affect certain of the combined company's markets during 2020 which could adversely affect the combined company's sales, profitability and overall operating results.

IFF may not realize all the benefits anticipated from the Frutarom acquisition, which could adversely affect the combined company's business.

The success of the Frutarom acquisition ultimately depends on IFF's ability to realize anticipated benefits from the Frutarom acquisition. Since the Frutarom acquisition, IFF has benefited from, and expects to continue to benefit from cost synergies through global footprint optimization across manufacturing, the realization of significant procurement synergies plus organizational and operational efficiencies in overhead expenses. IFF also expects to achieve revenue synergies by leveraging customer relationships across a much broader customer base and cross-selling legacy IFF and Frutarom technology and capabilities. If IFF fails to realize all the benefits that it expects to achieve from the Frutarom acquisition, the combined company's business could be adversely affected.

The integration of the legacy IFF business and Frutarom's business is a costly and time-consuming process, and IFF may face significant implementation challenges that will impact its ability to realize the expected benefits from the acquisition, including without limitation:

- potential disruption of, or reduced growth in, IFF's historical core businesses, due to diversion of management attention as well as financial and other resources from IFF's historical core business and uncertainty with IFF's current customer and supplier relationships;
- loss of business as a result of changes in customer and/or competitor behaviors following the Frutarom acquisition, including IFF's inability to keep certain customer accounts of Frutarom who may be direct competitors to IFF, or IFF's need to deprioritize its business activities in certain markets based on market conditions;
- difficulties in achieving anticipated cost savings, synergies, business opportunities and growth prospects;

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- challenges arising from the expansion of IFF's product offerings into adjacencies with which IFF has limited experience, including functional foods and nutrition;
- the possibility of faulty assumptions underlying expectations regarding the integration;
- coordinating and integrating research and development teams across technologies and products to enhance product development while reducing costs;
- coordinating sales and marketing efforts to effectively position IFF's capabilities and the direction of product development;
- ensuring regulatory compliance, quality, safety and sustainability standards across an organization of increased scale and complexity;
- retaining and efficiently managing IFF's significantly expanded and decentralized customer base;
- the assumption of and exposure to unknown or contingent liabilities of Frutarom;
- unanticipated issues or higher than expected costs in consolidating and integrating corporate, information technology, finance and administrative infrastructures, and integrating and harmonizing business systems;
- combining and optimizing IFF's manufacturing facilities and global supply chain as well as leveraging customer relationships for cross-selling opportunities;
- aligning compliance, quality, as well as safety and sustainability standards across operations;
- aligning processes, policies, procedures, technologies, operations, employee benefits, information technologies and systems across operations;
- difficulties in managing a larger and more complex combined company, addressing differences in business culture and retaining key personnel; and
- managing tax costs or inefficiencies associated with integrating the operations of the combined company.

Some of these factors are outside of IFF's control and any one of them if not successfully managed could result in increased costs and diversion of management's time and energy, as well as reputational harm and decreases in the amount of expected revenue which could materially impact IFF's business, financial condition and results of operations. If the anticipated benefits from the Frutarom acquisition are not fully realized, or take longer to realize than expected, the value of the combined company's common stock, revenues, levels of expenses and results of operations may be adversely affected.

The Frutarom acquisition resulted, and may continue to result, in significant costs, charges or other liabilities that could adversely affect the financial results of IFF.

Following the acquisition of Frutarom, IFF's financial results were adversely affected by restructuring charges, cash expenses and non-cash accounting charges incurred in connection with the acquisition. IFF expects to record total pretax restructuring charges related to the Frutarom acquisition of approximately \$40 million to \$50 million, of which \$10.4 million was recorded since closing of the transaction through December 31, 2019, comprised of approximately \$6.1 million of severance and related benefit costs; \$0.5 million of asset write-downs and write-offs; and \$3.7 million of costs associated with exit and disposal activities. In addition, there are many processes, policies, procedures, operations, technologies and systems that are being integrated across IFF's organization that will result in costs, including financial advisory, tax, information technology, legal, consulting and other professional advisory fees associated with these integration activities. Costs and expenses incurred in connection with the integration limit resources that may otherwise be available for investment in research and development and capital expenditures.

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In connection with IFF's acquisition of Frutarom, IFF assumed all of Frutarom's liabilities, including unknown and contingent liabilities. Due to the nature of the transaction and the characteristics of Frutarom, IFF's ability to conduct extensive due diligence was limited and IFF may subsequently identify unknown liabilities, including those that Frutarom assumed in its prior acquisitions that are not currently probable or estimable. Prior to IFF's acquisition, Frutarom completed 47 acquisitions since 2011, including 22 since the beginning of 2016. If IFF does not properly assess the scope of these liabilities or if these liabilities are neither probable nor estimable at this time, IFF's future financial results could be adversely affected by unanticipated reserves or charges, unexpected litigation or regulatory exposure, unfavorable accounting charges, unexpected increases in taxes due, a loss of anticipated tax benefits or other adverse effects on IFF's business, operating results or financial condition.

IFF may fail to realize the expected cost savings and increased efficiencies from or stay within its estimated costs of the Frutarom integration and IFF's ongoing optimization of its manufacturing facilities may not be as effective as it anticipates.

IFF's ability to realize anticipated cost savings and synergies from the Frutarom manufacturing rationalization may be affected by a variety of factors which may impose significant risks to IFF and which may be out of IFF's control, including:

- IFF's ability to accurately estimate costs in multiple jurisdictions related to the consolidation, updating or closing of manufacturing facilities;
- IFF's ability to successfully and efficiently manufacture the relocated product lines at a different manufacturing facility;
- IFF's ability to effectively reduce overhead and integrate and retain employees of the relocated operations;
- difficulties in implementing and maintaining consistent standards, controls, procedures, policies and information systems;
- integrating newly acquired manufacturing, distribution and technology facilities;
- potential strains on IFF's personnel, systems and resources and diversion of attention from other priorities; and
- unforeseen or contingent liabilities of the relocated operations, including tax liabilities.

Actual charges, costs and adjustments arising from these activities may vary materially from IFF's estimates, and may require cash and non-cash integration and implementation costs or charges in excess of forecasted amounts, which could offset any such savings and other synergies and therefore could have an adverse effect on IFF's margins.

Furthermore, as part of IFF's ongoing strategy, IFF seeks to enhance its manufacturing efficiency and align its geographic manufacturing footprint with its expectations of future growth and technology needs. For example, IFF is in the process of relocating one of its Fragrance Ingredients facilities in China and constructing new facilities in India and Indonesia. In addition, in connection with the Frutarom integration, IFF is consolidating, updating and/or closing manufacturing facilities to achieve synergies and align its manufacturing footprint.

Failure to successfully establish and manage acquisitions, collaborations, joint ventures or partnerships could adversely affect the combined company's growth.

From time to time, IFF evaluates acquisition candidates that may strategically fit its business and/or growth objectives. If IFF is unable to successfully integrate and develop acquired businesses, the combined company could fail to achieve anticipated synergies and cost savings, including any expected increase in revenues and operating results, which could have a material adverse effect on the combined company's financial results. IFF may also incur asset impairment charges related to acquisitions that reduce its earnings.

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Additionally, IFF also evaluates and enters into collaborations, joint ventures or partnerships from time to time to enhance its research and development efforts or expand its product portfolios and technology. The process of establishing and maintaining collaborative relationships is difficult and time-consuming to negotiate, document and implement. The combined company may not be able to successfully negotiate such arrangements or the terms of the arrangements may not be as favorable as anticipated. Furthermore, the combined company's ability to generate revenues from such collaborations will depend on its partners' abilities and efforts to successfully perform the functions assigned to them in these arrangements and these collaborations may not lead to development or commercialization of products in the most efficient manner, or at all. In addition, from time to time, IFF has acquired, and the combined company may acquire, only a majority interest in companies and provided or may provide earnouts for the former owners along with the ability, at IFF's option, or obligation, at the former owners' option, to purchase the minority interests at a future date at an established price. These investments may have additional risks and may not be as efficient as other operations as IFF may have fiduciary or contractual obligations to the minority investors and may rely on former owners for the continuing operation of the acquired business. If the combined company is unable to successfully establish and manage these collaborative relationships and majority investments it could adversely affect the combined company's future growth.

Defects, quality issues, inadequate disclosure or misuse with respect to the products and capabilities of the combined company could adversely affect the business, reputation and financial statements of the combined company.

Defects in, quality issues with respect to or inadequate disclosure of risks relating to the combined company's products or the misuse of the combined company's products, could lead to lost profits and other economic damage, property damage, personal injury or other liability resulting in third-party claims, criminal liability, significant costs, damage to its reputation and loss of business. Any of these factors could adversely affect the business, financial condition and results of operations of the combined company.

IFF and the N&B Business operate in a highly competitive industry, and if IFF and the N&B Business are unable to compete effectively the combined company's sales and results of operations will suffer.

The markets in which IFF and the N&B Business compete are highly competitive. IFF and the N&B Business face vigorous competition from companies throughout the world, including multi-national and specialized flavors, fragrances, nutrition and specialty ingredients companies, as well as consumer product companies which may develop their own flavors, fragrances or ingredients. In the flavors industry, IFF also faces increasing competition from ingredient suppliers that have expanded their portfolios to include flavor offerings. Some of the competitors of IFF and the N&B Business specialize in one or more of the product sub-segments of IFF and the N&B Business, while others participate in many of IFF's or N&B Business' product sub-segments. In addition, some of IFF's and the N&B Business's global competitors may have more resources than the combined company or may have proprietary products that could permit them to respond to changing business and economic conditions more effectively than the combined company can. Consolidation of IFF's and the N&B Business's competitors may exacerbate these risks.

As IFF and the N&B Business continue to enter into adjacent markets, such as cosmetic ingredients, functional foods, specialty fine ingredients and nutrition products, the combined company may face greater competition-related risks in these markets than with IFF's core historic flavor and fragrances businesses. For example, the specialty fine ingredients market is more price sensitive than the flavors market and is characterized by relatively lower profit margins. Some fine ingredients products are less unique and more replaceable than competitors' products. There is no assurance that operating margins will remain at current levels, which could substantially impact the combined company's business, operating results and financial condition.

Competition in IFF's business and the N&B Business is based, among other things, on innovation, product quality, regulatory compliance, pricing, quality of customer service, the support provided by marketing and

application groups, and understanding of consumers. It is difficult for IFF and the N&B Business to predict the timing, scale and success of their competitors' actions in these areas. In particular, the discovery and development of new flavors and fragrance compounds and ingredients, protection of IFF's and the N&B Business's intellectual property and development and retention of key employees are critical to the ability to effectively compete in the combined company's business. Advancement in technologies have also enhanced the ability of IFF's and the N&B Business's competitors to develop substitutable products. Increased competition by existing or future competitors, including aggressive price competition, could result in the loss of sales, reduced pricing and margin pressure and could adversely impact the combined company's sales and profitability.

Failing to identify and make capital expenditures to achieve growth opportunities, being unable to make new concepts scalable, or failing to effectively and timely reinvest in the combined company's business operations, could result in the loss of competitive position and adversely affect the combined company's financial condition or results of operations.

If the combined company is unable to successfully market to its expanded and diverse Taste customer base, the combined company's operating results and future growth may be adversely affected.

As a result of IFF's acquisition of Frutarom, the number of its customers significantly increased and became more diverse. IFF's historical customer base was primarily comprised of large and medium-sized food, beverage and consumer products companies. As a result of the expansion of IFF's Tastepoint initiative and the Frutarom acquisition, and based on 2019 sales, IFF currently has approximately 38,000 customers, approximately 65% of which are small and mid-sized companies. This substantial increase in and diversity of IFF's customer base requires IFF to adjust, among other things, its product development, manufacturing, distribution, marketing, customer relationship and sales strategy as well as adapt corporate, information technology, finance and administrative infrastructures to support different go-to-market models. Following the Transactions, the combined company's customer base may increase further in number and become more diverse. The combined company may experience difficulty managing the growth of a portfolio of customers that is more diverse in terms of its geographical presence as well as with respect to the types of services they require and the infrastructure required to deliver its products. If the combined company is unable to successfully gain market share or maintain its relationships with these customers, the combined company's future growth could be adversely affected.

The combined company's success depends on attracting and retaining talented people within its business. Significant shortfalls in recruitment or retention could adversely affect the combined company's ability to compete and achieve its strategic goals.

Attracting, developing, and retaining talented employees is essential to the successful delivery of the combined company's products and success in the marketplace. Furthermore, as IFF and the N&B Business continue to focus on innovation, the combined company's need for scientists and other professionals will increase. The ability to attract and retain talented employees is critical in the development of new products and technologies which is an integral component of IFF's growth strategy for the combined company.

Competition for employees can be intense and if the combined company is unable to successfully integrate, motivate and reward the employees from the N&B Business or IFF's current employees in the combined company, the combined company may not be able to retain them. If the combined company is unable to retain these employees or attract new employees in the future, its ability to effectively compete with its competitors and to grow its business could be adversely affected.

A significant portion of the combined company's sales are expected to be generated from a limited number of large multi-national customers, which are currently under competitive pressures that may affect the demand for the combined company's products and profitability.

Some of IFF's and the N&B Business's largest customers, several of which are multi-national consumer products companies, collectively, account for a significant portion of IFF's and the N&B Business's sales in the aggregate.

Large multi-national customers' market share, especially in the consumer product industry, continues to be pressured by new smaller companies and specialty players that cater to or are more adept at adjusting to the latest consumer trends, including towards natural products and clean labels, changes in the retail landscape (including e-commerce and consolidation), and increased competition from private labels, which have resulted and may continue to result in decreased demand for our products by such multi-national customers and volume erosion, especially in IFF's Taste business. Furthermore, consolidations amongst IFF's and the N&B Business's customers have resulted in larger and more sophisticated customers with greater buying power and additional negotiating strength. If such trends continue, the combined company's sales could be adversely impacted if it is not able to replace these sales. In addition, large multi-national customers and, increasingly middle market customers, continue to utilize "core lists" of suppliers to improve margins and profitability. Typically, these "core list" suppliers are then given priority for new or modified products. Recently, these customers are making inclusion on their "core lists" contingent upon a supplier providing more favorable commercial terms, including rebates, which could adversely affect the combined company's margins. The combined company must either offer competitive cost-in-use solutions to secure and maintain inclusion on these "core lists" or seek to manage the relationship without being on the "core-list." If the combined company chooses not to pursue "core-list" status due to profitability concerns or if the combined company is unable to obtain "core-list" status, the combined company's ability to maintain its share of these customers' future purchases could be adversely affected and therefore the combined company's future results of operations.

The combined company may not successfully develop and introduce new products that meet its customers' needs, which may adversely affect the combined company's results of operations.

The combined company's ability to differentiate and deliver growth largely depends on the combined company's ability to successfully develop and introduce new products and product improvements that meet its customers' needs, and ultimately appeal to its consumers. Innovation is a key element of the combined company's ability to develop and introduce new products. IFF cannot be certain that it will be successful in achieving its innovation goals, such as the development of new molecules, new and expanded delivery systems and other technologies. Additionally, the N&B Business cannot be certain that it will be successful in achieving its innovation goals. In 2019, IFF spent approximately 6.7% of its sales on research and development; however this investment level may vary in the future if available resources to invest in research and development are limited due to its ongoing integration and restructuring efforts. The combined company's research and development investments may only generate future revenues to the extent that the combined company is able to develop products that meet its customers' specifications, are at an acceptable cost and achieve acceptance by its targeted consumer market. Furthermore, there may be significant lag times from the time the combined company incurs research and development costs to the time that these research and development costs may result in increased revenue. Consequently, even when the combined company "wins" a project, its ability to generate revenues as a result of these investments will be subject to numerous customer, economic and other risks that are outside of its control, including delays by its customers in the launch of a new product, the level of promotional support for the launch, poor performance of its third-party vendors, anticipated sales by its customers not being realized or changes in market preferences or demands, or disruptive innovations by competitors.

Natural disasters, public health crises (such as the recent coronavirus outbreak), international conflicts, terrorist acts, labor strikes, political crisis, accidents and other events could adversely affect the combined company's business and financial results by disrupting development, manufacturing, distribution or sale of the combined company's products.

As companies engaged in the global development, manufacture and distribution of products, IFF and the N&B Business are subject to the risks inherent in such activities, including industrial accidents, environmental events, strikes and other labor disputes, product quality control issues, safety, licensing requirements and other regulatory issues, as well as natural disasters, public health crises, such as pandemics or epidemics, international conflicts, terrorist acts and other external factors over which IFF and the N&B Business have no control.

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While IFF and the N&B Business operate research and development, manufacturing and distribution facilities throughout the world, many of these facilities are extremely specialized and certain of IFF's and the N&B Business's research and development or creative laboratories facilities are uniquely situated to support IFF's and the N&B Business's research and development efforts while certain of IFF's and the N&B Business's manufacturing facilities are the sole location where a specific ingredient or product is produced. If IFF's or the N&B Business's research and development activities or the manufacturing of ingredients or products were disrupted, the cost of relocating or replacing these activities or reformulating these ingredients or products may be substantial, which could result in production or development delays or otherwise have an adverse effect on the combined company's margins, operating results and future growth.

The extent to which the novel coronavirus (COVID-19), and measures taken in response to it, impact the N&B Business, its results of operations and its financial condition depends on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

The management of the N&B Business is actively monitoring the global impacts of COVID-19, including the impacts from responsive measures, and remains focused on its top priorities—the safety and health of its employees and the needs of its customers. The business and financial condition of the N&B Business, and the business and financial condition of its customers and suppliers, have been impacted by the significantly increased economic and demand uncertainties created by the COVID-19 outbreak. In addition, public and private sector responsive measures, such as the imposition of travel restrictions, quarantines, adoption of remote working, and suspension of non-essential business and government services, have impacted the N&B Business. Many of the facilities and employees of the N&B Business are based in areas impacted by the virus. The N&B Business's manufacturing sites are operating, although in some instances, the N&B Business has reduced or furloughed certain operations in response to government measures, employee welfare concerns and the impact of COVID-19 on the global demand and supply chain. For example, the N&B Business's manufacturing plants and offices in India were required to reduce operations as a result of government measures taken to contain the outbreak. The manufacturing operations of the N&B Business may be further adversely affected by impacts from COVID-19 including, among other things, additional government actions and other responsive measures, more and /or deeper supply chain disruptions, quarantines and health and availability of essential onsite personnel.

During the first half of 2020, N&B benefited from COVID-19 related demand in certain markets, principally health & wellness and home care markets as there was increased focus on health, immunity and cleanliness in response to COVID-19, which more than offset declines in demand in oil and gas and select industrial end-markets. Although management currently expects strong demand from certain markets to continue into the third quarter of 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic is expected to continue to adversely impact demand in oil and gas and select industrial end-markets. COVID-19 also continues to adversely impact the broader global economy, and the management of the N&B Business is unable to predict the extent of COVID-19 related impacts on the business, results of operations, and financial condition on the N&B Business which depend on highly uncertain and unpredictable future developments, including, but not limited to, the duration and spread of the COVID-19 outbreak, its severity, the actions to contain the virus or treat its impact, and how quickly and to what extent normal economic and operating conditions resume. The financial results of the N&B Business may be materially and adversely impacted by a variety of factors that have not yet been determined. In addition, until the consummation of the Transactions, the N&B Business will remain a part of DuPont. DuPont is taking actions, including reducing costs, restructuring actions, and delaying certain capital expenditures and non-essential spend, and may consider further reductions in or furloughing additional operations in response to further and/or deeper declines in demand and/or supply chain disruptions. There can be no guaranty that such actions will not also impact the N&B Business and there can be no guaranty that such actions will significantly mitigate the impact of COVID-19 on the business, results of operations or financial condition of the N&B Business. In addition, as a part of DuPont, the N&B Business relies on DuPont for access to capital. As COVID-19 continues to adversely impact the broader global economy, including negatively impacting economic growth and creating disruption and volatility in the global financial and capital markets, which increases the cost of capital and adversely impacts the availability of and access to capital, this could negatively affect DuPont's liquidity, which could in turn

negatively affect the business, results of operations and financial condition of the N&B Business. After the COVID-19 outbreak has subsided, the N&B Business may experience adverse impacts to its business, results of operations and financial condition as a result of related global economic impacts, including any recession that has occurred or may occur in the future, and such adverse impacts may be material.

The COVID-19 pandemic may materially and adversely impact IFF's operations, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

COVID-19 was identified in China in late 2019 and has spread globally. Government authorities, including those in countries where IFF has manufacturing and other operations, have taken various measures to try to contain this spread, such as the closure of non-essential businesses, reduced travel, the closure of retail establishments, the promotion of social distancing and remote working policies. These measures have impacted and may further impact IFF's workforce and operations, and the operations of its customers, vendors and suppliers.

The COVID-19 pandemic has subjected IFF's operations, financial condition and results of operations to a number of risks, including, but not limited to, those discussed below:

- *Operations-related risks:* IFF's manufacturing plants continue to operate world-wide in compliance with the orders and restrictions imposed by government authorities in each of IFF's locations, and IFF is working with its customers to meet their specific shipment needs. Most plants have begun to restore operations to historical levels, notwithstanding that certain restrictions imposed to achieve social distancing remain in place. Some of IFF's R&D and creative applications centers are operating on limited schedules or with a reduced workforce of essential employees as a result of certain safety measures implemented by IFF to limit the number of the on-site workforce.

The ability of IFF to continue to supply its products is highly dependent on its ability to maintain the safety of its workforce. The ability of employees to work may be significantly impacted by individuals contracting or being exposed to COVID-19, and IFF's operations and financial results may be negatively affected as a result. IFF has developed return-to-workplace protocols and mandatory site guidelines to continue to protect the health and safety of employees at each location and to promote an orderly and phased return for employees who have been working from home. While IFF is following the requirements of governmental authorities and taking additional preventative and protective measures to ensure the safety of its workforce, there can be no assurance that these measures will be successful, and to the extent that employees in IFF's manufacturing or distribution centers contract COVID-19, IFF may be required to temporarily close those facilities, which may result in reduced production hours, more rigorous cleaning processes and other preventative and protective measures for employees. Workforce disruptions of this nature may significantly impact IFF's ability to maintain its operations and may adversely impact its financial results.

Resolving such operational challenges has increased certain costs, such as labor, shipping, and cleaning, and the failure to resolve such challenges may result in IFF's inability to deliver products to its customers and reduce sales.

- *Supply chain-related risks:* IFF has experienced some disruption, primarily regarding distribution of certain raw materials and transport logistics in markets where governments have implemented the strictest regulations. More significant disruptions may occur if the COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact markets around the world. In addition, as a result of disruptions to IFF's supply chain, IFF is experiencing, and may continue to experience, increased costs for raw materials, shipping and transportation resources, which has negatively impacted, and may continue to negatively impact, IFF's margins and operating results.
- *Customer-related risks:* IFF is experiencing, and may continue to experience, changes in the demand and volume for certain of its products, including due to consumption or stocking behavior changes. For example, ingredients used in products sold mainly in retail outlets, such as fine fragrances or taste

products used in retail food services, have seen a decrease in demand as these outlets have closed due to COVID-19 related restrictions. In addition, IFF has received requests for extensions in payment terms from some customers in select markets whose products are experiencing reduced demand.

Although IFF does not currently anticipate any impairment charges related to COVID-19, the continuing effects of a prolonged pandemic could result in increased risk to IFF of asset write-downs and impairments, including, but not limited to, equity investments, goodwill and intangibles. Any of these events could potentially result in a material adverse impact on IFF's business and results of operations.

- *Market-related risks:* The funding obligations for IFF's pension plans will be impacted by the performance of the financial markets, particularly the equity markets and interest rates. Lower interest rates and lower expected asset valuations and returns can materially impact the calculation of long-term liabilities such as pension liabilities. In addition, the volatility in financial and commodities markets may have adverse impacts on other asset valuations such as the value of the investment portfolios supporting pension obligations. If the financial markets do not provide the long-term returns that are expected, IFF could be required to make larger contributions.

In addition to the risks noted above, COVID-19 may also heighten other risks described in IFF's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, including, but not limited to, risks related to a decrease in global demand for consumer products, manufacturing disruptions, disruption in the supply chain, price volatility for raw materials, level of indebtedness, currency fluctuations and impairment of long-lived assets. Further, the magnitude of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, including the extent of its impact on IFF's operating and financial results, will be determined by the length of time that the pandemic continues, and while government authorities' measures relating to COVID-19 may be relaxed if and when COVID-19 abates, these measures may be reinstated as the pandemic continues to evolve. The scope and timing of any such reinstatements are difficult to predict and may materially impact IFF's operations in the future. As COVID-19 continues to adversely impact the broader global economy, including negatively impacting economic growth and creating disruption and volatility in the global financial and capital markets, which increases the cost of capital and adversely impacts the availability of and access to capital, this could negatively affect IFF's liquidity, which could in turn negatively affect IFF's business, results of operations and financial condition. The COVID-19 pandemic may also affect IFF's operating and financial results in a manner that is not presently known to IFF or that IFF currently does not expect to present significant risks.

The COVID-19 pandemic may adversely impact the combined company's operations, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. The extent of such impact, which may be material, depends on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

Other than those risks related to the N&B Business currently being a part of DuPont, any of the risks noted above with respect to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on each of IFF and the N&B Business, individually, could result in an adverse impact on the combined company's operations, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition to the risks noted above with respect to IFF and the N&B Business, individually, the impacts of COVID-19 may also heighten other risks described in "Risks Related to the Combined Company's Business Following the Transactions", including, but not limited to, risks related to a decrease in global demand for consumer products, manufacturing disruptions, disruption in the supply chain, price volatility for raw materials, level of indebtedness, currency fluctuations and impairment of long-lived assets. As a general matter, the business and financial condition of the combined company may be impacted by the COVID-19 outbreak, including, but not limited to, as a result of significantly increased economic and demand uncertainties created by the COVID-19 outbreak, impacts on its customers and suppliers, and public and private sector responsive measures, such as the imposition of travel restrictions, quarantines, adoption of remote working, and suspension of non-essential business and government services. Further, the magnitude of the impact on the combined company from the economic impacts of COVID-19 (as well as the impact on the combined company from measures by government authorities to try to contain its spread), including the extent of any impact on the

combined company's operating and financial results, will be determined by the length of time that the pandemic and its economic effects continue, the evolving response of government authorities (which may relax measures relating to COVID-19 if and when COVID-19 abates, but then reinstate measures as the pandemic continues to evolve) and how quickly and to what extent normal economic and operating conditions resume. In particular, the scope and timing of any reinstatement by government authorities of measures to contain the spread of the virus, and the timing of and the extent to which normal economic and operating conditions will resume, are generally difficult to predict, and any reinstatement of measures to contain the spread of the virus by government authorities or delay in a return to normal economic and operating conditions may materially impact the combined company's operations in the future. The COVID-19 pandemic may also impact the combined company's operating and financial results in a manner that is not presently known to us or that we currently do not expect to present significant risks.

A disruption in the combined company's supply chain, including the inability to obtain ingredients and raw materials from third parties, could adversely affect the combined company's business and financial results.

In connection with IFF's and the N&B Business's manufacture of their fragrance and flavor products, IFF and the N&B Business often rely on third party suppliers for ingredients and raw materials that are integral to their manufacture of such compounds. IFF's and the N&B Business's purchases of raw materials are subject to fluctuations in market price and availability caused by weather conditions, climate change, as further discussed below, market conditions, governmental actions and other factors beyond the control of IFF and the N&B Business affecting IFF, the N&B Business and/or their suppliers. Import alerts or specific country regulations may impair or delay the combined company's ability to obtain sufficient quantity of certain ingredients, raw materials and naturals at the relevant manufacturing facility. In addition, IFF's and the N&B Business's ingredient or raw material suppliers are subject to risks, as applicable, inherent in agriculture, manufacturing and distribution on a global scale, including industrial accidents, environmental events, strikes and other labor disputes, disruptions in supply chain or information systems, disruption or loss of key research or manufacturing sites, product quality control, safety and environmental compliance issues, licensing requirements and other regulatory issues, as well as natural disasters, global or local health crisis, international conflicts, terrorist acts and other external factors over which they have no control. For example, as a result of the outbreak of COVID-19, the ability of IFF's and the N&B Business's suppliers and vendors to provide products and services to IFF and the N&B Business may be impaired or delayed. These suppliers also could become insolvent or experience other financial distress. For example, in 2017, a fire at the manufacturing facility of BASF Group ("BASF"), one of IFF's suppliers, caused them to declare a force majeure and has resulted in industry disruption due to the lack of availability of certain ingredients used in many fragrance compounds.

These risks are enhanced since IFF and the N&B Business often rely on a limited number of suppliers for particular ingredients. If the combined company's suppliers are unable to supply the combined company with sufficient quantities of ingredients and raw materials to meet its needs, the combined company would need to seek alternative sources of such materials or pursue its own production of such ingredients or direct acquisition of such raw materials. However, for certain of IFF's and the N&B Business's ingredients and raw materials they rely on a limited number of suppliers where there are not readily available alternatives. If the combined company is unable to obtain or manufacture alternative sources of such ingredients or raw materials at a similar cost, the combined company would seek to (i) reformulate its compounds and/or (ii) increase pricing to reflect the higher supply cost. However, if the combined company is not able to successfully implement any of these alternatives, the combined company could experience disruptions in production, increased cost of sales and a corresponding decrease in gross margin or reduced sales, especially if its competitors were able to more successfully adjust to such market disruption. At the same time, industry-wide supply disruptions, such as the one caused by the BASF incident, may lead to broader market shortages and sales volatility. There is uncertainty regarding the impact that such fluctuations and decrease in gross margin could have on the combined company, but it could have an adverse effect on the combined company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Volatility and increases in the price of raw materials, energy and transportation, including due to climate change, could harm the combined company's profits.

IFF uses many different raw materials for their businesses, particularly natural products, including essential oils, extracts and concentrates derived from fruits, vegetables, flowers, woods and other botanicals, animal products, raw fruits, organic chemicals and petroleum-based chemicals. The major commodities, raw materials and supplies for the N&B Business include: gelatin, glycols, cellulose processed grains (including dextrose and glucose), guar, locust bean gum, organic vegetable oils, peels, saccharides, seaweed, soybeans, and sugars and yeasts. IFF and the N&B Business have experienced price volatility with respect to raw materials. For example, there has been industry-wide price volatility of certain ingredients used in fragrance compounds due to the BASF incident and in 2019 IFF experienced increases in the prices of certain naturals. In addition, in connection with the outbreak of COVID-19, IFF and the N&B Business may experience price volatility of certain raw materials as a result of restrictions on travel and movement and other measures enacted by countries around the world to contain the spread of COVID-19.

Natural products represent approximately half of IFF's raw material spend, and IFF expects such volatility to continue in the near future. In addition, because the combined company offers a substantial number of natural product offerings and often relies on a limited number of suppliers for certain products, this risk may be exacerbated. There is growing evidence that carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases in the atmosphere may have an adverse impact on global temperatures, weather and precipitation patterns, growing and harvesting conditions, and the frequency and severity of extreme weather and natural disasters, such as floods, wildfires, droughts and water scarcity. To the extent such climate change effects have a negative impact on crop size and quality, it could impact the availability and pricing of these natural products. If the combined company is unable to increase the prices to the customers of its products to offset raw material and other input cost increases, or if the combined company is unable to achieve cost savings to offset such cost increases, the combined company could fail to meet its cost expectations and its profits and operating results could be adversely affected. Increases in prices of the combined company's products to customers may lead to declines in sales volumes, and the combined company may not be able to accurately predict the volume impact of price increases, which could adversely affect the combined company's financial condition and results of operations.

Similarly, commodities and energy prices are subject to significant volatility caused by, among other things, market fluctuations, supply and demand, currency fluctuations, production and transportation disruptions, climate change and weather conditions, and other world events. As IFF and the N&B Business source many of their raw materials globally to help ensure quality control, if the cost of energy, shipping or transportation increases and the combined company is unable to pass along these costs to its customers, its profit margins would be adversely affected. A majority of the revenue generated by N&B Business's Pharma Solutions segment, and to a lesser extent, the Food & Beverage and Health & Biosciences segments, is pursuant to contracts which are subject to renewal annually or allow price to be adjusted annually under certain circumstances, including changes in raw material costs. Furthermore, increasing the combined company's prices to its customers could result in long-term sales declines or loss of market share if its customers find alternative suppliers or choose to reformulate their consumer products to use fewer ingredients, which could have an adverse long-term impact on the combined company's results of operations. The combined company's ability to price its products competitively to timely reflect volatility in prices of raw material and ingredients is critical to maintain and grow its sales. If the combined company does not accurately estimate the amount of raw materials that will be used for the geographic region in which it will need these materials or competitively price its products, the combined company's margins could be adversely affected.

A significant data breach or other disruption to the combined company's information technology systems could disrupt its operations, result in the loss of confidential information or personal data, and adversely impact the combined company's reputation, business or results of operations.

IFF and the N&B Business rely on information technology systems, including some managed by third-party providers, to conduct business and support their business processes, including those relating to product formulas,

product development, manufacturing, sales, order and invoice processing, production, distribution, internal communications and communications with third parties throughout the world, processing transactions, summarizing and reporting results of operations, complying with regulatory, tax or legal requirements, and collecting and storing customer, supplier, employee and other stakeholder information. Cyber security incidents, data breaches and operational disruptions caused by cyberattacks or cyber-intrusions are constantly evolving in nature, becoming more sophisticated and are being made by groups and individuals with a wide range of expertise and motives including computer hackers, foreign governments, cyber terrorists, cyber criminals and malicious employees or other insiders. IFF, the N&B Business and their third-party providers are subject to risks posed by such incidents, which can take many forms, including code anomalies, “Acts of God,” data leakage, hardware or software failures, human error, cyber extortion, password theft or introduction of viruses, malware, ransomware, including through phishing emails.

A disruption to the combined company’s information technology systems could result in the loss of confidential business, customer, supplier or employee information, litigation or fines and may require substantial investigations, repairs or replacements, or impact the combined company’s ability to summarize and report financial results in a timely manner, resulting in significant financial, legal, and relational costs and potentially harming the combined company’s reputation and adversely impacting its operations, customer service and results of operations. Because IFF and the N&B Business do not currently have duplications of their information technology systems and IFF continues to work on upgrading and integrating Frutarom’s systems into IFF’s, these risks may be exacerbated. Additionally, a security or data breach could require the combined company to devote significant management and financial resources to address the problems created, and, as a result of the new private right of action provided for under the California Consumer Privacy Act (the “CCPA”), in the event of such breaches, additional private litigation against the combined company may result. These types of adverse impacts could also occur in the event the confidentiality, integrity or availability of company, customer, supplier or employee information are compromised due to a data loss by the combined company or a trusted third party. The combined company or the third parties with which the combined company shares information may not discover any such incidents and loss of information for a significant period of time after the incident occurs. While IFF and the N&B Business have security processes and initiatives in place, the combined company may be unable to detect or prevent a breach or disruption in the future. Additionally, while IFF and the N&B Business have insurance coverage designed to address certain aspects of cyber risks in place, such insurance coverage may be insufficient to cover all losses or all types of claims that may arise.

If the combined company fails to comply with data protection laws in the U.S. and abroad, it may be subject to fines, penalties and other costs.

Recently, there has also been heightened regulatory and enforcement focus on data protection in the U.S. (at both the state and federal level) and abroad, and an actual or alleged failure to comply with applicable U.S. or foreign data protection regulations or other data protection standards may expose the combined company to litigation (including, in some instances, class action litigation), fines, sanctions or other penalties, which could harm the combined company’s reputation and adversely impact its business, results of operations and financial condition. This regulatory environment is increasingly challenging and may present material obligations and risks to the combined company’s business, including significantly expanded compliance burdens, costs and enforcement risks. For example, the European Union’s General Data Protection Regulation (“GDPR”), which became effective in May 2018, greatly increases the jurisdictional reach of EU law and adds a broad array of requirements related to personal data, including individual notice and opt-out preferences and the public disclosure of significant data breaches. Additionally, violations of the GDPR can result in fines of as much as 4% of a company’s annual revenue. Other governments have enacted or are enacting similar data protection laws, including data localization laws that require data to stay within their borders. As of 2020, IFF and the N&B Business are also required to comply with certain additional requirements under the CCPA, which requires companies that process information on California residents to make new disclosures to consumers about their data collection, use and sharing practices, provide consumers with rights to access and delete information relating to them and allow consumers to opt out of certain data sharing with third parties. All of these evolving

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compliance and operational requirements, as well as the uncertain interpretation and enforcement of laws, impose significant costs and regulatory risks that are likely to increase over time. The combined company's failure to comply with these evolving regulations could expose it to fines, penalties and other costs that could adversely impact its financial results.

If the combined company is unable to comply with regulatory requirements and industry standards, including those regarding product safety, quality, efficacy and environmental impact, the combined company could incur significant costs and suffer reputational harm which could adversely affect results of operations.

The development, manufacture and sale of IFF's and the N&B Business's products are subject to various regulatory requirements in each of the countries in which their products are developed, manufactured and sold. In addition, IFF and the N&B Business are subject to product safety and compliance requirements established by governments, non-governmental organizations, including industry or similar oversight bodies, or contractually by their customers, including requirements concerning product safety, quality and efficacy, environmental impacts (including packaging, energy and water use and waste management) and other sustainability or similar issues. Changes to regulations or the implementation of additional regulations, especially in certain highly regulated markets served by the N&B Business such as regulatory modernization of food safety laws and evolving standards and regulations affecting pharmaceutical excipients, microbials, or in reaction to new or next-generation technologies, including advances in protein engineering, gene editing and gene mapping, or novel uses of existing technologies has required and may in the future require the N&B Business to reduce or remove certain ingredients, substances or processing aids from the product portfolio and may result in significant costs or capital expenditures or require changes in business practice that could result in reduced margins or profitability. IFF and the N&B Business use a variety of strategies, methodologies and tools to minimize the likelihood of product or process non-compliance with these regulations and standards by (i) identifying current product standards, (ii) assessing relative risks in our supply chain, (iii) monitoring internal and external performance and (iv) testing raw materials and finished goods. As concerns regarding safety, quality and environmental impact become more pressing, the combined company may see new, more restrictive regulations adopted that impact the combined company's products. For example, the European Chemicals Agency has proposed that the European Commission adopt a ban on microplastics, including those found in personal care items, detergents and cosmetics, to reduce plastics pollution. If this ban is adopted, the combined company will be required to modify our products and/or innovate new solutions to replace microplastics in its products. If the combined company is unable to adapt to these new regulations or standards in a cost effective and timely manner, the combined company may lose business to competitors who are able to provide compliant products.

Gaps in the combined company's operational processes or those of its suppliers or distributors can result in products that do not meet the combined company's quality control or industry standards or fail to comply with the relevant regulatory requirements, which in turn can result in finished consumer goods that do not comply with applicable standards and requirements. Products that are mislabeled, contaminated or damaged could result in a regulatory non-compliance event or even a product recall by the FDA or a similar foreign agency. IFF's and N&B's contracts often require indemnification of customers for the costs associated with a product non-compliance event, including penalties, costs and settlements arising from litigation, remediation costs or loss of sales. As the combined company's flavors and fragrance compounds and ingredients and its nutrition and health, food and beverage and pharma offerings are used in many products intended for human use or consumption, these consequences would be exacerbated if the combined company or its customer did not identify the defect before the product reaches the consumer and there was a resulting impact at the consumer level. Such a result could lead to potentially large scale adverse publicity, negative effects on consumer's health, recalls and potential litigation, fines, penalties, sanctions or other regulatory actions. In addition, if the combined company does not have adequate insurance or contractual indemnification from suppliers or other third parties, or if insurance or indemnification is not available, the liability relating to product or possible third-party claims arising from mislabeled, contaminated or damaged products could adversely affect its business, financial condition or results of operations. Furthermore, adverse publicity about the combined company's products, or its customers' products that contain its ingredients, including concerns about product safety or similar issues,

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whether real or perceived, could harm its reputation and result in an immediate adverse effect on the combined company's sales and customer relationships, as well as require the combined company to utilize significant resources to rebuild its reputation.

Increasing awareness of health and wellness are driving changes in the consumer products industry, and if the combined company is unable to react in a timely and cost-effective manner, its results of operations and future growth may be adversely affected.

The combined company must continually anticipate and react, in a timely and cost-effective manner, to changes in consumer preferences and demands, including changes in demand driven by increasing awareness of health and wellness and demands for transparency or cleaner labels with respect to product ingredients by consumers and regulators. Consumers, especially in developed economies such as the U.S. and Western Europe, are rapidly shifting away from products containing artificial ingredients to all-natural, healthier alternatives. In addition, there has been a growing demand by consumers, non-governmental organizations and, to a lesser extent, governmental agencies to provide more transparency in product labeling and our customers have been taking steps to address this demand, including by voluntarily providing product-specific ingredients disclosure. These two trends could affect the types and volumes of the combined company's ingredients and compounds that its customers include in their consumer product offerings and, therefore, affect the demand for its products. If the combined company is unable to react to or anticipate these trends in a timely and cost-effective manner, our results of operations and future growth may be adversely affected.

IFF and the N&B Business are subject to increasing customer, consumer and regulatory focus on sustainability issues, which may result in additional costs in order to meet new requirements or upgrade Frutarom's sustainability practices.

Federal, state, local and foreign governments, IFF's and the N&B Business's customers and consumers are becoming increasingly sensitive to sustainability issues. IFF and the N&B Business have committed to a sustainability strategy designed to meet this global trend. IFF is currently assessing its combined environmental footprint following the Frutarom acquisition, with the intent of identifying synergies, gaps and opportunities in our sustainability efforts.

As part of IFF's assessment so far, IFF has begun upgrading Frutarom's sustainability practices to better align them to its legacy IFF practices, and which may require significant costs and time to implement. IFF's assessment may reveal additional gaps between the legacy Frutarom operations and its sustainability practices and goals, which may require significant costs to remedy.

Despite IFF's and the N&B Business's efforts, the increased focus on sustainability may result in new regulations and customer requirements that could negatively affect the combined company. These could cause the combined company to incur additional direct costs or to make changes to its operations in order to comply with any new regulations and customer requirements. The combined company could also lose revenue if its customers divert business from the combined company because it has not complied with their sustainability requirements or if the combined company is not successful in improving Frutarom's sustainability metrics. These potential costs, changes and loss of revenue could have a material adverse effect on the combined company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

IFF and the N&B Business have investments in and continue to expand their business into emerging markets, which exposes the combined company to certain risks.

As part of IFF's and the N&B Business's growth strategy, IFF and the N&B Business have increased their presence in emerging markets by expanding their manufacturing presence, sales organization and product offerings in these markets, and IFF and the N&B Business expect to continue to expand their businesses in these markets. With IFF's acquisition of Frutarom in 2018, which also had a significant presence in emerging markets,

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IFF's business in these markets has meaningfully grown. In addition to the currency and international risks described below, IFF's and the N&B Business's operations in these markets may be subject to a variety of other risks. Emerging markets typically have a consumer base with limited or fluctuating disposable income and customer demand in these markets may fluctuate accordingly. As a result, decrease in customer demand in emerging markets may have an adverse effect on the combined company's ability to execute its growth strategy.

Further, there is no assurance that IFF's and the N&B Business's existing products, variants of their existing products or new products that the combined company makes, manufactures, distributes or sells will be accepted or be successful in any particular developing or emerging market, due to local or global competition, product price, cultural differences, consumer preferences or otherwise. In addition, emerging markets may have weak legal systems which may affect the combined company's ability to enforce its intellectual property and contractual rights, exchange controls, unstable governments and privatization or other government actions that may affect taxes, subsidies and incentive programs and the flow of goods and currency. In conducting IFF's and the N&B Business's business, IFF and the N&B Business move products from one country to another and may provide services in one country from a subsidiary located in another country. Accordingly, IFF and the N&B Business are vulnerable to abrupt changes in trade, customs and tax regimes in these markets. If the combined company is unable to expand its business in developing and emerging markets, effectively operate, or manage the risks associated with operating in these markets, or achieve the return on capital it expects from its investments in these markets, the combined company's operating results and future growth could be adversely affected.

The impact of currency fluctuation or devaluation in the international markets in which the combined company operates may negatively affect the combined company's results of operations.

IFF and the N&B Business have significant operations outside the U.S., the results of which are reported in the local currency and then translated into U.S. dollars at applicable exchange rates for inclusion in their consolidated financial statements. The exchange rates between these currencies and the U.S. dollar have fluctuated and will continue to do so in the future. For example, as of July 1, 2018, IFF concluded that Argentina's economy is highly inflationary under GAAP, as it has experienced cumulative inflation of approximately 100% or more over a three-year period. While IFF's current operations in Argentina represent less than 3% of its consolidated net sales and less than 1% of its consolidated total assets, continuing inflation in Argentina could adversely affect the combined company's profitability in a specific period. Changes in exchange rates between these local currencies and the U.S. dollar will affect the recorded levels of sales, profitability, assets and/or liabilities. Additionally, volatility in currency exchange rates may adversely impact the combined company's financial condition, cash flows or liquidity. Although the combined company expects to employ a variety of techniques to mitigate the impact of exchange rate fluctuations, including sourcing strategies and a limited number of foreign currency hedging activities, it cannot guarantee that such hedging and risk management strategies will be effective, and its results of operations could be adversely affected.

International economic, political, legal, compliance and business factors could negatively affect the financial statements, operations and growth of the combined company.

The combined company will operate on a global basis, with manufacturing and sales facilities in the U.S., Europe, Africa, the Middle East, Latin America and Greater Asia, and is expected to continue to expand its international operations. As a result, the business of the combined company will be increasingly exposed to risks inherent in international operations. These risks, which can vary substantially by location, include the following:

- governmental laws, regulations and policies adopted to manage national economic and macroeconomic conditions, such as increases in taxes, austerity measures that may impact consumer spending, monetary policies that may impact inflation rates, employment regulations, currency fluctuations or controls and sustainability of resources;
- changes in environmental, health and safety regulations, such as the continued implementation of the European Union's REACH regulations and similar regulations that are being evaluated and adopted in

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other markets, and the burdens and costs of the combined company's compliance with such regulations which may differ significantly across jurisdictions;

- increased environmental, health and safety regulations or the loss of necessary environmental permits in certain countries;
- the imposition of or changes in customs, tariffs, quotas, trade barriers, other trade protection measures, import or export licensing requirements, and sanctions on trade with certain countries, imposed by the U.S. or other countries, which could adversely affect the combined company's cost or ability to import raw materials or export the combined company's products to surrounding markets;
- risks and costs arising from the combined company's ability to cater to local demand and customer preferences, language and cultural differences;
- changes in the laws and policies that govern foreign investment in the countries in which the combined company operates, including the risk of expropriation or nationalization, the costs and ability to repatriate the profit that the combined company generates in these countries;
- risks and costs associated with complying with anti-money laundering and counter-terrorism financing laws;
- risks and costs associated with political and economic instability, bribery and corruption, anti-American sentiment, and social and ethnic unrest in the countries in which the combined company operates;
- difficulty in recruiting and retaining trained local personnel;
- natural disasters, global or local health crisis (such as the recent coronavirus outbreak), pandemics, epidemics or international conflicts, including terrorist acts, political crisis, national and regional labor strikes in the countries in which the combined company operates, which could endanger the combined company's personnel, interrupt its operations or adversely affect the demand for its products, the results of certain regions or the combined company's global supply chain; or
- the risks of operating in developing or emerging markets in which there are significant uncertainties regarding the interpretation, application and enforceability of laws and regulations and the enforceability of contract rights and intellectual property rights.

The occurrence of any one or more of these factors could increase the combined company's costs, and adversely affect the results of the combined company's operations.

Failure to comply with environmental protection laws may cause the combined company to close, relocate or operate one or more of its plants at reduced production levels, and expose the combined company to civil or criminal liability, which could adversely affect the combined company's operating results and future growth.

The business operations and properties of IFF and the N&B Business procure, make use of, manufacture, sell, and distribute substances that are sometimes considered hazardous and are therefore subject to extensive and increasingly stringent federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations pertaining to protection of the environment, including air emissions, sewage discharges, the use of hazardous materials, waste disposal practices and clean-up of existing environmental contamination.

Failure to comply with these laws and regulations or any future changes to them may result in significant consequences to the combined company, including the need to close or relocate one or more of its production facilities, administrative, civil and criminal penalties, fines, sanctions, litigation, costly remediation measures, liability for damages and negative publicity. If the combined company is unable to meet production requirements, it can lose customer orders, which can adversely affect the combined company's future growth or the combined company may be required to make incremental capital investments to ensure supply. For example,

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IFF recently completed negotiations with the Chinese government concerning the relocation of a second Fragrance facility in China. Idling of facilities or production modifications has caused or may cause customers to seek alternate suppliers due to concerns regarding supply interruptions and these customers may not return or may order at reduced levels even once issues are remediated. If these non-compliance issues reoccur in China or occur in any other jurisdiction, IFF may lose business and may be required to incur capital spending above previous expectations, close a plant, or operate a plant at significantly reduced production levels on a permanent basis, and the combined company's operating results and cash flows from operations may be adversely affected.

The combined company's performance may be adversely impacted if it is not successful in managing its inventory and/or working capital balances.

IFF and the N&B Business evaluate their inventory balances of materials based on shelf life, expected sourcing levels, known uses and anticipated demand based on forecasted customer order activity and changes in their product/sales mix. Efficient inventory management is a key component of their business success, financial returns and profitability. To be successful, the combined company must maintain sufficient inventory levels and an appropriate product/sales mix to meet its customers' demands, without allowing those levels to increase to such an extent that the costs associated with storing and holding other inventory adversely impact its financial results. If the combined company's buying decisions do not accurately predict sourcing levels, customer trends or its expectations about customer needs are inaccurate, the combined company may have to take unanticipated markdowns or impairment charges to dispose of the excess or obsolete inventory, which can adversely impact its financial results. Additionally, excess inventory levels of raw materials with a short shelf life in its manufacturing facilities subjects the combined company to the risk of increased inventory shrinkage. If the combined company is not successful in managing its inventory balances and shrinkage, its results of and cash flows from operations may be negatively affected.

IFF and the N&B Business sell certain accounts receivable on a non-recourse basis to unrelated financial institutions under "factoring" agreements that are sponsored, solely and individually, by certain customers. The cost of participating in these programs was immaterial to IFF's and the N&B Business's results in all periods. Should the combined company choose not to participate, or if these programs were no longer available, it could reduce the combined company's cash flows from operations in the period in which the arrangement ends.

The combined company could be adversely affected by violations of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act or similar U.S. or foreign anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws and regulations in the jurisdictions in which it operates.

The global nature of IFF's and the N&B Business's business, the significance of their international revenue and their focus on emerging markets create various domestic and local regulatory challenges and subject IFF and the N&B Business to risks associated with their international operations. The U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, or FCPA, and similar anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws and regulations in other countries generally prohibit companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments to foreign officials for the purpose of obtaining or keeping business or for other commercial advantage. In addition, U.S. public companies are required to maintain records that accurately and fairly represent their transactions and have an adequate system of internal accounting controls. Under the FCPA, U.S. companies may be held liable for the corrupt actions taken by directors, officers, employees, agents, or other strategic or local partners or representatives. As such, if IFF, the N&B Business or their intermediaries fail to comply with the requirements of the FCPA or similar legislation, governmental authorities in the U.S. and elsewhere could seek to impose substantial civil and/or criminal fines and penalties which could have a material adverse effect on the combined company's business, reputation, operating results and financial condition.

IFF and the N&B Business operate, or the combined company may pursue opportunities, in some jurisdictions, such as China, India, Brazil, Russia and Africa, that pose potentially elevated risks of fraud or corruption or increased risk of internal control issues. In certain jurisdictions, compliance with anti-bribery laws may conflict

with local customs and practices. From time to time, IFF and the N&B Business have conducted and will conduct internal investigations of the relevant facts and circumstances, control testing and compliance reviews, and take remedial actions, when appropriate, to help ensure that IFF and the N&B Business are in compliance with applicable corruption and similar laws and regulations. For example, in August 2019, during the integration of Frutarom, IFF was made aware of allegations that two Frutarom businesses operating principally in Russia and Ukraine made certain improper payments, including to representatives of a number of customers. IFF's investigation substantiated the allegations that improper payments to representatives of customers were made and that key members of Frutarom's senior management at the time were aware of such payments. IFF did not uncover any evidence suggesting that such payments had any connection to the U.S. In addition, Frutarom grew through rapid acquisition and, as part of its integration efforts, IFF is implementing its anti-corruption and similar policies throughout a number of those acquired companies, many of which were not previously subject to these U.S. laws.

Detecting, investigating and resolving actual or alleged violations of the FCPA or other anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws and regulations is expensive, could consume significant time and attention of the combined company's senior management and could subject the combined company to investigations and inquiries by governmental and other regulatory bodies. Any allegations of non-compliance with such laws and regulations could have a disruptive effect on the combined company's operations in such jurisdiction, including interruptions of business or loss of third-party relationships, which may negatively impact the combined company's results of operations or financial condition. Any determination that the combined company's operations or activities are not in compliance with such laws and regulations could expose the combined company to severe criminal or civil penalties or other sanctions, significant fines, termination of necessary licenses and permits, and penalties or other sanctions that may harm the combined company's business and reputation.

Any impairment of IFF's tangible or intangible long-lived assets, including goodwill, may adversely impact the combined company's profitability.

A significant portion of IFF's assets consists of long-lived assets, including tangible assets such as IFF's manufacturing facilities, and intangible assets, including goodwill. As a result of numerous recent acquisitions, including the 2018 acquisition of Frutarom, as of December 31, 2019, IFF had recorded approximately \$8.3 billion of intangible assets and goodwill, including \$4.3 billion of goodwill associated with the acquisition of Frutarom. The combined company's results of operations and financial position in future periods could be negatively impacted should future impairments of IFF's long-lived assets, including intangible assets or goodwill occur.

At least annually, IFF assesses both goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. IFF tests for impairment by comparing the estimated fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, IFF records an impairment charge based on the difference of the two. Long-lived assets are also tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. Such events and changes in circumstances could include a sustained decrease in IFF's market capitalization, increased competition or unexpected loss of market share, increased input costs beyond projections (for example due to regulatory or industry changes), IFF's inability to recognize the anticipated benefits of acquisitions, unexpected business disruptions (for example due to a natural disaster, public health crises, such as pandemics or epidemics or loss of a customer, supplier, or other significant business relationship), acts by governments and courts, operating results falling short of projections, or significant adverse changes in the markets in which IFF operates.

Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions, estimates and market factors. Estimating the fair value of reporting units requires IFF to make assumptions and estimates regarding its business performance, future plans, future annual net cash flows, income tax considerations, discount rates, growth rates, and based on industry, economic, regulatory conditions and other market factors. To the extent any of IFF's acquisitions, including the acquisition of Frutarom, do not perform as

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anticipated and IFF's underlying assumptions and estimates related to their fair value determination are not met, whether due to internal or external factors, the value of such assets may be negatively affected and the combined company may be required to record impairment charges.

The combined company's ability to compete effectively depends on the combined company's ability to protect IFF's or the N&B Business's intellectual property rights.

IFF and the N&B Business rely on patents and trade secrets to protect their respective intellectual property rights. IFF and the N&B Business often rely on trade secrets to protect its proprietary fragrance and flavor formulations, as well as its extract methodologies, and processes for its nutrition, natural colors for food and natural antioxidants for food protection, as this does not require IFF or the N&B Business to publicly file information regarding its intellectual property. From time to time, a third party may claim that IFF or the N&B Business have infringed upon or misappropriated their intellectual property rights, or a third party may infringe upon or misappropriate IFF's and the N&B Business's intellectual property rights. The combined company could incur significant costs in connection with legal actions to assert IFF's and the N&B Business's intellectual property rights against third parties or to defend the combined company from third-party assertions of invalidity, infringement, misappropriation or other claims. Any settlement or adverse judgment resulting from such litigation could require the combined company to obtain a license to continue to use the intellectual property rights that are the subject of the claim, or otherwise restrict or prohibit the combined company's use of such intellectual property rights. Any required licenses may not be available to the combined company on acceptable terms, if at all. For those intellectual property rights that are protected as trade secrets, this litigation could result in even higher costs, and potentially the loss of certain rights, since IFF and the N&B Business would not have a perfected intellectual property right that precludes others from making, using or selling their products or processes. The ongoing trend among IFF's and the N&B Business's customers towards more transparent labeling could further diminish the combined company's ability to effectively protect its proprietary flavor formulations.

IFF and the N&B Business vigilantly protect their respective intellectual property rights, including trade secrets. IFF and the N&B Business have designed and implemented internal controls intended to restrict access to and distribution of their respective intellectual property. Despite these precautions, N&B's intellectual property is vulnerable to unauthorized access through employee error or actions, theft and cybersecurity incidents, and other security breaches. When unauthorized access and use or counterfeit products are discovered, DuPont considers the matter for report to governmental authorities for investigation, as appropriate, and takes measures to mitigate any potential impact. Protecting intellectual property related to biotechnology is particularly challenging because theft is difficult to detect and biotechnology can be self-replicating. Accordingly, the impact of such theft can be significant.

For intellectual property rights that IFF and the N&B Business seek to protect through patents, IFF and the N&B Business cannot be certain that these rights, if obtained, will not later be opposed, invalidated, or circumvented. In addition, even if such rights are obtained in the U.S., the laws of some of the other countries in which IFF's and the N&B Business's products are or may be sold do not protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as the laws of the US. If other parties were to infringe on IFF's or the N&B Business's intellectual property rights, or if their intellectual property rights were the subject of unauthorized access leading to competitive pressure or if a third party successfully asserted that IFF or the N&B Business had infringed on their intellectual property rights, it could materially and adversely affect the combined company's future results of operations by, among other things, (i) reducing the price that the combined company could obtain in the marketplace for products which are based on such rights, (ii) increasing the royalty or other fees that the combined company may be required to pay in connection with such rights, (iii) limiting the volume, if any, of such products that the combined company can sell or (iv) resulting in significant litigation costs and potential liability.

The combined company's results of operations may be negatively impacted by the outcome of uncertainties related to litigation.

From time to time IFF and the N&B Business are involved in a number of legal claims, regulatory investigations and litigation, including claims related to intellectual property, product liability, environmental matters and indirect taxes. For instance, product liability claims may arise due to the fact that IFF supplies flavors and fragrances to the food and beverage, functional food, pharma/nutraceutical and personal care industries. IFF's and the N&B Business's manufacturing and other facilities may expose them to environmental claims and regulatory investigations. In addition, as IFF expands its product offering into functional food, nutraceuticals, and natural antioxidants, IFF may also be subject to claims of false or deceptive advertising claims in the U.S., Europe and other foreign jurisdictions in which IFF offers these types of products. These claims can arise as a result of function claims, health claims, nutrient content claims and other claims that impermissibly suggest therapeutic benefits for certain foods or food components. The cost of defending these claims or IFF's obligations for direct damages and indemnification if IFF were found liable could adversely affect the combined company's results of operations.

As a result of the acquisition of Frutarom, IFF assumed a number of legal claims, regulatory investigations and litigation and IFF may become involved in additional actions in the future arising from the acquired operations. Specifically, as Frutarom has a significantly greater number of facilities that are located globally and a significantly larger number of customers, IFF's exposure to these types of environmental claims, product liability claims and regulatory investigations may increase. This could result in an increase in the combined company's cost for defense or settlement of claims or indemnification obligations if the combined company were to be found liable in excess of IFF's historical experience.

In addition, IFF is also the subject of a putative shareholder class action lawsuit filed in August 2019 after IFF disclosed that preliminary results of investigations indicated that Frutarom businesses operating principally in Russia and Ukraine had made improper payments to representatives of customers.

The combined company's insurance may not be adequate to protect it from all material expenses related to pending and future claims and IFF's and the N&B Business's current levels of insurance may not be available in the future at commercially reasonable prices. Any of these factors could adversely affect the combined company's profitability and results of operations.

IFF's and the N&B Business's funding obligations for their respective pension and postretirement plans could adversely affect the combined company's earnings and cash flows.

The funding obligations for IFF's and the N&B Business's pension plans are impacted by the performance of the financial markets, particularly the equity markets and interest rates. Funding obligations are determined under government regulations and are measured each year based on the value of assets and liabilities on a specific date. If the financial markets do not provide the long-term returns that are expected under the governmental funding calculations, IFF and the N&B Business could be required to make larger contributions. The equity markets can be very volatile, and therefore IFF's and the N&B Business's estimate of future contribution requirements can change dramatically in relatively short periods of time. Similarly, changes in interest rates and legislation enacted by governmental authorities can impact the timing and amounts of contribution requirements. An adverse change in the funded status of the plans could significantly increase IFF's and the N&B Business's required contributions in the future and adversely impact the combined company's liquidity.

Assumptions used in determining projected benefit obligations and the fair value of plan assets for pension and other postretirement benefit plans are determined by IFF and the N&B Business in consultation with outside consultants and advisors. If it is determined that changes are warranted in the assumptions used, such as the discount rate, expected long-term rate of return on assets, or expected health care costs, the combined company's future pension and postretirement benefit expenses could increase or decrease. Due to changing market

conditions or changes in the participant population, the assumptions that were used may differ from actual results, which could have a significant impact on the combined company's pension and postretirement liabilities and related costs and funding requirements.

Changes in the tax rates, the adoption of new U.S. or international tax legislation, or changes in existing tax laws could expose the combined company to additional tax liabilities that may affect the combined company's future results.

IFF and the N&B Business are subject to taxes in the U.S. and numerous foreign jurisdictions. The combined company's future effective tax rates could be affected by changes in the mix of earnings in countries with differing statutory tax rates, changes in the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, changes in liabilities for uncertain tax positions, cost of repatriations or changes in tax laws or their interpretation. Any of these changes could have a material adverse effect on the combined company's profitability.

IFF and the N&B Business have and will continue to implement transfer pricing policies among their various operations located in different countries. These transfer pricing policies are a significant component of the management and compliance of operations across international boundaries and overall financial results. Many countries routinely examine transfer pricing policies of taxpayers subject to their jurisdiction, challenge transfer pricing policies aggressively where there is potential non-compliance and impose significant interest charges and penalties where non-compliance is determined. However, governmental authorities could challenge these policies more aggressively in the future and, if challenged, the combined company may not prevail. The combined company could suffer significant costs related to one or more challenges to the combined company's transfer pricing policies.

IFF and the N&B Business are subject to the continual examination of their income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service, state tax authorities and foreign tax authorities in those countries in which IFF and the N&B Business operate, and the combined company may be subject to assessments or audits in the future in any of the countries in which it operates. The final determination of tax audits and any related litigation could be materially different from IFF's or the N&B Business's historical income tax provisions and accruals, and while the results that follow are not expected to have a material adverse effect on their financial condition, such results could have a material effect on the combined company's income tax provision, net income or cash flows in the period or periods in which that determination is made.

In addition, a number of international legislative and regulatory bodies have proposed legislation and begun investigations of the tax practices of multi-national companies and, in the European Union, the tax policies of certain European Union member states. One of these efforts has been led by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, an international association of 34 countries including the U.S., which has finalized recommendations to revise corporate tax, transfer pricing, and tax treaty provisions in member countries. Since 2013, the European Commission ("EC") has been investigating tax rulings granted by tax authorities in a number of European Union member states with respect to specific multi-national corporations to determine whether such rulings comply with European Union rules on state aid, as well as more recent investigations of the tax regimes of certain European Union member states. Under European Union law, selective tax advantages for particular taxpayers that are not sufficiently grounded in economic realities may constitute impermissible state aid. If the EC determines that a tax ruling or tax regime violates the state aid restrictions, the tax authorities of the affected European Union member state may be required to collect back taxes for the period of time covered by the ruling. In late 2015 and early 2016, the EC declared that tax rulings, related to other companies, by tax authorities in Luxembourg, the Netherlands and Belgium did not comply with the European Union state aid restrictions. If the EC or tax authorities in other jurisdictions were to successfully challenge tax rulings applicable to the combined company in any of the member states in which it is subject to taxation or the combined company's internal intercompany arrangements, the combined company could be exposed to increased tax liabilities.

In December 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act") that significantly revised the U.S. tax code effective January 1, 2018 by,

among other things, lowering the corporate income tax rate from a top marginal rate of 35% to a flat 21%, limiting deductibility of interest expense and performance based incentive compensation, transitioning to a territorial system and creating new taxes associated with global operations. The Tax Act impacted IFF's consolidated results of operations during 2018 and 2019 and is expected to continue to impact the combined company's consolidated results of operations in future periods. In future periods, the combined company expects that its effective tax rate will be impacted by the lower U.S. corporate tax rate that will initially be offset by the elimination of the deductibility of performance-based incentive compensation, and other provisions of the Tax Act that may impact the combined company prospectively. However, the ultimate impact of the Tax Act will depend on additional regulatory or accounting guidance that may be issued with respect to the Tax Act and any operating and structural changes that the combined company may undertake to permit it to benefit from the new, lower U.S. tax rate prospectively. This could adversely affect the combined company's results of operations.

The combined company's business may be negatively impacted as a result of the United Kingdom's departure from the European Union.

IFF and the N&B Business currently manufacture goods in the United Kingdom for distribution in the European Union and vice-versa and therefore may be adversely affected as a result of the United Kingdom's departure from the European Union ("Brexit") in 2020. The impact of the withdrawal could, among other outcomes, exacerbate the disruption of the free movement of goods, services and people between the United Kingdom and the European Union, undermine bilateral cooperation in key geographic areas and significantly disrupt trade between the United Kingdom and the European Union or other nations as the United Kingdom pursues independent trade relations. In addition, Brexit has caused legal uncertainty, which could last indefinitely, and may potentially create divergent national laws and regulations as the United Kingdom determines which European Union laws to replace or replicate. Given the lack of comparable precedent, it is unclear what the financial, trade and legal implications of the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union will be and how the withdrawal will affect the combined company. Adverse consequences concerning Brexit or the European Union could include deterioration in global economic conditions, instability in global financial markets, political uncertainty, volatility in currency exchange rates, or adverse changes in the cross-border agreements currently in place, any of which could have an adverse impact on the combined company's financial results in the future.

The expected phase out of the London Interbank Office Rate ("LIBOR") could impact the interest rates paid on the combined company's variable rate indebtedness and cause the combined company's interest expense to increase.

In 2017, the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates LIBOR, announced that it intends to phase out LIBOR by the end of 2021. Currently there is no definitive information regarding the future utilization of LIBOR or of any particular replacement rate. Borrowings under IFF's revolving credit facility and term loan are at variable interest rates based on LIBOR. If LIBOR is no longer available, or if the combined company's lenders have increased costs due to changes in LIBOR, the combined company may need to amend its debt facilities to replace LIBOR with an agreed upon replacement index, which could result in higher rates and adversely impact the combined company's interest expense.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus (including information included or incorporated by reference herein) and other materials IFF, DuPont and N&B have filed or will file with the SEC contain, or will contain, forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements often address expected future business and financial performance and financial condition, and often contain words such as “expect,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” “seek,” “see,” “will,” “would,” “target,” similar expressions, and variations or negatives of these words. Forward-looking statements by their nature address matters that are, to different degrees, uncertain, such as statements about the Transactions, the expected timetable for completing the Transactions, the benefits and synergies of the Transactions, future opportunities for the combined company and its products and any other statements regarding DuPont’s, IFF’s and N&B’s future operations, financial or operating results, capital allocation, dividend policy, debt ratio, anticipated business levels, future earnings, planned activities, anticipated growth, market opportunities, strategies, competitions, and other expectations and targets for future periods. These and other forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future results and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements. There are several factors which could cause actual plans and results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to:

- the ability of DuPont, N&B and IFF to receive regulatory approvals required to complete the Transactions, or such required approvals delaying the Transactions or resulting in the imposition of conditions that could have a material adverse effect on the combined company or causing the companies to abandon the Transactions;
- the impact of any divestitures that may be required as a condition to consummation of the Transactions as well as other conditional commitments;
- risks associated with third party contracts containing consent and/or other provisions that may be triggered by the Transactions;
- other conditions to the closing of the Transactions not being satisfied;
- a material adverse change, event or occurrence affecting IFF or the N&B Business prior to the closing of the Transactions delaying the Transactions or causing the companies to abandon the Transactions;
- the integration of the N&B Business and IFF being more difficult, time consuming or costly than expected, which may result in the combined company not operating as effectively and efficiently as expected;
- inherent uncertainties involved in the estimates and judgments used in the preparation of financial statements and the providing of estimates of financial measures, in accordance with GAAP and related standards, or on an adjusted basis;
- IFF’s ability to achieve the expected benefits, synergies and operating efficiencies expected to result from the Transactions in the estimated amounts and within the anticipated time frame, if at all;
- the possibility that the Transactions may involve other unexpected costs, liabilities or delays;
- the parties’ ability to meet expectations regarding the timing, completion and accounting and tax treatment of the Transactions;
- risks and costs and pursuit and/or implementation of the Separation, including timing anticipated to complete the Separation, any changes to the configuration of businesses included in the Separation if implemented;
- the possibility that the failure to complete the Transactions could adversely affect the market price of DuPont or IFF common stock as well as each of DuPont’s, N&B’s and IFF’s business, financial condition and results of operations;

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- the possibility that if completed, the Transactions may not be successful or achieve their anticipated benefits;
- the businesses and market price of the common stock of each respective company being negatively impacted as a result of uncertainty surrounding the Transactions;
- disruptions from the Transactions harming relationships with customers, employees or suppliers;
- risks related to the value of IFF's shares to be issued in the Transactions and uncertainty as to the long-term value of IFF common stock and DuPont common stock;
- risks associated with potential litigation related to the Transactions that could be instituted against DuPont, IFF or their respective directors;
- the effect of economic conditions in the industries and markets in which IFF and the N&B Business operate in the U.S. and globally and any changes therein, including financial market conditions, fluctuations in commodity prices, interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates, levels of end market demand, the impact of weather conditions, natural disasters, public health issues, epidemics and pandemics, including COVID-19, or the fear of such events, and the financial condition of IFF's and N&B's customers and suppliers;
- the potential inability or reduced access to the capital markets or increased cost of borrowings, including as a result of a credit rating downgrade;
- the risk that N&B, as a newly formed entity that currently has no credit rating, will not have access to the capital markets on acceptable terms;
- uncertainties regarding future prices, industry capacity levels and demand for each company's products, raw materials and energy costs and availability, changes in governmental regulations or the adoption of new laws or regulations that may make it more difficult or expensive to operate each company's businesses or manufacture its products before or after the Transactions, each company's ability to achieve expected or targeted future financial and operating performance and results before and after the Transactions, future economic conditions in the specific industries to which its respective products are sold and global economic conditions;
- future levels of indebtedness, including significant indebtedness expected to be incurred in connection with the Transactions, future compliance with debt covenants and the degree to which IFF will be leveraged following completion of the Transactions each of which may materially and adversely affect the combined company's business, financial condition and results of operations;
- IFF and N&B may be unable to timely obtain or consummate the financing or refinancing required in connection with the Transactions upon acceptable terms or at all;
- the effect of changes in political conditions in the U.S. and other countries in which IFF and N&B operate, including the effect of changes in U.S. trade policies or the U.K.'s withdrawal from the EU, on general market conditions, global trade policies and currency exchange rates in the near term and beyond;
- the risk that natural disasters, public health issues, epidemics and pandemics, including COVID-19, or the fear of such events, could provoke responses that cause delays in the anticipated transaction timing or the completion of Transactions, including, without limitation, as a result of any government or company imposed travel restrictions or the closure of government offices and resulting delays with respect to any matters pending before such governmental authorities;
- the effect of changes in tax, environmental, regulatory (including among other things import/export) and other relevant laws and regulations in the U.S. and other countries in which IFF and N&B operate; and
- other risk factors discussed herein and listed from time to time in DuPont's and IFF's public filings with the SEC.

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Unlisted factors, risks and uncertainties may present significant additional obstacles to the realization of forward-looking statements. For a further discussion of the factors described above and other risks and uncertainties, see the section of this document entitled “Risk Factors” as well as the sections entitled “Information on IFF” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the N&B Business.” However, no list or description should be considered to be a complete statement of all potential factors, risks and uncertainties. These may be other factors, risks and uncertainties that the parties are unable to currently identify or that the parties do not currently expect to have a material impact on IFF or the N&B Business, as applicable. As such, there can be no assurance that the Transactions will in fact be completed in the manner described or at all.

In addition, material differences in results as compared with those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as unknown or unpredictable factors, could have consequences which could include, among other things, business disruption, operational problems, financial loss, legal liability to third parties and similar risks, any of which, could have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial condition, results of operations, credit rating or liquidity of IFF, DuPont, the N&B Business or, following the Merger, the combined company.

The information contained herein speaks as of the date hereof and none of IFF, DuPont nor N&B assumes any obligation to publicly provide revisions or updates to any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, should circumstances change, except as otherwise required by securities and other applicable laws.

THE EXCHANGE OFFER

Terms of the Exchange Offer

General

DuPont is offering to exchange all shares of N&B common stock that are owned by DuPont for shares of DuPont common stock, at an exchange ratio to be calculated in the manner described below, on the terms and subject to the conditions and limitations described below and in the letter of transmittal and the exchange and transmittal information booklet, each filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, that are validly tendered and not properly withdrawn before 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2021, unless the Exchange Offer is extended or terminated. The last day on which tenders will be accepted, whether on _____, 2021 or any later date to which the Exchange Offer is extended, is referred to in this document as the “expiration date.” You may tender all, some or none of your shares of DuPont common stock.

DuPont currently expects approximately _____ million shares of N&B common stock will be held by DuPont upon completion of the Separation. The number of shares of DuPont common stock that will be accepted if the Exchange Offer is completed will depend on the final exchange ratio, the number of shares of N&B common stock offered (i.e., _____) and the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered.

DuPont’s obligation to complete the Exchange Offer is subject to important conditions that are described in the section entitled “—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer.”

For each share of DuPont common stock that you validly tender in the Exchange Offer and do not properly withdraw and that is accepted, you will receive a number of shares of N&B common stock at a _____ % discount to the per-share value of IFF common stock, calculated as set forth below, subject to an upper limit of _____ shares of N&B common stock per share of DuPont common stock. Stated another way, subject to the upper limit described below, for each \$100 of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer, you will receive approximately \$ _____ of N&B common stock.

The final calculated per-share value and per-share value, as applicable, will be equal to:

- with respect to DuPont common stock, the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock on the NYSE for each of the Valuation Dates, as reported by Bloomberg L.P. displayed under the heading Bloomberg VWAP on the Bloomberg page “_____” (or its equivalent successor page if such page is not available); and
- with respect to N&B common stock, the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of IFF common stock on the NYSE for each of the Valuation Dates, as reported by Bloomberg L.P. displayed under the heading Bloomberg VWAP on the Bloomberg page “_____” (or its equivalent successor page if such page is not available).

The daily VWAP provided by Bloomberg L.P. may be different from other sources of volume-weighted average prices or investors’ or security holders’ own calculations of volume-weighted average prices. DuPont will determine such calculations of the per-share value of DuPont common stock and the per-share value of N&B common stock, and such determination will be final.

If the upper limit on the number of shares of N&B common stock that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock tendered is in effect, then the exchange ratio will be fixed at the limit.

Upper Limit

The number of shares of N&B common stock you can receive in the Exchange Offer is subject to an upper limit of _____ shares of N&B common stock for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange

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Offer. If the upper limit is in effect, a stockholder will receive less than \$ _____ of N&B common stock for each \$100 of DuPont common stock that the stockholder validly tenders, that is not properly withdrawn and that is accepted in the Exchange Offer, and the stockholder could receive much less. This limit was calculated based on a _____ % discount for shares of N&B common stock based on the average of the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on _____, 2020, _____, 2020 and _____, 2020 (the last three full trading days ending on the second to last full trading day prior to commencement of the Exchange Offer). DuPont set this limit to ensure that an unusual or unexpected drop in the trading price of IFF common stock, relative to the trading price of DuPont common stock, would not result in an unduly high number of shares of N&B common stock being exchanged for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer. DuPont will announce whether the upper limit on the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock tendered will be in effect, through <https://> _____ and by press release, no later than 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day immediately preceding the expiration date.

Pricing Mechanism

The terms of the Exchange Offer are designed to result in your receiving \$ _____ of N&B common stock for each \$100 of DuPont common stock validly tendered, not properly withdrawn and accepted in the Exchange Offer based on the calculated per-share values described above. The Exchange Offer does not provide for a minimum exchange ratio because a minimum exchange ratio could result in the shares of N&B common stock exchanged for each \$100 of DuPont common stock being valued higher than approximately \$ _____. Regardless of the final exchange ratio, the terms of the Exchange Offer would always result in you receiving approximately \$ _____ of N&B common stock for each \$100 of DuPont common stock, so long as the upper limit is not in effect. See the table on page 108 for purposes of illustration.

Subject to the upper limit described above, for each \$100 of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer, you will receive approximately \$ _____ of N&B common stock. The following formula will be used to calculate the number of shares of N&B common stock you will receive for shares of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer:

Number of shares of N&B common stock	=	Number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered and accepted, multiplied by the lesser of:	(a) (the upper limit) and	(b) 100% of the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock divided by _____ % of the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock (calculated as described below)
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The calculated per-share value of a share of DuPont common stock for purposes of the Exchange Offer will equal the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock on the NYSE on each of the Valuation Dates. The calculated per-share value of a share of N&B common stock for purposes of the Exchange Offer will equal the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of IFF common stock on the NYSE on each of the Valuation Dates.

To help illustrate the way this calculation works, below are two examples:

Example 1: Assuming that the average of the daily VWAP on the Valuation Dates is \$ _____ per share of DuPont common stock and \$ _____ per share of IFF common stock, you would receive _____ shares of N&B common stock (\$ _____ common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer. In this example, the upper limit of _____ shares of N&B common stock for each share of DuPont common stock would not apply.

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Example 2: Assuming that the average of the daily VWAP on the Valuation Dates is \$ _____ per share of DuPont common stock and \$ _____ per share of IFF common stock, the upper limit would apply and you would only receive _____ shares of N&B common stock for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer because the limit is less than _____ shares of N&B common stock (\$ _____ divided by _____ % of \$ _____) for each share of DuPont common stock.

Indicative Per-Share Values

Indicative exchange ratios, calculated per-share values of DuPont common stock and calculated per-share values of N&B common stock will be made available on each trading day during the Exchange Offer prior to the third Valuation Date, commencing after the close of trading on the third trading day during the Exchange Offer, and may be obtained by contacting the information agent at the toll-free number provided on the back cover of this prospectus or at the website will be maintained at _____.

From after the close of trading on the third trading day of the Exchange Offer until the first Valuation Date, the website will show the indicative calculated per-share values, as applicable, calculated as though that day were the third Valuation Date of the Exchange Offer, of (i) DuPont common stock, which will equal the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock, as calculated by DuPont, on each of the three consecutive trading days ending on and including such day and (ii) N&B common stock, which will equal the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of IFF common stock, as calculated by DuPont, on each of the three consecutive trading days ending on and including such day.

On the first two Valuation Dates, when the values of DuPont common stock and N&B common stock are calculated for the purposes of the Exchange Offer, the indicative calculated per-share values of DuPont common stock and the indicative calculated per-share values of N&B common stock, as calculated by DuPont, will each equal (i) after the close of trading on the NYSE on the first Valuation Date, the VWAPs for that day, and (ii) after the close of trading on the NYSE on the second Valuation Date, the VWAPs for that day averaged with the VWAPs on the first Valuation Date. No indicative exchange ratio will be published or announced on the third Valuation Date. The final exchange ratio will be announced by press release and be available on the website, in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be _____, 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021). DuPont will determine the simple arithmetic average of the VWAPs based on data provided by Bloomberg L.P., and such determinations will be final.

Final Exchange Ratio

The final exchange ratio that shows the number of shares of N&B common stock that you will receive for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer will be available at _____ and announced by press release by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be _____, 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021), unless the Exchange Offer is extended or terminated.

After that time, you may also contact the information agent to obtain the final exchange ratio at its toll-free number provided on the back cover of this prospectus.

Each of the daily VWAPs, calculated per-share values and the final exchange ratio will be rounded to four decimal places.

If DuPont common stock or IFF common stock does not trade on any of the Valuation Dates, the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock and the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock will be determined using the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the preceding full trading day or days, as the case may be, on which both DuPont common stock and IFF common stock did trade.

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Since the Exchange Offer is scheduled to expire at 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the last day of the Exchange Offer period, and the final exchange ratio will be announced by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be _____, 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021), unless the Exchange Offer is extended or terminated, you will be able to tender or withdraw your shares of DuPont common stock after the final exchange ratio is determined. The timing of such announcement will therefore provide each holder of DuPont common stock with two full business days after knowing the final exchange ratio and whether the upper limit is in effect during which to decide whether to tender or withdraw their shares in the Exchange Offer. For more information on validly tendering and properly withdrawing your shares, see “—Procedures for Tendering” and “—Withdrawal Rights.”

For the purposes of illustration, the table below indicates the number of shares of N&B common stock that you would receive per share of DuPont common stock, calculated on the basis described above and taking into account the limit described above, assuming a range of averages of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on the Valuation Dates. The first row of the table below shows the indicative calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock, the indicative calculated per-share value of N&B common stock and the indicative exchange ratio that would have been in effect following the official close of trading on the NYSE on _____, 2020, based on the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock on _____, 2020, _____, 2020 and _____, 2020. The table also shows the effects of a 10% increase or decrease in either or both the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock and the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock based on changes relative to the values of _____, 2020.

DuPont Common Stock	IFF Common Stock	Calculated Per-Share Value of DuPont Common Stock(A)	Calculated Per-Share Value of N&B Common Stock (Before The % Discount)(B)	Shares of N&B Common Stock To Be Received Per Share of DuPont Common Stock Tendered (The Exchange Ratio)(C)	Calculated Value Ratio(D)
As of _____, 2020	As of _____, 2020				
Down 10%	Up 10%				
Down 10%	Unchanged				
Down 10%	Down 10%				
Unchanged	Up 10%				
Unchanged	Down 10%				
Up 10%	Up 10%				
Up 10%	Unchanged				
Up 10%	Down 10%				

(A) As of _____, 2020, the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock equals the simple arithmetic average of daily VWAPs on each of the three prior trading dates (\$ _____, \$ _____ and \$ _____).

(B) As of _____, 2020, the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock equals the simple arithmetic average of daily IFF VWAPs on each of the three prior trading dates (\$ _____, \$ _____ and \$ _____).

(C) Calculated as $A / (B * (1 - \%))$ or equal to the upper limit, whichever is less.

(D) The Calculated Value Ratio equals (i) the calculated per-share value of N&B common stock (B) multiplied by the exchange ratio (C), divided by (ii) the calculated per-share value of DuPont common stock (A), rounded to the nearest three decimals.

If the trading price of DuPont common stock were to increase during the last two full trading days prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer, the average per-share value of DuPont common stock used to calculate the exchange ratio would likely be lower than the closing price of DuPont common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer. As a result, you will receive fewer shares of N&B common stock and, therefore, effectively fewer shares of IFF common stock, for each \$100 of DuPont common stock than you would have if that per-share value were calculated on the basis of the closing price of DuPont common stock on the expiration date

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of the Exchange Offer. Similarly, if the trading price of IFF common stock were to decrease during the last two full trading days prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer, the average per-share value of N&B common stock used to calculate the exchange ratio would likely be higher than the closing price of IFF common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer. This could also result in your receiving fewer shares of N&B common stock and, therefore, effectively fewer shares of IFF common stock, for each \$100 of DuPont common stock than you would otherwise receive if that per-share value were calculated on the basis of the closing price of IFF common stock on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer.

The number of shares of DuPont common stock that may be accepted in the Exchange Offer may be subject to proration. Depending on the number of shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered, and not properly withdrawn in the Exchange Offer, and the final exchange ratio, determined as described above, DuPont may have to limit the number of shares of DuPont common stock that it accepts in the Exchange Offer through a proration process. Any proration of the number of shares accepted in the Exchange Offer will be determined on the basis of the proration mechanics described below under “—Proration; Tenders for Exchange by Holders of Fewer than 100 Shares of DuPont Common Stock.”

This prospectus and related documents are being sent to persons who directly held shares of DuPont’s common stock on _____, 2020 and brokers, banks and similar persons whose names or the names of whose nominees appear on DuPont’s stockholder list or, if applicable, who are listed as participants in a clearing agency’s security position listing for subsequent transmittal to beneficial owners of DuPont’s common stock.

Proration; Tenders for Exchange by Holders of Fewer than 100 Shares of DuPont Common Stock

If, upon the expiration of the Exchange Offer, DuPont stockholders have validly tendered and not properly withdrawn more shares of DuPont common stock than DuPont is able to accept for exchange (taking into account the exchange ratio and the total number of shares of N&B common stock being offered in the Exchange Offer by DuPont), DuPont will accept for exchange the DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn by each tendering stockholder on a pro rata basis, based on the proportion that the total number of shares of DuPont common stock to be accepted bears to the total number of shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn (rounded to the nearest whole number of shares of DuPont common stock), and subject to any adjustment necessary to ensure the exchange of all shares of N&B common stock being offered by DuPont in the Exchange Offer, except for tenders of odd-lots, as described below.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, beneficial holders (other than participants in the RSP) of fewer than 100 shares of DuPont common stock who validly tender all of their shares will not be subject to proration if the Exchange Offer is oversubscribed. Beneficial holders of 100 or more shares of DuPont common stock are not eligible for this preference.

Any beneficial holder (other than participants in the RSP) of fewer than 100 shares of DuPont common stock who wishes to tender all of the shares must complete the section entitled “Odd-Lot Shares” on the letter of transmittal. If your odd-lot shares are held by a broker for your account, you can contact your broker and request the preferential treatment.

DuPont will announce the preliminary proration factor (if any) for the Exchange Offer at _____ and separately by press release promptly after the expiration of the Exchange Offer. Upon determining the number of shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered for exchange, DuPont will announce the final results, including the final proration factor for the Exchange Offer.

Any shares of DuPont common stock not accepted for exchange in the Exchange Offer as a result of proration or otherwise will be returned to the tendering stockholder promptly after the final proration factor for the Exchange Offer is determined.

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For purposes of the Exchange Offer, a “business day” means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or U.S. federal holiday and consists of the time period from 12:01 a.m. through 12:00 midnight, New York City time.

Fractional Shares

Following the consummation of the Exchange Offer, Merger Sub I will be merged with and into N&B, whereby N&B will continue as the surviving company and a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. Each outstanding share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be canceled and cease to exist and no consideration will be delivered in exchange therefor) will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of fully paid and nonassessable shares of IFF common stock such that immediately after the Merger such DuPont stockholders will collectively own approximately 55.4% of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, and IFF shareholders will collectively own approximately 44.6% of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case excluding any overlaps in the pre-transaction stockholder bases (calculated as further described in “The Merger Agreement – Merger Consideration”). In this conversion of shares of N&B common stock into shares of IFF common stock, no fractional shares of IFF common stock will be delivered to holders of shares of N&B common stock. Instead, all fractional shares of IFF common stock that a holder of shares of N&B common stock would otherwise be entitled to receive as a result of the Merger will be aggregated by the Exchange Agent. The Exchange Agent will cause the whole shares obtained thereby to be sold on behalf of such holders of shares of N&B common stock that would otherwise be entitled to receive such fractional shares of IFF common stock in the Merger in the open market or otherwise, in each case at then prevailing market prices, and in no case later than five business days after the Merger. The Exchange Agent will make available the net proceeds thereof, after deducting any required withholding taxes and brokerage charges, commissions and conveyance and similar taxes, on a pro rata basis, without interest, as soon as practicable to the holders of N&B common stock that would otherwise be entitled to receive such fractional shares of IFF common stock in the Merger.

While proration is possible, DuPont does not expect proration to occur because DuPont currently expects that the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in fewer than all of the shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, and that shares of N&B common stock will remain to be distributed following the completion of the Exchange Offer.

Exchange of Shares of DuPont Common Stock

Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of the Exchange Offer (including, if the Exchange Offer is extended or amended, the terms and conditions of the extension or amendment (see “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer”)), DuPont will accept for exchange and will exchange, for shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont, the DuPont common stock validly tendered, and not properly withdrawn, prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer, promptly after the expiration date.

The exchange of DuPont common stock tendered and accepted for exchange pursuant to the Exchange Offer will be made only after timely receipt by the Exchange Offer Agent of (a) in the case of shares delivered by book-entry transfer through The Depository Trust Company, confirmation of a book-entry transfer of those shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer Agent’s account at The Depository Trust Company, in each case pursuant to the procedures set forth in the section below entitled “—Procedures for Tendering,” (b) the letter of transmittal for shares of DuPont common stock, properly completed and duly executed, with any required signature guarantees, or, in the case of a book-entry transfer through The Depository Trust Company, an agent’s message and (c) any other required documents.

For purposes of the Exchange Offer, DuPont will be deemed to have accepted for exchange, and thereby exchanged, DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn if and when DuPont notifies the Exchange Offer Agent of its acceptance of the tenders of those shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer.

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Upon the consummation of the Exchange Offer, DuPont will deliver to the Exchange Offer Agent a book-entry authorization representing all of the shares of N&B common stock being exchanged in the Exchange Offer (as well as all shares of N&B common stock being distributed in the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off) for the account of the DuPont stockholders that are entitled thereto, with instructions to hold the shares of N&B common stock for the account of the DuPont stockholders pending the Merger.

Upon surrender of the documents required by the Exchange Offer Agent, duly executed, each former holder of shares of DuPont common stock will receive from the Exchange Agent in exchange for their shares of N&B common stock shares of IFF common stock and/or cash in lieu of fractional shares of IFF common stock, as the case may be. You will not receive any interest on any cash paid to you, even if there is a delay in making the payment. For the avoidance of doubt, those receiving shares of N&B common stock solely in the Clean-Up Spin-Off need not complete any documentation and they will receive first, their shares of N&B common stock (which shall not be transferable during the brief period in which they are held) and second, their shares of IFF common stock without any action on their part.

If DuPont does not accept for exchange any tendered shares of DuPont common stock for any reason pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer, shares tendered by book-entry transfer pursuant to the procedures set forth below in the section entitled “—Procedures for Tendering” will be credited to an account maintained within The Depository Trust Company promptly following expiration or termination of the Exchange Offer.

Procedures for Tendering

Shares Held in Book-Entry DRS

If your shares of DuPont common stock are held in book-entry via the DRS, you must deliver to the Exchange Offer Agent a properly completed and duly executed letter of transmittal, along with any required signature guarantees and any other required documents.

Shares Held Through a Broker, Dealer, Commercial Bank, Trust Company or Similar Institution

If you hold shares of DuPont common stock through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or similar institution and wish to tender your shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, you should follow the instructions sent to you separately by that institution. In this case, you should not use a letter of transmittal to direct the tender of your DuPont common stock. If that institution holds shares of DuPont common stock through The Depository Trust Company, it must notify The Depository Trust Company and cause it to transfer the shares into the Exchange Offer Agent’s account in accordance with The Depository Trust Company’s procedures. The institution must also ensure that the Exchange Offer Agent receives an agent’s message from The Depository Trust Company confirming the book-entry transfer of your DuPont common stock. A tender by book-entry transfer will be completed upon receipt by the Exchange Offer Agent of an agent’s message, book-entry confirmation from The Depository Trust Company and any other required documents.

The term “agent’s message” means a message, transmitted by The Depository Trust Company to, and received by, the Exchange Offer Agent and forming a part of a book-entry confirmation, which states that The Depository Trust Company has received an express acknowledgment from the participant in The Depository Trust Company tendering the shares of DuPont common stock which are the subject of the book-entry confirmation, that the participant has received and agrees to be bound by the terms of the letter of transmittal (including the instructions thereto) and that DuPont may enforce that agreement against the participant.

The Exchange Offer Agent will establish an account with respect to the shares of DuPont common stock at The Depository Trust Company for purposes of the Exchange Offer, and any eligible institution that is a participant in The Depository Trust Company may make book-entry delivery of shares of DuPont common stock by causing The Depository Trust Company to transfer such shares into the Exchange Offer Agent’s account at The Depository Trust Company in accordance with The Depository Trust Company’s procedure for the transfer. Delivery of documents to The Depository Trust Company does not constitute delivery to the Exchange Offer Agent.

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Shares Held in the RSP

If the offer to exchange shares of DuPont common stock for N&B common stock (which will be automatically converted to shares of IFF common stock in the Merger) is oversubscribed, the number of shares of DuPont common stock that you elect to exchange will be reduced on a pro rata basis. Any proration of the number of shares accepted in the Exchange Offer will be determined on the basis of the proration mechanics described under “Terms of the Exchange Offer—Proration.”

General Instructions

Do not send letters of transmittal to DuPont, IFF, N&B or the information agent. Letters of transmittal for DuPont common stock should be sent to the Exchange Offer Agent at an address listed on the letter of transmittal. Trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, attorneys-in-fact, officers of corporations or others acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity who sign a letter of transmittal or stock powers must indicate the capacity in which they are signing and must submit evidence of their power to act in that capacity unless waived by DuPont.

The Exchange Offer Agent must receive the letter of transmittal for DuPont common stock at the address set forth on the back cover of this prospectus prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer. Alternatively, in case of a book-entry transfer of DuPont common stock through The Depository Trust Company, the Exchange Offer Agent must receive the agent’s message and a book-entry confirmation prior to such time and date.

Letters of transmittal for DuPont common stock must be received by the Exchange Offer Agent. Please read carefully the instructions to the letter of transmittal you have been sent. You should contact the information agent if you have any questions regarding tendering your DuPont common stock.

Signature Guarantees

Signatures on all letters of transmittal for DuPont common stock must be guaranteed by a firm which is a member of the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program, or by any other “eligible guarantor institution,” as such term is defined in Rule 17Ad-15 under the Exchange Act (each of the foregoing being a “U.S. eligible institution”), except in cases in which shares of DuPont common stock are tendered for the account of a U.S. eligible institution.

If shares of DuPont common stock held through the DRS are registered in the name of a person other than the person who signs the letter of transmittal, the letter of transmittal must be accompanied by appropriate stock powers signed exactly as the name or names of the registered owner or owners appear on the letter of transmittal accompanying the tender of shares of DuPont common stock held through the DRS without alteration, enlargement or any change whatsoever, with the signature(s) on the letter of transmittal or stock powers guaranteed by an eligible institution.

Guaranteed Delivery Procedures

If you wish to tender shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer but (i) you cannot deliver the shares or other required documents to the Exchange Offer Agent on or before the expiration date of the Exchange Offer or (ii) you cannot comply with the procedures for book-entry transfer through The Depository Trust Company on a timely basis, you may still tender your DuPont common stock, so long as all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- you must make your tender by or through a U.S. eligible institution;
- on or before the expiration date, the Exchange Offer Agent must receive a properly completed and duly executed notice of guaranteed delivery, substantially in the form made available by DuPont, in the manner provided below; and

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- no later than 5:00 p.m. on the second NYSE trading day after the date of execution of such notice of guaranteed delivery, the Exchange Offer Agent must receive: (i) in the case of shares delivered by book-entry transfer through The Depository Trust Company, confirmation of a book-entry transfer of those shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer Agent's account at The Depository Trust Company, (ii) a letter of transmittal for shares of DuPont common stock properly completed and duly executed (including any signature guarantees that may be required) or, in the case of shares delivered by book-entry transfer through The Depository Trust Company, an agent's message and (iii) any other required documents.

Registered stockholders (including any participant in The Depository Trust Company whose name appears on a security position listing of The Depository Trust Company as the owner of DuPont common stock) may transmit the notice of guaranteed delivery by e-mail transmission or mail it to the Exchange Offer Agent. If you hold DuPont common stock through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or similar institution, that institution must submit any notice of guaranteed delivery on your behalf.

Tendering Your Shares After the Final Exchange Ratio Has Been Determined

DuPont will announce the final exchange ratio used to determine the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock accepted in the Exchange Offer by press release, and it will be available on the website _____, in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be _____, 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021), unless the Exchange Offer is extended or terminated.

If you are a registered stockholder of DuPont common stock, then it is unlikely that you will be able to deliver an original executed letter of transmittal to the Exchange Offer Agent prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer at 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. Accordingly, in such a case, if you wish to tender your shares after the final exchange ratio has been determined, you will generally need to do so by means of delivering a notice of guaranteed delivery and complying with the guaranteed delivery procedures described above. If you hold DuPont common stock through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or similar institution, that institution must tender your shares on your behalf.

The Depository Trust Company is expected to remain open until 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the last trading day prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer, which is also the expiration date, and institutions may be able to process tenders for DuPont common stock through The Depository Trust Company during that time (although there is no assurance that this will be the case). Once The Depository Trust Company has closed, participants in The Depository Trust Company whose name appears on a Depository Trust Company security position listing as the owner of DuPont common stock will still be able to tender their DuPont common stock by delivering a notice of guaranteed delivery to the Exchange Offer Agent via e-mail so long as it is received prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer.

If you hold DuPont common stock through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or similar institution, that institution must submit any notice of guaranteed delivery on your behalf. It will generally not be possible to direct such an institution to submit a notice of guaranteed delivery once that institution has closed for the day. Stockholders should consult with the institution through which they hold shares on the procedures that must be complied with and the time by which such procedures must be completed in order for that institution to provide a notice of guaranteed delivery on such holder's behalf prior to 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. In addition, any such institution, if it is not an eligible institution, will need to obtain a Medallion guarantee from an eligible institution in the form set forth in the applicable notice of guaranteed delivery in connection with the delivery of those shares.

If the upper limit on the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock validly tendered is in effect, then the exchange ratio will be fixed at the limit.

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Effect of Tenders

A tender of DuPont common stock pursuant to any of the procedures described above will constitute your acceptance of the terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer as well as your representation and warranty to DuPont that (1) you have the full power and authority to tender, sell, assign and transfer the tendered shares (and any and all other shares of DuPont common stock or other securities issued or issuable in respect of such shares), (2) when the same are accepted for exchange, DuPont will acquire good and unencumbered title to such shares, free and clear of all liens, restrictions, charges and encumbrances and not subject to any adverse claims, and (3) you own the shares being tendered within the meaning of Rule 14e-4 promulgated under the Exchange Act.

It is a violation of Rule 14e-4 under the Exchange Act for a person, directly or indirectly, to tender shares of DuPont common stock for such person's own account unless, at the time of tender, the person so tendering (1) has a net long position equal to or greater than the amount of (a) shares of DuPont common stock tendered or (b) other securities immediately convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for the shares of DuPont common stock tendered and such person will acquire such shares for tender by conversion, exchange or exercise and (2) will cause such shares to be delivered in accordance with the terms of this prospectus. Rule 14e-4 provides a similar restriction applicable to the tender or guarantee of a tender on behalf of another person.

The exchange of DuPont common stock validly tendered and accepted for exchange pursuant to the Exchange Offer will be made only after timely receipt by the Exchange Offer Agent of (a) in the case of shares delivered by book-entry transfer through The Depository Trust Company, confirmation of a book-entry transfer of those shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer Agent's account at The Depository Trust Company, (b) the letter of transmittal for shares of DuPont common stock, properly completed and duly executed, with any required signature guarantees, or, in the case of a book-entry transfer through The Depository Trust Company, an agent's message and (c) any other required documents.

Appointment of Attorneys-in-Fact and Proxies

By executing a letter of transmittal as set forth above, you irrevocably appoint DuPont's designees as your attorneys-in-fact and proxies, each with full power of substitution, to the full extent of your rights with respect to your shares of DuPont common stock tendered and accepted for exchange by DuPont and with respect to any and all other DuPont common stock and other securities issued or issuable in respect of the DuPont common stock on or after the expiration of the Exchange Offer. That appointment is effective when and only to the extent that DuPont deposits the shares of N&B common stock for the shares of DuPont common stock that you have tendered with the Exchange Offer Agent. All such proxies will be considered coupled with an interest in the tendered shares of DuPont common stock and therefore will not be revocable. Upon the effectiveness of such appointment, all prior proxies that you have given will be revoked and you may not give any subsequent proxies (and, if given, they will not be deemed effective). DuPont's designees will, with respect to the shares of DuPont common stock for which the appointment is effective, be empowered, among other things, to exercise all of your voting and other rights as they, in their sole discretion, deem proper. DuPont reserves the right to require that, in order for shares of DuPont common stock to be deemed validly tendered, immediately upon DuPont's acceptance for exchange of those shares of DuPont common stock, DuPont must be able to exercise full voting rights with respect to such shares.

Determination of Validity

DuPont will determine questions as to the validity, form, eligibility (including time of receipt) and acceptance for exchange of any tender of DuPont common stock, in DuPont's sole discretion, and its determination will be final and binding. DuPont reserves the absolute right to reject any and all tenders of DuPont common stock that it determines are not in proper form or the acceptance of or exchange for which may, in the opinion of its counsel, be unlawful. In the event a stockholder disagrees with such determination, he or she may seek to challenge such determination in a court of competent jurisdiction. DuPont also reserves the absolute right to waive any of the

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conditions of the Exchange Offer, or any defect or irregularity in the tender of any shares of DuPont common stock. No tender of shares of DuPont common stock is valid until all defects and irregularities in tenders of shares of DuPont common stock have been cured or waived. Neither DuPont nor the Exchange Offer Agent, the information agent or any other person is under any duty to give notification of any defects or irregularities in the tender of any shares of DuPont common stock or will incur any liability for failure to give any such notification. DuPont's interpretation of the terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer (including the letter of transmittal and instructions thereto) will be final and binding. Notwithstanding the foregoing, DuPont stockholders may challenge any such determination in a court of competent jurisdiction.

Binding Agreement

The tender of DuPont common stock pursuant to any of the procedures described above, together with DuPont's acceptance for exchange of such shares pursuant to the procedures described above, will constitute a binding agreement between DuPont and you upon the terms of, and subject to, the conditions to the Exchange Offer. See "—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer."

The method of delivery of shares of DuPont common stock and all other required documents, including delivery through The Depository Trust Company, is at your option and risk, and the delivery will be deemed made only when actually received by the Exchange Offer Agent. If delivery is by mail, it is recommended that you use registered mail with return receipt requested, properly insured. In all cases, you should allow sufficient time to ensure timely delivery.

Partial Tenders

If shares of DuPont common stock are delivered and not accepted due to proration or a partial tender, (i) shares of DuPont common stock held through the DRS that were delivered will remain in book-entry form in the holder's name and (ii) shares of DuPont common stock held through The Depository Trust Company will be credited back through The Depository Trust Company in book-entry form.

If you validly withdraw your shares of DuPont common stock or the Exchange Offer is not completed, (i) shares of DuPont common stock held through the DRS that were delivered will remain in book-entry form in the holder's name and (ii) shares of DuPont common stock held through The Depository Trust Company will be credited back through The Depository Trust Company in book-entry form.

Withdrawal Rights

Shares of DuPont common stock tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn at any time after the commencement of the Exchange Offer on _____, 2020 and before 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021). Once DuPont accepts shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer, your tender is irrevocable. In addition, shares of DuPont common stock tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn after _____, 2020 (i.e., after the expiration of 40 business days from the commencement of the Exchange Offer), if DuPont does not accept your shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer by such date. Once DuPont accepts shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer, your tender is irrevocable.

For a withdrawal of shares of DuPont common stock to be effective, the Exchange Offer Agent must receive from you a written notice of withdrawal, in the form made available to you, at one of its addresses or the e-mail address set forth on the back cover of this prospectus, and your notice must include your name and the number of shares of DuPont common stock to be withdrawn, as well as the name of the registered holder, if it is different from that of the person who tendered those shares.

If shares of DuPont common stock have been tendered pursuant to the procedures for book-entry tender discussed in the section entitled "—Procedures for Tendering," any notice of withdrawal must specify the name and number of the account at The Depository Trust Company to be credited with the withdrawn shares and must otherwise comply with the procedures of The Depository Trust Company.

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DuPont will decide all questions as to the form and validity (including time of receipt) of any notice of withdrawal, in its sole discretion, and its decision will be final and binding, subject to the rights of the tendering stockholders to challenge DuPont's determination in a court of competent jurisdiction. Neither DuPont nor the Exchange Offer Agent, the information agent nor any other person will be under any duty to give notification of any defects or irregularities in any notice of withdrawal or will incur any liability for failure to give any notification.

Any shares of DuPont common stock properly withdrawn will be deemed not to have been validly tendered for purposes of the Exchange Offer. However, you may re-tender withdrawn DuPont common stock by following one of the procedures discussed in the section entitled "—Procedures for Tendering" at any time prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer (or pursuant to the instructions sent to you separately).

Except for the withdrawal rights described above, any tender made under the Exchange Offer is irrevocable.

Withdrawing Your Shares After the Final Exchange Ratio Has Been Determined

The final exchange ratio will be available no later than 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be _____, 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021). If you are a registered stockholder of DuPont common stock and you wish to withdraw your shares after the final exchange ratio has been determined, you must deliver a written notice of withdrawal or e-mail transmission notice of withdrawal to the Exchange Offer Agent prior to 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. Medallion guarantees will not be required for such withdrawal notices. If you hold DuPont common stock through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or similar institution, any notice of withdrawal must be delivered by that institution on your behalf. Stockholders should consult with the institution through which they hold shares on the procedures that must be complied with and the time by which such procedures must be completed in order for that institution to provide a notice of withdrawal on such holder's behalf prior to 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date.

The Depository Trust Company is expected to remain open until 5:00 p.m., New York City time on the last trading day prior to the expiration (which is also the expiration date), and institutions may be able to process withdrawals of DuPont common stock through The Depository Trust Company during that time (although there can be no assurance that this will be the case). Once The Depository Trust Company has closed, if you beneficially own shares of DuPont common stock that were previously delivered through The Depository Trust Company, then in order to properly withdraw your shares the institution through which your shares are held must deliver a written notice of withdrawal or e-mail transmission notice of withdrawal to the Exchange Offer Agent prior to 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. Such notice of withdrawal must be in the form of The Depository Trust Company's notice of withdrawal, must specify the name and number of the account at The Depository Trust Company to be credited with the withdrawn shares and must otherwise comply with The Depository Trust Company's procedures. Shares can be properly withdrawn only if the Exchange Offer Agent receives a withdrawal notice directly from the relevant institution that tendered the shares through The Depository Trust Company.

If the upper limit on the number of shares of N&B common stock that can be exchanged for each share of DuPont common stock tendered is in effect, then the exchange ratio will be fixed at the limit.

Book-Entry Accounts

Certificates representing shares of N&B common stock will not be issued to holders of shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer. Rather than issuing certificates representing such shares of N&B common stock to tendering holders of shares of DuPont common stock, the Exchange Offer Agent will cause the shares of N&B common stock to be credited to records maintained by the Exchange Offer Agent for the benefit of the respective holders. Following the consummation of the Exchange Offer, Merger Sub I will be merged with and into N&B in the Merger and each share of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right

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to receive IFF common stock and cash in lieu of fractional shares of IFF common stock. In connection with the Exchange Offer, you will receive a letter of transmittal and instructions for use in obtaining the IFF common stock and cash in lieu of fractional shares of IFF into which your shares of N&B common stock held in book-entry accounts are converted. For the avoidance of doubt, stockholders of DuPont receiving shares of N&B and IFF common stock solely as a result of the Clean-Up Spin-Off, and who are not participating in the Exchange Offer, need not complete any letter of transmittal or take any other action to receive their shares. As promptly as practicable following the Merger and DuPont's notice and determination of the final proration factor, if any, the Exchange Agent will credit the shares of IFF common stock into which the shares of N&B common stock have been converted to book-entry accounts maintained for the benefit of the DuPont stockholders who received shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer and in the Clean-Up Spin-Off and will send these holders a statement evidencing their holdings of shares of IFF common stock.

Extension; Termination; Amendment

Extension, Termination or Amendment by DuPont

Subject to its compliance with the Separation Agreement, DuPont expressly reserves the right, in its sole discretion, at any time and from time to time to extend the period of time during which the Exchange Offer is open and thereby delay acceptance for payment of, and the payment for, any shares of DuPont common stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn in the Exchange Offer. For example, the Exchange Offer can be extended if any of the conditions to consummation of the Exchange Offer described in the next section entitled “—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer” are not satisfied or waived prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer. If the Exchange Offer is extended, the Valuation Dates will reset to the period of three consecutive trading days ending on and including the second trading day preceding the revised expiration date, as may be extended.

Subject to its compliance with the Separation Agreement, DuPont expressly reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to amend the terms of the Exchange Offer in any respect prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer, except that DuPont does not intend to extend the Exchange Offer other than in the circumstances described above.

If DuPont materially changes the terms of or information concerning the Exchange Offer or if DuPont waives a material condition of the Exchange Offer, it will extend the Exchange Offer if required by law. The SEC has stated that, as a general rule, it believes that an offer should remain open for a minimum of five business days from the date that notice of the material change is first given or in the event there is a waiver of a material condition to the Exchange Offer. The length of time will depend on the particular facts and circumstances.

As required by law, the Exchange Offer will be extended so that it remains open for a minimum of ten business days following the announcement if:

- DuPont changes the method for calculating the number of shares of N&B common stock offered in exchange for each share of DuPont common stock; and
- the Exchange Offer is scheduled to expire within ten business days of announcing any such change.

If DuPont extends the Exchange Offer, is delayed in accepting for exchange any shares of DuPont common stock or is unable to accept for exchange any shares of DuPont common stock under the Exchange Offer for any reason, then, without affecting DuPont's rights under the Exchange Offer, the Exchange Offer Agent may retain all shares of DuPont common stock tendered on DuPont's behalf. These shares of DuPont common stock may not be withdrawn except as provided in the section entitled “—Withdrawal Rights.”

DuPont's reservation of the right to delay acceptance of any shares of DuPont common stock is subject to applicable law, which requires that DuPont pay the consideration offered or return the shares of DuPont common stock deposited promptly after the termination or withdrawal of the Exchange Offer.

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DuPont will issue a press release or other public announcement no later than 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the next business day following any extension, amendment, non-acceptance or termination of the previously scheduled expiration date.

Method of Public Announcement

Subject to applicable law (including Rules 13e-4(d), 13e-4(e)(3) and 14e-1 under the Exchange Act, which require that any material change in the information published, sent or given to stockholders in connection with the Exchange Offer be promptly disclosed to stockholders in a manner reasonably designed to inform them of the change) and without limiting the manner in which DuPont may choose to make any public announcement, DuPont assumes no obligation to publish, advertise or otherwise communicate any such public announcement other than by making a release to PRNewswire.

Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer

DuPont will not be required to complete and consummate the Exchange Offer and may extend or terminate the Exchange Offer, if, at the scheduled expiration of the Exchange Offer:

- any condition precedent to the consummation of the Transactions (other than the Exchange Offer) pursuant to the Merger Agreement and Separation Agreement has not been satisfied or waived (except for the conditions precedent that will be satisfied at the time of the consummation of the Transactions) or for any reason the Transactions (other than the Exchange Offer) cannot be consummated promptly after consummation of the Exchange Offer (see “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution”);
- the shares of IFF common stock to be issued in the Merger have not been authorized for listing on the NYSE;
- any proceeding for the purpose of suspending the effectiveness of any registration statement of which this document is a part has been initiated by the SEC and not concluded or withdrawn;
- the Merger Agreement or the Separation Agreement has been terminated;
- DuPont has not received, or does not reasonably expect to receive, the Tax Opinion from DuPont’s counsel, dated as of the closing date of the Merger, on certain aspects of the anticipated non-taxable nature of the Transactions; or
- any of the following conditions or events have occurred, or DuPont reasonably expects any of the following conditions or events to occur:
 - any action, litigation, suit, claim or proceeding is instituted that would be reasonably likely to enjoin, prohibit, restrain, make illegal, make materially more costly or materially delay the consummation of the Exchange Offer;
 - any injunction, order, stay, judgment, ruling, stipulation, determination, decree or award is issued, or any law, statute, rule, regulation, legislation, interpretation, governmental order or injunction is enacted, in each case, by any court, government, governmental authority or other regulatory or administrative authority having jurisdiction over DuPont, N&B or IFF, in each case, whether temporary, preliminary or permanent in nature, any of which would reasonably be likely to restrain, prohibit, enjoin, make illegal or delay consummation of the Exchange Offer;
 - any general suspension of trading in, or limitation on prices for, securities on any national securities exchange or in the over-the-counter market in the United States;
 - any extraordinary or material adverse change in U.S. financial markets generally, including, without limitation, a decline of at least % in either the Dow Jones Average of Industrial Stocks or the Standard & Poor’s 500 Index within a period of 60 consecutive days or less occurring after , 2020;

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- a declaration of a banking moratorium or any suspension of payments in respect of banks in the United States;
- a commencement of a war (whether declared or undeclared) or the existence, occurrence or continuation of any armed hostilities, act of terrorism, pandemics (other than COVID-19), tsunamis, typhoons, hail storms, blizzards, tornadoes, droughts, cyclones, earthquakes, floods, hurricanes, tropical storms, fires or other natural or man-made disasters or acts of God or any national, international or regional calamity, which would reasonably be expected to affect materially and adversely, DuPont, N&B or IFF, or to delay materially, the consummation of the Exchange Offer;
- if any of the situations above exist as of the commencement of the Exchange Offer, any material deterioration of the situation;
- any condition or event (including, without limitation, those listed above) that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the business, assets, properties, condition (financial or otherwise) or results of operations of DuPont, N&B or IFF; or
- a “market disruption event” (as defined below) occurs with respect to shares of DuPont common stock or IFF common stock on any of the Valuation Dates and such market disruption event has, in DuPont’s reasonable judgment, impaired the benefits of the Exchange Offer to DuPont.

Each of the foregoing conditions to the consummation of the Exchange Offer is independent of any other condition; the exclusion of any event from a particular condition above does not mean that such event may not be included in another condition.

If any of the above events occurs, DuPont may (in its sole discretion):

- terminate the Exchange Offer and promptly return all tendered shares of DuPont common stock to tendering stockholders;
- extend (subject to the terms of the Separation Agreement and Merger Agreement) the Exchange Offer and, subject to the withdrawal rights described in the section entitled “—Withdrawal Rights,” retain all tendered shares of DuPont common stock until the extended Exchange Offer expires;
- amend the terms of the Exchange Offer; or
- waive or amend any unsatisfied condition and, subject to any requirement to extend the period of time during which the Exchange Offer is open, complete the Exchange Offer.

These conditions are for the sole benefit of DuPont. DuPont may assert these conditions with respect to all or any portion of the Exchange Offer regardless of the circumstances giving rise to them (except any action or inaction by DuPont). DuPont expressly reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to waive any condition in whole or in part at any time prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer. DuPont’s failure to exercise its rights under any of the above conditions does not represent a waiver of these rights. Each right is an ongoing right which may be asserted at any time prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer. All conditions to consummation of the Exchange Offer must be satisfied or waived by DuPont prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer.

A “market disruption event” with respect to either DuPont common stock or IFF common stock means a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading of DuPont common stock or IFF common stock on the NYSE for more than two hours of trading or a breakdown or failure in the price and trade reporting system of the NYSE, as a result of which the reported trading prices for DuPont common stock or IFF common stock on the NYSE during any half-hour trading period during the principal trading session in the NYSE are materially inaccurate, as determined by DuPont or the Exchange Offer Agent in its sole discretion, on the day with respect to which such determination is being made. For purposes of such determination, a limitation on the hours or

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number of days of trading will not constitute a market disruption event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the NYSE.

Fees and Expenses

DuPont has retained _____ to act as the information agent and _____ to act as the Exchange Offer Agent in connection with the Exchange Offer. The information agent may contact holders of DuPont common stock by mail, e-mail, telephone and personal interviews and may request brokers, dealers and other nominee stockholders to forward materials relating to the Exchange Offer to beneficial owners. It is expected that the information agent and the Exchange Offer Agent each will receive reasonable compensation for its respective services, will be reimbursed for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and will be indemnified against specified liabilities in connection with their services, including liabilities under the federal securities laws.

None of the information agent or the Exchange Offer Agent has been retained to make solicitations or recommendations with respect to the Exchange Offer. The fees they receive will not be based on the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered under the Exchange Offer.

DuPont will not pay any fees or commissions to any broker or dealer or any other person for soliciting tenders of DuPont common stock under the Exchange Offer. DuPont will, upon request, reimburse brokers, dealers, commercial banks and trust companies for reasonable and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in forwarding materials to their customers.

No broker, dealer, bank, trust company or fiduciary will be deemed to be DuPont's agent or the agent of N&B, the information agent or the Exchange Offer Agent for purposes of the Exchange Offer.

Legal Limitations

This prospectus is not an offer to buy, sell or exchange and it is not a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell any shares of N&B common stock, shares of DuPont common stock or shares of IFF common stock in any jurisdiction in which the offer, sale or exchange is not permitted. It will not be possible to trade the shares of N&B common stock after the consummation of the Exchange Offer and prior to the consummation of the Merger or during any other period.

Certain Matters Relating to Non-U.S. Jurisdictions

Countries outside the United States generally have their own legal requirements that govern securities offerings made to persons resident in those countries and often impose stringent requirements about the form and content of offers made to the general public. None of DuPont, IFF or N&B has taken any action under non-U.S. regulations to facilitate a public offer to exchange the shares of DuPont common stock, IFF common stock or N&B common stock outside the United States. Accordingly, the ability of any non-U.S. person to tender shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer will depend on whether there is an exemption available under the laws of such person's home country that would permit the person to participate in the Exchange Offer without the need for DuPont, IFF or N&B to take any action to facilitate a public offering in that country or otherwise. For example, some countries exempt transactions from the rules governing public offerings if they involve persons who meet certain eligibility requirements relating to their status as sophisticated or professional investors.

Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their advisors in considering whether they may participate in the Exchange Offer in accordance with the laws of their home countries and, if they do participate, whether there are any restrictions or limitations on transactions in the shares of DuPont common stock, IFF common stock or N&B common stock that may apply in their home countries. None of DuPont, IFF or N&B can provide any assurance about whether such limitations may exist.

Distribution of N&B Common Stock Remaining After the Exchange Offer

DuPont currently expects that the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, and that shares of N&B common stock will remain to be distributed following the completion of the Exchange Offer.

All shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont that are not exchanged in the Exchange Offer will be distributed in a pro rata distribution to holders of DuPont common stock whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after the consummation of the Exchange Offer, referred to throughout this prospectus as the Clean-Up Spin-Off. The record date for the pro rata distribution will be announced by DuPont, but is expected to be following the time at which any validly tendered shares of DuPont common stock are accepted in the Exchange Offer. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off.

Upon the consummation of the Exchange Offer, DuPont will deliver to the Exchange Offer Agent a book-entry authorization representing all of the shares of N&B common stock being exchanged in the Exchange Offer (as well as all shares of N&B common stock being distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off) for the account of the DuPont stockholders that are entitled thereto, with instructions to hold the shares of N&B common stock for the account of the DuPont stockholders pending the Merger. Shares of IFF common stock will be delivered following the effectiveness of the Merger, pursuant to the procedures determined by the Exchange Offer Agent and Exchange Agent. See “The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer—Exchange of Shares of DuPont Common Stock.” The Exchange Offer is subject to the conditions to the Exchange Offer as further described in “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer” of this prospectus. In addition to the conditions applicable to the Exchange Offer, the Distribution is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Separation Agreement and the Merger is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement. See “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution.”

If the Exchange Offer is terminated by DuPont without the exchange of shares, but the conditions to consummation of the Transactions have otherwise been satisfied, DuPont intends to distribute all shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont on a pro rata basis to holders of DuPont common stock, with a record date to be announced by DuPont.

INFORMATION ON IFF

Overview

IFF is a leading innovator of sensory experiences that move the world. IFF's creative capabilities, global footprint and regulatory and technological know-how provide IFF a competitive advantage in meeting the demands of its global, regional and local customers around the world. The 2018 acquisition of Frutarom solidified IFF's position as an industry leader across an expanded portfolio of products, resulting in a broader customer base across small, mid-sized and large companies and an expansion to new adjacencies that provides a platform for significant cross-selling opportunities.

IFF's product portfolio covers taste, scent and complementary adjacent products, and IFF has over 128,000 individual products that are provided to customers in approximately 200 countries. IFF's global manufacturing footprint allows IFF to optimize its supply chain and support its global and regional customers. As of December 31, 2019, IFF had 104 manufacturing facilities and 82 creative centers and application laboratories located in 44 different countries. IFF currently anticipates that it will continue to optimize its global facilities footprint as it seeks opportunities to efficiently and cost-effectively deliver value to its global and regional customers.

For a more detailed description of the business of IFF, see IFF's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which are incorporated by reference in this document. See "Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference."

IFF's Business After the Transactions

The combination of IFF and the N&B Business is expected to create a global leader in high-value ingredients and solutions in the global Food & Beverage, Home & Personal Care and Health & Wellness markets. IFF expects that the companies' complementary product portfolios will give the combined company leadership positions across key Taste, Texture, Scent, Nutrition, Enzymes, Cultures, Soy Proteins and Probiotics categories.

IFF expects the Transactions to have the following strategic benefits:

- *Best-in-class innovation portfolio to create differentiated offering and compelling value proposition.* The combined company is expected to be a leader in the rapid consumer-driven industry evolution toward healthier "better for you" products. With leading research and development and applications development capabilities and an expanded customer base, the combined company is expected to significantly increase customer speed to market, create new efficiencies in product development and provide critical consumer insights for next-generation products.
- *Leading positions across high-value added ingredient categories.* The combined company is expected to have first or second positions across attractive Taste, Texture, Scent, Nutrition, Cultures, Enzymes, Soy Proteins and Probiotics categories.
- *Highly attractive financial profile.* Shareholders are expected to benefit from a highly profitable business with strong cash generation. IFF expects the combined company to generate attractive top-line growth and enhanced margins with further benefit from cost synergies and revenue growth opportunities. The combined company is expected to maintain IFF's current dividend policy.
- *Shared culture and vision, a strategic asset to execution.* IFF and N&B are customer-focused organizations with cultures that emphasize science and creativity. The combined company is expected to benefit from the best of both organizations' experienced leaders and talented teams. The shared commitment to sustainability, along with the combination of complementary capabilities, is expected to allow the combined company to positively shape the evolution of the industry.

Prior to the consummation of the Transactions, DuPont and the N&B Business have provided certain functions (such as treasury, cash management, tax compliance, benefits, corporate development, internal audit, purchasing

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and information systems) to each other. To enable IFF and DuPont to manage an orderly transition in the operation of the N&B Business, DuPont, N&B and IFF will enter into the Transition Services Agreements. Pursuant to the Transition Services Agreements, DuPont and N&B (or certain of their affiliates) will provide each other with certain limited transition services from the period beginning on the date of the Distribution and generally ending by a date to be agreed between DuPont and IFF, or a shorter or longer period for certain specific services. See “Other Agreements – Transition Services Agreements.”

Following the consummation of the Transactions, IFF’s organization will include the four divisions below:

Taste, Food & Beverage

Taste, Food & Beverage will be composed of IFF’s Taste division and N&B’s Food & Beverage division. IFF’s Taste offering includes flavor compounds and natural taste solutions, such as Savory Solutions and Inclusions. N&B’s food and beverage portfolio includes natural and plant-based specialty food ingredients, such as Functional Solutions, Protein Solutions and Emulsifiers & Sweeteners. IFF expects Taste, Food & Beverage to be its largest division, with significant opportunity in integrated solutions.

Scent

The combined company’s Scent division will be composed of IFF’s legacy Scent division and its offering will include Fine Fragrance, Consumer Fragrance and Cosmetic Actives segments, as well as natural and synthetic ingredients.

Health & Biosciences

The combined company’s Health & Biosciences division will contain N&B’s current Health & Biosciences business, with the exception of food protection, which will become part of the combined company’s Taste, Food & Beverage division. IFF’s legacy Health Ingredients and parts of Natural Products Solutions will also become part of the new Health & Biosciences division. This portfolio will include sustainable, clean label and high-performance solutions such as Probiotics, Infant Nutrition, HMO, Fibers; Cultures, Food Enzymes; Home & Personal Care; Animal Nutrition; Biorefineries and Microbial Control.

Pharma Solutions

The Pharma Solutions division at the combined company will be composed of N&B’s current Pharma Solutions business. The portfolio for the Pharma Solutions division will include N&B’s leading functional excipients for pharma and dietary supplements, as well as cellulosic products for industrial applications. This offering will provide specific solutions such as controlled and immediate release dosage formats, soft and hard capsules and alginates for anti-reflux applications.

A new Integrated Solutions Center of Excellence will be created to focus on incubating new business opportunities in total product solutions. In addition, IFF will establish a Center for Commercial Excellence to support business and commercial teams through development of best practices, customer insights analysis, resource deployment and the optimization of pricing strategies and solutions. Each group will be led by a newly appointed senior executive that will report to Chairman and CEO Andreas Fibig.

The divisions will be supported by a centrally-led functional excellence model, including Finance, Operations, Research & Development, Human Resources, IT, Investor Relations & Communications and Legal.

IFF's Liquidity and Capital Resources After the Transactions

Overview

As of June 30, 2020, IFF had total assets of \$12,989.1 million, current liabilities of \$1,344.2 million and long-term debt of \$4,181.7 million. Following the consummation of the Transactions, IFF's total assets and liabilities will increase significantly. As of June 30, 2020, on a pro forma basis (as described in the section of this document entitled "Unaudited Condensed Combined Pro Forma Information of IFF and the N&B Business"), IFF would have had total assets of \$41,736.4 million, current liabilities of \$2,321.0 million and long-term debt of \$11,621.7 million. IFF's cash from operations was \$699.0 million for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 and \$208.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. IFF also expects its cash from operations to increase significantly as a result of the consummation of the Transactions and the integration of the N&B Business.

IFF expects its interest expense to increase significantly as a result of the consummation of the Transactions. For the year ended December 31, 2019 and the six months ended June 30, 2020, on a pro forma basis (as described in the section of this document entitled "Unaudited Condensed Combined Pro Forma Information of IFF and the N&B Business"), IFF would have incurred additional interest expense of \$174.3 million and \$63.7 million, respectively, in connection with the N&B Debt Financing. See the section of this document entitled "Debt Financing."

IFF expects to realize cost synergies of approximately \$300 million on a run-rate basis by the end of the third year following the consummation of the Transactions. These cost synergies are expected to be driven by procurement excellence, streamlining overhead and manufacturing efficiencies. In addition, IFF's target is to deliver more than \$400 million in run-rate revenue synergies by the end of the third year following the consummation of the Transactions, which would result in more than \$175 million of EBITDA, driven by cross-selling opportunities and leveraging the expanded capabilities across a broader customer base. IFF expects to incur significant, one-time costs in connection with the Transactions of approximately \$355 million in transaction-related costs (before accounting for an estimated \$40 million of capital expenditure synergies) over the first three years following the consummation of the Transactions that IFF management believes are necessary to realize the anticipated synergies from the Transactions. No assurances of the timing or amount of synergies able to be captured, or the costs necessary to achieve those synergies, can be provided.

In connection with the Transactions, N&B will be the initial borrower under the Term Loan Facility and the initial issuer of the Notes, incurring total indebtedness of approximately \$7.5 billion. Following the consummation of the Transactions, all obligations of N&B with respect to the Term Loan Facility and the Notes will be guaranteed by IFF or at the election of N&B and IFF, IFF may assume these N&B obligations, which assumption is expected to occur after the Second Merger. In addition, following the Merger, by virtue of the fact N&B will be a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, the consolidated indebtedness of IFF and its subsidiaries will include the indebtedness incurred by N&B in the debt financings completed prior to the Distribution (See "Debt Financing").

IFF anticipates that its primary sources of liquidity for working capital and operating activities will be cash from operations and borrowings under its existing credit facilities. IFF expects that these sources of liquidity will be sufficient to make required payments of interest on the outstanding IFF debt (including under the Term Loan Facility and the indenture governing the Notes) and to fund working capital and capital expenditure requirements, including the significant one-time costs relating to the Transactions described above. IFF expects that it will be able to comply with the financial and other covenants of its existing debt arrangements and the covenants under the agreements governing the Term Loan Facility, the Bridge Facility (if applicable) and the indenture governing the Notes.

For more information on the N&B Business's and IFF's existing sources of liquidity, see the section of this document entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the N&B Business" and the section entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in IFF's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and IFF's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which are filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference in this document. See "Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference."

Directors and Officers of IFF Before and After the Transactions

Board of Directors

The IFF board of directors currently consists of eleven directors. As of immediately following the effective time of the Merger, IFF's board of directors will consist of 13 directors, including seven directors from IFF and six individuals selected by the DuPont board of directors. See "The Transactions—Board of Directors and Management of IFF Following the Transactions." Listed below is the biographical information for each person who is currently a director of IFF.

Marcello V. Bottoli, 58, has been a director of IFF since 2007. Mr. Bottoli is a Partner at Es Vedra Capital Advisors LLP, an advisory and investment firm dedicated to venture capital and growth equity. Since October 2019, Mr. Bottoli also serves as Managing Partner of EVCP Growth Equity LLP, a U.K. based advisory company to EVCP Growth Equity GP II S.a.r.l., a private equity fund with a focus on consumer lifestyle companies. Previously, Mr. Bottoli was an Operating Partner at Boston-based Advent International, a private equity firm, between 2010 and 2015. Mr. Bottoli also served as Interim Chief Executive Officer of Pandora A/S, a designer, manufacturer and marketer of hand-finished and modern jewelry, from August 2011 until March 2012. Mr. Bottoli served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Samsonite Inc., a luggage manufacturer and distributor, from March 2004 through January 2009, and President and Chief Executive Officer of Louis Vuitton Malletier, a manufacturer and retailer of luxury handbags and accessories, from 2001 through 2002. Previously, Mr. Bottoli held a number of roles with Benckiser N.V., and then Reckitt Benckiser plc, a home, health and personal care products company, following the merger of Benckiser with Reckitt & Colman Ltd.

Michael L. Ducker, 67, has been a director of the IFF board of directors since 2014. Mr. Ducker served as President and Chief Executive Officer of FedEx Freight from January 2015 – August 2018. In that role, he provided strategic direction for FedEx's less-than-truckload (LTL) companies throughout North America and for FedEx Custom Critical, a leading carrier of time sensitive, critical shipments. Mr. Ducker was formerly the Chief Operating Officer and President of International for FedEx Express, where he led all customer-facing aspects of the company's U.S. operations and its international business, spanning more than 220 countries and territories across the globe. Mr. Ducker also oversaw FedEx Trade Networks and FedEx Supply Chain. During his FedEx career, which began in 1975, Mr. Ducker has also served as president of FedEx Express Asia Pacific in Hong Kong and led the Southeast Asia and Middle East regions from Singapore, as well as Southern Europe from Milan, Italy.

David R. Epstein, 59, has been a director of IFF since 2016. Mr. Epstein is an Executive Partner at Flagship Pioneering, a biotechnology venture creation firm focused on life sciences companies, where he has served since January 2017. Previously, Mr. Epstein served as Division Head and CEO of Novartis Pharmaceuticals, a division of Novartis AG, a Swiss multinational pharmaceutical company, from January 2010 until July 2016. In addition, Mr. Epstein was a member of Novartis's Executive Committee. From September 2000 to February 2010, Mr. Epstein served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Novartis Oncology division. He joined Sandoz, the predecessor of Novartis, in 1989 and held various leadership positions of increasing responsibility, including Chief Operating Officer of Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation in the United States and Global Head of Novartis Specialty Medicines until August 2000. Before joining Sandoz, Mr. Epstein was an associate in the strategy practice of Booz Allen Hamilton, a consulting firm.

Roger W. Ferguson, 68, has been a director of IFF since 2010. Mr. Ferguson has been the President and Chief Executive Officer of TIAA (formerly TIAA-CREF) since 2008. Prior to joining TIAA, Mr. Ferguson served as Chairman of Swiss Re America Holding Corporation, a global insurance company, from 2006 to 2008. Mr. Ferguson served as Vice Chairman of the Board of Governors of the U.S. Federal Reserve System from 1999 to 2006. He represented the Federal Reserve on several international policy groups and served on key Federal Reserve System committees, including Payment System Oversight, Reserve Bank Operations and Supervision and Regulation. In addition, Mr. Ferguson led the Federal Reserve's initial response on 9/11. From 1984 to 1997, Mr. Ferguson was an associate and partner at McKinsey & Company.

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John F. Ferraro, 65, has been a director of IFF since 2015. Mr. Ferraro was the Executive Vice President, Strategy and Sales of Aquilon Energy Services, a software company for the energy industry from February 2019 to July 2019. He was the Global Chief Operating Officer of Ernst & Young, a leading professional services firm, from 2007 to January 2015. In that role, he was responsible for the overall operations and services of Ernst & Young worldwide. Prior to the COO role, Mr. Ferraro served in several leadership positions, including as Global Vice Chair of Audit and as the senior advisory partner on some of the firm's largest accounts. Mr. Ferraro began his career with Ernst & Young Milwaukee in 1976 and has served a variety of global companies. He has worked in Europe (London and Rome), throughout the Midwest (Chicago, Cleveland and Kansas City) and New York.

Andreas Fibig, 58, has been a Chairman of the IFF board of directors and Chief Executive Officer of IFF since 2014 and a director of IFF since 2011. Previously, he served as President and Chairman of the Board of Management of Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, the pharmaceutical division of Bayer AG, from September 2008 to September 2014. Prior to that position, Mr. Fibig held a number of positions of increasing responsibility at Pfizer Inc., a research-based pharmaceutical company, including as Senior Vice President of the US Pharmaceutical Operations group from 2007 through 2008 and as President, Latin America, Africa and Middle East from 2006 through 2007.

Christina Gold, 72, has been a director of IFF since 2013. From September 2006 until September 2010, Ms. Gold was Chief Executive Officer, President and a director of The Western Union Company, a leader in global money movement and payment services. She was President of Western Union Financial Services, Inc. and Senior Executive Vice President of First Data Corporation, former parent company of The Western Union Company and provider of electronic commerce and payment solutions, from May 2002 to September 2006. Prior to that, Ms. Gold served as Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Excel Communications, Inc., a former telecommunications and e-commerce services provider, from October 1999 to May 2002. From 1998 to 1999, Ms. Gold served as President and CEO of Beaconsfield Group, Inc., a direct selling advisory firm that she founded. Prior to founding Beaconsfield Group, Ms. Gold spent 28 years (from 1970 to 1998) with Avon Products, Inc., a leading global beauty company, in a variety of positions, including as Executive Vice President, Global Direct Selling Development, Senior Vice President and later President of Avon North America, and Senior Vice President & CEO of Avon Canada.

Katherine M. Hudson, 73, has been a director of IFF since 2008. As Chairperson, President and Chief Executive Officer of Brady Corporation, a global manufacturer of identification solutions and specialty industrial products, from 1994 until 2004. Her prior experience during 24 years with Eastman Kodak, an imaging technology products provider, covered various areas of responsibility, including systems analysis, supply chain, finance and information technology. Her general management experience spans both commercial and consumer product lines.

Dale F. Morrison, 71, has been a director of IFF since 2011. Mr. Morrison is a founding partner of Twin Ridge Capital Management, a private equity firm, since 2016. Prior to Twin Ridge, he founded TriPointe Capital Partners in 2011. From 2004 until 2011, Mr. Morrison served as the President and Chief Executive Officer of McCain Foods Limited, an international leader in the frozen food industry. A food industry veteran, his experience includes service as Chief Executive Officer and President of Campbell Soup Company, various roles at General Foods and PepsiCo and as an operating partner of Fenway Partners, a private equity firm.

Li-Huei Tsai, Ph.D., 60, has been a director of IFF since 2019. Dr. Li-Huei Tsai is Picower Professor and Director of the Picower Institute for Learning and Memory at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Previously, Li-Huei was an investigator at Howard Hughes Medical Institute. Ms. Tsai also served as a Professor at Harvard Medical School from 1994-2006. She holds a Ph.D. from the University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas, and received postdoctoral training at Cold Spring Harbor laboratory and Massachusetts General Hospital.

Stephen Williamson, 53, has been a director of IFF since 2017. Mr. Williamson currently serves as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer at Thermo Fisher Scientific, a leader in life sciences and healthcare

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technologies. Appointed to this role in August 2015, Mr. Williamson is responsible for the company's finance, tax, treasury and investor relations functions. He joined Thermo Fisher in 2001 as Vice President, European Financial Operations, based in the U.K., and oversaw its integration activities across Europe. In 2004, Mr. Williamson moved to the U.S. and held finance leadership roles for many of Thermo Fisher's operating businesses. In 2008, he became Vice President of Financial Operations for the company and led the finance function supporting all businesses. Prior to Thermo Fisher, Mr. Williamson served as Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Asia Pacific for Honeywell International (formerly AlliedSignal) in Singapore and held other finance roles in corporate development and operational finance. He began his career with Price Waterhouse in the transaction support group and the audit practice, working in both London and New York.

The IFF board of directors has determined that all of its members, except Mr. Fibig, constituting a majority, satisfy the listing standards for independence of the NYSE and Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act.

As stated above, as of the effective time of the Merger, IFF's board of directors will include seven directors from IFF serving on its board of directors immediately before the effective time of the Merger and six DuPont director appointees. This will continue until IFF's Annual Meeting in 2022, when the board will decrease to 12 total directors, consisting of six continuing directors from the current board of IFF or their replacements and six continuing individuals previously selected by the DuPont board of directors at the time of the Merger, or their replacements. Andreas Fibig will continue to serve as Chairman and CEO of IFF. Current DuPont Executive Chairman and CEO Ed Breen will join the board of IFF at the effective time of the Merger as a DuPont appointee and will serve as Lead Independent Director upon the later of June 1, 2021 and the closing date of the Merger. On May 11, 2020, IFF and DuPont announced two additional DuPont director designees for the combined company. Matthias Heinzl, N&B President, and Carol A. (John) Davidson, a CPA with more than 30 years of leadership experience across multiple industries, will be appointed to join the board of the combined company at the effective time of the Merger. Listed below is the biographical information for Messrs. Breen, Heinzl and Davidson.

Edward D. Breen, 64, has served as the Executive Chair of the DuPont board of directors since June 1, 2019 and as Chief Executive Officer of DuPont since February 18, 2020. Prior to his current role, Mr. Breen served as the Chief Executive Officer of DowDuPont from September 1, 2017 to May 31, 2019. Mr. Breen was named Interim Chairman of the Historical EID board of directors and Chief Executive Officer on October 16, 2015, and assumed those roles permanently on November 9, 2015. He served as Chairman, from July 2002 to March 2016, and Chief Executive Officer, from July 2002 to September 2012, of Tyco International, plc, a leading global provider of security products and services, fire detection and suppression products and services and life safety products. Prior to joining Tyco, Mr. Breen held senior management positions at Motorola, including as President and Chief Operating Officer, and General Instrument Corporation, including as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Breen is a director of Comcast Corporation (since 2014 and from 2005 to 2011). Mr. Breen also served as a director of Corteva from June 1, 2019 until April 2020. Mr. Breen is a member of the Advisory Board of New Mountain Capital LLC, a private equity firm. Mr. Breen served as a director of Historical EID from February 2015 to September 2017, a director of DowDuPont from September 2017 to June 2019, and a director of DuPont since June 2019.

Matthias Heinzl, 53, has served as the President of the N&B Business since June 2019. Mr. Heinzl previously served as the President of the Nutrition and Health business. Since joining Historical EID in 2003, Mr. Heinzl has held a variety of roles within the organization. Prior to joining Historical EID, Mr. Heinzl was a Senior Management Consultant with McKinsey & Company where he served international clients in the technology, telecommunications and process industry. He then held several leadership roles in marketing, strategy and business development in the telecommunications industry. Mr. Heinzl holds a master degree in electrical engineering and business administration (Dipl.-Wirtschaftsing.) and a Ph.D. in business administration.

Carol A. Davidson, 64, served as the Senior Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer of Tyco International Ltd., a provider of diversified industrial products and services, from January 2004 to September 2012. Between 1997 and 2004, Mr. Davidson held a variety of leadership roles at Dell Inc., a computer and

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technology services company, including the positions of Vice President, Audit, Risk and Compliance, and Vice President, Corporate Controller. From 1981 to 1997, Mr. Davidson held a variety of accounting and financial leadership roles at Eastman Kodak Company, a provider of imaging technology products and services. Mr. Davidson holds a Bachelor of Science in Accounting from St. John Fisher College and an MBA from the University of Rochester. Mr. Davidson is currently a director of FMC Corporation, TE Connectivity, Legg Mason, Inc., and was previously a director of DaVita Inc. until March 2018, Pentair plc until May 2018 and Allergan plc until May 2020. Mr. Davidson is a Certified Public Accountant with more than 35 years of leadership experience across multiple industries and brings a strong track record of building and leading global teams and implementing governance and controls processes. From January 2013 to August 2018 he served on the Board of Governors of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, an independent regulator of securities firms. In addition, until December 2015, he was a member of the Board of Trustees of the Financial Accounting Foundation, which oversees financial accounting and reporting standards setting processes for the United States.

Executive Officers

Listed below is the biographical information for each person who is currently an executive officer of IFF:

Andreas Fibig, 58, has served as IFF's Chairman since December 2014 and Chief Executive Officer since September 2014. Mr. Fibig has been a member of IFF Board of Directors since 2011. From 2008 to 2014, Mr. Fibig served as President and Chairman of the Board of Management of Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, the pharmaceutical division of Bayer AG. Prior to Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, Mr. Fibig held a number of positions of increasing responsibility at Pfizer Inc., a research-based pharmaceutical company, including as Senior Vice President in the US Pharmaceutical Operations group from 2007 through 2008 and as President, Latin America, Africa and Middle East from 2006 through 2007.

Rustom Jilla, 59, has served as IFF's Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since January 2020. From July 2015 to January 2020, Mr. Jilla served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of MSC Industrial Direct Co., Inc., a distributor of metalworking and maintenance repair operations, products and services. From April 2013 to September 2014, Mr. Jilla served as CFO for Dematic Group, a European based global provider of warehouse logistics and inventory management solutions. Prior to that Mr. Jilla was CFO of Ansell Limited, an Australian-listed global leader in protective solutions from September 2002 to April 2013. Before that, Mr. Jilla held various leadership positions in finance and product management at PerkinElmer Inc. and The BOC Group, a British public multinational industrial gas company, in the U.S. and New Zealand. He began his career in auditing with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP in Sri Lanka.

Richard A. O'Leary, 60, has served as IFF's Executive Vice President and Integration Officer since January 2020. Previously, Mr. O'Leary served as IFF's Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since October 2016. Mr. O'Leary originally joined IFF in July 2007. Mr. O'Leary was IFF's Senior Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer from July 2015 until his appointment as Chief Financial Officer, and served as IFF's Vice President and Controller from May 2009 to November 2014. Mr. O'Leary served as IFF's Interim Chief Financial Officer from November 2014 to July 2015 and from July 2008 to May 2009. Mr. O'Leary was also IFF's Vice President, Corporate Development from July 2007 to May 2009. Prior to joining IFF, Mr. O'Leary held various positions at International Paper Co., a paper and packaging company, which he originally joined in 1986, including Chief Financial Officer of International Paper Company (Brazil) from June 2004 to June 2007. Prior to International Paper Co., Mr. O'Leary was with Arthur Young & Co.

Nicolas Mirzayantz, 57, has served as IFF's Divisional Chief Executive Officer, Scent since October 2018. Mr. Mirzayantz originally joined IFF in 1988 and was IFF's Group President, Fragrances from January 2007 to October 2018. Mr. Mirzayantz also served as a member of IFF's Temporary Office of the Chief Executive Officer from October 1, 2009 until February 2010, IFF's Senior Vice President, Fine Fragrance and Beauty Care and Regional Manager, North America from March 2005 to December 2006, IFF's Senior Vice President, Fine Fragrance and Beauty Care from October 2004 to February 2005, and IFF's Vice President Global Fragrance Business Development from February 2002 to September 2004.

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Matthias Haeni, 54, has served as IFF's Divisional Chief Executive Officer, Taste since October 2018. Mr. Haeni joined IFF in 2007 as Regional General Manager, Flavors Greater Asia and was IFF's Group President, Flavors from April 2014 to October 2018. In 2010, Mr. Haeni transferred to Hilversum, The Netherlands where he served as Regional General Manager for Flavors in Europe, Africa, and the Middle East ("EAME"). Prior to joining IFF, Mr. Haeni was based in Singapore as Givaudan's Vice President of Commercial Flavors, Southeast Asia Pacific and held similar positions throughout EAME.

Gregory Yep, 55, has served as IFF's Executive Vice President, Chief Global Scientific & Sustainability Officer since June 2016. Prior to joining IFF, Dr. Yep was Senior Vice President of Research, Development & Applications with The Kerry Group from January 2015 to June 2016. Prior to The Kerry Group, Dr. Yep was Senior Vice President of R&D at PepsiCo from June 2009 to December 2015 and was Global Vice President, Application Technologies at Givaudan Flavors and Fragrances from December 2005 to June 2009. Earlier in his career, Dr. Yep was at McCormick & Company, where he held executive roles of increasing responsibility in food science. Dr. Yep holds a bachelor's degree in biology and chemistry from the University of Pennsylvania and master's degree and Ph.D. in organic chemistry from Johns Hopkins University.

Susana Suarez-Gonzalez, 51, has served as IFF's Executive Vice President, Chief Human Resources Officer since November 2016. Prior to joining IFF, Ms. Gonzalez was Senior Vice President, Global Operations & Centers Expertise, Human Resources of Fluor Corporation from 2014 to 2016. Ms. Gonzalez began her career at Fluor Corporation in 1991, and during her 25 years with the company, she held various leadership positions across several business groups and functions including construction, marketing, sales, project engineering and human resources.

Anne Chwat, 61, has served as IFF's Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary since August 2015 and as IFF's Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary from April 2011 to August 2015. Prior to joining IFF, Ms. Chwat served as Executive Vice President and General Counsel of Burger King Holdings, Inc., a fast food hamburger restaurant company, from September 2004 to April 2011. From September 2000 to September 2004, Ms. Chwat held various positions at BMG Music (now Sony Music Entertainment), including Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Chief Ethics and Compliance Officer.

Francisco Fortanet, 51, has served as IFF's Executive Vice President, Operations since August 2015 and as Senior Vice President, Operations from February 27, 2012 to August 2015. In 2018, he was named Frutarom Integration lead. Mr. Fortanet joined IFF in 1995, and has served as IFF's Vice President, Global Manufacturing Compounding from January 2007 to February 2012, IFF's Vice President, Global Manufacturing from January 2006 to January 2007, IFF's Regional Director of North America Operations from December 2003 to January 2005, the Project Manager of a special project in Ireland from May 2003 to December 2003, and as IFF's Plant Manager in Hazlet, New Jersey from October 1999 to May 2003. Mr. Fortanet started his career in IFF-Mexico.

Vic Verma, 52, was appointed IFF's Vice President and Chief Information Officer in February 2016 and named Senior Vice President in April 2019. Before joining IFF, Mr. Verma served as Vice President of Global Infrastructure Operations at American Express from 2010 to 2016 where he was accountable for global infrastructure operations across the full breadth and lifecycle of technology products. Prior to that role, Mr. Verma held several other leadership positions at American Express as well as Vice President, Division CIO and management consulting roles with GlaxoSmithKline, Bristol Myers Squibb and PricewaterhouseCoopers.

The Executive Committee of the combined company following the Merger will include: Andreas Fibig, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer; Rustom Jilla, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer; Kathy Fortmann, President, Taste, Food & Beverage; Nicolas Mirzayantz, President, Scent; Simon Herriott, President, Health & Biosciences; Angela Strzelecki, President, Pharma Solutions; Greg Yep, Executive Vice President, Chief Research & Development and Global Integrated Solutions Officer; Greg Soutendijk, Senior Vice President, Commercial Excellence; Susana Suarez Gonzalez, Executive Vice President, Chief Human Resources and Diversity & Inclusion Officer; Francisco Fortanet, Executive Vice President, Global Operations Officer; Vic

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Verma, Executive Vice President, Chief Information Officer; Michael DeVeau, Senior Vice President, Chief Investor Relations & Communications Officer; Etienne Laurent, Senior Vice President, Finance & Corporate Strategy; Jennifer Johnson, Executive Vice President, General Counsel; and Anne Chwat, IFF's current Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, who has agreed to remain with IFF for a period following the consummation of the Transactions to work with Ms. Johnson to ensure a smooth integration and transition. IFF and N&B have formed an Integration Office, comprised of leaders from both companies, to manage the integration of the companies.

Below is the biographical information for Kathy Fortmann, Michael DeVeau, Simon Herriott, Angela Strzelecki, Greg Soutendijk, Jennifer Johnson and Etienne Laurent:

Kathy Fortmann, 53, joined IFF in April 2020 as Global Head of Strategy & Cross-Fertilization for the Taste Division and named CEO of Taste Division starting October 2020. Before joining IFF, Ms. Fortmann served as Business Group President of FrieslandCampina Ingredients at Royal FrieslandCampina. Prior to that, Ms. Fortmann was a member of the Cargill Executive Team, where she spent twelve years running Food Ingredients Businesses and setting up Cargill Global Business Services to provide IT, Human Resources, Finance, Transportation & Logistics, and Procurement services for Cargill's 67 Business Units around the world. Ms. Fortmann started her career as a chemical engineer with DuPont in 1989, where she held a number of positions in the U.S.A. and Europe. She holds a bachelor's degree in Chemical Engineering from the University of Tulsa, as well as an Executive MBA from Washington University.

Michael DeVeau, 40, has served as IFF's Head of Investor Relations, Communications and Chief of Staff based in New York since September 2014. He is responsible for leading the company's investor engagement efforts, communications strategy, media relations, employee communications and corporate branding and serves as a strategic advisor to IFF's Chairman and CEO. Since joining IFF in 2009 as Head of Investor Relations, Mr. DeVeau has held various roles of increasing scope and responsibility in communications, finance and corporate strategy. Prior to joining IFF, he served in leadership positions in investor relations, finance and corporate development at PepsiCo. Mr. DeVeau began his career as an Equity Research Analyst at Citigroup Investment Research. He has a bachelor's degree from Fordham University and completed a Global Executive Leadership Program at INSEAD.

Simon Herriott, 56, has served as Vice President and Global Business Director, Health & Biosciences for the N&B Business since 2019. He has driven top-line growth and operational effectiveness through innovation and supply chain development. Prior to his current role, Mr. Herriott has served as Global Business Director, Bioactives, Industrial Biosciences and Vice President, Danisco Inc. from 2016 to 2019. Mr. Herriott was employed by DuPont's predecessor or formerly affiliated companies for 15 years and held a variety of roles, including Global Business Director, Biomaterials, Industrial Biosciences from 2014 to 2016 and leadership positions for various businesses that are currently part of DuPont's Non-Core segment. He holds a bachelor's degree in Geology/Geography and International Masters in Practicing Management from McGill University.

Angela Strzelecki, 53, has served as Platform Leader, Pharma Solutions for the N&B Business since 2019, and is responsible for developing and executing the organization's structure, business processes and strategic direction. Prior to that Dr. Strzelecki was employed for 28 years by DuPont's predecessor or formerly affiliated companies and has held a variety of leadership positions across the company, including in Nutrition and Health, Corporate M&A, and Corporate Strategy. Since 2015, Dr. Strzelecki has served as Platform Leader, Pharma Solutions for the Nutrition and Health business (2018 – 2019), Planning Director – Corporate Planning and M&A (2016 – 2018), Global Business Director – Electronics & Communications (2015 – 2016), and the North America Business Director – Building Innovations (2013 – 2015). Dr. Strzelecki holds a bachelor's degree in Chemistry from King's College, as well as a Ph.D. in Chemistry from The Pennsylvania State University.

Greg Soutendijk, 52, has served as IFF's Head of Corporate Development based in New York since July 2015. Mr. Soutendijk joined IFF in The Netherlands in March 2006 as Vice President, Global Fragrance Ingredient Sales. In January 2007, Mr. Soutendijk was transferred to Shanghai, China, where he served as Regional General Manager for Fragrances, Greater Asia. In 2010, Mr. Soutendijk moved to Singapore where he continued to serve

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as Regional General Manager, Greater Asia. Early in his career, from 1993-1998, Mr. Soutendijk held various positions at IFF and Bush Boake Allen across the US, Europe and Asia. Mr. Soutendijk received a full-time MBA from Kellogg Graduate School of Management in 2000, after which he worked in Investment Banking for Credit Suisse Group in New York from 2000-2006.

Jennifer Johnson, 45, has served as Associate General Counsel for the N&B Business, leading its legal department. She was appointed to this position in 2019 and has driven critical litigation wins, significant changes to the N&B Business's patent strategy, and complex M&A transactions. Dr. Johnson joined DuPont's predecessor or formerly affiliated companies in 2013 and prior to joining the N&B Business in 2019, she led the legal team for DuPont's former Industrial Biosciences business as Associate General Counsel from 2017 to 2019. Dr. Johnson also served as Assistant Chief Intellectual Property Counsel for Industrial Biosciences, where she led the IP team from 2015 to 2017. Prior to joining DuPont's predecessor or formerly affiliated companies in 2013, Dr. Johnson was a Partner at the law firm of Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P. She holds a J.D. from the University of Washington and a Ph.D. in Plant Biology from University of California, Berkeley.

Etienne Laurent, 55, has served as Divisional CFO for the N&B Business since 2014, leading the finance function, acquisitions and integrations processes, and preparing for external reporting communication cycles. Prior to this role, he held a variety of positions at DuPont's predecessor or formerly affiliated companies, including EMEA regional CFO, Leader of Sourcing and Logistics for the EMEA region, and multiple roles in Treasury, Controllership, Audit and FP&A. Mr. Laurent holds an MBA from Northeastern University.

INFORMATION ON DUPONT

DuPont is a Delaware corporation formed in 2015 (formerly, DowDuPont Inc.), for the purpose of effecting an all-stock merger of equals transactions between The Dow Chemical Company (“Historical Dow”) and E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company (“Historical EID”) with the announced intent to separate its materials science, agriculture and specialty products businesses. Effective August 31, 2017, pursuant to the merger of equals transaction contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 11, 2015, as amended on March 31, 2017 (“DWDP Merger Agreement”), Historical Dow and Historical EID each merged with subsidiaries of DowDuPont Inc. (“DowDuPont”) and, as a result, Historical Dow and Historical EID became subsidiaries of DowDuPont (the “DWDP Merger”).

On April 1, 2019, DuPont separated its materials science business by way of a pro rata spin-off of Dow Inc. (referred to herein as the “Dow Distribution”). On June 1, 2019, DuPont separated its agriculture business by way of a pro rata spin-off of Corteva, Inc. (referred to herein as the “Corteva Distribution”). Following the Dow Distribution and Corteva Distribution, DuPont holds the specialty products business. On June 1, 2019, DowDuPont changed its registered name from “DowDuPont Inc.” to “DuPont de Nemours, Inc.” doing business as “DuPont,” and beginning on June 3, 2019, DuPont’s common stock is traded on the NYSE under the ticker symbol “DD”. DuPont’s principal executive offices are located at 974 Centre Road, Building 730, Wilmington, Delaware 19805 and its telephone number is (302) 774-3034. DuPont’s internet address is <http://www.dupont.com>. The information on DuPont’s website is not incorporated by reference into or part of this prospectus.

With about 35,000 employees worldwide, today DuPont is a global innovation leader with technology-based materials, ingredients and solutions that help transform industries and everyday life by applying diverse science and expertise to help customers advance their best ideas and deliver essential innovations in key markets including electronics, transportation, building and construction, health and wellness, food and worker safety. DuPont has subsidiaries in about 70 countries and manufacturing operations in about 40 countries.

On September 16, 2020, N&B completed an offering in the aggregate principal amount of \$6.25 billion of senior unsecured notes (the “Notes Offering”) in six series, comprised of the following: \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 0.697% Senior Notes due 2022; \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 1.230% Senior Notes due 2025; \$1.2 billion aggregate principal amount of 1.832% Senior Notes due 2027; \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 2.300% Senior Notes due 2030; \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 3.268% Senior Notes due 2040; and \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 3.468% Senior Notes due 2050. The Commitment letter was terminated as of September 16, 2020.

The net proceeds of approximately \$6.2 billion from the Notes Offering were deposited into an escrow account and are expected to be used to partially fund the Special Cash Payment and pay the related financing fees and expenses. However, if the closing of the Merger has not occurred on or prior to September 15, 2021, or, if prior to such date, the Merger Agreement is validly terminated, (each a “Special Mandatory Redemption Event”), N&B must redeem all of the Notes on or before the 15th business day following the Special Mandatory Redemption Event (such date of redemption, the “Special Mandatory Redemption Date”) at a redemption price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the applicable series of Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the Special Mandatory Redemption Date.

DuPont’s worldwide operations are managed through global businesses, which are reported in five reportable segments: Electronics & Imaging; Nutrition & Biosciences; Transportation & Industrial; Safety & Construction, and Non-Core.

Electronics & Imaging is a leading global supplier of differentiated materials and systems for a broad range of consumer electronics including mobile devices, television monitors, personal computers and electronics used in a variety of industries.

Nutrition & Biosciences is an innovation-driven and customer-focused segment that provides solutions for the global food and beverage, dietary supplements, pharma, home and personal care, energy and animal nutrition

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markets. In the first quarter of 2020, DuPont realigned its polysaccharides assets and activities to Nutrition & Biosciences from Non-Core.

Transportation & Industrial provides high-performance engineering resins, adhesives, silicones, lubricants and parts to engineers and designers in the transportation, electronics, healthcare, industrial and consumer end-markets to enable systems solutions for demanding applications and environments.

Safety & Construction is the global leader in providing innovative engineered products and integrated systems for a number of industries, including worker safety, water purification and separation, aerospace, energy, medical packaging and building materials.

Non-Core is a leading global supplier of key materials for the manufacturing of photovoltaic cells and panels; materials used in components and films for consumer electronics, automotive, and aerospace markets; and materials and services to improve the safety, productivity, and sustainability of organizations across a range of industries.

For a more detailed description of DuPont's business, see DuPont's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, as filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference into this prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation By Reference."

INFORMATION ON THE N&B BUSINESS

Overview

The N&B Business, one of the world's largest producers of specialty ingredients, is an innovation-driven and customer-focused business that provides solutions for the global food and beverage, dietary supplements, home and personal care, energy, animal nutrition and pharma markets. Additionally, the N&B Business is an industry pioneer and innovator that works with customers to improve the performance, productivity and sustainability of their products and processes through differentiated technology in ingredients applications, fermentation, biotechnology, chemistry and manufacturing process excellence.

Business Segments, Products and Markets

The N&B Business operates and reports its results through three operating segments: Food & Beverage; Health & Biosciences and Pharma Solutions. The N&B Business generated 2019 revenues of \$6,076 million, about \$2,945 million of which was from Food & Beverage, \$2,317 million from Health & Biosciences and \$814 million from Pharma Solutions.

Food & Beverage is the N&B Business's innovative and broad portfolio of natural-based ingredients, including texturants, hydrocolloids, emulsifiers, sweeteners, plant-based proteins and systems for multiple ingredients, is marketed under the DANISCO® and SUPRO® brands, as well as others, and serves to enhance nutritional value, texture and functionality in a wide range of beverage, dairy, bakery, confectionery and culinary applications. The major markets for Food & Beverage are the industrial prepared foods market.

Health & Biosciences is the biotechnology driven portfolio of the N&B Business, where enzymes, food cultures, probiotics and specialty ingredients for food and non-food applications are developed and produced. The N&B Business's biotechnology-driven probiotics portfolio, including the HOWARU® brand, is a leading technology platform for dietary supplements supported by science-based health claims, with a growing portfolio of proprietary strains, and possesses among the highest potency and highest volume production capabilities in the market. Health & Biosciences is a leading producer of cultures for use in fermented foods such as yogurt, cheese and fermented beverages. It also uses industrial fermentation to produce enzymes and microorganisms that provide product and process performance benefits to household detergents, animal feed, ethanol production and brewing. Health & Biosciences also offers a broad portfolio of formulated biocides for controlling microbial populations. The major markets for Health & Biosciences are the health and wellness market, food and beverage, animal nutrition, detergents, biofuels production, and microbial control solutions for oil and gas production, home and personal care and other industrial preservation markets.

Pharma Solutions is one of the world's largest producers of cellulose- and alginates-based pharma excipients, used to improve the functionality and delivery of active pharmaceutical ingredients, including controlled or modified drug release formulations, and enabling the development of more effective pharma solutions, including those marketed under the AVICEL® brand. The primary market for Pharma Solutions is the oral dosage pharmaceuticals excipients market.

Strategy

The N&B Business believes that a growing emphasis on preventive health management and healthy and active lifestyles, along with increased knowledge of human health, including the microbiome, provide significant growth opportunities in the nutrition and wellness markets. Additionally, the N&B Business sees increased consumer interest in natural, plant-based and "free from" products, coupled with growing demand for transparency, science-based claims and "clean labeling". The N&B Business expects bio-based solutions to continue to be of high interest, including to consumer products companies and retailers as they look for ways to meet their sustainability goals and create a competitive edge with consumers.

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The N&B Business's growth strategy is focused on high-growth markets, increased capacity and margin expansion, with an emphasis on:

- accelerating the time it takes to bring its innovative products to market;
- broadening the portfolio of new offerings, with a focus on value creation through collaborative applications development and cost competitive products;
- capturing efficiencies of scale in its manufacturing processes;
- capitalizing on product and customer segmentation; and
- maintaining the N&B Business's leadership positions in the markets in which it operates.

Major Customers and Competition

The N&B Business serves customers across the six growing and diverse industries of food and beverage, dietary supplements, pharma excipients, home and personal care, animal nutrition, and energy and industrials. No single customer or group of customers represented more than 10% of the N&B Business's sales in 2019, 2018 or the periods September 1, through December 31, 2017 and January 1 through August 31, 2017.

Competitors include many large multinational nutrition and biosciences companies, as well as a number of regional and local competitors, that compete primarily through technology, range of products and services, performance, quality, reliability, brand, reputation, service and support. Key competitors include Archer Daniels Midland Company, Chr. Hansen Holding A/S, Corbion NV, CP Kelco U.S., Inc., Royal DSM N.V., Kerry Group plc, Lonza Group Ltd., Novozymes A/S, Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd. and Tate & Lyle PLC.

The N&B Business leverages strong global and regional customer relationships and an extensive worldwide network of food and beverage application centers that employ specialists with in-depth knowledge of local consumer preferences, tastes and trends. These specialists work directly with customers, leveraging the business's global portfolio to meet customers' rapid product development timelines, while endeavoring to ensure that the N&B Business's products meet local regulations and other requirements. The N&B Business utilizes deep research & development capabilities and intellectual property and strategic partnerships with key customers and value-chain partners to accelerate commercialization of next-generation products and solutions and to identify market spaces for high value creation. Management of the N&B Business believes that these attributes, together with the N&B Business's proprietary product and process technologies, robust product and application development pipelines, global manufacturing capability and local service capability, enable it to compete successfully.

Key Raw Materials

The main raw materials used by N&B are natural commodities which include organic vegetable oils, soy, gelatin, pulp, cellulose processed grains (including dextrose and glucose), guar, locust bean kernels, citrus peels, seaweed, glycols, sugars and yeasts.

Distribution

Most of the N&B Business's products are marketed primarily through the N&B Business sales organization, although in some regions and market segments, including the pharma market, sales also are made through distributors to improve market reach. The N&B Business has a diverse worldwide network which markets and distributes its brands to customers globally. This network consists of the N&B Business's sales and marketing organization partnering with distributors, independent retailers, cooperatives and agents throughout the world.

Backlog

In general, the N&B Business does not manufacture its products against a backlog of orders and does not consider backlog to be a significant indicator of the level of future sales activity. Production and inventory levels

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are based on the level of incoming orders, as well as projections of future demand and frequency and size of batch manufacture.

Seasonality

In general, demand for N&B Business products and solutions is not seasonal; however, consumer food and beverage preferences are influenced by the weather, and therefore, changes in expected seasonal weather patterns can impact results in Food & Beverage.

International

The N&B Business has a global footprint serving customers around the world. The N&B Business has about 70 manufacturing sites and 30 innovation centers worldwide, and this geographic diversity allows it to draw on the skills of a worldwide workforce, provides greater stability to its operations, allows it to drive economies of scale, provides revenue streams that may help offset economic trends that are specific to individual economies and offers it an opportunity to access new markets for products.

On a geographical basis, about \$2,263 million or approximately 37.2% of 2019 revenues were attributable to the United States and Canada; about \$1,812 million or approximately 29.9% to Europe, Middle East and Africa (“EMEA”), \$1,380 million or approximately 22.7% to Asia Pacific and \$621 million or approximately 10.2% to Latin America. For additional information related to revenues and long-lived assets by country, see Note 23 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements. For information regarding deferred taxes by geography, see Note 10 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements.

Employees

The N&B Business believes that high employee engagement is a driver of business performance and seeks to foster an environment of respect for diversity, equity and inclusion (“DE&I”). The N&B Business offers a DE&I curriculum, resources and tools to educate managers and employees in how to utilize diversity as a resource and establish more inclusive work environments. The N&B Business’s DE&I Steering Committee works to improve diversity, equity and inclusion throughout the business with initiatives such as: (i) unconscious bias workshops, (ii) networking and mentoring practices, and (iii) opportunities for participation in external conferences and events.

The N&B Business currently employs more than 10,000 people around the world and is led by senior leaders who have extensive experience in their respective fields. About 40% of N&B Business employees are located in EMEA and 30% in the United States. Within the United States, about 1,750 employees are in non-exempt or hourly-rate positions and approximately 15% are in positions covered by collective bargaining agreements. Management of the N&B Business considers employee relations to be good.

The success of the N&B Business depends on its employees, who drive the strategic vision, manage operations and develop products. The well-being of employees, including physical, mental and intellectual health, is of critical importance. The N&B Business, through DuPont Integrated Health Services (IHS) provides onsite and intranet-based services to support and monitor the health and welfare of employees. IHS also coordinates annual health risk assessments to determine leading health concerns for employees and executes the Medical Surveillance Exams based on occupational risks and regulatory compliance priorities are noted by the Environment, Health and Safety (EHS) team.

The N&B Business is committed to creating innovative talent management opportunities that are aligned to the strategic needs of its workforce and the business. A diverse set of training, education, and development opportunities, both formally and informally, are offered throughout the year with ongoing training programs that are designed specifically to maximize the performance of employees in meeting the N&B Business’s objectives, including better health and safety outcomes. The N&B Business provides ongoing formal and informal coaching, as part of the process for managing, coaching, developing, assessing, and rewarding employee performance.

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Some of the employee related offerings and initiatives of the N&B Business are part of larger offerings and initiatives maintained by DuPont, of which the N&B Business is presently a part. Following the Merger, some of the offerings and initiatives of the N&B Business as they relate to employees may change as the N&B Business is integrated into IFF.

Working Capital

The N&B Business maintains an adequate level of working capital to support its business needs. There are no unusual industry practices or requirements relating to working capital items in the N&B Business. In addition, management of the N&B Business believes that the N&B Business's sales and payment terms are generally similar to those of its competitors.

Intellectual Property

Intellectual property rights, including patents, trademarks, tradenames and trade dress, and trade secrets, know-how and other confidential information, are important to the N&B Business.

Patents: The N&B Business continually applies for and obtains patents in many countries, including the U.S., and has access to a large patent portfolio, primarily owned, but also licensed. The protection afforded by these patents varies based on country, scope of individual patent coverage, as well as the availability of legal remedies in each country. The term of each of these patents is approximately twenty years from the filing date in general, but varies depending on the country. As of the end of April 2020, the N&B Business owns approximately 9,000 patents and patent applications globally. Approximately 30% of the patent estate is in pending applications, while approximately 70% is in granted patents. The N&B Business's significant patent estate may be leveraged to align with the N&B Business's strategic priorities within and across product lines. The N&B Business enforces its patent rights globally through litigation, as needed.

Trademarks: The N&B Business owns or licenses many trademarks that have significant recognition at the customer level. Ownership rights in trademarks do not expire if the trademarks are continued in use and properly protected.

Trade Secrets: Trade secrets are an important part of the N&B Business's intellectual property. Many of the processes used to make products are kept as trade secrets which, from time to time, may be licensed to third parties under obligations of confidentiality. The N&B Business vigilantly protects all of its intellectual property including its trade secrets. When the N&B Business discovers that its trade secrets have been unlawfully taken, it reports the matter to governmental authorities for investigation and potential criminal action, as appropriate. In addition, the N&B Business takes measures to mitigate any potential impact, which may include civil actions seeking redress, restitution and/or damages based on loss to the N&B Business and/or unjust enrichment.

Research & Development

The N&B Business differentially invests in research and development across its three operating segments to support its strategic priorities, including innovation led growth grounded in market and customer feedback. The N&B Business plans to reinvest in innovation, with a focus on premium product lines and differentiated technology platforms to accelerate growth and drive efficiency and value creation. The N&B Business expects to support its strong product and application development pipelines built upon a global network that includes research & development, as well as regulatory and product stewardship capabilities. Expenditures for research and development during fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were approximately \$288 million and \$275 million, respectively. Expenditures for research and development in the period September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 was about \$88 million and in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 was about \$139 million.

Regulatory Environment

The N&B Business is subject to government regulations both within and outside the United States relating to the development, manufacture, marketing, sale and distribution of its products. In most jurisdictions, the N&B Business must test the safety, efficacy and environmental impact of its products to satisfy regulatory requirements and obtain the needed approvals. In certain jurisdictions, the N&B Business must periodically renew approvals, which may require it to demonstrate compliance with then-current standards. The regulatory approvals process can be lengthy and complex, with requirements that can vary by product, technology, industry and country. Additionally, the regulatory environment may be impacted by the activities of non-governmental organizations and special interest groups and stakeholder reactions to the actual or perceived impacts of new technology, products or processes on safety, health and the environment.

In addition, the N&B Business is subject to federal, state, local and foreign laws, regulations, rules and ordinances relating to pollution, protection of the environment, greenhouse gas emissions, and the generation, storage, handling, transportation, treatment, disposal and remediation of hazardous substances and waste materials.

Concerns about chemicals and biotechnology, as well as their potential impact on health and the environment, reflect a growing trend in societal demands for increasing levels of product safety and environmental protection. There is a push for regulatory changes in certain markets served by the N&B Business, such as regulatory modernization of food safety laws and evolving standards and regulations affecting pharmaceutical excipients, microbials, and with respect to new or next-generation technologies, including advances in protein engineering, gene editing and gene mapping, or novel uses of existing technologies. Such changes in the regulatory landscape have required and in the future may require the N&B Business to reduce or remove certain ingredients, substances or processing aids from the product portfolio in order to maintain marketing authorizations and rights to operate globally. The N&B Business believes that the broad field of biotechnology presents important opportunities that should be explored and developed to identify those safe and commercially viable applications that bring significant benefits to society. These opportunities arise in areas including more sustainable and lower-carbon food, materials, polymers, sensors and electronics. Benefits may include higher quality products and reduced reliance on fossil fuels along with other environmental benefits, in addition to lowering cost and carbon footprints in our customers' operations.

Legal Proceedings

The N&B Business is, from time to time, subject to a variety of litigation and other legal and regulatory proceedings and claims incidental to its business, including various products liability (involving its current or former products), intellectual property, employment related, and commercial matters. Based upon the experience of management of the N&B Business, current information and applicable law, the N&B Business does not believe that these proceedings and claims will have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows. See Note 17 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements.

Properties

The N&B Business's corporate headquarters is currently located in Wilmington, Delaware. Its manufacturing, processing, marketing and research and development facilities, as well as regional purchasing offices and distribution centers, are located throughout the world. Additional information with respect to the N&B Business's property, plant and equipment and leases is contained in Notes 13, and 19 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements.

The N&B Business's principal sites include facilities which, in the opinion of its management, are suitable and adequate for their use and have sufficient capacity for its current business needs and expected near-term growth. Certain properties are leased and some are shared with, and leased from or to, other DuPont businesses. No title examination of the properties has been made for the purpose of this prospectus and certain properties are shared with other tenants under long-term leases.

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The N&B Business's manufacturing sites, innovations centers and principal offices are located worldwide with about 20 sites in Asia Pacific, 47 in EMEA, 13 in Latin America and 25 in the United States and Canada.

HISTORICAL MARKET PRICE DATA AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION

Comparative Historical and Pro Forma Per Share Data

The following table sets forth certain historical and pro forma per share data for IFF. The IFF historical data have been derived from and should be read together with IFF's audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in IFF's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 and IFF's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in IFF's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The pro forma data have been derived from the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements of IFF and the N&B Business included elsewhere in this prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference."

This comparative historical and pro forma per share data are being presented for illustrative purposes only. IFF and the N&B Business may have performed differently had the Transactions occurred prior to the period or at the date presented. You should not rely on the pro forma per share data presented as being indicative of the results that would have been achieved had IFF and the N&B Business been combined during the period or at the date presented or of the actual future results or financial condition of IFF or the N&B Business to be achieved following the Transactions.

IFF	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019	
	Historical	Pro Forma	Historical	Pro Forma
<i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i>				
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ 1.91	\$ 1.34	\$ 4.05	\$ (1.18)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ 1.89	\$ 1.33	\$ 4.00	\$ (1.18)
Weighted average common shares outstanding—Basic	112,130	254,248	111,966	254,084
Weighted average common shares outstanding— Diluted	113,635	255,753	113,307	254,084
Book value per share of common stock	53.52	91.23	\$ 55.64	\$ 97.22
Dividends declared per share of common stock	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.50	\$ 2.96	\$ 2.96

Comparison of Market Prices

The following table sets forth the closing sale price per share of IFF common stock and DuPont common stock as reported on the NYSE as of December 13, 2019, the last trading day prior to the public announcement of the Transactions.

	Closing Sale Price Per Share of IFF Common Stock	Closing Sale Price Per Share of DuPont Common Stock
December 13, 2019	\$ 133.98	\$ 64.80

IFF Dividend Policy

Declarations of dividends on IFF's common stock are made at the discretion of IFF's board of directors upon the board's determination that the declaration of dividends are in the best interest of IFF's shareholders. IFF has consistently paid regular dividends and in 2019, IFF's board of directors declared total cash dividends of \$2.96

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per share. Following the Merger, IFF intends to maintain its current dividend policy and remains committed to maintaining its history of paying a dividend to investors, as determined by its Board of Directors at its discretion based on various factors.

DuPont Dividend Policy

Declarations of dividends on DuPont's common stock are made at the discretion of DuPont's board of directors upon the board's determination that the declaration of dividends is in the best interest of DuPont's stockholders. In 2019 prior to the distribution of the performance materials business through the spin-off of Dow Inc. on April 1, 2019 and the distribution of the agriculture business through the spin-off of Corteva, Inc. on June 1, 2019, DuPont declared cash pro rata dividends to its stockholders totaling \$1,176 million. DuPont has consistently paid a quarterly cash dividend following the consummation of the spin-offs of Dow and Corteva. DuPont remains committed to paying a quarterly cash dividend to its investors commensurate with its earnings and cash flow profile following the Merger, subject to limitations under applicable law and the discretion of DuPont's board of directors.

SELECTED FINANCIAL STATEMENT DATA

Selected Historical Combined Financial Data of the N&B Business

The following selected historical combined financial data of N&B as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, and for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, have been derived from the audited combined financial statements of N&B included elsewhere in this document. The following selected historical combined condensed financial statement data as of June 30, 2020 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 have been derived from the interim unaudited combined condensed financial statements of N&B included elsewhere in this document. The selected historical combined financial data as of December 31, 2017, December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, have been derived from N&B's unaudited combined financial statements not included in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The selected historical combined financial data presented below is not necessarily indicative of the results of operations or financial condition that may be expected for any future period or date. This information is only a summary and should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the N&B Business" and the combined financial statements of N&B and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this document.

Selected Financial Data

	Successor					Predecessor		
	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017	For the Year Ended December 31, 2016	For the Year Ended December 31, 2015
<i>(In millions)</i>								
Summary of Operations¹								
Net sales	\$ 3,090	\$ 3,093	\$ 6,076	\$ 6,216	\$ 1,885	\$ 2,810	\$ 4,285	\$ 4,234
Net (loss) income	\$ (284)	\$ (566)	\$ (471)	\$ 394	\$ 197	\$ 285	\$ 344	\$ 208
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 5	\$ 2	\$ 3
Net (loss) income attributable to N&B	\$ (284)	\$ (566)	\$ (472)	\$ 393	\$ 196	\$ 280	\$ 342	\$ 205
Period-end Financial Position								
Total assets ²	\$ 20,853		\$ 21,539	\$ 22,612	\$ 23,360		\$ 7,859	\$ 8,363

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- The periods presented during the year ended December 31, 2017 reflect results related to Historical EID businesses for the entire year and includes the results of the Historical Dow businesses for the period beginning on and after September 1, 2017, and the H&N Business for the period beginning on and after November 1, 2017. The years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 solely reflect the results of the Historical EID businesses.
- Total assets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 solely reflect Historical EID. Total assets as of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 reflect the combination of Historical EID, Historical Dow, and the H&N Business.

Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data of DuPont

The following selected historical consolidated financial data of DuPont, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, have been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of DuPont incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The selected historical consolidated condensed financial data for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and as of June 30, 2020, as set forth below, have been derived from the interim unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements of DuPont incorporated by reference in this prospectus. The selected historical consolidated financial data of DuPont as of December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 have been derived from DuPont's audited consolidated financial statements not included in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The selected historical consolidated financial data presented below is not necessarily indicative of the results of operations or financial condition that may be expected for any future period or date. You should read the table below in conjunction with the financial statements of DuPont and the notes thereto and the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section contained in DuPont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference."

Selected Financial Data

In millions except as noted	As of and for the Six Months Ended (Unaudited)		As of and for the Year Ended				
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Summary of Operations¹							
Net sales	\$ 10,049	\$ 10,882	\$ 21,512	\$ 22,594	\$ 11,672	\$ 6,030	\$ 5,500
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax ²	\$ (3,081)	\$ (1,177)	\$ (614)	\$ 405	\$ 233	\$ 880	\$ (436)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ —	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,214	\$ 3,595	\$ 1,058	\$ 3,524	\$ 8,219
Net (loss) income available for DuPont common stockholders	\$(3,094)	\$(50)	\$ 498	\$ 3,845	\$ 1,159	\$ 3,975	\$ 7,345
(Loss) earnings per common share – basic:							
Continuing operations ²	\$ (4.20)	\$ (1.59)	\$ (0.86)	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.39	\$ 2.25	\$ (1.30)
Discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ 1.52	\$ 1.53	\$ 4.54	\$ 1.79	\$ 8.46	\$ 20.66
Net (loss) income ³	\$ (4.20)	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.67	\$ 4.99	\$ 2.18	\$ 10.71	\$ 19.36
(Loss) earnings per common share – assuming dilution:							
Continuing operations ²	\$ (4.20)	\$ (1.59)	\$ (0.86)	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.38	\$ 2.22	\$ (1.30)
Discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ 1.52	\$ 1.53	\$ 4.51	\$ 1.77	\$ 8.35	\$ 20.66
Net (loss) income ³	\$ (4.20)	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.67	\$ 4.96	\$ 2.15	\$ 10.57	\$ 19.36
Cash dividends declared per share of common stock	\$ 0.90	\$ 1.86	\$ 2.16	\$ 4.56	\$ 5.28	\$ 5.52	\$ 5.16
Period-end Financial Position							
Total assets ⁴	\$ 66,753		\$ 69,396	\$ 187,855	\$ 191,907	\$ 79,511	\$ 67,938
Long-term debt ⁵	\$ 15,608		\$ 13,617	\$ 12,624	\$ 18	\$ —	\$ —

- The year ended December 31, 2017 reflects results related to Historical Dow businesses for the entire year and includes the results of the Historical EID businesses for the period beginning on and after September 1, 2017, segregated accordingly between continuing and

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discontinued operations. The years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 solely reflect the results of the Historical Dow businesses, segregated accordingly between continuing and discontinued operations.

2. See Notes 4, 6, 8 and 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements within the DuPont Annual Report on Form 10-K for information on items materially impacting the results for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, including the effects of the goodwill impairments; gains on divestitures; integration and separation costs; charges related to restructuring programs; and the effects of the U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, enacted on December 22, 2017.
3. Earnings per share amounts are computed independently for income from continuing operations, income from discontinued operations and net income attributable to common stockholders. As a result, the per share amounts from continuing operations and discontinued operations may not equal the total per share amounts for net income attributable to common shareholders.
4. Total assets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 solely reflect Historical Dow. Total assets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 reflect the combination of Historical Dow and Historical EID. Total assets as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 reflect assets of DuPont subsequent to the Dow Distribution and Corteva Distribution.
5. Long-term debt is revised on a continuing operations basis.

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Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data of IFF

The following table presents selected historical consolidated financial data of IFF as of and for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and as June 30, 2020. The statement of income data for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 have been derived from IFF's audited consolidated financial statements included in IFF's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The statement of income data for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 have been derived from IFF's consolidated financial statements not incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The selected historical consolidated financial data of IFF for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and as of June 30, 2020 set forth below have been derived from the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of IFF incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The selected historical consolidated financial data presented below are not necessarily indicative of the results or financial condition that may be expected for any future period or date. You should read the table below in conjunction with the financial statements of IFF and the notes thereto and the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section contained in IFF's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference."

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE AND PERCENTAGE AMOUNTS)	As of and for Six Months Ended June 30,		As of and for Year Ended December 31,				
	2020	2019	2019(a)	2018(b)	2017(d)	2016(d)	2015(d)
Consolidated Statement of Income Data							
Net sales	\$ 2,546,090	\$ 2,588,970	\$ 5,140,084	\$ 3,977,539	\$ 3,398,719	\$ 3,116,350	\$ 3,023,189
Cost of goods sold(c)	1,498,381	1,511,472	3,027,336	2,294,832	1,926,256	1,720,787	1,672,308
Gross profit	1,047,709	1,077,498	2,112,748	1,682,707	1,472,463	1,395,563	1,350,881
Operating profit	315,592	363,807	665,270	583,882	552,630	552,955	588,545
Net income	214,577	250,083	460,268	339,781	295,665	405,031	419,247
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	3,766	4,877	4,395	2,479	—	—	—
Net income attributable to IFF stockholders	\$ 210,811	\$ 245,206	\$ 455,873	\$ 337,302	\$ 295,665	\$ 405,031	\$ 419,247
Net income per share — basic	\$ 1.91	\$ 2.19	\$ 4.05	\$ 3.81	\$ 3.73	\$ 5.07	\$ 5.19
Net income per share — diluted	\$ 1.89	\$ 2.16	\$ 4.00	\$ 3.79	\$ 3.72	\$ 5.05	\$ 5.16
Average number of diluted shares (thousands)	113,635	113,131	113,307	88,121	79,370	79,981	80,891
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data							
Total assets	\$ 12,989,130		\$ 13,287,411	\$ 12,889,395	\$ 4,598,926	\$ 4,016,984	\$ 3,702,010
Bank borrowings, overdrafts and current portion of long-term debt	185,200		384,958	48,642	6,966	258,516	132,349
Long-term debt	4,181,701		3,997,438	4,504,417	1,632,186	1,066,855	935,373
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	98,534		99,043	81,806	—	—	—
Total Shareholders' equity	6,000,916		6,229,548	6,043,374	1,689,294	1,631,134	1,594,989
Other Data							
Cash dividends declared per share	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.46	\$ 2.96	\$ 2.84	\$ 2.66	\$ 2.40	\$ 2.06

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- (a) Results for the year ended 2019 include a full year of Frutarom's business operations.
- (b) Results for the year ended 2018 include Frutarom's business operations since the acquisition date of October 4, 2018.
- (c) The 2018 amount includes \$23.6 million related to amortization for inventory "step-up" costs for the Frutarom acquisition and \$7.1 million of net reimbursements from suppliers related to the previously disclosed FDA mandated recall. The 2017 amount includes \$15.9 million of costs related to the amortization for inventory "step-up" for the Fragrance Resources and PowderPure acquisitions and FDA mandated product recall costs of \$11.0 million. The 2016 amount includes \$7.6 million of costs related to the amortization for inventory "step-up" for the David Michael and Lucas Meyer acquisitions. The 2015 amount includes \$6.8 million of costs related to the fair value step-up of inventory for the Ottens Flavors and Lucas Meyer acquisitions.
- (d) The amounts have been adjusted to reflect the adoption of ASU 2017-07, which required that employers who present a measure of operating income in their statement of income include only the service cost component of net periodic pension cost and postretirement costs in operating expenses. The impact of the adoption of this standard was a decrease in operating profit by approximately \$28.8 million, \$14.4 million and \$0.6 million for the fiscal year 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and corresponding increases in Other (income) expense, net.

DUPONT'S UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements of DuPont were derived from its historical consolidated financial statements and are being presented to give effect to the proposed separation and distribution of the N&B Business to be effectuated through the following transactions: (i) the transfer of the N&B Business to N&B (generally referred to herein as the "Separation"), (ii) the cash distribution to DuPont of \$7,306 million, subject to and as adjusted for financing costs incurred or paid by DuPont prior to the Distribution and other adjustments, which could be downward, described in the Separation Agreement (generally referred to herein as the "Special Cash Payment"), (iii) the distribution to its stockholders of all of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock through an exchange offer with any remaining shares distributed on a pro rata basis as a clean-up spin-off (generally referred to herein as the "Distribution") and (iv) following the Distribution, a merger of N&B with Neptune Merger Sub I Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF), with N&B as the surviving corporation (generally referred to herein as the "Merger").

For purposes of these unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements of DuPont, it is assumed that in the exchange offer portion of the Distribution, DuPont will offer its stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock (generally referred to herein as the "Exchange Offer"); and (ii) following the consummation of the Exchange Offer, that the remaining shares, if any, of N&B common stock will be distributed in a clean-up spin-off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the applicable record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer (generally referred to herein as the "Clean-Up Spin-Off"). The Separation, the Special Cash Payment, the Exchange Offer, the Clean-Up Spin-Off, and the Merger are collectively referred to as the "Transactions."

Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont's stockholders in a spin-off or exchange offer, once a final decision is made, this disclosure may be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information and accompanying notes derived from DuPont's historical consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been adjusted to give effect to the Distribution, which will be treated as discontinued operations in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 205, "Presentation of Financial Statements" ("ASC 205"). The historical consolidated financial information has been further adjusted to give effect to pro forma events related to the Transactions. The unaudited pro forma Consolidated Statements of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019 reflect pro forma results of DuPont's operations as if the Transactions had occurred on January 1, 2019. The unaudited pro forma Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020 gives effect to the Transactions as if they had occurred on that date.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of DuPont's operating results or financial position had the Transactions occurred as of and for the periods indicated. The pro forma financial statements are presented for informational purposes only, and do not purport to represent what DuPont's results of operations or financial position would have been had the Transactions occurred on the dates indicated, nor do they purport to project the results of operations or financial position for any future period or as of any future date. Accordingly, such information should not be relied upon as an indicator of future performance, financial condition or liquidity.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with: (i) DuPont's audited consolidated financial statements, the accompanying notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in DuPont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, which is incorporated by reference into this registration statement; (ii) DuPont's unaudited consolidated financial statements, the accompanying notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in DuPont's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, which is incorporated by reference into this registration statement;

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(iii) the N&B Business's audited combined financial statements, the accompanying notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2019, included elsewhere in this prospectus; and (iv) the N&B Business's unaudited combined condensed financial statements, the accompanying notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2020, included elsewhere in this prospectus.

DuPont de Nemours, Inc.
Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet
as of June 30, 2020

<i>(in millions)</i>	DuPont	Distribution of N&B ¹	DuPont Adjusted ²	Separation & Distribution Pro Forma Adjustments		DuPont Pro Forma
	As Reported	Note 1	(subtotal)	Note 2		
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,737	\$ —	\$ 3,737	\$ 5,373	(a)	\$ 9,110
Accounts and notes receivable — net	3,615	(1,116)	2,499	—		2,499
Inventories	4,307	(1,466)	2,841	—		2,841
Other current assets	327	(88)	239	—		239
Total current assets	11,986	(2,670)	9,316	5,373		14,689
Investments						
Investment in nonconsolidated affiliates	1,212	(34)	1,178	—		1,178
Other investments	24	—	24	—		24
Noncurrent receivables	31	—	31	—		31
Total investments	1,267	(34)	1,233	—		1,233
Net property	9,909	(2,968)	6,941	—		6,941
Other assets						
Goodwill	30,018	(11,007)	19,011	—		19,011
Other intangible assets	12,349	(3,662)	8,687	—		8,687
Deferred income tax assets	195	(31)	164	—		164
Deferred charges and other assets	1,029	(269)	760	—		760
Total other assets	43,591	(14,969)	28,622	—		28,622
Total Assets	\$ 66,753	\$ (20,641)	\$ 46,112	\$ 5,373		\$ 51,485
Liabilities and Equity						
Current liabilities						
Short-term borrowings and finance lease obligations	\$ 3,559	\$ (4)	\$ 3,555	\$ —		\$ 3,555
Accounts payable	2,632	(671)	1,961	—		1,961
Income taxes payable	323	(37)	286	—		286
Accrued and other current liabilities	1,496	(217)	1,279	—		1,279
Total current liabilities	8,010	(929)	7,081	—		7,081
Long-term debt	15,608	(4)	15,604	(2,000)	(a)	13,604
Other noncurrent liabilities						
Deferred income tax liabilities	3,174	(949)	2,225	—		2,225
Pension and other post employment benefits	1,166	(190)	976	—		976
Other noncurrent obligations	1,218	(191)	1,027	—		1,027
Total other noncurrent liabilities	5,558	(1,330)	4,228	—		4,228
Total liabilities	\$ 29,176	\$ (2,263)	\$ 26,913	\$ (2,000)		\$ 24,913
Equity						
Total DuPont's stockholders' equity	37,005	(18,352)	18,653	7,373	(a)	26,026
Noncontrolling interests	572	(26)	546	—		546
Total equity	37,577	(18,378)	19,199	7,373		26,572
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 66,753	\$ (20,641)	\$ 46,112	\$ 5,373		\$ 51,485

1. Represents DuPont's current best estimate of the impact of the distribution of its N&B Business prepared in accordance with the discontinued operations guidance in ASC 205. Actual results could differ from these estimates.
2. Represents DuPont's current best estimate of its unaudited pro forma consolidated balance sheet, reflecting the discontinued operations of its N&B Business. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Statements.

DuPont de Nemours, Inc.
Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020

	DuPont	Distribution of N&B 1	DuPont Adjusted 2	Separation and Distribution Pro Forma Adjustments		DuPont Pro Forma	
<i>(in millions, except per share amounts)</i>		Note 1	(subtotal)	Note 2			
Net sales	\$10,049	\$ (3,090)	\$ 6,959	\$ —		\$ 6,959	
Cost of sales	6,609	(1,991)	4,618	—		4,618	
Research and development expenses	445	(119)	326	—		326	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,174	(278)	896	—		896	
Amortization of intangibles	1,061	(706)	355	—		355	
Restructuring and asset related charges — net	423	(1)	422	—		422	
Goodwill impairment charges	3,031	—	3,031			3,031	
Integration and separation costs	342	(203)	139	—		139	
Equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates	142	(1)	141	—		141	
Sundry income (expense) — net	197	4	201	—		201	
Interest expense	376	(22)	354	(7)	(b)	347	
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(3,073)	233	(2,840)	7		(2,833)	
Provision for income taxes on continuing operations	8	94	102	2	(b)	104	
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax	(3,081)	139	(2,942)	5		(2,937)	
Net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	13	—	13	—		13	
Net loss from continuing operations attributable to DuPont common stockholders	\$ (3,094)	\$ 139	\$ (2,955)	\$ 5		\$ (2,950)	
Earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations:							
Basic 3	\$ (4.20)					\$ (4.01)	(c)
Diluted 3	\$ (4.20)					\$ (4.01)	(c)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:							
Basic 3	736.5				(c)	736.5	(c)
Diluted 3	736.5				(c)	736.5	(c)

1. Represents DuPont's current best estimate of the impact of the distribution of its N&B Business prepared in accordance with the discontinued operations guidance in ASC 205. Actual results could differ from these estimates.
2. Represents DuPont's current best estimate of its retrospectively recast historical consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2020 reflecting the discontinued operations of its N&B Business. Actual results could differ from these estimates.
3. Pro forma basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations is calculated by dividing pro forma net loss from continuing operations available to DuPont common stockholders by pro forma weighted-average number of DuPont common shares outstanding.

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Statements.

DuPont de Nemours, Inc.
Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

<i>(in millions, except per share amounts)</i>	DuPont	Distribution of N&B 1	DuPont Adjusted 2	Separation and Distribution Pro Forma Adjustments	DuPont Pro Forma	
	As Reported	Note 1	(subtotal)	Note 2		
Net sales	\$ 21,512	\$ (6,076)	\$ 15,436	\$ —	\$15,436	
Cost of sales	14,056	(4,030)	10,026	—	10,026	
Research and development expenses	955	(266)	689	—	689	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,663	(606)	2,057	—	2,057	
Amortization of intangibles	1,050	(349)	701	—	701	
Restructuring and asset related charges —net	314	(162)	152	—	152	
Goodwill impairment charges	1,175	(933)	242	—	242	
Integration and separation costs	1,342	(85)	1,257	—	1,257	
Equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates	84	1	85	—	85	
Sundry income (expense) — net	153	(9)	144	—	144	
Interest expense	668	(1)	667	—	667	
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(474)	348	(126)	—	(126)	
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes on continuing operations	140	(142)	(2)	—	(2)	
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax	(614)	490	(124)	—	(124)	
Net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	30	(1)	29	—	29	
Net loss from continuing operations attributable to DuPont common stockholders	\$ (644)	\$ 491	\$ (153)	\$ —	\$ (153)	
Earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations:						
Basic 3	\$ (0.86)				\$ (0.21)	(c)
Diluted 3	\$ (0.86)				\$ (0.21)	(c)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:						
Basic 3	746.3				(c) 746.3	(c)
Diluted 3	746.3				(c) 746.3	(c)

1. Represents DuPont's current best estimate of the impact of the distribution of its N&B Business prepared in accordance with the discontinued operations guidance in ASC 205. Actual results could differ from these estimates.
2. Represents DuPont's current best estimate of its retrospectively revised historical consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 reflecting the discontinued operations of its N&B Business. Actual results could differ from these estimates.
3. Pro forma basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations is calculated by dividing pro forma net loss from continuing operations available to DuPont common stockholders by pro forma weighted-average number of DuPont common shares outstanding. Pro forma net loss from continuing operations available for DuPont common stockholders is reduced by \$1 million of net income attributable to deferred stock awards, as these awards are considered participating securities due to DuPont's historical practice of paying dividend equivalents on unvested shares.

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 — BASIS OF PRESENTATION

N&B Discontinued Operations Presentation

The pro forma financial statements present DuPont's current best estimate of the operations, assets, liabilities, and equity of the N&B Business prepared in accordance with discontinued operations guidance set forth in ASC 205. These amounts are considered preliminary and as such, actual amounts could differ from these estimates. ASC 205 does not allow general corporate overhead expenses to be allocated to discontinued operations. As a result of not allocating general corporate overhead expenses to the discontinued operations of the N&B Business and the inclusion in discontinued operations of all additional direct income, expense, assets, or liabilities directly attributable to the N&B Business, the discontinued operations of the N&B Business as presented will differ from the results of the N&B Business prepared on a "carve-out" basis of accounting included elsewhere in this prospectus.

DWDP Distributions

On April 1, 2019, DuPont completed the separation of its materials science business into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Dow through a pro rata dividend in-kind of all the then-issued and outstanding shares of Dow's common stock in the Dow Distribution. On June 1, 2019, DuPont completed the separation of its agriculture business into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Corteva through a pro rata dividend in-kind of all the then-issued and outstanding shares of Corteva's common stock in the Corteva Distribution. The unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 includes costs of \$256 million previously allocated to the materials science and agriculture businesses that did not meet the definition of expenses related to discontinued operations in accordance with ASC 205 and thus are reflected in DuPont's pro forma income (loss) from continuing operations. A significant portion of these costs relate to Historical Dow and consist of leveraged services provided through service centers, as well as other corporate overhead costs related to information technology, finance, manufacturing, research & development, sales & marketing, supply chain, human resources, sourcing & logistics, legal and communications, public affairs & government affairs functions. These costs are no longer being incurred by DuPont following the DWDP Distributions.

NOTE 2 — PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS

The unaudited pro forma Consolidated Statements of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the unaudited pro forma Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020 reflect the following pro forma adjustments discussed below.

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet:

- (a) On December 15, 2019, to secure funding for the Special Cash Payment, DuPont and N&B entered into the Commitment Letter, under which the Commitment Parties committed to provide \$7.5 billion in an aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured bridge term loans in the Bridge Facility, the availability of which was made subject to reduction upon the consummation of the Permanent Financing pursuant to the terms set forth in the Commitment Letter. IFF and N&B expect the Special Cash Payment from N&B to DuPont to be funded through a combination of the Term Loan Facility and the N&B Notes Offering, as defined below, (said combination generally referred to herein as the "Permanent Financing"). The proceeds of the N&B Notes Offering are presently being held in escrow. In January 2020, N&B entered into the Term Loan Facility in the amount of \$1.25 billion. As a result of entry into the Term Loan Facility, the commitments under the Commitment Letter were reduced to \$6.25 billion. On September 16, 2020 (the "Offering Date"), N&B Inc. completed offering of \$6.25 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes in six

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series, comprised of the following (generally referred to herein as the “Notes Offering”): \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 0.697% Senior Notes due 2022; \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 1.230% Senior Notes due 2025; \$1.2 billion aggregate principal amount of 1.832% Senior Notes due 2027; \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 2.300% Senior Notes due 2030; \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 3.268% Senior Notes due 2040; and \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 3.468% Senior Notes due 2050. As a result of the Notes Offering, the commitments under the Commitment Letter were further reduced to zero and terminated on and as of the Offering Date.

The Special Cash Payment would be equal to a cash dividend of \$7.3 billion, as adjusted by certain items provided under the Separation Agreement, including but not limited to, financing fees incurred or paid by DuPont prior to the Distribution. DuPont intends to use \$2 billion of the proceeds from the Special Cash Payment to pay down the senior unsecured notes due May 1, 2023 (the “May 2020 Notes”). Upon the consummation of the Merger, the Company will be required to mail a notice of redemption to holders of the May 2020 Notes, with a copy to the Trustee, setting forth the date of redemption of all of the May 2020 Notes on the date that is the later of (i) three (3) Business Days from the consummation of the Merger and (ii) May 1, 2021. Use of the remaining proceeds is not reflected in the pro forma balance sheet because such uses have not occurred and are not currently considered factually supportable.

Special Cash Payment	\$ 7,306
Adjustments to the Special Cash Payment for certain financing fees per the Separation Agreement	67
Redemption of May 2020 Notes	(2,000)
Adjustment to cash	\$ 5,373

Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations:

- (b) Reflects removal of two months of interest expense in the six months ended June 30, 2020 related to the May 2020 Notes.

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- (c) Basic and diluted pro forma loss per share as currently presented in the unaudited pro forma consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, are based on historical weighted-average common shares outstanding as previously reported. Based on the assumptions described below, the following describes the expected of impact of the Exchange Offer to DuPont pro forma weighted-average common shares outstanding and to basic and diluted pro forma loss per share for the periods indicated depending on the percent of N&B shares of common stock subscribed for in the Exchange Offer:

Percentage of N&B Shares Subscribed for in Exchange Offer	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		Year Ended December 31, 2019	
	DuPont Share Reduction (in millions)	Increase in DuPont Pro Forma Loss per Share	DuPont Share Reduction (in millions)	Increase in DuPont Pro Forma Loss per Share
10%	[]	[]	[]	[]
20%	[]	[]	[]	[]
30%	[]	[]	[]	[]
40%	[]	[]	[]	[]
50%	[]	[]	[]	[]
60%	[]	[]	[]	[]
70%	[]	[]	[]	[]
80%	[]	[]	[]	[]
90%	[]	[]	[]	[]
100%	[]	[]	[]	[]

The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements, and the disclosure above, assume that the Distribution is effected through an Exchange Offer and a Clean-Up Spin-Off as described above and elsewhere in this prospectus. The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements further assume that a total of [] million shares of N&B common stock will be offered in the Exchange Offer and an exchange ratio of [] shares of N&B for each share of DuPont common stock tendered (the applicable number of shares of N&B common stock that would be subscribed for in a given level of participation noted in the table above is divided by this assumed exchange ratio to arrive at the number of shares of DuPont common stock that would be retired). The exchange ratio has been determined by applying a [], applying an upper limit of [], and dividing the average price of DuPont common stock of [] per share by [] of the average price of IFF common stock of [] per share. Such assumed average prices reflect the simple arithmetic average of the daily volume weighted average price of shares of DuPont and IFF common stock traded on the NYSE, respectively, during the three consecutive trading days ended on and including [], 2020. DuPont does not expect to limit participation in the Exchange Offer and, therefore, the table above presents information based on varying levels of participation, including 100% participation. DuPont does not expect the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer will result in all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged in the Exchange Offer and expects the remaining N&B shares to be distributed in a Clean-Up Spin-Off. However, no final decision has been made about the form of the Distribution or the final terms of any potential exchange offer (including the number of shares to be offered and whether to offer any discount for shares of N&B common stock).

The calculated per-share value for N&B common stock is based on the trading prices for IFF common stock because there is currently no trading market for N&B common stock and no such trading market will be established in the future. The trading prices for IFF common stock are an appropriate proxy for the trading prices of N&B common stock because (i) in the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock will be converted into the right to receive a share of IFF common stock; and (ii) prior to the consummation of the Exchange Offer, N&B will issue to DuPont a number of shares of N&B common stock to result in the number of

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shares of N&B common stock outstanding immediately prior to the Distribution to equal the number of shares of IFF common stock to be issued in the Merger, such that the total number of shares will be that number that results in the exchange ratio in the Merger equaling approximately one and, as a result, each share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be canceled and cease to exist and no consideration will be delivered in exchange therefor) will be converted into the right to receive approximately one share of IFF common stock in the Merger.

As described elsewhere in this prospectus, the actual number of shares of IFF common stock IFF will issue in connection with the Merger is dependent upon the number of fully diluted shares of IFF common stock at the time of the Merger, which may change after the date hereof. As such, because the number of shares of N&B common stock that N&B will issue prior to the Distribution will be based on the number of shares of IFF common stock to be issued in the Merger, the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered, exchanged and ultimately retired will also be impacted. The calculations herein have been determined assuming that IFF will issue [] shares of IFF common stock in the Merger and that the amount of outstanding shares of N&B common stock will equal that amount.

Based upon the above assumptions, DuPont expects to record a gain of approximately [] in connection with the consummation of the Transactions. The expected gain will be recorded in discontinued operations in DuPont's consolidated statement of operations and as such it has not been reflected in the pro forma Consolidated Statements of Operations. The actual income statement impact of the Transactions will be calculated as of the closing of the Transactions and is impacted by several factors, including the implied value of the N&B Business as measured by the fair value of IFF common stock to be issued to DuPont shareholders and DuPont's carrying value of N&B when the Transactions are consummated.

NON-GAAP PRO FORMA INFORMATION

The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements of DuPont have been prepared and presented in accordance with Article 11 of SEC Regulation S-X. In addition, DuPont's management has provided a historical and pro forma non-GAAP financial measure of operating EBITDA. Management uses this measure internally for planning, forecasting and evaluating the performance of the Company, including allocating resources. DuPont's management believes this non-GAAP financial measure is useful to investors because it provides additional information related to the ongoing performance of DuPont to offer a more meaningful comparison related to future results of operations. This non-GAAP financial measure supplements disclosures prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and should not be viewed as an alternative to the financial information prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Furthermore, such non-GAAP measure may not be consistent with similar measures provided or used by other companies. Reconciliations of this non-GAAP measure to the most comparable U.S. GAAP measures has been provided below.

Operating EBITDA, is defined as earnings (i.e. income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes) before interest, depreciation, amortization, non-operating pension / OPEB benefits / charges, and foreign exchange gains / losses, adjusted to exclude significant items. For the year ended December 31, 2019, Operating EBITDA reflects the net pro forma impact of certain items directly attributable to the Dow and Corteva Distributions as disclosed in DuPont's 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K and is further adjusted to exclude the impact of costs historically allocated to the materials science and agriculture businesses that did not meet the criteria to be recorded as discontinued operations in accordance with ASC 205. Significant items are items that arise outside the ordinary course of the Company's business that management believes may cause misinterpretation of underlying business performance, both historical and future, based on a combination of some or all of the item's size, unusual nature and infrequent occurrence. Management classifies as significant items certain costs and expenses associated with integration and separation activities related to transformational acquisitions and divestitures as they are considered unrelated to ongoing business performance.

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Operating EBITDA (non-GAAP)

The following table presents a reconciliation of DuPont's historical and pro forma results to historical and pro forma Operating EBITDA for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and year ended December 31, 2019:

Reconciliation of "Income (Loss) from continuing operations, net of tax" to "Operating EBITDA" In millions (Unaudited)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020			Year Ended December 31, 2019		
	DuPont Historical	Adjustments	DuPont Pro Forma	DuPont Historical	Adjustments	DuPont Pro Forma
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax (GAAP)	\$ (3,081)	\$ 144	\$ (2,937)	\$ (614)	\$ 490	\$ (124)
+ Provision for (benefit from) income taxes on continuing operations	8	96	104	140	(142)	(2)
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (3,073)	\$ 240	\$ (2,833)	\$ (474)	\$ 348	\$ (126)
+ Pro forma adjustments related to the Dow and Corteva Distributions ¹	—	—	—	122	6	128
+ Depreciation and amortization	1,546	(852)	694	2,066	(664)	1,402
- Interest income	4	1	5	55	1	56
+ Interest expense	354	(7)	347	697	(1)	696
- Non-operating pension/OPEB benefit	19	—	19	74	(2)	72
- Foreign exchange losses, net	(31)	10	(21)	(110)	6	(104)
+ Costs historically allocated to the materials science and agriculture businesses ²	—	—	—	256	—	256
- Adjusted significant items	(3,621)	226	(3,395)	(2,992)	1,180	(1,812)
Operating EBITDA (non-GAAP)	\$ 2,456	\$ (856)	\$ 1,600	\$ 5,640	\$ (1,496)	\$ 4,144

1. Reflects the net pro forma impact of items directly attributable to the Dow and Corteva Distributions as disclosed in DuPont's 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The adjustments include the impact to "Cost of sales" of different pricing than historical intercompany and intracompany practices related to various supply agreements entered into with the Dow Distribution, adjustments to "Integration and separation costs" to eliminate one-time transaction costs directly attributable to the Dow and Corteva Distributions, and adjustments to "Interest expense" to reflect the impact of the DowDuPont Financings.
2. Costs previously allocated to the materials science and agriculture businesses that did not meet the definition of expenses related to discontinued operations in accordance with ASC 205.

Significant Items Impacting Pre-Tax Results In millions (Unaudited)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020			Year Ended December 31, 2019		
	DuPont Historical	Adjustments	DuPont Pro Forma	DuPont Historical	Adjustments	DuPont Pro Forma
Integration and separation costs	\$ (342)	\$ 203	\$ (139)	\$ (1,169)	\$ 85	\$ (1,084)
Restructuring and asset related charges — net	(132)	1	(131)	(255)	162	(93)
Goodwill impairment charges	(3,031)	—	(3,031)	(1,175)	933	(242)
Asset impairment charges	(291)	—	(291)	(63)	—	(63)
Net gain on divestitures	197	—	197	—	—	—
N&B financing fee amortization	(22)	22	—	—	—	—
Net charge related to a joint venture	—	—	—	(208)	—	(208)
Income tax related item	—	—	—	(122)	—	(122)
Total significant items	\$ (3,621)	\$ 226	\$ (3,395)	\$ (2,992)	\$ 1,180	\$ (1,812)

UNAUDITED CONDENSED COMBINED PRO FORMA INFORMATION OF IFF AND THE N&B BUSINESS

The following unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements and notes thereto have been prepared by IFF in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X in order to give effect to the Transactions. The Merger will be accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with ASC 805. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information contains only adjustments that are (i) directly attributable to the Transactions described below, (ii) factually supportable and (iii) with respect to the statements of income, expected to have a continuing impact on the combined results of IFF and the N&B Business.

On December 15, 2019, DuPont, N&B and IFF entered into definitive agreements, pursuant to which and subject to the terms and conditions therein, (1) DuPont will transfer the N&B Business to N&B (generally referred to herein as the Separation), (2) N&B will make a cash distribution to DuPont equal to \$7,306.0 million, subject to the adjustments described herein, (3) DuPont will distribute to its stockholders all of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock by way of an exchange offer followed by a pro rata distribution of any shares of N&B common stock remaining if the exchange offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered does not result in all shares of N&B common stock being distributed in the exchange offer (generally referred to herein as the Distribution) and (4) no matter which form of Distribution is selected, Merger Sub I will merge with and into N&B, with N&B as the surviving corporation (generally referred to herein as the Merger). As a result of the Merger, the existing shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock. When the Merger is completed, holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont's common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases.

The consummation of the Transactions is subject to the approval by IFF's shareholders of the issuance of IFF shares in the Transactions (which approval has been obtained) and the satisfaction of customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals. The approval by IFF's shareholders was obtained on August 27, 2020. The Transactions are expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2021.

IFF is determined to be the legal and accounting acquirer of N&B. In identifying IFF as the accounting acquirer, the companies considered the structure of the Transactions and other actions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, relative outstanding share ownership and market values, the composition of the combined company's board of directors, the relative size of IFF and the N&B Business and the designation of certain senior management positions of the combined company. Refer to section "Accounting Treatment and Considerations" for more details.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information, including the notes thereto, should be read in conjunction with the following historical financial statements and accompanying notes for the applicable periods, which are incorporated by reference or included in this prospectus:

- IFF's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 included in IFF's Annual Report on Form 10-K which was filed with the SEC on March 3, 2020 (except for items recast in its Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 18, 2020) (each incorporated by reference herein);
- IFF's unaudited consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020 included in IFF's Form 10-Q which was filed with the SEC on August 10, 2020 (incorporated by reference herein); and

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- The N&B Business's audited combined financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 and unaudited combined financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020 included in this prospectus.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the six months ended June 30, 2020 combine the historical consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income of IFF and the historical combined statements of operations for the N&B Business, giving effect to the Transactions as if they had been consummated on January 1, 2019, the beginning of the earliest period presented. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet combines the historical unaudited consolidated balance sheet of IFF as of June 30, 2020 and the historical unaudited condensed combined balance sheet of the N&B Business as of June 30, 2020, giving effect to the Transactions as if they had been consummated on June 30, 2020. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements are based on the assumptions, adjustments and eliminations described in the accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information.

IFF has historically operated on a 52/53-week fiscal year on the Friday nearest to the last day of the year or the quarter, which was January 3, 2020 for fiscal year 2019 and July 3, 2020 for the second quarter of fiscal year 2020. The N&B Business reports its results of operations on a calendar year basis. The differences in the periods were not significant to the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements. For ease of presentation, June 30 and December 31 are used consistently throughout the financial statements and notes to represent the period-end dates.

The historical combined financial statements of the N&B Business have been derived from DuPont's accounting records as if the N&B Business's operations had been conducted independently from those of DuPont and were prepared on a stand-alone basis in accordance with GAAP and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. The historical combined financial statements of the N&B Business may not be indicative of what they would have been had the N&B Business actually been an independent stand-alone entity, nor are they necessarily indicative of the N&B Business's future results of operations and financial position. The combined statements of operations and comprehensive (loss) income of the N&B Business reflect allocations of general corporate expenses from DuPont including, but not limited to, executive management, finance, legal, information technology, employee benefits administration, treasury, risk management, procurement and other shared services, and restructuring and Dow-DuPont ("DWDP") integration activities related to these functions. These allocations were made on the basis of revenue, expenses, headcount or other relevant measures. Management of the N&B Business and DuPont considers these allocations to be an overall reasonable reflection of the utilization of services by, or the benefits provided to, the N&B Business, in the aggregate. The allocations may not, however, reflect the expenses the N&B Business would have incurred as a stand-alone company for the periods presented. See Note 1 to the N&B Business's financial statements included elsewhere in this document.

As a separate reporting segment of DuPont, the N&B Business has been able to receive services from DuPont. Following the Transactions, IFF will need to replace these services either by providing them internally from IFF's existing services or by obtaining them from unaffiliated third parties. These services include certain corporate level functions of which the effective and appropriate performance is critical to the operations of the N&B Business and the combined company following the Merger. While DuPont will provide certain services on a transitional basis pursuant to the Transition Services Agreements, the duration of such services is generally limited to no longer than three years from the date of the Separation for information technology services and no longer than two years from the date of the Separation for all other services. IFF may be unable to replace these services in a timely manner or on terms and conditions as favorable as those the N&B Business currently receives from DuPont. The costs for these services could in the aggregate be higher than the combination of IFF's current costs and those reflected in the historical financial statements of the N&B Business.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information does not reflect any anticipated synergies or dis-synergies, operating efficiencies or cost savings that may result from the Merger or potential divestitures that

may occur prior to, or subsequent to, the completion of the Merger or any acquisition and integration costs that may be incurred.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information is being presented for illustrative purposes only and, therefore, is not necessarily indicative of the consolidated results of operations or financial position that might have been achieved by the combined company for the dates or periods indicated, nor is it necessarily indicative of the results of operations or financial position of the combined company that may occur in the future. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information has been prepared by IFF management and is based on the estimates and assumptions set forth in the notes to such information. The pro forma adjustments included in this document are preliminary and subject to modification based on changes in interest rates, changes in share prices, the final determination of the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, additional analysis, and additional information that may become available, which may cause the final adjustments to be materially different from the condensed combined pro forma financial statements presented in this prospectus.

The Transactions have not been consummated as of the date of the preparation of the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements and their completion is subject to numerous conditions, including the occurrence of certain events contemplated by the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement such as the Separation and approvals from governmental agencies, and thus there can be no assurances that the Transactions will be consummated. The pro forma purchase price allocation of the N&B Business's assets to be acquired and liabilities to be assumed is based on preliminary estimates of the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and the pro forma financial statements are based upon available information and certain assumptions that IFF management believes are factually supportable as of the date of this document. The process of evaluating accounting policies for conformity is still in the preliminary stages. Upon closing of the Transactions, final valuations will be performed. The completion of the valuation, accounting for the Transactions and the allocation of the purchase price may be different than that of the amounts reflected in the pro forma purchase price allocation, and any differences could be material. Such differences could affect the purchase price and allocation of the purchase price, which may affect the value assigned to the tangible or intangible assets and amount of depreciation and amortization expense recorded in the combined statements of income. See "Risk Factors" for additional discussion of risk factors associated with the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements. Following the consummation of the Transactions, IFF management will perform a detailed review of the N&B Business's accounting policies and may identify additional differences, which could have a material impact on the unaudited combined pro forma financial information.

IFF AND THE N&B BUSINESS
UNAUDITED CONDENSED COMBINED PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020
(In USD thousands)

	Historical IFF	Historical N&B Business after reclassification (Note 3)	Pre-merger adjustments	Note	Merger adjustments	Note	Pro forma combined
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 497,412	\$ —	\$ 82,682	5	\$ (98,763)	8a	\$ 481,331
Restricted cash	10,122	—	—		—		10,122
Trade receivables	961,568	988,877	—		—		1,950,445
Inventories	1,165,860	1,466,183	—		438,217	7	3,070,260
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	377,623	249,007	(23,313)	5	—		603,317
Total current assets	3,012,585	2,704,067	59,369		339,454		6,115,475
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,355,619	2,882,458	63,023	4b	243,119	7	4,544,219
Goodwill	5,348,623	11,195,728	—		1,421,758	7	17,966,109
Other intangible assets, net	2,681,087	3,662,315	(569,633)	4c	6,002,318	7	11,776,087
Deferred income tax assets	—	26,661	35,117	8b	—		61,778
Other assets	591,216	381,896	299,600	5,4d	—		1,272,712
Total assets	\$ 12,989,130	\$ 20,853,125	\$ (112,524)		\$ 8,006,649		\$ 41,736,380
Liabilities and shareholders' equity							
Current liabilities:							
Bank borrowings, overdrafts and current portion of long-term debt	\$ 185,200	\$ —	\$ —		\$ —		\$ 185,200
Accounts payable	550,533	687,637	—		—		1,238,170
Other current liabilities	608,439	286,879	16,798	5	(14,464)	8a	897,652
Total current liabilities	1,344,172	974,516	16,798		(14,464)		2,321,022
Long-term debt	4,181,701	—	7,439,996	5	—		11,621,697
Retirement liabilities	257,691	44,764	144,609	4a	—		447,064
Deferred income taxes	611,715	919,748	(140,813)	4c	1,646,399	7	3,037,049
Other liabilities	494,401	241,708	279,160	4d	—		1,015,269
Total liabilities	6,889,680	2,180,736	7,739,750		1,631,935		18,442,101
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	98,534	—	—		—		98,534
Shareholders' equity:							
Common stock	16,066	—	—		17,765	6	33,831
Capital in excess of par value	3,838,047	—	—		17,235,300	6	21,073,347
Retained earnings	4,168,378	—	—		(84,299)	8a	4,084,079
Parent company net investment	—	19,541,491	(7,790,517)	5	(11,750,974)	6	—
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,017,466)	(895,165)	(61,757)	4a	956,922	6	(1,017,466)
Treasury stock, at cost	(1,017,220)	—	—		—		(1,017,220)
Total shareholders' equity	5,987,805	18,646,326	(7,852,274)		6,374,714		23,156,571
Noncontrolling interests	13,111	26,063	—		—		39,174
Total shareholders' equity including NCI	6,000,916	18,672,389	(7,852,274)		6,374,714		23,195,745
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 12,989,130	\$ 20,853,125	\$ (112,524)		\$ 8,006,649		\$ 41,736,380

See the accompanying "Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Combined Pro Forma Financial Statements" beginning on page 162, which are an integral part hereof. The pro forma adjustments are explained in the notes below.

IFF AND THE N&B BUSINESS
UNAUDITED CONDENSED COMBINED PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
(in USD thousands, except per share amounts)

	Historical IFF	Historical N&B Business after reclassification (Note 3)	Pre-merger adjustments	Note	Merger adjustments	Note	Pro forma combined
Net sales	\$2,546,090	\$ 3,089,806	\$ —		\$ —		\$5,635,896
Cost of goods sold	1,498,381	1,992,130	—		10,046	7	3,500,557
<i>Gross profit</i>	<u>1,047,709</u>	<u>1,097,676</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>(10,046)</u>		<u>2,135,339</u>
Research and development expenses	166,857	133,022	—		—		299,879
Selling and administrative expenses	460,121	575,684	—		(206,298)	8a	829,507
Restructuring and other charges, net	6,802	5,663	—		—		12,465
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	97,184	705,997	(557,641)	4c	146,205	7	391,745
Losses (gains) on sales of fixed assets	1,153	—	—		—		1,153
<i>Total expenses</i>	<u>732,117</u>	<u>1,420,366</u>	<u>(557,641)</u>		<u>(60,093)</u>		<u>1,534,749</u>
<i>Operating profit (loss)</i>	315,592	(322,690)	557,641		50,047		600,590
Interest expense	64,202	24,753	63,738	5	—		152,693
Other expense (income), net	(5,183)	4,227	—		—		(956)
<i>Total other (income) expense</i>	59,019	28,980	63,738		—		151,737
Income (loss) before taxes	256,573	(351,670)	493,903		50,047		448,853
Taxes on income (loss)	41,996	(68,001)	123,690	8b	7,194	8b	104,879
Net income (loss)	214,577	(283,669)	370,213		42,853		343,974
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	3,766	(161)	—		—		3,605
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	<u>\$ 210,811</u>	<u>\$ (283,508)</u>	<u>\$ 370,213</u>		<u>\$ 42,853</u>		<u>\$ 340,369</u>
Net income per share — basic	\$ 1.91	\$ —					\$ 1.34
Net income per share — diluted	\$ 1.89	\$ —					\$ 1.33
Average number of shares outstanding — basic	112,130						254,248
Average number of shares outstanding — diluted	113,635						255,753

See the accompanying “Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Combined Pro Forma Financial Statements” beginning on page 162, which are an integral part hereof. The pro forma adjustments are explained in the notes below.

IFF AND THE N&B BUSINESS
UNAUDITED CONDENSED COMBINED PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
(in USD thousands, except per share amounts)

	Historical IFF	Historical N&B Business reclassification after (Note 3)	Pre-merger adjustments	Note	Merger adjustments	Note	Pro forma combined
Net sales	\$5,140,084	\$ 6,076,156	\$ —		\$ —		\$11,216,240
Cost of goods sold	3,027,336	4,043,065	—		20,092	7	7,090,493
<i>Gross profit</i>	<u>2,112,748</u>	<u>2,033,091</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>(20,092)</u>		<u>4,125,747</u>
Research and development expenses	346,128	287,754	—		—		633,882
Selling and administrative expenses	876,121	968,605	—		(67,343)	8a	1,777,383
Restructuring and other charges, net	29,765	117,350	—		—		147,115
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	193,097	349,284	(47,969)	4c	287,808	7	782,220
Goodwill and equity method investment impairment	—	736,566	—		—		736,566
Losses (gains) on sales of fixed assets	2,367	(13,000)	—		—		(10,633)
<i>Total expenses</i>	<u>1,447,478</u>	<u>2,446,559</u>	<u>(47,969)</u>		<u>220,465</u>		<u>4,066,533</u>
<i>Operating profit (loss)</i>	<u>665,270</u>	<u>(413,468)</u>	<u>47,969</u>		<u>(240,557)</u>		<u>59,214</u>
Interest expense	138,221	2,094	174,265	5	—		314,580
Other expense (income), net	(30,403)	4,623	—		—		(25,780)
<i>Total other (income) expense</i>	<u>107,818</u>	<u>6,717</u>	<u>174,265</u>		<u>—</u>		<u>288,800</u>
Income (loss) before taxes	557,452	(420,185)	(126,296)		(240,557)		(229,586)
Taxes on income (loss)	97,184	51,370	(28,503)	8b	(55,530)	8b	64,521
Net income (loss)	460,268	(471,555)	(97,793)		(185,027)		(294,107)
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	4,395	552	—		—		4,947
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	<u>\$ 455,873</u>	<u>\$ (472,107)</u>	<u>\$ (97,793)</u>		<u>\$(185,027)</u>		<u>\$ (299,054)</u>
Net income (loss) per share — basic	\$ 4.05	\$ —					\$ (1.18)
Net income (loss) per share — diluted	\$ 4.00	\$ —					\$ (1.18)
Average number of shares outstanding — basic	111,966						254,084
Average number of shares outstanding — diluted	113,307						254,084

See the accompanying “Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Combined Pro Forma Financial Statements” beginning on page 162, which are an integral part hereof. The pro forma adjustments are explained in the notes below.

IFF AND THE N&B BUSINESS

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED COMBINED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In USD thousands, except share and per share data)

1) DESCRIPTION OF TRANSACTION

On December 15, 2019, IFF entered into definitive agreements with DuPont, N&B, and Merger Sub I, pursuant to which and subject to the terms and conditions therein:

- DuPont will transfer the N&B Business to N&B (generally referred to herein as the Separation),
- N&B will make a cash distribution to DuPont equal to \$7,306,000 subject to the adjustments described in the Separation Agreement (referred to herein as the Special Cash Payment),
- DuPont will distribute to its stockholders all of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock by way of, at DuPont's option, a pro rata dividend, an exchange offer, or a combination of both (generally referred to herein as the Distribution), and
- Merger Sub I will merge with and into N&B, with N&B as the surviving corporation (generally referred to herein as the Merger).

As a result of the Merger, the existing shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock. When the Merger is completed, holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont's common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases. The Distribution and the Merger are a Reverse Morris Trust transaction and are expected to be tax-free to DuPont stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes, except to the extent that cash is paid to DuPont stockholders in lieu of fractional shares in the Distribution or the Merger.

In addition, except as agreed between the parties, no fewer than 30 days (or 15 days, in some circumstances) after the Merger, N&B will merge with and into Merger Sub II, with Merger Sub II surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF.

Based on market conditions prior to the closing of the Merger, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders in a split-off exchange offer or a spin-off and if conducted as an exchange offer, the terms thereof (including whether to offer any discount for shares of N&B common stock). In a spin-off, all DuPont stockholders would receive a pro rata number of shares of N&B common stock. In a split-off exchange offer, DuPont would offer its stockholders the option to exchange their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock in an exchange offer resulting in a reduction in DuPont's outstanding shares. If DuPont distributes the shares of N&B common stock through an exchange offer, and if the exchange offer is not fully subscribed because less than all shares of N&B common stock are exchanged, the remaining shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont would be distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after the consummation of the exchange offer in a clean-up spin-off. IFF and N&B are filing their registration statements (including this registration statement) under the assumption that the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders pursuant to an exchange offer followed by an expected clean-up spin-off. However, no final decision has been made about the form of distribution or the final terms of any potential exchange offer (including whether to offer any discount for shares of N&B common stock). Once a final decision is made regarding the manner of distribution of the shares, IFF's registration statement on Form S-4 and N&B's

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registration statement on Form S-4 and Form S-1 will be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary. It is not expected that DuPont's decision to effect the distribution of N&B common stock solely through a spin-off instead of a split-off would have a material impact on the combined company or on IFF's shareholders.

As described above, prior to the Distribution, N&B will make the Special Cash Payment to DuPont amounting to \$7,306,000 in cash, subject to certain adjustments described in the Separation Agreement.

The Special Cash Payment will be funded by newly issued debt treated as assumed by the combined company in the Merger pursuant to ASC 805. Such debt is not currently reflected in the historical combined financial statements of the N&B Business as N&B will incur borrowings for the Special Cash Payment on or prior to the date of the Distribution, which will occur immediately prior to the closing of the Merger. See Note 5 for more details.

2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements are prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X after giving effect to the Merger and other adjustments related to the Transactions. The Merger is being accounted for as a business combination with IFF as the legal and accounting acquirer. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income are presented as if these Transactions occurred on January 1, 2019. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet is presented as if these Transactions occurred on June 30, 2020.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements are derived from IFF's historical consolidated financial statements and the N&B Business's historical combined financial statements for each period presented. The N&B Business's historical combined financial statements have been prepared on a "carve-out" basis from DuPont's consolidated financial statements using the historical results of operations, assets and liabilities of the N&B Business and include allocations of expenses from DuPont. All of the allocations and estimates in such financial statements are based on assumptions that DuPont's management believes are reasonable, in the aggregate. As a result, the N&B Business's historical financial statements may not necessarily reflect what its financial condition and results of operations would have been had the N&B Business been an independent, stand-alone entity during the periods presented.

The preparation of unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements requires IFF and N&B management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in such financial statements and the notes thereto. These unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements, including the preliminary purchase price allocation, are presented for illustrative purposes only and do not necessarily reflect the operating results or financial position that would have occurred if the Transactions had been consummated on the dates indicated, nor is it necessarily indicative of the results of operations or financial condition that may be expected for any future period or date. Accordingly, such information should not be relied upon as an indicator of future performance, financial condition or liquidity.

Based on a preliminary review of the accounting policies of IFF and the N&B Business, IFF is not aware of any differences that would have a material impact on the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements. After the completion of the Transactions, as more information becomes available, accounting policy differences may be identified and these differences, when identified, could have a material impact on the unaudited pro forma financial statements. Certain items included in the N&B Business's historical combined financial statements have been reclassified to conform to IFF's basis of presentation (See Note 3).

IFF expects (through N&B) to enter into Transition Services Agreements with DuPont under which various categories of services will be provided to N&B upon consummation of the Transactions until the applicable term for each service has expired or has otherwise been terminated. See Note 4 for further discussion.

3) RECLASSIFICATION ADJUSTMENTS

Certain reclassifications have been made on a preliminary basis to the historical presentation of combined statements of operations and condensed combined balance sheet of the N&B Business included within the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information to conform to the financial statement presentation of IFF. Upon completion of the Transactions, IFF will perform a full and detailed review of the N&B Business's accounting policies and financial statements. As a result of that review, IFF may identify additional differences between the accounting policies and financial statements presentation of the two companies that, when conformed, could have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the combined company. The following tables indicate the reclassification made for the purpose of unaudited pro forma financial statements included in this filing:

Balance Sheet Reclassifications As of June 30, 2020 (In USD thousand)

	Historical N&B Business	Reclassification adjustment	Note	Historical N&B Business after reclassification
Current assets:				
Accounts and notes receivable, net	\$ 1,156,720	\$ (1,156,720)	3a,3b	\$ —
Trade receivables	—	988,877	3a	988,877
Inventories	1,466,183	—		1,466,183
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	81,164	167,843	3b	249,007
Total current assets	2,704,067	—		2,704,067
Noncurrent assets:				
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,882,458	—		2,882,458
Goodwill	11,195,728	—		11,195,728
Other intangible assets, net	3,662,315	—		3,662,315
Deferred income tax assets	26,661	—		26,661
Other assets	381,896	—		381,896
Total noncurrent assets	18,149,058	—		18,149,058
Total assets	\$20,853,125	\$ —		\$ 20,853,125
Liabilities and equity:				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 687,637	\$ —		\$ 687,637
Employee compensation and benefits	115,313	(115,313)	3c	—
Income taxes payable	66,506	(66,506)	3c	—
Accrued and other current liabilities	105,060	(105,060)	3c	—
Other current liabilities	—	286,879	3c	286,879
Total current liabilities	974,516	—		974,516
Non-current liabilities				
Deferred income taxes	919,748	—		919,748
Retirement liabilities	—	44,764	3d	44,764
Other liabilities	286,472	(44,764)	3d	241,708
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,206,220	—		1,206,220
Total liabilities	2,180,736	—		2,180,736
Equity				
Parent company net investment	19,541,491	—		19,541,491
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(895,165)	—		(895,165)
Total N&B equity	18,646,326	—		18,646,326
Noncontrolling interests	26,063	—		26,063
Total equity	18,672,389	—		18,672,389
Total liabilities and equity	\$20,853,125	\$ —		\$ 20,853,125

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The following items represent certain reclassifications of the historical N&B Business's financial statement line items to conform to the expected financial statement line items of the combined company including:

Statement of Income Reclassifications For the six months ended June 30, 2020 (In USD thousand)

	Historical N&B Business	Reclassification adjustment	Note	Historical N&B Business after reclassification
Revenue:				
Net sales	\$ 3,089,806	\$ —		\$ 3,089,806
Cost of goods sold	1,992,130	—		1,992,130
<i>Gross profit</i>	<u>1,097,676</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>1,097,676</u>
Research and development expenses	133,022	—		133,022
Selling and administrative expenses	335,705	239,979	3e	575,684
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	705,997	—		705,997
Restructuring and asset related charges, net	5,663	(5,663)	3f	—
Restructuring and other charges, net	—	5,663	3f	5,663
Integration and separation costs	239,979	(239,979)	3e	—
Interest expense	—	24,753	3g	24,753
Other expense (income), net	28,980	(24,753)	3g	4,227
Loss before income taxes	<u>(351,670)</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>(351,670)</u>
Taxes on (loss) income	(68,001)	—		(68,001)
Net loss	<u>(283,669)</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>(283,669)</u>
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(161)	—		(161)
Net loss attributable to N&B's shareholders	<u>\$ (283,508)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>		<u>\$ (283,508)</u>

Statement of Income Reclassifications For the year ended December 31, 2019 (In USD thousand)

	Historical N&B Business (audited)	Reclassification adjustment	Note	Historical N&B Business after reclassification
Revenue:				
Net sales	\$ 6,076,156	\$ —		\$ 6,076,156
Cost of goods sold	4,043,065	—		4,043,065
<i>Gross profit</i>	<u>2,033,091</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>2,033,091</u>
Research and development expenses	287,754	—		287,754
Selling and administrative expenses	704,426	264,179	3e	968,605
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	349,284	—		349,284
Restructuring and asset related charges, net	180,350	(180,350)	3f	—
Restructuring and other charges, net	—	117,350	3f	117,350
Goodwill impairment charge	673,566	(673,566)	3h	—
Goodwill and equity method investment impairment	—	736,566	3f,3h	736,566
Losses (gains) on sales of fixed assets	—	(13,000)	3i	(13,000)
Integration and separation costs	264,179	(264,179)	3e	—
Interest expense	—	2,094	3g	2,094
Other expense (income), net	(6,283)	10,906	3g,3i	4,623
Loss before income taxes	<u>(420,185)</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>(420,185)</u>
Taxes on (loss) income	51,370	—		51,370
Net loss	<u>(471,555)</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>(471,555)</u>
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	552	—		552
Net loss attributable to N&B's shareholders	<u>\$ (472,107)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>		<u>\$ (472,107)</u>

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The following items represent certain reclassifications of the historical N&B Business's financial statement line items to conform to the expected financial statement line items of the combined company including:

Balance sheet items:

- a) Accounts receivable, net of \$988,877 included in Accounts and notes receivable, net have been reclassified to Trade receivables;
- b) Notes receivable and other miscellaneous receivables of \$167,843 included in Accounts and notes receivable, net have been reclassified to Prepaid expenses and other current assets;
- c) Employee compensation and benefits, Income taxes payable and Accrued and other current liabilities have been combined into Other current liabilities;
- d) Net funded status of single employer plans amounting to \$44,764 included in Other liabilities have been reclassified to Retirement liabilities.

Statement of income items:

- e) Integration and separation costs of \$239,979 and \$264,179 for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively, have been reclassified to Selling and administrative expenses;
- f) Equity method investment impairment loss of \$63,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019, included in Restructuring and asset related charges, net has been reclassified to Goodwill and equity method investment impairment, and remaining expenses included in Restructuring and asset related charges, net have been reclassified to Restructuring and other charges, net for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019;
- g) Interest expense, including amortization of financing fee, of \$24,753 and \$2,094 for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively, included in Other expense (income), net have been reclassified to Interest expense;
- h) Goodwill impairment charge for the year ended December 31, 2019 has been reclassified to Goodwill and equity method investment impairment;
- i) Gains on sale of assets of \$13,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019 included in Other expense (income), net have been reclassified to Losses (gains) on sales of fixed assets.

4) SEPARATION ADJUSTMENTS

The N&B Business's historical combined financial statements include certain assets and liabilities that have historically been held at the DuPont corporate level but are specifically identifiable or otherwise attributable to the N&B Business. In addition, the historical statements of operations for the N&B Business reflect allocations of general corporate expenses from DuPont including, but not limited to, executive management, finance, legal, information technology, employee benefits administration, treasury, risk management, procurement and other shared services, and restructuring and DWDP integration activities related to these functions. These allocations were made on the basis of revenue, expenses, headcount or other relevant measures. Management of the N&B Business and DuPont consider these allocations to be an overall reasonable reflection of the utilization of services by, or the benefits provided to, the N&B Business, in the aggregate. The allocations may not, however, reflect the expenses the N&B Business would have incurred as a stand-alone company for the periods presented. Actual costs that may have been incurred if the N&B Business had been a stand-alone company could have been materially different (higher or lower) and would depend on a number of factors, including the chosen organizational structure, what functions were outsourced or performed by employees and strategic decisions made in areas such as information technology and infrastructure. Following the Transactions, certain functions such as information technology and infrastructure will be performed by IFF (utilizing IFF's existing capabilities, the N&B Business's own resources acquired by IFF as part of the Transactions, or a combination of both) or third-party service providers. For an interim period, however, some of these functions may continue to be provided by DuPont under the Transition Services Agreements. The duration of such services is generally limited to no longer than three years from the date of the Separation for information technology services and no longer than two years from the date of the Separation for all other services and the total of service fees payable by N&B (and as such a cost of the combined company) may not exceed \$45 million in any calendar year, and as such any costs or expenses in excess of that for services

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provided will be borne by DuPont. IFF may be unable to replace these services in a timely manner or on terms and conditions as favorable as those the N&B Business currently receives from DuPont. The costs for these services could in the aggregate be higher than the combination of IFF's current costs and those reflected in the historical financial statements of the N&B Business.

In accordance with the Separation Agreement, certain assets and liabilities will be transferred by DuPont to N&B that are currently not reflected in the historical balance sheet of the N&B Business. In addition, the historical balance sheet of the N&B Business reflects certain assets that will not be acquired and certain liabilities that will not be assumed as part of the Transaction. Therefore, the following adjustments are included in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet and in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income to reflect the impact of inclusion or exclusion of these costs, assets and liabilities, as necessary:

- a) Pro forma adjustments have been posted to reflect the impact of defined benefit plans of DuPont that will be transferred to N&B as part of the Separation. The costs, assets, and liabilities associated with the single-employer plans are reflected in the historical combined financial statements of the N&B Business. In addition to the single-employer plans, DuPont offers both funded and unfunded noncontributory defined benefit pension plans in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions that are shared amongst its businesses, including the N&B Business, and the participation of its employees and retirees in these plans is reflected in the historical combined financial statements of the N&B Business as though the N&B Business participated in a multiemployer plan with DuPont. A proportionate share of the cost associated with these defined benefit plans is reflected in the historical combined financial statements of the N&B Business, while any assets and liabilities associated with these defined benefit plans are retained by DuPont and are not recorded on the historical combined financial statements of the N&B Business. As part of the Separation, specific pension plan assets and benefit obligations of these defined benefit plans, not reflected in the historical financial statements, will also be transferred to N&B. These adjustments are based on an actuarial valuation performed based on Management's preliminary analysis of participant's data and reflect the following impact on the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet:
- An increase of \$144,609 in Retirement liabilities related to the defined benefit plans of employees transferring to IFF;
 - An increase of \$236 in Other assets for the net defined benefit asset position of the plans which are overfunded;
 - An increase of \$40,563 in Deferred income tax assets related to the tax effect of aforementioned defined benefit plans; and
 - A decrease of \$42,053 to Parent company net investment and a decrease of \$61,757 to Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the related impact of the aforesaid defined benefit plans attributed to transferred employees of the N&B Business.
- b) A pro forma adjustment has been posted to reflect the impact of the inclusion of the Property, plant and equipment that are not reflected on the N&B Business's historical combined balance sheet but are expected to be transferred to N&B as part of the Separation. This adjustment is based on a preliminary analysis performed by Management and reflects the following impact on the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet:
- An increase of \$63,023 in Property, plant, and equipment, net related to the fixed assets transferring to IFF; and
 - An increase of \$63,023 to Parent company net investment related to the impact of the inclusion of the aforementioned Property, plant and equipment.
- No pro forma adjustment for incremental depreciation has been recognized as the depreciation related to such assets is currently reflected on the N&B Business's historical combined statements of operations by way of corporate expense allocation. The tax impact of this pro forma adjustment was determined to be immaterial.
- c) A pro forma adjustment has been posted to reflect the impact of the exclusion of certain tradenames that are currently reflected on the N&B Business's historical combined balance sheet but will not be acquired by IFF as

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part of the Transactions. This adjustment is based on the unamortized value of the tradenames as of June 30, 2020 and reflects the following impact on the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet:

- A decrease of \$569,633 in Other intangible assets, net related to tradenames not transferring to IFF;
- A decrease of \$140,813 in Deferred income taxes related to the tax effect of exclusion of aforementioned tradenames; and
- A decrease of \$428,820 to Parent company net investment related to the corresponding impact of these adjustments.

Additionally, a pro forma adjustment has been posted to reverse the amortization expense related to such tradenames that is currently reflected on the N&B Business's historical combined statements of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019. This adjustment reflects the following impact on the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income:

- A decrease in Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles of \$557,641 for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and of \$47,969 for the year ended December 31, 2019; and
- An increase in Taxes on income (loss) of \$137,849 for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and of \$10,707 for the year ended December 31, 2019 related to the tax effect of such amortization expenses.

d) A pro forma adjustment has been posted to reflect the impact of certain new facilities lease agreements to be entered into between DuPont and N&B prior to the Separation, which will be assumed by IFF as part of the Transactions. This adjustment is based on a preliminary analysis performed by Management and reflects the following impact on the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet:

- An increase of \$20,204 and \$279,160 in Other current liabilities and Other liabilities, respectively, related to the current and non-current portion of the lease liability, and
- An increase of \$299,364 in Other assets related to the Right-of-Use assets in relation to such leases.

No pro forma adjustment for lease expense has been recognized, as the expenses related to such facilities are currently reflected on the N&B Business's historical combined statements of operations by way of corporate expense allocation. The tax impact of this pro forma adjustment was determined to be immaterial.

Management is currently in the process of assessing the impact of various other separation related items as described in the Separation Agreement on the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet and condensed combined pro forma statements of income and no pro forma adjustment has been included with regards to such items as such amounts are not currently estimable or factually supportable.

5) PRE-MERGER ADJUSTMENTS

Prior to the effective time of the Merger, and as a condition to the Distribution, N&B will make the Special Cash Payment to DuPont. The amount of the Special Cash Payment would be equal to a cash dividend of \$7,306,000, as adjusted by certain items provided under the Separation Agreement, including but not limited to, financing fees incurred or paid by DuPont prior to the Distribution. The following table summarizes the calculation of the Special Cash Payment:

	<u>(in USD '000)</u>
Base cash dividend amount	7,306,000
Add: adjustments as per the Separation Agreement	67,287
Special Cash Payment to DuPont	<u>7,373,287</u>

N&B, with the coordination from IFF, will finance the Special Cash Payment with the issuance of \$7,500,000 of newly issued debt which, pursuant to ASC 805, will be treated as assumed by the combined company in the

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Merger. The financing will consist of (i) issuing senior unsecured notes of \$6,250,000 (referred to in this prospectus as the Notes) with maturities ranging from 2 – 30 years, and (ii) senior unsecured term loans under the Term Loan Facility referred to below of up to \$1,250,000.

On January 17, 2020, N&B entered into a term loan credit agreement in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,250,000 (referred to in this prospectus as the Term Loan Facility). The Term Loan Facility included a \$625,000 three-year tranche and a \$625,000 five-year tranche (collectively, the Term Loans and, together with the Notes, are referred to in this prospectus as the Permanent Financing) and are expected to have a weighted average interest rate of 1.70% per annum. Following the consummation of the Merger, N&B's obligations under the Term Loan Facility will be guaranteed by IFF. At the election of N&B and IFF, in lieu of IFF providing the guarantee, or at any time after such guarantee having been provided, IFF may agree to assume all of N&B's obligations under the Term Loan Facility, whereupon N&B shall be released from such obligations, which assumption is expected to occur after the Second Merger.

These agreements are subject to change and the debt issuance cost to be incurred, and related interest expense could vary significantly from what is assumed in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements. Other factors that are subject to change include, but are not limited to, the timing of borrowings, the amount of cash on hand at the time of the closing, inputs to interest rate determination on debt instruments issued including certain market indices and IFF's credit rating.

On September 16, 2020, N&B completed an offering in the aggregate principal amount of \$6,250,000 of senior unsecured notes in six series, comprised of the following: \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of 0.697% Senior Notes due 2022; \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 1.230% Senior Notes due 2025; \$1,200,000 aggregate principal amount of 1.832% Senior Notes due 2027; \$1,500,000 aggregate principal amount of 2.300% Senior Notes due 2030; \$750,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.268% Senior Notes due 2040; and \$1,500,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.468% Senior Notes due 2050. The Notes were sold to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act and outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S, under the Securities Act. Each series of Notes was issued under an indenture, dated September 16, 2020 (the "Indenture"), between N&B and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee"), and are senior unsecured obligations of N&B, to be guaranteed by IFF upon consummation of the Merger. At the election of N&B and IFF, IFF may agree to assume all of N&B's obligations under the Notes, whereupon N&B shall be released from such obligations, which assumption is expected to occur after the Second Merger. The Notes are expected to have a weighted average interest rate of 2.47% per annum.

The net proceeds of \$6,205,969 were deposited into an escrow account, subject to the terms and conditions of the escrow agreement, dated September 16, 2020, by and among N&B, the Trustee and U.S. Bank National Association, as escrow agent and are expected to be used to partially fund the Special Cash Payment, as detailed above, and pay the related financing fees and expenses. However, if the closing of the Merger has not occurred on or prior to September 15, 2021, or, if prior to such date, the Merger Agreement is validly terminated (each a "Special Mandatory Redemption Event"), N&B must redeem all of the Notes on or before the 15th business day following such Special Mandatory Redemption Event (such date of redemption, the "Special Mandatory Redemption Date") at a redemption price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the applicable series of Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the Special Mandatory Redemption Date.

Debt issuance costs of \$60,004 are expected to be incurred for the Permanent Financing of which \$44,031 were deducted from the proceeds of the Permanent Financing and \$15,973 are expected to be paid by DuPont. The debt issuance costs associated with each indebtedness would be amortized over the respective terms of the debt.

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The historical carved-out financial statements of the N&B Business did not include any debt allocation from DuPont. The following pro forma adjustments have been recorded in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet in relation to the Permanent Financing (in USD thousands):

	As of June 30, 2020
Term Loans	1,250,000
Notes	6,250,000
Debt issuance costs	(60,004)
Pro forma adjustments to Long-term debt	<u>7,439,996</u>

The following pro forma adjustments have been recorded in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income (in USD thousands):

	Six months ended June 30, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
Interest expense on the Term Loans	10,607	21,215
Interest expense on the Notes	76,525	153,050
Reversal of debt issuance cost amortization	(23,394)	—
Pro forma adjustments to Interest expense	<u>63,738</u>	<u>174,265</u>

The weighted-average interest rate on the Term Loans and the Notes as of the issuance is expected to be 2.34%. The actual terms of the financing will be subject to market conditions. The tax impact of the pro forma adjustment to Interest expense is estimated at a weighted average rate of 22.5%, which represents a blended federal and state income tax rate in effect in the United States as applicable to IFF.

IFF and N&B entered into a debt commitment letter with Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., Credit Suisse Loan Funding LLC, and Credit Suisse AG, under which N&B obtained a 364-day senior unsecured bridge loan facility of up to \$7,500,000 (referred to in this document as the Bridge Facility). On January 17, 2020, N&B entered into the Term Loan Facility, which reduced the commitments under the Bridge Facility to \$6,250,000. On September 16, 2020, N&B issued \$6,250,000 in aggregate principal amount of the Notes, which reduced the remaining commitments under the Bridge Facility in their entirety. The Bridge Facility was also terminated as of such date. As the Bridge Facility was not utilized, the fees payable in connection with the Bridge Facility are not included in the calculation of the pro forma interest expense since they will not have a continuing impact with respect to the statements of income. However, the Separation Agreement provides that certain fees with respect to the financing arrangements that are paid by DuPont prior to the closing of the Transactions would be reimbursed to DuPont by an increase in the amount of the Special Cash Payment to be paid by N&B to DuPont prior to the Distribution. As such, the payment of the financing fees in relation to the Bridge Facility and the Permanent Financing amounting to \$67,287 has been adjusted in the calculation of the Special Cash Payment.

Pro forma adjustments of \$23,313 and \$3,406 have been recognized to Prepaid expenses and other current assets and Other current liabilities, respectively in order to remove certain unamortized portion and accrued portion of the Bridge Facility financing fees paid by DuPont as recognized on the historical balance sheet of the N&B Business as of June 30, 2020. Further, income statement impact of these adjustments of \$23,394 included in Interest expense in the historical statement of operations of the N&B Business for the six months ended June 30, 2020, has also been removed from the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statement of income, as it does not have a continuing impact with respect to the statement of income of the combined company. These adjustments are also tax effected by removing the related tax impact of \$5,446 from both Deferred income tax assets and Taxes on income (loss).

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The following table summarizes Pre-merger pro forma adjustments posted to Cash and cash equivalents:

	<u>(in USD '000)</u>
Proceeds from debt financing	7,500,000
Debt issuance costs deducted from the proceeds	(44,031)
Payment of the Special Cash Payment	<u>(7,373,287)</u>
Pro forma adjustment to Cash and cash equivalents	<u>82,682</u>

The following table summarizes Pre-merger pro forma adjustments posted to Other assets and Other current liabilities (in USD '000):

	<u>Other assets</u>	<u>Other current liabilities</u>
Separation adjustment related to defined benefit plans (Note 4a)	236	—
Separation adjustment related to certain new facilities leases (Note 4d)	299,364	20,204
Reversal of unamortized financing fee (Note 5)	—	<u>(3,406)</u>
Pro forma adjustment	<u>299,600</u>	<u>16,798</u>

Further, the following table summarizes the Pre-merger pro forma adjustments posted to Parent company net investment:

	<u>(in USD '000)</u>
Payment of the Special Cash Payment	(7,373,287)
Elimination of unamortized portion of prepaid financing fee	(23,313)
Elimination of accrued financing fee	3,406
Elimination of tax on deferred financing fee	(5,446)
Debt issuance costs paid by DuPont	15,973
Separation adjustment related to defined benefit plans (Note 4a)	(42,053)
Separation adjustment related to property, plant and equipment (Note 4b)	63,023
Separation adjustment related to Trade Name (Note 4c)	<u>(428,820)</u>
Pro forma adjustment to Parent company net investment	<u>(7,790,517)</u>

6) ESTIMATED PRELIMINARY PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

Pursuant to the Transactions, the N&B shares held by DuPont's stockholders will be converted into the number of shares of IFF common stock such that immediately after the Merger such DuPont stockholders will collectively own approximately 55.4% of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, and IFF shareholders will collectively own approximately 44.6% of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis.

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The following table represents the preliminary estimate of the purchase consideration to be paid in the Transactions

(in USD thousands, except share and per share data):

Estimated number of fully diluted shares of IFF common stock ^(6a)	114,412,285
Share issuance ratio ^(6b)	1.24215
Estimated number of shares of IFF common stock to be issued to former DuPont stockholders	142,117,502
IFF share price ^(6c)	121.40
Estimated fair value of equity shares to be issued	17,253,065
Estimated preliminary purchase consideration	17,253,065

Notes:

- a. Estimated number of fully diluted IFF common stock

Number of shares of IFF common stock issued and outstanding (excluding stock held in treasury)	106,932,040
Number of shares issuable upon settlement of Tangible Equity Units (“TEU”) (Note 6d)	6,334,350
Number of shares issuable upon conversion of equity awards	1,145,895
	<u>114,412,285</u>

- b. The number of shares of IFF common stock to be issued is equal to the number of fully diluted shares of IFF common stock multiplied by the quotient of 55.4% / 44.6% in accordance with the Merger Agreement.
- c. Closing price of one share of IFF common stock on the New York Stock Exchange on September 28, 2020.
- d. Unless settled early, the stock purchase contract portion of each TEU will be settled based on the 20-day volume-weighted average price (“VWAP”) of IFF common stock as follows:

<u>VWAP of IFF common stock</u>	<u>Common stock issued</u>
Equal to or greater than \$159.54	0.3134 shares (minimum settlement rate)
Less than \$159.54, but greater than \$130.25	\$50 divided by VWAP
Less than or equal to \$130.25	0.3839 shares (maximum settlement rate)

For the purpose of this calculation, the number of shares issuable upon settlement of the TEUs is determined based on the 20-day VWAP of one share of IFF common stock on the New York Stock Exchange as of September 28, 2020 as calculated below:

20-Day VWAP as of September 28, 2020	\$ 122.15
Common stock issued per TEU	0.3839
Total number of TEUs outstanding	16,500,000
Number of shares issuable upon settlement of TEU	6,334,350

The estimated preliminary purchase consideration reflected in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information does not purport to represent what the actual purchase consideration will be when the Transactions close. In accordance with ASC 805, the fair value of equity securities issued as part of the consideration paid will be measured on the closing date of the Transactions at the then-current market price. The final purchase consideration could significantly differ from the amounts presented in the unaudited condensed

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combined pro forma financial information due to movements in IFF's common stock price up to the closing date of the Merger. A sensitivity analysis related to the fluctuation in the IFF's common stock price was performed to assess the impact that a hypothetical change of 10% on the closing price of IFF common stock on September 28, 2020 would have on the estimated preliminary purchase consideration and goodwill as of the closing date. The percentage of this possible increase or decrease was derived from the recent historical volatility of IFF's common stock price and is not indicative of IFF's expectation for future stock price performance. The following table shows the impact of change in stock price on the estimated preliminary purchase consideration and goodwill (in USD thousands):

	<u>Estimated preliminary purchase consideration</u>	<u>Estimated goodwill</u>
As presented in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements	17,253,065	12,617,486
10% increase in IFF's share price	18,978,371	14,342,792
10% decrease in IFF's share price	15,527,758	10,892,180

IFF intends to issue new equity shares as purchase consideration to those DuPont's stockholders that receive shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution, subject to IFF shareholders' approval (which approval has been obtained on August 27, 2020). In addition, the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet has been adjusted to eliminate the N&B Business's Parent company net investment, which represents the historical book value of the N&B Business's net assets, as a result of the Transactions.

The following pro forma adjustments have been recorded to equity balances in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet (in USD thousands):

	<u>Removal of N&B's equity</u>	<u>Purchase consideration issued to DuPont stockholders</u>	<u>Pro forma adjustment</u>
Common stock	—	17,765	17,765
Capital in excess of par value	—	17,235,300	17,235,300
Parent company net investment	(11,750,974)	—	(11,750,974)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	956,922	—	956,922

7) ESTIMATED PURCHASE PRICE ALLOCATION

Under the acquisition method of accounting, the N&B Business's assets and liabilities will be recognized at fair value at the date of the completion of the Merger and combined with the historical carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of IFF. In the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet, IFF's estimated preliminary purchase price to acquire N&B has been allocated to the assets acquired, liabilities assumed and goodwill based upon management's preliminary estimate of their respective fair values. Accordingly, the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial information includes a preliminary allocation of the purchase price based on the assumptions and estimates that, while considered reasonable under the circumstances, are subject to changes, which may be material.

As of the date of this prospectus, IFF has not completed a full, detailed valuation analysis necessary to determine the fair values of the N&B Business's identifiable assets to be acquired, liabilities to be assumed and noncontrolling interest. The preliminary purchase price allocation presented below is based on IFF management's estimate of the fair value of tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed using information that is currently available. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired will be allocated to goodwill. The final allocation of the purchase price will be determined upon the completion of the Transactions and will be based on a comprehensive final evaluation of tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed by IFF.

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Significant judgment is required to estimate the fair value of long-lived tangible and intangible assets acquired and in assigning their respective useful lives. The fair value estimates are based on available historical information, future expectations and assumptions deemed reasonable by management, but are inherently uncertain. The preliminary fair values of intangible assets are generally determined using an income method, which is based on forecasts of the expected future cash flows attributable to the respective assets. Significant estimates and assumptions inherent in the valuations reflect a consideration of other marketplace participants, and include the amount and timing of future cash flows (including expected growth rates, discount rate and profitability), royalty rates used in the relief of royalty method, customer attrition rates, product obsolescence factors, a brand's relative market position and the discount rate applied to the cash flows. Unanticipated market or macroeconomic events and circumstances may occur, which could affect the accuracy or validity of the estimates and assumptions. Determining the useful life of an intangible asset also requires significant judgment. Most of the acquired intangible assets (e.g., Product Trade Names, Developed Technology, and Customer Relationships) are expected to have finite useful lives, with the exception of the Corporate Trade Names and In-Process Research and Development which are expected to have indefinite useful lives. Further, the preliminary calculation of In-Process Research and Development has been performed based on publicly available benchmarking information, as there is limitations on the type of information that can be exchanged between IFF and N&B. The costs of finite-lived intangible assets are amortized through expense over their estimated lives.

The estimated values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed will remain preliminary until after the closing of the Merger, at which time IFF will determine the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The final determination of the purchase price allocation is anticipated to be completed as soon as practicable after completion of the Merger and will be based on the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the Merger closing date. The final amounts allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed could differ significantly from the amounts presented in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma financial statements.

The following is a preliminary estimate of the assets to be acquired and the liabilities to be assumed by IFF in the Merger, reconciled to the estimated preliminary purchase consideration expected to be transferred (in USD thousands):

	<u>Historical N&B after reclassification</u> (Note 3)	<u>Pre-merger adjustments</u> (Note 4, 5)	<u>Fair value adjustments</u>	<u>Fair value</u>
Purchase consideration				17,253,065
Identifiable net assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	—	82,682	—	82,682
Inventories	1,466,183	—	438,217	1,904,400
Property, plant and equipment	2,882,458	63,023	243,119	3,188,600
Identifiable intangible assets	3,662,315	(569,633)	6,002,318	9,095,000
Deferred tax assets	26,661	35,117	—	61,778
All other assets (excluding goodwill)	1,619,780	276,287	—	1,896,067
Deferred tax liabilities	(919,748)	140,813	(1,646,399)	(2,425,334)
Long-term debt	—	(7,439,996)	—	(7,439,996)
All other liabilities	(1,260,988)	(440,567)	—	(1,701,555)
Total identifiable net assets	7,476,661	(7,852,274)	5,037,255	4,661,642
Noncontrolling interests	(26,063)	—	—	(26,063)
Goodwill	11,195,728	—	1,421,758	12,617,486
Total	18,646,326	(7,852,274)	6,459,013	17,253,065

Net assets acquired will include the debt incurred by N&B to pay the Special Cash Payment to DuPont, additional pension and post-retirement assets and obligations and property, plant and equipment transferred to N&B. See Notes 4 and 5 for further details.

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The unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet has been adjusted to reflect the elimination of the N&B Business's historical goodwill of \$11,195,728 and to record goodwill resulting from the Transactions of \$12,617,486. Recorded goodwill is calculated as the difference between the fair value of the purchase price paid and the preliminary values assigned to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed as calculated above. The value of residual goodwill is not amortized, but is tested at least annually for impairment.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet has been adjusted to step up the N&B Business's inventory to a fair value of \$1,904,400, an increase of \$438,217 from the carrying value. This fair value estimate of inventory is preliminary and is determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset, based on the most advantageous market for the asset (i.e., its highest and best use). This preliminary fair value estimate could include assets that are not intended to be used, may be sold or are intended to be used in a manner other than their highest and best use. The final fair value determination for inventories may differ from this preliminary determination. No adjustment to the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statement of income has been recorded since the step up of inventory does not have a continuing impact with respect to the statement of income of the combined company.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet has been adjusted to step up the N&B Business's property, plant and equipment to a fair value of \$3,188,600, an increase of \$243,119 from the carrying value. Personal property assets such as computer hardware and software, furniture, fixtures and equipment were valued based on a trending and depreciation analysis in order to estimate a preliminary fair value adjustment with the information currently available. For real property assets, IFF does not have sufficient information available to make a reasonable preliminary estimate of the fair value adjustment at this time. Therefore, no adjustment has been recorded to modify the current book value for the real property assets. These estimates of fair value are preliminary and could vary materially from the final fair value based on future analyses. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income have been adjusted to recognize an additional depreciation expense of \$10,046 for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and \$20,092 for the year ended December 31, 2019 related to the increased basis under Cost of goods sold. The additional depreciation expense is computed with the assumption that the assets will be depreciated over the remaining estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis.

As part of the preliminary valuation analysis, IFF identified certain intangible assets which included finite and indefinite lived Trade Names, Customer Relationships, Developed Technology, and In-Process Research and Development. The remaining useful life of the acquired intangible assets was estimated based on a preliminary estimate of the period over which substantially all of the cumulative discounted cash flows are expected to be realized. The final fair value determinations for identifiable intangible assets may differ from this preliminary determination, and such differences could be material. The pro forma adjustment to recognize additional amortization expense related to the increased basis of the intangible assets has been computed with the assumption that these will be amortized over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis as IFF management continues to evaluate the pattern of the economic benefits.

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The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the N&B Business's identifiable intangible assets and their estimated useful lives and amortization expense based on a straight-line method (in USD thousands):

	Estimated fair value	Estimated useful life (in years)	Amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2020	Amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2019
Indefinite lived intangible assets				
Trade Names	320,000	Indefinite	—	—
In-process research and development	150,000	Indefinite	—	—
Finite lived intangible assets				
Trade Names	290,000	11 to 13 years	12,083	24,167
Customer Relationships	6,285,000	13 to 23 years	174,583	349,167
Developed Technology	2,050,000	8 to 11 years	107,895	215,789
	<u>9,095,000</u>		<u>294,561</u>	<u>589,123</u>
Less: historical amortization expense			<u>(148,356)</u>	<u>(301,315)</u>
Pro forma adjustment			<u>146,205</u>	<u>287,808</u>

A 10% change in the valuation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment would cause a corresponding increase or decrease in the balance of goodwill and would also cause a corresponding increase or decrease in the amortization and depreciation expense by \$29,456 and \$1,005 for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and by \$58,912 and \$2,009 for the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively.

The estimated tax impact of the fair market value adjustments on the amortization expense is reflected in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income using the weighted average statutory tax rate of the jurisdictions expected to be impacted. The actual deferred tax assets and liabilities may differ materially based on changes resulting from finalizing the allocation of the purchase price and valuing the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and tax basis step ups resulting from the Transactions that are not reasonably estimable for the purposes of these pro forma financial statements. The estimated tax impact of the fair market value adjustments on the depreciation and amortization expense is reflected in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income using the weighted average rate of 24.72% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 22.32% for the year ended December 31, 2019, which were based on the statutory tax rates of the jurisdictions expected to be impacted for the periods presented.

8) OTHER PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS

- a) IFF incurred \$16,125 and \$20,747 of transaction related costs during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively; with related tax benefits of \$904 and \$2,354. The N&B Business incurred \$190,173 and \$46,596 of transaction related costs during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively; with related tax benefits of \$44,915 and \$10,840. These transaction related costs are not included in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income, since these costs do not have a continuing impact with respect to the statements of income.

The unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet has been adjusted to reflect an adjustment for future estimated transaction related costs consisting of professional, legal and other acquisition-related fees. The anticipated costs that are expected to be incurred by IFF through the closing of the Transactions amounting to \$98,763 are adjusted in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet as a decrease to Cash and cash equivalents and Retained earnings. Based on a preliminary analysis of each component of these expenses, a tax impact of \$14,464 was recorded. The tax impact was determined by using a blended federal and state statutory income tax rate of 22.5% as applied to the expenses deemed to be deductible for income tax purposes. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet does not include an adjustment for the N&B Business's anticipated separation related expenses as these are incurred and paid by DuPont.

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- b) The estimated tax impacts of the pro forma adjustments have been reflected in Taxes on income (loss) in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income by using a tax rate of 24.72% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 22.32% for the year ended December 31, 2019, unless otherwise stated. The estimated tax impacts of the pro forma adjustments have been reflected in Deferred income taxes in the condensed combined pro forma balance sheet by using a tax rate of 24.72%, unless otherwise stated. These tax rates were determined using the weighted average statutory tax rate of the jurisdictions expected to be impacted for each of these periods. The total effective tax rate of the combined company could be significantly different depending on the post-acquisition geographical mix of income and other factors. Because the tax rate used for these pro forma financial statements is an estimate, it will likely vary from the actual rate in periods subsequent to the completion of the business combination and those differences may be material. The pro forma adjustments do not consider the impact of the changes to legislation due to the recent and ongoing outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The estimate of the deferred income tax liabilities resulting from the fair value adjustments for the inventory, property, plant and equipment and identifiable intangible assets acquired is preliminary and is subject to change based upon final determination of the fair values of tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Transactions.

The pro forma adjustments to Taxes on income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019 reflect the aggregate pro forma income tax effects of the following adjustments reflected in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma statements of income (in USD thousands):

	For the six months ended June 30, 2020		For the year ended December 31, 2019	
	Pre-merger adjustments	Merger adjustments	Pre-merger adjustments	Merger adjustments
Tax effect of incremental amortization expense adjustment (Note 7)	—	(36,142)	—	(64,239)
Tax effect of incremental depreciation expense adjustment (Note 7)	—	(2,483)	—	(4,485)
Tax effect of separation adjustment related to trade names (Note 4c)	137,849	—	10,707	—
Tax effect of interest expense adjustment (Note 5)	(19,605)	—	(39,210)	—
Tax effect of reversal of financing fee (Note 5)	5,446	—	—	—
Tax effect of reversal of transaction related costs (Note 8a)	—	45,819	—	13,194
	<u>123,690</u>	<u>7,194</u>	<u>(28,503)</u>	<u>(55,530)</u>

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The pro forma adjustments to Deferred income taxes, Deferred income tax assets, and Current tax liabilities included within Other current liabilities, reflect the aggregate pro forma income tax effects of the following adjustments reflected in the unaudited condensed combined pro forma balance sheet (in USD thousands):

	Pro forma adjustment		
	Other current liabilities	Deferred income taxes	Deferred income tax assets
Pre-merger adjustments			
Tax effect of reversal of financing fee (Note 5)	—	—	(5,446)
Tax effect of separation adjustment related to defined benefit pension plans (Note 4a)	—	—	40,563
Tax effect of separation adjustment related to trade names (Note 4c)	—	(140,813)	—
	<u>—</u>	<u>(140,813)</u>	<u>35,117</u>
Merger adjustments			
Tax effect of transaction related costs (Note 8a)	(14,464)	—	—
Tax effect of PPA adjustments (Note 7)	—	1,646,399	—
	<u>(14,464)</u>	<u>1,646,399</u>	<u>—</u>

9) PRO FORMA INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

The pro forma income (loss) per share of common stock for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019 have been calculated based on the estimated weighted average number of shares of IFF's common stock that would have been outstanding on a pro forma basis. The pro forma weighted average number of shares outstanding was derived using IFF's historical weighted average number of shares outstanding after giving effect to the preliminary estimated number of shares of IFF common stock to be issued as part of purchase consideration calculated pursuant to the Merger Agreement. For the year ended December 31, 2019, there was no difference in the weighted average number of common shares used for the calculation of pro forma basic and diluted loss per share as the effect of all potentially dilutive shares outstanding would have been anti-dilutive. For the purposes of the pro forma earnings per share calculations, the shares issued in connection with the Merger were considered issued and outstanding as of January 1, 2019. Pro forma income (loss) per share calculations do not consider the impact of issuance of common stock to TEU holders and equity award holders from July 1, 2020 through the date of acquisition. Per share information for the N&B Business is not presented because the N&B Business did not have outstanding capital stock since its historical combined financial statements have been prepared on a carve-out basis.

The following table presents the calculation of pro forma combined basic and diluted net income (loss) per share of common stock (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Six months ended June 30, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
Pro forma net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	340,369	(299,054)
Weighted average number of IFF shares outstanding — basic	112,130	111,966
IFF shares issued to DuPont as part of purchase consideration (Note 6)	142,118	142,118
Pro forma weighted average number shares outstanding — basic	254,248	254,084
Weighted average number of IFF shares outstanding — diluted	113,635	111,966
IFF shares issued to DuPont as part of purchase consideration (Note 6)	142,118	142,118
Pro forma weighted average number shares outstanding — diluted	255,753	254,084
Pro forma net income (loss) per share of common stock — basic	1.34	(1.18)
Pro forma net income (loss) per share of common stock — diluted	1.33	(1.18)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE N&B BUSINESS

References in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations to "N&B" should be read to reference to and/or include the N&B Business, as N&B did not exist or did not contain the N&B Business during the periods presented.

This management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations accompanies and should be read in conjunction with the combined financial statements of the N&B Business for the year ended December 31, 2019 (the "Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements") and notes thereto and the interim combined financial statements of the N&B Business for the six months ended June 30, 2020 (the "Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements") (together, the "N&B Combined Financial Statements") and notes thereto.

N&B believes the assumptions underlying the N&B Combined Financial Statements are reasonable. However, the N&B Combined Financial Statements included herein may not necessarily reflect N&B's results of operations, financial position, and cash flows in the future or what they would have been had N&B been an independent, publicly traded company during the periods presented. As a result, historical financial information is not necessarily indicative of N&B's future results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The following section is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information in this document, including the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements and notes thereto as well as the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements and notes thereto.

The following discussion may contain forward-looking statements that reflect N&B's plans, estimates, and beliefs. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "project," and similar expressions, among others, generally identify "forward-looking statements," which speak only as of the date the statements were made. The matters discussed in these forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. Additionally, there may be other risks and uncertainties that N&B is unable to identify at this time or that N&B does not currently expect to have a material impact on its business. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include those discussed below and elsewhere herein. See "Risks Related to the Combined Company's Business following the Transactions" and "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements" for a discussion of the uncertainties, risks and assumptions associated with these statements.

Set forth below is a discussion of N&B's historical operations. The effects of the Transactions are reflected in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements of IFF and N&B included elsewhere in this document.

DowDuPont merger of Dow and DuPont completed in August 2017

DowDuPont Inc. ("DowDuPont") was formed on December 9, 2015 to effectuate an all-stock, merger of equals strategic combination between The Dow Chemical Company ("Historical Dow") and E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company ("Historical EID"). On August 31, 2017 at 11:59 pm ET, (the "DWDP Merger Effectiveness Time") pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 11, 2015, as amended on March 31, 2017 (the "DWDP Merger Agreement"), Historical Dow and Historical EID each merged with wholly owned subsidiaries of DowDuPont and, as a result, became subsidiaries of DowDuPont (the "DWDP Merger"). DowDuPont accounted for the DWDP Merger as a business combination, with Historical Dow as the accounting acquirer, using the acquisition method of accounting.

Acquisition of FMC's H&N Business in November 2017

As a condition of the regulatory approval of the DWDP Merger, Historical EID was required to divest a portion of its crop protection product line, including certain research and development capabilities. As a result, on

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March 31, 2017, Historical EID entered into a definitive agreement (the “FMC Transaction Agreement”) with FMC Corporation (“FMC”). In accordance with a definitive agreement dated March 31, 2017, between Historical EID and FMC, on November 1, 2017, FMC acquired certain Historical EID crop protection business and research and development assets and Historical EID acquired certain assets relating to FMC’s Health and Nutrition segment (the “H&N Business”) (collectively, the “FMC Transactions”). The H&N Business is included in this N&B financial information from the acquisition date forward.

Spin-off of Dow and Corteva

Subsequent to the DowDuPont Merger, DuPont engaged in a series of internal reorganization and realignment steps to realign its businesses into three subgroups: agriculture, material science, and specialty products (the “DowDuPont realignments”). On April 1, 2019, DuPont completed the separation of its material science business (including the Historical Dow parent company, The Dow Chemical Company) into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Dow through a pro rata dividend in-kind of all the then-issued and outstanding shares of Dow’s common stock. On June 1, 2019, DuPont completed the separation of its agriculture business (including the Historical EID parent company, E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company) into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Corteva through a pro rata dividend in-kind of all the then-issued and outstanding shares of Corteva’s common stock.

Following the Corteva spin-off, on June 1, 2019, DowDuPont changed its registered name to DuPont de Nemours, Inc. and holds the specialty products businesses. Effective June 1, 2019, DuPont (approximately \$22 billion of annual net sales in 2019 on a full year basis) consists of the following reportable segments: Electronics & Imaging, Transportation & Industrial, Safety & Construction, Non-Core, and Nutrition & Biosciences, which includes the Historical EID Nutrition and Biosciences business (“Historical EID N&B”), the Historical Dow Nutrition and Biosciences business (“Historical Dow N&B”) and the H&N Business acquired from FMC.

Reverse Morris Trust Transaction Anticipated in the first quarter of 2021

On December 15, 2019, DuPont, N&B (presently a wholly owned subsidiary holding company of DuPont) and IFF entered into definitive agreements, pursuant to which and subject to the terms and conditions therein, (1) DuPont will transfer the N&B Business to N&B (generally referred to herein as the Separation), (2) N&B will make a cash distribution to DuPont equal to \$7.306 billion, subject to certain adjustments (referred to herein as the Special Cash Payment), (3) DuPont will distribute to its stockholders all of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock by way of an exchange offer followed by a pro rata distribution of any shares of N&B common stock remaining if the exchange offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered does not result in all shares of N&B common stock being distributed in the exchange offer (generally referred to herein as the Distribution) and (4) Merger Sub I will merge with and into N&B, with N&B as the surviving corporation (generally referred to herein as the Merger). Following the Distribution, and as a result of the Merger occurring thereafter, the existing shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock. When the Merger is completed, holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont’s common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases. The Distribution and the Merger are a Reverse Morris Trust transaction and are expected to be tax-free to DuPont stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes, except to the extent that cash is paid to DuPont stockholders in lieu of fractional shares in the Distribution or the Merger. The Separation, Distribution and the Merger are collectively referred to herein as the “Transactions”.

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The Transactions are subject to the approval by IFF's shareholders of the issuance of IFF shares in the Transactions (which approval has been obtained) and the satisfaction of customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals. The Transactions are expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2021.

Recent Developments

On September 16, 2020 (the "Offering Date"), N&B completed an offering in the aggregate principal amount of \$6.25 billion of senior unsecured notes in six series, comprised of the following (collectively, the "Notes Offering"): \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 0.697% Senior Notes due 2022; \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 1.230% Senior Notes due 2025; \$1.2 billion aggregate principal amount of 1.832% Senior Notes due 2027; \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 2.300% Senior Notes due 2030; \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 3.268% Senior Notes due 2040; and \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 3.468% Senior Notes due 2050. As discussed elsewhere in this document, the net proceeds from the Notes Offering will be used to partially fund the Special Cash Payment and to pay the related financing fees and expenses.

Overview

N&B, one of the world's largest producers of specialty ingredients, is an innovation-driven and customer-focused business that provides solutions for the global food and beverage, dietary supplements, home and personal care, energy, animal nutrition and pharma markets. Additionally, N&B is an industry pioneer and innovator that works with customers to improve the performance, productivity and sustainability of their products and processes through differentiated technology in ingredients applications, fermentation, biotechnology, chemistry and manufacturing process excellence. See "Information on the N&B Business" for a further discussion of the N&B Business, including its strategies, products, raw materials and markets.

Note on Financial Presentation

The N&B financial information for periods presented prior to the closing of the DWDP Merger, (the "Predecessor Period") is that of Historical EID N&B and, therefore, reflects Historical EID's carrying value for its N&B business. For all periods subsequent to the DWDP Merger (the "Successor Periods") included in the N&B Combined Financial Statements, N&B operated as part of DowDuPont (now known as DuPont) and the N&B financial information presented reflects the step up in fair value of Historical EID N&B at the effective time of the DWDP Merger, as Historical Dow was the accounting acquirer in the DowDuPont Merger. All periods prior to the closing of the DWDP Merger reflect the historical operations and accounting basis in Historical EID N&B's assets and liabilities and are labeled "Predecessor." The N&B activities of Historical Dow and FMC are not included in the Predecessor results or financial position. The N&B Combined Financial Statements for the periods subsequent to the DWDP Merger are labeled "Successor" and include operations of both Historical EID and Historical Dow, as well as FMC for periods subsequent to the FMC Transactions, as they operated as part of DowDuPont and subsequently DuPont. The N&B Combined Financial Statements and notes include a black line division between the columns titled "Predecessor" and "Successor" to signify that the amounts shown for the periods prior to and following the DWDP Merger are not comparable. See Note 4 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information on the DWDP Merger. The term "Parent" as used herein refers to either, in the Successor Periods presented, DuPont, or, in the Predecessor Period presented, Historical EID.

The N&B Combined Financial Statements discussed in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations have been derived, as described above, from DuPont's and Historical EID's accounting records as if N&B's operations had been conducted independently from those of DuPont and Historical EID in the Successor and Predecessor Periods, respectively, and were prepared on a stand-alone basis in accordance with GAAP and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC.

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The historical results of operations, financial position and cash flows of N&B discussed in this document may not be indicative of what they would have been had N&B actually been an independent stand-alone entity, nor are they necessarily indicative of N&B's future results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

2020 Restructuring Program

In March 2020, Parent approved restructuring actions designed to capture near-term cost reductions and to further simplify certain organizational structures (the "2020 Restructuring Program"). As a result of these actions, N&B recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$8 million inception-to-date, consisting of severance and related benefit costs of \$8 million. N&B expects actions related to this program to be substantially complete by the end of 2020. Total liabilities related to the program of \$8 million at June 30, 2020 represent expected future cash payments of severance and related benefits.

2019 Restructuring Program

During the second quarter of 2019 and in connection with the ongoing integration activities, Parent approved restructuring actions to simplify and optimize certain organizational structures following the completion of the Dow and Corteva separations (the "2019 Restructuring Program"). From inception of the program through the second quarter of 2020, N&B has recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$16 million, consisting of severance and related benefit costs of \$8 million and asset related charges of \$8 million. Included in this amount were credits of \$4 million and charges of \$20 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively. The 2019 Restructuring Program is considered substantially complete at June 30, 2020. Total liabilities related to the program of \$3 million at June 30, 2020 (\$10 million at December 31, 2019) represent expected future cash payments of severance and related benefits.

DowDuPont Cost Synergy Program

In September and November 2017, Parent approved post-merger restructuring actions under the DowDuPont Cost Synergy Program (the "Synergy Program"), adopted by the DowDuPont Board of Directors. The Synergy Program was designed to integrate and optimize the organization following the DWDP Merger and in preparation for the Dow and Corteva separations. From inception of the program through the second quarter of 2020, N&B has recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$147 million, consisting of severance and related benefit costs of \$77 million, asset related charges of \$52 million and contract termination charges of \$18 million. Included in this amount were net charges of \$2 million and \$97 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively. Total liabilities related to the program were \$8 million (\$17 million at December 31, 2019). The Synergy Program was considered substantially complete at December 31, 2019.

Health & Biosciences Goodwill Impairment

During the second quarter of 2019, N&B was required to perform interim impairment tests of its goodwill due to Parent's internal distribution of the specialty products legal entities from Historical EID to DowDuPont (the "Internal SP Distribution") and Parent's changes to its management and reporting structure and creation of a new non-core segment (the "Second Quarter Segment Realignment"). As a result of the analyses performed, N&B recorded a pre-tax, non-cash impairment charge of \$674 million in the second quarter of 2019 related to the Health & Biosciences segment. The charge was recognized in "Goodwill impairment charge" in the Combined Statements of Operations within the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements and the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements. See Note 14 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements and Note 9 to the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements.

Equity Method Investment Impairment

During the second quarter of 2019, the Internal SP Distribution served as a triggering event requiring N&B to perform an impairment analysis of its equity method investments. As a result of the analysis performed, N&B

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recorded a pre-tax, non-cash impairment charge of \$63 million to write-down the value of an equity method investment. The charge was recognized in "Restructuring and asset related charges, net" in the Combined Statements of Operations within the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements and the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements. See Note 7 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements and Note 4 to the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 and Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

Net Sales

Summary of Sales Results (In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Net sales	\$ 3,090	\$ 3,093

Summary of Sales Results by Segments and Geographic Region	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Food & Beverage	\$ 1,477	\$ 1,501
Health & Biosciences	1,184	1,174
Pharma Solutions	429	418
Total	\$ 3,090	\$ 3,093
U.S. & Canada	\$ 1,146	\$ 1,145
EMEA 1	948	943
Asia Pacific	701	698
Latin America	295	307
Total	\$ 3,090	\$ 3,093

1. Europe, Middle East and Africa

N&B net sales were \$3,090 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, or essentially flat compared with \$3,093 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. A 1 percent increase in local price and 1 percent increase in volume were offset by a 2 percent unfavorable currency impact, driven primarily from EMEA. Health & Biosciences volume gains were driven by probiotics along with strong demand in home and personal care and animal nutrition, partially offset by decreased demand in biorefinery and microbial control. Volume gains in Food & Beverage were driven by increased demand in the plant-based alternative meat category and were offset by declines in sweeteners.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold was \$1,992 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$2,064 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The \$72 million decrease was primarily driven by a favorable mix in Health & Biosciences, currency impacts and cost productivity actions. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales improved to 64 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2020 from 67 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Research and Development ("R&D") Expenses

R&D expense was \$133 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$140 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. R&D expense as a percentage of net sales was 4 percent for the six months ended

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June 30, 2020 compared to 5 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The decrease was driven by favorable currency and productivity programs, more than offsetting investments in growth.

Selling and Administrative (“S&A”) Expenses

S&A expense was \$336 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$352 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. S&A expense as a percentage of net sales was 11 percent for both the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Amortization of Acquisition-Related Intangibles

Acquisition-related intangible asset amortization was \$706 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$151 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The \$555 million increase was primarily driven by the reclassification of indefinite-lived tradenames to definite-lived tradenames as a result of the announcement of the Transactions during the fourth quarter of 2019. See Note 9 to the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information on intangible assets.

Restructuring and Asset Related Charges, Net

Restructuring and asset related charges, net were \$6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 down from \$157 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. Restructuring costs consist of restructuring programs and other asset related charges. The activity for the six months ended June 30, 2020 included an \$8 million charge related to the 2020 Restructuring Program, a \$4 million credit related to the 2019 Restructuring Program and a \$2 million charge related to the Synergy Program. The activity for the six months ended June 30, 2019 included a \$14 million charge related to the 2019 Restructuring Program, a \$80 million charge related to the Synergy Program and a \$63 million asset impairment charge related to an equity method investment. See Note 4 to the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information.

Goodwill Impairment Charge

There was no goodwill impairment charge recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2020. During the second quarter of 2019, N&B recorded a pre-tax, non-cash impairment charge of \$674 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 impacting the Health & Biosciences segment. See Note 9 to the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information on the impairment charge.

Integration and Separation Costs

Integration and separation costs include an allocation of costs incurred by Parent for post-DWDP Merger integration and separation expenses, and beginning in the fourth quarter of 2019, costs directly related to the separation of N&B. These costs to date have primarily consisted of financial advisory, information technology, legal, accounting, consulting, and other professional advisory fees associated with the preparation and execution of these activities. Integration and separation costs were \$240 million and \$120 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The \$120 million increase is driven by costs related to the separation of N&B during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Other Expense (Income), Net

Other expense (income), net includes a variety of income and expense items such as interest expense, net exchange losses, non-operating pension and other post-employment benefits, equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates and miscellaneous income. Other expense (income), net was expense of \$29 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared with income of \$9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The six months ended June 30, 2020 included \$20 million of financing fee amortization for the Bridge Loans and the Term Loan Facility. The six months ended June 30, 2019 included a \$10 million net gain on sales of businesses and other assets.

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Taxes on Loss

N&B's effective tax rate fluctuates based on, among other factors, the geographic mix of earnings. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, an income tax benefit of \$68 million was recorded on a pre-tax loss of \$352 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of 19.3 percent. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, an income tax expense of \$10 million was recorded on a pre-tax loss of \$556 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of (1.8) percent. The tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2020 was reduced due to tax charges to reverse prior year U.S. state deferred tax assets and to increase valuation allowances in connection with U.S. and foreign deferred tax assets. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the effective tax rate was negatively impacted by a goodwill impairment charge with no corresponding tax benefit, partially offset by a one-time tax benefit to record a foreign deferred tax asset.

Comparison of Results of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 (Successor) and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017 (Predecessor)

Net Sales

Summary of Sales Results

	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
(In millions)				
Net sales	\$ 6,076	\$ 6,216	\$ 1,885	\$ 2,810

Summary of Sales Results by Segments and Geographic Region

	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
(In millions)				
Food & Beverage	\$ 2,945	\$ 2,987	\$ 722	\$ 1,619
Health & Biosciences	2,317	2,405	756	1,191
Pharma Solutions	814	824	407	—
Total	\$ 6,076	\$ 6,216	\$ 1,885	\$ 2,810
United States	\$ 2,125	\$ 2,123	\$ 632	\$ 1,001
Canada	138	142	41	62
EMEA 1	1,812	1,906	579	820
Asia Pacific	1,380	1,406	416	585
Latin America	621	639	217	342
Total	\$ 6,076	\$ 6,216	\$ 1,885	\$ 2,810

1. Europe, Middle East and Africa

2019 versus 2018

Net sales were \$6,076 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, down from \$6,216 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, due to a 2 percent unfavorable currency impact, primarily in EMEA and Latin America, and a 1 percent increase in price offset by a 1 percent decrease from portfolio actions. Volume was flat with gains in Food & Beverage, primarily in cellulose and protein solutions, from growing demand in the meat alternatives and high protein nutritional beverages and bars, offset by declines in emulsifiers and sweeteners and in Health & Biosciences due to continued market-driven softness in biorefineries and decreased volume related to home and personal care applications, which were partially offset by strength in food enzymes.

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2018 versus the period from September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 and the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017

Net sales for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$6,216 million compared to \$1,885 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and \$2,810 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. Net sales for the year ended December 31, 2018 included net sales of \$1,797 million related to the portfolios of Historical Dow N&B and the H&N Business which have been included in N&B's results subsequent to the DWDP Merger and the FMC Transactions. The Successor period September 1 through December 31, 2017 included net sales of \$714 million related to the portfolios assumed from the DWDP Merger and the FMC Transactions. The remaining increasing trend in net sales was driven primarily by volume growth across all three segments led by gains in Food & Beverage products and driven by demand in Asia Pacific. Demand for Health & Biosciences products, led by home and personal care applications and animal nutrition, also contributed to volume growth.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold was \$4,043 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to \$4,196 million for the year ended December 31, 2018. The \$153 million decrease was primarily driven by lower sales volume, cost synergies, portfolio actions, plant productivity and currency impacts. The year ended December 31, 2018 included a charge of \$67 million related to the amortization of the fair value step-up in inventories, primarily related to the acquisition of the H&N Business. There was no amortization of fair value step-up recorded for the year ended December 31, 2019. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales improved to 67 percent for the year ended December 31, 2019 from 68 percent for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Cost of goods sold for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$4,196 million compared to \$1,671 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and \$1,808 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales was 68 percent, 89 percent, and 64 percent for the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively. The year ended December 31, 2018 and the Successor period September 1 through December 31, 2017 included a charge of \$67 million and \$397 million, respectively, related to amortization of the fair value step-up in inventories of Historical EID and the H&N Business as a result of the DWDP Merger and the FMC Transactions. Excluding the impact of the inventory step-up amortization, cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales was 66 percent, 68 percent, and 64 percent for the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively. The increase in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales after August 31, 2017 resulted primarily from the increased percentage of sales from lower margin products due to the acquisition of Historical Dow N&B and the H&N Business.

Research and Development ("R&D") Expenses

R&D expense was \$288 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to \$275 million for the year ended December 31, 2018. The \$13 million increase was primarily driven by investments in growth including probiotics, microbiome and human milk oligosaccharides. The increases were partially offset by cost synergies compared to the prior year. R&D expense as a percentage of net sales was 5 percent and 4 percent for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

R&D expense was \$275 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, \$88 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and \$139 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. R&D expense as a percentage of net sales was 4 percent, 5 percent and 5 percent for the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively. R&D expense as a percentage of net sales was flat as increased spend on projects associated with the microbiome and human milk oligosaccharides was offset by cost synergies. The year ended December 31, 2018 and the

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Successor period September 1 through December 31, 2017 included R&D expense of \$76 million and \$38 million, respectively, from operations assumed in the DWDP Merger and FMC Transactions. The Predecessor period January 1 through August 31, 2017 consisted of only R&D expense of Historical EID N&B.

Selling and Administrative (“S&A”) Expenses

S&A expense was \$704 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to \$760 million for the year ended December 31, 2018. The \$56 million decrease was primarily driven by cost synergies. S&A expense as a percentage of net sales was 12 percent for both of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. S&A expense excluding Parent’s corporate allocations for the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was \$431 million and \$471 million, respectively, with the decrease driven by cost synergies.

S&A expense was \$760 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, \$262 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and \$403 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. S&A expense as a percentage of net sales was 12 percent, 14 percent, and 14 percent for the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively. The decreasing percentage was primarily driven by cost synergies. \$239 million and \$125 million of S&A expenses were related to operations assumed in the DWDP Merger and FMC Transactions for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the Successor period September 1 through December 31, 2017, respectively. \$521 million and \$137 million of S&A expenses were related to Historical EID N&B business for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, respectively. Excluding the impacts of Historical Dow N&B and the H&N Business, S&A expense as a percentage of net sales was 12 percent for both the year ended December 31, 2018 and the Successor period September 1 through December 31, 2017. S&A expense excluding corporate allocations for the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017 was \$471 million, \$152 million, and \$241 million, respectively.

Amortization of Acquisition-Related Intangibles

Acquisition-related intangible asset amortization was \$349 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to \$311 million for the year ended December 31, 2018. The \$38 million increase was primarily driven by the \$1.2 billion reclassification of indefinite-lived tradenames to definite-lived tradenames as a result of the announcement of the Transaction during the fourth quarter of 2019.

Acquisition-related intangible asset amortization was \$311 million for the year ended December 31, 2018 compared to \$96 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and \$84 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. The change between the Predecessor and Successor periods in acquisition-related intangible asset amortization was primarily driven by the additional amortization expense resulting from the fair value adjustment to intangibles as part of the DWDP Merger and FMC Transactions. See Notes 4 and 14 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information on intangible assets.

Restructuring and Asset Related Charges, Net

Restructuring and asset related charges, net were \$180 million, \$29 million, \$20 million and \$8 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively. Restructuring costs consist of restructuring programs and other asset related charges, which include other asset impairments.

The activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 includes \$20 million of charges related to the 2019 Restructuring Program, \$97 million of charges related to the Synergy Program and a \$63 million asset impairment charge related to an equity method investment. Charges for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 were primarily related to the Synergy Program.

See Note 7 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information.

Goodwill Impairment Charge

During the second quarter of 2019, N&B recorded a pre-tax, non-cash impairment charge of \$674 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 impacting the Health & Biosciences segment. There was no goodwill impairment charge recognized during the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, or the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. See Note 14 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information on the impairment charge.

Integration and Separation Costs

Integration and separation costs include an allocation of costs incurred by Parent to prepare for and close the DWDP Merger, post-merger integration and separation expenses, and beginning in the fourth quarter of 2019, costs directly related to the separation of N&B. These costs have primarily consisted of financial advisory, information technology, legal, accounting, consulting, and other professional advisory fees associated with the preparation and execution of these activities. Integration and separation costs were \$264 million, \$136 million, \$42 million and \$57 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively.

Other Income, Net

Other income, net includes a variety of income and expense items such as gains on sale of businesses and other assets, net exchange gains and losses, interest expense, non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit credits or costs, equity in earnings or losses of nonconsolidated affiliates and miscellaneous income or expenses. Other income, net was \$6 million, \$10 million, \$10 million, and \$113 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively.

The year ended December 31, 2019 included a net gain on sales of businesses and other assets of \$13 million offset by net exchange losses of \$7 million and non-operating pension and other post-employment benefits of \$2 million.

The year ended December 31, 2018 included non-operating pension and other post-employment benefits of \$17 million and miscellaneous income, net of \$5 million. These balances were partially offset by net exchange losses of \$9 million.

The period September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 included non-operating pension and other post-employment benefits of \$6 million and net exchange gains of \$5 million.

The period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 included a net gain on sale of businesses and other assets of \$160 million. This amount includes a pre-tax gain of \$162 million (\$86 million net of tax) related to the sale of the global food safety diagnostics business. The gain was partially offset by net exchange losses of \$32 million, non-operating pension and post-employment credits of \$11 million, and equity in losses of nonconsolidated affiliates of \$6 million.

See Note 9 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information.

Taxes on (Loss) Income

N&B's effective tax rate fluctuates based on, among other factors, the geographic mix of earnings. On December 22, 2017, the TCJA was enacted. The TCJA reduces the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent, requires companies to pay a one-time transition tax on earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries that were previously deferred, creates new provisions related to foreign sourced earnings, eliminates the domestic manufacturing deduction and moves towards a hybrid territorial system. The underlying factors affecting N&B's overall tax rate are summarized in Note 10 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements.

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For the year ended December 31, 2019, N&B's effective tax rate was (12.1) percent on pre-tax loss of \$420 million. The negative tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2019 was principally the result of the non-tax-deductible goodwill impairment charge impacting the Health & Biosciences segment. See Note 14 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for more information regarding the goodwill impairment charge.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, N&B's effective tax rate was 24.1 percent on pre-tax income of \$519 million. The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2018 was unfavorably impacted by an increase in valuation allowances on various U.S., state and local and foreign deferred tax assets. This impact was partially offset by a benefit related to remeasurement of U.S. state deferred tax assets and liabilities.

For the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, N&B's effective tax rate was 169.4 percent on a pre-tax loss of \$284 million. The tax rate for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 was unfavorably impacted by U.S. tax effects resulting from the enactment of the TCJA. The TCJA resulted in a one-time transition tax on earnings of foreign subsidiaries and required N&B to remeasure its U.S. federal deferred tax assets and liabilities. See Note 10 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for more information regarding the impact of TCJA on N&B.

For the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, N&B's effective tax rate was 32.8 percent on pre-tax income of \$424 million. The tax rate for the period ended August 31, 2017 was favorably impacted by a benefit associated with tax deductions related to certain foreign intangible assets. This impact was partially offset by an unfavorable adjustment related to the sale of the global food safety diagnostics business.

SEGMENT RESULTS

N&B's reportable segments are Food & Beverage, Health & Biosciences, and Pharma Solutions. Major products by segment include Food & Beverage (emulsifiers, sweeteners, functional solutions, and protein solutions); Health & Biosciences (dietary supplements, food protection, cultures, enzymes and microbial control); and Pharma Solutions (pharma excipients, industrial applications and nitrocellulose). N&B operates globally in substantially all of its product lines.

N&B's measure of profit/loss for segment reporting purposes is Segment Operating EBITDA as this is the manner in which N&B's chief operating decision maker assesses performance and allocates resources. N&B defines Segment Operating EBITDA as earnings (net (loss) income) before interest, taxes on (loss) income, non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit costs, depreciation and amortization, exchange gains and losses, and corporate expenses, excluding certain significant items. N&B believes that its primary measure of segment profitability, Segment Operating EBITDA, provides relevant and meaningful information to investors about the ongoing operating results of N&B and underlying prospects of N&B. Reconciliations of these measures can be found in Note 16 to the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements and Note 24 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements.

FOOD & BEVERAGE

Food & Beverage is N&B's innovative and broad portfolio of natural-based ingredients, including texturants, hydrocolloids, emulsifiers, sweeteners, plant-based proteins and systems for multiple ingredients, is marketed under the DANISCO® and SUPRO® brands, as well as others, and serves to enhance nutritional value, texture and functionality in a wide range of dairy, bakery, confectionary, and culinary applications. The major market for Food & Beverage is the industrial prepared foods market.

Food & Beverage

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Net sales	\$ 1,477	\$ 1,501
Segment Operating EBITDA	\$ 322	\$ 318

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Six months ended June 30, 2020 versus the six months ended June 30, 2019

Food & Beverage net sales were \$1,477 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, a decrease of 2 percent from \$1,501 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. A 2 percent increase in price was more than offset by a 2 percent unfavorable currency impact, a 1 percent decrease in volume and a 1 percent decrease due to an immaterial divestiture in the second quarter of 2019. Increased volume, primarily within cellulose and protein solutions from growing demand in the plant based meat category and high nutritional beverages and bars, was offset by lower volume within sweeteners. Pricing increases across product lines were a result of growing demand and increases in raw material costs.

Segment Operating EBITDA was \$322 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of 1 percent from Segment Operating EBITDA of \$318 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, driven by pricing gains, favorable product mix, and productivity actions. Segment Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales improved to 22 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2020 from 21 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Food & Beverage

	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
(In millions)				
Net sales	\$ 2,945	\$ 2,987	\$ 722	\$ 1,619
Segment Operating EBITDA	\$ 586	\$ 605	\$ 167	\$ 258

2019 versus 2018

Food & Beverage net sales were \$2,945 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, a decrease of 1 percent from \$2,987 million for the year ended December 31, 2018 due to a 3 percent unfavorable currency impact partially offset by a 2 percent increase in price. The increase in price was primarily attributable to sweeteners and locust bean kernels where raw material price increases were passed on to customers. Volume was flat year over year as gains, primarily within cellulose and protein solutions from growing demand in the meat alternatives and high protein nutritional beverages and bars, were offset by lower volume within emulsifiers and sweeteners.

Segment Operating EBITDA was \$586 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, a decrease of 3 percent from Segment Operating EBITDA of \$605 million for the year ended December 31, 2018. Segment Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales was flat year over year, as unfavorable currency impacts were partially offset by cost synergies and favorable mix.

2018 versus the period September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 and January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017

Food & Beverage net sales were \$2,987 million for the year ended December 31, 2018 compared to \$722 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and \$1,619 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. Net sales for the year ended December 31, 2018 consisted of net sales of \$2,507 million related to Historical EID N&B and \$480 million related to the businesses assumed from the DWDP Merger and the FMC Transactions. The Successor period September 1 through December 31, 2017 consisted of net sales of \$148 million related to the businesses assumed from the DWDP Merger and FMC Transactions. The Predecessor period January 1 through August 31, 2017 included only net sales related to Historical EID N&B products. Net sales of Historical EID N&B products increased in 2018 due to volume, price and favorable product mix from hydrocolloids and higher demands in the meat-free market which caused growth in demand of specialty proteins products.

Segment Operating EBITDA was \$605 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, compared to Segment Operating EBITDA of \$167 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and \$258 million for

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the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. Segment Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales increased in the Successor periods as a result of cost synergies.

HEALTH & BIOSCIENCES

Health & Biosciences is the biotechnology driven portfolio of N&B, where enzymes, food cultures, probiotics and specialty ingredients for food and non-food applications are developed and produced. N&B's biotechnology-driven probiotics portfolio, including the HOWARU® brand, is a leading technology platform for dietary supplements supported by science-based health claims, with a growing portfolio of proprietary strains, and possesses among the highest potency and highest volume production capabilities in the market. Health & Biosciences is a leading producer of cultures for use in fermented foods such as yogurt, cheese and fermented beverages. It also uses industrial fermentation to produce enzymes and microorganisms that provide product and process performance benefits to household detergents, animal feed, ethanol production, human food and brewing. Health & Biosciences also offers a broad portfolio of formulated biocides for controlling microbial populations. The major markets for Health & Biosciences are the health and wellness market, food and beverage, animal nutrition, home and personal care, biofuels production, and microbial control solutions for oil and gas production, home and personal care and other industrial preservation markets.

Health & Biosciences

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Net sales	\$ 1,184	\$ 1,174
Segment Operating EBITDA	\$ 359	\$ 315

Six months ended June 30, 2020 versus the six months ended June 30, 2019

Health & Biosciences net sales were \$1,184 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of 1 percent from \$1,174 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. A 2 percent increase in volume and 1 percent increase in price were partially offset by a 2 percent unfavorable currency impact. Volume gains were driven by probiotics, along with strong demand in home and personal care and animal nutrition, partially offset by weakness in microbial control and biorefinery. Pricing gains were driven by home and personal care.

Segment Operating EBITDA was \$359 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of 14 percent from Segment Operating EBITDA of \$315 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, due to favorable product mix, pricing gains, and productivity actions. This also drove improvement in Segment Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales, which increased to 30 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2020 from 27 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Health & Biosciences

(In millions)	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
Net sales	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,405	\$ 756	\$ 1,191
Segment Operating EBITDA	\$ 617	\$ 658	\$ 184	\$ 371

2019 versus 2018

Health & Biosciences net sales were \$2,317 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, a decrease of 4 percent from \$2,405 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, due to a 3 percent unfavorable currency impact and 1 percent decrease in volume. Strong volume gains within food enzymes were offset by continued market-driven softness in biofuels production and decreased volume related to home and personal care applications.

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Segment Operating EBITDA was \$617 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, a decrease of 6 percent from Segment Operating EBITDA of \$658 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, as unfavorable impacts related to product mix and currency coupled with investment in research and development in probiotics clinical trials, microbiome and human milk oligosaccharides, were partially offset by cost synergies. Segment Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales was flat due to increased investment in growth offset by productivity improvements and cost synergies.

2018 versus the period September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 and January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017

Health & Biosciences net sales were \$2,405 million for the year ended December 31, 2018 compared to \$756 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and \$1,191 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. Net sales for the year ended December 31, 2018 consisted of net sales of \$1,912 million related to Historical EID N&B products and \$493 million related to the business assumed from the DWDP Merger. The Successor period September 1 through December 31, 2017 consisted of net sales of \$159 million related to the businesses assumed from the DWDP Merger. The Predecessor period January 1 through August 31, 2017 included only net sales related to Historical EID N&B products. Historical EID N&B products contributed to an increase in sales primarily due to volume and pricing increases in probiotics, and volume growth in home and personal care applications and animal nutrition.

Segment Operating EBITDA was \$658 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, compared to Segment Operating EBITDA of \$184 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and \$371 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. Segment Operating EBITDA as a percentage of sales decreased during the Successor periods primarily as a result of an unfavorable mix.

PHARMA SOLUTIONS

Pharma Solutions is one of the world's largest producers of cellulose- and alginates-based pharma excipients, used to improve the functionality and delivery of active pharmaceutical ingredients, including controlled or modified drug release formulations, and enabling the development of more effective pharma solutions, including those marketed under the AVICEL® brand. The primary market for Pharma Solutions is the oral dosage pharmaceuticals excipients market.

Pharma Solutions

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Net sales	\$ 429	\$ 418
Segment Operating EBITDA	\$ 129	\$ 110

Six months ended June 30, 2020 versus the six months ended June 30, 2019

Pharma Solutions net sales were \$429 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of 3 percent from \$418 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, primarily due to a 4 percent increase in volume, partially offset by a 1 percent unfavorable currency impact. Volume gains were driven by strong demand in nutraceuticals and over the counter and prescription Pharma.

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Segment Operating EBITDA was \$129 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of 17 percent from Segment Operating EBITDA of \$110 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, due to increased volume, favorable product mix, and productivity actions. This also drove improvement in Segment Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales, which increased to 30 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2020 from 26 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Pharma Solutions

(In millions)	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
Net sales	\$ 814	\$ 824	\$ 407	\$ —
Segment Operating EBITDA	\$ 225	\$ 204	\$ 32	\$ —

2019 versus 2018

Pharma Solutions net sales were \$814 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, a decrease of 1 percent from \$824 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, due to a 2 percent unfavorable currency impact and 1 percent decrease in volume which were partially offset by a 2 percent increase in price. Overall growth in demand and price for controlled release applications were offset by a weaker demand in immediate release applications.

Segment Operating EBITDA was \$225 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, an increase of 10 percent from Segment Operating EBITDA of \$204 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, as pricing gains, cost synergies and productivity actions offset unfavorable currency impacts. This also drove improvement in Segment Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales, which increased to 28 percent from 25 percent.

2018 versus the period September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 and January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017

Pharma Solutions net sales were \$824 million for the year ended December 31, 2018 compared to \$407 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017. As the Pharma Solutions segment consists of products relating to Historical Dow N&B and the H&N Business, the Predecessor period January 1 through August 31, 2017 did not include any sales. Growth was driven by increases in both volume and pricing.

Segment Operating EBITDA was \$204 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, compared to \$32 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017. Product mix and raw material efficiencies were the main drivers of the improved Segment Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales. As the Pharma Solutions segment consists of products relating to Historical Dow N&B and the H&N Business, the Predecessor period January 1 through August 31, 2017 did not include any Segment Operating EBITDA activity.

Liquidity & Capital Resources

Historically, N&B's cash flow provided by operations has been transferred to Parent, and transfers from Parent have been the primary source of N&B's liquidity. Prior to separation, transfers of cash to and from Parent's cash management system have been reflected in "Parent company net investment" in the combined balance sheets, combined statements of cash flows and combined statements of changes in equity. N&B has not reported cash or cash equivalents for the periods presented in the combined balance sheets. N&B expects Parent to continue to fund N&B's cash needs through the date of the separation.

Parent has been advised that following the consummation of the Transaction, IFF expects to deploy its sources of liquidity and its capital resources to continue to provide the support to the N&B business that previously was provided by Parent.

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Nutrition & Biosciences Financing

As described elsewhere in this document, the Separation Agreement requires that, prior to the Distribution, Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. will make a cash payment to Parent in the amount of approximately \$7.3 billion, subject to certain adjustments (referred to herein as the “Special Cash Payment”).

To secure funding for the Special Cash Payment and to pay the related transaction fees and expenses, on December 15, 2019, N&B (along with IFF) entered into the Commitment Letter, under which the Commitment Parties committed to provide \$7.5 billion in an aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured bridge term loans in the bridge facility, the availability of which is subject to reduction upon the consummation of the Permanent Financing pursuant to the terms set forth in the Commitment Letter.

On January 17, 2020, Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. entered into the Term Loan Facility, which reduced the commitments under the Commitment Letter by a corresponding amount to \$6.25 billion (the “bridge facility”). N&B expects to draw up to \$1.25 billion under the Term Loan Facility and fund the remainder of the special cash payment and related financing costs through a debt offering of senior unsecured notes pursuant to a Rule 144A offering or other private placement. If such offering does not occur, N&B expects to fully draw the Term Loan Facility and the bridge facility. The commitments under the Commitment Letter and the availability of funding under the Term Loan Facility are subject to customary closing conditions including among others, the satisfaction of substantially all the conditions to the consummation of the proposed transaction with IFF.

Borrowing under the Term Loan Facility and, if any, under the bridge facility would occur substantially concurrently with closing the proposed transaction with IFF. Any issuance of senior unsecured notes pursuant to a Rule 144A offering would likely occur in advance of the closing. (See “Debt Financing” for more information).

Summary of Cash Flows

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 and the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

N&B’s cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities, as reflected in the combined statements of cash flows, are summarized in the following table:

Cash Flow Summary (In millions)	<i>Six Months Ended June 30,</i>	
	<i>2020</i>	<i>2019</i>
Cash provided by (used for):		
Operating Activities	\$ 402	\$ 71
Investing Activities	\$ (121)	\$ (174)
Financing Activities	\$ (281)	\$ 103

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities was \$402 million and \$71 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The change in cash flows from operating activities was primarily due to a decrease in cash used for working capital compounded by increased cash generated from operating results due to improved margin, plant productivity and lower restructuring charges for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Net Working Capital (In millions except ratio)	<i>June 30,</i> <i>2020</i>	<i>December 31,</i> <i>2019</i>
Current assets	\$ 2,704	\$ 2,595
Current liabilities	975	932
Net working capital	\$ 1,729	\$ 1,663
Current ratio	2.77:1	2.78:1

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Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash used for investing activities was \$121 million and \$174 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The decrease in cash used for investing activities was primarily related to decreased capital expenditures in the first six months of 2020.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

As Parent manages N&B's cash and financing arrangements, all excess cash generated through earnings is deemed to be remitted to Parent and all sources of cash are deemed to be funded by Parent. See Note 1 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 for further details regarding Parent's centralized approach to cash management.

Cash used for financing activities was \$281 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$103 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The change in cash flows from financing activities was primarily driven by the increase in cash provided by operating activities for the reasons discussed above, resulting in an increase in cash transferred to Parent for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to cash transferred from Parent for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Comparison of the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 (Successor) and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017 (Predecessor)

N&B's cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities, as reflected in the Combined Statements of Cash Flows, are summarized in the following table:

Cash Flow Summary

	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
<i>(In millions)</i>				
Cash provided by (used for):				
Operating Activities	\$ 674	\$ 830	\$ 220	\$ 245
Investing Activities	\$ (294)	\$ (329)	\$ (83)	\$ 62
Financing Activities	\$ (380)	\$ (501)	\$ (137)	\$ (307)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities was \$674 million and \$830 million for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Cash provided by operating activities decreased by \$156 million for 2019 compared to 2018, primarily due to lower sales and earnings year over year coupled with increases in working capital related to increases in accounts receivable and decreases in payables and accrued expenses. Cash provided by operating activities was \$220 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and \$245 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. Cash provided by operating activities trends for 2018 were positive compared to prior periods, primarily due to the results of Historical Dow N&B and the H&N Business being included for the entire year, leading to higher sales trends, slightly offset by lower margins, compounded by lower cash used in working capital.

Net Working Capital <i>(In millions except ratio)</i>	<i>December 31, 2019</i>	<i>December 31, 2018</i>
Current assets	\$ 2,595	\$ 2,457
Current liabilities	932	1,031
Net working capital	\$ 1,663	\$ 1,426
Current ratio	2.78:1	2.38:1

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Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash used for investing activities in 2019 was \$294 million compared to cash used for investing of \$329 million in 2018. Cash used for investing activities decreased \$35 million for 2019 compared to 2018, primarily related to the proceeds of the sale of a business during 2019. Cash used for investing activities was \$83 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017. Cash provided by investing activities for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017 was \$62 million. Cash used by investing activities for 2018 was higher than previous periods, primarily due to the results of Historical Dow N&B and the H&N Business being included for the entire year, leading to higher capital expenditures in 2018, compounded by the cash received for the sale of the food safety diagnostics business in February 2017.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

As Parent manages N&B's cash and financing arrangements, all excess cash generated through earnings is deemed to be remitted to Parent and all sources of cash are deemed to be funded by Parent. See Note 1 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for further details regarding Parent's centralized approach to cash management.

Cash used for financing activities in 2019 was \$380 million compared with \$501 million in 2018. Cash used for financing activities decreased \$121 million in 2019 compared to 2018, as less cash was transferred to Parent due to decreases in operating cash flows. Cash used for financing activities was \$137 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 and \$307 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017. Cash used for financing activities for 2018 was higher than prior periods, as more cash was transferred to Parent due to increases in operating cash flows.

Restructuring

In March 2020, Parent approved the 2020 Restructuring Program, which was designed to capture near-term cost reductions and to further simplify certain organizational structures. As a result of these actions, N&B recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2020, comprised of \$8 million of severance and related benefit costs. N&B expects actions related to this program to be substantially complete by the end of 2020.

During the second quarter of 2019 and in connection with the ongoing integration activities, Parent approved the 2019 Restructuring Program in order to simplify and optimize certain organizational structures following the completion of the Dow and Corteva separations. From inception of the program through the second quarter of 2020, N&B has recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$16 million, consisting of severance and related benefit costs of \$8 million and asset related charges of \$8 million. Included in this amount were credits of approximately \$4 million and charges of \$20 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively. The 2019 Restructuring Program is considered substantially complete at June 30, 2020.

In September and November 2017, Parent approved post-merger restructuring actions under the Synergy Program, adopted by the DowDuPont Board of Directors. The Synergy Program was designed to integrate and optimize the organization following the DWDP Merger, and in preparation for the Dow and Corteva separations. From inception of the program through the second quarter of 2020, N&B recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$147 million, consisting of severance and related benefit costs of \$77 million, asset related charges of \$52 million and contract termination charges of \$18 million. Included in this amount were charges of approximately \$2 million and \$97 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively. The Synergy Program was considered substantially complete at December 31, 2019.

See Note 4 to the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements and Note 7 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Guarantees

Guarantees arise in the ordinary course of business from relationships with customers and nonconsolidated affiliates when N&B undertakes an obligation to guarantee the performance of others if specific triggering events occur. There are no material guarantees at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 or December 31, 2018.

OTHER MATTERS

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 to the Interim N&B Combined Financial Statements and Note 3 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for a discussion of recent accounting guidance.

Critical Accounting Estimates

N&B's significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 2 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements. N&B's management believes that the application of these policies on a consistent basis enables N&B to provide the users of the financial statements with useful and reliable information about N&B's operating results and financial condition.

The preparation of the N&B Combined Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts, including, but not limited to, receivable and inventory valuations, impairment of tangible and intangible assets, long-term employee benefit obligations, income taxes, restructuring liabilities and litigation. N&B management's estimates are based on historical experience, facts and circumstances available at the time and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable. N&B reviews these matters and reflects changes in estimates as appropriate. N&B's management believes that the following represent some of the more critical judgment areas in the application of N&B's accounting policies which could have a material effect on N&B's financial position, liquidity or results of operations.

Corporate Expense Allocations

The N&B combined statements of operations and comprehensive (loss) income reflect allocations of general corporate expenses from Parent including, but not limited to, executive management, finance, legal, information technology, employee benefits administration, treasury, risk management, procurement and other shared services, as well as restructuring and DWDP Merger integration and separation activities related to these functions. These allocations were made on the basis of revenue, expenses, headcount or other relevant measures. Management of N&B and Parent consider these allocations to be an overall reasonable reflection of the utilization of services by, or the benefits provided to N&B, in the aggregate.

Management believes the assumptions regarding the allocation of Parent's general corporate expenses and financing costs are reasonable. However, the N&B Combined Financial Statements may not reflect the actual expenses that would have been incurred and may not reflect N&B's combined results of operations, financial position, and cash flows had it been a stand-alone company during the periods presented. Actual costs that would have been incurred if N&B had been a stand-alone company would depend on multiple factors, including organizational structure and strategic decisions made in various areas, such as the division of shared services in human resources, corporate stewardship, legal, finance, sourcing, information systems, and marketing.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits

N&B employees participate, as eligible, in N&B and Parent's sponsored pension plans, including defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans. The employees of N&B are participants in various pension and other

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postemployment benefit plans. For purposes of the N&B Combined Financial Statements, the plans are classified as multiemployer or single employer plans. Parent offers both funded and unfunded noncontributory defined benefit pension plans that are shared amongst its businesses, including N&B, and the participation of its employees and retirees in these plans is reflected as though N&B participated in a multiemployer plan with Parent. N&B also has non-U.S. pension plans that benefit only its employees and retirees, and these plans are considered single employer plans.

Accounting for pension and other postemployment benefit plans involves numerous assumptions and estimates. Parent considers discount rates and expected return on plan assets as two critical assumptions in measuring the cost and benefit obligation of the pension and other postemployment benefits. Management reviews these two key assumptions when plans are re-measured. These and other assumptions are updated periodically to reflect the actual experience and expectations on a plan specific basis as appropriate. As permitted by GAAP, actual results that differ from the assumptions are accumulated on a plan by plan basis and to the extent that such differences exceed 10 percent of the greater of the plan's benefit obligation or the applicable plan assets, the excess is amortized over the average remaining service period of the active employees or the average remaining life expectancy of the inactive participants if all or almost all of a plan's participants are inactive.

Parent establishes strategic allocation percentage targets and appropriate benchmarks for significant asset classes in accordance with the laws and practice of those countries. Where appropriate, asset-liability studies are also taken into consideration. For plans, the long-term expected return on plan assets pension expense is determined using the fair value of assets.

The following table highlights the potential impact on N&B's pre-tax earnings due to changes in certain key assumptions with respect to N&B's pension plans based on assets and liabilities at December 31, 2019:

Pre-tax Earnings Benefit (Charge)	1/4 Percentage Point Increase	1/4 Percentage Point Decrease
<i>(In millions)</i>		
Discount rate	\$ (1)	\$ 1
Expected rate of return on plan assets	\$ (1)	\$ 1

Additional information with respect to pension plans, liabilities and assumptions is discussed in Note 18 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements.

Income Taxes

Income taxes as presented herein attribute current and deferred income taxes of Parent to N&B's stand-alone financial statements in a manner that is systematic, rational, and consistent with the asset-and-liability method prescribed by Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740, Income Taxes, issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. Accordingly, N&B's income tax provision was prepared following the separate return method. The separate return method applies ASC 740 to the stand-alone financial statements of each member of the consolidated group as if the group member were a separate taxpayer and a stand-alone enterprise. As a result, actual tax transactions included in the consolidated financial statements of DuPont may not be included in the N&B Combined Financial Statements. Similarly, the tax treatment of certain items reflected in the N&B Combined Financial Statements may not be reflected in the consolidated financial statements and tax returns of Parent; therefore, such items as net operating losses, credit carryforwards, and valuation allowances may exist in the stand-alone financial statements that may or may not exist in Parent's consolidated financial statements.

The breadth of N&B's operations and the global complexity of tax regulations require assessments of uncertainties and judgments in estimating taxes N&B will ultimately pay. The final taxes paid are dependent upon many factors, including negotiations with taxing authorities in various jurisdictions, outcomes of tax litigation, and resolution of disputes arising from federal, state, and international tax audits in the normal course of business.

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The taxes on (loss) income are determined using the asset-and-liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred taxes represent the future tax consequences expected to occur when the reported amounts of assets and liabilities are recovered or paid. The taxes on (loss) income represent income taxes paid or payable for the current year plus the change in deferred taxes during the year. Deferred taxes result from differences between the financial and tax basis of N&B's assets and liabilities and are adjusted for changes in tax rates and tax laws when changes are enacted. Valuation allowances are recorded to reduce deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will not be realized. For the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, it was N&B's policy to include accrued interest related to unrecognized tax benefits in "Other income, net" in the combined statements of operations. For periods beginning on or after September 1, 2017, it is N&B's policy to include accrued interest related to unrecognized tax benefits and income tax-related penalties in the provision for income taxes.

Goodwill

The assets and liabilities of acquired businesses are measured at their estimated fair values at the dates of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value of the net assets acquired, including identified intangibles, is recorded as goodwill. The determination and allocation of fair value to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed is based on various assumptions and valuation methodologies requiring considerable management judgement, including estimates based on historical information, current market data and future expectations. The principal assumptions utilized in N&B's valuation methodologies include the projected revenue, earnings before interest, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) margins, the weighted average costs of capital, the terminal growth rates, and other market data. Although the estimates are deemed reasonable by management based on information available at the dates of acquisition, those estimates are inherently uncertain.

N&B performs goodwill impairment testing at the reporting unit level which is defined as the operating segment or one level below the operating segment. One level below the operating segment, or component, is a business in which discrete financial information is available and regularly reviewed by segment management. N&B aggregates certain components into reporting units based on economic similarities. N&B tests goodwill for impairment annually (during the fourth quarter as of October 1), or more frequently when events or circumstances indicate it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit has declined below its carrying value. Prior to the DWDP Merger, annual impairment tests were performed during the third quarter. As of the date of the most recent annual impairment test, N&B identified four reporting units, all of which have goodwill assigned.

For purposes of goodwill impairment testing, N&B has the option to first perform qualitative testing to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value. Qualitative factors assessed at the N&B level include but are not limited to, GDP growth rates, long-term commodity prices, equity and credit market activity, discount rates foreign exchange rates, and overall financial performance. Qualitative factors assessed at the reporting unit level include, but are not limited to, changes in industry and market structure, competitive environments, planned capacity and new product launches, cost factors such as raw material prices, and financial performance of the reporting unit. If N&B chooses not to complete a qualitative assessment for a given reporting unit or if the initial assessment indicates that it is more likely than not the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, additional quantitative testing is required.

If additional quantitative testing is performed, the reporting unit's fair value is compared with its carrying amount, and an impairment charge, if any, is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value.

Under the income approach, fair value is determined based on the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at an appropriate risk-adjusted rate. N&B uses its internal forecasts to estimate future cash flows and includes an estimate of long-term future growth rates based on its most recent views of the long-term outlook for

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each reporting unit. The discounted cash flow valuations are completed using the following key assumptions: projected revenue growth rates; discount rates; tax rates; and terminal values. These key assumptions are determined through evaluation of N&B as a whole and underlying business fundamentals and industry risk. Actual results may differ from those assumed in N&B's forecasts. N&B derives its discount rates using a capital asset pricing model and analyzing published rates for industries relevant to its reporting units to estimate the cost of equity financing. N&B uses discount rates that are commensurate with the risks and uncertainty inherent in the respective reporting units and in its internally developed forecasts. Discount rates used in N&B's reporting unit valuations ranged from 6.75% to 7.75%.

2019 Interim Goodwill Impairment Testing

During the second quarter of 2019, the Internal SP Distribution and the Second Quarter Segment Realignment served as triggering events requiring N&B to perform impairment analyses related to goodwill. As a result of the analyses performed, N&B recorded a pre-tax, non-cash impairment charge during the year ended December 31, 2019 totaling \$674 million related to the Health & Biosciences segment. See Note 14 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for additional information.

The analyses above used discounted cash flow models (a form of the income approach) utilizing Level 3 unobservable inputs. The significant assumptions in these analyses include, but are not limited to, projected revenue, EBITDA margins, the weighted average cost of capital, the terminal growth rate, and tax rates. The key assumption driving the change in fair value was the lower financial projections resulting from developing market conditions, events and circumstances that evolved throughout 2019. The estimates of future cash flows are based on current regulatory and economic climates, recent operating results, and planned business strategies. These estimates could be negatively affected by changes in federal, state, or local regulations or economic downturns. Future cash flow estimates are, by their nature, subjective and actual results may differ materially from estimates. If the ongoing estimates of future cash flows are not met, additional impairment charges may be recorded in future periods. N&B believes the current assumptions and estimates utilized are both reasonable and appropriate.

Estimating the fair value of reporting units requires the use of estimates and significant judgements that are based on a number of factors including actual operating results. It is reasonably possible that the judgements and estimates described above could change in future periods. For further information see Note 14 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements.

2019 Annual Goodwill Impairment Testing

Subsequent to the Second Quarter Segment Realignment, goodwill was reallocated to the new reporting units on a relative fair value basis. Based on the quantitative impairment analysis performed on the new reporting units effective June 1, 2019, fair value exceeded carrying value of each reporting unit by more than 20%. There were no significant changes in assumptions or other factors which indicated the amount by which fair value exceeded carrying value significantly decreased. In the fourth quarter of 2019, N&B performed qualitative testing on all of its reporting units that carry goodwill. Based on the results of the testing, the estimated fair value of each of the reporting units substantially exceeded their carrying values. The dynamic economic environments in which N&B's diversified product lines operate, and key economic and product line assumptions with respect to projected selling prices, market growth and inflation rates, can significantly affect the outcome of impairment tests. Estimates based on these assumptions may differ significantly from actual results.

Subsequent Valuation of Assets

The assessment for the potential impairment of property, other intangible assets, investments in affiliates, and other assets is an integral part of N&B's normal ongoing review of operations. Testing for potential impairment of these assets is dependent on numerous assumptions and reflects management's best estimates at a particular point in time. The dynamic economic environments in which N&B's diversified businesses operate and key

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economic and business assumptions with respect to projected selling prices, market growth, and inflation rates can significantly affect the outcome of impairment tests. Estimates based on these assumptions may differ significantly from actual results. Changes in factors and assumptions used in assessing potential impairments can have a significant impact on the existence and magnitude of impairments, as well as the time in which such impairments are recognized. In addition, N&B continually reviews its diverse portfolio of assets to ensure they are achieving their greatest potential and are aligned with N&B's growth strategy. Strategic decisions involving a particular group of assets may trigger an assessment of the recoverability of the related assets and such an assessment could result in an impairment loss. See Note 7 to the Annual N&B Combined Financial Statements for further discussion regarding asset impairments.

The novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic continues to adversely impact the broader global economy and has caused significant volatility in financial markets. If there is a lack of recovery or further global softening in certain markets or sustained decline in the value of Parent's common stock, N&B may be required to perform additional impairment assessments for goodwill, other intangibles, and long-lived assets, the results of which could result in material impairment charges.

Contractual Obligations

Information related to significant contractual obligations is summarized in the following table:

(In millions)	Total at December 31, 2019	Payments Due In			
		2020	2021-2022	2023-2024	2025 and beyond
Finance lease obligations	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Operating leases	137	34	48	27	28
Pension and other post-employment benefits	59	5	13	10	31
Purchase obligations ¹	150	137	9	4	—
Other liabilities ²	28	10	7	2	9
Total contractual obligations	<u>\$ 375</u>	<u>\$187</u>	<u>\$ 77</u>	<u>\$ 43</u>	<u>\$ 68</u>

1. Represents enforceable and legally binding agreements to purchase goods or services that specify fixed or minimum quantities; fixed, minimum or variable price provisions; and the approximate timing of the agreement.
2. Includes liabilities related to workers compensation, vacation, human resources and other long-term liabilities. The table excludes uncertain tax positions due to uncertainties in the timing of the effective settlement of tax positions with the respective taxing authorities and deferred tax liabilities as it is impractical to determine whether there will be a cash impact related to these liabilities.

N&B expects to meet its contractual obligations through its normal sources of liquidity and believes it has the financial resources to satisfy these contractual obligations. Through the second quarter of 2020, there have been no material changes in N&B's contractual obligations since December 31, 2019.

COVID-19 Pandemic

N&B is actively monitoring the global impacts of COVID-19, including the impacts from responsive measures, and remains focused on its top priorities—the safety and health of its employees and the needs of its customers. N&B's business and financial condition, and the business and financial condition of its customers and suppliers, have been impacted by the significantly increased economic and demand uncertainties created by the COVID-19 outbreak. In addition, public and private sector responsive measures, such as the imposition of travel restrictions, quarantines, adoption of remote working, and suspension of non-essential business and government services, have impacted N&B's business.

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During the first half of 2020, N&B benefited from COVID-19 related demand in certain markets, principally health & wellness markets and home care markets as there was increased focus on health, immunity, and cleanliness in response to COVID-19, more than offsetting declines in demand in oil and gas and select industrial end-markets. Although management currently expects strong demand from certain markets to continue into the third quarter of 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic is expected to continue to adversely impact demand in oil and gas and select industrial end-markets.

N&B is unable to predict the extent of COVID-19 related impacts on its business, results of operations, and financial condition which depends on highly uncertain and unpredictable future developments, including, but not limited to, the duration and spread of the COVID-19 outbreak, its severity, the actions to contain the virus or treat its impact, and how quickly and to what extent normal economic and operating conditions resume.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

In the ordinary course of business, Parent enters into contractual arrangements (derivatives) to reduce the exposure of Parent and its consolidated subsidiaries, including N&B, taken as a whole to foreign currency, interest rate and commodity price risks. Since these activities are conducted by Parent based on total exposures for the DuPont Group, the N&B Combined Financial Statements do not reflect the impact of such activities.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risks

N&B has significant international operations resulting in a large number of currency transactions that result from international sales, purchases, investments and borrowings. The primary currencies for which N&B has an exchange rate exposure are the Euro and Chinese yuan.

Concentration of Credit Risk

N&B's sales are not materially dependent on any single customer. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the periods September 1 through December 31, 2017 and January 1 through August 31, 2017, no one individual customer or group of customers represented more than 10 percent of N&B's total sales. Further, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, no one individual customer balance or group of related customer's balances represented more than 10 percent of N&B's outstanding receivables. Credit risk associated with N&B's receivables is representative of the geographic, industry, and customer diversity associated with N&B's global businesses.

THE TRANSACTIONS

Overview

On December 15, 2019, DuPont, N&B and IFF entered into definitive agreements, pursuant to which and subject to the terms and conditions therein, (1) DuPont will transfer the N&B Business to N&B (generally referred to herein as the Separation), (2) N&B will make a cash distribution to DuPont equal to \$7.306 billion, subject to certain adjustments (referred to herein as the Special Cash Payment), (3) DuPont will distribute to its stockholders all of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock by way of an exchange offer followed by a pro rata distribution of any shares of N&B common stock remaining if the exchange offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered does not result in all shares of N&B common stock being distributed in the exchange offer (generally referred to herein as the Distribution) and (4) Merger Sub I will merge with and into N&B, with N&B as the surviving corporation (generally referred to herein as the Merger). As a result of the Merger, the existing shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock. When the Merger is completed, holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont's common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases as described under "—Calculation of the Merger Consideration" below. The Distribution and the Merger are a Reverse Morris Trust transaction and are expected to be tax-free to DuPont stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes, except to the extent that cash is paid to DuPont stockholders in lieu of fractional shares in the Distribution or the Merger. The Separation, Distribution and the Mergers are collectively referred to herein as the "Transactions".

The definitive agreements entered into in connection with the Transactions include (1) the Merger Agreement, (2) the Separation Agreement, and (3) the Employee Matters Agreement. In addition, DuPont, N&B, IFF and certain of their respective affiliates will enter into other Ancillary Agreements in connection with the Transactions. These agreements, which are described in greater detail in "Other Agreements," govern the relationship among DuPont, N&B, IFF and their respective affiliates after the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger.

The N&B Business is one of the world's largest producers of specialty ingredients, and is an innovation-driven and customer-focused business that provides solutions for the global food and beverage, dietary supplements, home and personal care, energy, animal nutrition and pharma markets. Additionally, the N&B Business is an industry pioneer and innovator that works with customers to improve the performance, productivity and sustainability of their products and processes through differentiated technology in ingredients applications, fermentation, biotechnology, chemistry and manufacturing process excellence. Prior to the Distribution and the Merger, DuPont will undertake the Separation and transfer the N&B Assets that are not already owned by members of the N&B Group to members of the N&B Group and members of the N&B Group will assume the N&B Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise directly the responsibility of members of the N&B Group, and DuPont will transfer of Excluded Assets that are not already directly owned by members of the DuPont Group to members of the DuPont Group and the DuPont Group will assume the Excluded Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise the responsibility of members of the DuPont Group. Thereafter, DuPont will transfer all the equity interests in each member of the N&B Group (i.e., such subsidiary of DuPont holding assets and liabilities constituting a portion of the N&B Business) to N&B. In exchange, N&B will: (i) issue to DuPont shares of N&B common stock and (ii) pay to DuPont the Special Cash Payment.

The Distribution will be conducted through an exchange offer, subject to the conditions to the Exchange Offer as further described in "The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer" of this prospectus. On the closing date of the Merger, DuPont will distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock

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to DuPont stockholders through the Exchange Offer, followed by the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. In the Exchange Offer, DuPont will offer to DuPont stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock. Following the Exchange Offer, the shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered results in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. If the Exchange Offer is terminated and the conditions to the Transactions have otherwise been satisfied, all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders on a pro rata basis in the Spin-Off.

The Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, the book-entry authorizations representing all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock, pending the consummation of the Merger. Shares of N&B common stock will not be able to be traded during this period. Rather, following the completion of the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off the shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger, as described above. In addition to the conditions applicable to the Exchange Offer described above, the Distribution is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Separation Agreement and the Merger is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement. See “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution.”

After the consummation of the Merger, IFF will own and operate the N&B Business, and will also continue IFF’s current businesses. All shares of IFF common stock, including those issued in the Merger, will be listed on the NYSE, Euronext Paris and the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange (“TASE”) under IFF’s current trading symbol “IFF.”

As previously noted, this disclosure has been prepared under the assumption that the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders pursuant to an exchange offer. Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont’s stockholders in a split-off exchange offer or a spin-off and, once a final decision is made, this disclosure will be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary.

Transaction Steps

Below is a step-by-step list illustrating the material events relating to the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger. Each of these events, as well as any conditions to their consummation, is discussed in more detail elsewhere in this prospectus.

Step #1—Internal Reorganization; the Separation. Prior to the Distribution and the Merger, DuPont will convey to N&B or one or more subsidiaries of N&B certain assets and liabilities constituting the N&B Business, and will cause any applicable subsidiary of DuPont to convey to DuPont or its designated subsidiary (other than N&B or any members of the N&B Group) certain excluded assets and excluded liabilities in order to separate the N&B Business, in each case, as set forth in and subject to the terms and conditions of the Separation Agreement. Thereafter, DuPont will transfer all the equity interests in each such subsidiary or subsidiaries of DuPont holding N&B Assets and N&B Liabilities, and constituting the N&B Business, to N&B.

Step #2—Issuance of N&B common stock. Prior to the Distribution, N&B will issue to DuPont a number of shares of N&B common stock such that the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding at the time of the Distribution is equal to the number of shares to be issued in the Share Issuance.

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Step #3—*Special Cash Payment; Borrowings.* Prior to the effective time of the Merger, and as a condition to the Distribution, N&B will make the Special Cash Payment to DuPont, which is a cash distribution to DuPont equal to \$7.306 billion, subject to the adjustments described herein. Prior to making the Special Cash Payment, N&B will receive the proceeds of the Term Loan Facility and the funds in the escrow account from the issuance of the Notes.

Step #4—*The Distribution; Exchange Offer and Clean-Up Spin-Off.* On the closing date of the Merger, DuPont will distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders through the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. In the Exchange Offer, DuPont will offer its stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock. Following the Exchange Offer, the shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock that have been tendered results in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer. DuPont currently expects that a Clean-Up Spin-Off will be necessary to complete the distribution of all shares of N&B common stock. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. See “The Separation Agreement—The Distribution” and “The Exchange Offer.”

The Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, the book-entry authorizations representing all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock, pending the consummation of the Merger. Shares of N&B common stock will not be able to be traded during this period.

In order to enable stockholders of DuPont to value their shares of N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer, DuPont intends to cause N&B to issue such number of shares of N&B common stock to DuPont prior to the Distribution such that the number of shares of N&B common stock is equal to the amount of shares to be issued in the Share Issuance and the exchange ratio in the Merger is equal to approximately one. As such, the actual number of shares of N&B common stock distributed in the Distribution may differ from what is set forth above to the extent the number of fully diluted shares of IFF common stock (and by extension the Share Issuance) changes between the date hereof and the Distribution.

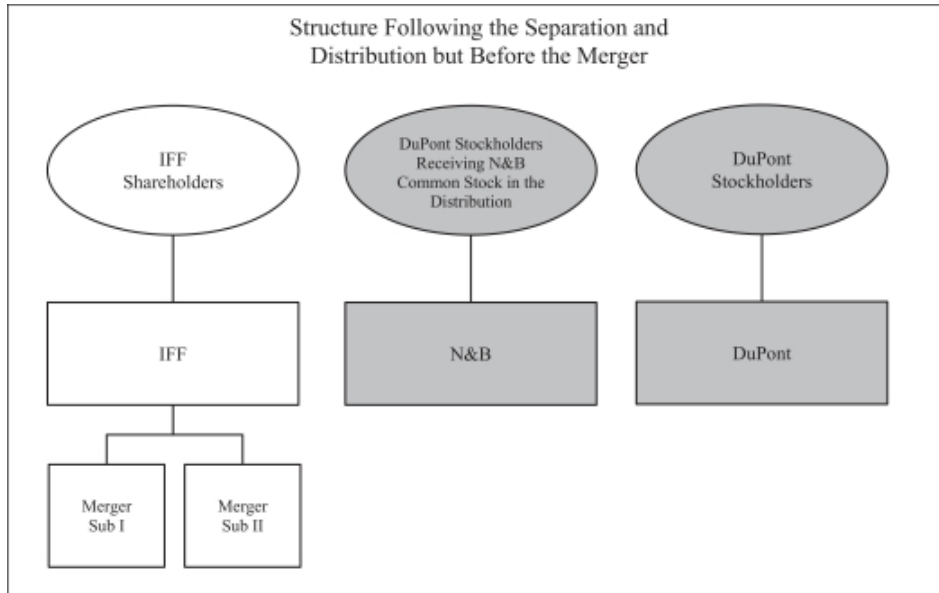
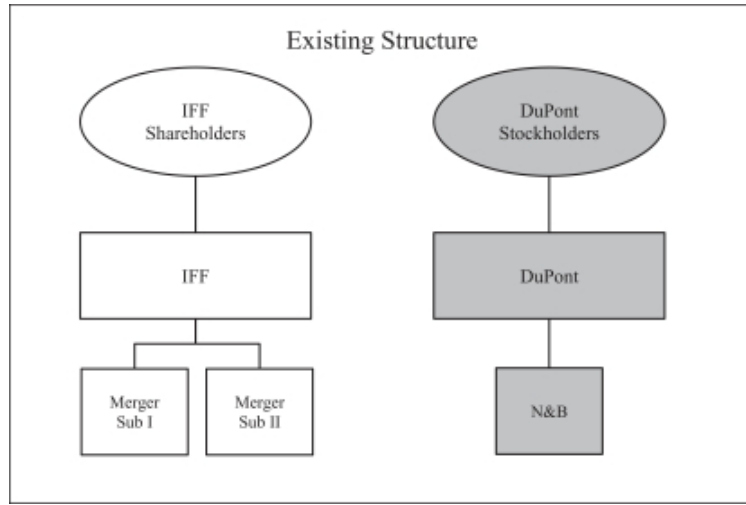
As previously noted, this disclosure has been prepared under the assumption that the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders pursuant to an exchange offer. Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont’s stockholders in a split-off exchange offer or a spin-off and, once a final decision is made, this disclosure will be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary.

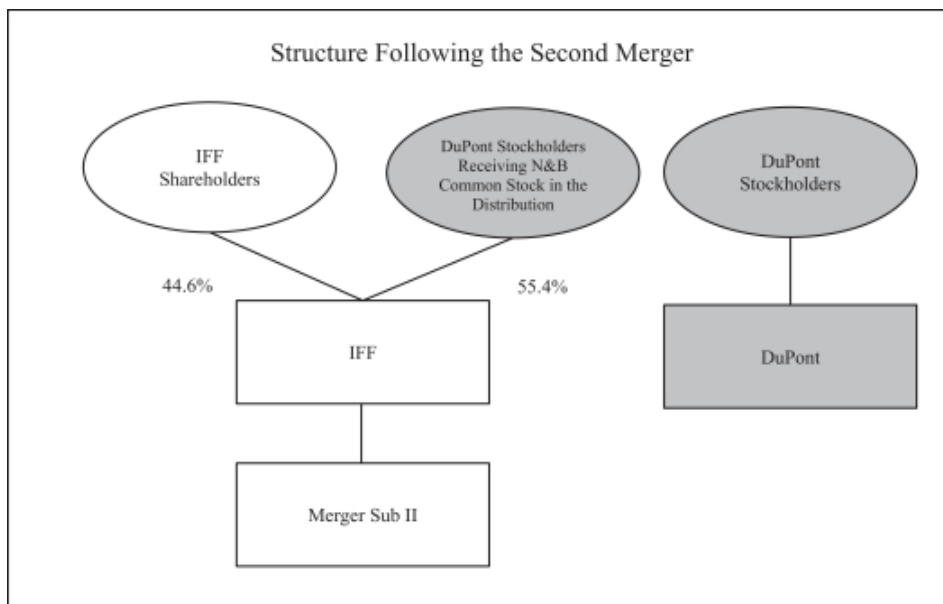
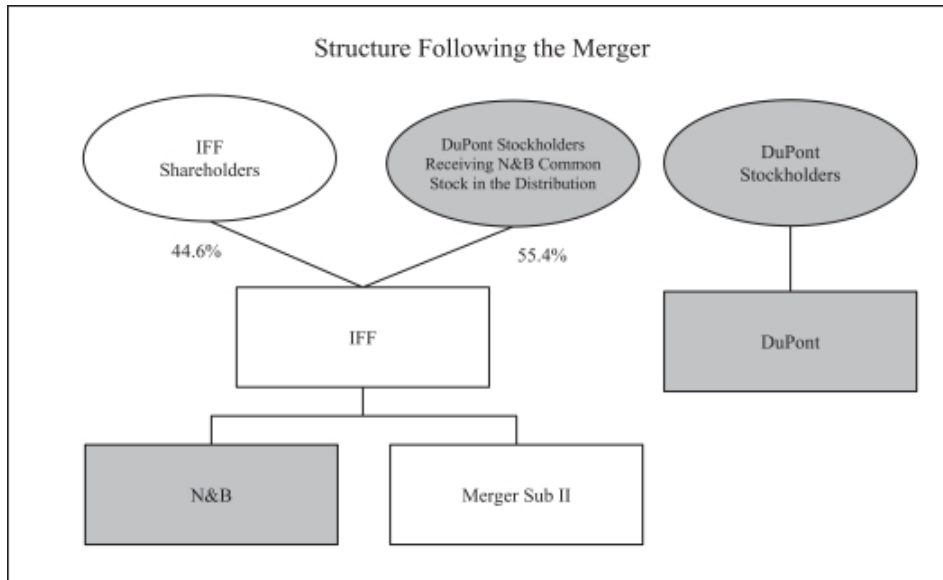
Step #5—*The Mergers.* In the Merger, Merger Sub I will be merged with and into N&B, with N&B surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. In the Merger, each outstanding share of N&B common stock (except for shares of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont, which will be canceled and cease to exist and no consideration will be delivered in exchange therefor) will be converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock such that immediately after the Merger such holders (or, if such holders exchange all of their shares of DuPont common stock in the Exchange Offer, also former holders) of DuPont’s common stock that received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution will own approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis and existing holders of IFF common stock immediately prior to the Merger will own approximately 44.6% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases (calculated as further described in “The Merger Agreement – Merger Consideration”). No fewer than 30 days (or 15 days, in some circumstances) after the Merger (unless otherwise agreed by the parties), N&B will merge with and into Merger Sub II, with Merger Sub II surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF.

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The foregoing are subject to certain conditions to their consummation. See “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to Consummation of the Exchange Offer,” “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger,” “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Distribution” and “The Separation Agreement—Conditions to the Internal Reorganization.”

Set forth below are diagrams that graphically illustrate, in simplified form, the existing corporate structure, the corporate structure immediately following the Separation and Distribution but before the Merger and the corporate structure immediately following the consummation of the Mergers.





The Separation and the Distribution

The Separation

DuPont will convey to N&B certain assets and liabilities constituting the N&B Business by first transferring the N&B Assets that are not already owned by members of the N&B Group to members of the N&B Group and having members of the N&B Group assume the N&B Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise directly the responsibility of members of the N&B Group, and transferring the Excluded Assets that are not already directly owned by members of the DuPont Group to members of the DuPont Group and having the DuPont Group assume the Excluded Liabilities that are not already directly owed by or otherwise the

responsibility of members of the DuPont Group. Thereafter, DuPont will transfer all the equity interests in each member of the N&B Group (i.e., such subsidiary of DuPont holding assets and liabilities constituting a portion of the N&B Business) to N&B. In exchange, N&B will: (i) issue to DuPont shares of N&B common stock and (ii) pay to DuPont the Special Cash Payment.

The Distribution—Exchange Offer Expected to be Followed by the Clean-Up Spin-Off

On the closing date of the Merger, DuPont will distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders through the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. In the Exchange Offer, DuPont will offer its stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock. Following the Exchange Offer, the shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed because the number of shares of DuPont common stock tendered in the Exchange Offer results in fewer than all shares of N&B common stock being exchanged, will be distributed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders as of the record date in respect of those shares of DuPont common stock that remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer. For additional information regarding the Exchange Offer, see “The Exchange Offer.” DuPont currently expects that a Clean-Up Spin-Off will be necessary to complete the distribution of all shares of N&B common stock. Any DuPont stockholder who validly tenders (and does not properly withdraw) shares of DuPont common stock for shares of N&B common stock and whose shares are accepted in the Exchange Offer will waive their rights with respect to such shares to receive, and forfeit any rights to, shares of N&B common stock distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders in the Clean-Up Spin-Off. If the Exchange Offer is terminated by DuPont without the exchange of shares (but the conditions to consummation of the Transactions have otherwise been satisfied), DuPont intends to distribute all shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont on a pro rata basis to holders of DuPont common stock, with a record date to be announced by DuPont, in the Spin-Off.

The Exchange Offer Agent will hold, for the account of the relevant DuPont stockholders, the book-entry authorizations representing all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock, pending the consummation of the Merger. Shares of N&B common stock will not be able to be traded during this period. Rather, following the completion of the Exchange Offer and the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off the shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger as further described below under “—Calculation of the Merger Consideration.”

As previously noted, this disclosure has been prepared under the assumption that the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders pursuant to an exchange offer. Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont’s stockholders in a split-off exchange offer or a spin-off and, once a final decision is made, this disclosure will be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary.

The Merger

Under the Merger Agreement and in accordance with the DGCL, at the effective time of the Merger, Merger Sub I will merge with and into N&B. As a result of the Merger, the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub I will cease and N&B will continue as the surviving company and will succeed to and assume all the rights, powers and privileges and be subject to all of the obligations of Merger Sub I in accordance with the DGCL. As a result of the Merger, N&B will become a direct wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. At the effective time of the Merger, each share of N&B common stock issued and outstanding as of the effective time of the Merger (other than each share of N&B common stock held by N&B as treasury stock or by DuPont which, in each case, immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger will be canceled and will cease to exist, and no stock or other consideration will be issued or delivered in exchange therefor) will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock (or cash payment in lieu of fractional shares) based on the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement, as further described below under “—Calculation of the Merger Consideration.”

Calculation of the Merger Consideration

In the Merger, each share of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock based on the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement. The exchange ratio will be determined prior to the closing of the Merger based on the number of outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted, as-converted and as-exercised basis, on the one hand, and the number of shares of N&B common stock, on the other hand, in each case outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger. As described in the Merger Agreement, the exchange ratio equals the quotient of (i) the total shares of IFF common stock issued pursuant to the Share Issuance divided by (ii) the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger. The total shares of IFF common stock issued pursuant to the Share Issuance equals the number of shares of outstanding IFF common stock on a fully diluted, as-converted and as-exercised basis (including shares of IFF common stock underlying IFF Equity Awards and any other outstanding securities convertible into or exercisable for shares of IFF common stock (including those tangible equity units of IFF)) immediately prior to the effective time of the merger multiplied by the quotient of 55.4 divided by 44.6.

For example, solely for illustrative purposes, assume there are 114,412,285 shares of IFF common stock outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger on a fully diluted, as-converted and as-exercised basis, which is the number of shares of IFF common stock outstanding as of June 30, 2020, on that basis. The total shares of IFF common stock issued pursuant to the Share Issuance would equal the product of (A) 114,412,285 multiplied by (B) a fraction, the numerator of which is 55.4% and the denominator of which is 44.6%, which equals 142,117,502. On this basis, IFF would issue to holders of the issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock 142,117,502 shares of IFF common stock. DuPont intends to cause N&B to issue such number of shares of N&B common stock to DuPont prior to the Distribution such that the number of shares of N&B common stock is equal to the amount of shares to be issued in the Share Issuance. As a result, the exchange ratio in the Merger would be equal to 1. The actual exchange ratio will depend on the aggregate number of shares of IFF common stock outstanding on a fully diluted, as-converted and as-exercised basis and the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding, in each case, immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger. The Merger Agreement contains limited provisions designed to maintain the exchange ratio in the event of any adjustment in the current capital structure of the parties and to potentially adjust the exchange ratio if necessary to preserve the intended tax treatment of the Transactions (though such adjustment is not expected to be necessary).

No fractional shares of IFF common stock will be issued to any holder of N&B common stock pursuant to the Merger. All fractional shares of IFF common stock that a holder of shares of N&B common stock would otherwise be entitled to receive as a result of the Merger will be aggregated by the Exchange Agent (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and sold by the Exchange Agent, in the open market or otherwise no later than five business days after the date on which the Merger becomes effective. Any holder of shares of N&B common stock who would otherwise be entitled to receive a fraction of a share of IFF common stock (after aggregating all fractional shares issuable to such holder) will, in lieu of such fraction of a share, be paid in cash the dollar amount (rounded to the nearest whole cent), after deducting any required withholding taxes, brokerage charges, commissions and conveyances and similar taxes, on a pro rata basis, without interest, as soon as practicable.

Background of the Transactions

As part of the ongoing review of its business, the IFF board of directors and its management regularly assess IFF's historical performance, future growth prospects and overall strategic objectives and considers a variety of potential financial and strategic opportunities to enhance shareholder value. These reviews have included consideration of various potential strategic alternatives, partnerships, investments and other strategic transactions and opportunities and the potential risks of such transactions in light of, among other things, developments in its industry.

The DuPont board of directors and its senior management regularly review and discuss DuPont's performance, business strategy and competitive position in the industries in which it operates. In addition, the board and senior

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management regularly review and evaluate various strategic alternatives, including acquisitions, divestitures and other strategic transactions, as part of DuPont's ongoing efforts to continually review its portfolio of assets for contributions to its objectives, alignment with the DuPont growth strategy and DuPont's intent to actively pursue strategic portfolio transactions that drive increased stockholder returns and sustainable long-term growth.

On August 31, 2017, Historical EID and Historical Dow each merged with wholly owned subsidiaries of DuPont (at the time named DowDuPont Inc.) (the "DWDP Merger"). Immediately thereafter, DowDuPont Inc. began to pursue the separation of the combined company that resulted from the DWDP Merger into three independent publicly traded companies—one for each of the combined company's agriculture, materials science and specialty products businesses. On April 1, 2019, the separation of the materials science business was completed through the spin-off of Dow Inc. (the "Dow Separation") and on June 1, 2019, the separation of the agriculture business was completed through the spin-off of Corteva, Inc. (the "Corteva Separation" and, together with the Dow Separation, the "DWDP Separations"). Following the spin-off of Corteva, Inc., the specialty products business remained at DowDuPont Inc., which formally changed its name to DuPont de Nemours, Inc.

Following the DWDP Merger and prior to the DWDP Separations, the DowDuPont Inc. board of directors and its advisory committee overseeing the specialty products business (the "Specialties Advisory Committee") regularly reviewed and discussed the performance, business strategy and competitive position of the specialty products business, including potential strategic alternatives, such as acquisitions, dispositions and other strategic transactions. Following the Dow Separation, throughout the month of April, the Specialties Advisory Committee, as part of its regular review and discussion of DuPont's portfolio, discussed a number of different scenarios for value creation at DuPont following the completion of the DWDP Separations, and determined that, later in 2019 and following completion of the Corteva Separation and the business transformation effected by the DWDP Separations, it would evaluate more specific strategic options for value creation at DuPont, including with respect to the N&B Business.

In the past, including at various times during the prior two years, Andreas Fibig, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of IFF, and Ed Breen, formerly Chief Executive Officer and then Executive Chairman, and current Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, of DuPont, have periodically met in person or spoken by telephone for high level discussions of IFF's and DuPont's respective businesses and general economic and market dynamics. Certain of these discussions have also included other executives of IFF and DuPont. On occasion during these discussions, Mr. Fibig referenced IFF's potential strategic interest in pursuing a Reverse Morris Trust transaction involving the nutrition and biosciences business of DuPont, but DuPont was not willing to explore a potential transaction at such times and no further discussions regarding a potential transaction ensued.

During the spring and summer of 2019, representatives of Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC ("Credit Suisse") and Evercore Group L.L.C. ("Evercore") worked with senior management of DuPont to evaluate a number of different scenarios for value creation at DuPont, including potential scenarios for value creation with respect to the N&B Business. Such scenario planning included developing a list of third-parties that would potentially be interested in a combination with the N&B Business should the DuPont board of directors decide to pursue a business combination of the N&B Business with a third-party. On June 26, 2019, at a regularly scheduled meeting, the DuPont board of directors considered strategic levers to increase stockholder value, including a potential spin-off or Reverse Morris Trust transaction involving the N&B Business.

On August 26, 2019, at a regularly scheduled meeting of the DuPont board of directors, the DuPont board of directors received a brief presentation from its financial advisors about Reverse Morris Trust transactions, including that utilizing such a structure allows a party to divest assets in a tax efficient manner. The DuPont board of directors continued to consider a number of different scenarios for value creation at DuPont, including a possible spin-off or Reverse Morris Trust transaction involving the N&B Business. Senior management of DuPont proposed a plan to begin outreach, after September 1, 2019, to potential counterparties that would be interested in the N&B Business, but senior management had not made a decision about whether to recommend the separation of the N&B Business, and the DuPont board of directors and senior management concurred that a

final recommendation by senior management, and decision by the DuPont board of directors, would be made at a later time and would consider the potential for other value creating actions as well.

Starting on September 2 and 3, 2019, representatives of Credit Suisse and Evercore reached out to a number of potential counterparties by phone. On September 2, 2019, representatives of Evercore contacted Mr. Fibig in order to organize a telephonic meeting between IFF, Evercore and Credit Suisse. The following day, Evercore and Credit Suisse met telephonically with Mr. Fibig and representatives from IFF's corporate development team to describe the potential timing for a transaction, after which Evercore and Credit Suisse delivered to IFF a draft mutual non-disclosure agreement ("NDA") regarding a potential transaction.

From September 5 through September 8, 2019, IFF's outside legal counsel, Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP ("Cleary Gottlieb"), and DuPont's outside legal counsel, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP ("Skadden"), exchanged drafts and negotiated the terms of the NDA. On September 9, 2019, IFF and DuPont executed the NDA. Around this time, DuPont and its representatives at Skadden negotiated and executed non-disclosure agreements with a number of parties that expressed interest, including a third-party industry participant we refer to herein as Party A and a third-party industry participant we refer to herein as Party B.

From September 10 through September 15, 2019, at the direction of DuPont, Credit Suisse and Evercore delivered a process letter to counterparties, including IFF, that had expressed interest regarding a transaction involving the N&B Business. The process letter outlined the anticipated steps of the transaction process being run by DuPont and the timing and procedures for submitting a non-binding proposal, specifically requesting that, no later than October 8, 2019, parties submit a non-binding proposal for a strategic combination with the N&B Business by way of a Reverse Morris Trust transaction that included a pre-transaction dividend to DuPont. None of the parties that received process letters were disqualified from the process due to an unwillingness to structure the transaction as a Reverse Morris Trust transaction that included a pre-transaction dividend to DuPont.

During the remainder of September, each of the parties that executed a non-disclosure agreement received a confidential presentation describing the N&B Business and, most, including IFF, participated in an executive presentation by senior members of the management of the N&B Business describing the N&B Business and its financial performance. Members of senior management of the N&B Business also had informal dinners with management of some of the parties, including IFF, during this time. On September 13, 2019, Mr. Fibig and Mr. Breen spoke by telephone to discuss matters related to the N&B Business, including overhead cost structure and assets and liabilities within the potential transaction's perimeter. At a regularly scheduled meeting of the DuPont board of directors on September 25, 2019, members of senior management of DuPont continued to discuss various potential scenarios for value creation at DuPont with the DuPont board of directors, including a potential transaction involving the N&B Business, and provided a brief update on the progress of the process to date.

On September 28, 2019, the standing Transaction Committee of the IFF board of directors, composed of Marcello Bottoli, David Epstein, Andreas Fibig, Dale Morrison and Stephen Williamson (the "IFF Transaction Committee"), held a telephonic meeting with members of IFF's executive management team. The committee members and management team discussed the process requirements outlined in DuPont's process letter, the strategic rationale for a potential transaction and the need for continued due diligence and financial modeling related thereto. During the meeting, Greg Soutendijk, Senior VP and Head of Corporate Development at IFF, reviewed the work that a management consulting firm ("IFF Synergies Advisor") was engaged in to evaluate the potential synergies to be generated by a potential combination with the N&B Business. Mr. Soutendijk further informed the IFF Transaction Committee that Greenhill and Morgan Stanley, IFF's financial advisors, were in the process of working with IFF's management team to develop a financial model related to a potential transaction, which would incorporate the potential synergies to be generated, per IFF's work with IFF Synergies Advisor, and discussed certain potential risks that IFF was considering in connection with the transaction, including the continued Frutarom integration, IFF's investigation of allegations of improper payments to certain Frutarom customers, market reaction related thereto and rating agency considerations.

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IFF senior management selected, and the IFF board of directors ultimately approved the engagement of, Greenhill and Morgan Stanley as financial advisors due to IFF's prior experience working with each of Greenhill and Morgan Stanley on strategic transactions, and their belief that each of Greenhill and Morgan Stanley had extensive experience advising companies in the Specialty Value-added Ingredients industry, as well as significant experience providing strategic and financial advisory services in similar transactions. Taking into account the overall importance of the Transactions for IFF and the complexity and the size of the Transactions, IFF's board of directors decided to seek two independent fairness opinions. With respect to the delivery of their respective fairness opinions, there was no material difference in the scope of the engagement or instructions given to each of the financial advisors.

On September 30, 2019, representatives of each of IFF and DuPont met in New York for a mutual management presentation regarding a potential transaction, with representatives from each party presenting. IFF attendees included senior management and other representatives. DuPont attendees included senior management, DuPont's financial advisors and other representatives. Prior to the meeting, Mr. Soutendijk and Raj Ratnakar, Senior VP and Chief Strategy Officer of DuPont, met to discuss strategic priorities, working groups and the presentation.

On October 3, 2019, representatives of IFF and DuPont and their respective financial advisors held a telephonic meeting to discuss the potential benefits of integration between IFF and the N&B Business in light of evolving customer needs, including the potential synergies, cost savings, innovation and operational efficiencies to be generated by a combination of the companies' respective product portfolios and geographic footprints.

Also on October 3, 2019, Mr. Fibig and Mr. Breen spoke about the upcoming management presentation planned to be held on November 2 and 3 if IFF advanced into the next round of the process, the cultural fit between IFF and the N&B Business, human resources matters and other strategic rationales of the combination.

On October 6 and 7, 2019, the IFF board of directors held a telephonic meeting with members of IFF's executive management team and representatives of Cleary Gottlieb, Greenhill, Morgan Stanley and IFF Synergies Advisor. Representatives from IFF's management reviewed the N&B Business and the implications and strategic rationale of a combination between IFF and N&B, the preliminary perspectives on value creation and synergy estimates, the organizational structure, integration plan, key risk factors and the focus of future diligence efforts. Representatives from Greenhill and Morgan Stanley provided a preliminary financial overview of a potential transaction, including preliminary perspectives on valuation and the potential impact on share price and credit ratings based on information provided by DuPont at that time.

On October 8, 2019, DuPont received non-binding proposals for the N&B Business from IFF, Party A and Party B. The IFF proposal detailed the strategic rationale and synergy opportunities from a combination of IFF with N&B, as well as the potential transaction structure (specifically that the business combination between IFF and the N&B Business would be effected through a Reverse Morris Trust transaction) and certain financial assumptions underlying IFF's indicative proposal. The non-binding proposal valued the N&B Business at between \$24.2 billion and \$25.8 billion on a cash-free and debt-free basis, and proposed a \$7.6 billion cash payment to DuPont. Party A's proposal valued the N&B Business substantially the same as IFF's proposal but provided a larger estimate of synergies resulting in a nominally higher post-synergy value, while Party B's proposal valued the N&B Business at substantially less than IFF's and Party A's. Each of the proposals from Party A and Party B proposed cash payments to DuPont which were significantly less than what was proposed by IFF, with the cash payment proposed by Party B being significantly lower than that proposed by Party A. Each of IFF and Party A's non-binding proposals contemplated allowing DuPont to select two directors for the combined company's board of directors, while Party B's non-binding proposal did not provide a specific proposal on the topic.

On October 9, 2019, members of senior management of DuPont and representatives from Credit Suisse, Evercore and Skadden met to review and discuss the non-binding proposals. The same day, at a regularly scheduled meeting of the DuPont board of directors, senior management of DuPont presented an update to the DuPont

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board of directors on the process, including reviewing the strategic rationale for a divestiture of the N&B Business and the various options to implement the divestiture in a manner that creates the most value for DuPont's stockholders. Senior management also presented the terms of each of the three non-binding proposals to DuPont's board, noting in particular the large shortfall in value presented by the non-binding proposal from Party B relative to those from IFF and Party A. DuPont's management, with input from Skadden also reviewed regulatory considerations with respect to a potential transaction with each of IFF, Party A and Party B. Among the issues discussed by the DuPont board, management and Skadden were the more difficult set of regulatory issues raised by a potential transaction with Party B, as compared to IFF and Party A. Members of DuPont's board of directors in general asked questions and there was a general discussion of the non-binding proposals among members of management, DuPont's advisors (representatives of Credit Suisse and Evercore also participated in the October 9 meeting) and DuPont's board of directors. Following the discussion, management recommended proceeding to the next step in the process with both IFF and Party A and the DuPont board of directors directed management to follow that approach. Management recommended, and the DuPont board of directors concurred, that Party B would not be advanced in the process given the combination of the significantly lower value presented by Party B's non-binding proposal and the more difficult set of regulatory issues raised by a potential transaction with Party B, as compared to IFF and Party A.

On October 10, 2019, members of senior management of IFF made a presentation to DuPont senior management on the combination rationale for the N&B Business with IFF and the strategic vision for the combined company.

On October 11, 2019, representatives of Credit Suisse and Evercore spoke to representatives of IFF to provide an overview of the second round of the process and to discuss certain features of IFF's proposal, including the post-closing governance of IFF, DuPont's request to have the right to appoint additional directors to serve on the combined company's board of directors beyond what was proposed in IFF's non-binding proposal and the potential number of such appointments. Around October 16, 2019, representatives of DuPont informed representatives of Party B that Party B would not advance into the second round of the transaction process. While representatives of Party B indicated a continued interest in remaining in the transaction process, representatives of DuPont communicated that this would not be possible given the combination of the significantly lower value presented by Party B's non-binding proposal and the more difficult set of regulatory issues raised by a potential transaction with Party B, as compared to the other parties. Representatives of Party B, including its financial advisors, reached out to representatives of DuPont and its financial advisors several times following the initial discussion to communicate an interest in continuing to participate in the transaction process and were consistently informed of DuPont's position.

Beginning on October 15, 2019, at DuPont's direction, Credit Suisse and Evercore distributed to IFF and Party A a document providing details on the auction process and a description of the key deliverables related thereto. The outline included key dates in the auction process and addressed other matters related thereto, including management presentation logistics, expectations for reciprocal management presentations to be made by the potential counterparties to DuPont, reciprocal due diligence and other key process and logistical parameters.

On October 18, 2019, a virtual data room maintained on behalf of DuPont and containing information relating to the N&B Business opened to representatives of IFF. DuPont also provided access to such virtual data room to Party A. In addition, DuPont established a question and answer process for responding to questions raised by IFF and Party A and their advisors in connection with their due diligence review. From this time until the execution of the Merger Agreement, representatives of IFF engaged in due diligence of the N&B Business and various discussions regarding potential synergies.

On October 23, 2019, a virtual data room maintained on behalf of IFF opened to representatives of DuPont, enabling DuPont to commence its formal due diligence of IFF. Party A opened a similar virtual data room to provide DuPont and its representatives access to information regarding its business. Each of IFF and Party A established a question and answer process to facilitate DuPont's due diligence review. From this time until the execution of the Merger Agreement, representatives of DuPont and its advisors engaged in due diligence of IFF and Party A.

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On October 25, 2019, Evercore and Credit Suisse sent a process letter to IFF and Party A inviting them to submit revised proposals on November 13, 2019. On that same day, Skadden sent initial drafts of the term sheets for the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement and the Tax Matters Agreement to Cleary Gottlieb, reflecting DuPont's preferred approach on certain key transaction terms to be included in those documents.

On October 27, 2019, the IFF Transaction Committee held a telephonic meeting where the committee members, John Ferraro, a member of the IFF board of directors, and members of IFF's senior management in attendance discussed the potential combination with N&B, the diligence completed to date, the combination's strategic rationale, potential timeline, and potential governance and organizational structure.

From October 28 to October 31, 2019, representatives from IFF, DuPont, Cleary Gottlieb, Skadden, Evercore, Credit Suisse, Morgan Stanley, Greenhill and other third-party advisors of IFF and DuPont conducted due diligence calls on various topics.

On October 29, Mr. Fibig and Mr. Breen held a call where Mr. Fibig updated Mr. Breen on IFF's board of directors meeting and followed up on the auction process.

On October 29, 2019, a nationally recognized advisory firm and third-party advisor of DuPont ("DuPont Synergies Advisor") and IFF Synergies Advisor conducted a high level meeting to discuss areas of potential synergies between the N&B Business and IFF and estimates thereof.

On October 30, 2019, the IFF board of directors met at the offices of Cleary Gottlieb with members of IFF's executive management team and representatives of Cleary Gottlieb, Greenhill and Morgan Stanley, where they discussed various topics including those related to the potential transaction. The topics discussed included the process for the potential transaction, the strategic analysis of the combination, and proposed next steps. The IFF board of directors then requested a further follow-up meeting on the potential combination prior to IFF submitting a revised bid.

Generally, from mid-October until revised non-binding proposals were received on November 13, 2019, through numerous telephonic sessions, IFF and Party A conducted financial and legal due diligence on the N&B Business and DuPont conducted financial and legal due diligence on IFF and Party A.

On November 1, 2019, IFF and DuPont executed a clean team confidentiality agreement, setting forth customary "clean team" procedures to facilitate the sharing of limited non-public, confidential and proprietary information regarding each party's business (DuPont entered into a similar agreement with Party A on November 12, 2019). On the same day, representatives of IFF, including Mr. Fibig, Francisco Fortanet (Executive Vice President, Operations) and Greg Yep (Executive Vice President, Chief Global Scientific & Sustainability Officer), visited certain manufacturing sites of the N&B Business in Denmark.

On November 2 and 3, 2019, representatives from IFF, IFF's financial advisors and representatives from DuPont met for a management presentation in London. Representatives of DuPont, including management of the N&B Business, gave a presentation on the N&B Business, and representatives of IFF gave a presentation on IFF's business and the potential benefits of a strategic combination between IFF and the N&B Business, including, but not limited to, cost synergies.

On November 5, 2019, Cleary Gottlieb sent Skadden revised drafts of the terms sheets for the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement and the Tax Matters Agreement.

On November 7, 2019, Skadden sent Cleary Gottlieb revised drafts of the terms sheets for the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement and the Tax Matters Agreement. Following Skadden's delivery of revised drafts to Cleary Gottlieb on November 7, 2019, Cleary Gottlieb and Skadden had a call on November 8, 2019, to discuss Cleary Gottlieb's initial markup and Skadden's response. During that call, Cleary Gottlieb and Skadden

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discussed, among other things, the extent of adjustments to the special cash payment from N&B to DuPont, the circumstances under which IFF's board of directors would maintain the right to change its recommendation regarding the transaction, the circumstances under which the Merger Agreement could be terminated and the fees and expenses payable or reimbursable in connection with such termination. Also on November 8, 2019, DuPont Synergies Advisor and IFF Synergies Advisor met to conduct a detailed review of potential synergies between the N&B Business and IFF and estimates thereof. This was followed by a broader telephonic meeting, on November 9, 2019, which included representatives of DuPont and IFF, where DuPont Synergies Advisor and IFF Synergies Advisor discussed the findings from their synergies discussions. In general, during this time, Skadden, on behalf of DuPont, also exchanged drafts of, and engaged in discussions regarding, the term sheets with representatives of IFF and Party A.

On November 7 and 9, 2019, representatives from IFF and DuPont and their respective advisors participated in joint working sessions relating to the proposed combination.

During this time, Party B re-entered the transaction process. In particular, on November 4, 2019, Party B delivered to DuPont an initial indication of a revised proposal for the N&B Business in which it indicated a potential willingness to increase its offer for the N&B Business by up to \$2 billion, including an increased cash payment to DuPont. The indication delivered by Party B expressly stated that Party B needed to complete further work, including the receipt of appropriate internal authorizations, to formally present a revised non-binding proposal. Based upon the highest end of the valuation range in Party B's indication, DuPont's senior management felt the indication could serve as a basis for further development and improvement as a result of further discussions by DuPont and Party B (including with respect to the regulatory issues raised by a potential transaction with Party B), such that a future improved non-binding proposal from Party B could be comparable in value to the then current proposals of IFF and Party A. Based on that, Party B was invited to submit a revised non-binding proposal on November 13, 2019. On November 10, 2019, Party B made a presentation to senior management and advisors of DuPont regarding the business rationale for a transaction with Party B. Around this time Party B was provided draft term sheets for certain transaction documents, reflecting DuPont's preferred approach on certain key transaction terms to be included in those documents, and Party B was instructed to deliver any comments thereto in connection with the submission of a revised non-binding proposal.

On November 10, 2019, the IFF board of directors held a telephonic meeting with members of IFF's executive management team where they discussed various topics related to the potential transaction. The topics discussed included an overview of the N&B Business, updates on the ongoing auction process, including the preparation of the preliminary term sheets related thereto, the potential synergies between the businesses of IFF and N&B, updated preliminary financial analyses related to the proposed transaction, the potential integration process in the event of a transaction and an overview of IFF's due diligence efforts. Representatives from Cleary Gottlieb reviewed the fiduciary duties of IFF's directors in connection with their consideration of the proposed transaction. The IFF board of directors unanimously authorized management to submit a revised, non-binding proposal and to negotiate the proposed transactions based on the valuation and terms presented during the meeting.

On November 13, 2019, IFF, Party A and Party B delivered revised non-binding proposals to DuPont. The revised proposal from IFF (the "November 13 Proposal"), which included an overview of IFF's vision and strategy for the combination, investment highlights, revised terms and certain due diligence requirements, valued the N&B Business at \$25.35 billion on a cash-free and debt-free basis and contemplated a Reverse Morris Trust transaction structure, and where DuPont would receive a pre-closing cash payment of \$7.38 billion. The valuation set forth in the November 13 Proposal would result in DuPont's stockholders owning 54.2% of the combined company on a fully diluted basis. The November 13 Proposal also contemplated a right for DuPont to nominate four directors to the combined company's board of directors (or, if greater, such a number that would constitute one third of the board of the combined company). The proposal was accompanied by revised draft of the transaction term sheets and included a draft exclusivity agreement pursuant to which the parties would negotiate exclusively regarding a potential transaction for 30 days. The non-binding proposal delivered by Party

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A on November 13, 2019 was substantially similar to its non-binding proposal of October 8, 2019, in particular with respect to the number of shares of Party A being offered as consideration. However, due to a notable increase in the stock price of Party A between October 8, 2019 and November 13, 2019, Party A's non-binding proposal presented, based on the analysis of senior management of DuPont and DuPont's financial advisors, a significantly higher nominal value than the value reflected in the non-binding proposal of IFF. Party A's non-binding proposal, in a change from its non-binding proposal of October 8, 2019, did not provide DuPont the right to appoint any directors to the combined company's board, but rather proposed a joint selection by DuPont and Party A of three directors for the combined company board of directors. While the cash payment offered by Party B was increased in the November 13, 2019 non-binding proposal and was roughly equivalent to that proposed by Party A, the overall value of Party B's non-binding proposal remained smaller than that of IFF and Party A. The non-binding proposal from Party B also offered DuPont the ability to select two directors for the combined company's board of directors.

On November 15, 2019, representatives of Evercore contacted Mr. Soutendijk and representatives of Greenhill and Morgan Stanley telephonically and indicated that IFF would need to improve the terms of its latest proposal in order to be competitive in the transaction process, citing in particular the overall valuation of the N&B Business reflected in the November 13 Proposal, the relative ownership ratios of the combined company by IFF's and DuPont's shareholders as implied by such proposal and IFF's proposal regarding board composition.

On November 18, 2019, the DuPont board of directors met telephonically and senior management from DuPont made a presentation to the DuPont board of directors regarding the process, the latest non-binding proposals received, a description of each of the parties that provided non-binding proposals (including their financial performance, strengths and weaknesses as a potential partner and the investment thesis of each partner), a summary of value attributable to DuPont's stockholders based on each of the non-binding proposals and the value comparison for the combined company based on various trading multiples. Further to the foregoing, management explained their view that, notwithstanding certain benefits of IFF's proposal relative to Party A's proposal (including, but not limited to, the number of directors DuPont would be entitled to appoint to the combined company's board) Party A's non-binding proposal continued to present a higher potential overall value to be confirmed through final due diligence and negotiation of transaction terms. DuPont management also emphasized that Party B's non-binding proposal remained behind both IFF and Party A in its overall valuation of the N&B Business and that a transaction with Party B raised a more difficult set of regulatory issues as compared to IFF or Party A. Finally, management presented its recommendation that, based on the strength of Party A's non-binding proposal relative to the other parties, DuPont pursue a transaction involving the N&B Business with Party A. Further insight was then provided by Credit Suisse and Evercore as DuPont's financial advisors. Throughout the presentations and thereafter there was significant discussion among the members of the DuPont board of directors and the directors asked questions of management and DuPont's advisors. Following these discussions, the DuPont board of directors made clear its continued support for a potential transaction involving the N&B Business and supported initiating negotiations with Party A given the strength of its non-binding proposal.

After this meeting representatives of DuPont informed representatives of IFF and Party B that their proposals would need to be improved in order to remain in the process.

On November 19, 2019, Mr. Fibig and Mr. Breen held a call to discuss IFF's latest proposal and the status of its participation in the auction process. Mr. Breen informed Mr. Fibig that DuPont was presently focused on another bidder following the November 13 submissions. On that same day, on behalf of DuPont, Skadden sent initial drafts of certain of the Transaction Documents, including the Merger Agreement, to Party A's legal advisors. Over the next several days, Party A conducted additional due diligence, and Skadden and Party A's legal advisors discussed the draft Transaction Documents.

On November 20, 2019, the IFF Transaction Committee held a telephonic meeting where the committee members, Mr. Ferraro and members of IFF's senior management discussed DuPont's feedback on the

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November 13 Proposal and reviewed the terms of a revised proposal. After discussing questions regarding, among other things, the auction process, DuPont's feedback to the November 13 Proposal and the terms of the revised proposal, the IFF Transaction Committee approved the submission of a revised proposal.

On November 21, 2019, Mr. Fibig called Mr. Breen to inform him that IFF would be submitting revised economic terms to the November 13 Proposal and to reiterate the merits of a combination of the N&B Business with IFF. Later that day, Mr. Fibig sent a letter to Mr. Breen outlining the revised economic terms to the November 13 Proposal. The letter stated, among other things, that IFF would be prepared to increase its valuation of the N&B Business to \$26.92 billion on a cash-free and debt-free basis. The valuation set forth in the revised economic terms would result in DuPont's stockholders owning 55.6% of the combined company on a fully diluted basis. The letter acknowledged DuPont's desire for greater representation on the combined company's board of directors and expressed a willingness to further discuss the topic. The letter also reaffirmed the transaction structure outlined in the November 13 Proposal.

DuPont, IFF and Party A continued conducting mutual due diligence during the period after the November 13 submission of non-binding proposals through early December.

On November 26, 2019, representatives of DuPont and Evercore informed Mr. Soutendijk that, in light of IFF's willingness to improve its economic terms, IFF would be advanced in the auction process along with another bidder (Party A), with the expectation that DuPont would continue to negotiate with each bidder until definitive transaction agreements and final economic terms could be agreed with one of them. As such, Mr. Soutendijk was informed that DuPont was not in a position to grant IFF's request for exclusivity. Later that day, Skadden delivered initial drafts of the Merger Agreement, Separation Agreement, Employee Matters Agreement and Tax Matters Agreement to Cleary Gottlieb. Through December 15, 2019, IFF and DuPont and their respective legal advisors exchanged drafts of these agreements and other transaction-related agreements, and held numerous telephonic and in-person meetings to negotiate and finalize the terms of such agreements.

On November 29, 2019, Mr. Fibig and Mr. Breen held a call to discuss the auction process, next steps, including the upcoming rating agency meetings, and IFF's revised proposal. Later that day, members of the Cleary Gottlieb and Skadden teams convened a conference call to discuss an issues list on the various Transaction Documents that Cleary Gottlieb had sent to Skadden earlier in the day, including addressing matters related to the cost of transition services, debt and working capital adjustments to the special cash payment from N&B to DuPont, the financing for the proposed transaction (as well as the allocation of financing costs related thereto), governance matters, the size of the termination fee and control of the process for obtaining regulatory approvals for the transaction.

On November 29, 2019, representatives of Party B sent an email to representatives of DuPont expressing a willingness to improve their non-binding proposal of November 13, 2019 by up to \$700 million in value. While based on the analysis of senior management of DuPont and its financial advisors the overall value of a transaction with Party B still remained lower than the then current proposals from IFF and Party A, and while it continued to be the case that a transaction with Party B raised a more difficult set of regulatory issues as compared to IFF or Party A, in consideration of Party B's willingness to increase its offer, on December 1, 2019, Skadden sent, on behalf of DuPont, initial drafts of certain of the Transaction Documents to Party B's legal advisor. In addition, at various times between November 30, 2019 and December 7, 2019 representatives of Skadden and Party B's legal counsel held discussions via conference call regarding the regulatory approval process and the expected timeline of a potential transaction between the N&B Business and Party B.

On December 2, 2019, representatives from both IFF and DuPont met with representatives from selected ratings agencies to provide them with an overview of the proposed combination between IFF and the N&B Business and to discuss the strategic rationale and financial analyses related to the combination.

On December 3, 2019, Mr. Fibig and Mr. Breen spoke by telephone to discuss a number of matters related to the potential transaction, including, in particular, next steps in the due diligence process, finalizing major open

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transaction points (including governance structure) and DuPont's desire to understand the perspective of Winder, IFF's largest shareholder, on the potential transaction. Mr. Breen emphasized that, as previously communicated, DuPont intended to complete its auction process and execute definitive agreements before the holidays. On December 3, 2019, at a regularly scheduled telephonic meeting of the DuPont board of directors, senior management of DuPont provided an update to the DuPont board of directors on the current status of the process, including on the current non-binding proposals from IFF, Party A and Party B, as well as the issues and challenges associated with each of them.

On December 4, 2019, Cleary Gottlieb delivered a revised draft of the Merger Agreement to Skadden. The following day, Cleary Gottlieb delivered a revised draft of the Separation Agreement to Skadden.

On December 5 and December 6, 2019, representatives of DuPont met with representatives of Party A at the offices of Skadden in New York, New York, to discuss the terms of the proposed transaction and certain of the changes proposed by Party A to certain of the draft Transaction Documents.

On December 6 and December 8, 2019, representatives of DuPont and its legal and financial advisors met with representatives of IFF at the offices of Cleary Gottlieb in New York, New York, to discuss the terms of the proposed transaction and certain of the changes proposed by IFF to certain of the draft Transaction Documents.

From December 4 to December 9, 2019, Mr. Fibig and Mr. Breen spoke several times to discuss various open transaction points including the board composition, management team and value of the combined company as impacted by the parties' due diligence findings and fluctuations in IFF's stock price and, in connection therewith, a potential 55.4% and 44.6% ownership split of the combined company between DuPont stockholders and IFF shareholders, on a fully diluted basis and excluding any overlap in the stockholders of the company. Discussions also included the potential of Mr. Breen serving as Lead Independent Director on the combined company's board of directors.

On December 7, 2019, Skadden delivered a revised draft of the Separation Agreement to Cleary Gottlieb and a draft voting agreement to be entered into by Winder.

On December 8, 2019, Skadden delivered a revised draft of the Merger Agreement to Cleary Gottlieb. The following day, Cleary Gottlieb delivered revised drafts of the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement to Skadden.

Generally, from December 9 through December 14, 2019, representatives of Skadden and Cleary Gottlieb continued to exchange drafts of various Transaction Documents and negotiated open terms, including the schedules to the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement. As part of these discussions, the representatives negotiated the allocation of certain liabilities and costs, including responsibility for certain debt-like items. In addition, the necessary documentation for the financing underlying the proposed special cash payment was finalized. During this time, DuPont representatives, including DuPont's financial and legal representatives, also continued to exchange drafts and negotiate open terms with Party A and members of DuPont's senior management also met frequently with DuPont's financial and legal advisors to discuss the status of negotiations between both IFF and Party A and the relative merits of each of their proposals. During this time, senior management of DuPont and DuPont's financial advisors discussed with representatives of Party A certain concerns related to DuPont's ongoing due diligence investigation of Party A and their impact on a potential transaction with Party A, in particular regarding the likely reduction in the amount of cost synergies to be committed to at announcement by Party A as well as the risk of a reduction in value creation in a transaction with Party A due to a potentially higher than previously estimated annual tax rate of Party A following a transaction.

On December 9, 2019, representatives of IFF contacted representatives of Winder to indicate that IFF would like to discuss a confidential potential transaction and to request that Winder enter into a non-disclosure agreement to facilitate such discussions. On December 10, 2019, representatives of IFF and Cleary Gottlieb discussed with

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representatives of Winder the proposed terms of a non-disclosure agreement and described that IFF would be requesting that Winder enter into a voting agreement to support a potential transaction after Winder had an opportunity to review the proposed terms thereof. Following such call, Cleary Gottlieb sent representatives of Winder drafts of the non-disclosure and voting agreements.

On December 10, 2019, Mr. Fibig and Marc Doyle, then Chief Executive Officer of DuPont, met to discuss the progress of the ongoing negotiations between IFF and DuPont and the composition of the combined company's board of directors.

Also on December 10, 2019, the IFF Transaction Committee met to discuss the progress of the ongoing negotiations and due diligence efforts related to the proposed transaction. Mr. Ferraro was present by invitation. Mr. O'Leary and Mr. Soutendijk provided updates on the business plan, valuation, due diligence, negotiation status, communications and integration planning, financing and next steps. During the discussion, representatives from Cleary Gottlieb gave a presentation on key provisions and remaining open issues in current drafts of the Transaction Documents and discussed key diligence findings; they also reviewed the fiduciary duties of the IFF board of directors in relation to the proposed transaction. Representatives from Greenhill and Morgan Stanley provided preliminary valuation considerations and methodologies, and the pro forma impact of the proposed transaction from various illustrative perspectives.

On December 10 and 11, 2019, the IFF board of directors met at the offices of Cleary Gottlieb with members of IFF's executive management team and representatives of Cleary Gottlieb, Greenhill, Morgan Stanley and Abernathy MacGregor Group, Inc. ("Abernathy MacGregor"), IFF's public relations firm. Representatives from IFF's management and Cleary Gottlieb reviewed proposals regarding the governance of the combined company. Representatives from IFF's management reviewed the implications and strategic rationale of a combination between IFF and the N&B Business, valuation, due diligence, the status of the negotiations, communications and integration planning, financing and next steps. Representatives from Cleary Gottlieb reviewed the principal terms of the proposed agreements, the key due diligence findings and the directors' fiduciary duties in connection with the proposed transaction and answered questions from the board of directors regarding due diligence, the terms of the proposed merger agreement and the governance of the combined company. Representatives from Greenhill and Morgan Stanley provided a financial overview of the proposed transaction, including preliminary perspectives on valuation, the proposed financing structure, ratings agency considerations and key financing components and the pro forma impacts of the proposed transaction from various perspectives. Representatives from Abernathy MacGregor reviewed preliminary communications plans regarding the potential transaction and its announcement.

On December 11, 2019, Mr. Fibig and Mr. Breen met to discuss the resolution of the outstanding issues for a potential transaction, as well as the proposed governance structure of the combined company. They agreed to work with their respective teams to resolve the remaining contract-related issues and for Mr. Fibig to continue to discuss proposals for the corporate governance of the combined company with the IFF board of directors. During the course of this meeting, Mr. Breen was also introduced to Dale Morrison, Lead Director of the IFF board of directors.

On December 12, 2019, representatives of IFF, DuPont and their respective advisors met over the course of the day to discuss open points in the negotiations of the various Transaction Documents. Later on December 12, 2019, Mr. Fibig and Mr. Breen met to discuss negotiations from earlier in the day and discuss the board composition of the combined company.

On December 12, 2019, Winder entered into a non-disclosure agreement with IFF to facilitate discussions regarding the potential transaction.

From December 12 to December 15, 2019, communications and investor relations teams from IFF and DuPont collaborated to finalize announcement materials.

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On December 13, 2019, Skadden delivered revised drafts of the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement to Cleary Gottlieb. Later that day, Cleary Gottlieb delivered revised drafts of those agreements to Skadden.

On December 13, 2019, representatives of IFF and Cleary Gottlieb discussed with representatives of Winder the terms of the proposed transaction and of the Voting Agreement that Winder would be asked to enter into. From December 13 to December 15, 2019, representatives from IFF, Cleary Gottlieb and Winder engaged in several discussions regarding the proposed terms of and strategic rationale for the transaction and the proposed terms of the Voting Agreement. Conversations regarding the proposed terms of the Voting Agreement were also had with Skadden and DuPont during that time.

From December 13 to December 15, 2019, representatives from IFF, DuPont and their advisors met as necessary to finalize all open negotiation points, including governance matters for the combined company and allocation of liabilities under the Separation Agreement. In particular, on December 14, 2019, in the morning, representatives of Skadden met with representatives of Cleary Gottlieb and IFF at Cleary Gottlieb's offices, and, in the afternoon, representatives of IFF and IFF's financial advisors visited Skadden's offices and met with representatives from DuPont and their advisors to discuss final issues.

Generally, from December 11 through December 15, 2019, Mr. Breen and Mr. Fibig spoke several times to discuss terms of a potential transaction with IFF. Among other things, Messrs Breen and Fibig discussed the value of the combined company as impacted by the parties' due diligence findings and fluctuations in IFF's stock price and, as such, the relative shares of ownership of the combined company and the size of the cash payment made by N&B to DuPont. Messrs Breen and Fibig also discussed the governance of the combined company and the treatment of certain pension liabilities. Mr. Breen emphasized in these discussions that, notwithstanding the other terms of the potential transaction and the parties' due diligence findings and fluctuations in IFF's stock price, it was important for IFF to commit to a percentage of ownership of the combined company for DuPont's stockholders and cash payment from N&B to DuPont that valued the N&B Business higher than what was reflected in IFF's November 13, 2019, non-binding proposal and the importance of creating a combined company governance structure that equally leveraged the expertise and experience of both DuPont and IFF. Credit Suisse and Evercore communicated similar messages to Greenhill and Morgan Stanley during this time, including that agreement on such items would be necessary for IFF to remain competitive with Party A in the auction process. Messrs Breen and Fibig ultimately agreed to a split of ownership of the combined company whereby DuPont stockholders would own 55.4% of the combined company and IFF shareholders would own 44.6% of the combined company, on a fully diluted basis and excluding any overlap in the pre-transaction stockholders of the company and a cash payment from N&B to DuPont of approximately \$7.3 billion. With respect to governance, Messrs Breen and Fibig agreed that the combined company's board of directors will consist of thirteen directors, with seven current IFF directors and six DuPont director appointees until the annual meeting in 2022, when there will be six directors from each company, that Mr. Fibig will continue to be the Chairman of the IFF board of directors (and Chief Executive Officer) and that Mr. Breen will join the combined company's board of directors as a DuPont appointee and will serve as Lead Independent Director starting on the later of June 1, 2021, and the closing date of the Merger. Based on the agreed ownership by DuPont stockholders of 55.4% of the combined company on a fully diluted basis, combined with the agreed amount of the special cash payment of approximately \$7.3 billion, the final proposal from IFF valued the N&B Business at approximately \$26.2 billion on a cash-free and debt-free basis, based on IFF's closing stock price on December 13, 2019.

On December 14, representatives of Winder delivered a revised draft of the Voting Agreement to Cleary Gottlieb, which was also shared with Skadden and DuPont. Following discussions with Skadden and DuPont, later that day, IFF returned a revised draft of the Voting Agreement to Winder. On the morning of December 15, 2019, representatives of Winder proposed additional changes to the Voting Agreement and delivered an executed copy thereof.

On December 14, 2019, a representative of DuPont informed Party A that DuPont was proceeding with final negotiations with another party. Party B was also informed around this time of the same.

On December 15, 2019, the IFF board of directors held a telephonic meeting. At this meeting, the IFF board of directors reviewed the proposed structure and terms of the contemplated transaction. During the discussions, representatives of Cleary Gottlieb reviewed the final terms of the proposed transaction, including the proposed post-closing governance structure of the combined company. Representative from Cleary Gottlieb also reviewed the final key terms of the Voting Agreement with Winder. Representatives from Greenhill and Morgan Stanley reviewed their financial analysis of the proposed transaction and delivered oral opinions, subsequently confirmed in writing by delivery of written opinions dated December 15, 2019, that as of the date of their respective written fairness opinions, and based upon and subject to the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations on the scope of review undertaken by each of Greenhill and Morgan Stanley as set forth in such written fairness opinions, the exchange ratio pursuant to the proposed Merger Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to IFF. Representatives of Morgan Stanley also reviewed the terms of the financing sources and uses of proceeds for the proposed transaction. Following the discussion with IFF's executive management team and IFF's legal and financial advisors, the IFF board of directors unanimously determined, among other things, that the Transactions, including the Merger, were advisable and in the best interest of IFF and its shareholders, approved the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement and the Employee Matters Agreement, the transactions contemplated thereby, including the Merger, and the entrance into the other Transaction Documents either in the form attached to the Merger Agreement and Separation Agreement or as negotiated by IFF's authorized officers, and resolved to recommend that IFF's shareholders vote in favor of the Share Issuance.

On December 15, 2019, the DuPont board of directors held a meeting to review the final proposals with respect to a business combination involving the N&B Business, review the terms and conditions of the Transaction Documents that had been negotiated between representatives of DuPont and IFF and which were substantially complete, review the structure of the proposed business combination with IFF as a Reverse Morris Trust transaction and review with DuPont's senior management and financial and legal advisors their views on the proposed Transactions and the benefits afforded by the Transactions to DuPont and its stockholders as well as the N&B Business. At the meeting, senior management of DuPont provided the DuPont board of directors with an overview of the results of negotiations with IFF and Party A and on discussions with both IFF and Party A subsequent to the previous board update call on December 3, 2019. This included an overview of the benefits of a transaction with IFF and the reasons why management determined that IFF was the best partner. In particular, senior management articulated to the board of directors the compelling opportunity that a combination with IFF would create – given the complementary nature of the product set, senior management believed a combination with IFF would create a leader in the value-added ingredients industry with the broadest set of ingredients and solutions, deepest set of R&D capabilities, and a shared focus on consumer oriented end-markets. They believed it would also have a unique scale and diversity in the industries in which it operates and would be a global innovation driven industry leader of ingredients, flavor, scent and taste offerings for consumers. Senior management further explained to the board of directors, that while they believed a combination of the portfolios of Party A and the N&B Business would also create an exciting company, they also believed it would be more narrowly focused in product sets and in end markets. As such, senior management articulated their view that, in the long run, the combination with IFF would create the most growth prospects and therefore value for both companies' shareholders. On the financial side, senior management of DuPont noted that, based on their analysis, while the final proposal from IFF was substantially similar in nominal financial value to that of Party A, further analysis supported the conclusion that a transaction with IFF was financially more attractive than a transaction with Party A due to the likely reduction, from the amount previously estimated, in the amount of cost synergies to be committed to at announcement by Party A and the risk of a reduction in value creation in a transaction with Party A due to a potentially higher than previously estimated annual tax rate of Party A following a transaction. Senior management of DuPont further noted that IFF's proposal was also superior to Party A's in that it gave DuPont a significantly larger role in selecting the directors for the combined company's board of directors, which would allow DuPont to help ensure that the combined company successfully integrates the N&B Business and provides value to DuPont stockholders that receive shares in the new company following the Transactions. DuPont senior management did not address in detail the non-binding proposal from Party B as, notwithstanding the email from representatives of Party B on November 29, 2019, the non-binding proposal from Party B

remained lower than the proposals of both IFF and Party A in overall value and based on the fact that, notwithstanding the additional conversations with Party B, a transaction with Party B raised a more difficult set of regulatory issues as compared to IFF or Party A. Representatives of Skadden then reviewed the terms of the principal Transaction Documents, including, without limitation, the structure of the proposed business combination with IFF as a Reverse Morris Trust transaction, the calculation of the merger consideration and those terms bearing on deal protections and regulatory approvals. Throughout the meeting members of the DuPont board of directors asked questions and there was discussion regarding the proposed transaction terms, the key factors that distinguished a transaction with IFF from a transaction with Party A and level of certainty to closing a transaction with IFF. For more information on the factors considered by DuPont's board of directors see "– DuPont's Reasons for the Transaction." Following further discussion with DuPont's senior management, and taking into account the analysis of its financial advisors and an analysis from a nationally recognized third-party consulting firm of the solvency of DuPont following the completion of the Transactions, the DuPont board of directors unanimously determined, among other things, that the Merger and the Separation were in the best interest of DuPont and its stockholders, and approved the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement and the Employee Matters Agreement, the transactions contemplated thereby, including the Internal Reorganization, the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger and the entrance into other Transaction Documents either in the form attached to the Merger Agreement and Separation Agreement or as negotiated by DuPont's authorized officers.

On December 15, 2019, following the approval by the IFF board of directors and the DuPont board of directors of the Transaction Documents and the Transactions, the parties executed the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement, the Employee Matters Agreement and other documentation related to the Merger, and executed commitment letters for the N&B financing for the Special Cash Payment to DuPont were provided concurrently with the execution the Merger Agreement. Also concurrent with the execution of the Merger Agreement, DuPont executed the Voting Agreement.

On December 15, 2019, IFF and DuPont issued a joint press release announcing the Transactions.

IFF's Reasons for the Transactions

In reaching its decision to approve the Transaction Documents and the Transactions and recommend that IFF shareholders approve the Share Issuance, the IFF board of directors considered, among other things, the strategic and financial benefits that could be achieved by combining IFF and the N&B Business relative to the future prospects of IFF on a stand-alone basis, the relative actual results of operations and prospects of IFF and of the N&B Business and synergies expected to be realized in the combination, as well as other alternatives that may be available to IFF, and the risks and uncertainties associated with the Transactions and with such alternatives.

In that process, the IFF board of directors consulted with its financial and legal advisors and considered a variety of factors as generally supporting its decision to approve the Transaction Documents and the Transactions and recommend that IFF shareholders approve the Share Issuance, including the following:

- the increased size, economies of scale, geographic presence and total capabilities of IFF after the Transactions, which are expected to enable IFF to improve its cost structure, deepen its innovation platform, enhance growth and expand margins;
- the complementary asset portfolios and strengths of IFF and the N&B Business and the expectation that the combination with the N&B Business would diversify and expand IFF's mix of product offerings, including the N&B Business's food & beverage, health & biosciences and pharma solutions platforms;
- the belief that IFF would benefit from the scale of the combined company and diversity of its lines of business, making it less dependent on the performance of any particular segment or business line;
- the expectation that IFF would maintain broad market presence, with an enhanced position in the food & beverage, home & personal care and health & wellness markets;

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- the expectation that IFF would achieve approximately \$300 million of estimated cost synergies anticipated on a run-rate basis by the end of the third year following the consummation of the Transactions as a result of anticipated procurement improvements along with manufacturing and organizational efficiencies, as well as have an enhanced ability to drive volumes via a combination of cross-selling opportunities across the enhanced portfolio and the creation of integrated solutions, which is expected to generate more than \$400 million in run-rate revenue synergies by the end of the third year following the consummation of the Transactions;
- the expectation that the combination of IFF and N&B Business employees' experience will drive improvements in manufacturing, R&D, leadership and growth, and enhance IFF's ability to achieve its strategic objectives with respect to its existing business and the businesses of the combined company;
- the expectation that the combined company will provide a compelling value proposition to global, regional and local customers, including through the provision of differentiated integrated solutions using the complementary capabilities of each business;
- the expectation that the cash flow from the combined businesses after the Transactions would be strong enough to allow IFF to maintain its current quarterly dividend policy, reduce indebtedness incurred to finance the Transactions and maintain its investment grade rating;
- the significant increase in total equity market capitalization of IFF, which could increase the trading volume, and therefore, the liquidity, of IFF's common stock;
- the fact that the consideration payable by IFF in the Merger consists of IFF's common stock, enabling IFF to acquire the N&B Business without incurring the amount of indebtedness that would be required to fund an all-cash transaction;
- the fact that IFF shareholders as of immediately prior to the completion of the Merger are expected to own 44.6% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the combined company, on a fully diluted basis, immediately following completion of the Merger, and will have the opportunity to share in the future growth and expected synergies of the combined company while retaining the flexibility of selling all or a portion of those shares;
- the fact that the management team of IFF, following the closing of the Transactions, would continue to be led by IFF's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and IFF's senior management team would be expanded to include executives from the N&B Business;
- the fact that the Merger Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and the aggregate consideration to be paid by IFF pursuant to the Merger Agreement were the result of extensive arms-length negotiations between representatives of IFF and DuPont, and the IFF board of directors' belief that IFF had negotiated the transaction terms most favorable to IFF that DuPont would be willing to accept;
- the expectation that IFF's experience with acquiring and integrating businesses and growing larger companies will enhance IFF's ability to integrate the N&B Business and grow the combined company;
- the expectation that DuPont's experience with separating its business lines through prior spin-offs or divestitures would lower the execution risk associated with the separation of the N&B Business from DuPont's other businesses;
- the expectation that IFF's board of directors will benefit from expertise provided by the addition to its board of six directors to be designated by DuPont, including Mr. Ed Breen who will join the board of IFF as a DuPont appointee and will serve as Lead Independent Director starting June 1, 2021;
- the support of IFF's largest shareholder, Winder, and its willingness to enter into a voting agreement to vote in favor of the Share Issuance;
- the opinion of Greenhill rendered to the IFF board of directors on December 15, 2019, that, as of the date of the written fairness opinion and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth

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in such written fairness opinion, the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement was fair from a financial point of view to IFF, as more fully described below in “Opinion of Greenhill & Co., LLC;”

- the opinion of Morgan Stanley rendered to the IFF board of directors on December 15, 2019, that, as of the date of the written fairness opinion and based upon and subject to the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations on the scope of review undertaken by Morgan Stanley as set forth in such written fairness opinion, the exchange ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement was fair from a financial point of view to IFF, as more fully described below in “Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC;” and
- the ability of the IFF board of directors, to withdraw or modify its recommendation that IFF’s shareholders approve the Share Issuance subject to the limitations set forth in the Merger Agreement, including, without limitation, the potential payment of a termination fee and the obligation of IFF to proceed with a vote of IFF’s shareholders on the Share Issuance regardless of such withdrawal or modification of its recommendation.

The IFF board of directors also considered certain countervailing factors in its deliberations concerning the Merger and the other Transactions, including:

- the dilution of the ownership interests of IFF’s current shareholders that would result from the issuance of IFF common stock in the Merger;
- the inability of IFF to influence the operations of the N&B Business during the potentially significant time period prior to closing of the Transactions;
- the possibility that the increased revenues, earnings and synergies expected to result from the Transactions would fail to materialize or may not be realized within the expected time frame;
- the challenges and difficulties, foreseen and unforeseen, relating to the separation of the N&B Business from the other businesses of DuPont and the integration of the N&B Business with IFF’s operations, including due to the size of the N&B Business relative to IFF and its operations;
- the possibility of management and employee disruption associated with the Transactions and integrating the operations of the companies, including the risk that, despite IFF’s intention to retain such personnel, key management of the N&B Business might not be employed with IFF after the Transactions;
- the fact that the combined company will be dependent on the provision of certain transition services by DuPont, and may be required to provide certain transition services to DuPont, for a limited period of time following the consummation of the Transactions, and the possibility that the cost of operating the N&B Business, particularly following this transitional period, could diverge from the historical cost structure of the N&B Business when owned by DuPont;
- the significant, one-time costs expected to be incurred in connection with the Transactions, including an estimated \$175 million in transaction-related costs;
- the risk that the Transactions and the integration process may divert management attention and resources away from other strategic opportunities and from operational matters;
- the substantial increase in IFF’s indebtedness that is expected to result from the Transactions and the related financing transactions;
- the fact that, in order to preserve the tax-free treatment of the spin-off and related transactions (including certain transactions undertaken as part of the Internal Reorganization), IFF would be required to abide by certain restrictions that could limit its ability to engage in certain future business transactions that might be advantageous;
- the indemnities being provided by the combined company to DuPont under the Separation Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements;

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- the restrictions on IFF’s ability to solicit alternative transactions and the fact that certain provisions of the Merger Agreement may dissuade third parties from seeking to acquire IFF or otherwise increase the cost of any potential acquisition;
- the fact that, under the Merger Agreement, IFF may be required to pay DuPont the Termination Fee if the Merger Agreement is terminated under certain circumstances, and that in a situation where IFF’s shareholders do not approve the Share Issuance and the Merger Agreement is terminated, IFF may be required to reimburse DuPont for certain of its expenses in connection with the Transactions up to \$75 million and bear a portion of certain commitment fees incurred prior to any termination;
- the risks inherent in requesting regulatory approval from multiple government agencies in multiple jurisdictions, as more fully described in the section entitled “Regulatory Approvals,” or that governmental authorities could attempt to condition their approval of the Transactions on compliance with certain burdensome conditions or that regulatory approvals may be delayed;
- the risk that the Transactions may not be completed in a timely manner or at all and the potential adverse consequences, including substantial costs that would be incurred and potential damage to IFF’s reputation, if the Transactions are not completed; and
- other risks of the type and nature described in the section entitled “Risk Factors.”

The IFF board of directors considered all of these factors as a whole and, on balance, concluded that they supported a favorable determination to approve the Transaction Documents and the Transactions, and to recommend that IFF shareholders approve the Share Issuance. The foregoing discussion of the information and factors considered by the IFF board of directors is not exhaustive. In view of the wide variety of factors considered by the IFF board of directors in connection with its evaluation of the Transactions and the complexity of these matters, the IFF board of directors did not consider it practical to, nor did it attempt to, quantify, rank or otherwise assign relative weights to the specific factors that it considered in reaching its decision. Rather, the IFF board of directors based its recommendation on the totality of the information presented to and considered by it. The IFF board of directors evaluated the factors described above with the assistance of IFF management and its legal and financial advisors. In considering the factors described above and any other factors, individual members of the IFF board of directors may have viewed factors differently or given different weights to other or different factors.

This explanation of the factors considered by the IFF board of directors is in part forward-looking in nature and, therefore, should be read in light of the factors discussed in the sections of this document entitled “Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Statements” and “Risk Factors.”

After careful consideration, the IFF board of directors unanimously resolved that the Transactions, including the Merger and the Share Issuance, are advisable and in the best interests of IFF and its shareholders and unanimously approved the Transaction Documents and the Transactions.

Approval by IFF’s Board of Directors and Shareholders

IFF’s board of directors unanimously approved the Transactions and unanimously recommended that IFF shareholders vote to approve the Share Issuance pursuant to the Merger Agreement. IFF shareholders approved the Share Issuance at a special meeting of IFF shareholders, which was held on August 27, 2020.

Opinion of Greenhill & Co., LLC

At the December 15, 2019 meeting of the IFF board of directors held to evaluate the Transactions, Greenhill rendered an oral opinion, confirmed by delivery of a written opinion dated as of December 15, 2019, to the effect that, as of such date and subject to and based on the various assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and qualifications and limitations of the review set forth therein, the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to holders of IFF common stock.

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The full text of the written opinion of Greenhill, dated December 15, 2019, which sets forth the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and qualifications and limitations of the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached as Annex A and is incorporated herein by reference. The summary of the Greenhill opinion provided in this prospectus is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the opinion. We encourage you to read Greenhill’s opinion and this section carefully and in their entirety. Greenhill provided advisory services and its opinion for the information and assistance of the IFF board of directors in connection with its consideration of the Transactions. Greenhill’s opinion is not a recommendation as to how any holder of shares of IFF common stock should vote with respect to matters related to the Transactions, or any other matter.

For purposes of its opinion, Greenhill, among other things:

- reviewed the draft of the Merger Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2019, and certain related documents;
- reviewed the draft of the Separation Agreement dated as of December 14, 2019, and certain related documents;
- reviewed certain publicly available financial statements of each of IFF and DuPont (relating to the N&B Business);
- reviewed certain other publicly available business, operating and financial information relating to each of IFF and N&B Business that Greenhill deemed relevant;
- reviewed certain information, including financial forecasts and other financial and operating data, concerning the N&B Business supplied to or discussed with Greenhill by management of the N&B Business, including the DuPont Provided Financial Projections as described under “—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by DuPont” (the “N&B Management Case”);
- reviewed the IFF Management Case for N&B as described under “—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF”;
- reviewed the IFF Standalone Projections as described under “—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF” (the “IFF Management Case”);
- reviewed financial forecasts prepared by research analysts of IFF (the “Street Consensus Case”);
- reviewed certain information regarding certain potential revenue synergies and cost efficiencies and financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Transactions prepared by management of IFF (the “Synergies”);
- discussed the past and present operations and financial condition and the prospects of IFF with the management of IFF;
- discussed the past and present operations and financial condition and the prospects of the N&B Business with the N&B Business’s and DuPont’s management and financial advisors and the management of IFF;
- reviewed the historical market prices and trading activity for IFF ordinary shares;
- reviewed publicly available financial and stock market data, including valuation multiples, for certain companies, the securities of which are publicly traded, in lines of business that Greenhill deemed relevant, and compared that data to certain data with respect to IFF and the N&B Business;
- compared the ownership levels implied from the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement to the ownership levels derived by discounting future cash flows and a terminal value for IFF and the N&B Business based upon IFF Management Case (for IFF), and the IFF Management Case for N&B (for the N&B Business), in each case excluding Synergies, at discount rates Greenhill deemed appropriate;

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- compared the ownership levels implied from the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement to the ownership levels derived from comparing valuation multiples of publicly traded companies to corresponding data of IFF and the N&B Business based upon the IFF Management Case (for IFF) and the IFF Management Case for N&B (for the N&B Business), in each case excluding Synergies;
- reviewed the pro forma impact of the Transactions on IFF's revenues, profitability, earnings per share, cash flow, consolidated capitalization and financial ratios and value creation to IFF's shareholders;
- participated in discussions and negotiations among representatives of IFF and its legal advisors and representatives of the N&B Business and its legal and financial advisors; and
- performed such other analyses and considered such other factors as Greenhill deemed appropriate.

In arriving at its opinion, Greenhill assumed and relied upon, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of the information and data publicly available, supplied or otherwise made available to, or reviewed by or discussed with Greenhill. With respect to the N&B Management Case, Greenhill assumed that they were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of the N&B Business and DuPont. With respect to the IFF Management Case, the IFF Management Case for N&B and the Synergies, Greenhill assumed that they were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of IFF, and, at the direction of IFF, Greenhill relied upon the IFF Management Case, the IFF Management Case for N&B and the Synergies in arriving at its opinion. Further, Greenhill assumed, at the direction of the management of IFF, that the Synergies will be achieved at the times and in the amounts projected thereby. The Synergies assume: \$435 million of revenue synergies on a run-rate basis by end of year 3 post-close (representing earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") impact of \$185 million) and \$304 million of cost synergies on a run-rate basis by end of year 3 post-close, with \$314 million one-time costs to achieve (after accounting for approximately \$40 million of capital expenditure synergies); run-rate revenue synergies grown at the N&B Business top-line growth rate beyond year 3 post-close with assumed approximately 43% margin; and approximately 40 basis points of tax rate synergy. The IFF Management Case for N&B EBITDA is assumed to be burdened by incremental carve-out costs which start in year 1 post-close, reach run-rate of \$34 million by year 3 post-close and grow at a rate of 2.5% in perpetuity thereafter.

In arriving at its opinion, Greenhill made no independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of IFF or the N&B Business, nor was Greenhill furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal. Greenhill assumed that the Transactions will be consummated in accordance with the terms set forth in the final, executed Merger Agreement and the final, executed Separation Agreement (including, among other things, that the Transactions will be treated as a tax-free reorganization, pursuant to the Code), which Greenhill further assumed would be substantially similar in all material respects to the latest drafts thereof Greenhill reviewed, and without waiver or modification of any material terms or conditions the effect of which would be in any way meaningful to its analysis. Greenhill further assumed that all material governmental, regulatory and other consents and approvals necessary for the consummation of the Transactions will be obtained without any material effect on IFF, the N&B Business, the Transactions or the contemplated benefits of the Transactions in any way meaningful to Greenhill's analysis. Greenhill is not a legal, regulatory, accounting or tax expert and relied on the assessments made by IFF and the N&B Business and their respective advisors with respect to such issues. Greenhill's opinion is necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to Greenhill as of, the date of the written opinion. It should be understood that subsequent developments may affect Greenhill's opinion, and Greenhill does not have any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm its opinion.

Summary of Greenhill's Financial Analysis

The following is a summary of the material financial and comparative analyses contained in the presentation that was made by Greenhill to the IFF board of directors in connection with rendering its opinion described above.

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The following summary, however, does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Greenhill, nor does the order of analyses described represent the relative importance or weight given to those analyses by Greenhill. Some of the summaries of the financial analyses include information presented in tabular format. In order to fully understand the financial analyses performed by Greenhill, the tables must be read together with the full text of each summary and are not alone a complete description of Greenhill's financial analyses. Considering the data set forth in the tables below without considering the narrative description of the financial analyses, including the methodologies and assumptions underlying such analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of Greenhill's financial analysis. As part of the comparative analysis, Greenhill compared the expected ownership percentage of IFF shareholders in the combined company of 44.6% to the corresponding relative ownership percentages in the combined company implied by the equity values of IFF and the N&B Business based on each of a discounted cash flow analysis and a multiple-based comparable company analysis.

Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

Greenhill performed discounted cash flow analyses of IFF and the N&B Business, respectively. The discounted cash flow analysis is designed to provide an implied value of a company by calculating the present value of the estimated future unlevered after-tax free cash flows and terminal value of such company. Greenhill's discounted cash flow analyses assumed a December 31, 2019 valuation date.

IFF

Greenhill calculated a range of implied enterprise values ("EV") for IFF by performing a discounted cash flow analysis of IFF based on the IFF Management Case by calculating the estimated present value of the standalone unlevered, after-tax free cash flows that IFF was projected to generate during the calendar years ending December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2029 as described under "—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF." In this analysis, Greenhill utilized, at IFF's direction, the IFF Management Case, excluding Synergies. Greenhill calculated a range of terminal values for IFF by applying to IFF's stand-alone unlevered, steady state after-tax free cash flow for the year ending December 31, 2029, a selected range of perpetuity growth rates of 1.5% to 2.5%, which were estimated by Greenhill based on its professional judgment and experience concerning the future sustainable growth rates of IFF, taking into account the IFF Management Case, excluding Synergies, and market expectations regarding long-term real growth of gross domestic product and inflation in such terminal year. The terminal values ranged from \$22.5 billion to \$22.7 billion in connection with the IFF Management Case. The present values of IFF's cash flows and terminal values were then calculated using a discount rate of 7.0% based on a selected range of 6.1% and 7.9%, which range was selected based on Greenhill's professional judgment and taking into consideration, among other things, IFF's estimated weighted average cost of capital calculated utilizing a capital asset pricing model, which includes certain company-specific inputs such as "Beta" for IFF, as well as certain financial metrics for the U.S. financial markets generally, and reflects the weighted average (by value) of (i) the estimated cost of equity determined by application of the capital asset pricing model and (ii) the estimated cost of debt. Beta is a measure of a security's volatility relative to the overall market. Greenhill utilized an estimated pre-tax cost of debt of 3.3% and an effective tax rate of 18.5%.

This analysis indicated a standalone reference range of implied IFF EV of approximately \$18.9 billion to \$21.7 billion and an implied price per share of IFF common stock of \$132 to \$156.

N&B Business

Greenhill calculated a range of implied EVs for the N&B Business by performing a discounted cash flow analysis of the N&B Business based on the IFF Management Case for N&B by calculating the estimated present value of the standalone unlevered, after-tax free cash flows that the N&B Business was projected to generate during the calendar years ending December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2029 as described under "—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF." In this analysis, Greenhill utilized, at IFF's direction, the IFF Management Case for N&B,

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excluding Synergies. Greenhill calculated a range of terminal values for the N&B Business by applying to the N&B Business's respective stand-alone unlevered, steady state after-tax free cash flow for the year ending December 31, 2029 a selected range of perpetuity growth rates of 1.5% to 2.5%, which were estimated by Greenhill based on its professional judgment and experience concerning the future sustainable growth rates of the N&B Business, taking into account the IFF Management Case for N&B, excluding Synergies, and market expectations regarding long-term real growth of gross domestic product and inflation in such terminal year. The terminal values ranged from \$27.9 billion to \$34.5 billion in connection with the IFF Management Case for N&B. The present values of the N&B Business's respective cash flows and terminal values were then calculated using a discount rate of 7.0% based on a selected range of 6.1% and 7.9%, which range was selected based on Greenhill's professional judgment and taking into consideration, among other things, the N&B Business's respective estimated weighted average cost of capital calculated utilizing a capital asset pricing model which reflects the weighted average (by value) of (i) the estimated cost of equity determined by application of the capital asset pricing model and (ii) the estimated cost of debt. Greenhill utilized an estimated pre-tax cost of debt of 3.5% and an effective tax rate of 22%.

The analysis indicated a standalone reference range of implied N&B Business EV of approximately \$23.8 billion to \$27.2 billion.

Selected Comparable Company Analysis

Greenhill performed a comparable company analysis, which compared selected financial information, ratios and multiples for IFF and the N&B Business to the corresponding data for publicly traded companies selected by Greenhill. The companies used in the IFF and N&B Business company comparisons were:

- Chr. Hansen A/S
- Croda International plc
- Givaudan SA
- Kerry Group plc
- Koninklijke DSM N.V.
- Lonza Group AG
- Novozymes A/S
- Symrise AG

Although none of the selected companies is directly comparable to IFF or the N&B Business, Greenhill selected each of the above-listed companies because, among other reasons, they are companies with operations or businesses in related sectors or for purposes of analysis may be considered similar or reasonably similar to the operations of IFF or the N&B Business, as applicable. However, because of the inherent differences between the business, operations and prospects of IFF and the N&B Business and those of the selected companies, Greenhill believed that it was inappropriate to, and therefore did not, rely solely on the numerical results of the selected company analysis. Accordingly, Greenhill also made qualitative judgments concerning differences between the business, financial and operating characteristics and prospects of IFF and the N&B Business and the selected companies that could affect the public trading values of each in order to provide a context in which to consider the results of the quantitative analysis. These qualitative judgments related primarily to the differing business models, sizes, growth prospects, revenue mix, profitability levels, degree of operational risk, domiciles and listings between IFF and the N&B Business and the companies included in the selected company analysis. Greenhill also made judgments as to the relative comparability of the various valuation parameters with respect to those companies. Greenhill's analysis was based on publicly available data and information for the selected companies, including information published by Street Consensus and public filings, the IFF forecasts and the N&B Business forecasts.

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For each of the selected companies, Greenhill compared financial information and calculated, among other things, the ratio of EV to research analyst consensus estimates of EBITDA for the fiscal year 2020 (such ratio, "EV / 2020E EBITDA") for each comparable company. The multiple ranges used in the IFF and the N&B Business company comparisons and the multiple ranges resulting from these analyses are summarized below:

Selected Company	EV / 2020E EBITDA
Chr. Hansen A/S	22.4x
Croda International plc	15.8x
Givaudan SA.	21.2x
Kerry Group plc	19.0x
Koninklijke DSM N.V.	11.9x
Lonza Group AG	16.0x
Novozymes A/S	18.6x
Symrise AG	16.3x

From these analyses, based on its professional judgment and experience, Greenhill selected ranges of multiples it deemed most meaningful for its analysis.

IFF

Based on the results of this analysis, historical trading levels and other factors which Greenhill considered appropriate based on its experience and judgment, Greenhill selected a representative range of EV/2020E EBITDA multiples for IFF of 15.5x to 18.0x and applied this range of multiples to (1) the IFF Management Case EBITDA projection for the fiscal year of 2020 of \$1,202 million and (2) the Street Consensus Case EBITDA projection for the fiscal year 2020 of \$1,192 million. This analysis indicated (1) an implied IFF EV of approximately \$18.6 billion to \$21.6 billion and an implied price per share of IFF common stock of \$129 to \$156 under the IFF Management Case and (2) an implied IFF EV of approximately \$18.5 billion to \$21.5 billion and an implied price per share of IFF common stock of \$128 to \$154 under the Street Consensus Case.

N&B Business

Based on the results of this analysis and other factors which Greenhill considered appropriate based on its experience and judgment, Greenhill selected a representative range of EV/2020E EBITDA multiples for the N&B Business of 16.0x to 18.0x and applied this range of multiples to the IFF Management Case for N&B EBITDA projection for the fiscal year of 2020 of \$1,522 million. This analysis indicated an implied N&B Business standalone range EV of approximately \$24.3 billion to \$27.4 billion.

Relative Ownership Analysis

Greenhill used the high and low implied estimated IFF and N&B Business enterprise values calculated pursuant to the discounted cash flow analyses and trading multiples analyses described above, which Greenhill adjusted by subtracting the \$7.3 billion dividend to DuPont from the N&B Business and the impact of IFF's estimated 2019 net debt, non-controlling interest and illustrative transaction expenses of \$4.1 billion, to calculate (1) an implied IFF ownership percentage in the combined company utilizing the high IFF implied equity value and the low N&B Business equity value and (2) an implied IFF ownership percentage in the combined company utilizing the low IFF implied equity value and the high N&B Business implied equity value. The results of these analyses are summarized below:

	Implied Ownership of IFF's Shareholders in Combined Company
Trading Multiples Analyses	42.0% - 50.7%
Discounted Cash Flow Analysis	42.6% - 51.7%

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Greenhill then compared the respective ranges of implied ownership (in the table above) to the implied ownership of the IFF's shareholders in the combined company of 44.6% upon consummation of the Transactions as implied by the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement.

Other Information

Greenhill observed certain additional information that was not considered part of its financial analysis for its opinion but was noted solely for informational purposes, including the following:

52-Week Trading Range Analysis

Using market data as of December 12, 2019, Greenhill reviewed the historical trading range for IFF common stock in the 52 weeks up to (and including) December 6, 2019. Using information published by Capital IQ, the range between the intraday low and intraday high for IFF common stock over the 52-week period was approximately \$105 to \$153 per share. The analysis resulted in a range of implied estimated enterprise values of approximately \$15.8 billion to \$21.3 billion, assuming IFF estimated 2019 net debt and non-controlling interest of \$3.9 billion.

Analyst Price Targets Analysis

Greenhill reviewed the share price targets for IFF common stock prepared by equity research analysts, which reflect each analyst's estimate of the undiscounted trading price of IFF common stock. The future undiscounted public market trading price targets for IFF common stock were Lauren Lieberman (Barclays), \$113, James Targett (Berenberg), \$135, Gunther Zechmann (Bernstein), \$161, Prashant Juvekar (Citi), \$155, Jonathan Feeney (Consumer Edge Research), \$123, Faiza Alwy (Deutsche Bank), \$145, Heidi Vesterinen/Nicola Tang (Exane BNP Paribas), \$108, Adam Samuelson (Goldman Sachs), \$153, Jeffrey Zekauskas (JPMorgan), \$150, Alexandra Thrum (Morgan Stanley), \$138, Thomas Swoboda (Societe Generale), \$157, Mark Astrachan (Stifel), \$135, John Roberts (UBS), \$163, Michael Sison (Wells Fargo), \$135, each as of December 9, 2019. Greenhill also discounted such share price targets to present value (as of December 6, 2019) by applying an illustrative one-year discount period at an equity discount rate of approximately 7.5%, which is IFF's illustrative cost of equity based on a selected range of 6.5% and 8.5%, which was selected based on Greenhill's professional judgment and taking into consideration, among other things, the cost of equity derived from the capital asset pricing model, a theoretical financial model commonly used to estimate the cost of equity capital based on a given equity security's "Beta", among other variables, and includes certain financial metrics for the U.S. financial markets generally. Beta is a measure of a security's volatility relative to the overall market. This review presented a range of \$108 to \$163 per share of IFF common stock undiscounted and \$100 to \$152 discounted as described above. The analysis resulted in a range of implied estimated enterprise values of approximately \$16.2 billion to \$22.5 billion undiscounted and approximately \$15.3 billion to \$21.2 billion discounted as described above. The public market trading price targets published by securities research analysts do not necessarily reflect current market trading prices for IFF common stock and these estimates are subject to uncertainties, including the future financial performance of IFF and future financial market conditions.

Precedent Transactions Analysis

Greenhill performed an analysis of selected recent business combinations involving target companies in the Specialty Value-added Ingredients industry that in Greenhill's judgment were relevant for its analysis.

Greenhill reviewed the consideration paid in the transactions and analyzed the EV implied by such consideration as a multiple of last-12-months (which is referred to in this section of this prospectus as "LTM") EBITDA (for the 12-month period prior to the fiscal quarter in which the transaction was announced).

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The following table identifies the selected transactions reviewed by Greenhill in this analysis and the EV/LTM EBITDA multiples calculated for such transactions:

(\$ in billions)

Date Announced	Acquiror	Target	EV/ LTM EBITDA
March 2018	Givaudan	Naturex	22.8x
May 2018	IFF	Frutarom	20.3x

Based on the results of this analysis and other factors which Greenhill considered appropriate based on its experience and judgment, Greenhill applied EV/LTM EBITDA multiples of 20.3x and 22.8x to the IFF management's estimate of EBITDA for the N&B Business for the fiscal year of 2019 of approximately \$1,430 million, which indicated an implied N&B Business EV of approximately \$29.0 billion to \$32.6 billion, respectively.

Although Greenhill analyzed the multiples implied by the precedent transactions, none of the precedent transactions or associated companies is identical to the proposed Transactions because of inherent differences between the business, operations and prospects of the N&B Business and those of the target companies in the selected precedent transactions. Furthermore, the Transactions utilize a Reverse Morris Trust structure which does not involve a change of control generally associated with such precedent transactions. Greenhill believed that it was inappropriate to, and therefore did not, rely solely on the numerical results of the selected precedent transaction analysis.

Discounted Cash Flow – Synergized IFF Management Case for N&B

Greenhill calculated a range of implied EVs for the N&B Business by performing a discounted cash flow analysis of the N&B Business by calculating the estimated present value of the synergized unlevered, after-tax free cash flows that the N&B Business was projected to generate during the calendar years ending December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2029. In this analysis, Greenhill utilized, at the direction of IFF, the IFF Management Case for N&B and included the effect of the Synergies. Greenhill calculated a range of terminal values for the N&B Business by applying to the N&B Business's synergized unlevered, steady state after-tax free cash flow for the year ending December 31, 2029, a selected range of perpetuity growth rates of 1.5% to 2.5%, which were estimated by Greenhill based on its professional judgment and experience concerning the future sustainable growth rates of the N&B Business, taking into account the IFF Management Case for N&B and market expectations regarding long-term real growth of gross domestic product and inflation in such terminal year. The terminal values ranged from \$35.1 billion to \$43.4 billion in connection with the IFF Management Case for N&B. The present values of the N&B Business's cash flows and terminal values were then calculated using a discount rate of 7.0% based on a selected range of 6.1% and 7.9%, which range was selected based on Greenhill's professional judgment and taking into consideration, among other things, the N&B Business's estimated weighted average cost of capital calculated utilizing a capital asset pricing model which reflects the weighted average (by value) of (i) the estimated cost of equity determined by application of the capital asset pricing model and (ii) the estimated cost of debt. Greenhill utilized an estimated pre-tax cost of debt of 3.5% and an effective tax rate of 22%.

This analysis indicated a reference range of implied EV of the N&B Business of approximately \$29.4 billion to \$33.7 billion.

DCF Value Creation Analysis

Greenhill determined the pro forma combined company equity value by taking (1) the standalone equity value of IFF based on Greenhill's discounted cash flow analysis described above in "Discounted Cash Flow Analysis" using the midpoint perpetuity growth rate of 2.0%, minus (2) 55.4% of the standalone equity value of IFF based on Greenhill's discounted cash flow analysis described above in "Discounted Cash Flow Analysis" using the midpoint perpetuity growth rate of 2.0%, plus (3) 44.6% of the equity value of the N&B Business based on the

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IFF Management Case for N&B and Greenhill’s discounted cash flow analysis using the midpoint perpetuity growth rate of 2.0% described above in “Discounted Cash Flow Analysis” plus (4) 44.6% of the estimated present value of the projected Synergies as outlined previously and discounted at illustrative pro forma weighted average cost of capital of 7.0%. The value creation analysis at the exchange ratio implying ownership of IFF shareholders in the combined company of 44.6% implied value creation (as a percentage of IFF’s standalone equity value) to IFF shareholders of 10.3%.

Multiple-Based Value Creation Analysis

Greenhill reviewed certain market-based analyses of the potential illustrative value created by the Transactions for the existing shareholders of IFF common stock that compared the estimated future price per share of IFF common stock, cumulative of dividends, on a standalone basis (by applying a multiple of IFF’s EV divided by the EBITDA for the 12-month period following the announcement date of the applicable transaction (“NTM EBITDA”), using the unaffected 10-day Volume-Weighted Average Price per share of IFF common stock of \$141.04 as of December 6, 2019, and applying that multiple to an IFF Management Case forecasted EBITDA to derive a future IFF EV and subsequently IFF future equity value and IFF standalone price per share of common stock), to the implied future price per share of the ownership of IFF shareholders in the pro forma combined company, cumulative of dividends. The implied future price per share of the combined company was expressed as a range and derived based on (1) the sum of (a) the estimated pro forma NTM EBITDA of the combined company, as of December 31, 2023, based on the sum of the IFF Management Case and the IFF Management Case for N&B of \$3,560 million and (b) projected Synergies as outlined previously on page 227 multiplied by (2) a range of pro forma NTM EBITDA multiples. Based on this implied valuation range for the combined company, IFF’s share of the combined equity valuation was determined. This multiple-based value creation analysis implied a mid-point equity value creation to IFF shareholders of approximately 9.3% above the standalone estimated future price per share of IFF common stock, cumulative of dividends.

Pro Forma Combination Analysis

Greenhill performed an illustrative pro forma transaction analysis of the potential financial impact of the Transactions on IFF’s estimated cash earnings per share for fiscal years 2021 to 2024 as if the Transactions had been completed on January 1, 2021 and subject to certain other assumptions. In this analysis, Greenhill used the pro forma earnings estimates reflected in the IFF Management Case (for IFF) and the IFF Management Case for N&B (for the N&B Business), including Synergies, at the direction of IFF management.

The following table presents the potential financial impact of the Transactions on IFF’s standalone cash earnings per share, using the IFF Management Case, excluding Synergies:

	<u>2021E</u>	<u>2022E</u>	<u>2023E</u>	<u>2024E</u>
Pro Forma Accretion/(Dilution)	(10.5%)	(1.3%)	4.2%	5.5%

General

The summary set forth above does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Greenhill, but simply describes, in summary form, the material analyses that Greenhill conducted in connection with rendering its opinion. The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process and is not necessarily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. In arriving at its opinion, Greenhill did not attribute any particular weight to any analyses or factors considered by it and did not form an opinion as to whether any individual analysis or factor, considered in isolation, supported or failed to support its opinion. Rather, Greenhill considered the totality of the factors and analyses performed in determining its opinion. Accordingly, Greenhill believes that the summary set forth above and its analyses must be considered as a whole and that selecting portions thereof, without considering all of its analyses, could create an incomplete view of the processes underlying its analyses and opinion. Greenhill based its analyses on assumptions that it deemed reasonable,

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including assumptions concerning general business and economic conditions and industry-specific factors. Analyses based on forecasts or projections of future results are inherently uncertain, as they are subject to numerous factors or events beyond the control of the parties or their advisors. Accordingly, Greenhill's analyses are not necessarily indicative of actual values or actual future results that might be achieved, which values may be higher or lower than those indicated. Moreover, Greenhill's analyses are not and do not purport to be appraisals or otherwise reflective of the prices at which businesses actually could be bought or sold. In addition, no company or transaction used in Greenhill's analysis as a comparison is directly comparable to IFF, the N&B Business or the Transactions. Because these analyses are inherently subject to uncertainty, being based on numerous factors or events beyond the control of the parties or their respective advisors, none of IFF, the N&B Business or Greenhill or any other person assumes responsibility if future results are materially different from those forecasts or projections.

The exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement was determined through arms' length negotiations between IFF and DuPont and was approved by the IFF board of directors. Greenhill provided advice to the IFF board of directors during these negotiations. Greenhill did not, however, recommend any specific exchange ratio to IFF or the IFF board of directors or that any specific exchange ratio constituted the only appropriate consideration for the Merger. Greenhill's opinion did not in any manner address the underlying business decision to proceed with or effect the Transactions.

Greenhill's opinion was approved by Greenhill's fairness opinion committee.

Greenhill has acted as financial advisor to IFF in connection with the Transactions. Greenhill in the past provided, is currently providing and in the future may provide investment banking services to IFF unrelated to the proposed Transactions, for which services Greenhill received and expects to receive compensation, including, during the two years preceding the date of Greenhill's written opinion, having acted or acting as financial advisor to IFF in connection with certain other strategic transactions for which Greenhill and its affiliates have received fees of approximately \$25 million from IFF. As IFF has been advised, during the three years preceding the date of Greenhill's written opinion, Greenhill has been engaged by, performed services for and received compensation from DuPont Capital Management ("DuPont Capital"), a subsidiary of Historical EID and as of June 1, 2019, a subsidiary of Historical EID and of Corteva, including having acted as financial advisor to DuPont Capital and Dow Chemical Company, in relation to the sale of certain limited partnership interests in the secondary capital market and related financial advisory services, for which Greenhill and its affiliates have received fees of approximately \$298,000 from former Dow Chemical and \$405,000 from DuPont Capital. Neither Greenhill nor its affiliates have invested, or have any long or short positions, in any equity or debt securities of any of the parties.

In connection with the Transactions, IFF has agreed to pay Greenhill a fee of \$40 million, of which \$5 million was paid upon the rendering of Greenhill's opinion and the remainder of which is contingent on completion of the Transactions, and an additional fee of \$8.5 million payable at IFF's discretion. IFF has also agreed to reimburse Greenhill for certain out-of-pocket expenses incurred by it in connection with its engagement and will indemnify Greenhill against certain liabilities that may arise out of its engagement.

Greenhill is an internationally recognized investment banking firm regularly engaged in providing financial advisory services in connection with mergers and acquisitions. IFF selected Greenhill as its financial advisor in connection with the Transactions on the basis of Greenhill's experience in similar transactions, its reputation in the investment banking community and its familiarity with the Specialty Value-added Ingredients industry. Greenhill's opinion was one of the many factors considered by the IFF board of directors in its evaluation of the Transactions and should not be viewed as determinative of the views of the IFF board of directors with respect to the Transactions.

Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Morgan Stanley was retained by the IFF board of directors to act as its financial advisor and to provide a fairness opinion in connection with the Transactions, including the Merger. The IFF board of directors selected Morgan Stanley to act as its financial advisor based on Morgan Stanley's qualifications, expertise and reputation, its knowledge of and experience in recent transactions in IFF's industry and its knowledge and understanding of the business and affairs of IFF. At the meeting of IFF's board of directors on December 15, 2019, Morgan Stanley rendered its oral opinion, which was subsequently confirmed in writing on December 15, 2019, that, as of such date, and based upon and subject to the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations on the scope of review undertaken by Morgan Stanley as set forth in Morgan Stanley's written opinion, the exchange ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement was fair from a financial point of view to IFF.

The full text of the written opinion of Morgan Stanley, dated December 15, 2019, is attached as Annex B and incorporated by reference into this prospectus in its entirety. The opinion sets forth, among other things, the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and qualifications and limitations on the scope of the review undertaken by Morgan Stanley in rendering its opinion. We encourage you to read Morgan Stanley's opinion and this section carefully and in its entirety. Morgan Stanley's opinion is directed to the IFF board of directors and addresses only the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the exchange ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement to IFF. Morgan Stanley's opinion did not address any other aspect of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement or the Separation Agreement and did not address any other aspects or implications of the Transactions, including the price at which IFF common stock will trade following the consummation of the Transactions or at any time, or the fairness of the amount or nature of the compensation to any of the N&B Business' or IFF's officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons, whether relative to the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement or otherwise. Morgan Stanley's opinion was not intended to, and does not constitute advice or a recommendation as to how stockholders of IFF entitled to vote on the Transactions should vote at any stockholders' meeting to be held in connection with the Transactions or to take any other action with respect to the Transactions. The summary of Morgan Stanley's opinion set forth in this prospectus is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of Morgan Stanley's opinion.

In connection with rendering its opinion, Morgan Stanley, among other things:

- reviewed certain publicly available financial statements and other business and financial information of DuPont (relating to the N&B Business) and IFF, respectively;
- reviewed certain internal financial statements and other financial and operating data concerning the N&B Business and IFF, respectively;
- reviewed certain financial projections prepared by management of the N&B Business and IFF, respectively, as further described in the section of this prospectus captioned "—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF";
- discussed the financial condition and the prospects of the N&B Business following the consummation of the Transactions, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Transactions, with management of the N&B Business and IFF, respectively;
- discussed the past and current operations and financial condition and the prospects of IFF following the consummation of the Transactions, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Transactions, with management of IFF;
- reviewed the pro forma impact of the Transactions on IFF's earnings per share, cash flow, consolidated capitalization and certain financial ratios;
- reviewed the reported prices and trading activity for IFF common stock;

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- reviewed the financial terms, to the extent publicly available, of certain comparable acquisition transactions;
- participated in discussions and negotiations among representatives of DuPont, the N&B Business and IFF and their financial and legal advisors;
- reviewed the Merger Agreement, the draft commitment letter from certain lenders substantially in the form of the drafts dated December 14, 2019 and certain related documents; and
- performed such other analyses, reviewed such other information and considered such other factors as Morgan Stanley deemed appropriate.

In arriving at its opinion, Morgan Stanley assumed and relied upon, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of the information that was publicly available or supplied or otherwise made available to Morgan Stanley by DuPont and IFF, and formed a substantial basis for its opinion. With respect to the financial projections, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Transactions, Morgan Stanley assumed that they have been reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best then-currently available estimates and judgments of the respective managements of DuPont and IFF of the future financial performance of the N&B Business and IFF. Morgan Stanley was advised by IFF, and assumed, with IFF's consent, that the financial projections were reasonable bases upon which to evaluate the business and financial prospects of N&B Business and IFF, respectively. In addition, Morgan Stanley assumed that the Transactions would be consummated in accordance with the terms set forth in the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement without any waiver, amendment or delay of any terms or conditions, including, among other things, that the Transactions would be treated as a tax-free reorganization, pursuant to the Code that IFF would obtain financing in accordance with the terms set forth in the Commitment Letter and that the definitive Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement would not differ in any material respect from the drafts thereof furnished to Morgan Stanley. Morgan Stanley assumed that in connection with the receipt of all the necessary governmental, regulatory or other approvals and consents required for the Transactions, no delays, limitations, conditions or restrictions would be imposed that would have a material adverse effect on the contemplated benefits expected to be derived in the proposed Transactions. Morgan Stanley is not a legal, tax or regulatory advisor. Morgan Stanley is a financial advisor only and relied upon, without independent verification, the assessment of IFF and DuPont and their respective legal, tax or regulatory advisors with respect to legal, tax or regulatory matters. Morgan Stanley expressed no opinion with respect to the fairness of the amount or nature of the compensation to any of DuPont's, the N&B Business's or IFF's officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons, relative to the consideration to be paid to the holders of shares of the N&B common stock in the Transactions. Morgan Stanley did not make any independent valuation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities of the N&B Business or IFF, nor was Morgan Stanley furnished with any such valuations or appraisals. Morgan Stanley's opinion was necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to Morgan Stanley as of, December 15, 2019. Events occurring after the date of Morgan Stanley's opinion may affect Morgan Stanley's opinion and the assumptions used in preparing it, and Morgan Stanley did not assume any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm its opinion. For further information regarding the financial projections, see the sections of this document entitled "—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF".

Morgan Stanley's opinion was limited to the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the exchange ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement to IFF and did not address the relative merits of the Transactions as compared to any other alternative business transaction, or other alternatives, or whether or not such alternatives could be achieved or are available, nor does it address the underlying business decision of IFF to enter into the Merger Agreement.

Summary of Financial Analyses

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses performed by Morgan Stanley in connection with its oral opinion and the preparation of its written opinion to IFF's board of directors dated December 15, 2019. The following summary is not a complete description of Morgan Stanley's opinion or the financial analyses

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performed and factors considered by Morgan Stanley in connection with its opinion, nor does the order of analyses described represent the relative importance or weight given to those analyses. Except as otherwise noted, the following quantitative information, to the extent that it is based on market data, is (i) with respect to IFF, based on market data as it existed on or before December 6, 2019, the last trading day prior to initial media speculation of a potential transaction involving IFF, and (ii) with respect to all other market data, based on market data as it existed on or before December 12, 2019, and is not necessarily indicative of current market conditions. **The financial analyses summarized below include information presented in tabular format. In order to fully understand the financial analyses used by Morgan Stanley, the tables must be read together with the text of each summary. The tables alone do not constitute a complete description of the financial analyses. The analyses listed in the tables and described below must be considered as a whole; considering any portion of such analyses and of the factors considered, without considering all analyses and factors, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the process underlying Morgan Stanley's opinion. Furthermore, mathematical analysis (such as determining the average or median) is not in itself a meaningful method of using the data referred to below.**

In performing the financial analyses summarized below and in arriving at its opinion, Morgan Stanley utilized and relied upon the IFF Management Case for N&B as described under “—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF”, the IFF Standalone Projections as described under “—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF” (hereinafter referred to as the “IFF Management Case”), certain information regarding certain potential cost efficiencies and financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Transactions prepared by management of IFF (hereinafter referred to as the “Synergies”; “Synergized” implying inclusion of Synergies in financial forecasts corresponding to certain Cases) and research analyst consensus estimates of certain financial information of IFF (hereinafter referred to as the “Street Consensus Case”). With respect to the IFF Management Case for N&B, IFF Management Case and the Synergies, Morgan Stanley assumed that they were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgements of the management of IFF, and, at the direction of IFF, Morgan Stanley relied upon the IFF Management Case for N&B, the IFF Management Case and the Synergies in arriving at its opinion. With respect to the N&B Management Case, Morgan Stanley assumed that they were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of the N&B Business.

Further, Morgan Stanley assumed, at the direction of the management of IFF, that the Synergies will be achieved at the times and in the amounts projected thereby. Morgan Stanley expressed no opinion with respect to the N&B Management Case, the IFF Management Case for N&B, the IFF Management Case or the Synergies or the assumptions upon which they were based. The Synergies assume: \$435 million of revenue synergies on a run-rate basis by end of year 3 post-close (representing EBITDA impact of \$185 million) and \$304 million of cost synergies on a run-rate basis by end of year 3 post-close, with \$314 million one-time costs to achieve (after accounting for approximately \$40 million of capital expenditure synergies); run-rate revenue synergies grown at the N&B Business top-line growth rate beyond year 3 post-close with assumed approximately 43% margin; and approximately 40 basis points of tax rate synergy. The IFF Management Case for N&B EBITDA is assumed to be burdened by incremental carve-out costs which start in year 1 post-close, reach run-rate of \$34 million by year 3 post-close and grow at a rate of 2.5% in perpetuity thereafter.

As part of the financial analysis, Morgan Stanley compared the expected ownership percentage of IFF shareholders in the combined company of 44.6% to the corresponding relative ownership percentages in the combined company implied by the respective equity values of IFF and the N&B Business based on each of a discounted cash flow analysis and a multiple-based comparable company analysis.

Discounted Cash Flow Analyses

Morgan Stanley performed discounted cash flow analyses of the N&B Business and IFF, respectively. The discounted cash flow analysis is designed to provide an implied value of a company by calculating the present value of the estimated future unlevered after-tax free cash flows and terminal value of such company. Morgan Stanley's discounted cash flow analyses assumed a December 31, 2019 valuation date.

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IFF

Morgan Stanley calculated a range of implied enterprise values (“EV”) for IFF based on IFF Management Case estimates of the standalone, unlevered, after-tax free cash flows that IFF was forecasted to generate during calendar years 2020 through 2029 as described under “—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF”, and a terminal value for IFF. Morgan Stanley estimated a range of terminal values by, at IFF’s direction, extrapolating the IFF Management Case estimated unlevered after-tax free cash flow for the terminal year and then applying perpetual growth ranging from 1.5% to 2.5%, which perpetuity growth rates were selected based on Morgan Stanley’s judgments concerning the future sustainability growth rate of IFF, to the unlevered after-tax free cash flow in such terminal year. The terminal values ranged from \$23.5 billion to \$29.3 billion in connection with the IFF Management Case. Present values of free cash flows and terminal values were calculated using a discount rate of approximately 6.7%, which is the midpoint between a selected range of 5.9% and 7.5%, which range was selected based on Morgan Stanley’s professional judgment and taking into consideration, among other things, IFF’s assumed cost of equity calculated utilizing a capital asset pricing model, which includes certain company-specific inputs such as “Beta” for IFF, as well as certain financial metrics for U.S. financial markets generally, and reflects the weighted average (by value) of (i) the estimated cost of equity determined by application of the capital asset pricing model and (ii) the estimated cost of debt. Beta is a measure of a security’s volatility relative to the overall market. Morgan Stanley utilized an estimated pre-tax cost of debt of 3.4% and an effective tax rate of 18.4%.

This analysis indicated an implied standalone IFF EV range of approximately \$19.8 billion to \$22.9 billion and an implied price per share of IFF common stock of approximately \$139 to \$167.

N&B Business

Morgan Stanley calculated a range of EVs for the N&B Business based on IFF Management Case for N&B estimates of the standalone, unlevered, after-tax free cash flows that the N&B Business was forecasted to generate during calendar years 2020 through 2029 as described under “—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF”, and a terminal value for the N&B Business. Morgan Stanley estimated a range of terminal values by, at IFF’s direction, extrapolating the IFF Management Case for N&B estimated unlevered after-tax free cash flow for the terminal year and then applying perpetual growth rates ranging from 1.5% to 2.5%, which perpetuity growth rates were selected based on Morgan Stanley’s judgments concerning the future sustainability growth rate of the N&B Business, to the unlevered after-tax free cash flow in such terminal year. The terminal values ranged from \$29.3 billion to \$36.6 billion in connection with the IFF Management Case for N&B. Present values of free cash flows and terminal values were calculated using a discount rate of approximately 6.7%, which is the midpoint between a selected range of 5.9% and 7.5%, which range was selected based on Morgan Stanley’s professional judgment and taking into consideration, among other things, the N&B Business’ assumed cost of equity calculated utilizing a capital asset pricing model which reflects the weighted average (by value) of (i) the estimated cost of equity determined by application of the capital asset pricing model and (ii) the estimated cost of debt. Morgan Stanley utilized an estimated pre-tax cost of debt of 3.5% and an effective tax rate of 22%.

This analysis indicated an implied N&B EV standalone range of approximately \$24.9 billion to \$28.8 billion.

Public Trading Comparable Company Analysis

Morgan Stanley performed a public trading comparable company analysis for the N&B Business and IFF. A public trading comparable company analysis attempts to provide an implied value of a company by comparing it to similar companies that are publicly traded.

The following list sets forth the selected publicly traded comparable companies in the nutrition & ingredients, flavor, fragrance, and specialty chemicals industries that shared certain similar business and operating

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characteristics to the N&B Business and IFF that were reviewed in connection with this analysis (the “Comparable Companies”):

- Chr. Hansen A/S
- Croda International plc
- Givaudan SA
- Kerry Group plc
- Koninklijke DSM N.V.
- Lonza Group AG
- Novozymes A/S
- Symrise AG

The above companies were chosen based on Morgan Stanley’s knowledge of the respective industries and because these companies have businesses that may be considered similar to the N&B Business and IFF. Although none of such companies are identical or directly comparable to the N&B Business and IFF, these companies are publicly traded companies with operations or other criteria, such as lines of business, markets, business risks, growth prospects, maturity of business and size and scale of business, that for purposes of its analysis Morgan Stanley considered similar or reasonably comparable to those of the N&B Business and IFF. While there may have been other companies that operate in similar industries or have similar principal lines of business or financial or operating characteristics to the N&B Business and IFF, Morgan Stanley did not specifically identify any other companies for purposes of this analysis.

For purposes of this comparative analysis, Morgan Stanley calculated and compared, among other things, the ratio of EV to research analyst consensus estimates of EBITDA for the fiscal year 2020 (such ratio, “EV/2020E EBITDA”) for each Comparable Company.

<u>Company</u>	<u>EV/2020E EBITDA</u>
Chr. Hansen A/S	22.4x
Croda International plc	15.8x
Givaudan SA	21.2x
Kerry Group plc	19.0x
Koninklijke DSM N.V.	11.9x
Lonza Group AG	16.0x
Novozymes A/S	18.6x
Symrise AG	16.3x

No company utilized in the comparable company analysis is identical to IFF or the N&B Business. In evaluating comparable companies, Morgan Stanley made judgments and assumptions with regard to industry performance, general business, economic, market and financial conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond the control of IFF and the N&B Business, such as the impact of competition on the businesses of IFF and the N&B Business and the industry generally, industry growth and the absence of any adverse material change in the financial condition and prospects of IFF or the industry or in the financial markets in general. Mathematical analysis (such as determining the average or median) is not in itself a meaningful method of using comparable company data.

IFF

Based on the results of this analysis and other factors which Morgan Stanley considered appropriate based on its experience and judgment, Morgan Stanley selected a representative range of EV/2020E EBITDA multiples for

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IFF of 15.5x to 18.0x and applied this range of multiples to (1) IFF Management Case EBITDA for the fiscal year 2020 of approximately \$1,202 million and (2) IFF's Street Consensus Case EBITDA for the calendar year 2020 of approximately \$1,192 million. This analysis indicated (1) an implied IFF EV standalone range of approximately \$18.6 billion to \$21.6 billion and an implied price per share range of IFF common stock of approximately \$129 to \$156 under the IFF Management Case and (2) an implied IFF EV standalone range of approximately \$18.5 billion to \$21.5 billion and an implied price per share of IFF common stock of \$128 to \$154 under the Street Consensus Case.

N&B Business

Based on the results of this analysis and other factors which Morgan Stanley considered appropriate based on its experience and judgment, Morgan Stanley selected a representative range of EV/2020E EBITDA multiples for the N&B Business of 16.0x to 18.0x and applied this range of multiples to the IFF Management Case for N&B EBITDA for the fiscal year 2020 of approximately \$1,522 million. This analysis indicated an implied N&B Business EV standalone range of approximately \$24.3 billion to \$27.4 billion.

Relative Ownership Analyses

Based on comparing the implied range of valuations for each of IFF and the N&B Business calculated pursuant to the discounted cash flow analyses and trading multiples analyses described above, Morgan Stanley calculated the illustrative implied ownership of IFF's shareholders in the combined company after the consummation of the Transactions using the implied equity values of IFF and the N&B Business, respectively. At IFF's direction, Morgan Stanley calculated IFF's estimated equity value by subtracting \$126 million of non-controlling interest and \$4.0 billion of net debt and estimated transaction fees from IFF's implied standalone EV ranges. Morgan Stanley calculated the N&B Business' equity value by subtracting the \$7.3 billion dividend to DuPont from the N&B Business' implied standalone EV ranges. This analysis indicated the following approximate implied ownership ranges of the IFF's shareholders in the combined company after the consummation of the Transactions:

	Implied Ownership Ranges of IFF's Shareholders in Combined Company
Trading Multiples Analyses	42.0% - 50.7%
Discounted Cash Flow Analysis	42.1% - 51.7%

Morgan Stanley then compared the respective ranges of implied ownership above to the implied ownership of IFF's shareholders in the combined company of 44.6% after the consummation of the Transactions as implied by the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement.

Other Factors

Morgan Stanley noted for the IFF board of directors certain additional factors solely for informational purposes, including, among other things, the following.

IFF Trading Range and Research Targets

To provide a historical perspective, Morgan Stanley reviewed the historical trading range of IFF common stock for the 52-week period prior to December 6, 2019 and share price targets for IFF common stock prepared and published by certain equity research analysts, which reflect each analyst's estimate of the undiscounted future public market trading price of IFF common stock. The future undiscounted public market trading price targets for IFF common stock were Lauren Lieberman (Barclays), \$113, James Targett (Berenberg), \$135, Gunther Zechmann (Bernstein), \$161, Prashant Juvekar (Citi), \$155, Jonathan Feeney (Consumer Edge Research), \$123, Faiza Alwy (Deutsche Bank), \$145, Heidi Vesterinen/Nicola Tang (Exane BNP Paribas), \$108, Adam Samuelson (Goldman Sachs), \$153, Jeffrey Zekauskas (JPMorgan), \$150, Alexandra Thrum (Morgan Stanley),

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\$138, Thomas Swoboda (Societe Generale), \$157, Mark Astrachan (Stifel), \$135, John Roberts (UBS), \$163, Michael Sison (Wells Fargo), \$135, each as of December 9, 2019. Morgan Stanley also discounted such share price targets to present value (as of December 6, 2019) by applying an illustrative one-year discount period at an equity discount rate of approximately 7.8%, which was selected based on Morgan Stanley's professional judgment and taking into consideration, among other things, IFF's assumed cost of equity calculated utilizing a capital asset pricing model, a theoretical financial model commonly used to estimate the cost of equity capital based on a given equity security's "Beta", among other variables, and includes certain financial metrics for the U.S. financial markets generally. Beta is a measure of a security's volatility relative to the overall market. Morgan Stanley noted that the low and high closing prices for shares of IFF common stock for the 52-week period ending December 6, 2019, indicated an implied IFF EV range of approximately \$15.8 billion to \$21.3 billion. Morgan Stanley also noted an implied range of IFF EV based on equity research analysts' share price targets for IFF common stock as of December 6, 2019, discounted as described above, of approximately \$15.3 billion to \$21.1 billion, and undiscounted of approximately \$16.2 billion to \$22.5 billion.

The public market trading price targets published by securities research analysts do not necessarily reflect current market trading prices for IFF common stock and these estimates are subject to uncertainties, including the future financial performance of IFF and future financial market conditions.

Selected Precedent Transactions Analysis

In connection with its analysis, Morgan Stanley compared publicly available market data for certain selected precedent transactions in the Specialty Value-added Ingredients industry. Morgan Stanley calculated and compared the ratio of the EV of the target implied by the consideration paid in each selected transaction to each such target company's EBITDA for the 12-month period prior to the announcement date of the applicable transaction ("LTM EBITDA," and such ratio, "EV/LTM EBITDA") for the following publicly announced transactions:

<u>Announcement Date</u>	<u>Acquiror</u>	<u>Target</u>	<u>EV/LTM EBITDA</u>
May 2018	IFF	Frutarom	20.3x
March 2018	Givaudan	Naturex	22.8x

Based on the results of this analysis and other factors which Morgan Stanley considered appropriate based on its experience and judgment, Morgan Stanley applied EV/LTM EBITDA multiples of 20.3x and 22.8x to IFF management's estimate of EBITDA for the N&B Business for the fiscal year 2019 of approximately \$1,430 million, which indicated an implied N&B Business EV range of approximately \$29.0 billion to \$32.6 billion, respectively.

No company or transaction utilized in the selected precedent transactions analyses is identical to the Transactions, IFF or the N&B Business. In evaluating the selected precedent transactions, Morgan Stanley made judgments and assumptions with regard to general business, market and financial conditions and other matters, which are beyond the control of DuPont, the N&B Business and IFF, such as the impact of competition on the business of IFF, the N&B Business or the industry generally, industry growth and the absence of any adverse material change in the financial condition of the N&B Business, IFF or the industry or in the financial markets in general, which could affect the public trading value of the companies and the EV of the selected precedent transactions to which they are being compared.

DCF Value Creation Analysis

Morgan Stanley determined the pro forma combined company equity value by taking (1) the standalone equity value of IFF using the midpoint value determined in Morgan Stanley's discounted cash flow analysis described above in "Discounted Cash Flow Analysis", minus (2) 55.4% of the standalone equity value of IFF using the midpoint value determined in Morgan Stanley's discounted cash flow analysis described above in "Discounted

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Cash Flow Analysis”, plus (3) 44.6% of the equity value of the N&B Business using the midpoint value described above in “Discounted Cash Flow Analysis” and plus (4) 44.6% of the estimated present value of the expected synergies which were determined using a perpetuity growth rate of 2.0% and discounted at an illustrative pro forma weighted average cost of capital of approximately 6.7%. This value creation analysis, at the exchange ratio implying ownership of IFF shareholders in the combined company of 44.6%, yielded equity value creation to such shareholders of approximately 10.7%.

Multiple-Based Value Creation Analysis

Morgan Stanley reviewed certain market-based analyses of the potential illustrative value created by the Transactions for the existing shareholders of IFF common stock that compared the estimated future price per share of IFF common stock, cumulative of dividends, on a standalone basis (by applying a multiple of IFF’s EV divided by the NTM EBITDA, using the unaffected 10-day Volume-Weighted Average Price per share of IFF common stock of \$141.04 as of December 6, 2019, and applying that multiple to an IFF Management Case forecasted EBITDA to derive a future IFF EV and subsequently IFF future equity value and IFF standalone price per share of common stock), to the implied future price per share of the ownership of IFF shareholders in the pro forma combined company, cumulative of dividends. The implied future price per share of the combined company was expressed as a range and derived based on (1) the sum of (a) the estimated pro forma NTM EBITDA of the combined company, as of December 31, 2023, based on the sum of the IFF Management Case and the IFF Management Case for N&B of \$3,560 million and (b) projected Synergies as outlined previously on page 237 multiplied by (2) a range of pro forma NTM EBITDA multiples. Based on this implied valuation range for the combined company, IFF’s share of the combined equity valuation was determined. This multiple-based value creation analysis implied a mid-point equity value creation to IFF shareholders of approximately 9.3% above the standalone estimated future price per share of IFF common stock, cumulative of dividends.

Pro Forma Combination Analysis

Morgan Stanley performed an illustrative pro forma transaction analysis of the potential financial impact of the Transactions on IFF’s estimated cash earnings per share for fiscal years 2021 to 2024 as if the Transactions had been completed on January 1, 2021 and subject to certain other assumptions. In this analysis, Morgan Stanley used the pro forma earnings estimates in the synergized IFF Management Case, at the direction of IFF management.

The following table presents the potential financial impact of the Transactions on IFF’s cash earnings per share:

	<u>2021E</u>	<u>2022E</u>	<u>2023E</u>	<u>2024E</u>
Pro Forma Accretion/(Dilution)	(10.5%)	(1.3%)	4.2%	5.5%

General

Morgan Stanley performed a variety of financial and comparative analyses for purposes of rendering its opinion. The preparation of a financial opinion is a complex process and is not necessarily susceptible to a partial analysis or summary description. In arriving at its opinion, Morgan Stanley considered the results of all of its analyses as a whole and did not attribute any particular weight to any analysis or factor it considered. Morgan Stanley believes that selecting any portion of its analyses, without considering all analyses as a whole, would create an incomplete view of the process underlying its analyses and opinion. In addition, Morgan Stanley may have given various analyses and factors more or less weight than other analyses and factors, and may have deemed various assumptions more or less probable than other assumptions. As a result, the ranges of valuations resulting from any particular analysis described should not be taken to be Morgan Stanley’s view of the actual value of the N&B Business or IFF. In performing its analyses, Morgan Stanley made numerous judgments and assumptions with respect to industry performance, general business and economic conditions and other matters. Many of these assumptions are beyond the control of DuPont, the N&B Business or IFF. These include, among other things, the impact of competition on the businesses of IFF and the N&B Business and the industry generally, industry

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growth and the absence of any adverse material change in the financial condition and prospects of IFF or the industry or in the financial markets in general. Any estimates contained in Morgan Stanley's analyses are not necessarily indicative of future results of the N&B Business or IFF or actual values, which may be significantly more or less favorable than those suggested by such estimates.

Morgan Stanley conducted the analyses described above solely as part of its analysis of the fairness of the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement from a financial point of view to IFF and in connection with the delivery of its oral opinion to IFF's board of directors subsequently confirmed in writing. These analyses do not purport to be appraisals or to reflect the prices at which shares of IFF or DuPont might actually trade following the consummation of the Transactions or at any time.

The exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement was determined through arm's-length negotiations between IFF and DuPont and was approved by IFF's board of directors. Morgan Stanley provided advice to IFF during these negotiations but did not, however, recommend any specific form or amount of consideration to IFF or IFF's board of directors, nor did Morgan Stanley opine that any specific form or amount of consideration constituted the only appropriate consideration for the Transactions. Morgan Stanley's opinion was not intended to, and does not, constitute advice or a recommendation as to how IFF's shareholders should vote at any shareholders' meeting that may be held in connection with the Transactions, or whether the shareholders should take any other action in connection with the Transactions. In addition, Morgan Stanley's opinion did not in any manner address the prices at which shares of IFF common stock will trade at any time.

Morgan Stanley's opinion and its presentation to IFF's board of directors was one of many factors taken into consideration by IFF's board of directors in deciding to approve the Transactions. Consequently, the analyses described above should not be viewed as determinative of the view of IFF's board of directors with respect to the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement or of whether IFF's board of directors would have been willing to agree to a different exchange ratio. Morgan Stanley's opinion was approved by a committee of Morgan Stanley investment banking and other professionals in accordance with its customary practice.

Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm engaged in the securities, investment management and individual wealth management businesses. Morgan Stanley's securities business is engaged in securities underwriting, trading and brokerage activities, foreign exchange, commodities and derivatives trading, prime brokerage, as well as providing investment banking, financing and financial advisory services. Morgan Stanley, its affiliates, directors and officers may at any time invest on a principal basis or manage funds that invest, hold long or short positions, finance positions, and may trade or otherwise structure and effect transactions, for their own account or the accounts of its customers, in debt or equity securities or loans of IFF, DuPont or any other company, or any currency or commodity, that may be involved in these Transactions, or any related derivative instrument.

As compensation for its financial advisory services and financial opinion, described in this section and attached to this prospectus as Annex B relating to the Transactions, IFF has agreed to pay Morgan Stanley (i) a fee of \$5 million payable upon the rendering of Morgan Stanley's opinion, and (ii) a fee of \$40 million if the Transactions are consummated (against which the fee related to the rendering of the opinion will be credited).

IFF has also agreed to reimburse Morgan Stanley for its reasonable, documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred in performing its services. In addition, IFF has agreed to indemnify Morgan Stanley and its affiliates, their respective directors, officers, agents and employees and each person, if any, controlling Morgan Stanley or any of its affiliates against certain liabilities and expenses, including certain liabilities under the federal securities laws, related to, arising out of or in connection with Morgan Stanley's engagement.

As of December 15, 2019, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., an affiliate of Morgan Stanley, has, as joint lead arranger and joint bookrunner, committed to provide financing in connection with the Transactions and is expected to receive approximately \$25 million in relation to the financing associated with the Transactions.

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Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc. was selected after discussions with IFF management based on its experience in the industry and with these types of transactions.

In the two years prior to the date of Morgan Stanley's opinion, Morgan Stanley and its affiliates have provided financial advisory and financing services for IFF, for which Morgan Stanley and its affiliates have received fees of approximately \$45 million to \$65 million from IFF, and Morgan Stanley or an affiliate thereof is a lender and agent to IFF under IFF's credit facilities. In the two years prior to the date of Morgan Stanley's opinion, Morgan Stanley and its affiliates have provided financing services for DuPont, for which Morgan Stanley and its affiliates have received fees of less than approximately \$3 million from DuPont. Morgan Stanley may seek to provide financial advisory and financing services to IFF, the N&B Business and DuPont and their respective affiliates in the future and would expect to receive fees for the rendering of those services.

Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF

Other than annual and certain other limited financial guidance provided to investors, IFF does not as a matter of course publish projections as to the future performance, earnings or other results of its business due to, among other reasons, the uncertainty of the underlying assumptions and estimates. In connection with its due diligence review of the N&B Business, IFF was provided with the DuPont Provided Financial Projections as described under "—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by DuPont," as well as certain non-public financial forecasts regarding the N&B Business for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, which forecasts did not deviate significantly from the actual results of the N&B Business for that period. Subsequently, IFF's management made certain adjustments to the DuPont Provided Financial Projections and extrapolated such adjusted N&B Business projections for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2029 (the "IFF Management Case for N&B"), in each case based on IFF management's judgment and experience in the industry, their analysis of the N&B Business and discussions with the management of DuPont and the N&B Business. The IFF board of directors was provided with IFF Management Case for N&B and certain non-public financial projections prepared by management of IFF with respect to IFF's business, as a stand-alone company, for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2029 (the "IFF Standalone Projections", and collectively with the IFF Management Case for N&B, the "IFF Financial Projections"). IFF management also provided the IFF Financial Projections to IFF's financial advisors, Greenhill and Morgan Stanley, for their use and reliance in connection with their respective financial analyses and opinions described under "—Opinions of IFF's Financial Advisors." In addition, the IFF Board and IFF's financial advisors were provided with an estimate of certain synergies expected to result from the transactions projected by IFF management. None of the estimated synergies are reflected in the IFF Financial Projections or the DuPont Provided Financial Projections, since the IFF Financial Projections and the DuPont Provided Financial Projections are unaudited financial forecasts for each of the N&B Business and IFF on a standalone basis.

In connection with certain financing activities related to the planned issuance of the Notes, on July 10, 2020, IFF was provided with the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections as described under "—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by DuPont." Subsequently, IFF's management reviewed the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections and in light thereof made certain adjustments to the IFF Management Case for N&B for fiscal years ending December 31, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 (the "July IFF Management Case for N&B"), in each case based on IFF management's judgment and experience in the industry and their analysis of the N&B Business. Also in connection with certain financing activities related to the planned issuance of the Notes, IFF's management prepared additional non-public financial forecasts with respect to IFF's business, as a stand-alone company, for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 (the "July IFF Standalone Projections", and collectively with the July IFF Management Case for N&B, the "July IFF Financial Projections"). The July IFF Financial Projections were provided to DuPont on July 26, 2020. None of the estimated synergies are reflected in the July IFF Financial Projections, since the July IFF Financial Projections are unaudited financial forecasts for each of the N&B Business and IFF on a standalone basis.

The IFF Financial Projections are being included in this document solely to give shareholders access to information that was made available to IFF's financial advisors, Greenhill and Morgan Stanley, for their use and

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reliance in connection with their respective financial analyses and opinions described under “—Opinions of IFF’s Financial Advisors” above, and to the IFF board of directors in connection with its consideration of the Transactions. The July IFF Financial Projections are being included in this document solely to comply with the anti-fraud and the other liability provisions of the federal securities laws given that these internal financial forecasts were provided to DuPont and prepared by IFF in connection with certain financing activities related to the planned issuance of the Notes. The IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections are not being included in this document in order to influence any stockholder to make any investment decision with respect to the Transactions or to vote in favor of the Share Issuance to be voted on at the special meeting of IFF shareholders, or for any other purpose.

The IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections were not prepared for the purpose of public disclosure or with a view toward compliance with published guidelines of the SEC or the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for preparation and presentation of prospective financial information or in accordance with GAAP. The IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections included in this document have been prepared by, and are the responsibility of, IFF’s management. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP has not audited, reviewed, examined, compiled nor applied agreed-upon procedures with respect to the accompanying IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections and, accordingly, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP does not express an opinion or any other form of assurance with respect thereto. The PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP report incorporated by reference in this document relates to IFF’s previously issued financial statements. It does not extend to the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections and should not be read to do so. In addition, the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections were not prepared by IFF’s financial advisors or DuPont’s financial advisors, and the financial advisors assume no responsibility for their content. Furthermore, the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections:

- were based upon numerous estimates or expectations, beliefs, opinions and assumptions with respect to the N&B Business and IFF’s business, respectively, including their respective results of operations and financial conditions, and with respect to general business, economic, market, regulatory and financial conditions and other future events, all of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond IFF’s or DuPont’s control and may not prove to be accurate;
- do not take into account any transactions, circumstances or events occurring after the date they were prepared, including the Transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement and the effect of any failure of the Merger or the other Transactions to occur;
- are not necessarily indicative of current market conditions or values or future performance, which may be significantly more favorable or less favorable than as set forth in these projections; and
- are not, and should not be regarded as, a representation that any of the expectations contained in, or forming a part of, the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections will be achieved.

IFF’s management believes that the assumptions used as a basis for the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections were reasonable at the times they were made, given the information available to IFF’s management at the time. However, the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections are not a guarantee of future performance. The future financial results of the N&B Business and IFF’s business, respectively, may materially differ from those expressed in the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections due to factors that are beyond IFF’s or DuPont’s ability to control or predict.

Although the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections are presented with numerical specificity, they are forward-looking statements that involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Further, the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections cover multiple years and such information by its nature becomes less reliable with each successive quarter and year. Shareholders are urged to read the section of this document entitled “Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Statements” for additional information regarding the risks inherent in forward-looking information such as the IFF Financial Projections and the July

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IFF Financial Projections. Shareholders should also review the factors described under “Risk Factors” and those incorporated herein by reference from Item 1A of IFF’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 and from Item 1a of IFF’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020.

IFF notes specifically that the IFF Financial Projections do not consider any potential impacts of current market conditions, including the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the recent economic impacts related thereto. The business and financial condition of IFF’s business and the N&B Business, and the business and financial condition of IFF’s and the N&B Business’s customers and suppliers, have been impacted by the significantly increased economic and demand uncertainties created by the COVID-19 outbreak. The July IFF Financial Projections for 2020 reflect, among other things, management’s estimates and assumptions regarding the continued impact of COVID-19 on 2020 results, including declines in demand in certain sectors and negative currency impacts, based on the experience of IFF’s business and IFF management’s analysis of the N&B Business up to the date of their preparation. However, IFF management is unable to estimate or otherwise predict the extent of further COVID-19 related impacts on IFF’s business and the N&B Business which depend on highly uncertain and unpredictable future developments. See the Risk Factor on page 86 regarding the ability to predict the impact of COVID-19 on the N&B Business and the Risk Factor on page 87 regarding the impact of COVID-19 on IFF’s business, including its operations, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. The July IFF Financial Projections for the years 2021 through 2023 were derived by applying compound annual growth rates that are substantially consistent with those used in the IFF Financial Projections, starting with the July IFF Financial Projections for 2020 as a base.

None of IFF, DuPont or N&B or any of their respective affiliates or representatives intend to, and, except to the extent required by applicable law, each of them expressly disclaims any obligation to, update, revise or correct the IFF Financial Projections or the July IFF Financial Projections to reflect circumstances existing or arising after the date such projections were generated or to reflect the occurrence of future events, even in the event that any or all of the assumptions underlying the projections are shown to be in error or any of the IFF Financial Projections or the July IFF Financial Projections are shown to be inaccurate.

Certain of the financial information contained in the IFF Financial Projections and the July IFF Financial Projections, including EBITDA and unlevered free cash flow, may be considered non-GAAP financial measures. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information presented in compliance with GAAP, and non-GAAP financial measures as used by IFF or DuPont may not be comparable to similarly titled amounts used by other companies. The non-GAAP financial measures used in the IFF Financial Projections were relied upon by Greenhill and Morgan Stanley for the purposes of their respective fairness opinions and by the IFF board of directors in connection with its consideration of the Transactions. Financial measures provided to a financial advisor in this context were not prepared with a view toward public disclosure and are excluded from the definition of non-GAAP financial measures under applicable SEC rules and regulations. As a result, the IFF Financial Projections are not subject to SEC rules regarding disclosures of non-GAAP financial measures, which would otherwise require a reconciliation of a non-GAAP financial measure to a GAAP financial measure. Reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures were not relied upon by Greenhill or Morgan Stanley for purposes of their respective opinions, or by the IFF board of directors in connection with its consideration of the Transactions. The non-GAAP financial measures used in the July IFF Financial Projections were provided to DuPont and are expected to be used in connection with certain financing activities related to the planned issuance of the Notes and not prepared with a view toward public disclosure. The July IFF Financial Projections are being included in this document solely to comply with the antifraud and the other liability provisions of the federal securities laws. As a result, the July IFF Financial Projections are not subject to SEC rules regarding disclosures of non-GAAP financial measures, which would otherwise require a reconciliation of a non-GAAP financial measure to a GAAP financial measure. Accordingly, IFF has not provided a reconciliation of the financial measures included in the IFF Financial Projections or the July IFF Financial Projections to the relevant GAAP financial measures.

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For the foregoing reasons, the inclusion of projections in this document should not be regarded as an indication that IFF, DuPont, N&B or their respective affiliates or representatives considered or consider the IFF Financial Projections or the July IFF Financial Projections to be a prediction of actual future events, and the projections should not be relied upon as such. The DuPont Provided Financial Projections, IFF Management Case for N&B and the July IFF Management Case for N&B should be evaluated in conjunction with the limitations described above and the historical financial statements and other information regarding the N&B Business contained elsewhere in this document, and the IFF Standalone Projections and the July IFF Standalone Projections should be evaluated in conjunction with the limitations described above and the historical financial statements and other information regarding IFF's business contained elsewhere in this document.

The IFF Management Case for N&B

The following is a summary of the IFF Management Case for N&B:

	Fiscal Year ending December 31,				
	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E	2024E
			(in millions)		
Net Sales	\$6,315	\$6,550	\$6,843	\$7,131	\$7,436
EBITDA (1)	\$1,522	\$1,621	\$1,763	\$1,864	\$1,970
Capital expenditures	\$ 235	\$ 254	\$ 264	\$ 273	\$ 284
Unlevered free cash flow (1)(2)	\$1,286	\$1,367	\$1,500	\$1,591	\$1,686

	Fiscal Year ending December 31,				
	2025E	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E
			(in millions)		
Net Sales	\$7,728	\$8,018	\$8,299	\$8,568	\$8,804
EBITDA (1)	\$2,048	\$2,126	\$2,200	\$2,272	\$2,335
Capital expenditures	\$ 295	\$ 306	\$ 317	\$ 328	\$ 337
Unlevered free cash flow (1)(2)	\$1,753	\$1,820	\$1,883	\$1,944	\$1,998

(1) N&B Business standalone EBITDA is assumed to be burdened by incremental carve-out costs which start in 2020, reach run-rate of \$34 million by the end of 2022, and grow at a rate of 2.5% in perpetuity thereafter.

(2) Calculated as EBITDA less Capital Expenditures.

The IFF Standalone Projections

IFF's management prepared non-public financial projections with respect to IFF's business as a stand-alone company. These projections do not give pro forma effect to the combination of IFF and the N&B Business.

The following is a summary of the IFF Standalone Projections:

	Fiscal Year ending December 31,				
	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E	2024E
			(in millions)		
Net Sales	\$5,299	\$5,572	\$5,869	\$6,139	\$6,416
EBITDA	\$1,202	\$1,317	\$1,412	\$1,514	\$1,590
Capital expenditures	\$ 210	\$ 211	\$ 210	\$ 210	\$ 210
Unlevered free cash flow (1)	\$ 992	\$1,106	\$1,202	\$1,304	\$1,380

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	Fiscal Year ending December 31,				
	2025E	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E
	<i>(in millions)</i>				
Net Sales	\$6,705	\$7,006	\$7,294	\$7,549	\$7,738
EBITDA	\$1,660	\$1,732	\$1,801	\$1,862	\$1,906
Capital expenditures	\$ 219	\$ 229	\$ 239	\$ 247	\$ 253
Unlevered free cash flow (1)	\$1,440	\$1,503	\$1,562	\$1,615	\$1,653

(1) Calculated as EBITDA less Capital Expenditures.

The July IFF Management Case for N&B

The following is a summary of the July IFF Management Case for N&B:

	Fiscal Year ending December 31,			
	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E
	<i>(in millions)</i>			
Net Sales	\$6,090	\$6,339	\$6,607	\$6,915
EBITDA(1)	\$1,485	\$1,570	\$1,677	\$1,794
Capital expenditures	\$ 185	\$ 300	\$ 270	\$ 280
Unlevered free cash flow (1)(2)	\$1,300	\$1,270	\$1,407	\$1,514

(1) Reflects IFF management's current assumptions for N&B functional cost requirements and incremental carveout costs.

(2) Calculated as EBITDA less Capital Expenditures.

The July IFF Standalone Projections

IFF's management prepared non-public financial projections with respect to IFF's business as a stand-alone company. These projections do not give pro forma effect to the combination of IFF and the N&B Business.

The following is a summary of the July IFF Standalone Projections:

	Fiscal Year ending December 31,			
	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E
	<i>(in millions)</i>			
Net Sales	\$5,080	\$5,340	\$5,624	\$5,882
EBITDA	\$1,073	\$1,177	\$1,283	\$1,353
Capital expenditures	\$ 200	\$ 240	\$ 218	\$ 206
Unlevered free cash flow (1)	\$ 873	\$ 937	\$1,065	\$1,147

(1) Calculated as EBITDA less Capital Expenditures.

DuPont's Reasons for the Transactions

As discussed in the section of this document entitled "—Background of the Transactions," the DuPont board of directors and its senior management regularly review and discuss DuPont's performance, business strategy and competitive position in the industries in which it operates. In addition, the DuPont board of directors and its senior management regularly review and evaluate various strategic alternatives, including acquisitions, divestitures and other strategic transactions, in light of its strategic objectives and returns to stockholders. As a result of that process, at a regularly scheduled meeting of the DuPont board of directors on August 26, 2019, the DuPont board of directors instructed DuPont's senior management to begin outreach, starting in September 2019, to potential parties that might be interested in the N&B Business. After conducting an auction process that included a number of participants, DuPont decided that the transaction with IFF would be highly value accretive to DuPont and its stockholders and would be aligned with DuPont's strategic objectives.

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In reaching its decision to approve the Merger Agreement and the Transactions, the DuPont board of directors consulted with DuPont's senior management as well as DuPont's legal and financial advisors and considered a wide variety of factors, including the significant factors listed below, as generally supporting its decision:

- the Transactions resulted from a competitive auction process that was conducted by DuPont and its advisors and involved the participation of several interested parties;
- the belief that the Transactions provide the most attractive value with respect to the N&B Business;
- the expectation that the Separation, Distribution and Merger generally would result in a tax-efficient disposition of the N&B Business for DuPont and DuPont's stockholders, while a sale of the N&B Business for cash would result in a taxable disposition for DuPont;
- DuPont would receive approximately \$7.3 billion in cash (subject to adjustment) in connection with the Transactions, which would be received tax-free by DuPont to the extent such cash is used for repayment of certain debt, payment of dividends and/or share repurchases;
- due to the shares of IFF common stock that would be received by DuPont stockholders as consideration for the Merger, DuPont stockholders would have the opportunity to participate in the combined IFF and N&B businesses after the consummation of the Transactions;
- DuPont stockholders, by receiving shares of IFF common stock as consideration for the Merger, would have the opportunity to benefit from the belief of the DuPont board of directors and DuPont management of the complementary nature of IFF and the N&B Business, and that combining the portfolios will create a global innovation driven industry leader of ingredients, flavor, scent and taste offerings for consumers;
- DuPont stockholders, by receiving shares of IFF common stock as consideration for the Merger, would have the opportunity to benefit from the belief of the DuPont board of directors and DuPont management that the highly compatible cultures of the two businesses will drive sustainable industry innovation;
- the synergies associated with a combination of IFF and the N&B Business that are expected to be both significant and achievable;
- the ability of each of DuPont's and the N&B Business's management teams to concentrate on the expansion and growth of their respective businesses following the Separation, allowing each group of management to pursue the development of business strategies most appropriate to their respective operations;
- the results of DuPont's senior management's due diligence review of IFF's business;
- the belief that DuPont stockholders, by receiving shares of IFF common stock as consideration for the Merger, would benefit from the scale of the combined company and diversity of its lines of business;
- the belief that DuPont stockholders, who would receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger, would benefit from the expertise provided by the addition to IFF's board of directors of six directors to be designated by DuPont, including Mr. Ed Breen who will join the board of IFF as a DuPont appointee and will serve as Lead Independent Director starting June 1, 2021;
- the support of IFF's largest shareholder, Winder, and its willingness to enter into a voting agreement to vote in favor of the Share Issuance; and
- the review by the DuPont board of directors with DuPont's senior management and legal and financial advisors of the terms and conditions and structure of the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement, the form of the Tax Matters Agreement, the Employee Matters Agreement and the other agreements relating to the Transactions that had been negotiated and were substantially complete, including the parties' representations, warranties and covenants, the conditions to their respective obligations and the termination provisions, as well as the likelihood of the consummation of the

Transactions and the DuPont board of directors' evaluation of the likely time period necessary to close the Transactions.

In the course of its deliberations, the DuPont board of directors also considered a variety of risks and other potentially negative factors, including the following:

- while the Transactions are expected to be completed, there is no assurance that all conditions to the parties' obligations to complete the Transactions will be satisfied or waived, and as a result, it is possible that the Transactions might not be completed;
- because the consideration to be received by DuPont's stockholders in the Transactions consists of a fixed percentage of shares of IFF's common stock, the value of the IFF common stock received in the Merger could fluctuate significantly based on a number of factors, many of which are outside of the control of DuPont or are unrelated to the performance of the N&B Business and some of which are outside of the control of both DuPont and IFF, including general market conditions;
- risks relating to the separation of the N&B Business from DuPont and the operation of the N&B Business as a separate business from DuPont's other businesses;
- risks relating to integrating the N&B Business with IFF's current operations and the potential effects on the value of the IFF common stock to be received in the Merger as noted above;
- that DuPont, prior to the completion of the Transactions, is required to conduct the N&B Business in the ordinary course consistent with past practice, subject to specific limitations and exceptions, which could delay or prevent DuPont from undertaking business opportunities that may arise prior to the completion of the Transactions; and
- risks of the type and nature described under the section of this document entitled "Risk Factors."

The DuPont board of directors considered all of these factors as a whole and, on balance, concluded that they supported a favorable determination that the Merger and the Separation were in the best interest of DuPont and its stockholders, and to approve the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement and the Employee Matters Agreement, the transactions contemplated thereby, including the Internal Reorganization, the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger and the entrance into other Transaction Documents either in form attached to the Merger Agreement and Separation Agreement or as negotiated by DuPont's authorized officers. The foregoing discussion of the information and factors considered by the DuPont board of directors is not exhaustive. In view of the wide variety of factors considered by the DuPont board of directors in connection with its evaluation of the Transactions and the complexity of these matters, the DuPont board of directors did not consider it practical to, nor did it attempt to, quantify, rank or otherwise assign relative weights to the specific factors that it considered in reaching its decision. The DuPont Board evaluated the factors described above, among others, and unanimously determined, among other things, that the Merger and the Separation were in the best interest of DuPont and its stockholders, and approved the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement and the Employee Matters Agreement, the transactions contemplated thereby, including the Internal Reorganization, the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger and the entrance into other Transaction Documents either in form attached to the Merger Agreement and Separation Agreement or as negotiated by DuPont's authorized officers. In considering the factors described above and any other factors, individual members of the DuPont board of directors may have viewed factors differently or given different weight or merit to different factors. This explanation of the factors considered by the DuPont board of directors is in part forward-looking in nature and, therefore, should be read in light of the factors discussed in the sections of this document entitled "Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors."

Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by DuPont

Other than quarterly and annual financial guidance provided to investors, DuPont does not as a matter of course publish projections as to the future performance, earnings or other results of its business due to, among other reasons, the uncertainty of the underlying assumptions and estimates. In connection with the due diligence

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review of the N&B Business by IFF, on September 12, 2019, DuPont provided to IFF and its financial advisors certain non-public financial forecasts for the N&B Business for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023. These forecasts were updated during the due diligence process as additional information on the actual performance of the N&B Business for fiscal year 2019 became available, which not only improved the ability of management of the N&B Business to evaluate the initial financial forecasts provided for 2019, but also helped management of the N&B Business identify trends related to the performance of the N&B Business more generally. As such, on October 21, 2019, DuPont provided updated financial forecasts to IFF for the N&B Business for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023, which reflected updated financial results for fiscal year 2019 and the roll-forward impact of the update to fiscal year 2019 on the periods thereafter. On November 26, 2019, DuPont provided further updated financial forecasts to IFF solely for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 and 2020, based on further updated financial results for fiscal year 2019 and the roll-forward impact of the updated fiscal year 2019 forecast on fiscal year 2020. The revised financial forecasts provided on October 21 did not differ in a material manner from the initial financial forecasts provided on September 12, and the revised financial forecasts for fiscal year 2019 and 2020 provided on November 26 did not differ in a material manner from the financial forecasts for those periods provided on October 21. The revised financial forecasts for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 provided on November 26 did not differ in a material manner from the actual results of the N&B Business for that period. As described above, the non-public financial forecasts regarding the N&B Business for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 provided on November 26, 2019, and the non-public financial forecasts regarding the N&B Business for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2021, 2022 and 2023 provided on October 21, 2019 (which are referred to herein as the “DuPont Provided Financial Projections”) were subsequently adjusted by the management of IFF (including to take into account, among other things, the roll-forward impact in the fiscal years ending December 31, 2021, 2022 and 2023 of adjustments reflected in the revised forecasts regarding the N&B Business for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 delivered by DuPont on November 26, 2019), and the specific financial information provided to the IFF board of directors and IFF’s financial advisors is more fully addressed above.

In connection with certain financing activities related to the planned issuance of the Notes, on July 10, 2020, DuPont provided financial forecasts to IFF regarding the N&B Business for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024 (the “July DuPont Provided Financial Projections”).

The DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections were not prepared for the purpose of public disclosure or with a view toward compliance with published guidelines of the SEC or the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for preparation or presentation of prospective financial information or in accordance with GAAP but, in the view of DuPont’s management, were prepared on a reasonable basis and reflected the best then-currently available estimates and judgments of DuPont’s management on the dates of their preparation. The DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections were also not prepared on a basis consistent with the presentation of the financial statements of the N&B Business included elsewhere in this prospectus. For completeness, DuPont notes that Operating EBITDA, is defined as earnings (i.e. income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes) before interest, depreciation, amortization, non-operating pension / OPEB benefits / charges, and foreign exchange gains / losses, adjusted to exclude significant items. The DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections included in this document have been prepared by, and are the responsibility of, DuPont’s management. Neither PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP nor any other independent accountant has audited, reviewed, examined, compiled or applied agreed-upon procedures with respect to the accompanying DuPont Provided Financial Projections or the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections and, accordingly, neither PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP nor any other independent accountant expresses an opinion or any other form of assurance with respect thereto. The PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP reports included (as it relates to the financial statements of the N&B Business) or incorporated by reference (as it relates to the financial statements of DuPont) in this document relate to the historical financial statements of the N&B Business and DuPont, respectively. They do not extend to the DuPont Provided Financial Projections or the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections and should not be read to do so. The inclusion of the DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial

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Projections should not be regarded as an indication that DuPont or the DuPont board, considered, or currently considers, such information to be a reliable predictor of actual future results. Although DuPont management believed, at the date they were generated, that the DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections were prepared on a reasonable basis and reflected the best then-currently available estimates and judgments of DuPont's management, DuPont cautions stockholders and shareholders that future results could be materially different from the DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections. The summary of the DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections is included in this document in order to comply with the anti-fraud and other liability provisions of the federal securities laws given that these internal financial forecasts were provided by DuPont to IFF and its financial advisors and not to influence the decision of any stockholder or shareholder (including, without limitation, any investment decision in connection with the Transactions or any vote by IFF shareholders regarding the Share Issuance). Accordingly, the financial measures included in such forecasts are excluded from the definition of non-GAAP financial measures as defined by the SEC.

The DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections were based on numerous variables and assumptions that are inherently uncertain and may be beyond the control of DuPont. Important factors affecting results and potentially causing the DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections not to be achieved include, but are not limited to, risks and uncertainties related to the N&B Business, industry performance, the regulatory environment, general business and economic conditions, the ability of IFF to integrate the N&B successfully, and the other factors described under "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements." See also "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Financial Condition and Results of Operations of the N&B Business."

The DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections also reflect assumptions as to a number of other business decisions that are subject to change and do not necessarily reflect current estimates or assumptions DuPont's management may have about prospects for the N&B Business, changes in general business or economic conditions, or any other transaction or event that has occurred or that may occur and that was not anticipated at the time the forecasts were prepared. The DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections specifically do not take into account the Transactions, including, without limitation, any anticipated synergies associated therewith. As a result, actual results may differ materially from those contained in the DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections and may be significantly lower or higher than estimated. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the DuPont Provided Financial Projections or the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections will be realized.

DuPont notes specifically that the DuPont Provided Financial Projections did not consider any potential impacts of current market conditions, including the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the recent economic impacts related thereto. The business and financial condition of the N&B Business, and the business and financial condition of its customers and suppliers, have been impacted by the significantly increased economic and demand uncertainties created by the COVID-19 outbreak. The July DuPont Provided Financial Projections for 2020 reflect, among other things, management's estimates and assumptions regarding the continued impact of COVID-19 on 2020 results, including declines in demand in oil and gas and select industrial markets, and negative currency impacts, based on the experience of the N&B Business up to the date of their preparation. However, DuPont management is unable to estimate or otherwise predict the extent of further COVID-19 related impacts on the N&B Business which depend on highly uncertain and unpredictable future developments. See the Risk Factor on page 86 regarding the ability to predict the impact of COVID-19 on the N&B Business. The July DuPont Provided Financial Projections for the years 2021 through 2024 were derived by applying a compound annual growth rate that is substantially consistent with that used in the DuPont Provided Financial Projections, starting with the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections for 2020 as a base.

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The following is a summary of the DuPont Provided Financial Projections provided on October 21, 2019, for the fiscal years ended 2021, 2022 and 2023.

	Fiscal Year ending December 31,		
	2021E	2022E	2023E
	<i>(in millions)</i>		
Net Sales	\$ 6,710	\$ 7,006	\$ 7,325
Gross Margin	\$ 2,348	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,654
Operating EBITDA	\$ 1,742	\$ 1,892	\$ 2,046

The following is a summary of the DuPont Provided Financial Projections provided on November 26, 2019, for the fiscal year ended 2020.

	Fiscal Year ending
	December 31,
	2020E
	<i>(in millions)</i>
Net Sales	\$ 6,327
Gross Margin	\$ 2,187
Operating EBITDA	\$ 1,558

The following is a summary of the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections.

	Fiscal Year ending December 31,				
	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E	2024E
	<i>(in millions)</i>				
Net Sales	\$6,090	\$6,339	\$6,607	\$6,915	\$7,226
Operating EBITDA	\$1,530	\$1,646	\$1,761	\$1,889	\$1,983

The inclusion of the DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections in this document should not be regarded as an indication that any of DuPont, IFF or their respective officers, directors, affiliates, advisors or other representatives considered the DuPont Provided Financial Projections or the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections to be predictive of actual future events or results, and the forecasts should not be relied upon as such. None of DuPont, IFF or their respective affiliates, advisors or other representatives can assure you that actual results will not differ materially from these internal financial forecasts, and DuPont cautions stockholders and shareholders that future results could be materially different from the DuPont Provided Financial Projections and the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections (as further described above). None of DuPont, IFF or their respective affiliates, advisors or other representatives undertakes any obligation to update or otherwise revise or reconcile the DuPont Provided Financial Projections or the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections to reflect circumstances existing after the date the DuPont Provided Financial Projections or the July DuPont Provided Financial Projections were generated or to reflect the occurrence of future events even in the event that any or all of the assumptions underlying the forecasts are shown to be in error. DuPont does not intend to make publicly available any update or other revision to these forecasts. None of DuPont or its respective officers, directors, affiliates, advisors or other representatives has made or makes any representation to any stockholder, shareholder or other person regarding the N&B Business's ultimate performance compared to the information contained in these forecasts or that forecasted results will be achieved. DuPont has made no representation to IFF or any other party, in the Merger Agreement or otherwise, concerning the forecasts.

Ownership of IFF Following the Transactions

It is expected that upon completion of the Transactions, pre-Merger holders of N&B common stock and N&B Employees will hold approximately 55.4% of IFF's common stock on a fully diluted basis and IFF's existing

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equityholders will hold approximately 44.6% of IFF's common stock on a fully diluted basis, in each case, excluding any overlaps in the pre-Merger stockholder bases (subject to adjustment in limited circumstances as provided in the Merger Agreement). Based on the composition of the current significant stockholder bases of each of IFF and DuPont, IFF does not expect that there will be any individual holder of more than approximately 12% of the outstanding IFF common stock immediately following the closing of the Merger, determined on a basis of a pro rata distribution of shares of N&B common stock by DuPont without taking into account participation in the Exchange Offer.

Board of Directors and Management of IFF Following the Transactions

As of the effective time of the Merger, the IFF board of directors will consist of 13 members, and the IFF board of directors shall consist of seven current IFF directors selected by the IFF board of directors and six individuals selected by the DuPont board of directors. The IFF designees will include IFF's Chairman and CEO, who will continue as Chairman and CEO of the combined company. DuPont's Executive Chairman and CEO, Ed Breen, will join the board of the combined company as a DuPont designee and will serve as lead independent director upon the later of June 1, 2021 and the closing date of the Merger. On May 11, 2020, IFF and DuPont announced two additional DuPont director designees for the combined company. Matthias Heinzl, N&B President, and Carol A. (John) Davidson, a CPA with more than 30 years of leadership experience across multiple industries, will be appointed to join the board of the combined company at the effective time of the Merger. At the 2022 annual meeting of IFF shareholders, the IFF board of directors will take all actions necessary to set the size of the IFF board of directors at 12 members, and to include (i) DuPont's six designated directors (or any replacements thereof) and (ii) six of IFF's current directors (or any replacements thereof) as nominees to serve a full new term on IFF's board of directors. Until the second annual meeting of IFF shareholders that occurs after consummation of the Merger, (i) if a vacancy is created by the cessation of service of any DuPont designated director, then the remaining DuPont designated directors then in office will designate a replacement by a majority vote, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole DuPont designated director; and (ii) if a vacancy is created by the cessation of service of any IFF director, then the remaining IFF directors then in office will designate a replacement by a majority vote, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining IFF director.

Andreas Fibig will continue to serve as Chairman and CEO of IFF. The Executive Committee of the combined company is expected to also include: Rustom Jilla, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer; Kathy Fortmann, President, Taste, Food & Beverage; Nicolas Mirzayantz, President, Scent; Simon Herriott, President, Health & Biosciences; Angela Strzelecki, President, Pharma Solutions; Greg Yep, Executive Vice President, Chief Research & Development and Global Integrated Solutions Officer; Greg Soutendijk, Senior Vice President, Commercial Excellence; Susana Suarez Gonzalez, Executive Vice President, Chief Human Resources and Diversity & Inclusion Officer; Francisco Fortanet, Executive Vice President, Global Operations Officer; Vic Verma, Executive Vice President, Chief Information Officer; Michael DeVeau, Senior Vice President, Chief Investor Relations & Communications Officer; Etienne Laurent, Senior Vice President, Finance & Corporate Strategy; Jennifer Johnson, Executive Vice President, General Counsel; and Anne Chwat, IFF's current Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, who has agreed to remain with IFF for a period following the consummation of the Transactions to work with Ms. Johnson to ensure a smooth integration and transition. IFF and N&B have formed an Integration Office, comprised of leaders from both companies, to manage the integration of the companies.

Interests of DuPont's and N&B's Directors and Executive Officers in the Transactions

As with all holders of shares of DuPont common stock, if a director or executive officer of DuPont or N&B owns shares of DuPont common stock, directly or indirectly, such person may participate in the Exchange Offer on the same terms as other holders of shares of DuPont common stock. In any event directors and executive officers of DuPont and N&B who directly or indirectly own shares of DuPont common stock will receive shares of N&B common stock in the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off that will convert into the right to receive IFF common stock in connection with the Merger in each case on the same terms as other holders of shares of DuPont common stock.

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As more fully described in “The Merger Agreement—Post-Closing IFF Board of Directors and Officers,” certain existing DuPont directors and executive officers will or may serve as directors of IFF upon consummation of the Transactions. Otherwise, except as discussed below with respect to Matthias Heinzl’s compensation arrangements, none of the directors or executive officers of DuPont or N&B have interests in the Transactions that may be different from, or in addition to, the interests of DuPont’s stockholders generally. Those interests of Mr. Heinzl are summarized below. The members of the DuPont board of directors were aware of and considered these interests, among other matters, in reaching the determination to approve the terms of the Transactions.

For at least 18 months following the closing of the Merger if he is an N&B Employee, upon a termination of his employment by his employer without “cause” or by him for “good reason”, subject to a release of claims and a 12-month noncompetition obligation as applicable, Mr. Heinzl would be entitled to certain severance payments. These severance payments consist of (i) a lump sum cash payment equal to one and one half (1½) times (two (2) times if the termination occurs within two years following a change in control of IFF) the sum of his base salary and target annual bonus and (ii) a lump sum cash payment equal to the pro-rated portion of his target (or, if greater, actual) annual bonus for the year of termination. Had such a qualifying termination occurred on June 1, 2020, the amount of the payment would have been €2,513,875.46 (assuming the pro-rata bonus at target). A qualifying termination will be deemed to occur if Mr. Heinzl terminates employment other than for cause after the earlier of the closing of the Merger or March 31, 2021, in either case if he is not the chief executive officer of the resulting entity.

Mr. Heinzl is also party to special retention awards that will pay him (i) €750,000 if he remains employed through May 1, 2021, or if he is terminated earlier by his employer without cause, plus (ii) €1,470,458 if he remains employed through March 31, 2021, or if he is terminated earlier by his employer without cause, plus (iii) €735,229 if he remains employed through the closing of the Merger (provided that the closing of the Merger occurs on or before December 31, 2021) or if he is terminated earlier by his employer without cause or by reason of death or disability.

Mr. Heinzl also holds equity incentive compensation awards in respect of DuPont common stock that will convert into awards denominated in IFF common stock if he is an N&B Employee (as more fully described below in “—Effects of the Distribution and the Merger on DuPont Equity Awards”). In that case, upon termination by his employer without cause, his resulting IFF RSU Awards would vest and become payable, his vested stock options would remain exercisable during the one-year period following termination (but not beyond their expiration date) and, during the one-year period, his unvested options would continue to become exercisable as if he had not terminated. As of April 10, 2020, Mr. Heinzl held DuPont restricted stock units covering 89,923 shares of DuPont common stock, DuPont performance share units covering 29,325 shares of DuPont common stock at the target level of performance, vested stock options covering 30,331 shares of DuPont common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$88.24, and unvested stock options covering 88,058 shares of DuPont common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$64.00.

Interests of IFF’s Directors and Executive Officers in the Transactions

Although the closing date of the Merger will result in a change in control of IFF for purposes of certain compensation and benefits plans, with the exception of an automatic acceleration of the aggregate vested balance held in the Deferred Compensation Plan (defined below) for Marcello Bottoli and Michael Ducker, directors who participate in that plan and had not elected to defer accelerated payment upon a change in control, no payments or benefits become due to directors or executive officers upon the closing of the Merger. However, in considering the recommendations of the IFF board of directors that IFF’s shareholders vote to approve the Share Issuance, you should be aware that IFF’s executive officers have financial interests in the Transactions that may be different from, or in addition to, the interests of IFF’s shareholders generally, as more fully described below. The members of the IFF board of directors were aware of and considered these interests, among other matters, in reaching the determination to approve the terms of the Transactions, including the Merger, and in recommending to IFF’s shareholders that they vote to approve the Share Issuance. These interests are described and quantified in further detail in the narratives and tables below.

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The interests of IFF's executive officers generally include the following:

- potential enhanced severance payments in the event of a qualifying termination of employment within the first 24 months following the closing date of the Merger; and
- potential accelerated vesting of certain outstanding LTIP and equity awards in the event of a qualifying termination of employment within the first 24 months following the closing date of the Merger.

As of July 30, 2020, IFF's directors and executive officers owned less than 1% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock. Details of the beneficial ownership of IFF's directors and executive officers of IFF's common stock are set out in the section of this document entitled "Security Ownership of IFF Common Stock."

The interests of IFF's non-employee directors include the following:

- if a director's service terminates in connection with the Transactions, acceleration of IFF RSUs granted to each director on May 1, 2020; and
- automatic acceleration of the aggregate vested balance held in the Deferred Compensation Plan for Marcello Bottoli and Michael Ducker, directors who participate in that plan and had not elected to defer accelerated payment upon a change in control.

Certain Assumptions

Except as otherwise specifically noted, for purposes of quantifying the potential payments and benefits described in this section, the following assumptions were used:

- the effective time of the Merger is on June 1, 2020, which is the most recent practicable date prior to the date hereof solely for purposes of this transaction-related compensation disclosure;
- the relevant price per share of IFF common stock is \$131.02, the closing price per share as quoted on the NYSE on June 1, 2020 (the "Assumed IFF Closing Price");
- each executive officer is terminated by IFF without "cause" or terminates his or her own employment for "good reason" (as each such term is defined in the relevant plans and agreements and collectively, referred to as a "qualifying termination"), in each case, on the date of the consummation of the Merger; and
- the amounts set forth in the tables below regarding executive officer compensation are based on compensation levels as of June 1, 2020.

IFF Executive Severance Policy

The Merger will constitute a change in control with respect to IFF's Executive Severance Policy, as amended and restated on November 1, 2017 (the "ESP"); however, no payments become due upon the closing date of the Merger. Each of IFF's executive officers participates in the ESP. The ESP provides for "double-trigger" vesting, and the Merger constitutes the first trigger. A termination without "cause" or a resignation for "good reason" (in each case as defined under the ESP and described below) constitutes the second trigger. Notwithstanding the foregoing, "cause" and "good reason" for Andreas Fibig are defined under his letter agreement dated May 19, 2014 (the "Fibig Agreement") and described below, and the Fibig Agreement also provides him with certain special equity award vesting rights as described below.

The ESP also governs the treatment of IFF Equity Awards upon a change in control. Outstanding IFF Equity Awards include LTIP Awards, IFF PRSUs, IFF RSUs and IFF SSARs.

Upon a qualifying termination within 24 months following the closing date of the Merger, each executive will be entitled to receive the following benefits under the ESP, subject to a release of claims and compliance with certain restrictive covenants:

- lump-sum cash severance payment equal to two times (or three times for Mr. Fibig) the sum of (x) the executive's annual base salary and (y) the greater of (1) the executive's target annual bonus for the year

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of termination and (2) the average annual bonus paid to the executive for the three completed fiscal years immediately preceding the year of termination;

- lump-sum prorated bonus, paid out at target performance level, for the year of termination;
- with respect to LTIP Awards (both the equity portion and the cash portion), (x) for each performance segment that ended prior to the executive's termination date, an LTIP Award payment equal to the LTIP Award payment the executive would have been entitled to had the executive not been terminated, and (y) for each performance segment in which the date of termination occurs, a prorated LTIP Award payment, paid out at target performance level in a lump sum, in each case excluding the equity portion of Mr. Fibig's LTIP Awards, which are discussed below;
- all outstanding IFF Equity Awards (excluding the equity portion of LTIP Awards described above for all executive officers other than Mr. Fibig) will fully accelerate and become vested, and all of Mr. Fibig's IFF Equity Awards (including the equity portion of the LTIP Awards described above) will fully accelerate and become vested at target performance levels; and
- continued medical, dental and life insurance and short- and long-term disability insurance coverage for the executive (and the executive's spouse and dependents, if applicable) for 18 months (or 24 months for Mr. Fibig) following the qualifying termination or, if earlier, until the executive becomes employed by a new employer that offers any corresponding welfare benefit plans or the executive reaches the age of 65.

Under the ESP "cause" and "good reason" have the following definitions:

"Cause" means any of the following, provided that a resolution duly adopted by the affirmative vote of the majority of the members of the board of directors of IFF has been delivered to the executive: (i) the executive's failure to perform his or her material duties in any material respect, which if such failure is reasonably susceptible to cure as reasonably determined in the sole discretion of the compensation committee of IFF's board of directors, has continued after IFF has provided written notice of such failure and the executive has not cured such failure within ten (10) days of receipt by the executive of such written notice; (ii) willful misconduct or gross negligence by the executive that has caused or is reasonably expected to result in material injury to IFF's business, reputation or prospects; (iii) the engagement by the executive in illegal conduct or in any act of serious dishonesty which could reasonably be expected to result in material injury to IFF's business or reputation or which adversely affects the executive's ability to perform his or her duties; (iv) the executive being indicted or convicted of (or having pled guilty or nolo contendere to) a felony or any crime involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, theft or financial impropriety; or (v) a material and willful violation by the executive of IFF's rules, policies or procedures.

"Good Reason" means any of the following events, subject to notice and cure, unless the executive has consented in writing thereto: (i) a material decrease in the executive's base salary, target bonus under an annual incentive plan, long-term performance incentive plan or an equity choice program award under the IFF Incentive Plan, other than as part of an across-the-board reduction applicable to all similarly situated employees of the executive's employer; (ii) a material diminution in the executive's authority, duties or responsibilities; (iii) a relocation of the executive's primary work location more than fifty (50) miles from the executive's primary work location at the time of such requested relocation; or (iv) the failure of IFF to obtain the binding agreement of any successor to IFF expressly to assume and agree to fully perform IFF's obligations under the ESP, as contemplated in the last sentence of Section 13(a) of the ESP.

Under the Fibig Agreement, "cause" and "good reason" have the following definitions:

"Cause" means any of the following, provided that a resolution duly adopted by the affirmative vote of at least three-quarters of the members of the board of directors of IFF has been delivered to Mr. Fibig after reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard finding him guilty of the conduct set forth in (i) through (iv): (i) his being

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indicted for or convicted of (or pleading guilty or nolo contendere to) a felony or any crime involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, theft or financial impropriety; (ii) his willful and continued failure to perform substantially his duties with IFF (other than any such failure resulting from his incapacity due to physical or mental illness) after a written demand for substantial performance is delivered to him by the board of directors of IFF which specifically identifies the manner in which he has not substantially performed his duties, and which provides him with a 20 day cure period; (iii) his willful engagement in conduct which is not authorized by the board of directors of IFF or within the normal course of his business decisions and is known by him to be materially detrimental to the best interests of IFF or any of its subsidiaries, including any misconduct that results in material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under the Federal securities laws if such noncompliance results in an accounting restatement (as these terms are used in Section 304 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002); or (iv) his willful engagement in illegal conduct or any act of serious dishonesty which adversely affects, or in the reasonable estimation of the board of directors of IFF, could in the future adversely affect his value, reliability or performance to IFF in a material manner. Any act, or failure to act, based upon authority given pursuant to a resolution duly adopted by the board of directors of IFF or based upon the advice of counsel for IFF will be conclusively presumed to be done, or omitted to be done, by him in good faith and in the best interests of IFF.

“Good Reason” means his resignation from employment within 180 days after the occurrence, without his express written consent, of one of the events, subject to notice and cure: (i) an adverse change in his status or position as Chief Executive Officer of IFF (including as a result of a material diminution in his duties or responsibilities); (ii) any reduction in his base salary or target annual bonus; (iii) his being required to relocate to a principal place of employment outside of the New York City metropolitan area; or (iv) the failure of IFF to obtain an agreement from any successor to all or substantially all of the assets or business of IFF to assume and agree to perform the Fibig Agreement within fifteen (15) days after a merger, consolidation, sale or similar transaction.

No Tax Gross-Up/Potential Cutback

The ESP further provides that, if payments to an executive officer in connection with the Merger are subject to “golden parachute” excise taxes imposed under Section 4999 of the Code, the payments to the executive officer will be reduced in order to limit or avoid the “golden parachute” excise tax if and to the extent such reduction is expected to produce a better after-tax result for the executive officer. No executive officer will be entitled to any tax gross-up for the “golden parachute” excise tax in connection with the Merger.

IFF Deferred Compensation Plan

The Merger will constitute a change in control with respect to IFF’s Deferred Compensation Plan, as amended and restated on December 12, 2011 (the “Deferred Compensation Plan”). The aggregate vested balance held in the Deferred Compensation Plan for Marcello Bottoli and Michael Ducker, directors who participate in that plan and had not elected to defer accelerated payment upon a change in control, will automatically accelerate upon the closing date of the Merger.

No Other Benefits

Other than as set forth above, the directors and executive officers of IFF will receive no extra or special benefit that is not shared on a pro rata basis by all other IFF shareholders in connection with the Transactions.

As with all holders of shares of DuPont common stock, if a director or executive officer of IFF owns shares of DuPont common stock, directly or indirectly, such person may participate in the Exchange Offer on the same terms as other holders of shares of DuPont common stock.

Quantification of Potential Payments and Benefits

In accordance with Item 402(t) of Regulation S-K, the table below, entitled “Golden Parachute Compensation,” along with its footnotes, shows the compensation that could become payable to the named executive officers, as determined for purposes of its most recent annual proxy statement, and that are based on or otherwise relate to the Transactions. “Named executive officers” collectively refers to IFF’s chief executive officer, chief financial officer, former chief financial officer and the three other most highly compensated executive officers as determined in its most recent annual proxy statement. Please note that, although you are being provided with the information identified in Item 402(t) of Regulation S-K, in accordance with the rules of the SEC, you are not being asked to vote on the compensation and benefits that IFF’s named executive officers may receive in connection with the Transactions, as presented below.

The table assumes that the consummation of the Merger occurs on June 1, 2020, and each executive officer incurs a qualifying termination on such date. As noted above, no outstanding IFF Equity Awards are subject to “single trigger” vesting, and the values disclosed below for equity awards are only payable in connection with the Merger if the applicable executive officer incurs a qualifying termination. The amounts indicated below are estimates of the amounts that would be payable to the named executive officers. Such estimates are based on multiple assumptions that may or may not actually occur, including assumptions described in this document. Some of the assumptions are based on information not currently available and, as a result, the actual amounts, if any, to be received by a named executive officer may differ in material respects from the amounts set forth below.

Golden Parachute Compensation

<u>Name</u>	<u>Cash (\$) (1)</u>	<u>Equity (\$) (2)</u>	<u>Pension/NQDC (\$)</u>	<u>Perquisites/Benefits (\$) (3)</u>	<u>Total (\$)</u>
Named Executive Officers					
Andreas Fibig	11,114,271	13,470,297	0	52,199	24,636,767
Rustom Jilla	2,308,972	1,399,355	0	39,149	3,747,476
Richard O’Leary	2,376,896	3,034,467	0	45,050	5,456,413
Nicolas Mirzayantz	2,805,630	2,165,673	0	45,050	5,016,352
Matthias Haeni	2,568,368	2,652,937	0	17,238	5,238,543
Anne Chwat	1,916,073	1,831,874	0	45,050	3,792,997

- (1) As described above under “—IFF Executive Severance Policy,” upon a qualifying termination within the first 24 months following the closing date of the Merger, each named executive officer will have the right to receive certain cash severance payments. These payments are double-trigger because they will only be payable in the event of a qualifying termination, which means a termination of employment without “cause” or a resignation for “good reason,” during the applicable period.

These payments are based on the compensation and benefit levels in effect on June 1, 2020; therefore, if compensation and benefit levels are increased after June 1, 2020, actual payments to an executive officer may be greater than those provided for above.

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The amounts of the severance components described above are set forth in the following table:

Name	Salary Component (\$)	Bonus Component (\$)	Prorated Bonus Component (\$)	Cash LTIP Component (\$)	Total (\$)
Named Executive Officers					
Andreas Fibig	3,900,000	4,680,000	650,000	1,884,271	11,114,271
Rustom Jilla	1,140,000	912,000	165,933	91,039	2,308,972
Richard O’Leary	1,030,000	824,000	171,667	351,230	2,376,896
Nicolas Mirzayantz	1,248,000	998,400	208,000	351,230	2,805,630
Matthias Haeni	1,127,358	901,887	187,893	351,230	2,568,368
Anne Chwat	992,000	595,200	124,000	204,873	1,916,073

As part of severance, each executive is entitled to a multiple of his or her annual salary and annual target bonus (or, if greater, the average annual bonus paid to the executive in the three prior years) as well as a prorated bonus for the year of termination and a prorated LTIP Award. The value of any portion of the LTIP Awards that are cash awards is included in the cash column. For purposes of this disclosure, the cash portion of the LTIP Awards has been calculated assuming actual performance for each performance segment that ended prior to the executive’s termination date, and target performance for each performance segment in which the date of termination occurs. For purposes of these calculations, the prorated bonus is equal to each executive’s prorated portion of his or her target bonus assuming that the closing of the Merger and the executive’s termination of employment occurred on June 1, 2020, based on the days lapsed from the beginning of 2020 through such date.

- (2) As described above under “—IFF Executive Severance Policy”, upon a qualifying termination within the first 24 months following the closing date of the Merger, each executive officer will be entitled to full acceleration and immediate vesting of his or her then outstanding IFF Equity Awards, excluding the equity portion of the LTIP Awards (other than for Mr. Fibig), and a prorated equity portion of the LTIP Awards (other than for Mr. Fibig, for whom the equity portion is not prorated). The value of any portion of the LTIP Awards that are equity awards is included in the equity column. The equity value for each executive is equal to the product of (x) the number of shares with respect to the outstanding restricted stock, performance share awards and/or stock appreciation rights, as applicable, that will immediately vest upon a change in control coupled with a qualifying termination (which, for purposes of this disclosure, has been calculated assuming actual performance for each performance segment that ended prior to the executive’s termination date, and target performance for each performance segment in which the date of termination occurs (other than for Mr. Fibig)) multiplied by (y) the Assumed IFF Closing Price. IFF does not have outstanding, and no executive officer holds, any other type of IFF Equity Award besides the equity portion of LTIP Awards, IFF PRSUs, IFF RSUs and IFF SSARs. These payments are double-trigger because they will only be payable in the event of a qualifying termination during the applicable period.

The amounts of the equity value components described above are set forth in the following table:

Name	Restricted Shares (\$)	IFF SSARs (\$)	Shares LTIP Component (\$)	Total (\$)
Named Executive Officers				
Andreas Fibig	9,467,898	0	4,002,399	13,470,297
Rustom Jilla	1,305,352	0	94,003	1,399,355
Richard O’Leary	2,714,734	0	319,732	3,034,467
Nicolas Mirzayantz	1,845,941	0	319,732	2,165,673
Matthias Haeni	2,333,204	0	319,732	2,652,937
Anne Chwat	1,645,349	0	186,525	1,831,874

- (3) As described above, under “—IFF Executive Severance Policy,” upon a qualifying termination within the first 24 months following the closing date of the Merger, each executive officer will have the right to

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continued medical, dental and life insurance and short- and long-term disability coverage for the executive (and the executive's spouse and dependents, if applicable) for a period of 18 months (or 24 months for Mr. Fibig) following such termination or, if earlier, until the executive becomes employed by a new employer that offers any corresponding welfare benefit plans or the executive reaches the age of 65. The executives are not entitled to the continuation of any perquisites following a change in control and qualifying termination, so the perquisite/benefits value reflects only the value of health benefits and group insurance benefits.

Effects of the Distribution and the Merger on DuPont Equity Awards

The Employee Matters Agreement provides for the treatment of DuPont stock options and stock appreciation rights ("DuPont Options" and "DuPont Stock Appreciation Rights," respectively) and DuPont restricted stock units (both those with exclusively time-based vesting ("DuPont RSU Awards") and performance-share units that also have a performance-vesting component ("DuPont PSU Awards")) in each case that are held by N&B Employees (collectively, "Conversion Equity Awards"). As explained further below, all such Conversion Equity Awards will be converted into IFF Equity Awards effective as of the closing of the Merger, generally with comparable value and comparable remaining vesting schedules (with any reference in respect of the Conversion Equity Award to a "change in control" or similar term deemed to refer to such a "change in control" in respect of IFF that occurs following the closing of the Merger). No other equity incentive compensation awards denominated in DuPont common stock, including those held by Former N&B Business Employees, will be converted into IFF awards, and such awards will instead be equitably adjusted to reflect the Distribution as determined by the People and Compensation Committee of the DuPont board of directors as appropriate pursuant to the terms of the equity compensation plan under which they were granted.

DuPont Options and Stock Appreciation Rights

Each Conversion Equity Award that is a DuPont Option or DuPont Stock Appreciation Right will be converted into an IFF Option or an IFF SSAR, as applicable, subject to the same terms and conditions after the closing of the Merger as were applicable immediately prior to the closing of the Merger, except that the number of shares subject to the IFF award will be the number of DuPont shares subject to the award immediately before the closing of the Merger multiplied by the "Equity Adjustment Ratio," rounded down to the nearest whole share number, and the applicable exercise price will be the exercise price under the award immediately before the closing of the Merger divided by the Equity Adjustment Ratio, rounded up to the nearest penny. For purposes of the equity award conversion mechanic described in this "Effects of the Distribution and the Merger on DuPont Equity Awards," Equity Adjustment Ratio means a fraction, (a) the numerator of which is the volume-weighted average price of a share of DuPont common stock on the NYSE trading on the "regular way" basis for each of the twenty (20) trading days immediately preceding the Distribution date, and (b) the denominator of which is the volume-weighted average of a share of IFF common stock on the NYSE trading on the "regular way" basis for each of the twenty (20) trading days immediately preceding the closing of the Merger.

Restricted Stock Units

Each Conversion Equity Award that is a DuPont RSU Award will be converted into an IFF RSU Award subject to the same terms and conditions (excluding from and after the closing of the Merger any rights to dividend equivalents) as were applicable immediately prior to the closing of the Merger, except that the number of shares subject to the IFF award will be the number of DuPont shares subject to the award immediately before the closing of the Merger multiplied by the Equity Adjustment Ratio, rounded up to the nearest whole share number.

Performance Share Units

Each Conversion Equity Award that is a DuPont PSU Award will be converted into an IFF RSU Award. The number of shares of IFF common stock to which the IFF RSU Award relates will equal the product, rounded up

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to the nearest whole number of shares, obtained by multiplying the number of DuPont common stock shares subject to the DuPont PSU Award immediately before the closing of the Merger by the Equity Adjustment Ratio. For purposes of determining the number of shares of DuPont common stock subject to the DuPont PSU Award, the performance criteria under the DuPont PSU Award will be deemed satisfied at the actual level of performance immediately preceding the closing of the Merger (as determined by the People and Compensation Committee of the DuPont board of directors in its reasonable good faith discretion). The IFF RSU Award otherwise will be subject to the same terms and conditions (excluding from and after the closing of the Merger any rights to dividend equivalents) as were applicable immediately prior to the closing of the Merger.

Certain Additional Considerations

Each of DuPont, N&B and IFF will take such commercially reasonable additional actions as are deemed necessary or advisable by those parties to comply with securities laws and other legal requirements associated with equity compensation awards in the U.S. and affected non-U.S. jurisdictions with respect to the shares of IFF common stock authorized for issuance under Conversion Equity Awards, including the substitution of cash settlement, where IFF determines, following good faith consultation with DuPont, that applicable law or tax considerations prohibit or make commercially impracticable settlement in IFF common stock or, as determined by IFF, following good faith consultation with DuPont, would otherwise frustrate the intent of the equity conversion mechanic described above.

IFF's Shareholders Meeting

Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, IFF agreed to take all lawful action to call, give notice of, convene and hold a meeting of its shareholders for the purpose of voting upon the issuance of shares of IFF's common stock in the Merger and related matters as promptly as practicable following the date on which the SEC has cleared IFF's proxy statement. IFF asked its shareholders to vote on a proposal to approve the Share Issuance at the special meeting of IFF shareholders by delivering IFF's proxy statement to its shareholders in accordance with applicable law and its organizational documents. The IFF board of directors has unanimously recommended that IFF shareholders vote in favor of the proposal. On August 27, 2020, IFF shareholders approved the Share Issuance at a special meeting.

No vote of DuPont stockholders is required or being sought in connection with the Transactions.

Accounting Treatment and Considerations

ASC 805, *Business Combinations*, requires the use of the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. In applying the acquisition method, it is necessary to identify the accounting acquirer. In a business combination effected primarily through an exchange of equity interests, such as the Merger, the entity that issues its equity interests (IFF in this case) is usually the acquiring entity. However, in identifying the acquiring entity in a combination effected through an exchange of equity interests, all pertinent facts and circumstances must be considered, including, but not limited to, the following:

- *The relative voting interests of significant stockholders and the ability of any of those stockholders to exercise control over the consolidated entity after the Transactions.* It was determined that upon the combination pre-Merger holders of shares of N&B common stock will own 55.4 percent of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock, on a fully diluted basis. In this case, it was also determined that the stockholder bases of both entities are dispersed such that no single stockholder or group of related stockholders would control the entity after the Transactions.
- *The composition of the governing body of IFF after the Transactions.* The board of directors of the combined company immediately following the Merger is expected to consist of seven members from the board of directors of IFF immediately prior to the consummation of the Merger and six DuPont director appointees. At the 2022 IFF annual meeting, the composition of the board will revert to six IFF

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and six DuPont designated directors, and thereafter, directors will be elected annually according to a typical nomination and election process. However, given IFF has majority in the governing body until the 2022 IFF annual meeting, IFF has influence over the governing body for at least a period of time.

- *The composition of the senior management of IFF after the Transactions.* Effective as of the closing of the Merger, Andreas Fibig shall continue as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the combined company and Rustom Jilla shall continue as the Chief Financial Officer of the combined company. The Executive Committee of the combined company is expected to also include the individuals listed in the section entitled “Information on IFF—Directors and Officers of IFF Before and After the Transactions.” IFF and N&B have formed an Integration Office, comprised of leaders from both companies, to manage the integration of the companies.

After considering all pertinent facts, reviewing the criteria outlined in ASC 805 and conducting the relevant analysis, IFF has concluded that it is the accounting acquirer in the Merger. IFF’s conclusion is based primarily upon the following facts: (1) seven of thirteen members of the board of directors positions in the combined entity will be determined by IFF, (2) the current Chief Executive Officer and the current Chief Financial Officer of IFF as noted above will continue as Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the combined company after the Merger and (3) IFF is issuing its equity interests as consideration for the Merger. The above facts are deemed to outweigh the fact that the pre-Merger holders of shares of N&B common stock that receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger will in the aggregate own a majority of IFF common stock on a fully diluted bases and associated voting rights after the Merger. As a result of the identification of IFF as the acquirer, IFF will apply the acquisition method of accounting to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed of the N&B Business upon consummation of the Merger. Upon consummation of the Merger, the historical financial statements will reflect only the operations and financial condition of IFF.

Regulatory Approvals

Completion of the Merger is subject to antitrust and competition laws in various jurisdictions.

Under the HSR Act, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder by the FTC, the Merger cannot be consummated unless certain information has been furnished to the FTC and the DOJ, and specified waiting period requirements have been satisfied.

Each of IFF and N&B filed a Pre-Merger Notification and Report Form pursuant to the HSR Act with the DOJ and the FTC on February 3, 2020. The waiting period under the HSR Act expired at 11:59 p.m. (Eastern Time in the United States) on March 4, 2020.

At any time before or after the consummation of any such transaction, the FTC or the DOJ could take such action under the antitrust laws of the United States as it deems necessary or desirable in the public interest, including seeking to enjoin the transaction or seeking divestiture of certain assets. At any time before or after the consummation, private parties (including individual States) may also bring legal actions under the antitrust laws of the United States.

Under the Merger Agreement, the Merger is conditioned upon (i) obtaining any applicable consents, authorizations, orders, or approvals required under the competition or antitrust laws of Brazil, China, the European Union, Mexico, Russia, South Africa, Turkey, Ukraine and Serbia; and (ii) the absence of any law or binding governmental order or taking of any other action prohibiting, enjoining, restraining or otherwise making illegal the Separation, the Distribution or the Merger by a court of competent jurisdiction or other governmental authority in Brazil, China, the European Union, Mexico, Russia, South Africa, Turkey, Ukraine and Serbia (DuPont and IFF shall also consider the inclusion of any additional jurisdictions in good faith).

IFF and the N&B Business derive revenues in various non-U.S. jurisdictions where consents, authorizations, orders, or approvals under the applicable competition, antitrust or similar laws may be required or advisable. In

addition to those countries described above where obtaining any applicable consents, authorizations, orders, or approvals is required as a condition to the consummation of the Merger, the parties are seeking or have sought clearance from the Competition Commission of India, the Korea Fair Trade Commission and the Superintendence of Industry and Commerce in Colombia.

The parties previously filed the required notification forms with and have received clearance with respect to the Merger from each of the Superintendence of Industry and Commerce in Colombia, the Commission for the Protection of Competition in Serbia, the Administrative Council for Economic Defense in Brazil, the Anti-Monopoly Committee of Ukraine, the Competition Commission of India, the Korea Fair Trade Commission, the Federal Antimonopoly Service of Russia, the Turkish Competition Board, the Competition Commission of South Africa and the Chinese State Administration for Market Regulation. With respect to the European Union, the parties are currently engaged in pre-notification proceedings with the European Commission and have submitted a draft notification to the European Commission. The parties are also engaged in finalizing their responses to certain requests for information received from the European Commission. With respect to Mexico, the parties previously filed the required notification forms and are engaged in finalizing their responses to certain requests for information. While the parties believe that all regulatory clearances will ultimately be obtained, they cannot be certain when or if such clearances will be obtained, or if the clearances will contain terms, conditions or restrictions that will be detrimental to or adversely affect, IFF, the N&B Business or their respective subsidiaries after the completion of the Transactions.

The Merger Agreement provides that each party to the Merger Agreement will use its reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, and to do, or cause to be done, and to assist and cooperate with the other parties in doing, all things necessary, proper or advisable to obtain all actions or nonactions, waivers, consents and approvals from governmental authorities (including any required action or non-action under antitrust and competition laws) that may be or become necessary to consummate the Merger prior to the effective time of the Merger. These obligations are described in further detail in the section entitled “The Merger Agreement—Regulatory Matters” on page 276.

THE MERGER AGREEMENT

The following is a summary of the material provisions of the Merger Agreement. This summary is qualified in its entirety by the Merger Agreement, which is incorporated by reference in this document. Stockholders of DuPont and IFF are urged to read the Merger Agreement in its entirety. This summary of the Merger Agreement has been included to provide DuPont stockholders and IFF shareholders with information regarding its terms. The rights and obligations of the parties are governed by the express terms of the Merger Agreement and not by this summary or any other information included in this document. This summary is not intended to provide any other factual information about IFF, Merger Sub I, DuPont or N&B. Information about IFF, Merger Sub I, DuPont and N&B can be found elsewhere in this document and in the documents incorporated by reference into this document. See also “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference.”

The Merger

Under the Merger Agreement and in accordance with the DGCL, at the effective time of the Merger, Merger Sub I will merge with and into N&B. As a result of the Merger, the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub I will cease and N&B will continue as the surviving corporation and will succeed to and assume all the rights, powers and privileges and be subject to all of the obligations of Merger Sub I in accordance with the DGCL. As a result of the Merger, N&B will become a direct wholly owned subsidiary of IFF. The N&B Certificate of Incorporation and N&B Bylaws in effect immediately prior to the Merger will be the certificate of incorporation and bylaws of the surviving corporation following the consummation of the Merger.

Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, the directors and officers of Merger Sub I immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger will be the initial directors and officers of the surviving corporation after the effective time of the Merger.

Closing; Effective Time

Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, the closing of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement will take place on the third business day after the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions precedent to the Merger (other than those, including the completion of the Separation and the Distribution, that are to be satisfied at or immediately prior to the closing), or at such other date and time as IFF and DuPont may mutually agree; provided that the closing will not occur prior to January 4, 2021. On the closing date, N&B and Merger Sub I will file a certificate of merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware to effect the Merger. The Merger will become effective at the time of filing of the certificate of merger or at such later time as DuPont and IFF may agree and cause N&B and Merger Sub I to specify such time in the certificate of merger.

Merger Consideration

The Merger Agreement provides that, at the effective time of the Merger, each issued and outstanding share of N&B common stock (except for any such shares held as treasury stock by N&B or by DuPont, which, in each case, will be cancelled immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger and cease to exist, and no stock or other consideration will be issued or delivered in exchange therefor) will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of IFF common stock, or a cash payment in lieu of fractional shares, equal to the exchange ratio set forth in the Merger Agreement. The exchange ratio is defined as (i) (A) the number of outstanding shares of IFF common stock on a fully diluted, as-converted and as-exercised basis immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger multiplied by (B) the quotient of 55.4 divided by 44.6 divided by (ii) the number of shares of N&B common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger. The calculation of the merger consideration as set forth in the Merger Agreement is expected to result in N&B's stockholders immediately prior to the Merger collectively holding approximately 55.4% of the outstanding shares of IFF common stock immediately following the Merger.

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No certificates or scrip representing fractional shares of IFF common stock or book-entry credit of the same shall be issued to any holder of N&B common stock upon the conversion of N&B common stock, and such fractional share interests will not entitle the owner thereof to vote, or to any other rights of a shareholder of IFF. All fractional shares of IFF common stock that a holder of shares of N&B common stock would otherwise be entitled to receive as a result of the Merger will be aggregated by the Exchange Agent. The Exchange Agent will cause the whole shares obtained thereby to be sold on behalf of such holders of shares of N&B common stock that would otherwise be entitled to receive such fractional shares of IFF common stock pursuant to the Merger, in the open market or otherwise, in each case at then-prevailing market prices, and in no case later than five business days after the Merger. The Exchange Agent will make available the net proceeds thereof, subject to the deduction of the amount of any withholding taxes and brokerage charges, commissions and conveyance and similar taxes, on a *pro rata* basis, without interest, as soon as practicable to the holders of N&B common stock that would otherwise be entitled to receive such fractional shares of IFF common stock pursuant to the Merger. Until the proceeds of such sale or sales have been distributed to the holders of N&B common stock, the Exchange Agent will hold such proceeds in trust for the holders of N&B common stock that would otherwise be entitled to receive such fractional shares of IFF common stock pursuant to the Merger.

The exchange ratio may be adjusted in certain limited circumstances relating to the capital structure of the parties or to preserve the intended tax treatment of the Transactions. With respect to capital structure, the exchange ratio may be adjusted to reflect the appropriate effect of any stock split, split-up, reverse stock split, stock dividend or distribution of IFF common stock or N&B common stock, or securities convertible into any such securities, reorganization, recapitalization, reclassification or other like change with respect to IFF common stock or N&B common stock having a record date occurring on or after the date of the Merger Agreement and prior to the effective time of the Merger, other than, in the case of N&B common stock, to the extent contemplated in the Separation Agreement (including the Internal Reorganization or in connection with any spin-off or exchange offer); provided that none of the foregoing shall be construed to permit DuPont, N&B or IFF to take any action with respect to its securities that is prohibited by the terms of the Merger Agreement.

Distribution of Per Share Merger Consideration

Prior to the effective time of the Merger, IFF will deposit or cause to be deposited with the Exchange Agent shares of IFF common stock in book-entry form for the benefit of the DuPont stockholders who received shares of N&B common stock in the Distribution and for distribution in the Merger upon conversion of the N&B common stock.

At the effective time of the Merger, all issued and outstanding shares of N&B common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive shares of IFF common stock as described above under “—Merger Consideration.” Immediately following the effective time of the Merger, the Exchange Agent will, pursuant to irrevocable instructions from IFF, deliver the shares of IFF common stock to each person who was entitled to receive N&B common stock in the Distribution. Each person entitled to receive N&B common stock in the Distribution will be entitled to receive in respect of such shares of N&B common stock a book-entry authorization representing the number of whole shares of IFF common stock that such holder has the right to receive pursuant to the Merger (and cash in lieu of fractional shares of IFF common stock as described above under “—Merger Consideration” and any dividends or distributions and other amounts as described below under “—Distributions With Respect to Shares of IFF Common Stock after the Effective Time of the Merger”).

Distributions With Respect to Shares of IFF Common Stock after the Effective Time of the Merger

No dividends or other distributions declared or made with respect to IFF common stock with a record date after the effective time of the Merger will be paid to the former holders of N&B common stock with respect to any shares of IFF common stock that are not able to be distributed to such holder promptly after the effective time of the Merger, whether due to a legal impediment to such distribution or otherwise. Subject to applicable law,

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following the distribution of any such previously undistributed shares of IFF common stock, the following amounts will be paid to the record holder of such shares of IFF common stock, without interest:

- at the time of the distribution (to the extent not previously paid), the amount of cash payable in lieu of fractional shares of IFF common stock to which such holder is entitled pursuant to the Merger Agreement and the amount of dividends or other distributions with a record date after the effective time of the Merger theretofore paid with respect to such shares of IFF common stock; and
- at the appropriate payment date therefor, the amount of dividends or other distributions with a record date after the effective time of the Merger but prior to the distribution of such shares of IFF common stock and a payment date subsequent to the distribution of such shares of IFF common stock payable with respect to such whole shares of IFF common stock.

IFF will deposit all such dividend and distribution amounts in an exchange fund.

Termination of the Exchange Fund

Any portion of the exchange fund (including proceeds of any investment thereof, if any) that remains undistributed to the former holders of N&B common stock on the one-year anniversary of the effective time of the Merger will, subject to any abandoned property, escheat or similar law, be delivered to IFF, upon demand, and any former holders of N&B common stock who have not theretofore received shares of IFF common stock in accordance with the Merger Agreement may thereafter look only to IFF for the consideration to which they are entitled, any cash in lieu of fractional shares of IFF common stock and any dividends or distributions with respect to IFF common stock.

Post-Closing IFF Board of Directors and Officers

The Merger Agreement provides that, at the effective time of the Merger, the size of the IFF board of directors shall be 13 members, consisting of seven current IFF directors selected by the IFF board of directors and six individuals selected by the DuPont board of directors. The IFF designees will include IFF's Chairman and CEO, who will continue as Chairman and CEO of the combined company. DuPont's Executive Chairman and CEO, Ed Breen, will join the board of the combined company as a DuPont designee and will serve as lead independent director upon the later of June 1, 2021 and the closing date of the Merger. At the 2022 annual meeting of IFF shareholders, the IFF board of directors will take all actions necessary to set the size of the IFF board of directors at 12 members, and to include (i) DuPont's six designated directors (or any replacements thereof) and (ii) six of IFF's current directors (or any replacements thereof) as nominees to serve a full new term on IFF's board of directors. Until the second annual meeting of IFF shareholders that occurs after consummation of the Merger, (i) if a vacancy is created by the cessation of service of any DuPont designated director, then the remaining DuPont designated directors then in office will designate a replacement by a majority vote, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole DuPont designated director; and (ii) if a vacancy is created by the cessation of service of any IFF director, then the remaining IFF directors then in office will designate a replacement by a majority vote, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining IFF director.

Shareholders Meeting

Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, IFF is required to take all lawful action to call a meeting of its shareholders for the purpose of voting upon the Share Issuance as promptly as practicable (and not more than 45 calendar days, without the prior written consent of DuPont) following the date on which the SEC has cleared IFF's proxy statement relating to the special meeting or, if required by the SEC as a condition to the mailing of IFF's proxy statement, the registration statement of IFF has been declared effective. IFF is required to call such a shareholders meeting for the purpose of voting upon the Share Issuance, and IFF may not adjourn or postpone the shareholders meeting without DuPont's prior written consent, unless: (i) a quorum has not been established; (ii) to allow reasonable additional time to solicit additional proxies for the purposes of obtaining shareholder

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approval of the Share Issuance; (iii) to allow reasonable additional time for the filing and dissemination of a supplemental or amended disclosure that the IFF board of directors, after consultation with outside legal counsel, reasonably determines in good faith is necessary to comply with applicable law and for such supplemental or amended disclosure to be reviewed by the IFF shareholders in advance of the IFF shareholders meeting; (iv) required by law or governmental order; or (v) DuPont provides its prior written consent to such postponement or adjournment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the shareholders meeting may not be postponed or adjourned (x) in the event a quorum has not been established or to allow additional time to solicit proxies, by more than 30 days from any date on which such IFF shareholder meeting was scheduled, without the prior written consent of DuPont, and (y) with respect to allowing additional time for the filing and dissemination of a supplemental or amended disclosure, by more than 10 business days, or such other amount of time reasonably agreed by IFF and DuPont to be necessary to comply with applicable law. Once established, IFF may not change the record date of the IFF shareholder meeting without the prior written consent of DuPont (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned).

Unless the Merger Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms, the Share Issuance shall be submitted to the shareholders of IFF for approval at the IFF shareholders' meeting whether or not there is an IFF Change in Recommendation or any Competing Proposal has been publicly proposed or announced or otherwise submitted to IFF or any of its representatives.

Representations and Warranties

In the Merger Agreement, each of IFF and Merger Sub I made representations and warranties to DuPont and N&B, and DuPont and N&B made representations and warranties to IFF and Merger Sub I relating to N&B and the N&B Business. These representations and warranties relate to, among other things:

- due organization, good standing and qualification;
- capital structure and subsidiaries;
- authority to enter into the Merger Agreement (and other Transaction Documents);
- absence of conflicts with or violations of organizational documents, other obligations or laws;
- governmental consents;
- with respect to N&B assets, the title to and sufficiency of assets;
- financial statements and absence of undisclosed liabilities;
- absence of certain changes or events;
- litigation and proceedings;
- compliance with applicable laws;
- accuracy of information supplied for use in this document and certain other disclosure documents to be filed with the SEC in connection with the Transactions;
- intellectual property matters;
- interests in real property;
- employee benefit and labor matters;
- tax matters;
- with respect to DuPont and N&B, the financing contemplated by the Commitment Letter;
- material contracts;
- material vendors and customers;

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- the required vote of IFF or N&B stockholders, as applicable, on the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement (including, in the case of IFF, the Share Issuance);
- with respect to IFF, the exemption of the Merger Agreement and the Transactions from any restrictions set forth in any “fair price,” “moratorium,” “control share acquisition,” “business combination,” or other similar anti-takeover statute or regulation, or any anti-takeover provision in IFF’s or Merger Sub I’s organizational documents;
- operations and purpose of formation of Merger Sub I or N&B, as applicable;
- environmental matters; and
- payment of fees to brokers or finders in connection with the Transactions.

Many of the representations and warranties contained in the Merger Agreement are subject to a “material adverse effect” standard, knowledge qualifications, or both, and none of the representations and warranties will survive the effective time of the Merger or the termination of the Merger Agreement.

Under the Merger Agreement, a material adverse effect means, with respect to the N&B Business or IFF, as applicable, any state of facts, circumstance, condition, change, event, development, occurrence, result or effect (each, an “Effect”) that, individually or in the aggregate with such other Effects, has a material adverse effect on (a) the business, condition (financial or otherwise), assets or results of operations of the N&B Business, taken as a whole, or the IFF Companies, taken as a whole, as the case may be, or (b) the ability of N&B or IFF, as the case may be, to consummate the Merger. However, in the case of the foregoing clause (a) none of the following will be deemed in themselves, either alone or in combination, to constitute, and none of the following will be taken into account in determining whether there is a material adverse effect:

- general market, economic, financial, capital markets, international trade (including the imposition or adjustment of tariffs) or political or regulatory conditions;
- changes (or proposed changes) in GAAP or applicable law (or, in each case, authoritative interpretations thereof);
- changes resulting from weather, natural disaster or any man-made disaster, any act of terrorism, war, national or international hostilities, or any worsening thereof;
- changes generally affecting the industries in which N&B and the N&B subsidiaries or IFF Companies, as applicable, conduct their businesses;
- the execution of the Merger Agreement and other Transaction Documents, the identity of IFF or DuPont as a counterparty, as applicable, or the announcement of the Merger Agreement or other Transaction Documents or the transactions contemplated thereby, including any loss of employees or customers, any cancellation of or delay in customer orders or any disruption in or termination of (or loss of or other negative effect or change with respect to) customer, supplier, distributor or similar business relationships or partnerships resulting from the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement or the other Transaction Documents;
- in the case of IFF, changes in the price or the trading volume of IFF common stock or any change in the credit rating of IFF (but not, in each case, the underlying cause of any such changes, unless such underlying cause would otherwise be excepted by another clause of the definition of a material adverse effect);
- actions taken or omitted to be taken by IFF, or DuPont or N&B, as the case may be, or, in each case, any of their subsidiaries, that are expressly required to be taken or omitted to be taken by the Merger Agreement or the other Transaction Documents, including any actions taken or omitted to be taken with the other party’s prior written consent after disclosure to such party of all material and relevant facts and information related to such request for consent (but excluding any obligation to operate in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or similar obligation);

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- the failure of IFF, DuPont or N&B, as the case may be, to meet internal or analysts' expectations or projections of results of operations for future periods (but not, in each case, the underlying cause of any such changes, unless such underlying cause would otherwise be excepted by another clause of the definition of a material adverse effect);
- in the case of N&B, any matters relating to or arising from a DuPont liability (after taking into account the benefits of any applicable provisions of the Separation Agreement); or
- any action brought by any IFF shareholder or DuPont stockholder, as the case may be, arising from or relating to the Merger Agreement or the Transactions or the securities filings made in connection therewith (as applicable).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of the changes described in the first, second, third and fourth bullets above, to the extent such changes have a disproportionate impact on the IFF Companies or N&B and its subsidiaries, as the case may be, taken as a whole, compared to other participants in the industries in which the IFF Companies or N&B and its subsidiaries conduct their businesses (as applicable) such changes would be taken into account in determining whether a material adverse effect has occurred.

The representations and warranties of DuPont and N&B contained in the Merger Agreement are solely for the benefit of IFF and Merger Sub I, and the representations and warranties of IFF and Merger Sub I contained in the Merger Agreement are solely for the benefit of DuPont and N&B. The assertions embodied in those representations and warranties are qualified by information in confidential disclosure letters that the parties have exchanged in connection with signing the Merger Agreement as of a specific date. The disclosure letters contain information that modifies, qualifies and creates exceptions to the representations and warranties set forth in the Merger Agreement. Therefore, investors and security holders should not treat the representations and warranties as categorical statements of fact. Moreover, these representations and warranties may apply standards of materiality in a way that is different from what may be material to investors and security holders. The representations and warranties were made only as of the date of the Merger Agreement, or such other date or dates as may be specified in the Merger Agreement, and they are subject to more recent developments. Accordingly, investors and security holders should read the representations and warranties in the Merger Agreement not in isolation but only in conjunction with the other information about IFF and DuPont and their respective subsidiaries that the respective companies include in this document and other reports and statements they file with the SEC.

Conduct of Business Pending the Merger

Each of the parties has agreed to customary covenants in the Merger Agreement that place restrictions on it and its subsidiaries until the earlier of the effective time of the Merger or termination of the Merger Agreement in accordance with its terms. In general, each of IFF and DuPont (with respect to the N&B Business only) has agreed that prior to the effective time of the Merger, unless (i) expressly contemplated by the Merger Agreement or the other Transaction Documents, (ii) set forth in the confidential disclosure letter, (iii) in the case of DuPont and N&B, as contemplated by the Separation Plan, (iv) consented to by the other party (which consent may not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed) or (v) required by law, subject to certain agreed exceptions, such party will conduct its respective business in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice in all material respects and use commercially reasonable efforts to (1) substantially preserve its present business organization, (2) keep available the services of the IFF or N&B employees, as applicable, (3) maintain its existing relationships with material customers, suppliers, distributors, regulators and business partners and (4) in the case of DuPont and its subsidiaries, make capital expenditures consistent with the capital expenditure budget provided to IFF.

In addition, DuPont has agreed that, prior to the effective time of the Merger, unless (i) expressly contemplated by the Merger Agreement or the other Transaction Documents, (ii) set forth in a confidential disclosure letter delivered to IFF, (iii) as contemplated by the Separation Plan, (iv) consented to by IFF in writing (which consent

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may not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed) or (v) required by law, and subject to certain agreed exceptions, DuPont will not (solely to the extent relating to the N&B Business and the N&B Companies), and will ensure that its subsidiaries conducting the N&B Business do not, take any of the following actions:

- amend or adopt any change in, or waive any provision of, the organizational documents of any of the N&B Companies, other than an amendment to the N&B Certificate of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized or outstanding shares of N&B common stock in connection with the Distribution and other than immaterial amendments to any such organizational documents that do not impact in any respect the economic benefits of the Merger to IFF shareholders;
- authorize, declare, set aside or pay any dividends on or make other distributions in respect of any capital stock or other interests of any of the N&B Companies (whether in cash, securities or property), except for (i) dividends paid by and among DuPont and its wholly owned subsidiaries (including in connection with the collection of cash and cash equivalents from subsidiaries allocated to N&B in the Transactions) and (ii) any dividends paid by DuPont to its stockholders;
- other than in connection with the Distribution, alter, split, combine or reclassify any of the interests of any of the N&B Companies or issue or authorize or propose the issuance of any other securities in respect of, in lieu of, or in substitution for, the capital stock or other interests of the N&B Companies;
- redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire, or permit any subsidiary to redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire, any capital stock or interests of any N&B entity (other than any such capital stock or interests held by another N&B entity or any DuPont entity or acquired by another N&B entity);
- enter into any agreement with respect to the voting or registration of the capital stock or other interests of any N&B entity;
- issue, sell, pledge, dispose of, grant, transfer or encumber, or authorize the issuance, sale, pledge, disposition, grant, transfer or encumbrance of any bonds, debentures, notes or other indebtedness of any N&B entity having the right to vote (or convertible into or exercisable for securities having the right to vote) on any matters on which holders of capital stock of N&B may vote, shares of any class of capital stock of, any other interest of any class in, any of the N&B entities, or securities convertible into, or exchangeable or exercisable for, any shares of such capital stock or other interests in any of the N&B entities or any options, warrants or other rights of any kind to acquire any shares of capital stock or other interests or such convertible or exchangeable securities, or any other ownership interest, or any “phantom” stock, “phantom” stock rights, stock appreciation rights or stock-based performance rights (with respect to N&B employees);
- other than with respect to intellectual property, sell, assign, transfer, convey, lease (as lessor), license (as licensor), encumber or otherwise dispose of any N&B Assets that are material to the N&B Business (taken as a whole), except for (A) non-exclusive licenses, (B) sales or other dispositions of obsolete assets or inventory in the ordinary course of business, (C) other dispositions of assets in an amount not to exceed \$100,000,000 in the aggregate or (D) the factoring of receivables in the ordinary course of business;
- merge, combine or consolidate any of the N&B Companies with any other entity or person (that is not also a wholly owned subsidiary of N&B) or adopt a plan of complete or partial liquidation or resolutions providing for a complete or partial liquidation, dissolution, restructuring, recapitalization (other than repayment or refinancing of debt in accordance with the terms in the Merger Agreement) or other reorganization of any of the N&B Companies, other than pursuant to the Separation Plan or any internal reorganizations that would not have a material and adverse impact on the N&B Companies, the N&B Business or the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement;
- acquire any interest in any other entity, or any assets thereof which would be an N&B Asset as of the date of Distribution, except for (A) any acquisition of goods or services in the ordinary course of business, (B) any acquisition for which the purchase price will be paid by DuPont prior to the date of

Distribution, and (C) acquisitions for which the amounts paid or transferred by any DuPont entity or N&B entity do not exceed \$25,000,000 individually or \$100,000,000 in the aggregate, unless, in the case of each of clause (A) and clause (B), such transaction (1) would reasonably be expected to prevent or materially delay or impede the receipt of any Required Consent (as defined below under “—Regulatory Matters”) or (2) would reasonably be expected to result in IFF having a below-investment-grade rating, taking into account and after giving effect to the Special Cash Payment, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated thereby;

- permit or cause any of the N&B Companies to repurchase, repay, prepay, refinance or incur any indebtedness, issue any debt securities, engage in any securitization transactions or similar arrangements or assume or guarantee the obligations of any other entity or person (other than an N&B entity) for borrowed money, other than (A) the incurrence of indebtedness in connection with the financing described under “—Debt Financing” for an amount sufficient to fund the Special Cash Payment, (B) the repurchase, repayment, prepayment, refinancing or incurrence of indebtedness between or among the N&B Companies, (C) the repurchase, repayment, prepayment or incurrence of any indebtedness or any other liability between a N&B entity and a DuPont entity in the ordinary course of business, (D) supplier/customer financing programs, cash management programs or the factoring of receivables, in each case, in the ordinary course of business, (E) incurrence and repayment of indebtedness under overdraft facilities in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, (F) indebtedness in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 at any time outstanding, provided that the terms of any such indebtedness aligns with certain terms and conditions agreed upon between DuPont and IFF, or (G) letters of credit or similar arrangements entered into in the ordinary course of business; provided that in no event will any N&B entity be permitted to issue indebtedness that is convertible into equity, and in no event will any DuPont entity (with respect to the N&B Companies and N&B Business (excluding DuPont’s assets and liabilities)) or N&B entity be permitted to take any actions that, taking into account and after giving effect to the Special Cash Payment, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated thereby, would reasonably be expected to result in IFF having a below-investment-grade rating (other than in the case of the actions contemplated in connection with the financing of the Special Cash Payment, which shall be permitted at all times);
- permit or cause any of the N&B Companies to make any material loans to or investments in, or material advances of money to, any other entity or person (other than the N&B Companies), except for (A) extensions of credit (including in connection with supplier or customer financing programs) and advances to employees or officers of any N&B entity for expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business and (B) investments in any other entity or person in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 in the aggregate;
- (A) materially modify in a manner adverse to any N&B entity or the N&B Business, or voluntarily terminate (excluding any expiration in accordance with its terms), any N&B material contract or contract with related parties of DuPont related to the N&B Business or involving any N&B Asset, (B) enter into certain specified contracts that would constitute a material contract under the Merger Agreement with respect to the N&B Business, (C) modify in any manner or enter into any contract if such modification or contract, taking into account and giving effect to the Special Cash Payment, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated thereby, would reasonably be expected to result in IFF having a below-investment-grade rating;
- (A) grant any increase in the base salaries, target bonus opportunity, or other compensation or benefits payable by DuPont or its affiliates to any of the N&B Employees, (B) adopt, terminate, accelerate the timing of payments or vesting under, or otherwise materially amend or supplement, any DuPont Benefit Plan or N&B Benefit Plan or any plan, program, agreement or arrangement that would be a DuPont Benefit Plan or N&B Benefit Plan if in effect on the date hereof, or (C) enter into or amend any employment, consulting, change in control, retention, severance or termination agreement, in each case of (A) through (C), other than (1) as required by applicable law, (2) as required by any DuPont Benefit

Plan, N&B Benefit Plan or Collective Bargaining Agreement, each as in effect on the date of the Merger Agreement, (3) in the ordinary course of business consistent with the past practices of DuPont or its affiliates (including in the context of new hires or promotions based on job performance or workplace requirements), or (4) to the extent undertaken in connection with the implementation of a program that affects all similarly situated employees of DuPont and/or its affiliates and does not disproportionately increase the compensation and benefits of the N&B Employees relative to such other similarly situated employees;

- establish, adopt, enter into, terminate or materially amend any Collective Bargaining Agreement that covers solely employees of the N&B Business, except, in each case, in the ordinary course of business or as required by applicable law and either (A) on market terms, (B) on terms that do not materially increase aggregate costs with respect to the employees of the N&B Business subject to such Collective Bargaining Agreement, or (C) on terms materially consistent with the treatment of employees of any of the DuPont Group represented by the same union as the N&B Employees who are or will be covered by the Collective Bargaining Agreement;
- (A) hire any individual for a N&B Key Executive Role or any role that directly reports thereto, (B) terminate the employment of any individual in a N&B Key Executive Role or in any role that directly reports thereto other than for cause (as determined by DuPont or N&B in good faith), (C) terminate the employment of certain designated N&B Employees (1) other than for cause as determined by DuPont or N&B in good faith or (2) in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, including as a result of workplace restructuring due to lack of work, (D) hire any individual who would qualify as a N&B Employee, other than to fill, in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, a position (1) that was open as of the date of the Merger Agreement, (2) that opens following the date of the Merger Agreement as a result of the termination of employment of a N&B Employee consistent with the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement or the Employee Matters Agreement, or a transfer permitted under the Merger Agreement, or (3) that is needed to fill legitimate business needs of the N&B Business as determined by N&B acting reasonably and in good faith; or (E) transfer any of the designated N&B Employees from their group other than for transfers permitted under the Merger Agreement;
- except as required by GAAP or applicable law, make any material change to any financial accounting principles, methods or practices of any N&B entity;
- settle, release, waive or compromise any claim or litigation action (or threatened litigation action) against N&B that would be identified as an N&B liability under the Merger Agreement;
- (A) make, change or rescind any material tax election, (B) settle or compromise any material tax liability, (C) amend any material tax return, (D) surrender any material right or claim to a refund of taxes, (E) consent to any extension or waiver of the statute of limitations period applicable to any material taxes, tax returns, or claims for taxes, or (F) enter into any closing agreements relating to material taxes, in each case solely in respect of an N&B entity;
- (A) sell, assign or grant any security interest in, to or under, fail to continue to prosecute or defend, abandon, cancel, fail to renew or maintain or otherwise allow to lapse (other than expirations that cannot be renewed) any material N&B owned intellectual property or (B) grant to any third party any license, or enter into any covenant not to sue with respect to any material N&B owned intellectual property, except, solely in the case of clause (B), non-exclusive licenses of intellectual property granted in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or exclusive licenses of intellectual property granted to customers in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;
- fail to maintain (with insurance companies substantially as financially responsible as their existing insurers) insurance in at least such amounts and against at least such risks and losses as are consistent in all material respects with the past practice of the N&B Business;
- discontinue any line of business or part thereof; or

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- authorize or enter into any contract to do any of the foregoing or otherwise make any commitment to do any of the foregoing that delays or prevents the closing of the Merger.

Furthermore, IFF has agreed that, prior to the effective time of the Merger, unless (i) expressly contemplated by the Merger Agreement or the other Transaction Documents, (ii) set forth in the confidential disclosure letter delivered to DuPont, (iii) consented to by DuPont in writing (which consent may not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed) or (iv) required by law, and subject to certain agreed exceptions, IFF will not, and will ensure that its subsidiaries do not, take any of the following actions:

- amend or adopt any change in, or waive any provision of, the organizational documents of any of the IFF Companies, other than immaterial amendments to the organizational documents that do not impact in any respect the economic benefits of the Merger to N&B stockholders;
- authorize, declare, set aside or pay any dividends on or make other distributions in respect of its capital stock or other interests (whether in cash, securities or property), except for (x) dividends paid by and among IFF and the IFF Companies, and (y) regular quarterly cash dividends of IFF; provided that such quarterly cash dividends do not exceed a certain amount under the Merger Agreement;
- alter, split, combine or reclassify any of its interests or issue or authorize or propose the issuance of any other securities in respect of, in lieu of, or in substitution for, its capital stock or other interests;
- redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire its capital stock or other interests (including any securities convertible or exchangeable into such capital stock or interests) (other than the acquisition of IFF common stock from holders of IFF Equity Awards in satisfaction of withholding obligations or in payment of the exercise price in accordance with the terms thereof or in connection with the forfeiture of any stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units or other rights granted under the IFF Stock Plan, in each case, in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice);
- enter into any agreement with respect to the voting or registration of its capital stock or its other interests;
- issue, sell, pledge, dispose of, grant, transfer or encumber, or authorize the issuance, sale, pledge, disposition, grant, transfer or encumbrance of any indebtedness of IFF or its subsidiaries having the right to vote (or convertible into or exercisable for securities having the right to vote) on any matters on which holders of the capital stock of IFF may vote, any shares of any class of capital stock of, or any other interests of any class in, IFF or any of its subsidiaries, or securities convertible into, or exchangeable or exercisable for, any shares of such capital stock or other interests of IFF or any of its subsidiaries, or any options, warrants or other rights of any kind to acquire any shares of such capital stock or other interests or such convertible or exchangeable securities, or any other ownership interest (including any such interest represented by contract right), or any “phantom” stock, “phantom” stock rights, stock appreciation rights or stock-based performance rights;
- sell, assign, transfer, convey, lease (as lessor), encumber or otherwise dispose of any assets that are material to IFF and the IFF Companies (taken as a whole), except for (A) sales or other dispositions of obsolete assets or inventory in the ordinary course of business, (B) other dispositions of assets in an amount not to exceed \$100,000,000 in the aggregate or (C) the factoring of receivables in the ordinary course of business;
- merge, combine or consolidate IFF with any other person or adopt a plan of complete or partial liquidation or resolutions providing for a complete or partial liquidation, dissolution, restructuring, recapitalization (other than repayment or refinancing of debt in accordance with the terms in the Merger Agreement) or other reorganization of IFF;
- acquire any interest in any other entity or the assets thereof, except in each case for (1) any acquisition of goods or services in the ordinary course of business, (2) any acquisition for which the amounts paid or transferred by IFF and its subsidiaries does not exceed \$100,000,000 individually or \$400,000,000

in the aggregate, unless, in the case of each of clause (1) and clause (2), such transaction (A) would reasonably be expected to prevent or materially delay or impede the receipt of regulatory approval or (B) would reasonably be expected to result in IFF having a below-investment-grade rating, taking into account and after giving effect to the Special Cash Payment, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated thereby;

- permit or cause IFF or any of its subsidiaries to (A) issue indebtedness that is convertible into equity or (B) repurchase, repay, prepay, refinance or incur any indebtedness, issue any debt securities, engage in any securitization transactions or similar arrangements or assume or guarantee the obligations of any person (other than IFF or a subsidiary of IFF) for borrowed money if, in each case, taking into account and after giving effect to the Special Cash Payment, the Merger and other transactions contemplated thereby, such actions would reasonably be expected to result in IFF have a below-investment-grade rating;
- permit or cause IFF or any of its subsidiaries to make any material loans to or investments in, or material advances of money to, any other entity or person (other than a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF), except for (A) extensions of credit and advances to employees or officers of IFF or any IFF subsidiary for expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business or (B) in an amount not to exceed \$100,000,000;
- modify in any manner or enter into any contract if such modification or contract, taking into account and after giving effect to the Special Cash Payment, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, would reasonably be expected to result in IFF having a below-investment-grade rating;
- (A) grant any increase in the base salaries, target bonus opportunity, or other compensation or benefits payable by IFF or its affiliates to any of its employees, (B) adopt, terminate, accelerate the timing of payments or vesting under, or otherwise materially amend or supplement, any IFF Benefit Plan or any plan, program, agreement or arrangement that would be an IFF Benefit Plan if in effect as of the date of the Merger Agreement, or (C) enter into or amend any employment, consulting, change in control, retention, severance or termination agreement with any employee of any of the IFF Companies, in each case, other than (1) as required by applicable Law, (2) as required by any IFF Benefit Plan or Collective Bargaining Agreement, each as in effect as of the date of the Merger Agreement, (3) in the ordinary course of business consistent with the past practices of IFF or its affiliates (including in the context of new hires or promotions based on job performance or workplace requirements) or (4) to the extent undertaken in connection with the implementation of a program that affects all similarly situated employees of IFF and/or its subsidiaries;
- except as required by GAAP or applicable law, make any material change to any of its financial accounting principles, methods or practices;
- settle, release, waive or compromise any claim, suit, or cause of action (or threatened suit or cause of action) against IFF;
- (A) make, change or rescind any material tax election, (B) settle or compromise any material tax liability, (C) amend any material tax return, (D) surrender any material right or claim to a refund of taxes, (E) consent to any extension or waiver of the statute of limitations period applicable to any material taxes, tax returns, or claims for taxes, or (F) enter into any closing agreements relating to material taxes;
- permit Merger Sub I to conduct any activities other than in connection with the organization of Merger Sub I, the negotiation and execution of the Merger Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements and the consummation of the Merger; or
- authorize or enter into any contract to do any of the foregoing or otherwise make any commitment to do any of the foregoing that delays or prevents the closing of the Merger.

Tax Matters

The Merger Agreement contains certain additional representations, warranties and covenants relating to the preservation of the tax-free status of: (1) the Separation and the Distribution and (2) the Mergers. Additional covenants relating to the tax-free status of the Transactions are contained in the Tax Matters Agreement. Indemnification for taxes generally is governed by the terms, provisions and procedures described in the Tax Matters Agreement. See “Other Agreements—Tax Matters Agreement.”

SEC Filings

Under the Merger Agreement, DuPont, N&B, IFF and Merger Sub I have agreed to have (i) (A) the parties jointly prepare and N&B file with the SEC a registration statement to effect the registration of N&B common stock and (B) if the Distribution is effected in whole or in part as an exchange offer, DuPont prepare and file with the SEC a tender offer statement on Schedule TO and other filings pursuant to Rule 13e-4 under the Exchange Act and (ii) the parties jointly prepare and IFF file with the SEC (A) a proxy statement relating to the IFF shareholder approval and the IFF shareholders meeting and (B) a registration statement on Form S-4 to register under the Securities Act the shares of IFF common stock to be issued by IFF to stockholders of N&B in connection with the Merger.

IFF is required under the Merger Agreement to mail its proxy statement to its shareholders as promptly as practicable after the SEC clears that proxy statement.

Regulatory Matters

The Merger Agreement provides that each party to the Merger Agreement will use its reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, and to do, or cause to be done, and to assist and cooperate with the other parties in doing, all things necessary, proper or advisable to:

- obtain all actions or nonactions, waivers, consents and approvals from governmental authorities (including any required action or non-action under antitrust and competition laws) (referred to herein as the “Required Consents”) that may be or become necessary to consummate the Merger prior to the effective time of the Merger and make all necessary registrations and filings and take all steps as necessary to obtain a Required Consent from, or to avoid an action or proceeding by, any governmental authority; and
- avoid or eliminate each and every impediment under the HSR Act or any other antitrust and competition law that may be asserted by any governmental authority or any other person so as to enable the parties to consummate the Merger as promptly as practicable, and in any event prior to the End Date (as defined below under “—Termination”).

Each party to the Merger Agreement has also agreed to promptly make an appropriate filing of a Notification and Report Form pursuant to the HSR Act, appropriate filings with respect to foreign antitrust laws as promptly as practicable and all other necessary filings with other governmental authorities relating to the Merger and, in each case, to supply as promptly as practicable any additional information and documentary material that may be requested pursuant to antitrust and competition laws or by such authorities and to use reasonable best efforts to cause the expiration or termination of any applicable waiting periods under the antitrust and competition laws and the receipt of the Required Consents as soon as practicable.

Without limiting the general obligation of the parties, the parties and their respective subsidiaries have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to obtain clearance under any antitrust and competition laws so as to enable the parties to consummate the Merger as promptly as practicable, and prior to the End Date, which reasonable best efforts will include (i) proposing, negotiating, committing to and effecting the sale, divestiture, disposition, license or other disposition of any subsidiaries, operations, divisions, businesses, product lines, contracts,

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customers or assets of N&B or IFF or any of their respective subsidiaries; (ii) taking or committing to take such other actions that may limit or impact N&B's or IFF's or any of their subsidiaries' freedom of action with respect to, or ability to retain, any of their operations, divisions, businesses, product lines, contracts, customers or assets; (iii) entering into any orders, settlements, undertakings, contracts, consent decrees, stipulations or other agreements to effectuate any of the foregoing or in order to vacate, lift, reverse, overturn, settle or otherwise resolve any order that prevents, prohibits, restricts or delays the consummation of the Merger, in any case, that may be issued by any court or other governmental authority; and (iv) creating, terminating or divesting relationships, contractual rights or obligations of N&B, IFF or any of their respective subsidiaries, in each case, in connection with obtaining all, or eliminating any requirement to obtain any, waiting period expirations or terminations, consents, clearances, waivers, exemptions, licenses, orders, registrations, approvals, permits and authorizations for the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement under the HSR Act or any other applicable antitrust and competition laws or from any governmental authority so as to enable the closing of the Merger to occur no later than the End Date.

No Solicitation

The Merger Agreement contains detailed provisions restricting IFF's ability to seek certain alternative transactions and restricting DuPont's ability to seek alternative transactions with respect to the N&B Business. Under these provisions, DuPont has agreed that, as of the date of the Merger Agreement, it will:

- immediately cease and terminate, and cause its subsidiaries and their respective representatives to cease and terminate, any discussions or negotiations with any other person (other than IFF or its affiliates) regarding any Competing N&B Proposal (which is described below);
- promptly request, or cause to be requested, that each person that has received confidential information within the 12 month period prior to the date of the Merger Agreement in connection with a possible Competing N&B Proposal return to DuPont or destroy all such confidential information furnished to such person by or on behalf of DuPont or any of its subsidiaries and promptly prohibit any access by any person (other than IFF and its representatives) to any physical or electronic data room relating to a possible Competing N&B Proposal; and
- not grant any waiver or release under or knowingly fail to enforce any confidentiality, standstill or similar agreement in respect of a proposed Competing N&B Proposal.

Moreover, DuPont has agreed that it will not, directly or indirectly, nor will it authorize or permit its subsidiaries or authorize or knowingly permit its or their respective representatives to, directly or indirectly:

- solicit, initiate, or knowingly encourage or take any other action to knowingly facilitate (including by way of furnishing nonpublic information), or engage in, continue or otherwise participate in discussions or negotiations regarding, any inquiry, proposal or offer, or the making, submission or announcement of any inquiry, proposal or offer (including any inquiry, proposal or offer to its stockholders) which constitutes or would be reasonably expected to lead to a Competing N&B Proposal;
- furnish any nonpublic or confidential information or afford access to properties, books or records to any person in connection with or for the purpose of soliciting or knowingly encouraging or facilitating a Competing N&B Proposal;
- approve or recommend, or propose to approve or recommend, or execute or enter into any letter of intent or similar agreement relating to a Competing N&B Proposal or that would reasonably be expected to lead to a Competing N&B Proposal or that would require DuPont or N&B to abandon or fail to consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement; or
- propose publicly or agree to do any of the foregoing.

As used in this section, the term "Competing N&B Proposal" means any inquiry, proposal or offer for, or indication of interest from any person with respect to, or that would reasonably be expected to lead to, in a single

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transaction or a series of related transactions, any (A) direct or indirect acquisition, exclusive license or purchase of any business or assets of DuPont or any of its subsidiaries that, individually or in the aggregate, constitutes 15% or more of the net revenues, net income or assets of the N&B Business, taken as a whole; provided, that, this does not apply with respect to ordinary course offers for sale, or sale of the N&B Business, products or services, (B) direct or indirect acquisition or purchase of 15% or more of any class of any equity securities, or interests representing 15% or more of the outstanding voting power, of any N&B entity, or (C) merger, consolidation, business combination, share exchange, joint venture, partnership, recapitalization, liquidation, dissolution or similar transaction involving any business of DuPont or any of its subsidiaries that constitutes 15% or more of the net revenue, net income or assets of the N&B Business, taken as a whole, in the case of each of clauses (A) through (C), with certain conduct of business exceptions.

IFF, on the other hand, has agreed that, as of the date of the Merger Agreement, it will:

- immediately cease and terminate, and cause its subsidiaries and their respective representatives to cease and terminate, any discussions or negotiations with any other person (other than DuPont or its affiliates) regarding any Competing Proposal (which is described below);
- promptly request, or cause to be requested, that each person that has received confidential information within the twelve month period prior to the date of the Merger Agreement in connection with a possible Competing Proposal return to IFF or destroy all such confidential information furnished to such person by or on behalf of IFF or any of its subsidiaries and promptly prohibit any access by any person (other than DuPont and its representatives) to any physical or electronic data room relating to a possible Competing Proposal; and
- not grant any waiver or release under or knowingly fail to enforce any confidentiality, standstill or similar agreement in respect of a proposed Competing Proposal, provided that, solely with respect to the provision described in this bullet, prior to the time the IFF shareholder approval is obtained, but not after, IFF may take any action described in this bullet to the extent (x) necessary to permit a person to make, on a confidential basis, a Competing Proposal, conditioned upon such person agreeing to disclosure of such Competing Proposal to DuPont, and (y) the IFF board of directors concludes in good faith (after consultation with its outside financial advisor and outside legal counsel) that a failure to take any action described in this bullet could be inconsistent with the IFF directors' fiduciary duties to IFF's shareholders under applicable law.

Furthermore, IFF has agreed that it will not, directly or indirectly, nor will it authorize or permit its subsidiaries or authorize or knowingly permit its or their respective representatives to, directly or indirectly:

- solicit, initiate, knowingly encourage or take any other action to knowingly facilitate (including by way of furnishing nonpublic information), or engage in, continue or otherwise participate in discussions or negotiations regarding, any inquiry, proposal or offer, or the making, submission or announcement of any inquiry, proposal or offer (including any inquiry, proposal or offer to its shareholders) which constitutes or would be reasonably expected to lead to a Competing Proposal (which is described below) with respect to IFF;
- furnish any nonpublic or confidential information or afford access to properties, books or records to any person in connection with or for the purpose of soliciting or knowingly encouraging or facilitating a Competing Proposal;
- take any action to make the provisions of any "fair price," "moratorium," "control share acquisition," "business combination" or other similar anti-takeover statute or regulation, including any transaction under, or a third party becoming an "interested shareholder" under, Section 912 of the New York Business Corporation Law ("NYBCL") inapplicable to any person (other than DuPont and its affiliates) or to any transactions constituting or contemplated by a Competing Proposal;
- approve or recommend, or propose to approve or recommend, or execute or enter into any letter of intent, acquisition agreement, merger agreement or similar agreement relating to a Competing Proposal

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or that would reasonably be expected to lead to a Competing Proposal or that would require IFF to abandon or fail to consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement; or

- propose publicly or agree to do any of the foregoing.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if an unsolicited, *bona fide* Competing Proposal is submitted in writing to IFF by a third person or group, then prior to (but not after) the approval by the IFF shareholders of the Share Issuance, IFF may (i) furnish information and access to such person or group and its representatives (for so long as such Competing Proposal has not been withdrawn) and (ii) participate in discussions and negotiate with such person concerning any such unsolicited Competing Proposal if and only if:

- such Competing Proposal did not result from or arise in connection with a material breach of the non-solicitation covenants of IFF described above in this section;
- the IFF board of directors concludes, after consultation with IFF's financial advisors and outside legal counsel, that such Competing Proposal constitutes or would be reasonably likely to constitute or result in, a Superior Proposal (which is described below);
- IFF receives from such person or group an executed confidentiality agreement that contains customary provisions at least as favorable in the aggregate to IFF as the provisions of the confidentiality agreement between IFF and DuPont as in effect immediately prior to the execution of the Merger Agreement and allows for IFF to comply with its obligations in the Merger Agreement; and
- the IFF board of directors determines in good faith (after consultation with its outside financial advisor and outside legal counsel) that the failure to take such action could be inconsistent with the IFF directors' fiduciary duties to IFF's shareholders under applicable law.

DuPont is entitled to receive an executed copy of any such confidentiality agreement described in the third bullet above and notification of the determination of the IFF board of directors and the identify of such person promptly (and in any event, within 24 hours) after the IFF board of directors makes the determination that the Competing Proposal constitutes or would be reasonably likely to constitute or result in a Superior Proposal.

Unless the Merger Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms, the Share Issuance shall be submitted to the shareholders of IFF for approval at the IFF shareholders' meeting whether or not any Competing Proposal has been publicly proposed or announced or otherwise submitted to IFF or any of its representatives.

As used in this section, the term "Competing Proposal" means, other than from DuPont or any of its subsidiaries, any inquiry, proposal or offer for, or indication of interest from any person with respect to, or that would reasonably be expected to lead to, in a single transaction or a series of related transactions, any (A) direct or indirect acquisition, exclusive license or purchase of any business or assets of IFF or any of its subsidiaries that, individually or in the aggregate, constitutes 15% or more of the net revenues, net income or assets of IFF and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (B) direct or indirect acquisition or purchase of 15% or more of any class of equity securities, or interests representing 15% or more of the outstanding voting power, of IFF, (C) tender offer or exchange offer that, if consummated, would result in any person or group (or the shareholders of any person or group) beneficially owning 15% or more of any class of equity securities, or interests representing 15% or more of the outstanding voting power, of IFF, or (D) merger, consolidation, business combination, share exchange, joint venture, partnership, recapitalization, liquidation, dissolution or similar transaction involving any business of IFF or any of its subsidiaries that constitutes 15% or more of the net revenue, net income or assets of IFF and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole. The Merger and the other transactions contemplated thereby shall not be a Competing Proposal.

As used in this section, the term "Superior Proposal" means any *bona fide*, written Competing Proposal received after the date of the Merger Agreement that the IFF board of directors determines in good faith (after consultation

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with its outside financial advisor and outside legal counsel) (x) is reasonably likely to be consummated in accordance with its terms and (y) if consummated, would be more favorable to the IFF's shareholders from a financial point of view than the Merger and the other transactions contemplated hereby, in each case taking into account the financial (including the availability of financing and any financing terms), legal, regulatory, timing, risk of consummation and other aspects of such Competing Proposal (including the person or group making the Competing Proposal) and of the Merger Agreement (including any changes to the terms of the Merger Agreement offered by DuPont in response to a Competing Proposal); provided, however, that for purposes of the definition of "Superior Proposal" references to "15%" in the definition of "Competing Proposal" shall be deemed to be references to 50%.

Under the Merger Agreement, IFF has agreed to promptly (and in no event later than 24 hours) after receipt of any Competing Proposal, inquiry, proposal, indication of interest or request notify DuPont of any such Competing Proposal, inquiry, proposal, indication of interest or request (including the identity of the person making such proposal and the terms thereof, including a copy of any written proposal and any other documentation in respect of such proposal received from the proponent thereof or its representative) that is made or submitted by any person prior to the closing of the Merger. Furthermore, IFF has agreed under the Merger Agreement to keep DuPont reasonably and promptly informed of the status (including with respect to changes to the status or material terms) of such Competing Proposal, inquiry, proposal, indication of interest or request. IFF also agreed to provide copies of all documentation comprising such Competing Proposal or other documentation that is material to understanding such Competing Proposal.

Board Recommendation

IFF has agreed in the Merger Agreement that neither the IFF board of directors nor any committee thereof will:

- withhold, withdraw, modify or qualify (or propose to withhold, withdraw, modify or qualify), in any manner adverse to DuPont, N&B or their respective affiliates, the approval of the Merger Agreement or the recommendation that IFF's shareholders vote in favor of the Share Issuance at the IFF shareholders meeting (the "IFF Board Recommendation");
- recommend, adopt or approve, (or propose publicly to recommend, adopt or approve), any Competing Proposal;
- refrain from recommending against (and re-affirming the IFF Board Recommendation) any Competing Proposal that is a tender offer or exchange offer within ten business days after the commencement thereof; or
- resolve or publicly propose to do any of the actions described in the three bullets immediately above.

Any action described in the four bullets above is referred to as an "IFF Change in Recommendation."

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the IFF board of directors determines in good faith, after consultation with its outside legal counsel and financial advisors, that a Competing Proposal that did not result from a material breach of the non-solicitation provisions of the Merger Agreement constitutes a Superior Proposal, the IFF board of directors may make an IFF Change in Recommendation if all of the following conditions are met:

- IFF shareholder approval of the Share Issuance has not been obtained;
- IFF provides written notice to DuPont advising DuPont at least four business days prior to taking such action, which notice advises DuPont of the intention of the IFF board of directors to take such action, specifies the material terms and conditions of such Competing Proposal, identifies the person making such Competing Proposal and includes a copy of the proposed agreement (if any) for such Competing Proposal (such notice referred to herein as a "superior proposal notice"); provided that if there is a material modification to the terms or status of the Competing Proposal, IFF will provide a subsequent notice and not take action prior to the second business day following delivery of the subsequent notice;

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- if requested by DuPont, DuPont and IFF negotiate in good faith with respect to any revisions or adjustments proposed by DuPont to the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement during a period of four business days following DuPont's receipt of a superior proposal notice (or with an extension of two additional business days if a new superior proposal notice was given); and
- if applicable, at the end of the negotiation period, the IFF board of directors, after considering in good faith any revisions to the Merger Agreement irrevocably offered by DuPont in writing, prior to the expiration of the negotiation period, continues to determine in good faith (after consultation with its outside legal counsel and financial advisors) that the Competing Proposal constitutes a Superior Proposal and the failure to make such IFF Change in Recommendation could be inconsistent with the fiduciary duties of the IFF board of directors under applicable law.

IFF is not prohibited from taking and disclosing to IFF's shareholders a position contemplated by Rule 14e-2(a), Rule 14d-9 (including any "stop, look and listen" communication pursuant to Rule 14d-9(f) or Item 1012(a) of Regulation M-A promulgated under the Exchange Act, or other applicable law; provided, however, that no disclosure that would amount to a IFF Change in Recommendation is to be permitted, made or taken, except as described above.

The Merger Agreement further provides that, notwithstanding any IFF Change in Recommendation, unless the Merger Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms prior to the occurrence of the receipt of the approval of IFF shareholders to the Share Issuance, the obligations of the parties under the Merger Agreement, including those with respect to completing the securities filings and conducting the IFF shareholders meeting as described above, shall continue in full force and effect. In addition, the Merger Agreement further provides that, unless the Merger Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms prior to the occurrence of the receipt of the approval of IFF shareholders to the Share Issuance, the Share Issuance shall be submitted to the shareholders of IFF for approval at the IFF shareholders meeting whether or not (i) the IFF board of directors shall have effected a IFF Change in Recommendation or (ii) any Competing Proposal shall have been publicly proposed or announced or otherwise submitted to IFF or any of its representatives.

Financing

In connection with its entry into the Separation Agreement and the Merger Agreement, N&B and IFF entered into the Commitment Letter, under which the Commitment Parties committed to provide N&B with the Bridge Facility, as defined in the section entitled "Debt Financing" (the "Bridge Financing"), subject to the terms and conditions of the Commitment Letter. The Commitment Letter was subsequently terminated as described in the section entitled "Debt Financing."

The Merger Agreement provides that N&B must use reasonable best efforts to (i) maintain in effect, until the earlier of the initial funding of the Bridge Financing and the replacement of the Bridge Financing with the Permanent Financing, in each case, in an amount sufficient to fund the Special Cash Payment, the Commitment Letter, (ii) negotiate definitive agreements with respect to the Bridge Financing, on the terms and conditions contained in the Commitment Letter or on such other terms as are reasonably acceptable to DuPont and IFF and that are not materially less favorable in the aggregate to N&B than those in the Commitment Letter (with respect to the Bridge Financing, the "Bridge Financing Agreements", and with respect to the Permanent Financing, the "Permanent Financing Agreements", and collectively, the "Financing Agreements"), (iii) materially comply with the obligations that are set forth in the Commitment Letter and the Financing Agreements that are applicable to N&B and satisfy (or if deemed advisable by N&B and IFF, seek a waiver of) on a timely basis all conditions precedent in the Commitment Letter and the Financing Agreements that are within its control, and (iv) in the event that all conditions to funding in the Commitment Letter or the Financing Agreements are satisfied at or prior to the Distribution, consummate the Financing (as defined below) at or prior to the Distribution.

IFF shall have the right to direct N&B to replace all or a portion of the Bridge Financing with the proceeds of consummated capital markets debt financing and/or commitments in respect of other long term debt (any such

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financing, the “Permanent Financing”) from the same and/or alternative bona fide third-party financing sources (the “Financing Sources”) so long as (1) all conditions precedent to effectiveness of definitive documentation for such financing have been satisfied and the conditions precedent to funding of such financing are in the aggregate, in respect of certainty of funding, substantially equivalent to (or more favorable to N&B than) the conditions precedent set forth in the Commitment Letter and (2) the terms thereof are consistent with the intended tax treatment of the transactions and reasonably acceptable to DuPont and N&B.

Until the earliest of the closing, the valid termination of the Merger Agreement and the replacement of the Bridge Financing with Permanent Financing, IFF has agreed to use reasonable best efforts to cause its affiliates and their respective representatives to provide to N&B and the Commitment Parties, on a timely basis, such cooperation that may be reasonably requested by N&B or the Commitment Parties in connection with the arrangement and consummation of the Bridge Financing, in each case consistent with the terms of the Merger Agreement. As described below and more fully in the section entitled “Debt Financing,” N&B has entered into a term loan credit agreement providing the Term Loan Facility and issued \$6.25 billion in aggregate principal amount of the Notes and the Commitment Letter has been terminated.

Until the earlier of the closing and the valid termination of the Merger Agreement, each of DuPont and N&B and their respective subsidiaries shall provide to IFF and the Financing Sources, and shall use reasonable best efforts to cause its Affiliates and their respective Representatives to provide to IFF and the Financing Sources, on a timely basis, such cooperation that may be reasonably requested by IFF or the Financing Sources in connection with the arrangement and consummation of the Permanent Financing, in each case consistent with the terms of the Merger Agreement.

If any funds in the amounts set forth in the Commitment Letter or the Financing Agreements, or any portion thereof, become unavailable on the terms and conditions contemplated in the Commitment Letter or the Financing Agreements, as applicable, N&B (in consultation in good faith with IFF, and, with respect to any Alternative Financing (as defined below) that is in the form of the Permanent Financing, at the direction of IFF) shall arrange and obtain promptly any such portion from the same or alternative sources, in an amount sufficient, when added to the portion of the N&B Debt Financing that is available, to allow N&B to make the Special Cash Payment (the “Alternative Financing”), and to obtain a new financing commitment that provides for such financing, provided that certain conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement are satisfied.

Neither N&B nor IFF shall, without the prior written consent of the other party, amend, modify, supplement, restate, substitute, replace, terminate, or agree to any waiver under the Commitment Letter or the Permanent Financing Agreements, as applicable, in a manner that (i) reduces the aggregate amount of the N&B Debt Financing such that the aggregate funds that would be available to N&B on the date of Distribution would not be sufficient to provide the funds required to satisfy the Special Cash Payment, (ii) adds or expands on the conditions precedent to the funding of the N&B Debt Financing as set forth in the Commitment Letter as in effect on the date hereof or the Permanent Financing Agreements, as applicable, in a manner that could materially delay or prevent or make materially less likely the funding of the N&B Debt Financing on the date of Distribution or (iii) materially adversely affects the ability of N&B to enforce its rights against the Commitment Parties under the Commitment Letter as in effect on the date hereof or against the Financing Sources with respect to the Permanent Financing under the Permanent Financing Agreements, as applicable; provided that notwithstanding the foregoing, N&B may (in consultation with IFF) (a) implement or exercise any of the “market flex” provisions exercised by the Commitment Parties in accordance with the Commitment Letter as of the date hereof or any Permanent Financing commitment letter or (b) amend and restate the Commitment Letter or any Permanent Financing commitment letter or otherwise execute joinder agreements to the Commitment Letter solely to add additional Commitment Parties.

IFF shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless DuPont, its Subsidiaries and their respective Representatives from and against any and all losses suffered or incurred by them in connection with the arrangement of the N&B Debt Financing, and any information utilized in connection therewith (other than information provided by DuPont, its

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Subsidiaries or their respective Representatives), except in instances of gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of DuPont, its Subsidiaries and their respective Representatives (as determined in a final and nonappealable judgment).

Under the Merger Agreement, each of DuPont, N&B, IFF and Merger Sub I also expressly acknowledge and agree that their obligations under the Merger Agreement are not conditioned in any manner upon N&B obtaining the N&B Debt Financing or any other financing.

On January 17, 2020, N&B entered into a term loan credit agreement providing the Term Loan Facility, a senior unsecured term loan credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,250,000,000. On September 16, 2020, pursuant to the Indenture, N&B issued \$6.25 billion in aggregate principal amount of the Notes. The Term Loan Facility and the Notes are discussed in greater detail in the section entitled “Debt Financing.”

Non-Solicitation of Employees

The parties acknowledge and agree in the Merger Agreement that certain non-solicitation provisions regarding employees in the confidentiality agreement between the parties remain in full force and effect. Under the terms of the confidentiality agreement between DuPont and IFF, for a period of two years after September 9, 2019, each of DuPont and IFF has agreed that it and its controlled affiliates will not (and each party will direct its third-party representatives not to, and use reasonable best efforts to cause other representatives and affiliates not to), without the other party’s prior written consent, directly or indirectly, solicit for employment (whether as an employee, consultant or otherwise), offer to hire, hire or enter into any employment or consulting agreement or arrangement with, any person who as of September 9, 2019 (1) is employed in a management, supervisory or senior operational position or at a level of vice president or above by the other party or its subsidiaries or (2) is an employee of the other party or its affiliates with whom such party first comes in contact in connection with its consideration of the Transactions.

The restrictions in the immediately preceding paragraph do not apply to general solicitations, including advertisements, electronic listings or third-party search firms that are not targeted at the employees of the other party, and hirings resulting from those solicitations. In addition, neither DuPont nor IFF or their respective subsidiaries are restricted from hiring or entering into a consulting agreement with any person who independently approaches such party or whose employment with the other party ceased at least 90 days prior to commencement of employment discussions with such person.

The Employee Matters Agreement has additional provisions addressing solicitation of employees. See “Other Agreements—Employee Matters Agreement—Non-Solicitation.”

Certain Other Covenants and Agreements

The Merger Agreement contains certain other covenants and agreements, including covenants (with certain exceptions specified in the Merger Agreement) relating to:

- reasonable access to each of the N&B Business’s and IFF’s books and records;
- the indemnification of, present and former director and officers of any N&B subsidiary for a period of six years in connection with any claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation arising out of or pertaining to matters existing or occurring at or prior to the consummation of the Merger (as well as the provision of directors’ and officers’ insurance in connection therewith);
- the parties’ obligation to keep the other parties informed of the defense of any shareholder action concerning the Merger (if any);
- steps required to cause any acquisitions or dispositions of IFF common stock and other interests in IFF, and acquisition of DuPont common stock or N&B common stock, resulting from the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement to be exempt under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act;

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- the obligation of DuPont to effect a clean-up spin-off, if applicable;
- cooperation among the parties concerning written broad-based notices or communications materials to current or former employees, with respect to the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents or employment, compensation or benefits matters of such employees that relate to the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents;
- the listing of the shares of IFF common stock issued in the Merger on the NYSE;
- the parties' obligations to use reasonable best efforts to grant approvals and take actions necessary if there are (i) restrictions on business combinations in IFF's and/or N&B's organizational documents or (ii) any "fair price", "moratorium," "business combination," or "control share acquisition" statute or other similar statute or regulation that is or becomes applicable to the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement;
- the parties' obligations to consult in good faith before issuing any press release, having any communications with the press or making any other public statement with respect to the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement or other Transaction Documents;
- the preparation of certain financial statements, included audited financials, concerning the N&B Business and the preparation of pro forma financial information, in each case, for inclusion in SEC filings;
- matters related to the N&B Business's assets and liabilities in France, and any potential delayed closing with respect to such assets and liabilities should certain consultations with works councils in France not be completed by the closing date of the Merger;
- the parties' obligation to provide notice with respect to the occurrence or non-occurrence of any event that has resulted or would reasonably expected to result in any non-mutual condition to the obligations of DuPont and N&B, on the one hand, or IFF, on the other hand, not being satisfied;
- the completion of certain other Transaction Documents and certain Ancillary Agreements;
- the parties' obligation to use commercially reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, appropriate actions to do all things necessary, proper or advisable under the Merger Agreement and applicable law, and to execute and deliver the documents and other papers as may be required to carry out the provisions of the Merger Agreement and to consummate and make effective the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement; and
- the parties' obligation to, following the signing of the Merger Agreement and prior to certain specified deadlines, (i) complete the services schedules to the Transition Services Agreements (subject to the limitations set forth in the Merger Agreement as to what services may be properly requested by the parties to be provided under the Transition Services Agreements) by identifying and agreeing upon such services and negotiating and agreeing upon terms in good faith and (ii) execute those Ancillary Agreements the forms of which had not been agreed to or executed prior to the date of the Merger Agreement on terms mutually agreed by the parties acting reasonably and in good faith, and the obligations, in each case, if the terms are not finalized and mutually agreed by the appropriate date, the finalization of the terms will be escalated to appropriate senior executive officers of each of IFF and DuPont for resolution, if the terms of the services or agreements as applicable are not agreed within 30 days of the applicable target date, IFF and DuPont will refer the disputed terms to a binding arbitration panel constituted in accordance with the Merger Agreement to facilitate the completion of the services schedules and the applicable Ancillary Agreements.

Conditions to the Merger

IFF's, Merger Sub I's, DuPont's and N&B's obligations to consummate the Merger are subject to the fulfillment or (to the extent permitted by applicable law) written waiver by DuPont and IFF of the following conditions at or prior to the closing of the Merger:

- the expiration or termination of any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act, and the receipt of any applicable consents, authorizations, orders or approvals required under the antitrust and competition laws in certain other jurisdictions (which waiting period has expired and approvals have been received);
- the consummation of the Separation in accordance with the terms of the Separation Agreement;
- the consummation of the Distribution in accordance with the terms of the Separation Agreement;
- the effectiveness of the registration statement of IFF and the registration statement of N&B and the absence of any stop order or proceeding seeking a stop order with respect thereto;
- the approval for listing on the NYSE of the shares of IFF common stock to be issued pursuant to the Merger;
- the approval by the IFF shareholders of the Share Issuance; and
- the absence of any law or binding governmental order or taking of any other action prohibiting, enjoining, restraining or otherwise making illegal the Separation, the Distribution or the Merger by a court of competent jurisdiction or other governmental authority in certain jurisdictions.

IFF's and Merger Sub I's obligations to consummate the Merger are further subject to the fulfillment or (to the extent permitted by applicable law) waiver by IFF of the following conditions:

- that N&B and DuPont shall have, on an aggregate basis, performed in all material respects all obligations and complied in all material respects with all covenants required by the Merger Agreement to be performed or complied with at or prior to the effective time of the Merger (other than those in Section 8.7 of the Merger Agreement);
- the accuracy in all material respects (without giving effect to any materiality, material adverse effect or similar qualifications therein), as of the date of the Merger Agreement and the closing date of the Merger (except, in each case, for any such representations and warranties made as of a specific date, which shall have been accurate in all respects as of such date), of the representations and warranties made by DuPont, on behalf of itself and N&B, with respect to organization; corporate authority to execute and deliver the Transaction Documents; absence of any conflict between the execution, delivery and performance of DuPont and N&B of the Transaction Documents (to the extent DuPont or N&B, as applicable, is a party) and any organizational documents of DuPont and N&B, respectively; broker's fees; absence of voting debt of N&B; absence of certain securities convertible into or agreements with respect to N&B capital stock; DuPont and N&B board approvals and the approval of DuPont as N&B's sole stockholder;
- the accuracy in all respects (other than any inaccuracies that are de minimis in the aggregate) of the representation and warranty made by DuPont with respect to the capitalization of N&B as of the date of the Merger Agreement;
- the accuracy of the representation and warranty made by DuPont with respect to the absence of a material adverse effect on N&B since December 31, 2018;
- the accuracy of the other representations and warranties made by DuPont, on behalf of itself and N&B, as of the date of the Merger Agreement and as of the closing date of the Merger (except, in each case, for any such representations and warranties made as of a specific date, which shall have been accurate in all respects as of such date), except to the extent a failure to be accurate would not have (without

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giving effect to any materiality, material adverse effect or similar qualifications therein), individually or in the aggregate, in the case of N&B a material adverse effect on N&B or in the case of DuPont a material adverse effect on the ability of DuPont to consummate the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger;

- the delivery of a certificate dated as of the closing date of the Merger signed by a senior officer of DuPont certifying that the covenants and representations and warranties of DuPont and N&B have been satisfied; and
- the entrance into and delivery of the Tax Matters Agreement, Intellectual Property Cross-License Agreement and the Transition Services Agreements by DuPont and N&B as of the closing date of the Merger (and the agreements' continued effectiveness).

DuPont's and N&B's obligations to consummate the Merger are further subject to the fulfillment or (to the extent permitted by applicable law) waiver by DuPont of the following conditions:

- that IFF and its subsidiaries shall have, on an aggregate basis, performed in all material respects all obligations and complied in all material respects with all covenants required by the Merger Agreement to be performed or complied with at or prior to the effective time of the Merger;
- the accuracy in all material respects (without giving effect to any materiality, material adverse effect or similar qualification therein), as of the date of the Merger Agreement and as of the closing date of the Merger (except, in each case, for any such representations and warranties made as of a specific date, which shall have been accurate in all respects as of such date), of IFF's and Merger Sub I's representations and warranties with respect to organization; corporate authority to execute and deliver the Transaction Documents; absence of conflict between the execution, delivery and performance by IFF and Merger Sub I of the Transaction Documents (to the extent IFF or Merger Sub I, as applicable, is a party) and the organizational documents of IFF and Merger Sub I; absence of voting debt; the capitalization of Merger Sub I; broker's fees; IFF and Merger Sub I board approvals; and required shareholder approval;
- the accuracy in all respects (other than any inaccuracies that are de minimis in the aggregate) of IFF's and Merger Sub I's representations and warranties with respect to capitalization of IFF and absence of certain securities convertible into or agreements with respect to capital stock (except, in each case, for any such representations and warranties made as of a specific date, which shall have been accurate in all respects as of such date);
- the accuracy of IFF's and Merger Sub I's representation and warranty with respect to the absence of a material adverse effect on IFF since December 31, 2018;
- the accuracy of IFF's and Merger Sub I's other representations and warranties as of the date of the Merger Agreement and as of the closing date of the Merger (except, in each case, for any such representations and warranties made as of a specific date, which shall have been accurate in all respects as of such date), except to the extent a failure to be accurate would not have (without giving effect to any materiality, material adverse effect or similar qualifications therein), individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on IFF;
- the delivery of a certificate dated as of the closing date of the Merger signed by a senior officer of IFF to DuPont certifying that the covenants and representations and warranties of IFF have been satisfied;
- the receipt by DuPont of the Tax Opinion from DuPont's tax counsel, which may not have been withdrawn or rescinded, or modified in any material respect;
- the consummation of the Special Cash Payment in accordance with the terms of the Separation Agreement;
- the delivery of a FIRPTA certificate from N&B to IFF dated as of the Closing Date certifying that equity interests in N&B are not "United States real property interests" within the meaning of Section 897 of the Code; and

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- the entrance into and delivery of the Tax Matters Agreement by IFF and Merger Sub I as of the closing date of the Merger (and the Tax Matters Agreement continued effectiveness).

To the extent permitted by applicable law, DuPont and N&B, on the one hand, and IFF and Merger Sub I, on the other hand, may waive the satisfaction of the conditions to their respective obligations to consummate the Transactions. If IFF waives the satisfaction of a material condition to the consummation of the Transactions, IFF will evaluate the appropriate facts and circumstances at that time and re-solicit shareholder approvals of the Share Issuance if required to do so by applicable law or the rules of the NYSE. If IFF waives a material condition to the consummation of the Transactions, IFF will notify shareholders of the waiver by issuing a press release or other public announcement a minimum of five business days prior to the special meeting of IFF shareholders. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to the Transactions—IFF may waive one or more of the conditions to the consummation of the Transactions without re-soliciting shareholder approval.”

Termination

The Merger Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the closing date of the Merger (whether before or after receipt of IFF shareholder approval) by mutual written agreement of IFF and DuPont. Also, subject to specified qualifications and exceptions, either DuPont or IFF may terminate the Merger Agreement at any time prior to the consummation of the Merger if:

- the Merger has not been consummated by March 15, 2021 (such date, as it may be extended as described below, the “End Date”), unless the only conditions to the consummation of the Merger that have not been satisfied or waived are the conditions relating to the governmental approvals required under the HSR Act and other antitrust and competition laws, in which case the End Date will be automatically extended to June 15, 2021;
- a final and non-appealable legal restraint is in effect in certain specified jurisdictions which permanently prohibits, enjoins, restrains or otherwise makes illegal the consummation of the Merger; provided that the right to terminate the Merger Agreement as described in this bullet will not be available to any party whose action or failure to perform any of its obligations under the Merger Agreement proximately contributed to the enactment or issuance of such law; or
- IFF shareholder approval for the Share Issuance is not obtained upon a vote taken at the IFF shareholder meeting; provided that the right to terminate the Merger Agreement as described in this bullet will not be available to IFF if any action or failure to perform any of its obligations under the Merger Agreement is the primary cause of, or primarily resulted in, the failure to obtain the IFF shareholder approval.

In addition, subject to specified qualifications and exceptions, DuPont may terminate the Merger Agreement:

- upon written notice to IFF, in the event of a breach of a representation, warranty, covenant or agreement in the Merger Agreement on the part of IFF or any of its subsidiaries, such that the non-mutual conditions to DuPont’s and N&B’s obligations to effect the Merger would not be capable of being satisfied, and the breach is not cured within 60 days of receipt of written notice by DuPont to IFF of such breach; provided, that if DuPont has previously delivered an officer’s certificate that DuPont has determined in good faith that a breach of its obligations is reasonably expected to be cured prior to the End Date, then DuPont may not terminate the Merger Agreement as described in this bullet at any time prior to the earlier of (i) the business day occurring two business days after March 15, 2021 and (ii) the date DuPont has cured the breach specified in such officer’s certificate;
- at any time before IFF shareholder approval of the Share Issuance if (i) IFF’s board of directors (or any committee thereof) effects an IFF Change in Recommendation or (ii) after the receipt and public disclosure of a Competing Proposal, IFF’s board of directors fails to publicly reaffirm the IFF Board Recommendation within 10 business days after such public disclosure (or within 2 business days after such public disclosure if the IFF shareholder meeting is scheduled within 10 business days); or

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- IFF has breached in any material respect any of its obligations with respect to the IFF shareholder meeting or non-solicitation.

In addition, subject to specified qualifications and exceptions, IFF may terminate the Merger Agreement if:

- upon written notice to DuPont, in the event of a breach of a representation, warranty, covenant or agreement in the Merger Agreement on the part of DuPont or any of its subsidiaries, such that the non-mutual conditions to IFF's and Merger Sub I's obligations to effect the Merger would not be capable of being satisfied, and the breach is not cured within 60 days of receipt of written notice by IFF to DuPont of such breach; provided that IFF may not terminate the Merger Agreement as described in this bullet at any time prior to March 15, 2021 (and, at such time, only if such breach remains uncured as of such date) if, prior to the date that is 60 days following IFF's delivery of such written notice, DuPont has delivered to IFF an officer's certificate certifying that DuPont has determined in good faith (after consultation with its outside legal counsel) that such breach is reasonably expected to be cured prior to March 15, 2021.

If the Merger Agreement is terminated, the Merger Agreement will terminate without any liability on the part of any party except as described below in the section of this document entitled "—Termination Fees and Expenses Payable in Certain Circumstances" and provided that no termination will release any party of any liability or damages resulting from fraud or willful breach.

Termination Fees and Expenses Payable in Certain Circumstances

The Merger Agreement provides that, upon termination of the Merger Agreement under specified circumstances, a termination fee of \$521.5 million may be payable by IFF to DuPont. The circumstances under which the Termination Fee may be payable include:

- if DuPont terminates the Merger Agreement at any time before approval of the Share Issuance by the IFF shareholders due to (i) IFF's board of directors effecting an IFF Change in Recommendation, (ii) after receipt and public disclosure of a Competing Proposal, IFF's board of directors failing to publicly reaffirm the IFF Board Recommendation within 10 business days after such public disclosure (or within 2 business days of such public disclosure if the IFF shareholder meeting is scheduled within 10 business days) or (iii) IFF has breached, in any material respect, any of its obligations with respect to the IFF shareholder meeting or non-solicitation; or
- if (i) the Merger Agreement is terminated (A) by IFF or DuPont because the Merger has not been consummated by the End Date or because IFF's shareholders fail to approve the Share Issuance at the IFF shareholder meeting, or (B) by DuPont because of an uncured breach by IFF, (ii) prior to such termination, in the case of termination for failure to obtain the IFF shareholder approval, a Competing Proposal has been publicly announced or otherwise becomes publicly known after the date of the Merger Agreement and prior to receipt of the IFF shareholder approval, or, in the case of termination for failure to consummate the Merger prior to the End Date and termination due to an incurable breach by IFF, a Competing Proposal has been publicly announced or otherwise becomes publicly known or communicated to the IFF board of directors after the date of the Merger Agreement and prior to such termination and (iii) on or prior to the date that is 12 months after the date of such termination, a Competing Proposal is consummated or IFF enters into a definitive written agreement in respect of a Competing Proposal (provided that for purposes of the circumstances described by this bullet, all references in the definition of Competing Proposal to 15% shall instead refer to 50%).

If the Merger Agreement is terminated because IFF's shareholders fail to approve the Share Issuance at the IFF shareholder meeting, IFF will be required to reimburse all of DuPont's reasonable out-of-pocket costs, fees and expenses incurred by DuPont and N&B in connection with the Merger Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, subject to a cap of \$75 million. If IFF becomes obligated to pay the Termination Fee to DuPont, the amount of any expenses of DuPont and N&B previously reimbursed by IFF would be deducted from the amount of the Termination Fee payable. If the Merger is consummated, any commitment fees with respect to

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the N&B Debt Financing will be paid by N&B; however, the N&B Debt Financing commitment fees will be borne by DuPont and IFF equally in the event that the Merger Agreement is terminated.

The Merger Agreement also provides that, in the event that there is a breach by DuPont of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement that would cause the non-mutual conditions in favor of IFF not to be satisfied, and following delivery of an officer's certificate by DuPont stating that DuPont has determined in good faith (after consultation with its legal counsel) that such breach is reasonably expected to be cured by the End Date, the Merger Agreement is terminated (i) by IFF because such breach is uncured by the End Date or (ii) by DuPont or IFF due to either the existence of a legal restraint prohibiting or enjoining the Merger, failure to consummate the Merger by the End Date or failure to obtain the IFF shareholder approval of the Share Issuance and, in either case, DuPont failed to cure the breach specified in such officer's certificate prior to such termination, then DuPont is required to pay IFF an amount equal to all reasonable out-of-pocket costs, fees and expense incurred by IFF in connection with the Merger Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, subject to a cap of \$75 million.

If IFF fails to pay the Termination Fee and any of the expenses it is obligated to pay, in each case, if due, and in order to obtain such payment, DuPont commences a suit that results in a judgment against IFF for such amounts, the amount of these payments will be increased to include interest on such amounts and the costs and expenses of DuPont in connection with such suit. Payment of the Termination Fee will be the sole and exclusive remedy of DuPont and its subsidiaries in circumstances where the Termination Fee is payable, except for claims resulting from fraud or Willful Breach by the IFF and its subsidiaries.

Specific Performance

In the Merger Agreement, the parties agree that irreparable harm would occur in the event that the parties do not perform any provision of the Merger Agreement (or, prior to the closing of the Merger, any Transaction Document) in accordance with its specific terms or otherwise breach the Merger Agreement (or, prior to the closing of the Merger, any Transaction Document) and the remedies at law for any breach or threatened breach of the Merger Agreement are inadequate compensation for any loss. Accordingly, in the event of any actual or threatened (whether or not in writing) default in, or breach of, any of the terms, conditions and provisions of the Merger Agreement (or, prior to the closing of the Merger, any Transaction Document), the parties agree that the party to the Merger Agreement who is thereby aggrieved shall have the right to specific performance and injunctive or other equitable relief of its or their rights under the Merger Agreement or, if they are party to a Transaction Document, such Transaction Document, without the necessity of proving actual damages or the inadequacy of monetary damages as a remedy, in addition to any other remedy to which such party is entitled at law or in equity.

Governing Law; Jurisdiction

The Merger Agreement is governed by the laws of the State of Delaware. The parties have irrevocably and unconditionally chosen the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or, if such court shall not have jurisdiction, the United States District Court for the District of Delaware (or, if such court shall not have jurisdiction, any state court in the state of Delaware), and any appellate court from any appeal thereof, as the exclusive jurisdiction for any action or dispute with respect to the Merger Agreement.

Amendments

The Merger Agreement may be amended or modified, in whole or in part, only by a duly authorized agreement in writing executed in the same manner as the Merger Agreement. For any amendments or modifications to the sections of the Merger Agreement relating to amendments, expenses and termination payments, jurisdiction, waiver of jury trial, assignment, third-party beneficiaries and certain non-parties to the Merger Agreement, in each case, to the extent such amendments or modifications adversely affect any of N&B's financing sources, the prior written consent of such affected financing sources will be required.

THE SEPARATION AGREEMENT

The following is a summary of the material provisions of the Separation Agreement. This summary is qualified in its entirety by the Separation Agreement, which is incorporated by reference in this document. Stockholders of DuPont and IFF are urged to read the Separation Agreement in its entirety. This summary of the Separation Agreement has been included to provide DuPont stockholders and IFF shareholders with information regarding its terms. The rights and obligations of the parties are governed by the express terms and conditions of the Separation Agreement and not by this summary or any other information included in this document. This summary is not intended to provide any other factual information about DuPont, N&B, IFF, Merger Sub I or Merger Sub II. Information about DuPont, N&B, IFF, Merger Sub I or Merger Sub II can be found elsewhere in this document and in the documents incorporated by reference into this document. See also “Where You Can Find More Information; Incorporation by Reference.”

The Separation

Internal Reorganization

At or prior to the date of the Distribution, DuPont and N&B will take steps to effect the transfer and/or assignment and assumption of assets and liabilities in accordance with the Separation Plan (the “Internal Reorganization”) and to facilitate the transfer of assets and assumption of liabilities described below.

Transfer of Assets

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Separation Agreement at or prior to the Distribution, DuPont will assign, transfer, convey and deliver to N&B or the applicable member of the N&B Group all of DuPont’s and its applicable subsidiaries’ respective right, title and interest in and to all the N&B Assets. The “N&B Assets” include, among other things and subject to certain exceptions:

- all issued and outstanding equity or ownership interests in the subsidiaries of DuPont that will be included in the N&B Group, as well as certain non-controlling equity interests in other legal entities;
- owned real property and leases to certain premises (respectively, the “N&B Owned Real Property” and “N&B Leased Real Property”) and all rights and interests of DuPont or any subsidiary of DuPont under such owned real property or leases;
- all furniture (which does not include fixtures) to the extent the relevant historical use was at a N&B Owned Real Property or N&B Leased Real Property;
- any contract that is (i) exclusively related to the N&B Business or (ii) primarily related to the N&B Business and that also relates to any other business or business function of DuPont or its subsidiaries;
- any rights of any member of the N&B Group as a third-party beneficiary under the DWDP Separation Related Agreements (as defined below);
- all rights to counterclaims, insurance claims, enforcement rights, rights to coverage under applicable insurance policies, warranties, contractual indemnities, control rights and any similar rights of any member of the DuPont Group to the extent the foregoing relate to the N&B Liabilities;
- all computer and other information technology systems, including hardware and documentation, dedicated software, contracts, reference and resource materials relating thereto, that are used, or held for use, primarily in the N&B Business (collectively, the “N&B IT”);
- all cash and cash equivalents held by members of the N&B Group to the extent DuPont has been reimbursed for them pursuant to the Post-Closing Cash Payment (as defined below);
- all credits, prepaid expenses, rebates, deferred charges and prepaid items, in each case to the extent used, held for use in, or arising out of the N&B Business;

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- all accounts and notes receivable (other than intercompany receivables) to the extent related to the N&B Business;
- any and all intellectual property primarily related to the N&B Business, and all rights and remedies (i) against past, present, and future infringement, misappropriation, or other violation thereof (including the right to sue and recover damages and obtain other equitable relief), (ii) to collect future royalties and other payments thereunder, (iii) to claim priority based on such intellectual property under the laws of any jurisdiction and/or under international conventions or treaties, (iv) to prosecute, register, maintain and defend such intellectual property before any public or private agency, office or registrar and (v) with respect to any trademarks included therein;
- all other assets expressly contemplated by the Separation Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement as assets to be retained by or transferred to the N&B Group (including certain assets set aside in a trust or other funding vehicle or otherwise designated to fund N&B Employee Liabilities (as defined below), pursuant to the terms of the Employee Matters Agreement);
- all assets primarily related to the N&B Business (excluding any Specified DuPont Assets (as defined below)) including in the following categories:
 - all interests in tangible personal property, including machinery, tools, equipment, and vehicles primarily related to the N&B Business;
 - all raw materials, works-in-process, supplies, ingredients, inputs, parts, packaging, finished goods and products and other inventories primarily related to the N&B Business;
 - all of the consents, waivers, registrations, approvals and other similar authorizations primarily related to the N&B Business;
 - all information, content, and data in written, oral, electronic, computerized, digital or other tangible or intangible media primarily related to the N&B Business; and
 - all of the permits (including any pending applications for such permits) primarily related to the N&B Business.

All of the assets of DuPont or any of its subsidiaries other than the N&B Assets will be retained by or transferred to DuPont or the DuPont Group (these assets, as well as any Specified DuPont Assets (as defined below) are referred to herein as the “Excluded Assets”). The Separation Agreement also identifies specific assets that will not be allocated to N&B or the N&B Group (the “Specified DuPont Assets”), including, among other things and subject to certain exceptions:

- all the issued and outstanding equity interests in the subsidiaries of DuPont other than N&B and the other members of the N&B Group;
- owned real property and leases to certain premises (respectively, the “DuPont Owned Real Property” and “DuPont Leased Real Property”) and all rights and interests of DuPont or any subsidiary of DuPont under such owned real property or leases;
- all furniture (which does not include fixtures) to the extent the relevant historical use was at a DuPont Owned Real Property or DuPont Leased Real Property;
- all contracts other than those allocated to N&B;
- all rights to counterclaims, insurance claims, enforcement rights, rights to coverage under applicable insurance policies, warranties, contractual indemnities, control rights and any similar rights of any member of the DuPont Group other than to the extent the foregoing relate to the N&B Liabilities;
- all computer and other information technology systems other than the N&B IT;
- all cash and cash equivalents other than that held by members of the N&B Group;

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- all credits, prepaid expenses, rebates, deferred charges and prepaid items, in each case other than to the extent used, held for use in, or arising out of the N&B Business;
- all accounts and notes receivable (other than intercompany receivables) that are not allocated to the N&B Group;
- all intellectual property not allocated to the N&B Group;
- all raw materials, works-in-process, supplies, ingredients, inputs, parts, packaging, finished goods and products and other inventories not allocated to the N&B Group;
- all of the consents, waivers, registrations, approvals and other similar authorizations not allocated to the N&B Group;
- all financial records relating to the N&B Business that form part of the general ledger of DuPont or any of its affiliates (other than the members of the N&B Group);
- any working papers of DuPont's auditors and any other accounting records of DuPont or any of its affiliates (other than the members of the N&B Group), provided that N&B will have certain access rights to financial information as set forth in the Separation Agreement;
- records relating to the negotiation and consummation of transactions contemplated by the Separation Agreement (other than rights to enforce certain confidentiality provisions that relate to confidential information of the N&B Business); and
- all other assets expressly contemplated by the Separation Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement as assets retained by the DuPont Group (including certain assets set aside in a trust or other funding vehicle or otherwise designated to fund DuPont Employee Liabilities (as defined below), pursuant to the terms of the Employee Matters Agreement).

Assumption of Liabilities

In exchange for the contribution of the N&B Assets to N&B or one its subsidiaries, N&B or the applicable subsidiary of N&B will accept, assume, agree to pay, discharge, fulfill, and to the extent applicable, comply with on a timely basis, certain liabilities which include, among other things, the liabilities described below, referred to herein as the "N&B Liabilities":

- all liabilities that are expressly assumed by or allocated to N&B or any other member of the N&B Group pursuant to the Separation Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement (including certain employee liabilities allocated under the Employee Matters Agreement (the "N&B Employee Liabilities"));
- certain liabilities for businesses and operations of the N&B Business that were previously discontinued or divested;
- all liabilities arising under the N&B Debt Financing;
- all liabilities relating to (i) the disclosure documents in connection with the Distribution and the N&B Debt Financing and (ii) from the N&B Debt Financing arrangements;
- all out-of-pocket, third-party fees and expenses related to the N&B Debt Financing, including underwriting, sale, distribution, placement, commitment, ticking, funding, upfront or other fees and any fees of counsel, accountants, consultants and other advisors incurred with respect to the N&B Debt Financing;
- all checks issued but not drawn to the extent related to the N&B Business or any liabilities of N&B;
- all obligations with respect to any and all credits, prepaid expenses, rebates, deferred charges and prepaid items of any Person other than the DuPont Group or N&B Group to the extent related to the N&B Business;

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- all accounts payable (other than intercompany payables between N&B or DuPont or their subsidiaries) to the extent related to the N&B Business;
- all liabilities to the extent related to the operation of any business conducted by N&B after the Distribution; and
- all liabilities primarily related to the N&B Business, including in the following categories:
 - liabilities related to, arising out of or resulting from death, personal injury, advertising injury, other injury to persons or property damage relating to past, current or future use of or exposure to any of the products (or any part or component) designed, manufactured, serviced or sold, or services performed, by, or on behalf of, the N&B Business, including any such liabilities for negligence, strict liability, design or manufacturing defect, failure to warn, or breach of express or implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for any purpose or use;
 - liabilities related to, arising out of or resulting from any demand, action, claim, cause of action, suit, countersuit, arbitration, inquiry, case, litigation, subpoena, proceeding or investigation (whether civil, criminal or administrative and whether at law or in equity) by or before any court or grand jury, any governmental entity or any arbitration or mediation tribunal or authority (“Action”) primarily related to the N&B Business;
 - liabilities related to, arising out of or resulting from warranty, product liability obligations or claims or similar obligations entered into, created or incurred by, or otherwise primarily related to, the N&B Business;
 - liabilities related to, arising out of or resulting from any past, current or future tort, breach of contract or violation of, or non-compliance with, any law or any approval, consent, franchise, license, permit, registration, authorization or certificate or other right issued or granted by any governmental entity (other than any environmental liability), in each case primarily related to the N&B Business;
 - liabilities related to, arising out of or resulting from any return, rebate, discount, credit, customer program, or similar matters related to products or services of the N&B Business;
 - liabilities related to, arising out of or resulting from any of the contracts allocated to N&B;
 - environmental liabilities primarily to the N&B Business; and
 - liabilities related to, arising out of or resulting from any indebtedness primarily to the N&B Business.

The N&B Liabilities shall include the aforementioned liabilities (except that liabilities with respect to taxes are governed exclusively by the Tax Matters Agreement), in each case, regardless of (i) when or where such liabilities arose or arise (whether arising prior to, at or after the Distribution), (ii) where or against whom such liabilities are asserted or determined, (iii) regardless of whether arising from or alleged to arise from negligence, gross negligence, recklessness, violation of law, fraud or misrepresentation by any member of the DuPont Group or N&B Group, as the case may be, or any of their past or present respective directors, officers, employees, agents, subsidiaries or affiliates and (iv) which entity is named in any Action associated with any liability.

DuPont will generally retain any liabilities that are not N&B Liabilities, which liabilities, along with those liabilities specified below, are referred to herein as the “Excluded Liabilities.” The Separation Agreement also identifies specific liabilities of DuPont or its subsidiaries that will not be assumed by N&B or any subsidiary of N&B as part of the Separation, including, among other things, the following liabilities:

- all liabilities that are expressly assumed by or allocated to DuPont or any other member of the DuPont Group pursuant to the Separation Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement (including certain employee liabilities allocated under the Employee Matters Agreement (the “DuPont Employee Liabilities”));

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- certain fees and expenses actually incurred or accrued prior to the effective time of the Merger, by any member of the DuPont Group or N&B Group related to the transactions, including without limitation (i) the drafting or negotiation of the transaction agreements, (ii) the authorization, planning, structuring, preparation, drafting, negotiation, execution and performance of the transactions contemplated thereby, (iii) the preparation, review and audit of any financial statements of the N&B Business and (iv) the preparation of the N&B Business for sale or separation and any due diligence, marketing or similar activities in connection therewith;
- the amount of any employee retention awards, special bonus, retention payment, transaction bonus, change in control bonus or similar payments that vest or become payable or are paid prior to March 31, 2021;
- any amount in respect of unpaid severance payable upon or relating the transactions contemplated by the Separation Agreement, the Merger Agreement and the Employee Matters Agreement, subject to certain exceptions;
- all checks issued but not drawn other than those allocated to N&B;
- all obligations with respect to any and all credits, prepaid expenses, rebates, deferred charges and prepaid items of any person other than the DuPont Group or N&B Group other than those allocated to N&B;
- all accounts payable (other than intercompany payables between N&B or DuPont or their subsidiaries) other than the payables allocated to N&B;
- certain liabilities for businesses and operations of DuPont that were previously discontinued or divested and not related to the N&B Business (including certain historical liabilities of DuPont allocated to it under the DWDP Separation Related Agreements (as defined below));
- all liabilities of DuPont or any of the members of its Group to the extent relating to any businesses or operations conducted by DuPont after the Distribution;
- indemnification liabilities arising under the Transaction Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2017, by and between DuPont and FMC Corporation;
- all environmental liabilities primarily related to the businesses other than the N&B Business conducted by DuPont prior to the Distribution (other than the N&B Business); and
- Actions brought by or on behalf of stockholders of DuPont relating to any state laws or fiduciary claims relating to the transactions contemplated by the Separation Agreement or the Merger Agreement (other than the liabilities specifically allocated to N&B).

The Excluded Liabilities shall include the aforementioned liabilities (except that liabilities with respect to taxes are governed exclusively by the Tax Matters Agreement), in each case, regardless of (i) when or where such liabilities arose or arise (whether arising prior to, at or after the Distribution), (ii) where or against whom such liabilities are asserted or determined, (iii) which entities is named in any Action associated with any liability (provided that any Excluded Liability that constitutes an environmental liability will be subject to Section 7.10 of the Separation Agreement).

The Separation Agreement generally provides that, as between DuPont and N&B, DuPont will retain, and as such indemnify N&B for, any and all liabilities to the extent arising out of, relating to or resulting from the development, testing, manufacture, sale, distribution, use, storage, handling, disposal or release of or exposure to any perfluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl, or perfluorooctanoic substances, perfluorooctanoic acid, hexafluoropropylene oxide (HFPO) dimer acid, and any substances colloquially referred to as “PFAS”, “PFOA”, “PFOS” and/or “GenX,” and including, in each case, any acids, salts or derivatives thereof (all referred to herein as “PFAS substances”) or any product containing any PFAS substance, including as an impurity. The foregoing is subject to a limited exception (and DuPont will not be liable for or provide any indemnification under the

Separation Agreement) with respect to PFAS substances that were produced, manufactured, distributed or sold by a third-party and that DuPont and/or N&B did not knowingly utilize, solely to the extent that a competent tribunal finally determines, or a settlement agreement entered into by N&B after the Distribution specifies, as such. The Separation Agreement governs DuPont's responsibility with respect to PFAS substances solely as between DuPont and N&B and does not, and should not be construed to, amend, modify, adjust or otherwise impact DuPont's obligation with respect to PFAS substances more generally, if any, which is described in DuPont's most recent annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, as filed with the SEC on Form 10-K on February 14, 2020.

Information contained herein with respect to the assets and liabilities of the parties following the Separation is presented based on the allocation of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the Separation Agreement, unless the context otherwise requires. Certain of the liabilities and obligations assumed by one party or for which one party will have an indemnification obligation under the Separation Agreement and the ancillary agreements are, and following the separation may continue to be, the legal or contractual liabilities or obligations of another party. Each such party that continues to be subject to such legal or contractual liability or obligation will rely on the applicable party that assumed the liability or obligation or the applicable party that undertook an indemnification obligation with respect to the liability or obligation, as applicable, under the Separation Agreement, to satisfy the performance and payment obligations or indemnification obligations with respect to such legal or contractual liability or obligation.

Consents and Delayed Transfers

The Separation Agreement provides that DuPont and N&B will use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain as promptly as practicable the required consents, waivers, notices, reports or other filings required for the transfer or assignment of any assets, contracts, license, permits or authorizations as contemplated by the Separation Agreement. To the extent that any transfers of assets or assumption of liabilities contemplated by the Separation Agreement are not consummated at or prior to the Distribution, the party retaining the deferred asset will hold the asset in trust for the benefit of the party entitled to the asset and such party entitled to the asset will reimburse the other for any liabilities related thereto until the asset is transferred. The party retaining such asset or liability (or relevant subsidiary thereof) shall (or shall cause such subsidiary to) treat, insofar as reasonably possible and to the extent permitted by applicable law, such asset or liability in the ordinary course of business and take such other actions as may be reasonably requested by the party to which such asset is to be transferred or by the party responsible for assuming such liability in order to place such party, insofar as reasonably possible and to the extent permitted by applicable law, in the same position as if such asset or liability had been transferred or assumed as contemplated by the Separation Agreement. During such time, the parties will use commercially reasonable efforts to effect such transfer or assumption. As soon as the legal impediment to the transfer of the asset in question is removed, or the necessary consents and/or governmental approvals are obtained, the transfer will be effected pursuant to the terms of the Separation Agreement and/or applicable ancillary agreement.

Shared Contracts and DWDP Separation Related Agreements

The Separation Agreement provides that DuPont and N&B will use commercially reasonable efforts to partially assign, amend, bifurcate or replicate any contract that relates to both the N&B Business and DuPont's other businesses, so that the N&B Group or the DuPont Group, as applicable, will retain the rights and benefits, and be subject to the liabilities, with respect to or arising from each shared contract to the extent relating to its business. If any shared contract cannot be so modified by its terms or such modification would impair the benefit the parties derived from the shared contract, then DuPont and N&B will use commercially reasonable efforts to take such other reasonable and permissible action to cause the appropriate party to receive the benefits and bear the liabilities of the portion of any such shared contracts as relates to the other party's business or any other alternative arrangements to allocate such rights and liabilities.

The Separation Agreement provides that, subject to certain specified exceptions, DuPont is not required to assign or use any level of efforts to attempt to assign or otherwise transfer any agreement related to the separation of the

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material science business into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Dow Inc. through a pro rata dividend in-kind of all of the then-issued and outstanding shares of Dow Inc.'s common stock on April 1, 2019 and the separation of the agriculture business into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Corteva through a pro rata dividend in-kind of all of the then-issued and outstanding shares of Corteva's common stock on June 1, 2019 (such agreements, the "DWDP Separation Related Agreements"). The Separation Agreement further provides that, following the Distribution, with respect to certain DWDP Separation Related Agreements, unless the benefits of such DWDP Separation Related Agreements are conveyed by an Ancillary Agreement, and subject to certain exceptions, DuPont will either at (i) N&B's request (or shall cause its applicable subsidiary to) or (ii) allow N&B or another member of the N&B Group, as applicable, to enforce in a commercially reasonable manner, any and all rights of any member of the DuPont Group (after giving effect to the Separation) under such DWDP Separation Related Agreements to the extent related to the N&B Business, N&B Assets or N&B Liabilities (and N&B shall (x) directly bear the out of pocket costs and expenses of such enforcement to the extent related to the rights being enforced for the benefit of the N&B Group, (y) indemnify DuPont against any indemnifiable losses arising out of such enforcement to the extent related to the rights being enforced for the benefit of the N&B Group and (z) for the avoidance of doubt, be entitled to any recovery to the extent (1) related to the N&B Business or N&B Assets and (2) related to, arising out of or resulting from such enforcement). The Separation Agreement further requires that N&B shall, or shall cause the applicable member of the N&B Group to, pay, perform and discharge fully all of the obligations and liabilities of any member of the DuPont Group or N&B Group under the DWDP Separation Related Agreements to the extent constituting a N&B Liability and shall otherwise use commercially reasonable efforts to pay, perform and discharge such obligations and liabilities related to the N&B Business or a N&B Asset or any obligation that DuPont is obligated to cause the other members of the "SpecCo Group" (as defined in the separation and distribution agreement among DuPont, Corteva and Dow Inc.) to perform as if it were a party thereto. To the extent any such performance by N&B is not permitted by any applicable counterparty, and subject to any separate arrangement reached in any Ancillary Agreement, DuPont shall continue to pay, perform and discharge fully all such obligations in coordination with and at N&B's direction, and any and all costs, expenses and liabilities incurred by DuPont or its affiliates in connection with the performance by DuPont or its affiliates of its obligations shall be borne solely by N&B.

Treatment of Intercompany Agreements; Receivables and Payables

The Separation Agreement provides that all agreements that are between members of the DuPont Group, on the one hand, and members of the N&B Group, on the other hand, and do not involve any third-parties will be terminated as of the Distribution, except for the Separation Agreement, the Merger Agreement, the Ancillary Agreements and agreements entered into in connection with the transfer of assets and liabilities contemplated by the Separation Agreement and the Internal Reorganization. The Separation Agreement also provides that all intercompany receivables owed and intercompany payables due solely between members of the DuPont Group, on the one hand, and members of the N&B Group, on the other hand, as of immediately prior to the Distribution will be settled or terminated in accordance with the Separation Plan prior to the Distribution.

Guarantees

The Separation Agreement provides that, at or prior to the Distribution or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, DuPont will (with the reasonable cooperation of the applicable member of N&B's Group) use commercially reasonable efforts to have the applicable member of N&B's Group removed as a guarantor or obligor for any liability being allocated to DuPont and substituted by a member of the DuPont Group. At or prior to the Distribution or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, N&B will (with the reasonable cooperation of the applicable member of DuPont's Group) use commercially reasonable efforts to have the applicable member of DuPont's Group removed as a guarantor or obligor for any liability being allocated to N&B and substituted by a member of the N&B Group. Furthermore, each of the parties will use reasonable best efforts to replace all credit support instruments issued by any party on behalf of or in favor of any member of the other party's group or business as promptly as reasonably practicable as of the Distribution. If any party is unable to obtain any required

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removal from a guarantee or replace the required credit support instruments, such party will indemnify and hold harmless the other party from all losses pursuant to the indemnification provisions of the Separation Agreement.

Special Cash Payment and Post-Closing Adjustments

The Separation Agreement requires that, prior to the Distribution, N&B will make the Special Cash Payment in the amount of \$7.306 billion to DuPont, subject to certain adjustments. The Special Cash Payment may be adjusted (i) upwards or downwards depending on the extent that the actual net working capital of N&B and the members of the N&B Group as of immediately prior to the Distribution is greater or less than specified target amounts of net working capital for N&B and the members of the N&B Group as of such time, (ii) downwards to the extent N&B and the members of the N&B Group are liable for indebtedness other than the N&B Debt Financing and (iii) upward to reimburse DuPont with respect to certain specified expenses, principally certain commitment fees in connection with the N&B Debt Financing and certain post-closing employee payments. The Special Cash Payment will be made immediately prior to the Distribution based on estimates of the items set forth in (i)-(iii) of the preceding sentence. To the extent the actual amounts in respect of those items differs from the estimates utilized in the calculation of the Special Cash Payment paid immediately prior to the Distribution, the parties will make a subsequent corrective payment following the closing of the Merger. If the parties are unable to agree on such amounts following the closing of the Merger, the Separation Agreement provides that the parties will engage a nationally known independent accounting firm mutually agreed in writing by the parties, which firm shall not be the then regular auditors of, or have any material relationship with, DuPont, N&B or IFF to resolve the matters in dispute on a binding basis. The Separation Agreement also requires that N&B make a payment to DuPont following the closing of the Merger to reimburse DuPont for certain cash amounts of N&B and members of the N&B Group immediately prior to the Distribution, less repatriation costs to the extent applicable (the "Post-Closing Cash Payment"). With respect to cash in jurisdictions other than the United States of America, such reimbursement is limited, such that DuPont will be reimbursed in full only for amounts up to an agreed maximum, calculated based on an agreed maximum amount of operating cash for each legal entity in each jurisdiction to reflect such legal entity's local operating cash needs, and, with respect to any cash amounts in excess of those local operating cash needs, solely the portion of such cash amounts that can be repatriated by N&B, subject to the delivery of a repatriation plan by DuPont to N&B following the closing of the Merger with respect to the repatriation of amounts in excess of such operating cash amounts. Any disputes with respect to the cash reimbursement and the calculation thereof are to be resolved in accordance with the general dispute resolution provisions of the Separation Agreement.

Cash Reduction

Prior to the Distribution, DuPont may, and may cause N&B and any member of the N&B Group to, take such actions as DuPont deems advisable to minimize or reduce the amount of cash and cash equivalents remaining or present in any accounts held by or in the name of N&B or any member of the N&B Group prior to or at the time of the Distribution. DuPont is not obligated to provide, and N&B is not entitled to receive any minimum amount of cash as part of the Separation and, subject to the terms described above, DuPont will be reimbursed for cash remaining at N&B as of the time of the Distribution.

Insurance

Following the Distribution, the members of the N&B Group and the DuPont Group will have no obligation to maintain insurance coverage in respect of the assets, liabilities or business of the other party's group regarding post-Distribution acts or occurrences. The Separation Agreement provides that the parties will have the right to access coverage under the insurance policies of the other group that were in place prior to the date of the Distribution and under which such requesting party or member of its Group was insured for claims arising out of an act or occurrence taking place prior to the Distribution. On and after the Distribution Date, to the extent that any member of either the DuPont Group or the N&B Group, as applicable, obtains insurance coverage for its assets or liabilities under the other party's insurance policies, such party will bear directly, or reimburse the other party for, any deductibles, self-insured retentions, retrospective premiums and other costs associated with any insurance proceeds collected by such party.

Disclaimer of Representations and Warranties

The Separation Agreement provides that, except as expressly set forth in the Separation Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement, none of DuPont, N&B or IFF makes any representation or warranty as to the assets, businesses, information or liabilities transferred or assumed as contemplated by the Separation Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement, as to any consents or governmental approvals required in connection with the Separation Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement, as to the value or freedom from any security interests of, as to noninfringement, validity or enforceability or any other matter concerning, any assets of such party, or as to the absence of any defenses or right of setoff or freedom from counterclaim with respect to any Action or other asset, including accounts receivable, of any party, or as to the legal sufficiency of any assignment, document, certificate or instrument delivered hereunder to convey title to any asset or thing of value upon the execution, delivery and filing hereof or thereof. The Separation Agreement provides that, except as may expressly be set forth in the Separation Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement, all assets are being transferred on an “as is,” “where is” and “with all faults” basis (and, in the case of any real property, without any additional liabilities or warranties) and the respective transferees shall bear the economic and legal risks that (i) any conveyance shall prove to be insufficient to vest in the transferee good title, free and clear of any security interest or other matter whether or not of record and (ii) any necessary consents are not obtained or that any requirements of laws or judgments are not complied with.

Conditions to the Internal Reorganization

The obligations of DuPont to effect the Internal Reorganization pursuant to the Separation Agreement are subject to the fulfillment or waiver by DuPont at or prior to the Distribution of each of the following conditions:

- each of the parties to the Merger Agreement has confirmed that each of the conditions to such party’s obligations to effect the Merger has been satisfied, will be satisfied at the time of the Distribution or is waived by such party; and
- receipt by DuPont and N&B of any necessary permits and authorizations under the applicable state and federal securities laws.

The Distribution

In the Distribution, DuPont will distribute all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock to holders of DuPont common stock as of the close of business on the Distribution Date. The Separation Agreement provides that DuPont may elect, in its sole discretion, to effect the Distribution in the form of a pro rata distribution of N&B common stock to DuPont’s stockholders or through an exchange offer of DuPont common stock for N&B common stock, or a combination of both. Any exchange offer that is not fully subscribed may also be followed by a pro rata, clean-up distribution to DuPont’s stockholders of the remaining shares of N&B common stock held by DuPont that were not exchanged in the exchange offer. In connection with any exchange offer, DuPont shall determine, in its sole discretion, the terms of any exchange offer, including the number of shares of N&B common stock that will be offered for each validly tendered share of DuPont common stock and any exchange ratio related thereto (including any discount to the reference price of shares of IFF common stock), the period during which such exchange offer shall remain open and any extensions thereto, the procedures for the tender and exchange of shares and all other terms and conditions of such exchange offer, which terms and conditions shall comply with the terms of the Merger Agreement and all securities law requirements applicable to such exchange offer and each DuPont stockholder may elect in the exchange offer to exchange a number of shares of DuPont common stock held by such DuPont stockholder for shares of N&B common stock in such quantities, at such an exchange ratio and subject to such other terms and conditions as may be determined by DuPont and set forth in the publicly filed disclosure documents; provided, however, that except to the extent required by applicable law, the maximum number of days that the exchange offer may be extended following satisfaction of the conditions to the closing of the Merger set forth in Article IX of the Merger Agreement (other than consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Separation Agreement and satisfaction of those conditions

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to be satisfied as of the closing date of the Merger, provided that such conditions are capable of being satisfied at such date) shall be the earlier of (i) twenty business days and (ii) the latest date that would permit the Distribution to occur prior to the initial outside date in compliance with all applicable laws. DuPont must advise IFF of the form of the Distribution at least thirty (30) days prior to the anticipated Distribution Date.

Conditions to the Distribution

The obligations of DuPont to effect the Distribution pursuant to the Separation Agreement are subject to the prior or simultaneous satisfaction, or, to the extent permitted by applicable law, waiver by DuPont in its sole and absolute discretion (other than the condition relating to the Internal Reorganization, which prior to the termination of the Merger Agreement may not be waived without IFF's written consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), of the following conditions:

- the completion of the Internal Reorganization substantially in accordance with the terms of the Separation Plan (other than those steps that are expressly contemplated to occur at or after the Distribution);
- N&B has entered into a definitive agreement or agreements providing for the N&B Debt Financing, incurred the N&B Debt Financing and received the proceeds thereof;
- receipt by the DuPont board of directors of a solvency opinion from an independent appraisal firm as to (x) the solvency of N&B and (y) the solvency and surplus of DuPont, in each case after giving effect to the Special Cash Payment and the consummation for the Distribution (with the terms "solvency" and "surplus" having the meaning ascribed thereto under Delaware law) (the "Solvency Opinion"); and such Solvency Opinion shall be reasonably acceptable to DuPont in form and substance in DuPont's sole discretion; and such Solvency Opinion shall not have been withdrawn or rescinded or modified in any respect adverse to DuPont;
- the execution and delivery of the Tax Matters Agreement, Intellectual Property Cross-License Agreement and the Transition Services Agreements by each party thereto;
- each of the conditions to DuPont's obligations to effect the Merger has been satisfied or waived (other than those conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied contemporaneously with the Distribution and/or the Merger, so long as such conditions are capable of being satisfied at such time); and
- IFF has irrevocably confirmed to DuPont that each of the conditions to IFF's obligations to effect the Merger (i) has been satisfied, (ii) will be satisfied at the time of the Distribution or (iii) subject to applicable laws, has been waived by IFF.

IFF Guarantee

Following the effective time of the Merger, IFF guarantees the obligations of N&B and the N&B Group to DuPont under the Separation Agreement.

Mutual Releases; Indemnification

Release of Pre-Distribution Date Claims

Except for (i) the right to enforce the Separation Agreement, the Merger Agreement, any Ancillary Agreement, any continuing arrangements or any agreements, arrangements, commitments or understandings that continue in effect after the Distribution pursuant to the terms of the Separation Agreement, the Merger Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement, (ii) any matter for which an indemnitee is entitled to indemnification pursuant to Article VII of the Separation Agreement and (iii) certain other specified exceptions, each party to the Separation Agreement, on behalf of itself and, in the case of DuPont and N&B each member of its group, and to the extent permitted by law, in the case of DuPont and N&B, on behalf of all persons who at any time prior to the

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Distribution were directors, officers, agents or employees of any member of its respective group (in their respective capacities as such), in each case, together with their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, (x) irrevocably but effective at the time of and conditioned upon the occurrence of the Distribution, and (y) at the time of the Distribution remise, release and forever discharge the other parties and, as applicable, the other members of such other party's group and their respective successors and all persons who at any time prior to the Distribution were shareholders, directors, officers or employees of any member of such other party's group (in their capacity as such), in each case, together with their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns from any and all liabilities whatsoever, whether at law or in equity, whether arising under any contract, by operation of law or otherwise, in each case, existing or arising from any acts or events occurring or failing to occur or alleged to have occurred or to have failed to occur or any conditions existing or alleged to have existed on or before the Distribution, including in connection with the Internal Reorganization, Distribution or any of the other transactions contemplated under the Separation Agreement and under the Ancillary Agreements; provided, however, that no employee shall be remised, released and discharged to the extent that such Liability relates to, arises out of or results from intentional misconduct by such employee. In addition, the Separation Agreement expressly provides that IFF does not release DuPont with respect to any claim relating to or arising from fraud with respect to any representation or warranty made in the Merger Agreement. "Fraud" is defined specifically as an intentional act of common law fraud by a party in the making of the representations and warranties contained in the Merger Agreement.

General Indemnification

N&B has agreed to indemnify, defend and hold harmless DuPont and its affiliates following the Distribution from and against all indemnifiable losses to the extent relating to any of the following:

- the N&B Liabilities and any claim by a third-party that would, if resolved in favor of the claimant, constitute an N&B Liability; or
- any breach by N&B of any provision of the Separation Agreement.

IFF has agreed to indemnify, defend and hold harmless DuPont and its affiliates following the Distribution from and against all indemnifiable losses to the extent relating to any breach by IFF of IFF's guarantee of the N&B Group's obligations under the Separation Agreement.

DuPont has agreed to indemnify, defend and hold harmless N&B and its affiliates following the Distribution from and against all indemnifiable losses to the extent relating to any of the following:

- the Excluded Liabilities and any claim by a third-party that would, if resolved in favor of the claimant, constitute an Excluded Liability; or
- any breach by DuPont of any provision of the Separation Agreement.

The Separation Agreement also establishes procedures with respect to claims subject to indemnification and related matters. For environmental remediation liabilities, the Separation Agreement provides that an indemnifying party that is not the owner or the primary tenant of the impacted property will have the right, but not the obligation, to perform the remediation at the impacted property. If the indemnifying party elects to perform the remediation at such property, the parties will cooperate to provide reasonable access to the impacted property and to minimize any disruptions or harm to real or personal property. Remediation subject to an indemnification obligation at such properties will be subject to a "least stringent remediation" standard, taking into account the use of the property as of the Distribution, applicable law, and the terms and conditions of any site-specific agreements (including leases) in effect as of the Distribution.

Under the Separation Agreement, each indemnifying party's indemnification obligations are uncapped and the amount of any indemnifiable loss will be reduced by any insurance proceeds or proceeds from any third-party actually recovered by the indemnified party in respect of the indemnifiable loss. An indemnifying party's

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indemnification obligations are also not subject to any deductible or *de minimis* threshold amounts. Indemnification with respect to taxes is governed by the Tax Matters Agreement.

Termination

Prior to the Distribution, the Separation Agreement will terminate without any further action upon termination of the Merger Agreement. After the Distribution, the Separation Agreement may be terminated by an agreement in writing signed by each of DuPont and N&B. In the event of any termination of the Separation Agreement, no party will have any further liability or further obligation to any other party under the Separation Agreement subject to certain specified exceptions.

Dispute Resolution

Except as otherwise set forth in the Separation Agreement, if a dispute arises between the parties under the Separation Agreement, the general counsels of the parties and such other executive officers as the parties may designate will negotiate to resolve any disputes for a reasonable period of time. If the parties are unable to resolve the dispute in this manner, then the dispute will be resolved through binding arbitration.

Other Matters

The Separation Agreement also governs, among other matters, access to financial and other information, receipt by one party of mail, packages and other communications properly belonging to another party, confidentiality, access to and provision of witnesses and records, counsel and legal privileges.

DEBT FINANCING

Overview

On December 15, 2019, in connection with the entry into the Separation Agreement and the Merger Agreement, N&B and IFF entered into the Commitment Letter, under which the Commitment Parties committed to provide \$7.5 billion in an aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured bridge term loans, the availability of which is subject to reduction upon the consummation of the Permanent Financing pursuant to the terms set forth in the Commitment Letter.

On January 17, 2020, N&B entered into the Term Loan Facility, which reduced the commitments under the Commitment Letter by a corresponding amount to \$6.25 billion.

On September 16, 2020, N&B issued \$6.25 billion in aggregate principal amount of the Notes, which reduced the remaining commitments under the Commitment Letter in their entirety. The Commitment Letter was also terminated as of such date.

Following the consummation of the Transactions, all obligations of N&B with respect to the Term Loan Facility and the Notes will be guaranteed by IFF or at the election of N&B and IFF, IFF may assume these N&B obligations. IFF and N&B expect that IFF will assume such N&B obligations after the Second Merger. In addition, following the Merger, by virtue of the fact N&B will be a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, the consolidated indebtedness of IFF and its subsidiaries will include the indebtedness incurred by N&B in the debt financings completed prior to the Distribution.

As a result of these financing activities, IFF's level of indebtedness will increase after the consummation of the Transactions. For a discussion of IFF's liquidity and capital resources after the consummation of the Transactions, see "Information on IFF—IFF's Liquidity and Capital Resources After the Transactions."

Term Loan Facility

On January 17, 2020, N&B entered into a term loan credit agreement, dated as of January 17, 2020, by and among N&B, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, as syndication agent, and the other lenders and financial institutions party thereto, which term loan agreement was amended pursuant to that certain Amendment No. 1 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2020, among N&B, the lenders party thereto and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent.

The Term Loan Facility provides for a senior unsecured term loan credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,250,000,000, comprised of a \$625,000,000 three-year tranche and a \$625,000,000 five-year tranche. Interest for each tranche under the Term Loan Facility will equal a LIBOR-based rate plus an applicable margin (based on any class of IFF's non-credit-enhanced, senior unsecured long-term debt credit rating).

The funding of the loans under the Term Loan Facility will be available upon the satisfaction of several limited conditions precedent, including (i) the accuracy of certain representations and warranties, (ii) the absence of a material adverse effect on N&B and (iii) the consummation of the Separation and the Merger in accordance with the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement substantially concurrently with the funding of the loans under the Term Loan Facility.

The proceeds of the term loans are to be used to (i) finance a portion of the Special Cash Payment and/or at the option of N&B, to be transferred to a subsidiary of N&B and thereafter paid to DuPont or one of its subsidiaries in connection with consummating the Merger and (ii) to pay the related transaction fees and expenses. In the

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event a portion of the proceeds are transferred to a subsidiary of N&B and thereafter paid to DuPont or one of its subsidiaries as described in clause (i), the overall amount that is funded by the Term Loan Facility and the Bridge Facility (or, if applicable, the Notes) and conveyed to DuPont prior to the Distribution will not be greater than the Special Cash Payment.

The Term Loan Facility will be subject to customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default after the closing date of the Merger. The Term Loan Facility is also subject to a financial covenant requiring maintenance of a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of 4.75 to 1.00 until and including the end of the third full fiscal quarter after the closing date of the Merger, stepping down to 4.50 to 1.00 until and including the end sixth full fiscal quarter after the closing date of the Merger, stepping down further to 3.75 to 1.00 until and including the end of the ninth full fiscal quarter after the closing date of the Merger and stepping down further to 3.50 to 1.00 thereafter, with a step-up in connection with certain qualifying acquisitions.

Voluntary prepayments of loans under the Term Loan Facility may be made at any time, without premium or penalty, subject to the lenders' redeployment costs other than on the last day of the relevant interest period.

Following the consummation of the Merger, N&B's obligations under the Term Loan Bridge Facility will be guaranteed by IFF. Following the Second Merger, at the election of IFF, in lieu of IFF continuing to provide the guarantee, or at any time after such guarantee having been provided, IFF may agree to assume all of Merger Sub II's (as successor to N&B) obligations under the Term Loan Bridge Facility, whereupon Merger Sub II shall be released from such obligations.

The commitments under the Term Loan Facility will terminate on the earliest of (i) the consummation of the Special Cash Payment without using the loans under the Term Loan Facility, (ii) the date on which the Merger Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms without the closing of the Merger and (iii) 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on March 15, 2021 (or if such date is extended as provided in the Merger Agreement, on such extended date).

Bridge Facility

Pursuant to the Commitment Letter, the Commitment Parties agreed to provide N&B with a 364-day senior unsecured bridge loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$7.5 billion. On January 17, 2020, N&B entered into the Term Loan Facility, which reduced the commitments under the Commitment Letter in respect of the Bridge Facility to \$6.25 billion. On September 16, 2020, N&B issued \$6.25 billion in aggregate principal amount of the Notes, which reduced the remaining commitments under the Commitment Letter in their entirety. The Commitment Letter was also terminated as of such date.

N&B Notes

On September 16, 2020, N&B issued \$6.25 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes, comprised of:

- \$300 million aggregate principal amount of N&B's 0.697% Senior Notes due 2022 (the "2022 Notes");
- \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of N&B's 1.230% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes");
- \$1.2 billion aggregate principal amount of N&B's 1.832% Senior Notes due 2027 (the "2027 Notes");
- \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of N&B's 2.300% Senior Notes due 2030 (the "2030 Notes");
- \$750 million aggregate principal amount of N&B's 3.268% Senior Notes due 2040 (the "2040 Notes"); and
- \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of N&B's 3.468% Senior Notes due 2050 (the "2050 Notes" and, together with the 2022 Notes, 2025 Notes, 2027 Notes, 2030 Notes and 2040 Notes, the "Notes" and, together with the Term Loan Facility, the "Permanent Financing").

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The Notes were sold to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act and outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S, under the Securities Act. Each series of Notes was issued under an indenture, dated September 16, 2020 (the “Indenture”), between N&B and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the “Trustee”), and are senior unsecured obligations of N&B, to be guaranteed by IFF upon consummation of the Merger.

The 2022 Notes bear interest at a rate of 0.697% per annum and will mature on September 15, 2022. The 2025 Notes bear interest at a rate of 1.230% per annum and will mature on October 1, 2025. The 2027 Notes bear interest at a rate of 1.832% per annum and will mature on October 15, 2027. The 2030 Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.300% per annum and will mature on November 1, 2030. The 2040 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.268% per annum and will mature on November 15, 2040. The 2050 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.468% per annum and will mature on December 1, 2050. Interest on each series of notes began accruing from September 16, 2020. Interest on the 2022 Notes is payable semiannually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning on March 15, 2021. Interest on the 2025 Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year, beginning on April 1, 2021. Interest on the 2027 Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on April 15, 2021. Interest on the 2030 Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 1 and November 1 of each year, beginning on May 1, 2021. Interest on the 2040 Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning on May 15, 2021. Interest on the 2050 Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2021.

On or after the earlier of (i) the closing date of the Second Merger and (ii) October 15, 2021, N&B may redeem any series of the Notes prior to their applicable par call date, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the greater of the following amounts:

- 100% of the principal amount of the Notes of the applicable series to be redeemed on that redemption date; and
- the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the Notes to be redeemed on that redemption date as calculated by N&B, excluding accrued and unpaid interest on the redemption date, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis based at the Treasury Rate (as defined in the Indenture), plus (i) 10 basis points in the case of the 2022 Notes, (ii) 15 basis points in the case of the 2025 Notes, (iii) 25 basis points in the case of the 2027 Notes, (iv) 25 basis points in the case of the 2030 Notes, (v) 30 basis points in the case of the 2040 Notes and (vi) 30 basis points in the case of the 2050 Notes, as determined by the Reference Treasury Dealer (as defined in the Indenture);
- plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes being redeemed to, but excluding, the redemption date.

On or after the applicable par call date with respect to each series of Notes, the redemption price for the Notes to be redeemed will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes to be redeemed to, but excluding, the redemption date. Unlike the other series, the 2022 Notes will not be subject to any par call period (and may only be redeemed as described above).

If the closing of the Merger has not occurred on or prior to September 15, 2021, or, if prior to such date, the Merger Agreement is validly terminated, N&B will be required to redeem all of the Notes at a redemption price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the applicable series of Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of redemption.

Following the Merger, upon the occurrence of a Change of Control (as defined in the Indenture) with respect to a particular series of Notes, N&B will be required to make an offer to repurchase the Notes of such series at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of repurchase.

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The Indenture contains customary events of default, including, among other things, payment default, failure to provide certain notices thereunder, failure to maintain IFF's guarantee following the Merger and certain provisions related to bankruptcy events. The Indenture also contains certain customary covenants that, following the Merger, will limit, among other things, N&B's ability to engage in mergers or consolidations, to create liens, to enter into sale and lease-back transactions and to transfer or lease all or substantially all of its assets.

Proceeds from the offering of the Notes will be held in an escrow account prior to the Merger, subject to the terms and conditions of the escrow agreement, dated September 16, 2020, by and among N&B, the Trustee and U.S. Bank National Association, as escrow agent.

OTHER AGREEMENTS

The following is a summary of the material provisions of the Employee Matters Agreement, the Tax Matters Agreement, the Voting Agreement, the Transition Services Agreement, the Lease Agreements, the Site Services Agreement, the Supply Agreement, the IP Cross-License Agreement, the Trademark Cross-License Agreement, the Regulatory Transfer and Support Agreement, the Regulatory Cross-License Agreement, the Umbrella Secrecy Agreement and the TMODS License Agreement. The summaries below have been included to provide DuPont stockholders and IFF shareholders with information regarding the material terms of such agreements.

Employee Matters Agreement

In connection with the Transactions, DuPont, N&B and IFF have entered into an Employee Matters Agreement. The Employee Matters Agreement generally allocates between the parties the pre- and post-closing liabilities in respect of employees of the N&B Business and establishes certain requirements relating to compensation and benefits of N&B Employees after the effective time of the Merger. This summary is qualified by reference to the complete text of the Employee Matters Agreement, which is incorporated by reference and is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this document is a part.

Identification of N&B Employees

“N&B Employees” will generally include individuals who: (i) as of December 15, 2019, are primarily dedicated to the N&B Business or the Polysaccharides Business (not including individuals in shared corporate or functional roles) as identified on a particular employee census; (ii) are in shared corporate or functional departments and identified through a talent selection process; (iii) are hired in the ordinary course following December 15, 2019 to the extent permitted by the Merger Agreement; (iv) by operation of applicable law or the terms of an applicable labor agreement become employed by N&B on or before the Distribution Date; and (v) are mutually identified by N&B, DuPont and IFF.

Effective no later than immediately before the Distribution, DuPont and N&B will cause each N&B Employee to be employed by N&B. N&B Employees not actively at work as of the Distribution Date as a result of a disability will not transfer to N&B unless and until such individual is able to return to active duty within certain specified timeframes.

General Allocation of Liabilities

The EMA generally provides that N&B will assume the employee liabilities of the N&B Employees and DuPont will assume the employee liabilities of DuPont employees, subject to limited exceptions whereby employee liabilities relating to N&B Employees and former employees who were employed by an entity with a business identifier attributable to the N&B Business or otherwise were primarily dedicated to the N&B Business (“Former N&B Business Employees”) are allocated to N&B. Employee liabilities relating to all other current or former employees are allocated to DuPont. This is generally the case notwithstanding whether, for administrative, statutory, collective bargaining or other reasons, the liability must be satisfied by a party other than the party to whom it is allocated (i.e., the responsible party will reimburse the payor party).

Post-Closing Compensation and Benefits

The EMA provides that for eighteen (18) months following the Distribution Date, N&B will provide each N&B Employee with: (i) base pay or wage rate no less than the base pay or wage rate such employee received immediately prior to the Distribution Date; (ii) a target annual cash bonus compensation opportunity no less than the target annual cash bonus opportunity such employee received immediately prior to the Distribution Date; (iii) employee benefits substantially no less favorable in the aggregate than the employee benefits such employee received in the ordinary course immediately prior to the Distribution Date, excluding defined benefit pension benefits, post-retirement medical and life insurance, equity, equity-based and other long-term incentive

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compensation opportunities and transaction-based retention, change in control, incentive or other similar payments, and (iv) paid time off no less favorable than the paid time off such employee received immediately prior to the Distribution Date. For the first annual equity grant cycle of IFF that occurs immediately after the Distribution Date, N&B will also provide each N&B Employee with a target long-term incentive award opportunity substantially comparable to the target long-term incentive award opportunity (if any) such employee received in respect of the ordinary course DuPont grant cycle immediately before the Distribution Date.

The EMA provides that for eighteen (18) months following the Distribution Date, N&B will provide each N&B Employee whose employment terminates in such period with cash severance entitlements no less favorable than the cash severance entitlements such employee would have received upon termination under the same or similar circumstances immediately prior to the Distribution Date pursuant to the applicable non-statutory severance arrangement in effect on December 15, 2019.

Service Crediting

The EMA provides that, subject to certain customary exceptions, N&B Employees generally will be fully credited by N&B for all pre-closing service to DuPont or any applicable predecessor employer for purposes of eligibility and vesting under the N&B benefit plans in which N&B Employees participate after the Distribution Date.

Treatment of Benefit Plans

Generally, there will be: (i) an assumption by N&B of liabilities (and any assets that are dedicated to the satisfaction of such liabilities) in respect of any portion of any DuPont benefit plans the parties have agreed are N&B Employee liabilities, and (ii) an assumption by DuPont of liabilities (and any assets that are dedicated to the satisfaction of such liabilities) in respect of any portion of any N&B benefit plans the parties have agreed are DuPont employee liabilities.

Subject to certain exceptions, N&B will retain all liabilities (and any attributable assets) in respect of (i) defined benefit pension plans principally maintained by N&B and (ii) certain scheduled defined benefit pension plans. DuPont generally will retain all liabilities (and any attributable assets) in respect of (i) defined benefit pension plans maintained by DuPont or N&B in Belgium, Canada and the United States and certain such plans in the Netherlands and the United Kingdom, and, in respect of (ii) Former N&B Business Employees, under defined benefit pension plans maintained by DuPont or N&B in France, Germany, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico and Switzerland.

To the extent the total amount of pension liabilities assumed by N&B exceeds the total amount of attributable assets (the "Net Pension Liabilities") by more than \$220 million (based on certain actuarial assumptions), DuPont will make a cash payment to IFF in an amount equal to the difference between the Net Pension Liabilities and \$220 million (after adjustment for tax effects), and likewise, to the extent Net Pension Liabilities are less than \$220 million (based on certain actuarial assumptions), IFF will make a cash payment to DuPont in an amount equal to the difference between the Net Pension Liabilities and \$220 million (after adjustment for tax effects).

DuPont will assume all liability for any retention award, special bonus, retention payment, transaction bonus, change in control bonus or similar payment in respect of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents that are scheduled or that are otherwise vested, payable or paid to any N&B Employee or Former N&B Employee on or before March 31, 2021 (which such liability amount also will be a downward adjustment to the Special Cash Payment under the terms of the Separation Agreement).

Vacation

Vacation balances that must be cashed out pursuant to applicable law or labor agreement by reason of the Transactions, and certain other banked vacation balances (including the "U.S. 2014 Bank," as defined in the E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company Vacation Plan), will be paid out by DuPont and reimbursed by N&B. The EMA provides that N&B will not take away from any N&B Employee earned but unused vacation benefits that have not been paid out.

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Severance

N&B will generally assume all liabilities for severance payable to any N&B Employee following the Distribution. Notwithstanding the foregoing, DuPont will retain all liabilities for severance payable to any (i) N&B Employee or Former N&B Business Employee solely by reason of the occurrence of the Transactions (including related internal reorganizations), or (ii) Non-Consenting Employee; provided that N&B will reimburse DuPont for an amount up to the lesser of 50% and \$5,000,000 of the aggregate amount of such severance actually paid; provided, further, that N&B is not obligated to reimburse DuPont for severance payable to any Non-Consenting Employee to the extent the employment of the relevant Non-Consenting Employee has not been terminated within three months following the Distribution or such later period required by applicable law or agreement. The severance payable solely by reason of the occurrence of the Transactions and up to 50% of the first \$10 million and 100% of any such amount in excess thereof of the severance payable to Non-Consenting Employees is a downward adjustment to the Special Cash Payment under the Separation Agreement to the extent it would be a liability of any member of the N&B Group.

Annual Cash Incentives

The EMA provides that annual cash incentive compensation earned or accrued by a N&B Employee or Former N&B Business Employee for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which the Distribution occurs and which is not yet paid as of the Distribution will be paid by DuPont prior to the Distribution Date. The EMA also provides that annual cash incentive compensation earned or accrued by any N&B Employee or Former N&B Business Employee for the fiscal year in which the Distribution occurs will be paid by N&B. The amount of any annual cash incentive compensation in excess of \$25 million in respect of any N&B Employee or Former N&B Business Employee in respect of fiscal year 2020 that would be a liability of any member of the N&B Group is a downward adjustment to the Special Cash Payment under the Separation Agreement.

Equity Awards

Under the terms of the EMA, each outstanding DuPont equity incentive compensation award (i.e., stock options, stock appreciation rights and stock units) held by an N&B Employee as of immediately before the Distribution will generally be adjusted and converted into IFF Equity Awards, effective as of the closing of the Merger, on essentially similar terms. Former N&B Business Employee equity awards will be retained by DuPont. Additional information regarding the treatment of equity awards held by N&B Employees is set out at “The Transactions—Effects of the Distribution and the Merger on DuPont Equity Awards.”

Welfare Benefit Claims

Under the terms of the EMA, N&B will assume liability for claims under any DuPont welfare benefits plan incurred prior to the Distribution Date with respect to each N&B Employee and Former N&B Business Employee. DuPont will retain liability for claims under any N&B welfare benefits plan incurred prior to the Distribution Date with respect to each employee who is not a N&B Employee or Former N&B Business Employee.

Labor Matters

The EMA provides that N&B will assume labor agreements to the extent applicable to N&B Employees.

Non-Solicitation

Subject to certain exceptions, for a period of twenty-four (24) months after the Distribution Date, (i) DuPont will not solicit for employment or engagement any N&B Employee and certain other specified categories of individuals, or otherwise induce them to cease or terminate their relationship with N&B or IFF, and (ii) IFF and N&B will not solicit for employment or engagement any DuPont employee and certain other specified categories of individuals, or otherwise induce them to cause or terminate their relationship with DuPont.

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Certain U.S. Employee Matters

Subject to certain customary exceptions, DuPont will pay out to each U.S. N&B Employee in the U.S. all earned but unused vacation benefits remaining in the employee's 2014 Bank, and N&B will reimburse DuPont for the amount of such payments.

Effective as of the Distribution Date, contributions under the DuPont Retirement Savings Plan (the "DuPont RSP") in respect of N&B Employees who participated in the DuPont U.S. Savings Plan (each, a "U.S. Savings Plan Participant") will cease, and DuPont will vest the account balances in the DuPont U.S. Savings Plan of all participants.

The EMA provides that, effective as of immediately following the Distribution Date, N&B will permit DuPont U.S. Savings Plan Participants to participate in a defined contribution retirement plan that satisfies the requirements of Sections 401(a) and 401(k) of the Code (the "N&B U.S. Savings Plan"). N&B (or IFF if applicable) will cause the N&B U.S. Savings Plan trustee to accept, as a direct rollover, any distribution from the DuPont U.S. Savings Plan (including in the form of plan loans not in default) to the extent the rollover request is initiated by a N&B U.S. Savings Plan Participant.

N&B will be responsible for and assume all liabilities related to all claims for workers' compensation benefits and coverage which are incurred (i) on or following the Distribution Date by N&B Employees or (ii) prior to the Distribution Date by N&B Employees.

For a period of ninety (90) days after the closing date of the Merger, N&B and IFF will not engage in conduct which would result in an employment loss or layoff for a sufficient number of employees of N&B, which, if required under the WARN Act to be aggregated with any layoffs prior to the closing of the Merger set forth on the WARN List, would trigger the WARN Act.

Miscellaneous

Effective as of the consummation of the Merger, IFF guarantees all obligations of N&B under the Employee Matters Agreement. The Employee Matters Agreement incorporates by reference certain general terms of the Separation Agreement, including the dispute resolution procedures and payment terms. The Employee Matters Agreement is governed by Delaware law.

The EMA does not provide any commitment of continued employment on behalf of DuPont or IFF. Nothing in the EMA is intended to confer any rights, benefits, remedies, obligations or liabilities upon any persons other than the parties to the agreement and their respective successors and assigns.

Tax Matters Agreement

In connection with the Transactions, DuPont, N&B and IFF have generally agreed on a form of the Tax Matters Agreement that will be entered into at the close of the Transactions. The Tax Matters Agreement governs the parties' respective rights, responsibilities, and obligations with respect to taxes, including taxes arising in the ordinary course of business, taxes, if any, incurred as a result of any failure of the Distribution, the Mergers or certain related transactions to qualify as tax-free for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and the apportionment of tax attributes. The Tax Matters Agreement also sets forth the respective obligations of the parties with respect to the filing of tax returns, the administration of tax contests and assistance and cooperation on tax matters. This summary is qualified by reference to the complete text of the form of the Tax Matters Agreement, which is incorporated by reference and is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this document is a part.

In general, the Tax Matters Agreement governs the rights and obligations of DuPont, on the one hand, and N&B and IFF, on the other hand, after the Distribution with respect to taxes for both pre-Distribution and post-Distribution periods. Under the Tax Matters Agreement, DuPont is generally responsible for taxes of consolidated, combined and

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affiliated groups, the parent of which is DuPont or an entity that continues to be owned by DuPont following the close of the Transactions (including the U.S. federal income tax liability of the DuPont consolidated group), tax liabilities solely attributable to DuPont's retained businesses, tax liabilities arising from internal separation transactions separating the N&B Business, and liabilities related to certain specified tax matters. Subject to certain exceptions, N&B is responsible for any taxes payable by N&B and any of its subsidiaries after the closing of the Merger, other than those taxes for which DuPont is responsible pursuant to the preceding sentence.

Furthermore, each party is responsible for any taxes imposed on DuPont or N&B that arise from the failure of the Distribution, the Mergers and certain related transactions to qualify as tax-free transactions to the extent that such failure to qualify is attributable to certain actions taken by such party.

In addition, during the two year period following the Distribution or, in the case of certain historic transactions undertaken by DuPont, during the two year period following each such historic transaction, the Tax Matters Agreement generally will prohibit N&B, IFF and their respective subsidiaries from taking certain actions that could cause the Distribution, the Mergers, certain related transactions and certain historic transactions undertaken by DuPont to fail to qualify as tax-free transactions. If N&B, IFF or any of their respective subsidiaries intends to take an action that is otherwise prohibited as described above, N&B or IFF is required to notify DuPont of its proposal and obtain a favorable IRS ruling or an unqualified tax opinion, in each case, satisfactory to DuPont in its discretion and stating that such action will not affect the tax-free status of the Distribution, the Mergers, such related transactions or such historic transactions, as the case may be. If N&B, IFF or any of their respective subsidiaries takes any of the actions described above and such actions result in indemnifiable losses to DuPont under the Tax Matters Agreement, IFF and its subsidiaries generally are required to indemnify DuPont for such losses, without regard to whether DuPont has given prior consent to such action and without regard to whether N&B or IFF obtains an IRS ruling or an unqualified tax opinion.

The indemnity obligations of N&B, IFF and any of their respective subsidiaries under the Tax Matters Agreement are not subject to a cap.

The Tax Matters Agreement is binding on and will inure to the benefit of any successor to any of the parties of the Tax Matters Agreement to the same extent as if such successor had been an original party to the Tax Matters Agreement. Further, as of the effective time of the Merger, IFF will be subject to the obligations and restrictions imposed on N&B.

Voting Agreement

In connection with the Transactions, on December 15, 2019, DuPont and Winder Investment Pte. Ltd. ("Winder") entered into a voting agreement (referred to herein as the "Voting Agreement"). Pursuant to the Voting Agreement, Winder has agreed, subject to the termination of the Voting Agreement, at any duly called meeting of the IFF shareholders (including any adjournment or postponement thereof), and in any other circumstance upon which a vote, consent or other approval (including an action by written consent) is sought from the IFF shareholders, Winder shall, if a meeting is held (including any adjournment or postponement thereof), appear at the meeting, in person or by proxy, or otherwise cause the Subject Shares (as defined below) to be counted as present thereat for purposes of establishing a quorum, and it shall vote, consent or approve (or cause to be voted, consented or approved), in person or by proxy, all of the Subject Shares (a) in favor of the Share Issuance and any proposal or action presented to effectuate the foregoing; and (b) against any proposal or action to approve any action or agreement that Winder is aware would result in a breach of any covenant, representation or warranty or any other obligation or agreement of IFF or any of its subsidiaries under the Merger Agreement. The Voting Agreement further provides that any vote by Winder that is not in accordance with the foregoing shall be considered null and void and that Winder shall not enter into any agreement or understanding with any person prior to the termination of the Voting Agreement to vote or give instructions in a manner inconsistent with the foregoing. This summary is qualified by reference to the complete text of the Voting Agreement, which is incorporated by reference and is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this document is a part.

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In addition, under the Voting Agreement, Winder agreed to, solely in the event of a failure by Winder to act in accordance with its obligations with respect to the foregoing, irrevocably (to the fullest extent permitted by law) grant to and appoint Edward Breen and Erik Hoover, in their respective capacities as officers of DuPont, and each of them individually, as its proxy and attorney-in-fact (with full power of substitution and resubstitution), for and in the name, place and stead of Winder, to represent, vote and exercise all voting and related rights, sign or execute forms of proxy and/or such other deeds or documents (including under seal, if necessary or desirable) and to do such other acts and things as may be necessary (including, without limitation, the power to execute and deliver written consents) with respect to the Subject Shares.

Pursuant to the Voting Agreement, the “Subject Shares” are the number of shares of IFF common stock owned by Winder as of the date of the Voting Agreement, together with any other equity securities of IFF acquired (including any equity securities of IFF of which power to dispose of or voting control is acquired) by Winder during the period from and including the date of the Voting Agreement through and including the date on which the Voting Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms (including, but not limited to, any IFF common stock acquired upon exercise of any options that vest before or during such period). As of December 15, 2019, the date of the Voting Agreement, Winder held 20,300,000 shares of IFF common stock (which represented approximately 19.01% of the total outstanding shares of IFF common stock, based on 106,780,994 shares of IFF common stock reported outstanding as of the close of business on December 13, 2019 (as represented by IFF in the Merger Agreement)) and 2,958,500 tangible equity units in IFF.

Winder has also agreed, among other things, subject to certain exceptions (including transfers to an affiliate who agrees in writing to be bound by the terms of the Voting Agreement): not to directly or indirectly (i) offer for sale, sell (including short sales), transfer or otherwise dispose of or consent to the offer for sale, sale, transfer or other disposition of any or all of the Subject Shares; (ii) grant any proxies or powers of attorney, delivery any voting instruction form or other voting instruction, deposit into a voting trust or enter into any other voting arrangement, in each case with respect to the Subject Shares; or (iii) commit or agree to take any of the foregoing actions. The Voting Agreement further provides that the obligations thereunder shall attach to the Subject Shares and shall be binding upon any person or entity to which legal or beneficial ownership of the Subject Shares shall pass, whether by operation of law or otherwise, including without limitation Winder’s administrators, successors or receivers.

Winder expressly acknowledges and agrees under the Voting Agreement that the obligations of Winder will not be affected by any IFF Change in Recommendation.

Winder made customary representations and warranties, including with respect to authority to enter into and carry out its obligations under, and the enforceability of, the Voting Agreement.

The Voting Agreement and the limited proxy granted thereunder will automatically terminate upon the earliest of (i) the mutual consent of DuPont and Winder, (ii) the receipt of IFF shareholder approval for the Share Issuance, (iii) September 30, 2020, (iv) the date of termination of the Merger Agreement in accordance with its terms and (v) if either (a) any Competing Proposal or Superior Proposal has been adopted by two-thirds of the votes of all outstanding shares of IFF common stock entitled to vote thereon or (b) there has been validly tendered and not validly withdrawn in favor of any Competing Proposal or Superior Proposal a number of shares of IFF common stock that would represent at least two-thirds of the vote of all outstanding shares of IFF common stock (with the Voting Agreement providing that Winder has agreed and understood that it shall not vote, or tender, any Subject Shares in favor of any Competing Proposal or Superior Proposal prior to the termination of the Voting Agreement).

The Voting Agreement is governed by the laws of the state of Delaware and the parties thereto have irrevocably and unconditionally submitted to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or, if such court shall not have jurisdiction, the United States District Court for the District of Delaware (or, if such court shall not have jurisdiction, any state court in the state of Delaware), and any appellate court from any appeal thereof, in any action arising out of or relating to the Voting Agreement or the transactions contemplated thereby. The parties further agreed that irreparable harm would occur in the event that the parties do not perform

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any provision of the Voting Agreement in accordance with its terms or otherwise breach the Voting Agreement and the remedies at law for any breach or threatened breach, including monetary damages, are inadequate compensation for any loss. Accordingly, in the event of any actual or threatened (whether or not in writing) default in, or breach of, any of the terms, conditions and provisions of the Voting Agreement, the parties agreed that the party to the Voting Agreement who is thereby aggrieved shall have the right to specific performance and injunctive or other equitable relief of its rights under the Voting Agreement without the necessity of proving actual damages or the inadequacy of monetary damages as a remedy, in addition to any other remedy to which such party is entitled at law or in equity.

Transition Services Agreements

At or immediately prior to the Distribution, DuPont and N&B will enter into two Transition Services Agreements, pursuant to which members of the DuPont Group will provide services to members of the N&B Group, and members of the N&B Group will provide services to members of the DuPont Group, in order to ensure business continuity and to transition the business to N&B after the Separation. The services will be set forth in service level agreements appended to the Transition Services Agreements. The key services that are anticipated to be provided under the Transition Services Agreements include information technology services, human resources services, facilities services and operational and business services.

The term for provision of information technology services will extend no longer than three years from the date of the Separation, and the term for provision of all other services will extend no longer than two years from the date of the Separation. The service fees under the Transition Services Agreements will generally be based on the cost of services provided, with a five percent (5%) markup for non-third party costs for services with contemplated terms longer than twelve (12) months. The total of service fees payable by the N&B Group may not exceed \$45 million in any calendar year for services that were used in the conduct of the N&B Business prior to the Separation, and as such, any excess costs or expenses for such services provided will be borne by DuPont.

Lease Agreements

At or immediately prior to the Distribution, one or more members of the DuPont Group and one or more members of the N&B Group will enter into certain lease agreements and sublease agreements (the "Space Leases") in respect of certain buildings (primarily office and laboratory space) at shared sites. Pursuant to these agreements, (i) a member of the DuPont Group will grant to a member of the N&B Group a leasehold interest in certain buildings (or portions thereof) that will continue to be owned or, in the case of a sublease, leased by the applicable member of the DuPont Group after the consummation of the Separation and (ii) a member of the N&B Group will grant to a member of the DuPont Group a leasehold interest in certain buildings (or portions thereof) that will continue to be owned or, in the case of a sublease, leased by the applicable member of the N&B Group after the consummation of the Separation. These agreements will provide for a customary term and an annual rent to be paid by the lessee.

Site Services Agreement

At or immediately prior to the Distribution, one or more members of the DuPont Group and one or more members of the N&B Group will enter into site services agreements for the provision of site services at DuPont's Midland, Michigan site, on which (or adjacent to which) a member of the N&B Group will continue operations. Under the site services agreements, members of the DuPont Group will provide services to members of the N&B Group, including infrastructure, facility rentals, site logistics and other applicable services, and members of the N&B Group will provide services to members of the DuPont Group, including chemical supply and distribution, facility rentals and other applicable services, in each case, to the extent permitted by applicable law.

The site services agreements generally have a five year term, although certain services set forth therein will terminate after shorter periods set forth in such agreements. The site services agreements will provide for service fees, which are generally based on the cost of services provided.

Supply Agreement

At or immediately prior to the Distribution, one or more members of the DuPont Group and one or more members of the N&B Group will enter into a product supply agreement (the “Supply Agreement”), pursuant to which one or more members of the N&B Group will sell products it manufactures to one or more members of the DuPont Group.

Under the Supply Agreement, N&B will supply products, including a microbicide, a biocide and a preservative, to DuPont at the prices specified in each of the supplements to the agreement. The term of the Supply Agreement and each supplement is four (4) years. The Supply Agreement and the supplements may be terminated early in certain circumstances.

IP Cross-License

At or prior to the Distribution Date, N&B and DuPont will enter into an Intellectual Property Cross-License Agreement (the “IP Cross-License”), which will set forth the terms and conditions under which each company may use in its business, following the Separation, certain know-how (including trade secrets), copyrights, design rights, software, and possibly certain patents (as further described below), allocated to the other party pursuant to the Separation Agreement, and pursuant to which N&B may use certain standards retained by DuPont. This summary of the IP Cross-License is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the agreement, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

Under the IP Cross-License, each of N&B and DuPont will grant licenses to the other to use, in the field of their respective businesses as conducted as of the Distribution Date (and natural evolutions of such businesses): (i) certain know-how, copyrights, design rights and proprietary software that are owned and licensable by the licensor and used or held for use in the licensee’s business as of the Distribution Date, and (ii) patents actually used in the licensee’s business as of the Distribution Date (if any).

This agreement will include a license to N&B of the intellectual property in the engineering, safety, health and environmental standards owned by DuPont that are actually used in the N&B Business as of the Distribution Date (“EHS License”). The EHS License will be limited to use of such standards in the field of the N&B Business as it is conducted as of the Distribution Date (and natural evolutions thereof) at facilities where N&B’s assets are situated at such time, and any subsequent substantial replications of such facilities.

All licenses under the IP Cross-License are currently contemplated to be non-exclusive worldwide, royalty-free and sublicensable to affiliates and certain other parties.

The IP Cross-License will expire on a licensed patent-by-licensed patent (if any) and licensed copyright-by-licensed copyright basis upon expiration of the relevant intellectual property and will be perpetual with respect to all other intellectual property licensed by the parties. The IP Cross-License will not be terminable other than by mutual agreement of the parties.

The IP Cross-License will be assignable in whole or in part to affiliates or successors, but it will not otherwise be assignable or transferable without consent.

Trademark Cross-License Agreement

At or prior to the Distribution Date, DuPont and N&B will enter into a Trademark Cross-License Agreement pursuant to which, (i) DuPont will provide a license to N&B to use certain corporate and trade names of entities that have such names as of the Distribution Date (including in connection with product registrations, licenses and permits issued by a governmental entity), (ii) DuPont will provide a license to N&B to use certain trademarks that are allocated to DuPont pursuant to the Separation Agreement but are also used in the N&B Business as of the Distribution Date, and (iii) N&B will provide a license to DuPont to use certain trademarks that are allocated to N&B pursuant to the separation agreement but are also used in DuPont’s business as of the Distribution Date.

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All licenses under the Trademark Cross-License are currently contemplated to be non-exclusive (subject to certain field of use limitations on each of N&B and DuPont), worldwide, royalty-free and sublicensable to other members of the N&B Group or DuPont Group, as applicable, and certain other parties, and are subject to standard quality controls. The term for all the licenses under the Trademark Cross-License Agreement will last three years with the option to extend for one additional year to the extent necessary to comply with law.

The Trademark Cross-License will be assignable in whole or in part to affiliates or successors, but it will not otherwise be assignable or transferable without consent.

Regulatory Transfer and Support Agreement

At or prior to the Distribution, DuPont and N&B will enter into a Regulatory Transfer and Support Agreement pursuant to which each party will maintain, support and transfer certain designated governmental approvals and related data that are allocated to N&B pursuant to the Separation Agreement but are held by DuPont as of the Distribution Date. With respect to the transfer of certain designated governmental approvals and related data, each party will provide certain services to the other relating to such governmental approvals and related data.

Regulatory Cross-License Agreement

At or prior to the Distribution, DuPont and N&B will enter into a Regulatory Cross-License Agreement, pursuant to which each party will license certain designated governmental approvals and related or otherwise designated regulatory data that are allocated to the licensor pursuant to the Separation Agreement, so that each of N&B and DuPont can make use of such regulatory data in its respective business field as conducted as of the Distribution Date and natural evolutions thereof.

All licenses under the Regulatory Cross-License are currently contemplated to be non-exclusive, worldwide, royalty-free and sublicensable to affiliates and certain other parties. The licenses under the Regulatory Cross-License Agreement will be perpetual.

The Regulatory Cross-License will be assignable in whole or in part to affiliates or successors, but it will not otherwise be assignable or transferable without consent.

Umbrella Secrecy Agreement

At or prior to the Distribution, DuPont and N&B will enter into an Umbrella Secrecy Agreement, pursuant to which each party will maintain as confidential and not use (other than as permitted under the Separation Agreement, the Merger Agreement or an ancillary agreement) the confidential information, know-how and standards of the other party that each party receives or accesses under the Separation Agreement, the Merger Agreement or an ancillary agreement covered thereby, including whether such access or receipt is by license, access to facilities or systems or otherwise.

TMODS License Agreement

At or prior to the Distribution, DuPont and N&B will enter into the DuPont TMODS Dynamic Process Simulation Software Agreement License and Services, which provides for (i) a non-exclusive license for N&B and its affiliates to use the TMODS software and (ii) certain support services from DuPont, for use in N&B's and its affiliates' facilities that utilize the TMODS software as of the Distribution Date. The TMODS License Agreement currently contemplates a license and support service fee and is subject to other terms and conditions set forth therein.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK OF IFF AND THE COMBINED COMPANY

The rights of IFF shareholders are governed by New York law and the IFF Charter and the IFF Bylaws, which are included as exhibits to IFF's filings with the SEC.

The following description of IFF's capital stock does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the complete text of the IFF Charter and the IFF Bylaws.

General

As of the date of this document, IFF's authorized capital stock consists of 500,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.125 per share. As of July 30, 2020, there were 106,932,557 shares of IFF common stock issued and outstanding and 1,522 holders of record of IFF common stock. A number of IFF shareholders hold their shares in "street name;" therefore IFF believes that there are substantially more beneficial owners of IFF common stock.

IFF has adopted and maintains equity incentive plans and stock purchase plans pursuant to which IFF is authorized to issue stock, stock options and other types of equity-based compensation to employees, directors and consultants. As of July 30, 2020, awards and other rights or options to acquire shares of IFF common stock were outstanding under these plans that represented rights or options to acquire approximately 1,188,896 shares of IFF common stock and IFF had reserved approximately 1,316,510 additional shares of IFF common stock for future issuances under these plans.

IFF has issued and sold 16,500,000, 6.00% tangible equity units ("TEUs"). Each TEU is comprised of: (i) a prepaid stock purchase contract ("SPC") to be settled by delivery of a specified number of shares of IFF common stock, and (ii) a senior amortizing note, with an initial principal amount of \$8.45 and a final installment payment date of September 15, 2021. Unless settled early at the holder's or IFF's election, each SPC will automatically settle on September 15, 2021 for a number of shares of common stock per SPC based on the 20 day volume-weighted average price ("VWAP") of IFF common stock as follows:

VWAP of IFF Common Stock	Common Stock Issued
Equal to or greater than \$159.54	0.3134 shares (minimum settlement rate)
Less than \$159.54, but greater than \$130.25	\$50 divided by VWAP
Less than or equal to \$130.25	0.3839 shares (maximum settlement rate)

Additionally, at any time prior to the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding September 15, 2021, if a "fundamental change" (as defined in the terms of the SPCs) occurs, the holders of the SPCs have the right to require early settlement of their contracts at a special fundamental change early settlement rate determined pursuant to the terms of the SPCs.

Common Stock

Dividends

The IFF Charter provides that the IFF board of directors is expressly authorized and empowered (i) to determine the amount of funds legally available for dividends under the laws of the State of New York and (ii) to determine whether any, and, if any, what part, of the funds legally available for dividends shall be declared and paid as dividends. Covenants and other restrictions in loan agreements entered into by IFF from time to time may restrict its ability to pay dividends without lender consent.

Voting Rights

Holders of IFF common stock are entitled to one vote per share on the election of directors and all matters submitted to a vote of IFF shareholders. There is no cumulative voting. With respect to the election of directors, at each meeting of shareholders for the election of directors at which a quorum is present, except in the case of a

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contested election, the vote required for election of a director will be the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast in favor of or against the election of a nominee. In a contested election, the persons receiving a plurality of the votes cast at the meeting will be elected as directors. An election will be deemed to be contested if, as of the record date for the IFF shareholder meeting in question, there are more nominees for election than positions on IFF's board of directors to be filled by election at the meeting. For all other matters put to a vote of shareholders, assuming a quorum is present, the vote of the holders of a majority of the votes cast will decide any question brought before such meeting, except as otherwise expressly provided by the IFF Charter, IFF Bylaws or the laws of the State of New York. Abstentions and broker non-votes will not count as a vote cast.

Liquidation Rights

On liquidation, dissolution or winding up, holders of IFF common stock are entitled to share ratably in the assets available for distribution to holders of IFF common stock, as determined by applicable law.

Preemptive Rights

Except as may otherwise be determined by a two-thirds vote of the whole board of directors of IFF, holders of IFF common stock are entitled to purchase any new or additional issue of any equity or voting shares of IFF or of any security convertible into equity or voting shares, in any and all cases, except such preemptive rights do not apply to shares issued upon the exercise of stock options or upon the surrender of scrip certificates outstanding as of the date of the IFF Charter. The board of directors of IFF has previously determined that preemptive rights will not be available in connection with the Share Issuance and as such no shareholder of IFF will have any preemptive rights with respect to the Share Issuance.

Certain Anti-Takeover Effects of Provisions of the IFF Charter and the IFF Bylaws

IFF is subject to the following provisions of New York law, the IFF Charter and the IFF Bylaws which may have the effect of discouraging unsolicited acquisition proposals regarding IFF or delaying or preventing a change in control of the IFF board of directors:

Section 912 of the NYBCL. As a New York corporation that has a class of voting stock listed on a national securities exchange, IFF is subject to the provisions of Section 912 of the NYBCL. In general, Section 912 prohibits a public New York corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested shareholder" for a period of five years from the date on which the shareholder first becomes an interested shareholder unless such business combination or the purchase of stock made by such interested shareholder on such interested shareholder's stock acquisition date is approved by the board of directors prior to such interested shareholder's stock acquisition date. In addition, no domestic corporation shall engage at any time in any business combination with any interested shareholder of such corporation other than in situation where: (i) the business combination is approved by the board of directors before the stock acquisition or the acquisition of the stock had been approved by the board of directors before the stock acquisition; (ii) the business combination is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote not beneficially owned by the interested shareholder at a meeting called for that purpose no earlier than five years after the stock acquisition; or (iii) in the business combination, the interested shareholder pays a formula price designed to ensure that all other shareholders receive at least the highest price per share that is paid by the interested shareholder and such business combination meets certain other requirements. The NYBCL defines the term "business combination" to include transactions such as certain mergers, consolidations, dispositions of assets or stock, issuance or transfer of any stock, plans for liquidation or dissolution, reclassifications of securities, recapitalizations and similar transactions. The NYBCL defines the term "interested shareholder" generally as any person who owns at least twenty-percent (20%) of the outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote or is an affiliate or associate of such corporation and at any time within the five-year period immediately prior to the date in question owned at least twenty-percent (20%) of the then outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote. A corporation can expressly elect not to be governed by the NYBCL's business combination provision in its bylaws, which must be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote and is subject to further conditions, but IFF has not done so.

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Board of Directors. The IFF board of directors currently consists of 11 directors, but the number of directors may be increased or decreased, to not less than six or more than 15, by amendment to the IFF Bylaws. At the effective time of the Merger, IFF will increase the size of its board of directors by two to 13 members. At the effective time of the Merger, the IFF board will consist of (i) the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of IFF prior to the effective time and six directors designated by the IFF board of directors each of whom shall be a director of IFF prior to the effective time, collectively the IFF designated directors, and (ii) the Executive Chairman of DuPont as of the date of the Merger Agreement and five directors designated by the DuPont board of directors, collectively the DuPont designated directors. Prior to the closing of the Merger, if an IFF or a DuPont designee is unable or unwilling to serve on the IFF board for any reason such vacancy will be filled by the IFF and DuPont boards, respectively. If either an IFF or a DuPont designated director: (i) is unwilling or unable to serve prior to the effective time of the Merger, or (ii) ceases to be a director at any time until the second annual meeting of IFF following the closing of the Merger, such vacancy will be filled by a majority vote of the remaining designated directors of IFF or DuPont, respectively. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, at the IFF 2022 annual meeting, the IFF board of directors will take all necessary action including to cause the IFF board to consist of 12 directors and include six IFF designees and six DuPont designees as nominees to the IFF board of directors, including recommending such designees to the IFF shareholders.

Stockholder Nominations and Proposals. The IFF Bylaws require that advance notice of nominees for election as directors made by a shareholder or other shareholder proposals be given to IFF's corporate secretary, together with certain specified information, no less than 90 days or more than 120 days prior to the anniversary of the immediately preceding annual meeting of shareholders; provided, however, that in the event that the IFF annual meeting is called for on a date that is not within 30 days before or after such anniversary date, notice by the IFF shareholder in order to be timely must be so received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the IFF annual meeting was mailed or such public disclosure of the date of the IFF annual meeting was made, whichever first occurs; and (ii) in the case of a special meeting of IFF shareholders called for the purpose of electing directors, not later than the close of business on the tenth 10th day following the day on which notice of the date of the special meeting was mailed or public disclosure of the date of the special meeting was made, whichever first occurs.

Special Meetings of Shareholders. Special meetings of IFF's shareholders may be called only by the chairman of the IFF board, the Chief Executive Officer or by a majority of directors.

Listing

IFF common stock trades on the NYSE, Euronext Paris and TASE under the trading symbol "IFF."

Transfer Agent

The transfer agent and registrar for IFF common stock is American Stock Transfer & Trust Co.

DESCRIPTION OF N&B COMMON STOCK

The following is a summary of the material terms of the N&B common stock and the material provisions of the N&B Certificate of Incorporation and N&B Bylaws, but does not purport to describe all of the terms thereof.

N&B Common Stock

N&B's authorized capital structure consists of one class of common stock and no classes of preferred stock. All shares of N&B common stock are identical with each other in every respect. The N&B Certificate of Incorporation was amended on _____, 2020 to increase its authorized outstanding shares to _____ million, in furtherance of the Distribution. Currently, there are 100 shares of common stock outstanding, par value \$0.01 per share, all of which are held by the sole stockholder of N&B, DuPont. In connection with the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger, N&B will issue a number of additional shares of N&B common stock to DuPont such that the total number of shares of common stock held by DuPont is equal to the number of shares of IFF common stock to be issued in the Merger. In the Distribution, DuPont, pursuant to the Separation Agreement, will distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders through the Exchange Offer followed by the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off. In the Exchange Offer, DuPont will offer its stockholders the option to exchange all or a portion of their shares of DuPont common stock for those shares of N&B common stock available for the Exchange Offer. Following the Exchange Offer, DuPont will distribute any shares of N&B common stock remaining if the Exchange Offer is not fully subscribed in the Clean-Up Spin-Off on a pro rata basis to DuPont stockholders whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after consummation of the Exchange Offer.

Immediately following the Distribution, and as of the effective time of the Merger, the Exchange Agent will deliver shares of IFF common stock and cash in lieu of fractional shares for all of the N&B common stock distributed to the holders of DuPont common stock in the Distribution. For additional information, see the section titled "The Transactions—The Separation and the Distribution."

General

Immediately prior to the Merger, DuPont will effect the distribution of all of the outstanding shares of N&B common stock to DuPont stockholders. No holder of shares of N&B common stock will be entitled to preemptive, redemption or conversion rights. The N&B board of directors, as well as DuPont as N&B's sole stockholder, have previously approved the Merger.

Voting Rights

Generally, N&B's board of directors has broad powers to conduct N&B's business and affairs, except for matters expressly reserved under the N&B Certificate of Incorporation or the N&B Bylaws or under the DGCL to the stockholders for decision. DuPont is currently the sole stockholder of N&B. The N&B board of directors may decide corporate actions that may be taken by stockholders without a meeting. Matters requiring consent of the stockholders include: electing and removing directors to the N&B board of directors and amending the N&B Bylaws (which also may be amended by a majority vote of the N&B board of directors).

Dividend and Distribution Rights

The N&B board of directors may declare and pay dividends upon the shares of N&B common stock either out of its surplus or, in the case of no such surplus, out of its net profits for the fiscal year in which the dividend is declared and/or the preceding fiscal year.

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Dissolution Rights

Under Section 281 of the DGCL, in the event of dissolution or winding up of N&B, holders of shares of N&B common stock will be entitled to receive N&B's remaining assets available for distribution, after satisfaction of all of N&B's debts and liabilities.

Trading Market

There currently is no trading market for N&B common stock and no trading market will develop as a result of the Distribution and Merger.

N&B Bylaws

Organization; Purpose

N&B was formed on October 30, 2019, under the DGCL. N&B is permitted to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the DGCL.

Board of Directors

The board of directors currently consists of three individuals. The presence of one-third of the total number of the board of directors, but not less than two, constitutes a quorum at any meeting of the board of directors, and all actions of the board of directors require the vote of a majority of the directors present at the meeting, except as otherwise required by law. Action may be taken by the N&B board of directors without a meeting if all members consent thereto in writing.

The number of directors constituting N&B's board of directors shall be designated by the N&B board of directors, except that in the absence of such designation, the number of directors shall be three. Each director shall be elected by the stockholders at the annual meeting of the stockholders and shall serve until the next annual meeting of the stockholders and until his or her successor has been duly elected and qualified, or until his or her earlier resignation or removal. The stockholders may remove any director from the board of directors at any time, with or without cause.

In addition, the board of directors shall have the authority to appoint and remove officers of N&B, each of whom have the authority and may perform duties as the N&B board of directors may prescribe.

Indemnification and Exculpation

The N&B Bylaws provide for the indemnification of the directors and officers (including the heirs, executors, administrators or estate of such person) to the full extent permitted by the DGCL against any liability, cost or expense asserted against such director or officer and incurred by such director or officer by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director or officer. The indemnification rights also include the right to be paid by N&B for the expenses incurred in defending any action, suit or proceeding in advance of its final disposition.

Amendment of the N&B Bylaws

The N&B Bylaws may be amended or repealed by the stockholders or the N&B board of directors, in each case, at any meeting or by consent.

Termination and Dissolution

N&B's existence is perpetual unless dissolved sooner upon a majority vote of the outstanding stock of N&B entitled to vote and the filing of a certification of dissolution with the Secretary of State of Delaware under Section 275 of the DGCL.

COMPARISON OF RIGHTS OF HOLDERS OF DUPONT COMMON STOCK AND IFF COMMON STOCK

IFF is incorporated under the laws of the State of New York, and, accordingly, the rights of the shareholders of IFF are currently governed by the NYBCL. DuPont and N&B are Delaware corporations subject to the provisions of the DGCL. Holders of DuPont common stock, whose rights are currently governed by the DuPont Charter, the DuPont Bylaws and the DGCL, will, with respect to the shares validly tendered and exchanged immediately following the Exchange Offer, and with respect to the shares of N&B common stock they receive in the expected Clean-Up Spin-Off, receive shares of IFF common stock in the Merger and become shareholders of IFF, and their rights with respect to the IFF common stock will be governed by the IFF Charter, the IFF Bylaws and the NYBCL.

The following description summarizes the material differences between the rights associated with DuPont common stock and IFF common stock that may affect DuPont stockholders who will obtain shares of IFF common stock in the Merger. While DuPont and IFF believe this summary covers the material provisions and differences between the two, this summary may not contain all of the information that is important to you and does not purport to be a complete discussion of stockholders' rights. The following description is qualified in its entirety by, and DuPont stockholders should read carefully, the relevant provisions of the NYBCL, the DGCL, the DuPont Charter, the DuPont Bylaws, the IFF Charter and the IFF Bylaws. The DuPont Charter and the DuPont Bylaws have been publicly filed with the SEC as exhibit 3.2 and exhibit 3.3, respectively, to DuPont's Form 8-K filed June 3, 2019. The IFF Charter and the IFF Bylaws have been publicly filed with the SEC as exhibit 10(g) to IFF's Form 10-Q filed August 12, 2002 and as exhibit 3(ii) to IFF's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 30, 2019, respectively. See also "Description of Capital Stock of IFF and the Combined Company."

Authorized Capital Stock

The following table sets forth the authorized and issued capital stock of DuPont and IFF as of July 30, 2020 and July 30, 2020, respectively, without giving effect to the Exchange Offer.

<u>Class of Security</u>	<u>Authorized</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>
DuPont:		
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	1,666,666,667	733,827,575
IFF:		
Common Stock, par value \$0.125 per share	500,000,000	106,932,557

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Voting Rights

<u>DUPONT</u>	<u>IFF</u>
Except as provided by the DuPont board with respect to the issuance of any series of preferred stock or by the DGCL, the holders of outstanding shares of DuPont common stock shall have the exclusive right to vote on all matters requiring stockholder action. On each matter on which holders of DuPont common stock are entitled to vote, each outstanding share of DuPont common stock will be entitled to one vote.	Each shareholder of record of IFF common stock is entitled to one vote for each share held.

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<u>STOCKHOLDER RIGHT</u>	<u>DUPONT</u>	<u>IFF</u>
Number and Classification of Board of Directors	<p>The DuPont Bylaws provide that the number of directors constituting the entire DuPont board shall be not less than six nor more than 16, as fixed from time to time exclusively by resolution of a majority of the entire DuPont board.</p>	<p>The IFF Charter provides that the number of directors shall be as fixed in the IFF Bylaws and shall be not less than six or more than 15. The IFF Bylaws provide that the number of directors shall be 12 but the number thereof may be diminished to not less than six by amendment of the IFF Bylaws.</p>
	<p>DuPont does not have a classified board.</p>	<p>IFF does not have a classified board.</p>
Majority Voting for Directors	<p>The DuPont Bylaws provide that directors shall be elected by the vote of a majority of the votes cast at a meeting where there is a quorum; except that, notwithstanding the foregoing, directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast at a meeting where there is a quorum if as of the record date for such meeting the number of nominees exceeds the number of directors to be elected.</p>	<p>The IFF Bylaws provide that at each meeting of the IFF shareholders for the election of directors at which a quorum is present, the vote required for election of a director by the IFF shareholders shall, except in a contested election, be the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast by the holders of shares of IFF capital stock entitled to vote at such meeting.</p> <p>In a contested election, the persons receiving a plurality of the votes cast by the holders of IFF shares of capital stock entitled to vote at such meeting shall be the directors. A “contested election” means an election where, as of the record date for such meeting in which the election will be held, there are more nominees for election than positions on the IFF board of directors to be filled by election at the meeting. In accordance with the IFF Bylaws, if plurality voting is applicable to the election of directors at any meeting, the nominees who receive the highest number of votes cast “for,” without regard to votes cast “against” or “withhold,” shall be elected as directors up to the total number of directors to be elected at that meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will not count as a vote cast with respect to any election of directors.</p>
Removal of Directors	<p>The DuPont Charter provides that except as otherwise required by law and subject to the rights of the holders of any class or series of preferred stock, any director, or the entire DuPont board, may be removed from office at any time,</p>	<p>The IFF Charter provides that any director may be removed with cause by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the whole IFF board of directors or may be removed with or without cause by IFF’s shareholders as provided in the IFF Bylaws.</p>

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with or without cause only by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of all of the shares of capital stock of DuPont then entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting as a single class.

The DuPont Charter and the DuPont Bylaws provide that, except as otherwise required by law and subject to the rights of the holders of any class or series of preferred stock to elect directors, any vacancies on the DuPont board for any reason, including from the death, resignation, disqualification or removal of any director, and any newly created directorships resulting by reason of any increase in the number of directors shall be filled exclusively by the DuPont board, acting by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, and shall not be filled by DuPont stockholders. Any directors elected to fill a vacancy shall hold office until the next annual meeting of DuPont stockholders or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

The IFF Bylaws provide that any director may be removed with cause by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the whole IFF board of directors or with or without cause by vote of the IFF shareholders at a regular or special meeting, subject to the provisions of the NYBCL.

The IFF Charter provides that any vacancy of the IFF board of directors arising from any cause shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the whole IFF board of directors or by the IFF shareholders as provided in the IFF Bylaws.

The IFF Bylaws provide that vacancies occurring in the IFF board of directors for any reason, except the removal of directors without cause by the IFF shareholders, may be filled by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the whole IFF board of directors. A director elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected to hold office for the unexpired term of his or her predecessor. Newly-created directorships resulting from an increase in the number of directors may be filled by the vote of a majority of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum exists.

As described elsewhere in this prospectus, at the effective time of the Merger the IFF Bylaws will be amended to provide that, until the second annual meeting of IFF shareholders that occurs after consummation of the Merger, (i) if a vacancy is created by the cessation of service of any DuPont designated director, then the remaining DuPont designated directors then in office will designate a replacement by a majority vote, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole DuPont designated director; and (ii) if a vacancy is created by the cessation of service of any IFF designated director, then the remaining IFF designated directors then in office

Vacancies on the Board of Directors

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<u>STOCKHOLDER RIGHT</u>	<u>DUPONT</u>	<u>IFF</u>
Notice of Shareholder Meeting	<p>The DuPont Bylaws provide that notice (either written or as otherwise permitted by the DGCL) of each meeting of DuPont stockholders, whether annual or special, stating the date, time, place and, with respect to a special meeting, purpose thereof, shall be distributed (either by the U.S. Postal Service or as otherwise permitted by the DGCL) by the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of DuPont not less than 10 days nor more than 60 days before the date of such meeting to every DuPont stockholder entitled to vote thereat.</p>	<p>will designate a replacement by a majority vote, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining IFF designated director.</p> <p>The IFF Bylaws provide that written notice of each meeting of IFF shareholders stating the place, date and hour of the meeting shall be sent to each IFF shareholder entitled to vote at the meeting not less than 10 nor more than 60 days before the date of the meeting. To the extent that the meeting is a special meeting, such notice shall also indicate the person or persons calling the meeting, or the person(s) directing that the meeting be so called, and shall state the purpose or purposes for which the meeting has been called. Notice of any meeting of IFF shareholders may be sent either in written or electronic form and shall comply with Section 505 of the NYBCL.</p>
Stockholder Action by Written Consent	<p>The DuPont Charter provides that any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders of DuPont must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of stockholders of DuPont and may not be effected by any consent in writing by DuPont stockholders; provided, however, that any action required or permitted to be taken by the holders of any series of preferred stock, voting separately as a series or separately as a class with one or more other such series, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, to the extent expressly so provided by the applicable certificate of designation for such series of preferred stock.</p>	<p>Under Section 615 of the NYBCL, any action that may be taken at a meeting of shareholders may be taken without a meeting by unanimous written consent of the holders of all of the outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote on such action. If the certificate of incorporation so permits, any such action may be taken by written consent of the holders of the outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted.</p> <p>The IFF Charter does not address actions by written consent; therefore any such action can be taken only by unanimous written consent.</p>
Quorum of Stockholders	<p>The DuPont Bylaws provide that the holders of a majority of the voting power of all of the shares of capital stock of DuPont then entitled to vote with respect to the purposes for which the meeting is</p>	<p>The IFF Bylaws provide that at all meetings of the shareholders of IFF, the holders of a majority of the shares of capital stock of IFF entitled to vote at such meeting, present in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum for the</p>

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called, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum, except as otherwise required by the DGCL.

transaction of any business except as otherwise provided by law.

If a quorum does not exist, the chairman of the meeting or a majority in interest of the DuPont stockholders present in person or represented by proxy may adjourn the meeting from time to time without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be obtained. At any such adjourned meeting at which there is a quorum, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted at the meeting originally called.

Proxy Access; Advance Notice Procedures for a Stockholder Proposal or Director Nomination

Proxy Access

Director Nominations

Subject to the terms and conditions of the DuPont Bylaws, in connection with an annual meeting of DuPont stockholders at which directors are to be elected, DuPont (a) shall include in its proxy statement and on its form of proxy the names of, and (b) shall include in its proxy statement certain additional information relating to, a number of nominees specified pursuant to Section 2.10(b)(i) of the DuPont Bylaws for election to the DuPont Board submitted by a DuPont stockholder pursuant to Section 2.10 of the DuPont Bylaws (each, a “stockholder nominee”), if: (i) the stockholder nominee satisfies certain eligibility requirements, (ii) the stockholder nominee is identified in a timely notice (the “stockholder notice”) and is delivered by a stockholder that qualifies as, or is acting on behalf of, an eligible stockholder (as defined below) and (iii) the eligible stockholder satisfies

The IFF Bylaws provide that nominations of persons for election to the IFF board of directors may be made at any annual meeting of IFF shareholders, or at any special meeting of shareholders called for the purpose of electing directors (i) by or at the direction of the IFF board of directors (or any duly authorized committee thereof), (ii) by any shareholder of IFF (A) who is a shareholder of record (x) on the date the shareholder provides the shareholder notice discussed below (y) on the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to vote at such meeting and (z) on the date of such meeting and (iii) by an eligible shareholder or eligible shareholder group with respect to any director nomination to be included in IFF’s proxy statement for an annual meeting who satisfies the requirements set forth in the IFF Bylaws.

An “eligible shareholder” is a person who either (i) has been a record holder of the shares of common stock used to satisfy the eligibility requirements discussed below for the three-year period preceding and including the date of

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certain requirements under the DuPont Bylaws and expressly elects at the time of the delivery of the stockholder notice to have the stockholder nominee included in DuPont's proxy materials.

An "eligible stockholder" is a person or group who (i) owns and has owned, continuously for at least three years as of the date of the stockholder notice a number of shares that represents at least three percent (3%) of the outstanding shares of DuPont that are entitled to vote generally in the election of directors as of the date of the stockholder notice, and (ii) thereafter continues to own the required shares through such annual meeting of stockholders. A group of not more than 20 stockholders may aggregate the number of shares of DuPont that each group member has individually owned for at least three years as of the date of the stockholder notice if all other requirements and obligations for an eligible stockholder are met under the DuPont Bylaws.

Advance Notice Procedures for a Stockholder Proposal or Director Nomination

The DuPont Bylaws provide that nominations and the proposal of other business to be considered at an annual meeting of DuPont stockholders may be made by any stockholder of DuPont who is a stockholder of record at the time the required notice is delivered to, or mailed to and received by, the Secretary of DuPont, who is entitled to vote at such annual meeting and who complies with the notice procedures and disclosure requirements set forth

submission of the nomination notice or (ii) provides to the Secretary of IFF within the time periods for timely notice specified below evidence of continuous ownership of such shares for such three-year period from one or more securities intermediaries in a form that the IFF board or its designee, acting in good faith, determines would be deemed acceptable for purposes of a shareholder proposal under Rule 14a-8(b)(2) under the Exchange Act (or any successor rule). An "eligible shareholder group" is a group of up to 20 eligible shareholders.

In addition to any other applicable requirements, in order for an IFF shareholder to present any business to be transacted at an annual meeting of IFF shareholders, including any nomination for a director, such IFF shareholder must provide the Secretary of IFF notice thereof that (A) is timely (as specified below) and (B) includes certain information specified in the IFF Bylaws. IFF shareholders may also submit other matters properly brought under Rule 14a-8 of the Exchange Act.

To be timely, the IFF Bylaws provide that a shareholder's notice to IFF's Secretary must be delivered to or mailed and received at the principal executive offices of IFF (i) in the case of an annual meeting, not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting of IFF shareholders; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting is called for on a date that is not within 30 days before or after such anniversary date, notice by the shareholder in order to be timely must be so received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the annual meeting was mailed or such public disclosure of the date of the annual meeting was made, whichever first occurs; and (ii) in the case of a special meeting of IFF shareholders

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in Section 2.9 of the DuPont Bylaws.

The DuPont Bylaws provide that for nominations or other business to be properly brought to an annual meeting by a DuPont stockholder, such stockholder must have given timely written notice thereof in proper form to the Secretary of DuPont and such proposed business must be a proper subject for stockholder action. To be timely, a stockholder's notice must be delivered to, or mailed to and received by, the Secretary of DuPont at DuPont's principal executive offices: not later than the close of business on the 90th day or earlier than the close of business on the 120th day prior to the anniversary date on which DuPont first distributed its proxy materials for the prior year's annual meeting of stockholders of DuPont; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting is called for a date that is not within 30 days before or after the first anniversary of the prior year's annual meeting, notice must be delivered, or mailed and received, not earlier than the close of business on the 120th day prior to such annual meeting or later than the close of business on the later of (i) the 90th day prior to such annual meeting and (ii) the 10th day after the first public disclosure of the date of such meeting by DuPont in a press release or in any document publicly filed by DuPont with the SEC (a "DuPont public disclosure").

For a notice of nomination to be timely in connection with a special meeting called by DuPont for the purpose of electing one or more directors, such notice must be delivered to, or mailed to and

called for the purpose of electing directors, not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which notice of the date of the special meeting was mailed or public disclosure of the date of the special meeting was made, whichever first occurs.

Pursuant to the IFF Bylaws, for director nominations to be properly brought before a meeting by an IFF shareholder, such shareholder's notice must set forth certain required information as to (i) each person whom the shareholder proposes to nominate for election as a director the following information and (ii) the shareholder giving the notice.

For a nomination to be properly brought before a meeting by a shareholder pursuant to the IFF Bylaws and to be in proper written form for inclusion in IFF's proxy statement, the shareholder's notice must also provide certain other information specified in the IFF Bylaws.

Other Shareholder Proposals

With regard to matters other than the nomination of a director, the IFF Bylaws provide that a shareholders' notice to the Secretary of IFF must set forth as to each matter such shareholder proposes to bring before an annual meeting, certain required information.

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Amendment of Charters

received by, the Secretary of DuPont at DuPont's principal executive offices not earlier than the close of business on the 120th day prior to such special meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of (i) the 90th day prior to such special meeting or (ii) the 10th day following the day on which a DuPont public disclosure of the date of the special meeting and of the nominees proposed by the DuPont board to be elected at such meeting is first made.

Under Section 242 of the DGCL, an amendment to a corporation's certificate of incorporation requires (i) a board resolution setting forth the proposed amendment, declaring its advisability and either calling a special meeting of the stockholders or directing that the amendment be considered at the next annual meeting of the stockholders (unless in the limited circumstances where no stockholder vote is required pursuant to Section 242 of the DGCL), (ii) the affirmative vote of a majority of the outstanding stock, and a majority of each class entitled to vote and (iii) filing of an amended certificate of incorporation in accordance with the DGCL.

The DuPont Charter provides that DuPont reserves the right at any time and from time to time to amend, alter, change or repeal any provision contained in the DuPont Charter, and any other provisions authorized by the DGCL may be added or inserted, in the manner now or hereafter prescribed by the DGCL, and all rights, preferences and privileges of whatsoever nature conferred on stockholders,

The IFF Charter provides that any provision therein may be amended, altered, changed or repealed in the manner prescribed by law. In accordance with Section 803 of the NYBCL, the IFF Charter may be amended so long as the amendment is authorized by a vote of the IFF board of directors, followed by a vote of a majority of all outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon at a meeting of IFF shareholders. Under Section 803 of the NYBCL, the IFF board of directors may make certain amendments to the IFF Charter without the authorization of IFF shareholders. In particular, the IFF board of directors may (a) change the location of IFF's office, (b) specify or change the post office address to which the secretary of state shall mail a copy of any process against the corporation served upon him, and (c) make, revoke, or change the designation of a registered agent, or specify or change the address of IFF's registered agent.

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Amendment of Bylaws	<p>directors or any other persons whomsoever therein granted are subject to this reservation.</p> <p>The DuPont Charter and the DuPont Bylaws provide that (i) the DuPont board is expressly authorized and shall have the power to amend, alter, change, repeal or adopt any provision of the DuPont Bylaws at any regular or special meeting of the DuPont board at which there is a quorum by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors present at such meeting, or by unanimous written consent and (ii) the DuPont stockholders shall have power to amend, alter, change, adopt and repeal any provision of the DuPont Bylaws at any annual or special meeting, subject to the requirements of the DuPont Bylaws and the DuPont Charter, by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of all the shares of capital stock of DuPont then entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class.</p>	<p>The IFF Bylaws provide that the IFF board of directors shall have the power to amend, repeal or adopt the IFF Bylaws and the IFF Bylaws may be amended, repealed or adopted by the IFF shareholders entitled at the time to vote in the election of directors.</p>
Dividends	<p>Section 170 of the DGCL provides that, subject to any restrictions in a corporation's certificate of incorporation, directors of a corporation may declare and pay dividends either (i) from the corporation's surplus (as defined and computed in accordance with the DGCL) or (ii) if there is no surplus, from its net profits for the fiscal year in which the dividend is declared and/or the preceding fiscal year. If the corporation's capital has been diminished to an amount less than the aggregate amount of all capital represented by the issued and outstanding stock of all classes having a preference upon the distribution of assets then dividends cannot be</p>	<p>The IFF Charter provides that the IFF board of directors is expressly authorized and empowered (i) to determine the amount of funds legally available for dividends under the laws of the State of New York and (ii) to determine whether any, and, if any, what part, of the funds legally available for dividends shall be declared and paid as dividends.</p>

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declared and paid out of net profits, until such deficiency is repaired.

The DuPont Charter provides that subject to the rights of holders of any series of outstanding preferred stock, holders of shares of DuPont common stock shall have equal rights of participation in the dividends and other distributions in cash, stock or property of DuPont when, as and if declared thereon by the DuPont board from time to time out of assets or funds of DuPont legally available therefor and shall have equal rights to receive the assets and funds of DuPont available for distribution to stockholders in the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of DuPont, whether voluntary or involuntary.

The DuPont Bylaws provide that, subject to the requirements of the DGCL and the provisions of the DuPont Charter, dividends may be declared by the DuPont board at any regular or special meeting of the DuPont board (or any action by written consent in lieu thereof in accordance with the DuPont Bylaws), and may be paid in cash, in property, or in shares of DuPont's capital stock.

Exemption and Limitation of Personal Liability of Directors and Officers

Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL provides that a corporation may include in its certificate of incorporation a provision eliminating or limiting the personal liability of a director to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for a breach of the director's fiduciary duties, provided that such provision shall not eliminate or limit liability of a director: (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders,

Section 402(b) of the NYBCL permits corporations to eliminate or limit the personal liability of directors to the corporation or its shareholders for damages for any breach of duty in such capacity except liability of a director:

- (i) whose acts or omissions were in bad faith, involved intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- (ii) who personally gained a financial profit or other advantage to which he or she was not legally entitled; or

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(ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or that involve intentional misconduct or knowing violation of law, (iii) under Section 174 of the DGCL (which deals generally with unlawful payments of dividends and unlawful stock purchases or redemptions) and (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

(iii) whose acts violated Section 719 of the NYBCL.

The IFF Charter includes such a provision.

The DuPont Charter provides that a DuPont director is not personally liable to DuPont or its stockholders for monetary damages for breaches of fiduciary duties as a director to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL as the same now exists or hereafter may be amended.

The DuPont Charter provides that DuPont directors, officers, employees and agents may be indemnified by DuPont to the fullest extent as is permitted by the laws of the State of Delaware as it presently exists or may hereafter be amended and as the DuPont Bylaws may from time to time provide.

Under Section 722 of the NYBCL, a corporation may indemnify its directors and officers (or a person who is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise) against reasonable expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgement, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and necessarily incurred by the person if he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. In the case of shareholder derivative suits, the corporation may indemnify a director or officer (or a person who is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise) against reasonable expenses (including attorneys' fees) and amounts paid in settlement actually and

Mandatory Indemnification

The DuPont Bylaws provide that DuPont shall indemnify, to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, any person who was or is a defendant or is threatened to be made a defendant to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that such person: (i) is or was a director, officer or employee of DuPont, (ii) is or was a director, officer or employee of DuPont and

Indemnification of Directors and Officers

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is or was serving at the request of DuPont as a director, trustee, member, member representative, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust or other enterprise or (iii) is or was serving at the request of DuPont as a director, trustee, member, member representative, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if such person acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of DuPont, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe such person's conduct was unlawful.

Permitted Indemnification

DuPont may indemnify to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that such person: (i) is or was a DuPont director, officer, employee or agent of DuPont or (ii) is or was serving at the request of DuPont as a director, trustee, member, member representative, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust or other enterprise

necessarily incurred by him or her if he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, except that no indemnification may be made in respect of (i) a threatened action, or a pending action that is settled or otherwise disposed or (ii) any claim, issue or matter as to which such person has been adjudged to be liable to the corporation, unless and only to the extent the court in which the action was brought or, if no action was brought, any court of competent jurisdiction, finds that, in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnification for such expenses and settlement amount as the court deems proper.

The indemnification provisions of the NYBCL require indemnification of any individual who has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action or proceeding that he or she was a party to by virtue of the fact that he or she is or was a director or officer of the corporation. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, unless ordered by a court pursuant to Section 724 of the NYBCL, any indemnification under the NYBCL as described in the immediately preceding paragraph may be made only if, pursuant to Section 723 of the NYBCL, indemnification is authorized in the specific case and after a finding that the director or officer met the requisite standard of conduct by the disinterested directors if a quorum is available or, if the quorum so directs or is unavailable, by (i) the board of directors upon the written opinion of independent legal counsel or (ii) the shareholders. Further, the NYBCL permits a corporation to purchase directors and officers insurance.

The IFF Bylaws provide that IFF shall indemnify any person made, or threatened to be made, a party to an

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against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if such person acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of DuPont, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe such person's conduct was unlawful.

Expenses Payable in Advance

The DuPont Bylaws further provide that expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by any person who is or was a director or officer of DuPont, or any person who is or was serving at the request of DuPont as a director, trustee, member, member representative or officer of another corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, in defending or investigating a threatened or pending action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, shall be paid by DuPont to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding, upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such person to repay such amount if it ultimately shall be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified by DuPont. Such expenses incurred by any person who is or was an employee or agent of DuPont, or any person who is or was serving at the request of DuPont as an employee or agent of another corporation,

action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, by reason of the fact that he or she, or a person of whom he or she is the legal representative, is or was a director or officer of IFF, or was serving, at the request of IFF, as a director, officer, employee, fiduciary or agent of any other affiliated corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise, against judgments, fines, amounts paid in settlement and reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by such person as a result of such action or proceeding, or any appeal therein, unless a judgment or other final adjudication adverse to such person establishes that his or her acts, or the acts of the person of whom he or she is the legal representative, were committed in bad faith or were the result of active and deliberate dishonesty and were material to the cause of action so adjudicated, or that he or she, or the person of whom he or she is the legal representative, personally gained in fact a financial profit or other advantage to which he or she, or the other person of whom he or she is the legal representative, was not legally entitled. The IFF Bylaws provide that IFF shall advance to such person funds to pay for such expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by such person in defending against any such action or proceeding, or any appeal therein, upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such person to repay such funds to IFF if a judgment or other final adjudication adverse to such person establishes that his or her acts, or the acts of the person of whom he or she is the legal representative, were committed in bad faith or were the result of active and deliberate dishonesty and were material to the cause of action so adjudicated, or that he or she, or the person of whom he or she is the legal representative, personally gained in fact a financial profit or other advantage to which he or she, or such person, was not legally entitled.

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partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust or enterprise, may be so paid upon such terms and conditions, if any, as the DuPont board deems appropriate.

The DuPont Bylaws provides that the indemnification and advancement of expenses mandated or permitted thereby are not exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may otherwise be entitled.

DuPont may, but shall not be obligated to, purchase and maintain insurance at its expense on behalf of any such person described above, whether or not DuPont would have the power or the obligation to indemnify such person against such liability under the DuPont Bylaws.

The DuPont Bylaws provide that unless DuPont consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware shall be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of DuPont, (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any DuPont director, officer or other employee to DuPont or DuPont's stockholders, (iii) any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or (iv) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine.

The DuPont Bylaws also provide that DuPont is entitled to equitable relief, including injunction and specific performance, to enforce such provisions regarding forum.

The IFF Bylaws also provide that IFF may purchase and maintain insurance to indemnify officers, directors and others against costs or liabilities incurred by them in connection with the performance of their duties and any activities undertaken by them for, or at the request of, IFF, to the fullest extent permitted by the NYBCL.

Neither the IFF Charter nor the IFF Bylaws contain an exclusive forum provision.

Exclusive Forum

Certain Anti-Takeover Effects of Provisions of the IFF Charter, the IFF Bylaws and New York Law

Provisions of the IFF Charter and the IFF Bylaws and applicable New York law could make the acquisition of IFF and the removal of incumbent directors more difficult. For a description of these provisions, see “Description of IFF Capital Stock—Certain Anti-Takeover Effects of Provisions of the IFF Charter and the IFF Bylaws.”

U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE TRANSACTIONS

The following is a general discussion of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Distribution and the Mergers to holders of DuPont common stock that receive IFF common stock, and cash in lieu of fractional shares of IFF common stock, in the Distribution and the Mergers. The following discussion is based on the Code, the Treasury regulations promulgated under the Code, and interpretations of such authorities by the courts and the IRS, all as they exist as of the date of this registration statement and all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. Any such change could affect the accuracy of the statements and conclusions set forth in this discussion. This discussion is limited to holders of DuPont common stock that are U.S. holders, as defined below, and that hold their shares of DuPont common stock as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code. Further, this discussion does not purport to consider all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to stockholders in light of their particular circumstances, nor does it address any consequences to stockholders subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws, such as tax-exempt entities, partnerships (including entities treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes) and partners therein, persons who are subject to the alternative minimum tax, certain former citizens or long-term residents of the United States, persons who actually or constructively own 5% or more of DuPont's common stock, persons who acquire their shares of DuPont common stock pursuant to the exercise of employee stock options or otherwise as compensation, financial institutions, insurance companies, dealers or traders in securities, and persons who hold their shares of DuPont common stock as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion, constructive sale, synthetic security, integrated investment or other risk-reduction transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes. This discussion does not address any U.S. federal estate, gift or other non-income tax consequences or any state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences, or the consequences of the Medicare tax on net investment income. Holders of DuPont common stock should consult their tax advisors as to the particular tax consequences to them as a result of the Transactions.

For purposes of this discussion, a U.S. holder is a beneficial owner of DuPont common stock that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- an individual who is a citizen or a resident of the United States;
- a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized under the laws of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if (i) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary jurisdiction over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all of its substantial decisions, or (ii) the trust has a valid election in effect to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If a partnership (including any entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) holds shares of DuPont common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership generally will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. A partner of a partnership holding shares of DuPont common stock should consult its tax advisor regarding the tax consequences of the Transactions.

Treatment of the Distribution

The completion of the Internal Reorganization, Distribution, and Merger is conditioned upon the receipt by DuPont of the Tax Opinion to the effect that (among other things), for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Parent Contribution, taken together with the Special Cash Payment and the Distribution, will qualify as a reorganization under Sections 368(a), 361 and 355 of the Code. Based on the various factual representations and assumptions, as well as certain undertakings, made by DuPont, IFF and N&B, it is the opinion of Skadden that the Parent Contribution, taken together with the Special Cash Payment and the Distribution will so qualify and, accordingly, the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Parent Contribution, Special Cash Payment and Distribution are as described below:

- DuPont will not recognize income, gain or loss on the Parent Contribution, Special Cash Payment or Distribution, except for gain to the extent the Special Cash Payment exceeds DuPont's adjusted tax basis in the N&B common stock or to the extent that the proceeds of the Special Cash Payment are not used for certain permitted purposes;

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- holders of DuPont common stock will recognize no income, gain or loss upon the receipt of N&B common stock in the Distribution;
- the tax basis of N&B common shares, including any fractional shares, received in the Exchange Offer in the hands of a holder of DuPont common stockholder who exchanges DuPont common stock for N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer will be, immediately after the Exchange Offer, the same as the tax basis of the shares of DuPont common stock exchanged therefor, and each DuPont stockholder's holding period in the N&B common stock received in the Distribution will include the holding period of the DuPont common stock exchanged therefor; and
- the aggregate tax basis of the shares of DuPont common stock (excluding any DuPont common stock exchanged for N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer) and N&B common stock distributed in the Spin-Off or the Clean-Up Spin-Off, in the hands of each DuPont stockholder immediately after such spin-off, will be the same as the aggregate tax basis of the shares of DuPont common stock held by such holder immediately before such spin-off (excluding any DuPont common stock exchanged for N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer), allocated between such shares of DuPont common stock and N&B common stock in proportion to their relative fair market values immediately following such spin-off, and each DuPont stockholder's holding period in the N&B common stock received in such spin-off will include the holding period of the DuPont common stock with respect to which the N&B common stock was received.

The Tax Opinion will be based upon various factual representations and assumptions, as well as certain undertakings made by DuPont, IFF and N&B. If any of those factual representations or assumptions are untrue or incomplete in any material respect, any undertaking is not complied with, or the facts upon which the opinion will be based are materially different from the facts at the time of the Distribution, the Distribution may not qualify (in whole or part) for tax-free treatment. Opinions of counsel are not binding on the IRS. As a result, the conclusions expressed in the Tax Opinion could be challenged by the IRS, and if the IRS prevails in such challenge, the tax consequences to DuPont and its stockholders could be materially less favorable. DuPont may also incur certain U.S. federal income tax obligations as a result of internal restructuring transactions undertaken in order to effectuate the Distribution, which are not covered by the Tax Opinion.

If the Exchange Offer were determined not to qualify for non-recognition of gain and loss under Sections 355 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code, each DuPont stockholder who receives N&B common stock in the Exchange Offer would generally be treated as recognizing taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the fair market value of the N&B common stock received by the stockholder in the Exchange Offer and its tax basis in the shares of DuPont common stock exchanged therefor, or, in certain circumstances, as receiving a taxable distribution equal to the fair market value of the N&B common stock received by the stockholder in the Exchange Offer. If the Clean-Up Spin-Off or Spin-Off were determined not to qualify for non-recognition of gain and loss under Sections 355 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code, each DuPont stockholder who receives N&B common stock in the Clean-Up Spin-Off or Spin-Off would generally be treated as receiving a taxable distribution equal to the fair market value of the N&B common stock received by the stockholder in the Clean-Up Spin-Off or Spin-Off. In the event that a DuPont stockholder is treated as receiving a taxable distribution pursuant to the Exchange Offer, Clean-Up Spin-Off and/or Spin-Off, such distribution would be treated as a taxable dividend to the extent of such DuPont stockholder's allocable share of DuPont's current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes). To the extent the distribution exceeds such earnings and profits, the distribution will constitute a return of capital and will first reduce the stockholder's basis in its DuPont stock, but not below zero, and then will be treated as a gain from the sale of the DuPont stock.

In addition, if the Distribution were determined not to qualify for non-recognition of gain and loss under Sections 355 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code, DuPont would generally recognize gain (but not loss) with respect to the transfer of N&B common stock in the Distribution in an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the fair market value of the N&B common stock distributed to DuPont's stockholders over DuPont's tax basis in such shares. DuPont would also recognize gain with respect to the receipt of certain N&B debt and cash in connection with

the Parent Contribution, Special Cash Payment and Distribution. Under certain circumstances, IFF may be required to indemnify DuPont against the taxes associated with such gain recognition pursuant to the Tax Matters Agreement. See “Other Agreements—Tax Matters Agreement.”

Even if the Distribution were to otherwise qualify as a tax-free transaction under Sections 368(a)(1)(D) and 355 of the Code, the Distribution would be taxable to DuPont (but not to DuPont’s stockholders) pursuant to Section 355(e) of the Code if one or more persons acquire a 50% or greater interest (measured by vote or value) in the stock of DuPont or N&B, directly or indirectly (including through acquisitions of the stock of IFF after the completion of the Merger), as part of a plan or series of related transactions that includes the Distribution. For this purpose, any direct or indirect acquisitions of DuPont or N&B stock (including through acquisitions of the stock of IFF after the completion of the Merger) within the period beginning two years before the Distribution and ending two years after the Distribution are presumed to be part of such a plan, although DuPont, N&B or IFF may be able, depending on the facts and circumstances, to rebut that presumption. The process for determining whether an acquisition is part of a plan under these rules is complex, inherently factual in nature, and subject to a comprehensive analysis of the facts and circumstances of the particular case. Although it is expected that the Mergers will be treated as part of such a plan, the Mergers standing alone will not cause Section 355(e) of the Code to apply to the Distribution because holders of N&B common stock immediately before the Mergers will hold more than 50% of the stock of the combined company (by vote and value) immediately after the Mergers. However, if the IRS were to determine that other direct or indirect acquisitions of DuPont or N&B stock, either before or after the Distribution, were part of a plan or series of related transactions that included the Distribution, such determination could cause Section 355(e) of the Code to apply to the Distribution, which could result in significant tax liability.

Treatment of the Mergers

The completion of the Mergers is conditioned upon the receipt by DuPont of the Tax Opinion to the effect that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Mergers will qualify as a tax-free reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code.

Based on the various factual representations and assumptions, as well as certain undertakings, made by DuPont, IFF and N&B, it is the opinion of Skadden that the Merger and the Second Merger will be treated as an integrated plan described in Rev. Rul. 2001-46, 2001-2 C.B. 321 and qualify as a “reorganization” within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. Accordingly, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- N&B, Merger Sub I and IFF will not recognize income, gain or loss in the Mergers;
- except with respect to the receipt of cash in lieu of fractional shares of IFF common stock, a holder of N&B common stock will not recognize income, gain or loss upon the exchange of N&B common stock for IFF common stock in the Mergers;
- a stockholder’s aggregate tax basis in the shares of IFF common stock received in the Mergers (including any fractional shares deemed received, as described below) will be equal to the stockholder’s aggregate tax basis in its N&B common stock surrendered for such shares of IFF common stock; and
- a stockholder’s holding period in the IFF common stock received in the Mergers (including any fractional shares deemed received, as described below) will include the holding period of the N&B common stock surrendered in the Mergers.

DuPont stockholders that have acquired different blocks of DuPont common stock at different times or at different prices should consult their tax advisors regarding the allocation of their aggregate adjusted basis among, and their holding period of, N&B common stock distributed with respect to blocks of DuPont common stock and the IFF common stock received in exchange therefor in the Merger.

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A holder that receives cash in lieu of a fractional share of IFF common stock generally will be treated as having received such fractional share and then as having sold such fractional share for cash. Gain or loss generally will be recognized based on the difference between the amount of cash received in lieu of the fractional share and the portion of the holder's aggregate adjusted tax basis in the N&B common stock surrendered which is allocable to the fractional share. Such gain or loss generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if the holder's holding period for its N&B common stock, as described above, exceeds one year at the effective time of the Mergers. Long-term capital gains generally are subject to preferential rates of U.S. federal income tax for certain non-corporate U.S. holders (including individuals). The deductibility of capital losses is subject to significant limitations.

The Tax Opinion will be based upon various factual representations and assumptions, as well as certain undertakings made by DuPont, IFF and N&B. If any of those factual representations or assumptions are untrue or incomplete in any material respect, any undertaking is not complied with, or the facts upon which the opinion will be based are materially different from the facts at the time of the Distribution, the conclusions reached in the Tax Opinion could be adversely affected and the Mergers may not qualify (in whole or part) for tax-free treatment. Opinions of counsel are not binding on the IRS or the courts. As a result, the conclusions expressed in the Tax Opinion could be challenged by the IRS, and if the IRS prevails in such challenge, the tax consequences to N&B and holders of N&B common stock could be materially less favorable. If the Mergers were determined to be taxable, holders of N&B common stock would be considered to have made a taxable disposition of their shares of N&B common stock to IFF, and such stockholders would generally recognize taxable gain or loss on their receipt of IFF common stock in an amount equal to the difference between (i) the fair market value of such IFF common stock and (ii) the stockholder's aggregate tax basis in the shares of N&B common stock surrendered, as described above.

The foregoing is a summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. holders of the Distribution and the Mergers under current law and for general information only. The foregoing does not purport to address all U.S. federal income tax consequences or tax consequences that may arise under other tax laws or that may apply to particular categories of stockholders. Each DuPont stockholder should consult his, her or its own tax advisor as to the particular tax consequences of the Distribution and the Mergers to such stockholder, including the application of U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax laws, and the effect of possible changes in tax laws that may affect the tax consequences described above.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF IFF COMMON STOCK

The following table sets forth certain information as of July 30, 2020, regarding the beneficial ownership of shares of IFF common stock by: (i) each person or entity known to IFF to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of IFF common stock, (ii) each of IFF's named executive officers, (iii) each member of the IFF board of directors and (iv) all members of the IFF board of directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with rules adopted by the SEC. In computing the number of shares beneficially owned by a person and the percentage ownership of that person, shares of IFF common stock issuable upon the exercise of stock options or warrants or the conversion of other securities held by that person that are currently exercisable or convertible, or are exercisable or convertible within 60 days of July 30, 2020, are deemed to be issued and outstanding. These shares, however, are not deemed outstanding for the purposes of computing percentage ownership of each other stockholder. Percentage of beneficial ownership is otherwise based on 106,932,557 shares of common stock outstanding as of July 30, 2020.

<u>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Shares Beneficially Owned(1)(2)</u>	<u>Percent of Common Stock</u>
Principal Securityholders:		
Winder Investment Pte Ltd and related persons 17-01 6 Battery Road Singapore 049909	25,057,193 (3)	23.4%
The Vanguard Group 100 Vanguard Blvd. Malvern, PA 19355	12,872,747 (4)	12.0%
BlackRock, Inc. 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055	7,693,712 (5)	7.2%
AllianceBernstein L.P. 1345 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10105	5,494,313 (6)	5.1%
Named Executive Officers:		
Anne Chwat	52,372 (7)	*
Andreas Fibig	121,576 (8)	*
Matthias Haeni	39,924	*
Rustom Jilla	1,692 (9)	*
Nicolas Mirzayantz	33,734 (10)	*
Richard O'Leary	28,017 (11)	*
Directors:		
Marcello V. Bottoli	23,778 (12)	*
Michael L. Ducker	7,561 (13)	*
David R. Epstein	5,286 (14)	*
Roger W. Ferguson, Jr.	13,513 (15)	*
John F. Ferraro	4,881 (16)	*
Christina Gold	7,205 (17)	*
Katherine M. Hudson	26,025 (18)	*
Dale F. Morrison	24,492 (19)	*
Dr. Li-Huei Tsai	591	*
Stephen Williamson	4,968 (20)	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (20 persons)	426,628 (21)	*

* Less than 1%.

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Except as otherwise indicated, the address of each of the beneficial owners identified in this table is c/o International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., 521 W. 57th Street, New York, New York 10019.

- (1) This column includes shares held by IFF's executive officers in IFF's 401(k) Retirement Investment Fund Plan.
- (2) In determining the number and percentage of shares beneficially owned by each person, shares that may be acquired by such person within 60 days after July 30, 2020 are deemed outstanding for purposes of determining the total number of outstanding shares for such person and are not deemed outstanding for such purpose for all other shareholders. Certain stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under IFF's Deferred Compensation Plan (the "DCP") are premium stock equivalent units paid to executive officers that are subject to vesting and may be forfeited if the executive officer's employment is terminated. To IFF's knowledge, except as otherwise indicated, beneficial ownership includes sole voting and dispositive power with respect to all shares.
- (3) This amount is based solely on Amendment No. 4 to Schedule 13D filed with the SEC on April 16, 2020, by Winder Investment Pte Ltd ("Winder"), Freemont Capital Pte Ltd ("Freemont"), Haldor Foundation ("Haldor"), Peter Prast and Ernst Walch. These shares are held of record by Winder, and the amount includes 927,193 shares of common stock that would be issued upon voluntary settlement of 2,958,500 purchase contracts held by Winder. Winder is a wholly owned subsidiary of Freemont, and Freemont is a wholly owned subsidiary of Haldor and Mr. Prast and Mr. Walch are board members of Haldor. By virtue of such relationships, Freemont, Haldor, Mr. Prast, Mr. Walch and Winder each have shared voting and dispositive power with respect to all the shares held of record by Winder.
- (4) This amount is based solely on Amendment No. 11 to Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on February 12, 2020 by The Vanguard Group. Of these shares, The Vanguard Group has the (i) sole power to vote or direct the vote with respect to 155,129 of these shares, (ii) shared power to vote or direct the vote with respect to 33,280 of these shares, (iii) sole power to dispose or direct the disposition of 12,692,579 of these shares, and (iv) shared power to dispose or direct the disposition of 180,168 of these shares.
- (5) This amount is based solely on Amendment No. 10 to Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on February 10, 2020 by BlackRock, Inc. Of these shares, BlackRock has the (i) sole power to vote or direct the vote with respect to 6,544,879 of these shares and (ii) sole power to dispose or direct the disposition of 7,693,712 of these shares.
- (6) This amount is based solely on Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on February 18, 2020 by AllianceBernstein L.P. Of these shares, AllianceBernstein has the (i) sole power to vote or direct the vote with respect to 4,015,956 of these shares, (ii) sole power to dispose or direct the disposition of 5,485,709 of these shares, and (iii) shared power to dispose or direct the disposition of 8,604 of these shares.
- (7) Includes 4,902 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP resulting from the deferral of compensation and the 25% premium contributed by IFF on such units. Units contributed by IFF are subject to vesting based on continued employment through December 31, 2021.
- (8) Includes 56,841 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP resulting from the deferral of compensation and the 25% premium contributed by IFF on such units. Units contributed by IFF are subject to vesting based on continued employment through December 31, 2021.
- (9) Includes 93 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP resulting from the deferral of compensation and the 25% premium contributed by IFF on such units. Units contributed by IFF are subject to vesting based on continued employment through December 31, 2021.
- (10) Includes 2,782 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP resulting from the deferral of compensation and the 25% premium contributed by IFF on such units. Units contributed by IFF are subject to vesting based on continued employment through December 31, 2021.
- (11) Includes 5,501 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP resulting from the deferral of compensation and the 25% premium contributed by IFF on such units. Units contributed by IFF are subject to vesting based on continued employment through December 31, 2021.
- (12) Includes (i) 20,613 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP and (ii) 1,100 shares held indirectly by a trust for which Mr. Bottoli is the settlor/grantor and Mr. Bottoli and three immediate family members are the beneficiaries.

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- (13) Represents 7,561 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP.
- (14) Represents 5,286 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP.
- (15) Represents 13,513 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP.
- (16) Represents 4,881 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP.
- (17) Includes 1,417 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP.
- (18) Includes 23,525 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP.
- (19) Includes 20,482 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP.
- (20) Represents 4,968 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP.
- (21) Includes an aggregate of 172,366 stock equivalent units held in the IFF Stock Fund under the DCP.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF DUPONT COMMON STOCK

The following table presents the beneficial ownership of DuPont's Common Stock as of July 30, 2020, except as noted, for (i) each director of DuPont, (ii) each of DuPont's current named executive officers, (iii) all directors and executive officers as a group, and (iv) each person beneficially owning more than 5% of the outstanding shares of DuPont's Common Stock. As of July 30, 2020, there were 733,827,575 shares of DuPont's Common Stock outstanding.

Name	Current Shares Beneficially Owned(a)	Rights to Acquire Beneficial Ownership of Shares(b)	Total	Percent of Shares Beneficially Owned(c)
Amy G. Brady	50	5,017	5,067	*
Edward D. Breen	143,790	492,712	636,502	*
Ruby R. Chandy	0	6,693	6,693	*
Franklin K. Clyburn, Jr.	0	5,750	5,750	*
Terrence R. Curtin	0	6,991	6,991	*
Alexander M. Cutler	2,137	39,180	41,317	*
Jeanmarie F. Desmond	3,507	35,429	38,936	*
C. Marc Doyle	0	151,409	151,409	*
Eleuthère I. du Pont	910	21,704	22,614	*
Rajiv L. Gupta	12,302	6,505	18,807	*
Matthias Heinzl	22,598	30,331	52,929	*
Luther C. Kissam	0	6,693	6,693	*
Rose Lee	17,904	47,621	65,525	*
Frederick M. Lowery	0	7,875	7,875	*
Raymond J. Milchovich	5,748	5,750	11,498	*
Raj Ratnakar	5,543	40,376	45,919	*
Steven M. Sterin	0	7,050	7,050	*
Howard I. Ungerleider(d)	52,327.9	59,652.0	111,979.9	*
All Directors and Executive Officers as a Group (21 persons)	258,636	827,606	1,086,242	*
Certain Other Owners:				
The Vanguard Group	60,008,218.0(e)			8.18%
BlackRock, Inc.	50,765,002.0(f)			6.92%
State Street Corporation	38,665,435.0(g)			5.27%

- (a) Except as otherwise noted and for shares held by a spouse and other members of the person's immediate family who share a household with the named person, the named persons have or share voting and investment power over the indicated number of shares. This column also includes all shares held in a trust over which the person has or shares voting or investment power and shares, or shares held in trust for the benefit of the named party in The Dow Chemical Company Employees' Savings Plan or the DuPont Retirement Savings Plan. Beneficial ownership of some or all of the shares listed may be disclaimed.
- (b) This column includes any shares that the person could acquire through September 28, 2020, by (1) exercise of an option granted by Historical Dow or Historical EID; or (2) performance shares granted by Historical Dow or Historical EID to be delivered prior to September 28, 2020.
- (c) The percentage of shares beneficially owned is calculated based on the number of shares of common stock outstanding as of July 30, 2020.
- (d) As of March 31, 2020.
- (e) Based on an Amendment No. 2 to Schedule 13G filed by The Vanguard Group on February 12, 2020 with the SEC reporting beneficial ownership as of December 31, 2019. The Vanguard Group has sole voting

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power over 1,102,203 shares, shared voting power over 202,934 shares, sole dispositive power over 58,769,695 shares and shared dispositive power over 1,238,523 shares. The Vanguard Group's address is 100 Vanguard Boulevard, Malvern, PA 19355.

- (f) Based on a Schedule 13G filed by BlackRock, Inc. on February 5, 2020 with the SEC reporting beneficial ownership as of December 31, 2019. BlackRock, Inc. has sole voting power over 43,780,738 shares, shared voting power over 0 shares, sole dispositive power over 50,765,002 shares and shared dispositive power over 0 shares. BlackRock, Inc.'s address is 55 East 52nd Street, New York, NY 10055.
 - (g) Based on a Schedule 13G filed by State Street Corporation on February 14, 2020 with the SEC reporting beneficial ownership as of December 31, 2019. State Street Corporation has shared voting power over 27,004,812 shares and shared dispositive power over 38,658,703 shares. State Street Corporation's address is State Street Financial Center, One Lincoln Street, Boston, MA 02111.
- * Less than 1% of the total shares of DuPont common stock outstanding.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

IFF, DuPont and N&B or their respective subsidiaries, in each case as applicable, have entered into or, before the consummation of the Transactions, will enter into, the Ancillary Agreements and various interim and on-going relationships between IFF, DuPont and N&B. See “Other Agreements.”

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the shares of N&B common stock offered hereby with respect to the Transactions is being passed upon for N&B by Erik T. Hoover, director of N&B. The validity of the issuance of common stock by IFF pursuant to the Merger Agreement is being passed upon for IFF by Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP. Skadden Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP will provide to DuPont a legal opinion regarding certain federal income tax matters relating to the Distribution and the Merger.

EXPERTS

The financial statements incorporated in this prospectus by reference to International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.’s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 18, 2020 and management’s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2019 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The financial statements of DuPont and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2019 and for the year then ended, except as they relate to The Dow Chemical Company for the period from January 1, 2019 to March 31, 2019, and management’s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of DuPont for the year ended December 31, 2019 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The audited financial statements of The Dow Chemical Company for the period from January 1, 2019 to March 31, 2019, not separately presented or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report thereon is incorporated by reference in this prospectus. The audited financial statements of DuPont as of December 31, 2019 and for the year then ended, to the extent they relate to The Dow Chemical Company, have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of such independent registered public accounting firm given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The audited financial statements of DuPont and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2018 and for the two years then ended, except as they relate to E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company as of December 31, 2018 and for the year ended December 31, 2018 and for the period from September 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017, incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The financial statements of E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company as of December 31, 2018 and for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the period from September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017, not separately presented or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, except as they relate to the combined financial statements of the Dow Agricultural Sciences Business, have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report thereon is incorporated by reference in this prospectus. The audited financial statements of DuPont as of December 31, 2018 and for the years ended

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December 31, 2018 and 2017 incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of DuPont for the year ended December 31, 2019, to the extent they relate to E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company (and except as they relate to the combined financial statements of the Dow Agricultural Sciences Business), have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of such independent registered public accounting firm given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The combined financial statements of the N&B Business of DuPont (Successor) as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and for each of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the period from September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 included in this prospectus have been so included in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The combined financial statements of the N&B Business of DuPont (Predecessor) for the period from January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 included in this prospectus have been so included in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The audited financial statements of Frutarom Industries Ltd. included in exhibit 99.1 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 3, 2018 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of Kesselman & Kesselman, Certified Public Accountants (Isr.), a member of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited, independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

With respect to the unaudited financial information of Frutarom Industries Ltd. for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018, included in exhibit 99.1 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 30, 2018, which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus, Kesselman & Kesselman, Certified Public Accountants (Isr.), a member of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited, reported that they have applied limited procedures in accordance with professional standards for a review of such information. However, their separate report dated November 29, 2018 incorporated by reference herein states that they did not audit and they do not express an opinion on that unaudited financial information. Accordingly, the degree of reliance on their report on such information should be restricted in light of the limited nature of the review procedures applied. Kesselman & Kesselman is not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act for their report on the unaudited financial information because that report is not a "report" or a "part" of the registration statement prepared or certified by Kesselman & Kesselman within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Securities Act.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION; INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

N&B has filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-4 and Form S-1 under the Securities Act to register with the SEC the shares of N&B common stock to be delivered in the Exchange Offer to stockholders whose shares of DuPont common stock are accepted for exchange and distributed to stockholders in the expected subsequent pro rata Clean-Up Spin-Off distribution. DuPont will also file a Tender Offer Statement on Schedule TO with the SEC with respect to the Exchange Offer. This prospectus constitutes DuPont's offer to exchange, in addition to being a prospectus of N&B. As described throughout this prospectus, DuPont has not yet determined whether to conduct the Exchange Offer, and it may, based on market conditions prior to closing of the Transactions, elect to either conduct the Exchange Offer or distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock in a pro-rata spin-off. If DuPont elects to distribute 100% of the shares of N&B common stock in a pro-rata spin-off this prospectus will be amended to the extent necessary and the forms filed by N&B and DuPont may change.

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IFF filed a proxy statement that relates to the special meeting of IFF shareholders to, among other things, approve the issuance of IFF common stock in the Merger. In addition, IFF has filed the IFF Form S-4 Registration Statement to register the issuance of shares of its common stock that will be issued in the Merger.

This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statements, the exhibits to the registration statements or the Schedule TO, selected portions of which are omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information pertaining to DuPont, N&B and IFF, reference is made to the registration statements and their exhibits.

Statements contained in this document or in any document incorporated by reference in this document as to the contents of any contract or other document referred to within this document or other documents that are incorporated herein by reference are not necessarily complete and, in each instance, reference is made to the copy of the applicable contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement or otherwise filed with the SEC. Each statement in this document regarding a contract or other document is qualified in all respects by such contract or other document.

You may read and copy all or any portion of the registration statement filed by N&B at the offices of the SEC at the SEC's public reference room located at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, DC 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference room. The SEC filings are also available to the public on the SEC's internet website at www.sec.gov, which contains reports, proxy and prospectuses and other information regarding registrants, such as DuPont and IFF, that file electronically with the SEC. These periodic reports, proxy statements and other information will be available for inspection and copying at the SEC's public reference rooms and on the SEC's website. You can also find additional information about DuPont at www.dupont.com and about IFF at www.iff.com. DuPont's and IFF's website addresses are provided as an inactive textual reference only. Information contained on DuPont's and IFF's website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on those websites as part of this prospectus.

The SEC allows certain information to be "incorporated by reference" into this prospectus. The information incorporated by reference is considered a part of this prospectus, except for any information superseded by information contained directly in this prospectus or by information contained in documents filed with or furnished to the SEC by DuPont or IFF after the date of this prospectus that is incorporated by reference in this prospectus. This means that DuPont and IFF can disclose important information to you by referring to another document filed separately with the SEC.

This prospectus incorporates by reference the documents set forth below that DuPont or IFF have filed with the SEC. These documents contain important information about DuPont, IFF and their respective business and financial conditions.

DuPont:

DuPont SEC Filings (SEC File Number 1-38196)

Annual Report on Form 10-K

Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q

Current Reports on Form 8-K or 8-K/A

Period or Date Filed

Filed with the SEC on [February 14, 2020](#) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019

Filed with the SEC on [April 9, 2020](#)

Filed with the SEC on [May 5, 2020](#) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 and [July 31, 2020](#) for the three-month period ended June 30, 2020

Filed with the SEC on [December 16, 2019](#); [December 18, 2019](#); [December 19, 2019](#); [April 20, 2020](#) (only Item 1.01, Item 2.03, Item 2.06 and Item 8.01); [May 1, 2020](#); [May 11, 2020](#) and [May 29, 2020](#)

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IFF:

<u>IFF SEC Filings (SEC File Number 1-4858)</u>	<u>Period or Date Filed</u>
Annual Report on Form 10-K	Filed with the SEC on March 3, 2020 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019
Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A	Filed with the SEC on March 24, 2020 and July 27, 2020
Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q	Filed with the SEC on May 11, 2020 for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020 and on August 10, 2020 for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020
Current Reports on Form 8-K or 8-K/A	Filed with the SEC on August 3, 2018 (only exhibit 99.1 and exhibit 99.2); September 10, 2018 (only exhibit 99.1); November 30, 2018 (only exhibit 99.1); January 22, 2020 ; May 8, 2020 ; May 11, 2020 (only Item 5.02); May 21, 2020 ; June 18, 2020 ; August 21, 2020 (only Item 5.02) and August 28, 2020

In addition, this prospectus also incorporates by reference additional documents that DuPont and IFF may file with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act between the date of this prospectus and the date that shares are accepted pursuant to the Exchange Offer (or the date that the Exchange Offer is terminated). These documents include Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K, as well as proxy statements.

This prospectus does not, however, incorporate by reference any documents or portions thereof that are not deemed “filed” with the SEC, including any information furnished pursuant to Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of DuPont’s or IFF’s Current Reports on Form 8-K and information filed after the date of this prospectus unless, and except to the extent, specified in such Current Reports.

Any statement contained in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed document which also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such statement. Any such statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this prospectus.

DuPont’s documents incorporated by reference are available without charge upon request to the information agent at the following address and telephone numbers:

IFF’s documents incorporated by reference are available without charge upon request to the information agent at the following address and telephone numbers:

International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
521 West 57th Street
New York, New York 10019
Tel.: (212) 708-7164

If you would like to request documents, please do so by _____, 2020 to ensure timely delivery.

DuPont, N&B and IFF have not authorized anyone to give any information or make any representation about the Exchange Offer that is different from, or in addition to, that contained in this prospectus or in any of the materials that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. Therefore, if anyone does give you information of this sort, you should not rely on it. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to purchase, the securities offered by this prospectus, in any jurisdiction to or from any person to whom or from whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation of an offer in such jurisdiction. Neither the delivery of this prospectus nor any distribution of securities pursuant to this prospectus shall, under any circumstances, create

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any implication that there has been no change in the information set forth or incorporated into this prospectus by reference or in DuPont's, IFF's or the N&B Business's affairs since the date of this prospectus. The information contained in this prospectus speaks only as of the date of this prospectus unless the information specifically indicates that another date applies.

From after the close of trading on the third trading day of the Exchange Offer until the first Valuation Date, the website at _____ will show the indicative calculated per-share values, as applicable, calculated as though that day were the third Valuation Date of the Exchange Offer, of (i) DuPont common stock, which will equal the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock, as calculated by DuPont, on each of the three consecutive trading days ending on and including such day and (ii) N&B common stock, which will equal the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAP of IFF common stock, as calculated by DuPont, on each of the three consecutive trading days ending on and including such day.

Prior to the Valuation Dates and commencing at the end of the third trading day of the Exchange Offer, indicative exchange ratios will be available by contacting the information agent at the toll-free number provided on the back cover of this prospectus and at _____, calculated as though that day were the last of the three Valuation Dates for the Exchange Offer. The final exchange ratio will be available both by contacting the information agent at the toll-free number provided on the back cover of the prospectus, by press release issued by DuPont and at https://_____ no later than 11:59 p.m., New York City time, after the end of the second to last full trading day prior to the expiration date. When provided, the indicative exchange ratio will also reflect whether the upper limit on the exchange ratio, described elsewhere herein, would have been in effect. In other words, assuming that a given day is a trading day, the indicative exchange ratio will be calculated based on the simple arithmetic average of the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock for that day and the two immediately preceding trading days. On the first two Valuation Dates, when the values of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock are calculated for the purposes of the Exchange Offer, the website will show the indicative exchange ratios based on indicative calculated per-share values calculated by DuPont, which will equal: (i) on the first Valuation Date, the daily VWAP of DuPont common stock and the IFF common stock for that day; and (ii) on the second Valuation Date, the simple arithmetic mean of the daily VWAPs of DuPont common stock and IFF common stock for the first and second Valuation Dates. No indicative exchange ratio will be provided on the third Valuation Date. The final exchange ratio (as well as whether the upper limit on the number of shares that can be received for each share of DuPont common stock tendered will be in effect) will be announced by press release and be available on the website, in each case by 11:59 p.m., New York City time, at the end of the second trading day (currently expected to be _____, 2021) immediately preceding the expiration date of the Exchange Offer (currently expected to be _____, 2021).

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N&B
Combined Statements of Operations

In millions (Unaudited)	<i>Six Months Ended</i> <i>June 30,</i>	
	2020	2019
Net sales	\$3,090	\$3,093
Cost of goods sold	1,992	2,064
Research and development expenses	133	140
Selling and administrative expenses	336	352
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	706	151
Restructuring and asset related charges, net	6	157
Goodwill impairment charge	—	674
Integration and separation costs	240	120
Other expense (income), net	29	(9)
Loss before income taxes	(352)	(556)
Taxes on loss	(68)	10
Net loss	(284)	(566)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—
Net loss attributable to N&B	\$ (284)	\$ (566)

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
Combined Statements of Comprehensive Loss

<u>In millions (Unaudited)</u>	<u>Six Months Ended</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Net loss	\$(284)	\$(566)
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:		
Cumulative translation adjustments	(55)	(12)
Pension and other post-employment benefit plans	(8)	2
Total other comprehensive loss	(63)	(10)
Comprehensive loss	(347)	(576)
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests, net of tax	—	—
Comprehensive loss attributable to N&B	<u>\$(347)</u>	<u>\$(576)</u>

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
Condensed Combined Balance Sheets

In millions (Unaudited)		<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	Assets		
Current Assets			
Accounts and notes receivable, net		\$ 1,157	\$ 1,092
Inventories		1,466	1,422
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		81	81
Total current assets		<u>2,704</u>	<u>2,595</u>
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation (June 30, 2020 – \$1,586; December 31, 2019 – \$1,427)		2,882	2,981
Goodwill		11,196	11,196
Other intangible assets, net		3,662	4,377
Deferred income tax assets		27	36
Other assets		382	354
Total Assets		<u>\$ 20,853</u>	<u>\$ 21,539</u>
	Liabilities and Equity		
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable		\$ 688	\$ 645
Employee compensation and benefits		115	125
Income taxes payable		67	51
Accrued and other current liabilities		105	111
Total current liabilities		<u>975</u>	<u>932</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Deferred income taxes		920	1,079
Other liabilities		286	252
Total noncurrent liabilities		<u>1,206</u>	<u>1,331</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>\$ 2,181</u>	<u>\$ 2,263</u>
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 11)			
Equity			
Parent company net investment		19,541	20,081
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(895)	(832)
Total N&B equity		<u>18,646</u>	<u>19,249</u>
Noncontrolling interests		26	27
Total equity		<u>18,672</u>	<u>19,276</u>
Total Liabilities and Equity		<u>\$ 20,853</u>	<u>\$ 21,539</u>

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
Combined Statements of Cash Flows

In millions (Unaudited)	<i>Six Months Ended</i> <i>June 30,</i>	
	2020	2019
Operating activities		
Net loss	\$(284)	\$ (566)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	856	314
Gain on sale of business and other assets	—	(10)
Stock-based compensation	9	11
Provision for deferred income tax	(149)	(186)
Goodwill impairment charge	—	674
Restructuring and asset related charges	6	157
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(1)	—
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(86)	(269)
Inventories	(57)	(61)
Accounts payable	113	82
Other assets and liabilities, net	(5)	(75)
Cash provided by operating activities	402	71
Investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(123)	(216)
Proceeds from sales of property and businesses, net of cash divested	—	34
Other investing activities, net	2	8
Cash used for investing activities	(121)	(174)
Financing activities		
Net transfers (to) from Parent	(265)	108
Payments of long-term debt and other financing obligations	(15)	(6)
(Distributions to) contributions from noncontrolling interests	(1)	1
Cash (used for) provided by financing activities	(281)	103
(Decrease) increase in cash	\$ —	\$ —

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
Combined Statements of Changes in Equity
For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

<u>In millions (Unaudited)</u>	<u>Parent Company Net Investment</u>	<u>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</u>	<u>Total N&B Equity</u>	<u>Noncontrolling Interests</u>	<u>Total Equity</u>
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 20,875	\$ (654)	\$ 20,221	\$ 27	\$ 20,248
Net loss	(566)	—	(566)	—	(566)
Other comprehensive loss	—	(10)	(10)	—	(10)
(Distributions to) contributions from noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	1	1
Net transfers from Parent	119	—	119	—	119
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 20,428	\$ (664)	\$ 19,764	\$ 28	\$ 19,792
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 20,081	\$ (832)	\$ 19,249	\$ 27	\$ 19,276
Net loss	(284)	—	(284)	—	(284)
Other comprehensive loss	—	(63)	(63)	—	(63)
(Distributions to) contributions from noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	(1)	(1)
Net transfers to Parent	(256)	—	(256)	—	(256)
Balance at June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 19,541</u>	<u>\$ (895)</u>	<u>\$ 18,646</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ 18,672</u>

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited interim Combined Financial Statements of the Nutrition & Biosciences business (“N&B”) of DuPont de Nemours, Inc. (“DuPont” or “Parent”) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information and Regulation S-X. In the opinion of management, the interim statements reflect all adjustments (including normal recurring accruals) which are considered necessary for the fair statement of the results for the periods presented. Results from interim periods should not be considered indicative of results for the full year. These interim Combined Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited Combined Financial Statements and notes thereto contained in N&B’s Annual Combined Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, collectively referred to as the “2019 Annual Financial Statements.” The interim Combined Financial Statements include the accounts of N&B and subsidiaries in which a controlling interest is maintained.

Basis of Presentation

For all periods presented, N&B consisted of several legal entities, acquired businesses, as well as businesses with no separate legal status. Separate financial statements have not historically been prepared for N&B. The interim Combined Financial Statements have been derived from DuPont’s accounting records as if N&B’s operations had been conducted independently from those of DuPont, and were prepared on a stand-alone basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

The historical results of operations, financial position and cash flows of N&B presented in these interim Combined Financial Statements may not be indicative of what they would have been had N&B actually been an independent stand-alone entity, nor are they necessarily indicative of N&B’s future results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

The N&B interim Combined Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss of N&B reflect allocations of general corporate expenses from Parent including, but not limited to, executive management, finance, legal, information technology, employee benefits administration, treasury, risk management, procurement and other shared services, and restructuring and integration and separation activities related to these functions in connection with the merger of the Dow Chemical Company (“Historical Dow”) and E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company (“Historical EID”) effective August 31, 2017 (the “DWDP Merger”) and beginning in the fourth quarter of 2019 the separation of N&B. These allocations were made on the basis of revenue, expenses, headcount or other relevant measures. Management of N&B and Parent consider these allocations to be an overall reasonable reflection of the utilization of services by, or the benefits provided to, N&B, in the aggregate. The allocations may not, however, reflect the expenses N&B would have incurred as a stand-alone company for the periods presented.

The N&B interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheets include Parent assets and liabilities that are specifically identifiable or otherwise attributable to N&B, including subsidiaries and affiliates in which Parent has a controlling financial interest or is the primary beneficiary.

NOTE 2 — RECENT ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, and associated ASUs related to Topic 326. The new

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guidance introduces the current expected credit loss (“CECL”) model, which requires organizations to record an allowance for credit losses for certain financial instruments and financial assets, including trade receivables, based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. Under this update, on initial recognition and at each reporting period, an entity will be required to recognize an allowance that reflects the entity’s current estimate of credit losses expected to be incurred over the life of the financial instrument. This update became effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019.

N&B adopted the new standard in the first quarter of 2020, which required a modified retrospective transition approach, applying the new standard’s cumulative-effect adjustment at the date of initial adoption. This cumulative- effect has been reflected as of January 1, 2020 and prior periods have not been restated. The impact of initial adoption was not material to N&B’s interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheet, Combined Statements of Operations and Combined Statement of Cash Flows.

NOTE 3 — REVENUE

Revenue Recognition

Substantially all of N&B’s revenue is derived from product sales. Product sales consist of sales of N&B’s products to supply manufacturers and distributors. N&B considers purchase orders, which in some cases are governed by master supply agreements, to be a contract with a customer. Contracts with customers are considered to be short-term when the time between order confirmation and satisfaction of the performance obligations is equal to or less than one year.

N&B records accounts receivables when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. Trade accounts receivables were \$989 million at June 30, 2020 and \$907 million at December 31, 2019. Trade accounts receivables are included in “Accounts and notes receivable, net” in the interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheets. Contract assets and contract liabilities were not material at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Disaggregation of Revenue

N&B disaggregates its revenue from contracts with customers by segment and business or principal product line and geographic region, as N&B believes it best depicts the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of its revenue and cash flows.

Net Sales by Segment (In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Food & Beverage	\$ 1,477	\$ 1,501
Health & Biosciences	1,184	1,174
Pharma Solutions	429	418
Total	<u>\$ 3,090</u>	<u>\$ 3,093</u>

Net Sales by Geographic Region (In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
United States & Canada	\$ 1,146	\$ 1,145
EMEA 1	948	943
Asia Pacific	701	698
Latin America	295	307
Total	<u>\$ 3,090</u>	<u>\$ 3,093</u>

1. Europe, Middle East and Africa

NOTE 4 — RESTRUCTURING AND ASSET RELATED CHARGES, NET

Charges for restructuring programs and asset related charges, which include other asset impairments, were \$6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 (\$157 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019). These charges were recorded in “Restructuring and asset related charges, net” in the interim Combined Statements of Operations. The total liability related to restructuring programs was \$19 million at June 30, 2020 (\$27 million at December 31, 2019). Restructuring activity consists of the following programs:

2020 Restructuring Program

From time to time, Parent undertakes restructuring actions to optimize its cost structure and organizational structures. In the first quarter of 2020, Parent approved restructuring actions designed to capture near-term cost reductions and to further simplify certain organizational structures (the “2020 Restructuring Program”). For the six months ended June 30, 2020, N&B recorded a pre-tax charge related to the 2020 Restructuring Program in the amount of \$8 million recognized in “Restructuring and asset related charges, net” in the N&B interim Combined Statements of Operations comprised of \$8 million of severance and related benefit costs.

At June 30, 2020, total liabilities related to the 2020 Restructuring Program were \$8 million, recognized in “Accrued and other current liabilities” in the interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheets. N&B expects actions related to this program to be substantially complete by the end of 2020.

2019 Restructuring Program

During the second quarter of 2019 and in connection with the ongoing integration activities, Parent approved restructuring actions to simplify and optimize certain organizational structures following the completion of the Dow and Corteva separations (the “2019 Restructuring Program”). N&B has recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$16 million inception-to-date, consisting of severance and related benefit costs of \$8 million and asset related charges of \$8 million.

The following table summarizes the charges incurred related to the 2019 Restructuring Program for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Severance and related benefit (credits) costs	\$ (4)	\$ 11
Asset related charges	—	3
Total restructuring and asset related (credits) charges, net	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>

The following table summarizes the activities related to the 2019 Restructuring Program:

2019 Restructuring Program (In millions)	Severance and Related Benefit Costs
Reserve balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 10</u>
Year-to-date restructuring credits	(4)
Cash payments	<u>(3)</u>
Reserve balance at June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 3</u>

At June 30, 2020, the total liabilities related to the 2019 Restructuring Program were \$3 million, recognized in “Accrued and other current liabilities” (\$10 million at December 31, 2019) in the interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheets. The 2019 Restructuring Program is considered substantially complete at June 30, 2020.

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DowDuPont Cost Synergy Program

In September and November 2017, Parent approved post-merger restructuring actions under the DowDuPont Cost Synergy Program (the “Synergy Program”), which was designed to integrate and optimize the organization following the DWDP Merger, and in preparation for the Dow and Corteva separations. N&B has recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$147 million inception-to-date, consisting of severance and related benefit costs of \$77 million, asset related charges of \$52 million and contract termination charges of \$18 million.

The following table summarizes charges incurred related to the Synergy Program for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Severance and related benefit (credits) costs	\$ (2)	\$ 36
Contract termination (credits) charges	(1)	18
Asset related charges	5	26
Total restructuring and asset related charges, net	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 80</u>

The following table summarizes the activities related to the Synergy Program:

DowDuPont Cost Synergy Program	<i>Severance and Related Benefit Costs</i>
<u>(In millions)</u>	
Reserve balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 17
Year-to-date restructuring credits	(2)
Cash payments	(7)
Reserve balance at June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 8</u>

At June 30, 2020, total liabilities related to the Synergy Program were \$8 million, recognized in “Accrued and other current liabilities” (\$17 million at December 31, 2019) in the interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheets. The Synergy Program was considered substantially complete at December 31, 2019.

Equity Method Investment Impairment Related Charges

During the second quarter of 2019, in preparation for the Corteva spin-off, Historical EID completed the separation of the assets and liabilities related to its specialty products business into separate legal entities (the “SP Legal Entities”) and on May 1, 2019 Historical EID distributed the SP Legal Entities to DowDuPont (the “Internal SP Distribution”).

The Internal SP Distribution served as a triggering event requiring N&B to perform an impairment analysis related to its equity method investment in a joint venture related to the Health & Biosciences segment. N&B applied the net asset value method under the cost approach to determine the fair value of the equity method investment. Based on updated projections, management determined the fair value of the equity method investment was below the carrying value with little ability to recover in the short-term due to the current economic environment. As a result, management concluded the impairment was other-than-temporary and recorded an impairment charge of \$63 million in “Restructuring and asset related charges, net” in the interim Combined Statement of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 5 — RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Historically, N&B has been managed and operated in the normal course of business with other affiliates of Parent. Accordingly, certain shared costs have been allocated to N&B and reflected as expenses in the stand-

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alone interim Combined Financial Statements. Management of Parent and N&B considers the overall allocation methodologies used to be reasonable and appropriate reflections of the historical expenses attributable to N&B for purposes of the stand-alone financial statements, in the aggregate. The expenses reflected in the interim Combined Financial Statements may not be indicative of expenses that will be incurred by N&B in the future. All related party transactions approximate prices at cost.

Corporate Expense Allocations

N&B's interim Combined Statements of Operations include general corporate expenses of Parent for services provided by Parent for certain support functions that are provided on a centralized basis. These costs were first attributed to N&B if specifically identifiable to its businesses. If not specifically identifiable to N&B's businesses, these costs have been allocated by using relevant allocation methods, primarily based on sales metrics, consistently for all periods presented.

Corporate expense allocations were recorded in the interim Combined Statements of Operations within the following captions:

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Selling and administrative expenses	\$ 134	\$ 131
Research and development expenses	30	28
Cost of goods sold	10	12
Integration and separation costs ¹	240	120
Total	<u>\$ 414</u>	<u>\$ 291</u>

1. Integration and separation costs to date primarily have consisted of financial advisory, information technology, legal, accounting, consulting, and other professional advisory fees associated with the preparation and execution of activities related to the DWDP Merger, post-DWDP Merger integration and separation, and beginning in the fourth quarter of 2019 the intended separation of N&B.

Parent Company Equity

Net transfers (to) from Parent are included within Parent company net investment on the interim Combined Statements of Changes in Equity. The components of the net transfers (to) from Parent for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash pooling and general financing activities	\$ 90	\$ 420
Less: Corporate cost allocations	414	291
Less: Taxes on loss	(68)	10
Total net transfers (to) from Parent per interim Combined Statements of Changes in Equity	<u>\$ (256)</u>	<u>\$ 119</u>
Stock-based compensation	(9)	(11)
Net transfers (to) from Parent per interim Combined Statements of Cash Flows	<u>\$ (265)</u>	<u>\$ 108</u>

NOTE 6 — OTHER EXPENSE (INCOME), NET

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Net gain on sales of businesses and other assets	\$ —	\$ (10)
Net exchange losses	10	1
Interest expense ¹	25	1
Non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit	1	3
Equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates	(1)	—
Miscellaneous income	(6)	(4)
Other expense (income), net	<u>\$ 29</u>	<u>\$ (9)</u>

1. The six months ended June 30, 2020 includes \$20 million of financing fee amortization for the Bridge Loans and the Term Loan Facility. See Note 10 for additional information.

NOTE 7 — INCOME TAXES

During the periods presented in the interim Combined Financial Statements, N&B did not file separate tax returns in the U.S. federal, certain state and local, and certain foreign tax jurisdictions, as N&B was included in the tax grouping of Parent and its affiliate entities within the respective jurisdictions. Taxes on loss included in these combined financial statements has been calculated using the separate return basis, as if N&B filed separate tax returns. N&B's income taxes as presented in the interim Combined Financial Statements may not be indicative of the income taxes that N&B will generate in the future.

N&B's effective tax rate fluctuates based on, among other factors, the geographic mix of earnings. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, an income tax benefit of \$68 million was recorded on a pre-tax loss of \$352 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of 19.3 percent. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, an income tax expense of \$10 million was recorded on a pre-tax loss of \$556 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of (1.8) percent. The tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2020 was reduced due to tax charges recorded to reverse prior year U.S. state deferred tax assets and to increase valuation allowances in connection with U.S. and foreign deferred tax assets. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the effective tax rate was negatively impacted by a goodwill impairment charge with no corresponding tax benefit, partially offset by a one-time tax benefit to record a foreign deferred tax asset.

Each year DuPont, inclusive of N&B, files hundreds of tax returns in the various national, state and local income taxing jurisdictions in which it operates. These tax returns are subject to examination and possible challenge by the tax authorities. Positions challenged by the tax authorities may be settled or appealed by N&B. As a result, there is an uncertainty in income taxes recognized in N&B's financial statements in accordance with accounting for income taxes and accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. The ultimate resolution of such uncertainties is not expected to have a material impact on N&B's results of operations.

NOTE 8 — INVENTORIES

The following table provides a breakdown of inventories:

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Finished products	\$ 879	\$ 821
Semi-finished products	275	287
Raw materials	213	219
Supplies	99	95
Total inventories	<u>\$ 1,466</u>	<u>\$ 1,422</u>

NOTE 9 — GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET**Goodwill**

The changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Food & Beverage</u>	<u>Health & Biosciences</u>	<u>Pharma Solutions</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 5,150	\$ 4,457	\$ 1,589	\$11,196
Currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	—
Balance at June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 5,150</u>	<u>\$ 4,457</u>	<u>\$ 1,589</u>	<u>\$11,196</u>

N&B tests goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment annually during the fourth quarter as of October 1, or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the fair value is below its carrying value. As a result of the related acquisition method of accounting in connection with the DWDP Merger, Historical EID's assets and liabilities were measured at fair value resulting in increases to N&B's goodwill and other intangible assets. The fair value valuation increased the risk that any declines in financial projections, including changes to key assumptions, could have a material, negative impact of the fair value of N&B's reporting units and assets, and therefore could result in an impairment.

In preparation for the Corteva spin-off, Parent completed the separation of the assets and liabilities related to its specialty products businesses into separate legal entities and on May 1, 2019, Parent completed the Internal SP Distribution. The Internal SP Distribution served as a triggering event requiring Parent to perform an impairment analysis related to goodwill carried by its Historical EID existing reporting units as of May 1, 2019 including those reporting units within N&B. Subsequent to the Corteva spin-off, on June 1, 2019, Parent realigned certain businesses resulting in changes to its management and reporting structure (the "Second Quarter Segment Realignment"). As part of the Second Quarter Segment Realignment, N&B assessed and re-defined certain reporting units effective June 1, 2019, including reallocation of goodwill on a relative fair value basis as applicable to new reporting units identified. Goodwill impairment analyses were then performed for reporting units impacted by the Second Quarter Segment Realignment.

The triggering events described above were considered in the preparation of the N&B's 2019 Annual Financial Statements and interim Combined Financial Statements consistent with the basis of presentation discussed in Note 1. Similar analyses were performed to test goodwill for impairment based on the financial statements of the N&B-related reporting units. As part of this analysis, N&B determined that the fair value of its former Industrial Biosciences reporting unit was below carrying value resulting in a pre-tax, non-cash impairment charge of \$674 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 impacting the Health & Biosciences segment. The former Industrial Biosciences reporting unit, part of Parent's Nutrition & Biosciences segment prior to the Second Quarter Segment Realignment, was comprised solely of Historical EID assets and liabilities, the carrying values of which were measured at fair value in connection with the DWDP Merger, and thus considered at risk for impairment. Revised financial projections of the former Industrial Biosciences reporting unit reflected unfavorable market conditions, driven by challenging conditions in the U.S. bioethanol markets. These revised financial projections resulted in a reduction in the long-term forecasts of sales and profitability as compared to prior projections. Upon completion of the Second Quarter Segment Realignment and allocation of goodwill to the new reporting units, a quantitative analysis was performed to test goodwill for impairment. Based on the results of this analysis, no further impairment of goodwill was identified.

The analyses above used discounted cash flow models (a form of the income approach) utilizing Level 3 unobservable inputs. The significant assumptions in these analyses include, but are not limited to, projected revenue, EBITDA margins, the weighted average cost of capital, the terminal growth rate, and tax rates. The estimates of future cash flows are based on current regulatory and economic climates, recent operating results, and planned business strategies. These estimates could be negatively affected by changes in federal, state, or

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local regulations or economic downturns. Future cash flow estimates are, by their nature, subjective and actual results may differ materially from estimates. If the ongoing estimates of future cash flows are not met, additional impairment charges may be recorded in future periods. N&B believes the current assumptions and estimates utilized are both reasonable and appropriate.

Other Intangible Assets, Net

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated amortization of other intangible assets by major class are as follows:

(In millions)	June 30, 2020			December 31, 2019		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Intangible assets with finite lives:						
Customer-related	\$ 1,939	\$ (394)	\$ 1,545	\$ 1,945	\$ (330)	\$ 1,615
Developed technology	1,374	(498)	876	1,369	(418)	951
Trademarks/tradenames	1,289	(662)	627	1,294	(94)	1,200
Other 1	55	(6)	49	55	(6)	49
Total other intangible assets with finite lives	\$ 4,657	\$ (1,560)	\$ 3,097	\$ 4,663	\$ (848)	\$ 3,815
Intangible assets with indefinite lives:						
Trademarks/tradenames	565	—	565	562	—	562
Total	\$ 5,222	\$ (1,560)	\$ 3,662	\$ 5,225	\$ (848)	\$ 4,377

1. Primarily related to land use rights.

The following table provides information regarding amortization expense related to other intangible assets:

Amortization Expense (In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Other intangible assets 1	\$ 706	\$ 151

1. The six months ended June 30, 2020 include amortization of tradenames that were reclassified from indefinite-lived to definite-lived as a result of the announcement of the separation of N&B during the fourth quarter of 2019.

Total estimated amortization expense for the remainder of 2020 and the five succeeding fiscal years is as follows:

Estimated Amortization Expense (In millions)	
2020	\$686
2021	\$316
2022	\$288
2023	\$263
2024	\$196
2025	\$158

NOTE 10 — SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS, LONG-TERM DEBT AND AVAILABLE CREDIT FACILITIES

The Separation and Distribution Agreement dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. (“IFF”) and Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. (“N&B Inc.”) (the “Separation Agreement”) requires that, prior to the N&B Distribution, N&B Inc. will make a cash payment to Parent in the amount of \$7.3 billion, subject to certain adjustments (the “Special Cash Payment”).

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In December 2019, to secure funding for the Special Cash Payment and to pay the related transaction fees and expenses, N&B Inc. entered into a Bridge Commitment Letter (the “Bridge Letter”) in an aggregate principal amount of \$7.5 billion (the “Bridge Loans”) to secure committed financing for the Special Cash Payment and related financing fees. The aggregate commitment under the Bridge Letter is reduced by, among other things, (1) the amount of net cash proceeds received by N&B Inc. from any issuance of senior unsecured notes pursuant to a Rule 144A offering or other private placement and (2) certain qualifying term loan commitments under senior unsecured term loan facilities.

In January 2020, N&B Inc. entered into a senior unsecured term loan agreement in the amount of \$1.25 billion split evenly between three- and five-year facilities (the “Term Loan Facility”), which term loan agreement was amended pursuant to that certain Amendment No. 1 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2020, among N&B, the lenders party thereto and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent. As a result of entry into the term loan agreement, the commitments under the Bridge Letter were reduced to \$6.25 billion (the “bridge facility”). N&B expects to draw up to \$1.25 billion under the Term Loan Facility and fund the remainder of the special cash payment and related financing costs through a debt offering of senior unsecured notes pursuant to a Rule 144A offering or other private placement. If such offering does not occur, N&B expects to fully draw the Term Loan Facility and the bridge facility. The commitments under the Bridge Letter and the availability of funding under the term loan are subject to customary closing conditions including among others, the satisfaction of substantially all the conditions to the consummation of the proposed transaction with IFF.

Borrowing under the Term Loan Facility and, if any, under the bridge facility would occur substantially concurrently with closing the proposed transaction with IFF. Any issuance of senior unsecured notes pursuant to a Rule 144A offering or other private placement would likely occur in advance of the closing. At June 30, 2020, “Prepaid expenses and other current assets” within the interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheet included \$23 million of prepaid financing costs related to the Bridge Loans and the Term Loan Facility. There were no borrowings on these facilities at June 30, 2020 or 2019.

Parent’s current and long-term debt, and related interest expense, have not been recognized within N&B’s interim Combined Financial Statements, because they are not specifically identifiable to N&B.

NOTE 11 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

N&B is involved in numerous claims and lawsuits, principally in the United States, including various product liability (involving N&B’s current or former products), intellectual property, employment related, and commercial matters. Certain of these matters may purport to be class actions and seek damages in very large amounts. Liabilities related to matters that are not directly attributable to the N&B business and for which N&B is not the legal obligor are not recognized within N&B’s interim Combined Financial Statements for any of the periods presented.

As of June 30, 2020, N&B had recorded a liability of approximately \$3 million related to the foregoing (although it is reasonably possible that the ultimate cost could be up to twice the accrued amount). Because such matters are subject to inherent uncertainties, and unfavorable rulings or developments could occur, there can be no certainty that N&B will not ultimately incur charges in excess of presently recorded liabilities. Although considerable uncertainty exists, management does not believe it is reasonably possible that the ultimate disposition of these matters will have a material adverse effect on N&B’s results of operations, combined financial position or liquidity. However, the ultimate liabilities could be material to results of operations in the period recognized.

NOTE 12 — PENSION PLANS

N&B employees participate, as eligible, in N&B and Parent’s sponsored pension plans, including defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans. Where permitted by applicable law, Parent reserves the right to amend, modify, or discontinue the plans at any time.

The following sets forth the components of N&B’s net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans:

Net Periodic Benefit Cost for All Plans <i>(In millions)</i>	<i>Six Months Ended June 30,</i>	
	<i>2020</i>	<i>2019</i>
Defined Benefit Pension Plans:		
Service cost	\$ 8	\$ 6
Interest cost	2	3
Expected return on plan assets	(4)	(6)
Amortization of unrecognized loss	2	2
Amortization of prior service benefit	—	4
Settlement loss	1	—
Net periodic benefit cost – total	\$ 9	\$ 9

Net periodic benefit cost, other than the service cost component, is included in “Other expense (income), net” in the interim Combined Statements of Operations.

Parent expects to make additional contributions on behalf of N&B of approximately \$2 million by year-end 2020 to certain pension plans.

NOTE 13 — OPERATING LEASES

Operating lease costs for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$22 million and \$21 million, respectively. Operating cash flows from operating leases for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$22 million and \$21 million, respectively.

Operating lease right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. New operating lease assets and liabilities entered into during the six months ended June 30, 2020 were \$31 million and immaterial for the six months ended June 30, 2019. Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	<i>June 30, 2020</i>	<i>December 31, 2019</i>
Operating Leases		
Operating lease right-of-use assets ¹	\$ 160	\$ 123
Current operating lease liabilities ²	37	30
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities ³	127	94
Total operating lease liabilities	\$ 164	\$ 124

1. Included in “Other assets” in the interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheet.
2. Included in “Accrued and other current liabilities” in the interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheet.
3. Included in “Other liabilities” in the interim Condensed Combined Balance Sheet.

NOTE 14 — ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The following table summarizes the activity related to each component of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

<u>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</u> <u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Cumulative</u> <u>Translation</u> <u>Adjustment</u>	<u>Pension</u> <u>and</u> <u>OPEB</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019			
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ (658)	\$ 4	\$(654)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(12)	2	(10)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	—	—	—
Net other comprehensive (loss) income	<u>\$ (12)</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$(10)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2019	<u>\$ (670)</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$(664)</u>
2020			
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ (834)	\$ 2	\$(832)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(55)	(8)	(63)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	—	—	—
Net other comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (55)</u>	<u>\$ (8)</u>	<u>\$(63)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2020	<u>\$ (889)</u>	<u>\$ (6)</u>	<u>\$(895)</u>

The tax effects on the net activity related to each component of other comprehensive loss for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

<u>Tax Benefit</u> <u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Tax benefit from income taxes related to other comprehensive loss	\$ —	\$ 1

NOTE 15 — FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair Value Measurements on a Nonrecurring Basis

The following table summarizes the basis used to measure certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis:

<u>Basis of Fair Value Measurements on a Nonrecurring Basis</u> <u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Significant Other</u> <u>Observable Inputs</u> <u>(Level 3)</u>	<u>Total Losses</u>
June 30, 2019		
Assets at fair value:		
Investment in nonconsolidated affiliates	\$ 3	\$ (63)
Goodwill	\$ —	\$ (674)

As discussed in Note 4, during the six months ended June 30, 2019, N&B recorded an other-than-temporary impairment charge, classified as a Level 3 measurement, related to an equity method investment within the Health & Biosciences segment. The impairment charge of \$63 million was recorded in “Restructuring and asset related charges, net” in the interim Combined Statements of Operations. Additionally, as discussed in Note 9, during the six months ended June 30, 2019, N&B recorded a goodwill impairment charge related to the Health & Biosciences segment.

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There were no impairments recorded related to fair value measurements on a nonrecurring basis for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 16 — SEGMENT INFORMATION

N&B's operations are classified into three reportable segments based on similar economic characteristics, the nature of products and production processes, end-use markets, channels of distribution and regulatory environment. N&B's reportable segments are Food & Beverage, Health & Biosciences, and Pharma Solutions. Major products by segment include Food & Beverage (Emulsifiers, Sweeteners, Functional Solutions, and Protein Solutions); Health & Biosciences (Dietary Supplements, Food Protection, Cultures, Enzymes and Microbial Control); and Pharma Solutions (Pharma Excipients, Industrial Applications, and Nitrocellulose). N&B operates globally in substantially all of its product lines.

N&B's measure of profit/loss for segment reporting purposes is Segment Operating EBITDA as this is the manner in which N&B's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") assesses performance and allocates resources. N&B defines Segment Operating EBITDA as earnings (net (loss) income) before interest, taxes on (loss) income, non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit costs, depreciation and amortization, exchange gains and losses, and corporate expenses, excluding certain significant items. N&B believes that its primary measure of segment profitability, Segment Operating EBITDA, provides relevant and meaningful information to investors about the ongoing operating results of N&B and underlying prospects of N&B.

The following table summarizes segment information for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Segment Information (In millions)	<i>Food & Beverage</i>	<i>Health & Biosciences</i>	<i>Pharma Solutions</i>	<i>Total</i>
<i>For the six months ended June 30, 2020</i>				
Net sales	\$ 1,477	\$ 1,184	\$ 429	\$3,090
Segment Operating EBITDA ¹	\$ 322	\$ 359	\$ 129	\$ 810
Equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1
<i>For the six months ended June 30, 2019</i>				
Net sales	\$ 1,501	\$ 1,174	\$ 418	\$3,093
Segment Operating EBITDA ¹	\$ 318	\$ 315	\$ 110	\$ 743
Equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

1. A reconciliation of "Net loss" to Segment Operating EBITDA is provided in the table below.

Reconciliation to Combined Financial Statements

Net loss in the interim Combined Statements of Operations reconciles to Segment Operating EBITDA as follows:

Reconciliation of Net Loss to Segment Operating EBITDA (In millions)	<i>Six Months Ended June 30,</i>	
	<i>2020</i>	<i>2019</i>
Net loss	\$ (284)	\$ (566)
+ Taxes on loss	(68)	10
Loss before income taxes	\$ (352)	\$ (556)
+ Depreciation and amortization	856	314
+ Interest expense, net ¹	25	1
+ Non-operating pension & OPEB benefit ¹	1	3
- Foreign exchange losses, net ¹	(10)	(1)
- Significant items	(246)	(951)
- Other corporate costs ²	(24)	(29)
Segment Operating EBITDA	\$ 810	\$ 743

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1. Included in “Other expense (income), net”.
2. Consists of corporate overhead costs that were historically not allocated into management results.

The following tables summarize the pre-tax impact of significant items by segment that are excluded from Operating EBITDA:

Significant Items by Segment for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 (In millions)	<i>Food & Beverage</i>	<i>Health & Biosciences</i>	<i>Pharma Solutions</i>	<i>Total</i>
Integration and separation costs ¹	\$ (115)	\$ (92)	\$ (33)	\$ (240)
Restructuring and asset related charges, net ²	(1)	(5)	—	(6)
Total	\$ (116)	\$ (97)	\$ (33)	\$ (246)

1. Integration and separation costs related to post-DWDP Merger integration activities and the separation of N&B.
2. Includes restructuring plans and asset related charges. See Note 4 for additional information.

Significant Items by Segment for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 (In millions)	<i>Food & Beverage</i>	<i>Health & Biosciences</i>	<i>Pharma Solutions</i>	<i>Total</i>
Integration and separation costs ¹	\$ (56)	\$ (45)	\$ (19)	\$ (120)
Restructuring and asset related charges, net ²	(28)	(112)	(17)	(157)
Goodwill impairment charge ³	—	(674)	—	(674)
Total	\$ (84)	\$ (831)	\$ (36)	\$ (951)

1. Integration and separation costs related to post-DWDP Merger integration and separation activities.
2. Includes restructuring plans and asset related charges. See Note 4 for additional information.
3. See Note 9 for additional information.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors of DuPont de Nemours, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined balance sheets of the Nutrition & Biosciences business (“N&B”) (Successor) of DuPont de Nemours, Inc. as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related combined statements of operations, of comprehensive (loss) income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for the period from September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017, including the related notes and schedule of valuation and qualifying accounts for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for the period from September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 listed in the index appearing under Item 21(b) (collectively referred to as the “combined financial statements”). In our opinion, the combined financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of N&B as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for the period from September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 3 to the combined financial statements, N&B changed the manner in which it accounts for leases in 2019.

Basis for Opinion

These combined financial statements are the responsibility of N&B’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on N&B’s combined financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to N&B in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits of these combined financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the combined financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
May 7, 2020

We have served as N&B’s auditor since 2019.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors of DuPont de Nemours, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined statements of operations, of comprehensive (loss) income, of changes in equity and of cash flows of the Nutrition & Biosciences business (“N&B”) (Predecessor) of DuPont de Nemours, Inc. for the period from January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017, including the related notes and schedule of valuation and qualifying accounts for the period from January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 listed in the index appearing under Item 21(b) (collectively referred to as the “combined financial statements”). In our opinion, the combined financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and cash flows of N&B for the period from January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These combined financial statements are the responsibility of N&B’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on N&B’s combined financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to N&B in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit of these combined financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the combined financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
May 7, 2020

We have served as N&B’s auditor since 2019.

N&B
Combined Statements of Operations

(In millions)	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
Net sales	\$ 6,076	\$ 6,216	\$ 1,885	\$ 2,810
Cost of goods sold	4,043	4,196	1,671	1,808
Research and development expenses	288	275	88	139
Selling and administrative expenses	704	760	262	403
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	349	311	96	84
Restructuring and asset related charges, net	180	29	20	8
Goodwill impairment charge	674	—	—	—
Integration and separation costs	264	136	42	57
Other income, net	(6)	(10)	(10)	(113)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(420)	519	(284)	424
Taxes on (loss) income	51	125	(481)	139
Net (loss) income	(471)	394	197	285
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	1	1	1	5
Net (loss) income attributable to N&B	<u>\$ (472)</u>	<u>\$ 393</u>	<u>\$ 196</u>	<u>\$ 280</u>

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
Combined Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income

	<u>Successor</u>			<u>Predecessor</u>
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
(In millions)				
Net (loss) income	\$ (471)	\$ 394	\$ 197	\$ 285
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:				
Cumulative translation adjustments	(176)	(536)	(142)	415
Pension and other post-employment benefit plans	(2)	4	—	(3)
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(178)	(532)	(142)	412
Comprehensive (loss) income	(649)	(138)	55	697
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests, net of tax	1	1	1	5
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to N&B	<u>\$ (650)</u>	<u>\$ (139)</u>	<u>\$ 54</u>	<u>\$ 692</u>

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
Combined Balance Sheets

(In millions)	Assets	<u>December 31, 2019</u>	<u>December 31, 2018</u>
Current Assets			
Accounts and notes receivable, net		\$ 1,092	\$ 987
Inventories		1,422	1,406
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		81	64
Total current assets		2,595	2,457
Property			
Property, plant and equipment		4,408	4,298
Less: Accumulated depreciation		1,427	1,237
Property, plant and equipment, net		2,981	3,061
Goodwill		11,196	12,017
Other intangible assets, net		4,377	4,771
Deferred income tax assets		36	9
Other assets		354	297
Total Assets		\$ 21,539	\$ 22,612
Liabilities and Equity			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable		\$ 645	\$ 741
Employee compensation and benefits		125	144
Income taxes payable		51	67
Accrued and other current liabilities		111	79
Total current liabilities		932	1,031
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Deferred income taxes		1,079	1,174
Other liabilities		252	159
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,331	1,333
Total Liabilities		\$ 2,263	\$ 2,364
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 17)			
Equity			
Parent company net investment		20,081	20,875
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(832)	(654)
Total N&B equity		19,249	20,221
Noncontrolling interests		27	27
Total equity		19,276	20,248
Total Liabilities and Equity		\$ 21,539	\$ 22,612

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
Combined Statements of Cash Flows

(In millions)	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
Operating activities				
Net (loss) income	\$ (471)	\$ 394	\$ 197	\$ 285
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	326	350	95	131
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	349	311	96	84
Stock-based compensation	19	20	4	13
Amortization of inventory step-up	—	67	397	—
Gain on sale of business and other assets	(13)	—	(1)	(160)
Credit for deferred income tax and other tax related items	(112)	(96)	(530)	(9)
Goodwill impairment charge	674	—	—	—
Restructuring and asset related charges	180	29	20	8
Equity in losses (earnings) of affiliates	1	1	(2)	6
Other adjustments to net earnings	1	—	4	3
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquired and divested companies:				
Accounts receivable	(120)	(11)	(49)	4
Inventories	(31)	(154)	32	(61)
Accounts payable	(27)	13	10	(15)
Other assets and liabilities, net	(102)	(94)	(53)	(44)
Cash provided by operating activities	674	830	220	245
Investing activities				
Capital expenditures	(349)	(335)	(109)	(155)
Acquisitions of property and businesses, net of cash acquired	—	—	16	—
Proceeds from sales of property and businesses, net of cash divested	38	8	—	236
Other investing activities, net	17	(2)	10	(19)
Cash (used for) provided by investing activities	(294)	(329)	(83)	62
Financing activities				
Payments of long-term debt and other financing obligations	(38)	(5)	(1)	(3)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(1)	(3)	—	(4)
Net transfers to Parent	(341)	(493)	(136)	(300)
Cash used for financing activities	(380)	(501)	(137)	(307)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	—	—	—	—
Supplemental cash flow information				
Cash paid during the period for:				
Income taxes	\$ 86	\$ 57	\$ 9	\$ 44

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
Combined Statements of Changes in Equity

(In millions)	<i>Parent Company Net Investment</i>	<i>Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income</i>	<i>Total N&B Equity</i>	<i>Noncontrolling Interests</i>	<i>Total Equity</i>
Predecessor					
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ 8,026	\$ (1,494)	\$ 6,532	\$ 8	\$ 6,540
Net income	280	—	280	5	285
Other comprehensive income	—	412	412	—	412
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	(4)	(4)
Net transfers to Parent	(287)	—	(287)	—	(287)
Balance at August 31, 2017	<u>\$ 8,019</u>	<u>\$ (1,082)</u>	<u>\$ 6,937</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 6,946</u>
Successor					
Balance at September 1, 2017 (remeasured upon DWDP					
Merger)	\$ 17,406	\$ 20	\$ 17,426	\$ 12	\$ 17,438
Net income	196	—	196	1	197
Other comprehensive loss	—	(142)	(142)	—	(142)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—
Measurement period adjustments to noncontrolling interests	(16)	—	(16)	16	—
Net transfers from Parent	3,477	—	3,477	—	3,477
Balance at December 31, 2017	<u>\$ 21,063</u>	<u>\$ (122)</u>	<u>\$ 20,941</u>	<u>\$ 29</u>	<u>\$ 20,970</u>
Net income	393	—	393	1	394
Other comprehensive loss	—	(532)	(532)	—	(532)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	(3)	(3)
Net transfers to Parent	(581)	—	(581)	—	(581)
Balance at December 31, 2018	<u>\$ 20,875</u>	<u>\$ (654)</u>	<u>\$ 20,221</u>	<u>\$ 27</u>	<u>\$ 20,248</u>
Net (loss) income	(472)	—	(472)	1	(471)
Other comprehensive loss	—	(178)	(178)	—	(178)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	(1)	(1)
Net transfers to Parent	(322)	—	(322)	—	(322)
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 20,081</u>	<u>\$ (832)</u>	<u>\$ 19,249</u>	<u>\$ 27</u>	<u>\$ 19,276</u>

See Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

N&B
Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 1 — ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Organization and Description of Business

The accompanying Combined Financial Statements and notes present the combined results of operations, financial position, and cash flows of the Nutrition & Biosciences business (“N&B”) of DuPont de Nemours, Inc. (“DuPont”). N&B, one of the world’s largest producers of specialty ingredients, is an innovation-driven and customer-focused business that provides solutions for the global food and beverage, dietary supplements, home and personal care, energy, animal nutrition and pharma markets. Additionally, N&B is an industry pioneer and innovator that works with customers to improve the performance, productivity and sustainability of their products and processes through differentiated technology in ingredients applications, fermentation, biotechnology, chemistry and manufacturing process excellence.

Reverse Morris Trust Transaction Anticipated in the first quarter of 2021

On December 15, 2019, DuPont and Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. (presently a wholly owned subsidiary holding company of DuPont) (“N&B Inc.”), entered into definitive agreements, including the Separation Agreement with International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. (“IFF”), and the Merger Agreement, with IFF and Neptune Merger Sub I Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF) (“Merger Sub I”) to separate and combine N&B with IFF in a Reverse Morris Trust transaction. At DuPont’s election, the distribution of shares of N&B Inc. to its stockholders will be structured as a split-off transaction, a spin-off transaction or a combination split-off and spin-off transaction (the “N&B Distribution”). Prior to the N&B Distribution, DuPont will transfer to N&B Inc., through the transfer of its interests in subsidiaries holding certain N&B assets and liabilities, the N&B business in accordance with the Separation Agreement (the “N&B Contribution”). The document in which these financial statements are included has been prepared under the assumption that the shares of N&B Inc. common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders pursuant to an exchange offer followed by an expected clean-up spin-off. Based on market conditions prior to closing, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B Inc. common stock will be distributed to DuPont’s stockholders in a spin-off or exchange offer and, once a final decision is made, this disclosure will be amended to reflect that decision, if necessary. No matter which form of N&B Distribution is selected, DuPont will distribute all of the stock of N&B Inc. to DuPont stockholders in the N&B Distribution which will be followed by a merger of N&B Inc. with Merger Sub I (the “Merger”). N&B Inc. will survive the Merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of IFF. The transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement and the various other transaction documents to be entered into by DuPont, N&B Inc. and IFF in connection therewith, which provide for, among other things, the N&B Distribution, the N&B Contribution and the Merger, are referred to in these notes as the “Transactions.” As of December 31, 2019, the only activity in the N&B Inc. legal entity was a contribution of \$30 million by DuPont. This cash was used to fund payments of fees associated with the Bridge Loans discussed in Note 16.

The Transactions are subject to the approval by IFF’s stockholders of the issuance of IFF shares in the Transactions and the satisfaction of customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals. The Transactions are expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2021.

DowDuPont merger of Dow and DuPont completed in August 2017

DowDuPont Inc. (“DowDuPont”) was formed on December 9, 2015 to effectuate an all-stock, merger of equals strategic combination between The Dow Chemical Company (“Historical Dow”) and E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company (“Historical EID”). On August 31, 2017 at 11:59 pm ET, (the “DWDP Merger Effectiveness Time”) pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 11, 2015, as amended on March 31, 2017 (the “DWDP Merger Agreement”), Historical Dow and Historical EID each merged with wholly owned subsidiaries of DowDuPont and, as a result, became subsidiaries of DowDuPont (the “DWDP Merger”).

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DowDuPont accounted for the DWDP Merger as a business combination, with Historical Dow as the accounting acquirer, using the acquisition method of accounting.

Acquisition of FMC's H&N Business in November 2017

As a condition of the regulatory approval of the DWDP Merger, Historical EID was required to divest a portion of its crop protection product line, including certain research and development capabilities. As a result, on March 31, 2017, Historical EID entered into a definitive agreement (the "FMC Transaction Agreement") with FMC Corporation ("FMC"). In accordance with a definitive agreement dated March 31, 2017, between Historical EID and FMC, on November 1, 2017, FMC acquired certain Historical EID crop protection business and research and development assets and Historical EID acquired certain assets relating to FMC's Health and Nutrition segment (the "H&N Business") (collectively, the "FMC Transactions"). The H&N Business is included in this N&B financial information from the acquisition date forward.

Spin-off of Dow and Corteva

Subsequent to the DowDuPont Merger, DuPont engaged in a series of internal reorganization and realignment steps to realign its businesses into three subgroups: agriculture, material science, and specialty products (the "DowDuPont realignments"). On April 1, 2019, DuPont completed the separation of its material science business (including the Historical Dow parent company, The Dow Chemical Company) into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Dow Inc. ("Dow") through a pro rata dividend in-kind of all the then-issued and outstanding shares of Dow's common stock. On June 1, 2019, DuPont completed the separation of its agriculture business (including the Historical EID parent company, E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company) into a separate and independent public company by way of a distribution of Corteva, Inc. ("Corteva") through a pro rata dividend in-kind of all the then-issued and outstanding shares of Corteva's common stock.

Following the Corteva spin-off, on June 1, 2019, DowDuPont changed its registered name to DuPont de Nemours, Inc. ("DuPont") and holds the specialty products businesses. Effective June 1, 2019, DuPont (approximately \$22 billion of annual net sales in 2019 on a full year basis) consists of the following reportable segments: Electronics & Imaging, Transportation & Industrial, Safety & Construction, Non-Core, and Nutrition & Biosciences, which includes the Historical EID Nutrition and Biosciences business ("Historical EID N&B"), the Historical Dow Nutrition and Biosciences business ("Historical Dow N&B") and the H&N Business acquired from FMC.

Basis of Presentation

The N&B financial information for periods presented prior to the closing of the DWDP Merger, (the "Predecessor Period") is that of Historical EID N&B and, therefore, reflects Historical EID's carrying value for its N&B business. For all periods subsequent to the DWDP Merger (the "Successor Periods") included in these Combined Financial Statements, N&B operated as part of DowDuPont (now known as DuPont) and the N&B financial information presented reflects the step up in fair value of Historical EID N&B at the effective time of the DWDP Merger, as Historical Dow was the accounting acquirer in the DowDuPont Merger.

The Predecessor Period includes Historical EID N&B. The Successor Periods, beginning on September 1, 2017, include the merged businesses of both Historical EID N&B and Historical Dow N&B. The H&N Business is included from November 1, 2017 forward.

For all periods presented, N&B consisted of several legal entities, acquired businesses, as well as businesses with no separate legal status. Separate financial statements have not historically been prepared for N&B. The Combined Financial Statements have been derived, as described above, from DuPont's and Historical EID's accounting records as if N&B's operations had been conducted independently from those of DuPont and Historical EID in the Successor and Predecessor Periods, respectively, and were prepared on a stand-alone basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

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The historical results of operations, financial position and cash flows of N&B presented in these Combined Financial Statements may not be indicative of what they would have been had N&B actually been an independent stand-alone entity, nor are they necessarily indicative of N&B's future results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

The significant accounting policies described below, together with the other notes that follow, are an integral part of the Combined Financial Statements. All periods prior to the closing of the DWDP Merger reflect the historical operations and accounting basis in Historical EID N&B's assets and liabilities and are labeled "Predecessor." The N&B activities of Historical Dow and FMC are not included in the Predecessor results or financial position. The Combined Financial Statements for the periods subsequent to the DWDP Merger are labeled "Successor" and include operations of both Historical EID and Historical Dow, as well as FMC for periods subsequent to the FMC Transactions, as they operated as part of DowDuPont and subsequently DuPont. The Combined Financial Statements and notes include a black line division between the columns titled "Predecessor" and "Successor" to signify that the amounts shown for the periods prior to and following the DWDP Merger are not comparable. See Note 4 for additional information on the DWDP Merger. The term "Parent" as used herein refers to either, in the Successor Periods presented, DuPont, or, in the Predecessor Period presented, Historical EID.

The N&B Combined Statements of Operations and Comprehensive (Loss) Income reflect allocations of general corporate expenses from Parent including, but not limited to, executive management, finance, legal, information technology, employee benefits administration, treasury, risk management, procurement and other shared services, and restructuring and DWDP Merger integration and separation activities related to these functions. These allocations were made on the basis of revenue, expenses, headcount or other relevant measures. Management of N&B and Parent consider these allocations to be an overall reasonable reflection of the utilization of services by, or the benefits provided to, N&B, in the aggregate. The allocations may not, however, reflect the expenses N&B would have incurred as a stand-alone company for the periods presented.

The N&B Combined Balance Sheets include Parent assets and liabilities that are specifically identifiable or otherwise attributable to N&B, including subsidiaries and affiliates in which Parent has a controlling financial interest or is the primary beneficiary.

Parent uses a centralized approach to cash management and financing of its operations and Parent funds N&B's operating and investing activities as needed. Cash transfers to and from the cash management accounts of Parent are reflected in the Combined Statements of Cash Flows as "Net transfers to Parent."

Transactions between N&B and Parent and their affiliates and other associated companies are reflected in the Combined Financial Statements and disclosed as related party transactions when material. Related party transactions with Parent are included in Note 8.

The Combined Financial Statements include the accounts of N&B and subsidiaries in which a controlling interest is maintained. For those combined subsidiaries in which N&B's ownership is less than 100 percent, the outside stockholders' interests are shown as noncontrolling interests.

All significant intracompany accounts and transactions within N&B have been eliminated in the preparation of the accompanying Combined Financial Statements. All significant intercompany transactions with Parent are deemed to have been paid in the periods the costs were incurred.

N&B's operations are included in the consolidated U.S. federal, and certain state, local and foreign income tax returns filed by Parent, where applicable. N&B also files certain separate state, local and foreign income tax returns. Income tax expense and other income tax related information contained in these Combined Financial Statements are presented on a separate return basis as if N&B filed its own tax returns. N&B's tax results as presented in the Combined Financial Statements may not be reflective of the results that N&B would generate in the future. In jurisdictions where N&B has been included in the tax returns filed by Parent, any income taxes

payable resulting from the related income tax provision have been reflected in the balance sheet within “Parent Company Net Investment.”

NOTE 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates in Financial Statement Preparation

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. N&B’s Combined Financial Statements include amounts that are based on management’s best estimates and judgments. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value Measurements

Under the accounting guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures, a fair value hierarchy was established that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). A financial instrument’s level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

N&B uses the following valuation techniques to measure fair value for its assets and liabilities:

Level 1 — Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 — Significant other observable inputs (e.g. quoted prices for similar items in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar items in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable such as interest rate and yield curves, and market-corroborated inputs);

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are valued based on management’s estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Foreign Currency Translation

N&B’s worldwide operations utilize the U.S. dollar (“USD”) or local currency as the functional currency, where applicable. N&B identifies its separate and distinct foreign entities and groups the foreign entities into two categories: 1) extension of the parent or foreign subsidiaries operating in a hyper-inflationary environment (USD functional currency) and 2) self-contained (local functional currency). If a foreign entity does not align with either category, factors are evaluated and a judgment is made to determine the functional currency.

For foreign entities where the USD is the functional currency, all foreign currency-denominated asset and liability amounts are re-measured into USD at end-of-period exchange rates, except for inventories, prepaid expenses, property, plant and equipment, goodwill and other intangible assets, which are re-measured at historical rates. Foreign currency income and expenses are re-measured at average exchange rates in effect during the year, except for expenses related to balance sheet amounts re-measured at historical exchange rates. Exchange gains and losses arising from re-measurement of foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are included in income in the period in which they occur.

For foreign entities where the local currency is the functional currency, assets and liabilities denominated in local currencies are translated into USD at end-of-period exchange rates and the resultant translation adjustments are reported, net of their related tax effects, as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss in equity.

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Assets and liabilities denominated in other than the local currency are re-measured into the local currency prior to translation into USD and the resultant exchange gains or losses are included in income in the period in which they occur. Income and expenses are translated into USD at average exchange rates in effect during the period.

N&B changes the functional currency of its separate and distinct foreign entities only when significant changes in economic facts and circumstances indicate clearly that the functional currency has changed.

In the ordinary course of business, Parent enters into contractual arrangements (derivatives) to reduce the exposure of Parent and its consolidated subsidiaries, including N&B, taken as a whole to foreign currency, interest rate and commodity price risks. Since these activities are conducted by Parent based on total exposures for the DuPont Group, the N&B Combined Financial Statements do not reflect the impact of such activities.

Inventories

N&B's inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Elements of cost in inventories include raw materials, direct labor and manufacturing overhead. Supplies are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. Cost is generally determined by the average cost method.

N&B establishes allowances for obsolescence of inventory based upon quality considerations and assumptions about future demand and market conditions.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. In connection with the DWDP Merger and the FMC Transactions, the fair value of property, plant and equipment of Historical EID N&B and the H&N Business was determined using a market approach and a replacement cost approach. Depreciation is based on the estimated service lives of depreciable assets and is calculated using the straight-line method. Fully depreciated assets are retained in property and accumulated depreciation accounts until they are removed from service. When assets are surrendered, retired, sold, or otherwise disposed of, their gross carrying values and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the Combined Balance Sheets and included in determining gain or loss on such disposals.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

N&B records goodwill when the purchase price of a business acquisition exceeds the estimated fair value of net identified tangible and intangible assets acquired. Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level annually during the fourth quarter, or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the fair value of a reporting unit has more likely than not declined below its carrying value. Prior to the DWDP Merger, annual impairment tests were performed during the third quarter.

When testing goodwill for impairment, N&B has the option to first perform qualitative testing to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value. If N&B chooses not to complete a qualitative assessment for a given reporting unit or if the initial assessment indicates that it is more likely than not that the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, additional quantitative testing is required. N&B determines fair values for each of the reporting units using the income approach. Under the income approach, fair value is determined based on the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at an appropriate risk-adjusted rate. See Note 14 for further information on goodwill.

Indefinite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment at least annually; however, these tests are performed more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset may be impaired. Impairment exists when carrying value exceeds fair value. N&B's fair value methodology is primarily based on discounted cash flow techniques.

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Definite-lived intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives, generally on a straight-line basis for periods ranging primarily from 1 to 23 years. N&B continually evaluates the reasonableness of the useful lives of these assets. Once these assets are fully amortized, they are removed from the Combined Balance Sheets.

Impairment and Disposals of Long-Lived Assets

N&B evaluates the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. The carrying value of a long-lived asset group is considered impaired when the total projected undiscounted cash flows from the assets are separately identifiable and are less than their respective carrying value. In that event, a loss is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of the long-lived asset. N&B's fair value methodology is an estimate of fair market value which is made based on prices of similar assets or other valuation methodologies including present value techniques. Long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale, if material, are classified as held for sale and reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell, and depreciation is ceased. Long-lived assets to be disposed of other than by sale are classified as held and used until they are disposed of and reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value. Depreciation is recognized over the remaining useful life of the assets.

Revenue Recognition

N&B adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) in the first quarter of 2018 using the modified retrospective transition method for all contracts not completed as of the date of adoption. In accordance with Topic 606, N&B recognizes revenue when its customer obtains control of promised goods or services, in an amount that reflects the consideration which N&B expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. To determine revenue recognition for the arrangements that N&B determines are within the scope of Topic 606, N&B performs the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

See Note 6 for additional information on revenue recognition.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold primarily includes the cost of manufacture and delivery, ingredients or raw materials, direct salaries, wages and benefits and overhead, and other operational expenses. No amortization of intangibles is included within costs of sales.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development is expensed as incurred. Research and development expenses include costs (primarily consisting of employee costs, materials, contract services, research agreements, and other external spend) relating to the discovery and development of new products, enhancement of existing products and regulatory approval of new and existing products.

Selling and Administrative Expenses

Selling and administrative expenses primarily include selling and marketing expenses, commissions, functional costs, and business management expenses.

Litigation

Accruals for legal matters are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated. Legal costs, such as outside counsel fees and expenses, are charged to expense in the period incurred.

Severance Costs

Severance benefits are provided to employees under Parent's ongoing benefit arrangements. Severance costs are accrued when management commits to a plan of termination and it becomes probable that employees will be entitled to benefits at amounts that can be reasonably estimated.

Integration and Separation Costs

Integration and separation costs includes costs incurred to prepare for and close the DWDP Merger, post-merger integration and separation expenses, and beginning in the fourth quarter of 2019, the separation of N&B. These costs primarily consist of financial advisory, information technology, legal, accounting, consulting, and other professional advisory fees associated with the preparation and execution of these activities.

Income Taxes

N&B accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets or liabilities is recognized in taxes on (loss) income in the period that includes the enactment date. N&B uses the portfolio approach for releasing income tax effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss.

N&B recognizes the financial statement effects of an uncertain income tax position when it is more likely than not, based on the technical merits, that the position will be sustained upon examination. N&B accrues for other tax contingencies when it is probable that a liability to a taxing authority has been incurred and the amount of the contingency can be reasonably estimated. The current portion of liabilities for uncertain income tax positions is included in "Income taxes payable" and the long-term portion is included in "Other liabilities" in the Combined Balance Sheets.

Parent Company Net Investment

N&B's equity on the Combined Balance Sheets represents Parent's net investment in N&B and is presented as parent company net investment in lieu of stockholders' equity. The Combined Statements of Changes in Equity includes net cash transfers and other property transfers between Parent and N&B, as well as intercompany receivables and payables between N&B and other Parent affiliates that were settled on a current basis. Additionally, parent company net investment includes assets and liabilities that have historically been held at the Parent level but are specifically identifiable or otherwise attributable to N&B, and other assets and liabilities recorded by Parent, whose related income and expenses have been pushed down to N&B. All transactions reflected in "Parent company net investment" in the accompanying Combined Balance Sheets have been considered cash receipts and payments within financing activities in the Combined Statements of Cash Flows.

Earnings per share data has not been presented in the accompanying Combined Financial Statements because N&B does not operate as a separate legal entity with its own capital structure.

Leases

N&B adopted the ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) in the first quarter of 2019. N&B determines whether an arrangement is a lease at the inception of the arrangement based on the terms and conditions in the contract. A contract contains a lease if there is an identified asset and N&B has the right to control the asset. Operating lease

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right-of-use (“ROU”) assets are included in “Other assets” on the Combined Balance Sheets. Operating lease liabilities are included in “Accrued and other current liabilities” and “Other liabilities” on the Combined Balance Sheets. Finance lease ROU assets are included in “Property, plant and equipment, net” and the corresponding lease liabilities are included in “Accrued and other current liabilities” and “Other liabilities” on the Combined Balance Sheets.

ROU assets represent N&B’s right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent N&B’s obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of N&B’s leases do not provide the lessor’s implicit rate, N&B uses its incremental borrowing rate at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. Lease terms include options to extend the lease when it is reasonably certain those options will be exercised. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet, and lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

N&B has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are accounted for as a single lease component for all asset classes. Additionally, for certain equipment leases, the portfolio approach is applied to account for the operating lease ROU assets and lease liabilities. In the Combined Statements of Operations, lease expense for operating lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. For finance leases, interest expense is recognized on the lease liability and the ROU asset is amortized over the lease term.

See Notes 3 and 19 for additional information regarding N&B’s leases.

NOTE 3 — RECENT ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), and associated ASUs related to Topic 842, which requires organizations that lease assets to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases. The new guidance requires that a lessee recognize assets and liabilities for leases, and recognition, presentation and measurement in the financial statements depends on whether the lease is classified as a finance or operating lease. In addition, the new guidance requires disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. Lessor accounting remains largely unchanged from previous U.S. GAAP but does contain some targeted improvements to align with the new revenue recognition guidance, referred to as “Topic 606,” issued in 2014.

N&B adopted the new standard in the first quarter of 2019, which allows for a modified retrospective transition approach, applying the new standard to all leases existing at the date of initial adoption. An entity may choose to use either (1) its effective date or (2) the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statement as its date of initial application. N&B has elected to apply the transition requirements at the January 1, 2019 effective date rather than at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. This approach allows for a cumulative effect adjustment in the period of adoption, and prior periods are not restated and continue to be reported in accordance with historic accounting under ASC 840 (Leases). In addition, N&B has elected the package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance within the new standard which does not require reassessment of prior conclusions related to contracts containing a lease, lease classification and initial direct lease costs. As an accounting policy election, N&B chose to not apply the standard to certain existing land easements, excluded short-term leases (term of 12 months or less) from the balance sheet and accounts for non-lease and lease components in a contract as a single component for all asset classes.

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The following table summarizes the impact of adoption to the Combined Balance Sheet:

Summary of Changes to the Combined Balance Sheet (In millions)	<i>As Reported</i> <i>Dec. 31, 2018</i>	<i>Effect of ASU</i> <i>2016-02</i>	<i>Updated</i> <i>Jan. 1, 2019</i>
Assets			
Other assets	\$ 297	\$ 138	\$ 435
Total Assets	\$ 22,612	\$ 138	\$ 22,750
Liabilities			
Accrued and other current liabilities	\$ 79	\$ 35	\$ 114
Total current liabilities	\$ 1,031	\$ 35	\$ 1,066
Other liabilities	\$ 159	\$ 103	\$ 262
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 1,333	\$ 103	\$ 1,436
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,364	\$ 138	\$ 2,502

The adoption of the new guidance did not have a material impact on N&B's Combined Statement of Operations and had no impact on the Combined Statement of Cash Flows.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-14, Compensation - Retirement Benefits - Defined Benefit Plans - General (Topic 715-20), Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans. This amendment modifies the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement plans by removing and adding certain disclosures for these plans. The eliminated disclosures include the amounts in "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" expected to be recognized in net periodic benefit costs over the next fiscal year and the effects of a one-percentage-point change in assumed health care cost trend rates on the net periodic benefit costs and the benefit obligation for postretirement health care benefits. New disclosures include the interest crediting rates for cash balance plans, and an explanation of significant gains and losses related to changes in benefit obligations. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and must be applied retrospectively for all periods presented. Early adoption is permitted. N&B early adopted the new guidance in the fourth quarter of 2019, and adoption did not have a material impact on the Combined Financial Statements.

Accounting Guidance Issued But Not Adopted at December 31, 2019

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, and associated ASUs related to Topic 326. The new guidance introduces the current expected credit loss ("CECL") model, which requires organizations to record an allowance for credit losses for certain financial instruments and financial assets, including trade receivables, based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. Under this update, on initial recognition and at each reporting period, an entity will be required to recognize an allowance that reflects the entity's current estimate of credit losses expected to be incurred over the life of the financial instrument. This update will be effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019, and early adoption is permitted.

The ASU requires a modified retrospective transition approach, applying the new standards cumulative-effect adjustment as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the guidance is effective. Therefore, this cumulative-effect will be reflected as of January 1, 2020 and prior periods will not be restated. N&B has finalized the evaluation of the January 1, 2020 impact and the impact of initial adoption is not material to N&B's Combined Balance Sheets, Combined Statements of Operations, or Combined Statements of Cash Flows.

NOTE 4 — BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

DWDP Merger

On August 31, 2017, the DWDP Merger was completed. For additional information on the DWDP Merger, please see the current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by DowDuPont Inc. on September 1, 2017 and the

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Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed with the SEC by DowDuPont Inc. on February 15, 2018. Based on an evaluation of the provisions of ASC 805, Business Combinations (ASC 805), Historical Dow was determined to be the accounting acquirer in the DWDP Merger. DowDuPont applied the acquisition method of accounting with respect to the assets and liabilities of Historical EID N&B, which were measured at fair value as of the date of the DWDP Merger; the fair value of the N&B related business acquired from Historical EID was determined to be \$17,999 million.

The acquisition method of accounting requires, among other things, that identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recognized on the balance sheet at their respective fair values as of the acquisition date. In determining the fair value, N&B utilized various forms of the income, cost and market approaches depending on the asset or liability being fair valued. The estimation of fair value required significant judgments related to future net cash flows (including net sales, cost of products sold, selling and marketing costs, and working capital/contributory asset charges), discount rates reflecting the risk inherent in each cash flow stream, competitive trends, market comparables and other factors. Inputs were generally determined by taking into account historical data, supplemented by current and anticipated market conditions, and growth rates.

The table below presents the final fair value that was allocated to N&B assets and liabilities in the Successor Period. For the year ended December 31, 2018 and the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, N&B made measurement period adjustments to reflect facts and circumstances in existence as of the date of the DWDP Merger. These adjustments primarily included a \$1,542 million increase in goodwill, a \$97 million decrease in property, plant and equipment, and a \$137 million increase in other intangible assets.

Historical EID N&B Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed on August 31, 2017 (In millions)	<i>Final fair value</i>
Fair Value of Assets Acquired	
Accounts and notes receivable, net	\$ 774
Inventories	1,205
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	15
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,339
Goodwill	11,344
Other intangible assets	4,798
Deferred income tax assets	2
Other assets	119
Total Assets	\$20,596
Fair Value of Liabilities Assumed	
Accounts payable	\$ 504
Employee compensation and benefits	140
Income taxes payable	15
Accrued and other current liabilities	51
Deferred income taxes	1,740
Other liabilities	122
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,572
Noncontrolling interests	25
Net Assets (Consideration for the DWDP Merger)	\$17,999

The significant fair value adjustments included in the allocation of purchase price are discussed below.

Inventories

Inventory is comprised of finished products of \$458 million, semi-finished products of \$369 million and raw materials and supplies of \$378 million. The fair value of finished goods was calculated as the estimated selling

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price, adjusted for costs of the selling effort and a reasonable profit allowance relating to the selling effort. The fair value of semi-finished inventory was primarily calculated as the estimated selling price, adjusted for estimated costs to complete the manufacturing, estimated costs of the selling effort, as well as a reasonable profit margin on the remaining manufacturing and selling effort. The fair value of raw materials and supplies was determined to approximate the historical carrying value. The fair value step-up of inventory is recognized in costs of goods sold as the inventory is sold. The pre-tax amounts of inventory step-up is reflected in cost of goods sold in the Combined Statements of Operations. The amounts recognized for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 were \$1 million and \$361 million, respectively.

Property, Plant & Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is comprised of machinery and equipment of \$1,526 million, buildings of \$473 million, construction in progress of \$211 million and land and land improvements of \$129 million. The fair value of property and equipment was primarily determined using a market approach for land and certain types of equipment, and a replacement cost approach for other property and equipment. The market approach for certain types of equipment represents a sales comparison that measures the value of an asset through an analysis of sales and offerings of comparable assets. The replacement cost approach used for all other depreciable property and equipment measures the value of an asset by estimating the cost to acquire or construct comparable assets and adjusts for age and condition of the asset.

Goodwill

The excess of the consideration for the DWDP Merger over the net fair value of assets and liabilities acquired was recorded as goodwill. The DWDP Merger resulted in the recognition of \$11,344 million of goodwill, which is not deductible for tax purposes. Goodwill largely consists of expected cost synergies resulting from the DWDP Merger, the assembled workforce of Historical EID N&B, and future technology and customers. Refer to Note 14 for further information on N&B's subsequent impairment of goodwill.

Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets include customer-related intangible assets of \$1,665 million, developed technology of \$1,220 million, trademarks and tradenames of \$1,868 million, and land use rights of \$45 million. The customer-related value was determined using the excess earnings method while the developed technology, trademarks, and tradenames values were primarily determined utilizing the relief from royalty method. Both the excess earnings and relief from royalty methods are forms of the income approach.

Deferred Income Tax Assets and Liabilities

The deferred income tax assets and liabilities include the expected future federal, state, and foreign tax consequences associated with temporary differences between the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the respective tax bases. Tax rates utilized in calculating deferred income taxes generally represent the enacted statutory tax rates at the DWDP Merger Effectiveness Time in the jurisdictions in which legal title of the underlying asset or liability resides. Refer to Note 10 for further information related to the remeasurement of deferred income tax assets and liabilities as a result of the enactment of the U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act in December 2017.

Results of Operations

The following table provides "Net sales" and "Loss before income taxes" of the Historical EID N&B business included in N&B's results for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017. Included in the results from Historical EID N&B business was \$17 million of "Restructuring and asset related charges, net," \$361 million

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that was recognized in “Cost of goods sold” as inventory was sold related to the fair value step-up of inventories and \$42 million of “Integration and separation costs” in the Combined Statements of Operations.

Historical EID N&B Results of Operations <i>(In millions)</i>	<i>September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>
Net sales	\$ 1,172
Loss before income taxes	\$ (244)

H&N Business

On November 1, 2017, Parent completed the FMC Transactions. The acquisition was integrated into N&B to enhance its position as a leading provider of sustainable, bio-based food ingredients and allow for expanded capabilities in the pharma excipients space. Parent accounted for the acquisition in accordance with ASC 805, which requires the assets acquired and liabilities assumed to be recognized on the balance sheet at their fair values as of the acquisition date.

The following table summarizes the fair value of consideration exchanged between Parent and FMC as a part of the FMC Transactions:

Consideration Exchanged in FMC Transactions <i>(In millions)</i>	
Fair Value of Divested Ag Business	\$3,665
Less: Cash received ¹	1,200
Less: Favorable contracts ²	495
Fair Value of the H&N Business	<u>\$1,970</u>

1. The FMC Transactions include a cash consideration payment to Parent of approximately \$1,200 million, which reflected the difference in value between the Divested Ag Business and the H&N Business, subject to certain customary inventory and net working capital adjustments, and was not part of N&B.
2. Upon closing and pursuant to the terms of the FMC Transaction Agreement, Historical EID entered into favorable supply contracts with FMC. Historical EID recorded these contracts as intangible assets recognized at the fair value of off-market contracts, and these assets, which were not part of N&B, were attributed to the business that was divested pursuant to the Corteva spin-off.

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The table below presents the final fair value that was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. There were no material updates to the preliminary purchase accounting and purchase price allocation during 2018.

H&N Business Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed on November 1, 2017 (In millions)	<i>Final Fair Value</i>
Fair Value of Assets Acquired	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16
Accounts and notes receivable, net	144
Inventories	304
Property, plant and equipment, net	489
Goodwill	703
Other intangible assets	435
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	14
Total Assets	\$ 2,105
Fair Value of Liabilities Assumed	
Accounts payable, accrued and other current liabilities	72
Deferred income taxes	63
Total Liabilities	\$ 135
Net Assets (Consideration for the H&N Business)	\$ 1,970

The significant fair value adjustments included in the final allocation of purchase price for the H&N business are discussed below.

Inventories

Acquired inventory is comprised of finished goods of \$143 million, semi-finished products of \$85 million and raw materials and supplies of \$76 million. Fair value of inventory was calculated using a net realizable value approach for finished goods and semi-finished products and a replacement cost approach for raw materials and supplies. The pre-tax amounts of inventory step-up is reflected in cost of goods sold in the Combined Statements of Operations. The amounts recognized for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the period September 1 through December 31, 2017 were \$66 million and \$36 million, respectively.

Property, Plant & Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is comprised of machinery and equipment of \$356 million, buildings of \$63 million, land and land improvements of \$39 million, and construction in progress of \$31 million. The fair values were determined using a combination of a market approach and replacement cost approach.

Goodwill

The excess of the consideration for the H&N Business over the net fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed resulted in the recognition of \$703 million of goodwill, of which \$208 million is tax-deductible. Goodwill is attributable to the H&N Business's workforce and expected cost synergies in procurement, production and market access.

Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets include customer-related intangible assets of \$268 million, developed technology of \$130 million, and trademarks and tradenames of \$37 million. The customer-related fair value was determined using the excess earnings method while the developed technology, trademarks and tradenames fair values were primarily determined utilizing the relief from royalty method.

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Results of Operations

The following table provides net sales and loss before income taxes of the H&N Business included in N&B's results for the period November 1 through December 31, 2017. The H&N Business results include \$36 million that was recognized in cost of goods sold as inventory was sold related to the fair value step-up of inventories in the Combined Statements of Operations for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017.

H&N Business Results of Operations <i>(In millions)</i>	<i>November 1 through December 31, 2017</i>
Net sales	\$ 102
Loss before income taxes	\$ (41)

NOTE 5 — DIVESTITURES

Food Safety Diagnostic Sale

In December 2016, Historical EID entered into an agreement to sell its food safety diagnostic business to Hygiena LLC, which was part of N&B's Food & Beverage segment and included in N&B's financial information. The sale of the business was completed in February 2017, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$162 million (\$86 million net of tax). The gain was recorded in "Other income, net" in N&B's Combined Statement of Operations for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017.

NOTE 6 — REVENUE

Revenue Recognition

Substantially all of N&B's revenue is derived from product sales. Product sales consist of sales of N&B's products to supply manufacturers and distributors. N&B considers purchase orders, which in some cases are governed by master supply agreements, to be contracts with customers. Contracts with customers are considered to be short-term when the time between order confirmation and satisfaction of the performance obligations is equal to or less than one year.

Revenue from product sales is recognized when the customer obtains control of N&B's product, which occurs at a point in time, usually upon shipment, with payment terms typically in the range of 30 to 60 days after invoicing depending on business and geographic region. N&B elected the practical expedient to not adjust the amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component for all instances in which the period between payment and transfer of the goods will be one year or less. When N&B performs shipping and handling activities after the transfer of control to the customer (e.g., when control transfers prior to shipment), these are considered fulfillment activities, and accordingly, the costs are accrued when the related revenue is recognized. Taxes collected from customers relating to product sales and remitted to governmental authorities are excluded from revenues. N&B elected the practical expedient to expense cash and non-cash sales incentives as the amortization period for the costs to obtain the contract would have been one year or less.

The transaction price includes estimates for reductions in revenue from customer rebates and rights of return on product sales. These amounts are estimated based upon the most likely amount of consideration to which the customer will be entitled. All estimates are based on historical experience, anticipated performance, and N&B's best judgment at the time to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal of revenue recognized will not occur. All estimates for variable consideration are reassessed periodically.

N&B records accounts receivables when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. Contract assets and contract liabilities were not material at December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Disaggregation of Revenue

N&B has three reportable segments with the following principal product lines: Food & Beverage, Health & Biosciences, and Pharma Solutions. N&B believes disaggregation of revenue by principal product line best

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depicts the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of its revenue and cash flows. Net sales by principal product line are included below:

<u>Net Sales by Segment</u> <u>(In millions)</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Food & Beverage	\$2,945	\$2,987
Health & Biosciences	2,317	2,405
Pharma Solutions	814	824
Total	\$6,076	\$6,216

Sales are attributed to geographic regions based on customer location. Refer to Note 23 for the breakout of net sales by geographic region.

NOTE 7 — RESTRUCTURING AND ASSET RELATED CHARGES, NET

Charges for restructuring programs and other asset related charges, which includes other asset impairments, were \$180 million, \$29 million, \$20 million and \$8 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively. These charges were recorded in “Restructuring and asset related charges, net” in the Combined Statements of Operations and consist primarily of the following:

2019 Restructuring Program

During the second quarter of 2019 and in connection with the ongoing integration activities, Parent approved restructuring actions to simplify and optimize certain organizational structures following the completion of the Dow and Corteva Separations (the “2019 Restructuring Program”).

The following tables summarize the charges incurred related to the 2019 Restructuring Program for the year ended December 31, 2019:

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>For the Year Ended</u> <u>December 31, 2019</u>
Severance and related benefit costs	\$ 12
Asset related charges	8
Total restructuring and asset related charges, net	\$ 20

The following table summarizes the activities related to the 2019 Restructuring Program:

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Severance and</u> <u>Related Benefit</u> <u>Costs</u>	<u>Asset Related</u> <u>Charges</u>	<u>Total</u>
Reserve balance at December 31, 2018	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
2019 restructuring charges	12	8	20
Charges against the reserve	—	(8)	(8)
Payments	(2)	—	(2)
Reserve balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 10	\$ —	\$ 10

At December 31, 2019, the \$10 million reserve for severance and related benefit costs was included in “Accrued and other current liabilities” in the Combined Balance Sheets. N&B expects actions related to this program to be substantially complete by the second half of 2020.

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DowDuPont Cost Synergy Program

In September and November 2017, Parent approved post-merger restructuring actions under the DowDuPont Cost Synergy Program (the “Synergy Program”), which was designed to integrate and optimize the organization following the DWDP Merger, and in preparation for the Dow and Corteva separations.

The following table summarizes charges incurred related to the Synergy Program:

	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
(In millions)				
Severance and related benefit costs	\$ 38	\$ 22	\$ 19	\$ —
Contract termination charges	19	—	—	—
Asset related charges	40	6	1	—
Total restructuring and asset related charges, net	<u>\$ 97</u>	<u>\$ 28</u>	<u>\$ 20</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

N&B account balances and activity for the Synergy Program are summarized below:

(In millions)	Severance and Related Benefit Costs	Contract Termination Charges	Asset Related Charges	Total
Reserve balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 20	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 20
2019 restructuring charges	38	19	40	97
Charges against the reserve	—	—	(40)	(40)
Payments	(41)	(19)	—	(60)
Reserve balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>

At December 31, 2019, the \$17 million reserve for severance and related benefit costs was included in “Accrued and other current liabilities” in the Combined Balance Sheets. N&B does not expect to incur further significant charges related to this program and the program is considered substantially complete at the end of 2019.

Other Asset Related Charges

During the second quarter of 2019, in preparation for the Corteva spin-off, Historical EID completed the separation of the assets and liabilities related to its specialty products business into separate legal entities (the “SP Legal Entities”) and on May 1, 2019 Historical EID distributed the SP Legal Entities to DowDuPont (the “Internal SP Distribution”). The Internal SP Distribution served as a triggering event requiring N&B to perform an impairment analysis related to its equity method investment in a joint venture related to the Health & Biosciences segment. N&B applied the net asset value method under the cost approach to determine the fair value of the equity method investment. Based on updated projections, management determined the fair value of the equity method investment was below the carrying value with little ability to recover in the short-term due to the current economic environment. As a result, management concluded the impairment was other-than-temporary and recorded an impairment charge of \$63 million in “Restructuring and asset related charges, net” in the Combined Statement of Operations.

NOTE 8 — RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Historically, N&B has been managed and operated in the normal course with other businesses of Parent. Accordingly, certain shared costs have been allocated to N&B and reflected as expenses in the stand-alone

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Combined Financial Statements. Management of Parent and N&B considers the allocation methodologies used to be reasonable and appropriate reflections of the historical expenses attributable to N&B for purposes of the stand-alone financial statements. The expenses reflected in the Combined Financial Statements may not be indicative of expenses that would be incurred by N&B in the future. All related party transactions approximate prices at cost.

Corporate Expense Allocations

N&B's Combined Statements of Operations include general corporate expenses of Parent for services provided by Parent for certain support functions that are provided on a centralized basis. These costs were first attributed to N&B if specifically identifiable to its businesses. If not specifically identifiable to N&B's businesses, these costs have been allocated by using relevant allocation methods, primarily based on sales metrics, consistently for all periods presented.

Corporate expense allocations were recorded in the Combined Statements of Operations within the following captions:

	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
(In millions)				
Selling and administrative expenses	\$ 273	\$ 289	\$ 110	\$ 162
Research and development expenses	61	45	13	18
Cost of goods sold	23	35	14	10
Integration and separation costs ¹	264	136	42	57
Total	<u>\$ 621</u>	<u>\$ 505</u>	<u>\$ 179</u>	<u>\$ 247</u>

1. Integration and separation costs to date primarily have consisted of financial advisory, information technology, legal, accounting, consulting, and other professional advisory fees associated with the preparation and execution of activities related to the DWDP Merger, post-merger integration and separation, and beginning in the fourth quarter of 2019, the separation of N&B.

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Parent Company Equity

Net transfers to Parent are included within Parent company net investment on the Combined Statements of Changes in Equity. The components of the net transfers to Parent for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
(In millions)				
Cash pooling and general financing activities	\$ 350	\$ 49	\$ 3,175	\$ 99
Less: Corporate cost allocations	621	505	179	247
Less: Taxes on (loss) income	51	125	(481)	139
Total net transfers (to) from Parent per Combined Statements of Equity	\$ (322)	\$ (581)	\$ 3,477	\$ (287)
Stock-based compensation	(19)	(20)	(4)	(13)
Contribution of H&N business by Parent	—	—	(1,970)	—
Measurement period adjustments for DWDP Merger	—	108	(1,639)	—
Net transfers to Parent per Combined Statements of Cash Flows	\$ (341)	\$ (493)	\$ (136)	\$ (300)

NOTE 9 — OTHER INCOME, NET

	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
Other Income, Net (In millions)				
Net gain on sales of businesses and other assets ¹	\$ (13)	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ (160)
Net exchange losses (gains)	7	9	(5)	32
Interest expense, net	2	2	2	3
Non-operating pension and other post-employment credits (benefit)	2	(17)	(6)	11
Equity in losses (earnings) of nonconsolidated affiliates	1	1	(2)	6
Miscellaneous (income) expense, net	(5)	(5)	2	(5)
Other income, net	\$ (6)	\$ (10)	\$ (10)	\$ (113)

- Includes a pre-tax gain of \$162 million (\$86 million net of tax) for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017 related to the sale of global food safety diagnostics. See Note 5 for additional information.

NOTE 10 — INCOME TAXES

During the periods presented in the Combined Financial Statements, N&B did not file separate tax returns in the U.S. federal, certain state and local, and certain foreign tax jurisdictions, as N&B was included in the tax grouping of Parent and its affiliate entities within the respective jurisdictions. Taxes on (loss) income included in these Combined Financial Statements have been calculated using the separate return basis, as if N&B filed

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separate tax returns. N&B's Taxes on (loss) income as presented in the Combined Financial Statements may not be indicative of the income taxes that N&B will generate in the future.

TCJA and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin 118 (SAB 118):

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "TCJA") was enacted. The TCJA reduces the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent, requires companies to pay a one-time transition tax on earnings of foreign subsidiaries that were previously deferred, creates new provisions related to foreign sourced earnings, eliminates the domestic manufacturing deduction and moves to a hybrid territorial system. At December 31, 2017, N&B had not completed its accounting for the tax effects of the TCJA; however, as described below, N&B made a reasonable estimate of the effects on its existing deferred tax balances and the one-time transition tax. In accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin 118 ("SAB 118"), income tax effects of the TCJA were refined upon obtaining, preparing, and analyzing additional information during the measurement period. At December 31, 2018, N&B had completed its accounting for the tax effects of the TCJA.

- As a result of the TCJA, N&B remeasured its U.S. federal deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the rates at which they are expected to reverse in the future, which is generally 21 percent. N&B recorded a cumulative benefit of \$373 million (\$5 million expense during the year ended December 31, 2018 and \$378 million benefit during the period September 1 through December 31, 2017) to "Taxes on (loss) income" in the Combined Statements of Operations with respect to the remeasurement of N&B's deferred tax balances.
- The TCJA requires a mandatory deemed repatriation of post-1986 undistributed foreign earnings and profits ("E&P"), which results in a one-time transition tax. N&B recorded a cumulative expense of \$2 million (\$4 million expense during the year ended December 31, 2018 and \$2 million benefit during the period September 1 through December 31, 2017) to "Taxes on (loss) income" with respect to the one-time transition tax.
- In the year ended December 31, 2018, N&B recorded an indirect impact of the TCJA related to prepaid tax on the intercompany sale of inventory. The amount recorded related to the inventory was a \$5 million charge to "Taxes on (loss) income."
- For tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, the TCJA introduces new provisions for U.S. taxation of certain global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI"). GILTI is described as the excess of a U.S. shareholder's total net foreign income over a deemed return on tangible assets, as provided by the TCJA. In response to inquiries from companies, the FASB issued guidance in January of 2018 that allows companies to elect as an accounting policy whether to treat the GILTI tax as a period cost or to recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities when basis differences exist that are expected to affect the amount of GILTI inclusion upon reversal. N&B made the policy election to record any liability associated with GILTI in the period in which it is incurred.

Geographic Allocation of (Loss) Income Split (In millions)	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
Domestic (loss) income 1, 2, 3, 4	\$ (253)	\$ 183	\$ (39)	\$ 212
Foreign (loss) income 1, 2, 3	(167)	336	(245)	212
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$ (420)	\$ 519	\$ (284)	\$ 424

1. In 2019, the domestic component of "(Loss) income before income taxes" included \$264 million of integration and separation costs and a \$170 million charge related to impairment of goodwill. The foreign component included a \$504 million charge related to impairment of goodwill.

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2. In 2018, the domestic component of “(Loss) income before income taxes” included \$136 million of integration and separation costs and a \$27 million charge recognized in “Cost of goods sold” related to the fair value step-up of inventories assumed in the DWDP Merger and the acquisition of the H&N Business. The foreign component included a \$40 million charge recognized in “Cost of goods sold” related to the fair value step-up of inventories assumed in the DWDP Merger and the acquisition of the H&N Business.
3. During the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, the domestic component of “(Loss) income before income taxes” included \$42 million of integration and separation costs and a \$58 million charge recognized in “Cost of goods sold” related to the fair value step-up of inventories assumed in the DWDP Merger and the acquisition of the H&N Business. The foreign component included a \$339 million charge recognized in “Cost of goods sold” related to the fair value step-up of inventories assumed in the DWDP Merger and the acquisition of the H&N Business.
4. During the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, the domestic component of “(Loss) income before income taxes” included \$57 million of integration and separation costs.

Geographic Allocation of Taxes on (Loss) Income (In millions)	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
Current tax expense:				
Federal	\$ 43	\$ 51	\$ 9	\$ 76
State and local	10	14	5	11
Foreign	110	156	35	61
Total current tax expense	\$ 163	\$ 221	\$ 49	\$ 148
Deferred tax (benefit) expense:				
Federal	\$ (58)	\$ (11)	\$ (400)	\$ 4
State and local	(8)	(30)	(2)	(2)
Foreign	(46)	(55)	(128)	(11)
Total deferred tax benefit	\$ (112)	\$ (96)	\$ (530)	\$ (9)
Taxes on (loss) income	\$ 51	\$ 125	\$ (481)	\$ 139

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Reconciliation to U.S. Statutory Rate

N&B's effective tax rate is calculated under a separate return basis, as if N&B filed separate tax returns from the consolidated parent. Therefore, the effective tax rate calculation may not be indicative of future results. A comparison of income tax expense at the U.S. statutory rate of 21% for fiscal years ended December 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, and at the U.S. statutory rate of 35% for the four months ended December 31, 2017 and the eight months ended August 31, 2017 to N&B's effective tax rate is as follows:

	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
Reconciliation to U.S. Statutory Rate				
Statutory U.S. federal income tax rate	21.0%	21.0%	35.0%	35.0%
State and local income taxes	0.3	(6.8)	(0.5)	1.8
Foreign income taxed at rates other than U.S. federal income tax rate	(3.2)	3.2	5.4	(1.8)
U.S. tax effect of foreign earnings	(2.7)	1.7	(2.4)	0.1
Unrecognized tax benefits	0.1	(1.7)	0.7	(0.9)
Acquisitions and divestitures ¹	—	—	—	4.2
Research and development credit	1.5	(1.0)	0.3	(0.8)
Goodwill impairment	(33.5)	—	—	—
Impact of enactment of U.S. tax reform	—	1.0	133.6	—
Domestic production activities deduction	—	—	0.9	(1.3)
Intangible asset amortization	1.4	(0.9)	(1.0)	(5.3)
Changes in valuation allowances	(3.7)	6.1	(2.1)	0.1
Other, net	6.7	1.5	(0.5)	1.7
Effective tax rate	<u>(12.1)%</u>	<u>24.1%</u>	<u>169.4%</u>	<u>32.8%</u>

1. See Notes 4 and 5 for additional information.

Deferred Tax Balances at December 31, (In millions)	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Tax loss and credit carryforwards ¹	\$ 129	\$ 100
Other accruals and reserves	52	54
Inventory	26	13
Gross deferred tax assets	\$ 207	\$ 167
Valuation allowances ¹	(86)	(71)
Total deferred tax assets	<u>\$ 121</u>	<u>\$ 96</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Investments	\$ (168)	\$ (185)
Property	(176)	(193)
Intangibles	(813)	(868)
Other, net	(7)	(15)
Total deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$(1,164)</u>	<u>\$(1,261)</u>
Total net deferred tax liability	<u>\$(1,043)</u>	<u>\$(1,165)</u>

1. Primarily related to the realizability of recorded tax benefits on tax loss carryforwards from operations in the United States, Brazil, and China.

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The following net operating losses and tax credit carryforwards are presented on a hypothetical separate return basis and may not be available on a stand-alone basis.

Operating Loss and Tax Credit Carryforwards (In millions)	Deferred Tax Asset	
	2019	2018
Operating loss carryforwards		
Expire within 5 years	\$ 32	\$ 21
Expire after 5 years or indefinite expiration	65	54
Total operating loss carryforwards	\$ 97	\$ 75
Tax credit carryforwards		
Expire within 5 years	\$ —	\$ —
Expire after 5 years or indefinite expiration	32	25
Total tax credit carryforwards	\$ 32	\$ 25
Total operating loss and tax credit carryforwards	\$ 129	\$ 100

Undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries and related companies that are deemed to be permanently invested amounted to \$994 million at December 31, 2019. In addition to the U.S. federal tax imposed by the TCJA on all accumulated unrepatriated earnings through December 31, 2017, the TCJA introduced additional U.S. federal tax on foreign earnings, effective as of January 1, 2018. The undistributed foreign earnings as of December 31, 2019 may still be subject to certain taxes upon repatriation, primarily where foreign withholding taxes apply. It is not practicable to calculate the unrecognized deferred tax liability on undistributed foreign earnings due to the complexity of the hypothetical calculation.

N&B has identified certain unrecognized tax benefits that relate to specific tax positions in historical tax returns filed by Parent. These unrecognized tax benefits are not allocated positions from Parent but rather are determined using the hypothetical separate return basis for N&B.

Total Gross Unrecognized Tax Benefits

(In millions)	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
Total unrecognized tax benefits at beginning of period	\$ 58	\$ 26	\$ 26	\$ 30
Decreases related to positions taken on items from prior years	—	(10)	—	—
Increases related to positions taken on items from prior years	—	133	26	—
Increases related to positions taken in the current year	—	—	—	—
Settlement of uncertain tax positions with tax authorities	—	(89)	(26)	—
Decreases due to expiration of statutes of limitations	—	—	—	(4)
Exchange gain	(1)	(2)	—	—
Total unrecognized tax benefits at end of period	\$ 57	\$ 58	\$ 26	\$ 26
Total unrecognized tax expense (benefits) that, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate	\$ 31	\$ 32	\$ 22	\$ 26
Total amount of interest and penalties expense (benefit) recognized in "Taxes on (loss) income"	\$ (1)	\$ (7)	\$ (2)	\$ —
Total amount of interest and penalties expense (benefit) recognized in "Other income, net"	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2
Total accrual for interest and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits	\$ (1)	\$ —	\$ 7	\$ 9

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N&B files tax returns in the various national, state and local income taxing jurisdictions in which it operates, either as a separate taxpayer or as a member of Parent's consolidated income tax return. These tax returns are subject to examination and possible challenge by the tax authorities. Positions challenged by the tax authorities may be settled or appealed by N&B. As a result, there is an uncertainty in income taxes recognized in N&B's financial statements in accordance with accounting for income taxes and accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. The impact on N&B's results of operations is not expected to be material.

Tax years that remain subject to examination for N&B's major tax jurisdictions are shown below:

Tax Years Subject to Examination by Major Tax Jurisdiction at December 31, 2019	<i>Earliest Open Year</i>
<u>Jurisdiction</u>	
Brazil	2015
Canada	2015
China	2010
Denmark	2014
Germany	2010
Japan	2013
The Netherlands	2014
Switzerland	2015
United States:	
Federal income tax	2012
State and local income tax	2007

1. The U.S. Federal income tax jurisdiction is open back to 2012 with respect to Historical EID.

NOTE 11—ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE, NET

<i>(In millions)</i>	<i>December 31, 2019</i>	<i>December 31, 2018</i>
Accounts receivable—trade ¹	\$ 907	\$ 840
Other ²	185	147
Total accounts and notes receivable, net	\$ 1,092	\$ 987

1. Accounts receivable—trade is net of allowances of \$8 million at December 31, 2019 and \$9 million at December 31, 2018. Allowances are equal to the estimated uncollectible amounts. That estimate is based on historical collection experience, current economic and market conditions, and review of the current status of customers' accounts.
2. Other includes receivables in relation to value added tax, notes receivable, and general sales tax and other taxes. No individual group represents more than ten percent of total receivables.

Accounts and notes receivable are carried at amounts that approximate fair value.

NOTE 12—INVENTORIES

The following table provides a breakdown of inventories:

<i>(In millions)</i>	<i>December 31, 2019</i>	<i>December 31, 2018</i>
Finished products	\$ 821	\$ 835
Semi-finished products	287	266
Raw materials	219	215
Supplies	95	90
Total inventories	\$ 1,422	\$ 1,406

NOTE 13—PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

The following table provides a breakdown of property, plant and equipment, net:

<i>(In millions)</i>	<i>Estimated Useful Lives (Years)</i>	<i>December 31, 2019</i>	<i>December 31, 2018</i>
Land and land improvements	1 – 25	\$ 135	\$ 135
Buildings	1 – 40	896	879
Machinery and equipment	1 – 25	3,095	2,896
Construction in progress		282	388
Total property, plant and equipment		\$ 4,408	\$ 4,298
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,427)	(1,237)
Total property, plant and equipment, net		\$ 2,981	\$ 3,061

<i>(In millions)</i>	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
Depreciation expense	\$ 326	\$ 350	\$ 95	\$ 131

NOTE 14—GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

Goodwill

The following table summarizes changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

<i>(In millions)</i>	<i>Food & Beverage</i>	<i>Health & Biosciences</i>	<i>Pharma Solutions</i>	<i>Total</i>
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 5,404	\$ 5,363	\$ 1,663	\$12,430
Currency translation adjustment	(128)	(122)	(69)	(319)
Measurement period adjustments—DWDP Merger	(54)	(54)	—	(108)
Measurement period adjustments—H&N Business	1	—	13	14
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 5,223	\$ 5,187	\$ 1,607	\$12,017
Currency translation adjustment	(58)	(56)	(18)	(132)
Goodwill impairment charge	—	(674)	—	(674)
Other	(15)	—	—	(15)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 5,150	\$ 4,457	\$ 1,589	\$11,196

N&B tests goodwill for impairment annually during the fourth quarter, or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the fair value is below its carrying value. Prior to the DWDP Merger, annual impairment tests were performed during the third quarter. As a result of the related acquisition method of accounting in connection with the DWDP Merger, Historical EID's assets and liabilities were measured at fair value resulting in increases to N&B's goodwill and other intangible assets. The fair value valuation increased the risk that any declines in financial projections, including changes to key assumptions, could have a material, negative impact of the fair value of N&B's reporting units and assets, and therefore could result in an impairment.

In preparation for the Corteva spin-off, Parent completed the separation of the assets and liabilities related to its specialty products businesses into separate legal entities and on May 1, 2019, Parent completed the Internal SP Distribution. The Internal SP Distribution served as a triggering event requiring Parent to perform an impairment

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analysis related to goodwill carried by its Historical EID existing reporting units as of May 1, 2019 including those reporting units within N&B. Subsequent to the Corteva spin-off, on June 1, 2019, Parent realigned certain businesses resulting in changes to its management and reporting structure (the “Second Quarter Segment Realignment”). As part of the Second Quarter Segment Realignment, N&B assessed and re-defined certain reporting units effective June 1, 2019, including reallocation of goodwill on a relative fair value basis as applicable to new reporting units identified. Goodwill impairment analyses were then performed for reporting units impacted by the Second Quarter Segment Realignment.

The triggering events described above were considered in the preparation of the N&B Combined Financial Statements consistent with the basis of presentation discussed in Note 1. Similar analyses were performed to test goodwill for impairment based on the Combined Financial Statements of the N&B-related reporting units. As part of this analysis, N&B determined that the fair value of its former Industrial Biosciences reporting unit was below carrying value resulting in a pre-tax, non-cash impairment charge of \$674 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 impacting the Health & Biosciences segment. The former Industrial Biosciences reporting unit, part of Parent’s Nutrition & Biosciences segment prior to the Second Quarter Segment Realignment, was comprised solely of Historical EID assets and liabilities, the carrying values of which were measured at fair value in connection with the DWDP Merger, and thus considered at risk for impairment. Revised financial projections of the former Industrial Biosciences reporting unit reflected unfavorable market conditions, driven by challenging conditions in the U.S. bioethanol markets. These revised financial projections resulted in a reduction in the long-term forecasts of sales and profitability as compared to prior projections. Upon completion of the Second Quarter Segment Realignment and allocation of goodwill to the new reporting units, a quantitative analysis was performed to test goodwill for impairment. Based on the results of this analysis, no further impairment of goodwill was identified.

The analyses above used discounted cash flow models (a form of the income approach) utilizing Level 3 unobservable inputs. The significant assumptions in these analyses include, but are not limited to, projected revenue, EBITDA margins, the weighted average cost of capital, the terminal growth rate, and tax rates. The estimates of future cash flows are based on current regulatory and economic climates, recent operating results, and planned business strategies. These estimates could be negatively affected by changes in federal, state, or local regulations or economic downturns. Future cash flow estimates are, by their nature, subjective and actual results may differ materially from estimates. If the ongoing estimates of future cash flows are not met, additional impairment charges may be recorded in future periods. N&B believes the current assumptions and estimates utilized are both reasonable and appropriate.

In the fourth quarter of 2019, N&B performed qualitative testing on all of its reporting units which indicated that it was not more likely than not that fair value was less than the carrying value for those reporting units.

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Other Intangible Assets

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated amortization of other intangible assets by major class are as follows:

(In millions)	December 31, 2019			December 31, 2018		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Intangible assets with finite lives:						
Customer-related	\$ 1,945	\$ (330)	\$1,615	\$ 1,977	\$ (208)	\$1,769
Developed technology	1,369	(418)	951	1,379	(261)	1,118
Trademarks/tradenames ¹	1,294	(94)	1,200	108	(32)	76
Other ²	55	(6)	49	55	(3)	52
Total other intangible assets with finite lives	\$ 4,663	\$ (848)	\$3,815	\$ 3,519	\$ (504)	\$3,015
Intangible assets with indefinite lives:						
Trademarks/tradenames ¹	562	—	562	1,756	—	1,756
Total	\$ 5,225	\$ (848)	\$4,377	\$ 5,275	\$ (504)	\$4,771

- During the fourth quarter of 2019, as a result of the announcement of the Transactions, N&B reclassified \$1.2 billion of indefinite-lived tradenames to definite-lived tradenames.
- Primarily related to land use rights.

The aggregate pre-tax amortization expense for definite-lived intangible assets was \$349 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, \$311 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, \$96 million for the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and \$84 million for the period January 1 through August 31, 2017.

Total estimated amortization expense for the next five fiscal years is as follows:

Estimated Amortization Expense	
(In millions)	
2020	\$1,420
2021	\$ 300
2022	\$ 288
2023	\$ 264
2024	\$ 195

NOTE 15—ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

(In millions)	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Accounts payable—trade	\$ 548	\$ 638
Other ¹	97	103
Total accounts payable	\$ 645	\$ 741

- Primarily consists of VAT and miscellaneous accounts payable items.

NOTE 16—SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Parent's current and long-term debt, and related interest expense, has not been recognized within N&B's Combined Financial Statements, because they are not specifically identifiable to N&B. There was no long-term debt at December 31, 2019, and total long-term debt at December 31, 2018 reflects finance lease obligations of \$3 million recorded in "Other liabilities" in the Combined Balance Sheets.

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The Separation Agreement requires that, prior to the N&B Distribution, N&B will make a cash payment to Parent in the amount of \$7.3 billion, subject to certain adjustments (the “Special Cash Payment”).

To secure funding for the Special Cash Payment, N&B Inc. entered into a Bridge Commitment Letter (the “Bridge Letter”) in an aggregate principal amount of \$7.5 billion (the “Bridge Loans”) to secure committed financing the Special Cash Payment and related financing fees. The aggregate commitment under the Bridge Letter is reduced by, among other things, (1) the amount of net cash proceeds received by N&B Inc. from any issuance of senior unsecured notes pursuant to a Rule 144A offering or other private placement and (2) certain qualifying term loan commitments under senior unsecured term loan facilities. At December 31, 2019, “Prepaid expenses and other current assets” and “Other assets” within the Combined Balance Sheet included \$23 million and \$7 million, respectively, of prepaid financing costs related to the Bridge Loans.

In January 2020, N&B Inc. entered into a senior unsecured term loan agreement in the amount of \$1.25 billion split evenly between three- and five-year facilities. As a result of entry into the term loan agreement, the commitments under the Bridge Letter were reduced to \$6.25 billion. The remaining \$6.25 billion is expected to be funded through a debt offering of senior unsecured notes pursuant to a Rule 144A offering or other private placement, and if such offering is not available, a drawdown on bridge facility. The proceeds from the aforementioned funding sources shall be used to make the Special Cash Payment and to pay the related transaction fees and expenses. The commitments under the Bridge Letter and the availability of funding under the term loan are subject to customary closing conditions including among others, the satisfaction of substantially all the conditions to the consummation of the proposed transaction with IFF.

Borrowing under the term loan facility and, if any, under the Bridge Loans, and, therefore, the distribution to Parent of the Special Cash Payment, would occur substantially concurrently with the closing of the proposed transaction with IFF. If an alternative is pursued in lieu of the Bridge Loans, any issuance of senior unsecured notes pursuant to a Rule 144A offering or other private placement for some or all the remaining \$6.25 billion would likely occur in advance of the closing.

NOTE 17—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

N&B is involved in numerous claims and lawsuits, principally in the United States, including various product liability (involving N&B’s current or former products), intellectual property, employment related, and commercial matters. Certain of these matters may purport to be class actions and seek damages in very large amounts. Liabilities related to matters that are not directly attributable to the N&B business and for which N&B is not the legal obligor are not recognized within N&B’s Combined Financial Statements for any of the periods presented.

At December 31, 2019, N&B recorded a liability of approximately \$3 million related to the foregoing (although it is reasonably possible that the ultimate cost could be up to twice the accrued amount). Because such matters are subject to inherent uncertainties, and unfavorable rulings or developments could occur, there can be no certainty that N&B will not ultimately incur charges in excess of presently recorded liabilities. Although considerable uncertainty exists, management does not believe it is reasonably possible that the ultimate disposition of these matters will have a material adverse effect on N&B’s results of operations, combined financial position or liquidity. However, the ultimate liabilities could be material to results of operations in the period recognized.

NOTE 18—PENSION PLANS

N&B employees participate, as eligible, in N&B and Parent’s sponsored pension plans, including defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans. Where permitted by applicable law, Parent reserves the right to amend, modify, or discontinue the plans at any time. Historical Dow and Historical EID did not merge their defined

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benefit pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans as a result of the DWDP Merger. In connection with the Dow and Corteva separations, the Historical Dow U.S. qualified defined benefit plan and the Historical EID U.S. principal qualified defined benefit plan were separated from Parent to Dow and Corteva, respectively. The defined benefit pension plans that were related to Historical Dow that were not separated with Dow or Corteva were not merged with any Historical EID plans. Parent retained a portion of pension liabilities relating to foreign benefit plans for both Historical EID and Historical Dow. Parent retained select OPEB liabilities relating to foreign Historical EID benefit plans but did not retain any Historical Dow OPEB plans. Parent also retained an immaterial portion of the non-qualified U.S. pension liabilities and other post-employment benefit plans relating to Historical EID U.S. benefit plans. The significant defined benefit pension and OPEB plans of Historical Dow and Historical EID in which employees of N&B participate are summarized below.

Multiemployer Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Parent offers both funded and unfunded noncontributory defined benefit pension plans in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions that are shared amongst its businesses, including N&B, and the participation of its employees and retirees in these plans is reflected as though N&B participated in a multiemployer plan with Parent. A proportionate share of the cost associated with the multiemployer plan is reflected in the Combined Financial Statements, while any assets and liabilities associated with the multiemployer plan are retained by Parent and recorded on Parent's balance sheet.

The benefits under these plans are based primarily on years of service and employees' pay near retirement.

Parent's funding policy is consistent with the funding requirements of federal laws and regulations. Pension coverage for employees of Parent's non-U.S. combined subsidiaries is provided, to the extent deemed appropriate, through separate plans. Obligations under such plans are funded by depositing funds with trustees, covered by insurance contracts, or remain unfunded.

N&B participates in Parent's non-U.S. plans as though they are participants in a multiemployer plan of Parent. The following table presents the allocation of costs associated with these plans to N&B, which was based on the headcount of participants in the plans. These figures do not represent cash payments to Parent, or Parent's plans. More information on the financial status of Parent's significant plans can be found in Parent's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

(In millions) Plan Name	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
Non-U.S. Plans	\$ 10	\$ 9	\$ 3	\$ 1

Contributions

Parent made contributions on behalf of N&B to its multiemployer pension plans as follows:

(In millions)	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
Principal pension plans	\$ 10	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1
Remaining plans with no assets	1	1	—	—

Single Employer Plans

N&B has non-U.S. pensions that benefit only its employees and retirees, and these plans are considered single-employer plans. The costs and any assets and liabilities associated with the single-employer pension benefit plans are reflected in the Combined Financial Statements. The following table summarizes the annual changes in the single-employer pension plans' projected benefit obligations, fair value of assets and funding status:

Change in Projected Benefit Obligations, Plan Assets and Funded Status (In millions)	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Change in benefit obligations:		
Benefit obligation at beginning of the period	\$181	\$212
Service cost	5	6
Interest cost	3	3
Plan participants' contributions	—	2
Actuarial (gain) loss	26	(20)
Benefits paid	(5)	(8)
Plan amendments	—	(1)
Net effects of acquisitions/divestitures/other	—	(5)
Effect of foreign exchange rates	(3)	(8)
Benefit obligations at end of the period	<u>\$207</u>	<u>\$181</u>
Change in plan assets:		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the period	\$150	\$171
Actual return on plan assets	26	(8)
Employer contributions	5	5
Plan participants' contributions	—	2
Benefits paid	(5)	(8)
Net effects of acquisitions / divestitures/ other	—	(5)
Effect of foreign exchange rates	(3)	(7)
Fair value of plan assets at end of the period	<u>\$173</u>	<u>\$150</u>
Funded status		
Non-U.S. plan with plan assets	\$ (22)	\$ (20)
All other plans	(12)	(11)
Funded status at end of the period	<u>\$ (34)</u>	<u>\$ (31)</u>

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, N&B recorded \$34 million and \$31 million, respectively, within "Other liabilities" in the Combined Balance Sheets.

The pre-tax amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss are summarized below:

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Successor</u>			<u>Predecessor</u>
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
Net (loss) gain	\$ (3)	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ (27)
Prior service benefit	1	1	—	3
Total	<u>\$ (2)</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ (24)</u>

The accumulated benefit obligation for all of the single-employer plans was \$187 million and \$160 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The accumulated benefit obligation and projected benefit obligations of all single-employer plans exceeded the fair value of the respective plans' assets.

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The following table summarizes the information for all of the single-employer plans with an accumulated benefit obligation in excess of plan assets:

Pension Plans with Accumulated Benefit Obligations in Excess of Plan Assets	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
(In millions)				
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 116	\$ 85	\$ 131	\$ 37
Fair value of plan assets	87	63	104	27

The following table summarizes the information for all of the single-employer plans with a projected benefit obligation in excess of plan assets:

Pension Plans with Projected Benefit Obligations in Excess of Plan Assets	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
(In millions)				
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 177	\$ 154	\$ 212	\$ 184
Fair value of plan assets	138	122	171	144

The net periodic benefit costs and amounts recognized in other comprehensive loss for all of the single-employer plans were as follows:

Net Periodic Benefit Costs for All Significant Plans	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
(In millions)				
<i>Net Periodic Benefit Costs:</i>				
Service cost	\$ (5)	\$ (6)	\$ (2)	\$ (5)
Interest cost	(3)	(3)	(1)	(2)
Expected return on plan assets	8	9	3	5
Amortization of unrecognized loss	—	—	—	(1)
Net periodic benefit costs—Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (3)
<i>Changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in other comprehensive (loss) income:</i>				
Net (loss) gain	\$ (3)	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ (27)
Prior service cost	1	1	—	3
Total recognized in other comprehensive (loss) income	(2)	5	1	(24)
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost and other comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (2)	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$ (27)

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Assumptions

The following table summarizes the weighted-average assumptions used in determining the projected benefit obligations:

Weighted-Average Assumptions used to Determine Benefit Obligations	<i>December 31, 2019</i>	<i>December 31, 2018</i>
Discount rate	1.27%	1.99%
Rate of increase in future compensation levels	3.70%	3.70%

The following table summarizes the weighted-average assumptions used to determine the net periodic benefit cost:

Weighted-Average Assumptions used to Determine Net Periodic Benefit Costs	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
Discount rate	1.98%	1.62%	1.64%	1.35%
Rate of increase in future compensation levels	3.70%	3.71%	4.34%	4.13%
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets	5.18%	5.33%	5.34%	5.53%

The discount rates utilized to measure the majority of pension and other postretirement obligations are based on the Aon AA corporate bond yield curves applicable to each country at the measurement date. The long-term rate of return on assets reflects economic assumptions applicable to each country.

Plan Assets

The single-employer plans' assets are invested through a master trust fund. The strategic asset allocation for the trust fund is selected by management, reflecting the results of comprehensive asset-and-liability modeling. Parent establishes strategic asset allocation percentage targets and appropriate benchmarks for significant asset classes with the aim of achieving a prudent balance between return and risk. Strategic asset allocations in countries are selected in accordance with the laws and practices of those countries.

The weighted average target allocation for N&B's pension plan assets is summarized as follows:

Target Allocation for Plan Assets	<i>December 31, 2019</i>
<i>Asset Category</i>	
Equity securities	53%
Fixed income securities	27
Alternative investments	6
Other investments	14
Total	100%

Non-U.S. equity securities include varying market capitalization levels. Global debt investments include corporate-issued, government-issued, and asset-backed securities. Corporate debt investments include a range of credit risk and industry diversification. Other investments include real estate and cash and cash equivalents. Fair value calculations may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although N&B believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

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The following tables present the fair values of N&B's pension benefit plan assets by level within the fair value hierarchy:

Basis of Fair Value Measurements
For the year ended December 31, 2019
(In millions)

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ —
Equity securities:				
U.S. equity securities	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ —	\$ —
Non—U.S. equity securities	82	75	7	—
Total equity securities	\$ 91	\$ 84	\$ 7	\$ —
Fixed income securities:				
Debt—government-issued	\$ 25	\$ 11	\$ 14	\$ —
Debt—corporate-issued	22	12	10	—
Total fixed income securities	\$ 47	\$ 23	\$ 24	\$ —
Alternative investments:				
Real estate	\$ 8	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 3
Pooled investment vehicles	2	2	—	—
Total alternative investments	\$ 10	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ 3
Other investments	\$ 24	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 24
Subtotal	\$173	\$ 115	\$ 31	\$ 27
Other items to reconcile to fair value of plan assets:				
Pension trust receivables	\$ 8			
Pension trust payables	(8)			
Total	\$173			

Basis of Fair Value Measurements
For the year ended December 31, 2018
(In millions)

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —
Equity securities:				
U.S. equity securities	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ —	\$ —
Non-U.S. equity securities	64	59	5	—
Total equity securities	\$ 72	\$ 67	\$ 5	\$ —
Fixed income securities:				
Debt—government-issued	\$ 21	\$ 9	\$ 12	\$ —
Debt—corporate-issued	19	11	8	—
Total fixed income securities	\$ 40	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ —
Alternative investments:				
Real estate	\$ 7	\$ 4	\$ —	\$ 3
Pooled investment vehicles	5	5	—	—
Total alternative investments	\$ 12	\$ 9	\$ —	\$ 3
Other investments	\$ 23	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 23
Subtotal	\$149	\$ 98	\$ 25	\$ 26
Other items to reconcile to fair value of plan assets:				
Pension trust receivables	1			
Pension trust payables	—			
Total	\$150			

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For pension plan assets classified as Level 1 measurements (measured using quoted prices in active markets), total fair value is either the price of the most recent trade at the time of the market close or the official close price, as defined by the exchange on which the asset is most actively traded on the last trading day of the period, multiplied by the number of units held without consideration of transaction costs.

For plan assets classified as Level 2 measurements, where the security is frequently traded in less active markets, the fair value is based on the closing price at the end of the period; where the security is less frequently traded, the fair value is based on the price a dealer would pay for the security or similar securities, adjusted for any terms specific to that asset or liability. Market inputs are obtained from well-established and recognized vendors of market data and subjected to tolerance and quality checks.

For pension plan assets classified as Level 3 measurements, total fair value is based on significant unobservable inputs including assumptions where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. Investment managers, fund managers or investment contract issuers provide valuations of the investment on a monthly or quarterly basis. These valuations are reviewed for reasonableness based on applicable sector, benchmark and company performance. Adjustments to valuations are made where appropriate.

Contributions

N&B made contributions to its single-employer pension benefit plans as follows:

	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
(In millions)				
Single-employer pension	\$ 4	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 4

Benefit Payments

The estimated future benefit payments as of December 31, 2019, reflecting expected future service, as appropriate, are presented in the following table:

Estimated Future Benefit Payments at December 31, 2019		Single Employer Plans
(In millions)		
2020		\$ 5
2021		7
2022		6
2023		5
2024		5
Years 2025-2029		31
Total		\$ 59

The following table summarizes the extent to which N&B's income was affected by pre-tax charges related to long-term employee benefits for pension and OPEB:

	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
(In millions)				
Long-term employee benefit plan charges	\$ 25	\$ 32	\$ 10	\$ 13

Defined Contribution Plans

N&B, through its participation in Parent’s sponsored defined contribution plans, offers defined contribution plans, which covers substantially all of its U.S. employees. The most significant of these plans is Parent’s Retirement Savings Plan (the Plan). This Plan includes a non-leveraged Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP). Employees are not required to participate in the ESOP and those who do are free to diversify out of the ESOP. The purpose of the Plan is to provide retirement savings benefits for employees and to provide employees an opportunity to become stockholders of Parent. The Plan is a tax qualified contributory profit sharing plan, with a cash or deferred arrangement, and any eligible employee of Parent, including N&B’s employees, may participate. Parent contributes 100 percent of the first six percent of the employee’s contribution election and also contributes three percent of each eligible employee’s eligible compensation regardless of the employee’s contribution.

Parent’s contributions to the Plan on behalf of N&B represent an allocation of the total contributions made based on the headcount of N&B’s participants in the plan. Parent made the following contributions on behalf of N&B:

	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
(In millions) Contributions	\$ 15	\$ 23	\$ 7	\$ 15

NOTE 19—LEASES

N&B has operating and finance leases for real estate, certain machinery and equipment, and information technology assets. N&B’s leases have remaining lease terms of approximately 1 year to 16 years. For purposes of calculating operating lease liabilities, lease terms may be deemed to include options to extend the lease when it is reasonably certain that N&B will exercise that option. Some leasing arrangements require variable payments that are dependent on usage, output, or may vary for other reasons, such as insurance and tax payments. The variable lease payments are not presented as part of the initial ROU asset or lease liability.

Certain of N&B’s leases include residual value guarantees. These residual value guarantees are based on a percentage of the lessor’s asset acquisition price and the amount of such guarantee declines over the course of the lease term. The portion of residual value guarantees that are probable of payment is included in the related lease liability in the Combined Balance Sheet other than certain finance leases that include the maximum residual value guarantee amount in the measurement of the related liability given the election to use the package of practical expedients at the date of adoption. At December 31, 2019, N&B has future maximum payments for residual value guarantees in operating leases of \$4 million with final expirations through 2026. N&B’s lease agreements do not contain any material restrictive covenants.

The components of lease cost for operating and finance leases for the year ended December 31, 2019 were as follows:

(In millions)	2019
Operating lease cost	\$44
Finance lease cost	1
Short-term lease cost	1
Variable lease cost	21
Sublease income	(1)
Total lease cost	\$66

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Rental expense under operating leases, net of sublease rental income, was \$31 million, \$5 million, and \$10 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017.

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:	
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 43
Financing cash flows from finance leases	\$ 1

New operating lease assets and liabilities entered into during the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$17 million. Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Operating Leases	
Operating lease right-of-use assets ¹	\$ 123
Current operating lease liabilities ²	30
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities ³	94
Total operating lease liabilities	\$ 124
Finance Leases	
Property, plant and equipment, gross	\$ 10
Accumulated depreciation	(4)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 6
Short-term borrowings and finance lease obligations	\$ 1

1. Included in "Other assets" in the Combined Balance Sheet.
2. Included in "Accrued and other current liabilities" in the Combined Balance Sheet.
3. Included in "Other liabilities" in the Combined Balance Sheet.

Operating lease ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of N&B's leases do not provide the lessor's implicit rate, N&B uses Parent's incremental borrowing rate at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments.

<u>Lease Term and Discount Rate</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)	
Operating leases	6.13
Finance leases	0.75
Weighted average discount rate	
Operating leases	3.43%
Finance leases	2.97%

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Maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

Maturities of Lease Liabilities (In millions)	<i>Operating Leases</i>	<i>Finance Leases</i>
2020	\$ 34	\$ 1
2021	26	—
2022	22	—
2023	15	—
2024 and thereafter	40	—
Total lease payments	\$ 137	\$ 1
Less: Interest	13	—
Present Value of Lease Liabilities	\$ 124	\$ 1

NOTE 20—STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Prior to the DWDP Merger, N&B's employees participated in Historical EID's Equity and Incentive Plan (EIP). DuPont has authorized a plan to grant stock options, share appreciation rights, restricted stock units (RSUs), and performance-based restricted units (PSUs), among other types of awards, to directors, officers, and employees. All awards granted under these stock-based compensation plans are based on DuPont's common stock and are not indicative of the results that N&B would have experienced as an independent, publicly traded company for the periods presented.

Effective with the DWDP Merger, on August 31, 2017, DowDuPont assumed all Historical Dow and Historical EID equity incentive compensation awards outstanding immediately prior to the DWDP Merger. In addition, DowDuPont also assumed sponsorship of each equity incentive compensation plan of Historical EID and Historical Dow. Historical EID and Historical Dow did not merge their equity and incentive plans as a result of the DWDP Merger. The Historical EID and Historical Dow stock-based compensation plans were assumed by DowDuPont and remained in place with the ability to grant and issue DowDuPont common stock until the Corteva spin-off. Immediately following the Corteva spin-off, Parent adopted the DuPont Omnibus Incentive Plan ("DuPont OIP") which provides for equity-based and cash incentive awards to certain employees, directors, independent contractors and consultants. Upon adoption of the DuPont OIP, the Historical EID and Historical Dow plans were maintained and rolled into the DuPont OIP as separate subplans.

Parent grants stock-based compensation awards that vest over a specified period or upon employees meeting certain performance and/or retirement eligibility criteria. The fair value of equity instruments issued to employees is measured on the grant date. The fair value of liability instruments issued to employees is measured at the end of each quarter. The fair value of equity and liability instruments is expensed over the vesting period or, in the case of retirement, from the grant date to the date on which retirement eligibility provisions have been met and additional service is no longer required. N&B estimates expected forfeitures.

The total stock-based compensation cost included within the Combined Statements of Operations was \$19 million, \$20 million, \$4 million, and \$13 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively. The income tax benefits related to stock-based compensation arrangements were \$5 million, \$5 million, \$1 million, and \$5 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017, respectively.

Total unrecognized pre-tax compensation cost related to nonvested stock option awards of \$2 million at December 31, 2019, is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.6 years. Total unrecognized pre-tax compensation cost related to RSUs and PSUs of \$11 million at December 31, 2019, is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.8 years.

NOTE 21—ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The following table summarizes the changes and after-tax balances of each component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017:

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss <i>(In millions)</i>	<i>Cumulative Translation Adjustment</i>	<i>Pension and OPEB</i>	<i>Total</i>
January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017			
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ (1,474)	\$ (20)	\$(1,494)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	415	(3)	412
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ 415</u>	<u>\$ (3)</u>	<u>\$ 412</u>
Balance at August 31, 2017	<u>\$ (1,059)</u>	<u>\$ (23)</u>	<u>\$(1,082)</u>
September 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017			
Balance at September 1, 2017 (remeasured upon DWDP Merger)	\$ 20	\$ —	\$ 20
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(142)	—	(142)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—
Net other comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (142)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (142)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2017	<u>\$ (122)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (122)</u>
2018			
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$ (122)	\$ —	\$ (122)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(536)	4	(532)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—
Net other comprehensive (loss) income	<u>\$ (536)</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ (532)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2018	<u>\$ (658)</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ (654)</u>
2019			
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ (658)	\$ 4	\$ (654)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(176)	(2)	(178)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—
Net other comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (176)</u>	<u>\$ (2)</u>	<u>\$ (178)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$ (834)</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ (832)</u>

The tax effects on the net activity related to each component of other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2019, the year ended December 31, 2018, the period September 1 through December 31, 2017, and the period January 1 through August 31, 2017 were as follows:

Tax Benefit (Expense) <i>(In millions)</i>	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
Tax benefit (expense) from income taxes related to other comprehensive income (loss) items	\$ 2	\$ (1)	\$ —	\$ 5

NOTE 22—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair Value Measurements on a Nonrecurring Basis

The following table summarizes the basis used to measure certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis:

Basis of Fair Value Measurements on a Nonrecurring Basis <i>(In millions)</i>	<i>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 3)</i>	<i>Total Losses</i>
2019		
Assets at fair value:		
Investment in nonconsolidated affiliates	\$ 3	\$ (63)
Goodwill	\$ —	\$ (674)

As discussed in Note 7, during the second quarter of 2019, N&B recorded an other-than-temporary impairment charge, classified as Level 3 measurements, related to an equity method investment within the Health & Biosciences segment. The impairment charge of \$63 million was recorded in “Restructuring and asset related charges, net” in the Combined Statements of Operations.

Additionally, as discussed in Note 14, during the second quarter of 2019, N&B recorded a goodwill impairment charge related to the Health & Biosciences segment.

NOTE 23—GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Sales are attributed to geographic areas based on customer location; long-lived assets are attributed to geographic areas based on asset location.

Net Trade Revenue by Geographic Region <i>(In millions)</i>	Successor			Predecessor
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
United States	\$ 2,125	\$ 2,123	\$ 632	\$ 1,001
Canada	138	142	41	62
EMEA 1	1,812	1,906	579	820
Asia Pacific	1,380	1,406	416	585
Latin America	621	639	217	342
Total	<u>\$ 6,076</u>	<u>\$ 6,216</u>	<u>\$ 1,885</u>	<u>\$ 2,810</u>

- Europe, Middle East, and Africa.

Long-lived Assets by Geographic Region <i>(In millions)</i>	<i>December 31,</i>		
	<i>2019</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
United States	\$1,427	\$1,494	\$1,458
EMEA 1	1,167	1,189	1,241
Asia Pacific	282	278	279
Latin America	105	100	104
Total	<u>\$2,981</u>	<u>\$3,061</u>	<u>\$3,082</u>

- Europe, Middle East, and Africa.

NOTE 24—SEGMENT INFORMATION

N&B's operations are classified into three reportable segments based on similar economic characteristics, the nature of products and production processes, end-use markets, channels of distribution and regulatory environment. N&B's reportable segments are Food & Beverage, Health & Biosciences, and Pharma Solutions. Major products by segment include Food & Beverage (Emulsifiers, Sweeteners, Functional Solutions, and Protein Solutions); Health & Biosciences (Dietary Supplements, Food Protection, Cultures, Enzymes and Microbial Control); and Pharma Solutions (Pharma Excipients, Industrial Applications, and Nitrocellulose). N&B operates globally in substantially all of its product lines.

N&B's measure of profit/loss for segment reporting purposes is Segment Operating EBITDA as this is the manner in which N&B's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") assesses performance and allocates resources. N&B defines Segment Operating EBITDA as earnings (net (loss) income) before interest, taxes on (loss) income, non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit costs, depreciation and amortization, exchange gains and losses, and corporate expenses, excluding certain significant items. N&B believes that its primary measure of segment profitability, Segment Operating EBITDA, provides relevant and meaningful information to investors about the ongoing operating results of N&B and underlying prospects of N&B. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in "Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounts Policies."

Corporate Profile

N&B conducts its worldwide operations through global businesses which are reflected in the following reportable segments:

Food & Beverage

Food & Beverage is N&B's innovative and broad portfolio of natural-based ingredients, including texturants, hydrocolloids, emulsifiers, sweeteners, plant-based proteins and systems for multiple ingredients, is marketed under the DANISCO® and SUPRO® brands, as well as others, and serves to enhance nutritional value, texture and functionality in a wide range of dairy, beverage, bakery and culinary applications. The major market for Food & Beverage is the industrial prepared foods market.

Health & Biosciences

Health & Biosciences is the biotechnology driven portfolio of N&B, where enzymes, food cultures, probiotics and specialty ingredients for food and non-food applications are developed and produced. N&B's biotechnology- driven probiotics portfolio, including the HOWARU® brand, is a leading technology platform for dietary supplements supported by science-based health claims, with a growing portfolio of proprietary strains, and possesses among the highest potency and highest volume production capabilities in the market. Health & Biosciences is a leading producer of cultures for use in fermented foods such as yogurt, cheese and fermented beverages. It also uses industrial fermentation to produce enzymes and microorganisms that provide product and process performance benefits to household detergents, animal feed, ethanol production, human food and brewing. Health & Biosciences also offers a broad portfolio of formulated biocides for controlling microbial populations. The major markets for Health & Biosciences are the health and wellness market, food and beverage, animal nutrition, detergents, biofuels production, and microbial control solutions for oil and gas production, home and personal care and other industrial preservation markets.

Pharma Solutions

Pharma Solutions is one of the world's largest producers of cellulosics- and alginates-based pharma excipients, used to improve the functionality and delivery of active pharmaceutical ingredients, including controlled or

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modified drug release formulations, and enabling the development of more effective pharma solutions, including those marketed under the AVICEL® brand. The primary market for Pharma Solutions is the oral dosage pharmaceuticals excipients market.

The following table summarizes segment information for the Successor Periods as follows:

Segment Information <i>(In millions)</i>	<i>Food & Beverage</i>	<i>Health & Biosciences</i>	<i>Pharma Solutions</i>	<i>Total</i>
<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>				
Net sales	\$ 2,945	\$ 2,317	\$ 814	\$ 6,076
Segment Operating EBITDA ¹	586	617	225	1,428
Depreciation and amortization	279	324	72	675
Equity in earnings (losses) of nonconsolidated affiliates	—	(1)	—	(1)
Total assets	9,673	8,636	3,230	21,539
Investment in nonconsolidated affiliates ²	3	31	—	34
Capital expenditures ³	143	117	33	293
<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>				
Net sales	\$ 2,987	\$ 2,405	\$ 824	\$ 6,216
Segment Operating EBITDA ¹	605	658	204	1,467
Depreciation and amortization	299	271	91	661
Equity in earnings (losses) of nonconsolidated affiliates	—	(1)	—	(1)
Total assets	9,731	10,167	2,714	22,612
Investment in nonconsolidated affiliates ²	2	101	—	103
Capital expenditures ³	195	146	49	390
<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>				
Net sales	\$ 722	\$ 756	\$ 407	\$ 1,885
Segment Operating EBITDA ¹	167	184	32	383
Depreciation and amortization	88	77	26	191
Equity in earnings (losses) of nonconsolidated affiliates	—	2	—	2
Total assets	9,692	10,358	3,310	23,360
Investment in nonconsolidated affiliates ²	2	98	—	100
Capital expenditures ³	63	67	11	141

1. A reconciliation of “Net (loss) income” to Segment Operating EBITDA is provided in the table below.
2. Included in “Other assets”.
3. Segment capital expenditures are presented on an accrual basis.

The following table summarizes segment information for the Predecessor Period as follows:

Segment Information <i>(In millions)</i>	<i>Food & Beverage</i>	<i>Health & Biosciences</i>	<i>Pharma Solutions</i>	<i>Total</i>
<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>				
Net sales	\$ 1,619	\$ 1,191	\$ —	\$2,810
Segment Operating EBITDA ¹	258	371	—	629
Depreciation and amortization	105	110	—	215
Equity in earnings (losses) of nonconsolidated affiliates	—	(6)	—	(6)
Total assets	4,643	3,680	—	8,323
Investment in nonconsolidated affiliates ²	3	24	—	27
Capital expenditures ³	60	62	—	122

1. A reconciliation of “Net (loss) income” to Segment Operating EBITDA is provided in the table below.
2. Included in “Other assets”.
3. Segment capital expenditures are presented on an accrual basis.

Reconciliation to Combined Financial Statements

Net (loss) income in the Combined Statements of Operations reconciles to Segment Operating EBITDA as follows:

Reconciliation of Net (Loss) Income to Segment Operating EBITDA (In millions)	Successor			Predecessor
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017	For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017
Net (loss) income	\$ (471)	\$ 394	\$ 197	\$ 285
+ Taxes on (loss) income	51	125	(481)	139
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$ (420)	\$ 519	\$ (284)	\$ 424
+ Depreciation and amortization	675	661	191	215
+ Interest expense, net	2	2	2	3
+ Non-operating pension & OPEB costs (benefit) ¹	2	(17)	(6)	11
- Foreign exchange (losses) gains, net ¹	(7)	(9)	5	(32)
- Significant items	(1,118)	(232)	(459)	97
- Other corporate costs ²	(44)	(61)	(26)	(41)
Segment Operating EBITDA	\$ 1,428	\$ 1,467	\$ 383	\$ 629

1. Included in "Other income, net".
2. Consists of corporate overhead costs that were historically not allocated into management results.

The following tables summarize the pre-tax impact of significant items by segment that are excluded from Segment Operating EBITDA:

Significant Items by Segment for the Year Ended December 31,

2019 (In millions)	Food & Beverage	Health & Biosciences	Pharma Solutions	Total
Integration and separation costs ¹	\$ (119)	\$ (92)	\$ (53)	\$ (264)
Restructuring and asset related charges, net ²	(30)	(123)	(27)	(180)
Goodwill impairment charge ³	—	(674)	—	(674)
Total	\$ (149)	\$ (889)	\$ (80)	\$ (1,118)

1. Integration and separation costs related to post-DWDP Merger integration and separation activities, and, beginning in the fourth quarter of 2019, the separation of N&B.
2. Includes restructuring plans and asset related charges, which include other asset impairments. See Note 7 for additional information.
3. See Note 14 for additional information.

Significant Items by Segment for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(In millions)	Food & Beverage	Health & Biosciences	Pharma Solutions	Total
Integration and separation costs ¹	\$ (66)	\$ (52)	\$ (18)	\$ (136)
Inventory step-up amortization ²	(1)	—	(66)	(67)
Restructuring and asset related charges, net ³	(12)	(14)	(3)	(29)
Total	\$ (79)	\$ (66)	\$ (87)	\$ (232)

1. Integration and separation costs related to post-DWDP Merger integration and separation activities.

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- Includes the fair value step-up of inventories assumed as a result of the DWDP Merger and the acquisition of the H&N Business. See Note 4 for additional information.
- Includes restructuring plans and asset related charges, which include other asset impairments. See Note 7 for additional information.

Significant Items by Segment for the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017 (In millions)

	<i>Food & Beverage</i>	<i>Health & Biosciences</i>	<i>Pharma Solutions</i>	<i>Total</i>
Integration and separation costs ¹	\$ (16)	\$ (17)	\$ (9)	\$ (42)
Inventory step-up amortization ²	(216)	(145)	(36)	(397)
Restructuring and asset related charges, net ³	(8)	(8)	(4)	(20)
Total	<u>\$ (240)</u>	<u>\$ (170)</u>	<u>\$ (49)</u>	<u>\$ (459)</u>

- Integration and separation costs related to post-DWDP Merger integration and separation activities.
- Includes the fair value step-up of inventories assumed as a result of the DWDP Merger and the acquisition of the H&N Business. See Note 4 for additional information.
- Includes restructuring plans and asset related charges, which include other asset impairments. See Note 7 for additional information.

Significant Items by Segment for the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017 (In millions)

	<i>Food & Beverage</i>	<i>Health & Biosciences</i>	<i>Pharma Solutions</i>	<i>Total</i>
Integration and separation costs ¹	\$ (33)	\$ (24)	\$ —	\$ (57)
Restructuring and asset related charges, net ²	(2)	(6)	—	(8)
Net gain on sale of business ³	162	—	—	162
Total	<u>\$ 127</u>	<u>\$ (30)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 97</u>

- Integration and separation costs related to DWDP Merger integration and separation activities.
- Includes restructuring plans and asset related charges, which include other asset impairments. See Note 7 for additional information.
- Reflects the sale of the Historical EID's global food safety diagnostic business. See Note 5 for additional information.

NOTE 25—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Other than those described in the notes to the Combined Financial Statements, no events have occurred after December 31, 2019, but before May 7, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, that require consideration as adjustments to, or disclosures in, the Combined Financial Statements.

N&B
Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

	<u>Successor</u>			<u>Predecessor</u>
	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>For the Year Ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>For the Period September 1 through December 31, 2017</i>	<i>For the Period January 1 through August 31, 2017</i>
<i>(In millions)</i>				
Accounts Receivable—Allowance for Doubtful Receivables				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 9	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 10
Additions charged to expenses	—	8	1	3
Deductions from reserves ¹	(1)	—	—	(1)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 12</u>
Inventory—Obsolescence Reserve				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 22	\$ 19	\$ 1	\$ 10
Additions charged to expenses	23	30	24	13
Deductions from reserves ²	(22)	(27)	(6)	(12)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 23</u>	<u>\$ 22</u>	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>
Deferred Tax Assets—Valuation Allowance				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 71	\$ 39	\$ 33	\$ 33
Additions charged to expenses	22	36	9	6
Deductions from reserves ³	(7)	(4)	(3)	(6)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 86</u>	<u>\$ 71</u>	<u>\$ 39</u>	<u>\$ 33</u>

1. Deductions include write-offs, recoveries and currency translation adjustments.
2. Deductions include disposals and currency translation adjustments.
3. Deductions include currency translation adjustments.

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Greenhill

CONFIDENTIAL

December 15, 2019
Board of Directors
International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
521 West 57th Street
New York, New York 10019

Members of the Board of Directors:

We understand that DuPont de Nemours, Inc. (“DuPont” or “Remainco”), the Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. segment of DuPont, a wholly owned subsidiary of Remainco (“Spinco”), International Flavors & Fragrances, Inc. (the “Company”) and Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (“Merger Sub”) propose to enter into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “Merger Agreement”), which provides, among other things, for the merger (the “Merger”) of Merger Sub with and into Spinco with Spinco continuing as the surviving corporation. Contemporaneously with the execution of the Merger Agreement, Remainco, Spinco and the Company are entering into the Separation and Distribution Agreement (the “Separation Agreement”), pursuant to which Remainco will separate the Spinco Business (as defined in the Separation and Distribution Agreement) so that the Spinco Business is held by members of the Spinco Group (as defined in the Separation and Distribution Agreement) and distribute to the holders of the outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share of Remainco (the “Remainco Common Stock”) all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share of Spinco (the “Spinco Common Stock”) (the “Spin-Off” and together with the Merger, the “Transactions”). Upon the consummation of the Transactions, Spinco will become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and each outstanding share of Spinco Common Stock, other than shares held by Spinco as treasury stock or held by Remainco (other than shares of Spinco Common Stock held on behalf of third parties), will be converted into the right to receive a number of shares of common stock, par value \$0.125 per share, of the Company (the “RMT Partner Common Stock”, and such RMT Partner Common Stock received, the “Consideration”), determined pursuant to a formula set forth in the Merger Agreement (the result of such formula, the “Exchange Ratio”), subject to adjustment in certain circumstances, including to adjust the Exchange Ratio such that the percentage of outstanding shares of RMT Partner Common Stock to be received by the former holders of Spinco Common Stock with respect to Qualified Spinco Common Stock (as defined in the Merger Agreement) is equal to at least 50.1% of all stock of the Company immediately following the consummation of the Merger.

The terms and conditions of the Transactions are more fully set forth in the Merger Agreement and the Separation Agreement. Capitalized terms used but not separately defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Merger Agreement.

You have asked us whether, in our opinion, as of the date hereof, the Exchange Ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement is fair to the Company from a financial point of view.

For purposes of the opinion set forth herein, we have:

1. reviewed the draft of the Merger Agreement dated as of December 14, 2019 and certain related documents;

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2. reviewed the draft of the Separation Agreement dated as of December 14, 2019, and certain related documents;
3. reviewed certain publicly available financial statements of each of the Company and DuPont (relating to the Spinco Business);
4. reviewed certain other publicly available business, operating and financial information relating to each of the Company and the Spinco Business that we deemed relevant;
5. reviewed certain information, including financial forecasts and other financial and operating data, concerning the Spinco Business supplied to or discussed with us by management of the Spinco Business, including financial forecasts for the Spinco Business prepared by the management of the Spinco Business and DuPont and extrapolations therefrom made at the direction of the Company's management (the "Spinco Business Forecasts");
6. reviewed base case financial forecasts for the Spinco Business prepared by management of the Company (the "Company Base Case Forecasts for Spinco");
7. reviewed base case financial forecasts for the Company prepared by management of the Company (the "Company Base Case Forecasts");
8. reviewed financial forecasts prepared by research analysts of the Company (the "Street Consensus Base Case Forecasts");
9. reviewed certain information regarding certain potential revenue synergies and cost efficiencies and financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Transactions prepared by management of the Company ("Synergies");
10. discussed the past and present operations and financial condition and the prospects of the Company with the management of the Company;
11. discussed the past and present operations and financial condition and the prospects of the Spinco Business with the Spinco Business's and Dupont's management and financial advisors and the management of the Company;
12. reviewed the historical market prices and trading activity for the Company ordinary shares;
13. reviewed publicly available financial and stock market data, including valuation multiples, for certain companies, the securities of which are publicly traded, in lines of business that we deemed relevant, and compared that data to relevant data for the Company and the Spinco Business;
14. compared the ownership levels implied from the Exchange Ratio to the ownership levels derived by discounting future cash flows and a terminal value for the Company and the Spinco Business based upon the Company Base Case Forecasts (for the Company), and the Company Base Case Forecasts for Spinco (for the Spinco Business), in each case excluding Synergies, at discount rates we deemed appropriate;
15. compared the ownership levels implied from the Exchange Ratio to the ownership levels derived from comparing valuation multiples of publicly traded companies to corresponding data of the Company and the Spinco Business based upon the Company Base Case Forecasts (for the Company) and the Company Base Case Forecasts for Spinco (for the Spinco Business), in each case excluding Synergies;
16. reviewed the pro forma impact of the Transactions on the Company's revenues, profitability, earnings per share, cash flow, consolidated capitalization and financial ratios and value creation to the Company's shareholders;
17. participated in discussions and negotiations among representatives of the Company and its legal advisors and representatives of the Spinco Business and its legal and financial advisors; and
18. performed such other analyses and considered such other factors as we deemed appropriate.

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We have assumed and relied upon, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of the information and data publicly available, supplied or otherwise made available to, or reviewed by or discussed with us. With respect to the Spinco Business Forecasts, we have assumed that they were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of the Spinco Business. With respect to the Company Base Case Forecasts for Spinco and the Synergies, we have assumed that they were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of the Company, and, at the direction of management of the Company, we have relied upon the Company Base Case Forecasts for Spinco and Synergies in arriving at our opinion. Further, we have assumed, with your approval, that the Synergies will be achieved at the times and in the amounts projected thereby. We express no opinion with respect to the Spinco Business Forecasts, the Company Base Case Forecasts for Spinco or the Synergies or the assumptions upon which they are based. We have not made any independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of the Company or the Spinco Business, nor have we been furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal. We have assumed that the Transactions will be consummated in accordance with the terms set forth in the final, executed Merger Agreement, and the final, executed Separation Agreement, which we have further assumed will be substantially similar in all material respects to the latest drafts thereof we have reviewed, and without waiver or modification of any material terms or conditions the effect of which would be in any way meaningful to our analysis, including, among other things, that the Transactions will be treated as a tax-free reorganization, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. We have further assumed that all material governmental, regulatory and other consents and approvals necessary for the consummation of the Transactions will be obtained without any material effect on the Company, the Spinco Business, the Transactions or the contemplated benefits of the Transactions in any way meaningful to our analysis. We are not legal, regulatory, accounting or tax experts and have relied on the assessments made by the Company and the Spinco Business and their respective advisors with respect to such issues. Our opinion is necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to us as of, the date hereof. It should be understood that subsequent developments may affect this opinion, and we do not have any obligation to update, revise, or reaffirm this opinion.

We have acted as financial advisor to the Company in connection with the Transactions and will receive a fee for rendering this opinion and for other services rendered in connection with the Transactions, a significant portion of which is contingent on the consummation of the Transactions. In addition, the Company has agreed to indemnify us for certain liabilities arising out of our engagement. As the Company has been advised, we in the past have provided, currently are providing and in the future may provide investment banking services to the Company unrelated to the proposed Transactions, for which services we have received and expect to receive compensation, including, during the three years preceding the date of this opinion, having acted or acting as financial advisor to the Company in connection with certain other strategic transactions. As the Company has been advised, during the three years preceding the date of this opinion, we have been engaged by, performed services for or received compensation from the Spinco Business or DuPont, including having acted as financial advisor to DuPont, and the former Dow Chemical Company which subsequently merged with DuPont, in relation to the sale of certain limited partnership interests in the secondary capital market and related financial advisory services. In addition, neither we nor our affiliates have invested, or have any long or short positions in any equity or debt securities of any of the Parties.

It is understood that this letter is solely for the information of the Board of Directors of the Company (in its capacity as such) (the "Board") and is rendered to the Board in connection with its consideration of the Transactions and may not be used for any other purpose or relied upon by any other person without our prior written consent. This opinion addresses only the fairness from a financial point of view to the Company, as of the date hereof, of the Exchange Ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement. We are not expressing any view or opinion as to any other terms or aspect of the Merger Agreement, the Separation Agreement or the Transactions or any agreement or instrument contemplated by the Merger Agreement or entered into or amended in connection with the Transactions, including as to the fairness of the Transactions to, or any consideration to be received in connection with the Transactions by, holders of any class of securities, any creditors or any other constituencies of the Company. We have not been requested to opine as to, and our opinion does not in any manner address the

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underlying business decision to proceed with or effect the Transactions, or the relative merits of the Transactions as compared to other potential strategies or transactions that may be available to the Company. We are also not expressing any view or opinion as to the impact of the Transactions on the solvency or the viability of the Company or the Spinco Business or their ability to pay their respective obligations when they come due. In particular, we express no opinion as to the prices at which the shares of RMT Partner Common Stock will trade at any future time. We also express no view or opinion with respect to the amount or nature of any compensation to any officers, directors or employees of Spinco Business or the Company, or any class of such persons relative to the Consideration to be paid by the Company pursuant to the Merger Agreement or with respect to the fairness of any such compensation. We also express no view or opinion regarding matters that require legal, regulatory, accounting, insurance, tax, environmental, executive compensation or other similar professional advice and we assume that opinions, counsel and interpretations regarding such matters have been or will be obtained from the appropriate professional sources. This opinion has been approved by our fairness committee. This opinion is not intended to be and does not constitute a recommendation to the members of the Board as to whether they should approve the Transactions or the Merger Agreement or the Separation Agreement or take any other action in connection therewith. This opinion is for the information of the Board and may not be used for any other purpose or disclosed without our prior written consent, except that a copy of this opinion may be included in its entirety in any filing the Company is required to make with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the Transactions if such inclusion is required by applicable law.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, including the limitations and assumptions set forth herein, we are of the opinion that as of the date hereof the Exchange Ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement is fair, from a financial point of view, to the Company.

Very best regards,

GREENHILL & CO., LLC

By: /s/ Kevin M. Costantino

Kevin M. Costantino
President
Co-Head of U.S. M&A

Morgan Stanley

1585 Broadway
New York, NY 10036

December 15, 2019

Board of Directors
International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
521 West 57th Street
New York, NY 10019

Members of the Board:

We understand that DuPont de Nemours, Inc. (“DuPont” or “Remainco”), Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Remainco (“Spinco”), International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. (“RMT Partner”) and Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of RMT Partner (“Merger Sub”), propose to enter into an Agreement and Plan of Merger, substantially in the form of the draft dated December 14, 2019 (the “Merger Agreement”), which contemplates, among other things, that (i) contemporaneously with the execution of the Merger Agreement, Remainco, Spinco and RMT Partner will enter into a Separation and Distribution Agreement (the “Separation and Distribution Agreement”), pursuant to which, among other things, Remainco will separate the Spinco Business (as defined in the Separation and Distribution Agreement) so that the Spinco Business is held by members of the Spinco Group (as defined in the Separation and Distribution Agreement) and distribute to the holders of the outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share of Remainco (the “Remainco Common Stock”) all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share of Spinco (the “Spinco Common Stock”), by means of a pro rata distribution or an exchange offer (collectively, the “Spin-Off”) and (ii) at the Effective Time (as defined in the Merger Agreement) Merger Sub will merge with and into Spinco (the “Merger”, and together with the Spin-Off, the “Transactions”), with Spinco continuing as the surviving corporation. Pursuant to the Merger, Spinco will become a wholly owned subsidiary of RMT Partner, and each outstanding share of Spinco Common Stock, other than shares held in treasury or held by Remainco (other than shares of Spinco Common Stock held on behalf of third parties), will be converted into the right to receive a certain number of shares of common stock, par value \$0.125 per share, of RMT Partner (the “RMT Partner Common Stock”, and such RMT Partner Common Stock received, the “Consideration”), determined pursuant to a formula set forth in the Merger Agreement (such formula, the “Exchange Ratio”), subject to adjustment in certain circumstances, including to adjust the Exchange Ratio such that the percentage of outstanding shares of RMT Partner Common Stock to be received by the former holders of Spinco Common Stock with respect to Qualified Spinco Common Stock (as defined in the Merger Agreement) is equal to at least 50.1% of all stock of RMT Partner immediately following the consummation of the Merger.

The terms and conditions of the Transactions are more fully set forth in the Merger Agreement and the Separation and Distribution Agreement.

You have asked for our opinion as to whether the Exchange Ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement is fair from a financial point of view to RMT Partner.

For purposes of the opinion set forth herein, we have:

- 1) Reviewed certain publicly available financial statements and other business and financial information of the Spinco Business and RMT Partner, respectively;
- 2) Reviewed certain internal financial statements and other financial and operating data concerning the Spinco Business and RMT Partner, respectively;
- 3) Reviewed certain financial projections prepared by the managements of the Spinco Business and RMT Partner, respectively;

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- 4) Discussed the financial condition and the prospects of the Spinco Business following the consummation of the Transactions, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Transactions, with senior executives of the Spinco Business and RMT Partner, respectively;
- 5) Discussed the past and current operations and financial condition and the prospects of RMT Partner following the consummation of the Transactions, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Transactions, with senior executives of RMT Partner;
- 6) Reviewed the pro forma impact of the Transactions on RMT Partner's earnings per share, cash flow, consolidated capitalization and certain financial ratios;
- 7) Reviewed the reported prices and trading activity for the RMT Partner Common Stock;
- 8) Reviewed the financial terms, to the extent publicly available, of certain comparable acquisition transactions;
- 9) Participated in discussions and negotiations among representatives of Remainco, the Spinco Business and RMT Partner and their financial and legal advisors;
- 10) Reviewed the Merger Agreement, the draft commitment letter from certain lenders substantially in the form of the drafts dated December 14, 2019 (the "Commitment Letter") and certain related documents; and
- 11) Performed such other analyses, reviewed such other information and considered such other factors as we have deemed appropriate.

We have assumed and relied upon, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of the information that was publicly available or supplied or otherwise made available to us by Remainco and RMT Partner, and formed a substantial basis for this opinion. With respect to the financial projections, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Transactions, we have assumed that they have been reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the respective managements of Remainco and RMT Partner of the future financial performance of the Spinco Business and RMT Partner. In addition, we have assumed that the Transactions will be consummated in accordance with the terms set forth in the Merger Agreement and the Separation and Distribution Agreement without any waiver, amendment or delay of any terms or conditions, including, among other things, that the Transactions will be treated as a tax-free reorganization, pursuant to the internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that RMT Partner will obtain financing in accordance with the terms set forth in the Commitment Letter and that the definitive Merger Agreement and the Separation and Distribution Agreement will not differ in any material respect from the drafts thereof furnished to us. Morgan Stanley has assumed that in connection with the receipt of all the necessary governmental, regulatory or other approvals and consents required for the proposed Transactions, no delays, limitations, conditions or restrictions will be imposed that would have a material adverse effect on the contemplated benefits expected to be derived in the proposed Transactions. We are not legal, tax, or regulatory advisors. We are financial advisors only and have relied upon, without independent verification, the assessment of RMT Partner and its legal, tax or regulatory advisors with respect to legal, tax or regulatory matters. We express no opinion with respect to the fairness of the amount or nature of the compensation to any of Remainco's, the Spinco Business's or RMT Partner's officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons, relative to the Consideration to be paid to the holders of shares of the Spinco Common Stock in the Transactions. We have not made any independent valuation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities of the Spinco Business or RMT Partner, nor have we been furnished with any such valuations or appraisals. Our opinion is necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to us as of, the date hereof. Events occurring after the date hereof may affect this opinion and the assumptions used in preparing it, and we do not assume any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm this opinion.

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We have acted as financial advisor to the Board of Directors of RMT Partner in connection with the Transactions and will receive a fee for our services, a significant portion of which is contingent upon the closing of the Merger. In the two years prior to the date hereof, we have provided financial advisory and financing services for RMT Partner and financing services for Remainco and have received fees in connection with such services. Morgan Stanley may also seek to provide financial advisory and financing services to RMT Partner, Remainco and Spinco and their respective affiliates in the future and would expect to receive fees for the rendering of these services. Morgan Stanley is also a lender to RMT Partner and acts as administrative agent with respect to credit facilities of RMT Partner.

Please note that Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm engaged in the securities, investment management and individual wealth management businesses. Our securities business is engaged in securities underwriting, trading and brokerage activities, foreign exchange, commodities and derivatives trading, prime brokerage, as well as providing investment banking, financing and financial advisory services. Morgan Stanley, its affiliates, directors and officers may at any time invest on a principal basis or manage funds that invest, hold long or short positions, finance positions, and may trade or otherwise structure and effect transactions, for their own account or the accounts of its customers, in debt or equity securities or loans of RMT Partner, Remainco, Spinco, or any other company, or any currency or commodity, that may be involved in the Transactions, or any related derivative instrument.

This opinion has been approved by a committee of Morgan Stanley investment banking and other professionals in accordance with our customary practice. This opinion is for the information of the Board of Directors of RMT Partner and may not be used for any other purpose or disclosed without our prior written consent, except that a copy of this opinion may be included in its entirety in any filing RMT Partner is required to make with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the Transactions if such inclusion is required by applicable law. In addition, this opinion does not in any manner address the prices at which the RMT Partner Common Stock will trade following consummation of the Transactions or at any time and Morgan Stanley expresses no opinion or recommendation as to how the shareholders of RMT Partner should vote at the shareholders' meeting to be held in connection with the Transactions.

Based on and subject to the foregoing, we are of the opinion on the date hereof that the Exchange Ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement is fair from a financial point of view to RMT Partner.

Very truly yours,

MORGAN STANLEY & CO. LLC

By: /s/ David Khayat

David Khayat
Managing Director

PART II
INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 20. Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Pursuant to Article VI, Section 1 of the IFF Bylaws, IFF has agreed to indemnify any person made, or threatened to be made, a party to an action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, by reason of the fact that he or she, or a person of whom he or she is the legal representative, is or was a director or officer of IFF, or was serving, at the request of IFF, as a director, officer, employee, fiduciary or agent of any other affiliated corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise, against judgments, fines, amounts paid in settlement and reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by such person as a result of such action or proceeding, or any appeal therein, unless a judgment or other final adjudication adverse to such person establishes that his or her acts, or the acts of the person of whom he or she is the legal representative, were committed in bad faith or were the result of active and deliberate dishonesty and were material to the cause of action so adjudicated, or that he or she, or the person of whom he or she is the legal representative, personally gained in fact a financial profit or other advantage to which he or she, or the other person of whom he or she is the legal representative, was not legally entitled. The IFF Bylaws provide that IFF shall advance to such person funds to pay for such expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by such person in defending against any such action or proceeding, or any appeal therein, upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such person to repay such funds to IFF if a judgment or other final adjudication adverse to such person establishes that his or her acts, or the acts of the person of whom he or she is the legal representative, were committed in bad faith or were the result of active and deliberate dishonesty and were material to the cause of action so adjudicated, or that he or she, or the person of whom he or she is the legal representative, personally gained in fact a financial profit or other advantage to which he or she, or such person, was not legally entitled.

Article VI, Section 2 of the IFF Bylaws provides that if a claim under Article VI, Section 1 of the IFF Bylaws is not paid in full by IFF within thirty (30) days after a written claim has been received by IFF, the claimant may at any time thereafter bring suit against IFF to recover the unpaid amount of the claim and, if successful in whole or in part, the claimant shall be entitled to be paid also the expenses of prosecuting such claim. It shall be a defense to any such action (other than an action brought to enforce a claim for expenses incurred in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition where the required undertaking, if any is required, has been tendered to IFF) that the claimant, or the person of whom he or she is the legal representative, has not met the standard of conduct established in Article VI, Section 1 of the IFF Bylaws, but the burden of proving such defense shall be on IFF. Neither the failure of IFF (including IFF's board of directors, independent legal counsel, or its shareholders) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of such action that indemnification of the claimant is proper because the claimant or such person has met the said standard of conduct, nor an actual determination by IFF (including IFF's board of directors, independent legal counsel, or its shareholders) that the claimant or such person has not met such applicable standard of conduct, shall be a defense to action or create a presumption that the claimant or such person has not met such standard of conduct.

Article VI, Section 3 of the IFF Bylaws provides that subject to the limitations contained in Article VI, Section 1 of the IFF Bylaws, the right to indemnification and the payment of expenses conferred under the IFF Bylaws shall not be deemed exclusive of any other right to which any person seeking indemnification or advancement or payment of expenses may be entitled.

Article VI, Section 6 of the IFF Bylaws also provides that IFF may purchase and maintain insurance to indemnify officers, directors and others against costs or liabilities incurred by them in connection with the performance of their duties and any activities undertaken by them for, or at the request of, IFF, to the fullest extent permitted by the NYBCL.

Section 721 of the NYBCL provides, among other things, that indemnification pursuant to the NYBCL will not be deemed exclusive of other indemnification rights to which a director or officer may be entitled, provided

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that no indemnification may be made if a judgment or other final adjudication adverse to the director or officer establishes that (i) his acts were committed in bad faith or were the result of active and deliberate dishonesty, and, in either case, were material to the cause of action so adjudicated, or (ii) he personally gained in fact a financial profit or other advantage to which he was not legally entitled.

Section 722(a) of the NYBCL provides, among other things, that a corporation may indemnify a person made, or threatened to be made, a party to any civil or criminal action or proceeding, other than an action by or in the right of the corporation to procure judgment in its favor but including an action by or in the right of any other corporation or entity which any director or officer served in any capacity at the request of the corporation, by reason of the fact that he or his testator or intestate was a director or officer of the corporation or served such other entity in any capacity, against judgments, fines, amounts paid in settlement and reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees actually and necessarily incurred as a result of such action or proceeding, or any appeal therein, if such director or officer acted, in good faith, for a purpose which he reasonably believed to be in, or, in the case of service to any other entity, not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation and, in criminal actions or proceedings, in addition, had no reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful. With respect to actions by or in the right of the corporation to procure judgment in its favor, Section 722(c) of the NYBCL provides that a person who is or was a director or officer of the corporation or who is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director or officer of any other corporation or entity may be indemnified against amounts paid in settlement and reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees, actually and necessarily incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such an action, or any appeal therein, if such director or officer acted, in good faith, for a purpose which he reasonably believed to be in, or, in the case of service to any other entity, not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation and that no indemnification may be made in respect of (i) a threatened action, or a pending action which is settled or otherwise disposed of, or (ii) any claim, issue or matter as to which such person has been adjudged to be liable to the corporation, unless and to the extent an appropriate court determines that the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to partial or full indemnification.

Section 723 of the NYBCL specifies, among other things, the manner in which the corporation may authorize payment of such indemnification. It provides that a director or officer who has been successful, whether on the merits or otherwise, in defending an action or proceeding of the character described in Section 722 of the NYBCL, shall be entitled to indemnification by the corporation. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, indemnification may be made by the corporation only if authorized in the specific case by one of the corporate actions set forth in Section 723 (unless ordered by a court under Section 724 of the NYBCL).

Section 724 of the NYBCL provides, among other things, that upon proper application by a director or officer, indemnification shall be awarded by a court to the extent authorized under Sections 722 and 723(a) of the NYBCL.

Section 725 of the NYBCL contains, among other things, certain other miscellaneous provisions affecting the indemnification of directors and officers, including provision for the return of amounts paid as indemnification if any such person is ultimately found not to be entitled to the indemnification.

Section 726(a) of the NYBCL authorizes the purchase and maintenance of insurance to indemnify (i) a corporation for any obligation which it incurs as a result of the indemnification of directors and officers under the above sections, (ii) directors and officers in instances in which they may be indemnified by a corporation under such sections, and (iii) directors and officers in instances in which they may not otherwise be indemnified by a corporation under such sections, provided the contract of insurance covering such directors and officers provides, in a manner acceptable to the New York State Superintendent of Insurance, for a retention amount and for co-insurance.

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In addition, Section 402(b) of the NYBCL provides that a corporation may include a provision in its certificate of incorporation eliminating or limiting the liability of its directors to the corporation or its shareholders for damages for the breach of any duty, except for a breach involving bad faith, intentional misconduct, a knowing violation of law or receipt of an improper personal benefit or for certain illegal dividends, loans or stock repurchases. Article Eleventh of the IFF Charter contains such a provision.

Further, IFF maintains insurance policies that insure its officers and directors against certain liabilities. IFF has also entered into agreements with certain of its directors and officers that will require IFF, among other things, to indemnify them against certain liabilities that may arise by reason of their status or service as directors or officers to the fullest extent permitted by law.

The foregoing summaries are necessarily subject to the complete text of the NYBCL, the IFF Charter and the IFF Bylaws and the arrangements referred to above and are qualified in their entirety by reference thereto.

Item 21. Exhibits and Financial Statements Schedules

(a) Exhibits

See the Exhibit Index attached hereto.

(b) Financial Statement Schedules

The Financial Statement schedule, "Valuation and Qualifying Accounts," for the N&B Business is included as part of this registration statement on page F-69, the Financial Statement Schedule, "Valuation and Qualifying Accounts and Reserves," for IFF is included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of IFF incorporated by reference in this registration statement and the Financial Statement schedule, "Valuation and Qualifying Accounts," for DuPont is included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of DuPont incorporated by reference in this registration statement.

Item 22. Undertakings

- (a) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:
- (i) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
 - (1) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act;
 - (2) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and
 - (3) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.
 - (ii) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

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- (iii) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (iv) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness; provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.
- (v) That, the undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:
 - (1) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
 - (2) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
 - (3) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
 - (4) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.
- (vi) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each filing of the registrant's annual report pursuant to section 13(a) or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (vii) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes as follows: that prior to any public reoffering of the securities registered hereunder through use of a prospectus which is a part of this registration statement, by any person or party who is deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of Rule 145(c), the issuer undertakes that such reoffering prospectus will contain the information called for by the applicable registration form with respect to re-offerings by persons who may be deemed underwriters, in addition to the information called for by the other Items of the applicable Form.
- (viii) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes as follows: that every prospectus (i) that is filed pursuant to the paragraph immediately preceding, or (ii) that purports to meet the requirements of section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act and is used in connection with an offering of securities subject to Rule 415, will be filed as a part of an amendment to the registration statement and will not be used until such amendment is effective, and that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

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- (ix) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.
- (b) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to respond to requests for information that is incorporated by reference into the prospectus pursuant to Items 4, 10(b), 11, or 13 of this Form, within one business day of receipt of such request, and to send the incorporated documents by first class mail or other equally prompt means. This includes information contained in documents filed subsequent to the effective date of the registration statement through the date of responding to the request.
- (c) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to supply by means of a post-effective amendment all information concerning a transaction, and the company being acquired involved therein, that was not the subject of and included in the registration statement when it became effective.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
2.1*	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont de Nemours, Inc., Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. and Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 18, 2019.†
2.2*	Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont de Nemours, Inc., Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. and International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 18, 2019.†
3.1*	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., incorporated by reference to 10(g) to IFF's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 12, 2002.
3.2*	Bylaws of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., effective as of October 29, 2019, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) to IFF's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 30, 2019.
5.1+	Opinion of Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP as to validity of common stock to be issued by International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
8.1**	Opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP as to certain tax matters.
10.1*	Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont de Nemours, Inc., Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. and International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 18, 2019.†
10.2*	Voting Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and between DuPont de Nemours, Inc. and Winder Investment Pte. Ltd., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to DuPont's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 19, 2019.
10.3***	Form of Tax Matters Agreement.†
10.4***	Form of Intellectual Property Cross-License Agreement.†
15**	Awareness letter from Kesselman & Kesselman, a member of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited, regarding unaudited interim financial information.
21.1*	List of Subsidiaries of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 21 to International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 3, 2020).
23.1**	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent registered public accounting firm of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
23.2**	Consent of Kesselman & Kesselman, a member of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited, independent auditors of Frutarom Industries Ltd.
23.3**	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent registered public accounting firm of DuPont de Nemours, Inc.
23.4**	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent registered public accounting firm of E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company.
23.5**	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent registered public accounting firm of The Dow Chemical Company.
23.6**	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent registered public accounting firm of DuPont de Nemours, Inc.
23.7**	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent registered public accounting firm of Nutrition & Biosciences.

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Exhibit Number	Description
23.8**	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent registered public accounting firm of Nutrition & Biosciences.
23.9+	Consent of Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).
23.10**	Consent of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP (included in Exhibit 8.1).
24.1***	Power of Attorney (contained in signature page).
99.1+	Form of Letter of Transmittal.
99.2+	Form of Exchange and Transmittal Information Booklet.
99.3+	Form of Letter to Clients for use by Brokers, Dealers, Commercial Banks, Trust Companies and Other Nominees.
99.4+	Form of Letter to Brokers, Commercial Banks, Trust Companies and Other Nominees.
99.5+	Form of Notice of Guaranteed Delivery for shares of DuPont common stock.
99.6+	Form of Notice of Withdrawal of DuPont common stock.
99.7*	Opinion of Greenhill & Co., LLC (included as Annex A to the prospectus which is a part of this registration statement).
99.8**	Consent of Greenhill & Co., LLC.
99.9*	Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC (included as Annex B to the prospectus which is a part of this registration statement).
99.10**	Consent of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC.
99.11***	Consent of Edward D. Breen with respect to the registration statement on Form S-4 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
99.12***	Consent of Matthias Heinzl with respect to the registration statement on Form S-4 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
99.13***	Consent of Carol A. Davidson with respect to the registration statement on Form S-4 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
99.14**	Term Loan Credit Agreement, dated as of January 17, 2020, by and among Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., as borrower, and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding Inc., as administrative agent, and the other lenders party thereto.
99.15**	Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2020, by and among Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., as borrower, and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding Inc., as administrative agent, and the other lenders party thereto.
99.16**	Indenture, dated as of September 16, 2020, between Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.

* Incorporated by reference.

** Filed herewith.

*** Previously filed.

+ To be filed by amendment.

† Exhibits and schedules have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K and will be supplementally provided to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

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A list of the omitted exhibits and schedules to the Merger Agreement follows:

Exhibit A	Separation and Distribution Agreement
Exhibit D	Form of Transition Services Agreement
Exhibit F	RMT Partner Representation Letter
<i>Spinco Disclosure Schedules</i>	
Section 1.1(a)	Knowledge
Section 1.1(c)	Subsidiaries
Section 3.3(b)	Exchange Agent
Section 5.3	No Conflict
Section 5.4	Governmental Consents
Section 5.6	Brokers' Fees
Section 5.7	Remainco Internal Controls
Section 5.8	Conversion Equity Awards
Section 6.1	Organization of Spinco
Section 6.2	Subsidiaries
Section 6.4	No Conflict
Section 6.5	Governmental Consents
Section 6.8	Financial Statements
Section 6.9	Litigation and Proceedings
Section 6.10	Legal Compliance
Section 6.11(a)	Material Contracts
Section 6.11(b)	Vendors and Customers
Section 6.13	Spinco Benefit Plans
Section 6.14	Labor Matters
Section 6.15	Tax Matters
Section 6.16	Brokers' Fees
Section 6.18	Regulatory Matters
Section 6.19	Real Property
Section 6.20	Intellectual Property
Section 6.21	Environmental Matters
Section 6.22	Absence of Changes
Section 6.23	Affiliate Matters
Section 6.26	Board and Shareholder Approval
Section 6.27	RMT Partner Common Stock
Section 6.28	Sufficiency of the Spinco Assets
Section 8.2	Conduct of Business by Spinco and Remainco Pending the Closing
Section 8.20(b)	Certain Obligations with Respect to the Corteva Letter Agreement and Certain Obligations with Respect to Legal Entities that have Manufactured, Distributed, Sold, Stored, Handled, Tested, Disposed of or Released any PFAS Substance
Section 8.22	Financial Information
Section 8.27	Certain Other Ancillary Agreements
Section 9.1(a)	Conditions to the Obligations of Spinco, Remainco, RMT Partner and Merger Sub to Effect the Merger Schedule
Section 9.1(g)	Conditions to the Obligations of Spinco, Remainco, RMT Partner and Merger Sub to Effect the Merger
<i>RMT Partner Disclosure Schedules</i>	
Section 1.1(a)	Knowledge
Section 1.1(b)	Permitted Liens
Section 7.2	Subsidiaries

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Section 7.4	No Conflict
Section 7.6(d)	Capital Stock and Other Matters
Section 7.7	Capitalization of Subsidiaries
Section 7.9	Litigation and Proceedings
Section 7.10	Legal Compliance
Section 7.11	Material Contracts
Section 7.12	Vendors and Customers
Section 7.13	RMT Partner Benefit Plans
Section 7.14	Labor Matters
Section 7.16	Brokers' Fees
Section 7.18	Regulatory Matter
Section 7.19	Real Property
Section 7.20	Intellectual Property
Section 7.21	Environmental Matters
Section 8.1	Conduct of Business by RMT Partner Pending the Closing
Section 8.15(a)	Employees and Benefit Matters
Section 9.1	Conditions to the Obligations of Spinco, Remainco, RMT Partner and Merger Sub to Effect the Merger

A list of the omitted exhibits and schedules to the Separation and Distribution Agreement follows:

Exhibit A	Real Property Restrictions
Exhibit B	French Offer Letter
Schedule 1.1(4)	Accounting principles
Schedule 1.1(48)	Distribution Agent
Schedule 1.1(116)	Lower Working Capital Target
Schedule 1.1(130)	Non-Shared Contracts
Schedule 1.1(166)(b)	Remainco Assets
Schedule 1.1(166)(d)(i)	Remainco Assets
Schedule 1.1(166)(d)(ii)	Remainco Assets
Schedule 1.1(166)(e)(iii)	Remainco Assets
Schedule 1.1(166)(h)	Remainco Assets
Schedule 1.1(166)(l)	Remainco Assets
Schedule 1.1(166)(o)	Remainco Assets
Schedule 1.1(173)	Remainco Designated Transaction Expenses
Schedule 1.1(176)	Remainco Group
Schedule 1.1(178)(b)	Remainco Liabilities
Schedule 1.1(178)(k)	Remainco Liabilities
Schedule 1.1(182)	Remainco Specified DWDP Separation Related Agreements
Schedule 1.1(187)	Retained Names
Schedule 1.1(197)	Separation Plan
Schedule 1.1(199)	Severable DWDP Separation Related Agreements
Schedule 1.1(207)	Space Leases
Schedule 1.1(215)(a)	Spinco Assets
Schedule 1.1(215)(b)	Spinco Assets
Schedule 1.1(215)(d)(i)	Spinco Assets
Schedule 1.1(215)(d)(ii)	Spinco Assets
Schedule 1.1(215)(e)(iii)	Spinco Assets
Schedule 1.1(215)(m)(ii)	Spinco Assets
Schedule 1.1(232)	Spinco Group
Schedule 1.1(233)	Spinco Indebtedness
Schedule 1.1(235)	Spinco Intellectual Property
Schedule 1.01(236)	Spinco IT Assets
Schedule 1.1(237)(b)	Spinco Liabilities

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Schedule 1.1(237)(i)	Spinco Liabilities
Schedule 1.1(237)(k)(ii)	Spinco Liabilities
Schedule 1.1(237)(k)(iii)	Spinco Liabilities
Schedule 1.1(237)(iv)	Spinco Liabilities
Schedule 1.1(237)(k)(vii)	Spinco Liabilities
Schedule 1.1(244)	Spinco Specified DWDP Separation Related Agreements
Schedule 1.1(262)	Transfer Agent
Schedule 1.1(273)	Upper Working Capital Target
Schedule 2.12	Guarantees
Schedule 5.5(b)	Permits and Financial Assurances
Schedule 6.2(b)(ii)	Remainco Designated Rights
Schedule 8.1(b)	Preservation of Corporate Records
Schedule 8.8	Conflicts Waiver
Schedule 10.8	Certain Matters Related to Organizational Documents

A list of the omitted schedules to the Employee Matters Agreement follows:

Schedule 1.01(a)(ii)	Certain Individuals in a Shared Corporate or Functional Role
Schedule 1.03(b)	Certain Severance Arrangements
Schedule 1.06(c)(i)	Certain Defined Benefit Pension Plans
Schedule 1.06(e)	Certain Retention Benefits
Schedule 1.10(f)(ii)	Certain Conversion Equity Award Holders
Schedule 2.04	Certain Unfunded Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Arrangements

A list of the omitted exhibits to the Form of Tax Matters Agreement follows:

Exhibit A	Spinco Taxes
Exhibit B	Tax Opinions / Rulings
Exhibit C	Restrictions for Internal Separation Transactions
Exhibit D	Restrictions for 368(a)(1)(D) / 355 Transactions
Exhibit E	Specified Tax Matters
Exhibit F	Financing Transactions
Exhibit G	355(b) trade or business

A list of the omitted schedules to the Form of Intellectual Property Cross-License Agreement follows:

Schedule A	Excluded IP
Schedule B	Knowledge
Schedule C	Remainco Licensed Copyrights
Schedule D	Remainco Licensed Know-How
Schedule E	Remainco Licensed Patents
Schedule F	Spinco Licensed Copyrights
Schedule G	Spinco Licensed Know-How
Schedule H	Spinco Licensed Patents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the 5th day of October, 2020.

International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.

By: /s/ Rustom Jilla
Name: Rustom Jilla
Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated below:

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>*</u> Andreas Fibig	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> Rustom Jilla	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> Marcello V. Bottoli	Director	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> Michael L. Ducker	Director	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> David R. Epstein	Director	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> Roger W. Ferguson, Jr.	Director	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> John F. Ferraro	Director	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> Christina Gold	Director	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> Katherine M. Hudson	Director	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> Dale F. Morrison	Director	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> Li-Huei Tsai	Director	October 5, 2020
<u>*</u> Stephen Williamson	Director	October 5, 2020

* By: /s/ Rustom Jilla
Rustom Jilla
Attorney-in-Fact

SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP
 ONE MANHATTAN WEST
 NEW YORK 10001 - 8602

TEL: (212) 735-3000
 FAX: (212) 735-2000
 www.skadden.com

October 5, 2020

FIRM/AFFILIATE
 OFFICES

BOSTON
 CHICAGO
 HOUSTON
 LOS ANGELES
 PALO ALTO
 WASHINGTON, D.C.
 WILMINGTON

BEIJING
 BRUSSELS
 FRANKFURT
 HONG KONG
 LONDON
 MOSCOW
 MUNICH
 PARIS
 SÃO PAULO
 SEOUL
 SHANGHAI
 SINGAPORE
 TOKYO
 TORONTO

DuPont de Nemours, Inc.
 974 Centre Road, Building 730
 Wilmington, DE 19805

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to DuPont de Nemours, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“**DuPont**”), in connection with the proposed distribution by DuPont to its shareholders of the stock of Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“**N&B**”), which will own and operate DuPont’s nutrition and biosciences business, and certain other related transactions, including the spin-off or split-off exchange offer as described below (collectively, the “**Distribution**”), followed by (i) the merger of Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., a Delaware corporation (“**Merger Sub I**”) and a wholly-owned subsidiary of International Flavors and Fragrance, Inc., a New York Corporation (“**IFF**”), with and into N&B (the “**Merger**”) and (ii) the merger of N&B with and into Neptune Merger Sub II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF (“**Merger Sub II**”) no fewer than thirty days (and in some circumstances, fifteen days) following the Merger (the “**Second Merger**”, and together with the Merger, the “**Mergers**”, and together with the Distribution, the “**Transactions**”).¹

¹ Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Registration Statement.

In connection with the Distribution and the Merger, and based on market conditions prior to the Distribution, DuPont will determine whether the shares of N&B common stock will be distributed to DuPont stockholders in a spin-off, a split-off exchange offer described in a registration statement of IFF on Form S-4 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”), including all amendments and exhibits thereto (the “**Registration Statement**”) or a combination of both. If DuPont distributes the shares of N&B common stock in part through an Exchange Offer, the remaining shares of N&B common stock owned by DuPont would be distributed on a pro rata basis to DuPont shareholders whose shares of DuPont common stock remain outstanding after the consummation of the Exchange Offer.

In preparing our opinion, we have relied upon the accuracy and completeness of certain statements, representations, warranties, covenants made and information made available by representatives of DuPont, N&B, IFF and their respective subsidiaries, including the accuracy and completeness of all representations and covenants set forth in the letters dated as of the date hereof (i) by an officer of DuPont on behalf of DuPont and N&B, respectively (the “**DuPont Officer’s Certificate**”) and (ii) by an officer of IFF on behalf of IFF and Merger Sub I, respectively (the “**IFF Officer’s Certificate**”) and, together with the DuPont Officer’s Certificate, the “**Officer’s Certificates**”). We have also relied upon the accuracy and completeness of the statements, representations, warranties, covenants and information set forth in the following documents:

- the Registration Statement;
- the transaction agreements (including all schedules, exhibits or other attachments thereto) pursuant to which the Distribution and the Transactions have been and will be effected (collectively, with the documents referred to in the preceding bullets and with the Officer’s Certificates, the “**Transaction Documents**”); and
- such other documents as we have deemed necessary or appropriate as a basis for the opinion set forth below.

For purposes of rendering our opinion, we have assumed that such statements, representations, warranties and information set forth in the Transaction Documents are true, correct and complete, and that such covenants will be complied with, in each case, without regard to any qualification as to knowledge, belief, intent or otherwise. Our opinion assumes and is expressly conditioned on, among other things, the statements, representations, warranties and covenants made by representatives of DuPont, N&B, IFF and their respective subsidiaries, including

those set forth in the Transaction Documents. We have assumed that the Transactions will be consummated in the manner contemplated by the Registration Statement and the Transaction Documents. Our opinion further is expressly conditioned on the following: at the time of the Distribution (i) an appropriate officer of each of DuPont and IFF will execute certificates that include representations and covenants substantially similar to those contained in the DuPont Officer's Certificate and the IFF Officer's Certificate, respectively, and (ii) we will deliver the Tax Opinion.

Our opinion is based on the Code, Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial decisions, published positions of the IRS, and such other authorities as we have considered relevant, all as in effect on the date of this opinion and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. A change in the authorities upon which our opinion is based could affect our conclusions herein. Moreover, there can be no assurance that our opinion will be accepted by the IRS or, if challenged, by a court.

Based upon the foregoing and subject to the assumptions, exceptions, limitations and qualifications set forth herein and in the Registration Statement under the heading "U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Transactions," we are of the opinion that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Parent Contribution, taken together with the Special Cash Payment and the Distribution, will qualify as a reorganization under Sections 368(a), 361 and 355 of the Code, with the U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. holders (as defined in the Registration Statement) of DuPont common stock as described under "-Treatment of the Distribution" in the Registration Statement and that the Merger and the Second Merger will be treated as an integrated plan described in Rev. Rul. 2001-46, 2001-2 C.B. 321 and qualify as a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code with the U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. holders (as defined in the Registration Statement) of DuPont common stock as described under "-Treatment of the Mergers" in the Registration Statement.

Except as expressly set forth above, we express no other opinion. This opinion has been prepared in connection with the Registration Statement and may not be relied upon for any other purpose without our prior written consent.

This opinion is being delivered prior to the consummation of the Transactions and therefore is prospective and dependent on future events. This opinion is expressed as of the date hereof, and we are under no obligation to supplement or revise our opinion to reflect any legal developments, any factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof, or the impact of any information, document, certificate, record, statement, representation, covenant or assumption relied upon herein that becomes incorrect or untrue.

In accordance with the requirements of Item 601(b)(23) of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act, we hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and the use of our name under the heading "U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Transactions" in the Registration Statement. In giving this consent, we do not admit that we come within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act or the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP



October 5, 2020

Securities and Exchange Commission
100 F Street, N.E.
Washington, DC 20549

Commissioners:

We are aware that our report dated November 29, 2018 on our review of interim financial information of Frutarom Industries Ltd., which is included in International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 30, 2018, for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 is incorporated by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-4.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Kesselman & Kesselman

Certified Public Accountants (Isr.)

A member of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited

Kesselman & Kesselman, Building 25, MATAM, P.O BOX 15084 Haifa, 3190500, Israel
Telephone: +972 -4- 8605000, Fax: +972 -4- 8605001, www.pwc.com/il

Kesselman & Kesselman is a member firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited, each member firm of which is a separate legal entity

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-4 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. of our report dated March 3, 2020, except with respect to our opinion on the consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to the effects of the change in the composition of reportable segments discussed in Note 15, as to which the date is June 18, 2020, relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 18, 2020. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

New York, New York
October 5, 2020

**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-4 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. of our report dated June 14, 2018 relating to the financial statements of Frutarom Industries Ltd., which appears in International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 3, 2018. We also consent to the references to us under the headings "Experts" and "Independent Accountants" in such Registration Statement.

Haifa, Israel

/s/ Kesselman & Kesselman

October 5, 2020

Certified Public Accountants (Isr.)

A member of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited

Kesselman & Kesselman, Building 25, MATAM, P.O BOX 15084 Haifa, 3190500, Israel
Telephone: +972 -4- 8605000, Fax: +972 -4- 8605001, www.pwc.com/il

Kesselman & Kesselman is a member firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited, each member firm of which is a separate legal entity

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-4 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. of our report dated February 14, 2020 relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of DuPont de Nemours, Inc., which appears in DuPont de Nemours, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
October 5, 2020

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-4 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. of our report dated February 14, 2020 relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedule of E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company (Successor), which appears in DuPont de Nemours, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
October 5, 2020

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in this Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement No. 333-238072 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. on Form S-4 of our report dated February 14, 2020 relating to the financial statements of The Dow Chemical Company (not separately presented herein or incorporated by reference), appearing in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of DuPont de Nemours, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2019. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading “Experts” in such Registration Statement.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Midland, Michigan

October 5, 2020

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in this Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement No. 333-238072 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. on Form S-4 of our report dated February 11, 2019 (February 14, 2020 as to the change in method of accounting for inventories discussed in Notes 1 and 11, the effects of discontinued operations, common control transactions and the reverse stock split discussed in Note 1, and the change in reportable segments discussed in Note 24) relating to the consolidated financial statements of DuPont de Nemours, Inc. and subsidiaries, appearing in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of DuPont de Nemours, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2019. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Midland, Michigan

October 5, 2020

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the use in this Registration Statement on Form S-4 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. of our report dated May 7, 2020 relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedule of the Nutrition & Biosciences business of DuPont de Nemours, Inc. (Successor), which appears in this Registration Statement. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
October 5, 2020

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the use in this Registration Statement on Form S-4 of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. of our report dated May 7, 2020 relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedule of the Nutrition & Biosciences business of DuPont de Nemours, Inc. (Predecessor), which appears in this Registration Statement. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading “Experts” in such Registration Statement.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
October 5, 2020

CONSENT OF GREENHILL & CO., LLC

We hereby consent to (i) the use of our opinion letter, dated December 15, 2019, to the Board of Directors of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. (“the Company”) included as Annex A to the prospectus which forms a part of the registration statement on Form S-4 relating to the proposed merger between the Company and Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., and (ii) the references to such opinion in such prospectus. In giving such consent, we do not admit and we hereby disclaim that we come within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder, nor do we hereby admit that we are experts with respect to any part of such Registration Statement within the meaning of the term “experts” as used in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder.

GREENHILL & CO., LLC

By: /s/ Kevin M. Costantino

Name: Kevin M. Costantino

Title: Managing Director

October 5, 2020

Consent of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

We hereby consent to the use in the prospectus which forms a part of the registration statement of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. (“IFF”) on Form S-4 of our opinion dated December 15, 2019 appearing as Annex B to such prospectus, and to the description of such opinion and to the references to our name contained therein under the headings “Questions and Answers About the Exchange Offer and the Transactions—Questions and Answers about this Prospectus, the Transactions and Related Steps,” “Summary—Opinions of IFF’s Financial Advisors,” “Risk Factors—Risks Related to the Transactions,” “The Transactions—Background of the Transactions,” “The Transactions—IFF’s Reasons for the Transactions,” “The Transactions—Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC” and “The Transactions—Certain Financial Forecasts Prepared by IFF.” In giving the foregoing consent, we do not admit that we come within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, nor do we admit that we are experts with respect to any part of such Registration Statement within the meaning of the term “experts” as used in the Securities Act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

MORGAN STANLEY & CO. LLC

By: /s/ David Khayat

David KHAYAT

Managing Director

October 5, 2020

TERM LOAN CREDIT AGREEMENT

Dated as of January 17, 2020

Among

NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC.
as Company

THE LENDERS NAMED HEREIN
as Lenders

MORGAN STANLEY SENIOR FUNDING, INC.
as Administrative Agent

CREDIT SUISSE AG
as Syndication Agent

and

**MORGAN STANLEY SENIOR FUNDING, INC.,
CREDIT SUISSE LOAN FUNDING LLC,
COBANK ACB,
BNP PARIBAS,
CITIBANK, N.A.**

and

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A.,
as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Bookrunners

and

**BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.,
MIZUHO BANK, LTD.,
SUMITOMO MITSUI BANKING CORPORATION**
and
WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
as Documentation Agents

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TERM LOAN CREDIT AGREEMENT

Dated as of January 17, 2020

NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC., a Delaware corporation (including any successor by merger thereto pursuant to the Neptune Transactions, the “**Company**”), the banks, financial institutions and other institutional lenders (the “**Lenders**”) party hereto from time to time, and MORGAN STANLEY SENIOR FUNDING, INC. (“**Morgan Stanley**”), as administrative agent (the “**Agent**”) for the Lenders (as hereinafter defined), agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1

DEFINITIONS AND ACCOUNTING TERMS

Section 1.01. Certain Defined Terms. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following meanings (such meanings to be equally applicable to both the singular and plural forms of the terms defined):

“**3-Year Tranche Advance**” means an advance by a 3-Year Tranche Lender to the Company as part of a Borrowing from each of the 3-Year Tranche Lenders pursuant to Section 2.01(a), and includes a Base Rate Advance or a Eurocurrency Rate Advance.

“**3-Year Tranche Commitment**” means as to any Lender (a) the amount set forth opposite such Lender’s name on Schedule I hereto as such Lender’s “3-Year Tranche Commitment” or (b) if such Lender has entered into an Assignment and Assumption, the amount set forth for such Lender in the Register maintained by the Agent pursuant to Section 9.07(c), as such amount may be reduced pursuant to Section 2.05. As of the Effective Date, the aggregate 3-Year Tranche Commitments of all of the Lenders is \$625,000,000.

“**3-Year Tranche Lender**” means each Lender with a 3-Year Tranche Commitment or that holds a 3-Year Tranche Advance.

“**3-Year Tranche Maturity Date**” means the date that is the third anniversary of the Closing Date.

“**3-Year Tranche Note**” means a promissory note of the Company payable to any 3-Year Tranche Lender, delivered pursuant to a request made under Section 2.16 in substantially the form of Exhibit A-1 hereto, evidencing the aggregate indebtedness of the Company to such Lender resulting from the 3-Year Tranche Advances made by such 3-Year Tranche Lender to the Company.

“**5-Year Tranche Advance**” means an advance by a 5-Year Tranche Lender to the Company as part of a Borrowing from each of the 5-Year Tranche Lenders pursuant to Section 2.01(b), and includes a Base Rate Advance or a Eurocurrency Rate Advance.

“**5-Year Tranche Commitment**” means as to any Lender (a) the amount set forth opposite such Lender’s name on Schedule I hereto as such Lender’s “5-Year Tranche Commitment” or (b) if such Lender has entered into an Assignment and Assumption, the amount set forth for such Lender

in the Register maintained by the Agent pursuant to Section 9.07(c), as such amount may be reduced pursuant to Section 2.05. As of the Effective Date, the aggregate 5-Year Tranche Commitments of all of the Lenders is \$625,000,000.

“5-Year Tranche Lender” means each Lender with a 5-Year Tranche Commitment or that holds a 5-Year Tranche Advance.

“5-Year Tranche Maturity Date” means the date that is the fifth anniversary of the Closing Date.

“5-Year Tranche Note” means a promissory note of the Company payable to any 5-Year Tranche Lender, delivered pursuant to a request made under Section 2.16 in substantially the form of Exhibit A-2 hereto, evidencing the aggregate indebtedness of the Company to such Lender resulting from the 5-Year Tranche Advances made by such 5-Year Tranche Lender to the Company.

“Administrative Questionnaire” means an Administrative Questionnaire in a form supplied by the Agent.

“Advance” means each 3-Year Tranche Advance and 5-Year Tranche Advance, as applicable.

“Affiliate” means, as to any Person, any other Person that, directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with such Person or is a director or officer of such Person. For purposes of this definition, the term “control” (including the terms “controlling”, “controlled by” and “under common control with”) of a Person means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to vote 10% or more of the Voting Stock of such Person or to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person, whether through the ownership of Voting Stock, by contract or otherwise.

“Agent” has the meaning specified in the recital of parties.

“Agent’s Account” means the account of the Agent maintained by the Agent as is designated in writing from time to time by the Agent to the Company and the Lenders for such purpose.

“Agreement” means this Credit Agreement, as amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“Anti-Corruption Laws” means all laws, rules, and regulations of any jurisdiction applicable to any Group Member from time to time concerning or relating to bribery or corruption.

“Applicable Lending Office” means, with respect to each Lender, such Lender’s Domestic Lending Office in the case of a Base Rate Advance and such Lender’s Eurocurrency Lending Office in the case of a Eurocurrency Rate Advance.

“**Applicable Margin**” means as of any date, with respect to any Base Rate Advance or Eurocurrency Rate Advance, as the case may be, a percentage per annum determined by reference to the Public Debt Rating in effect on such date as set forth below under the applicable caption:

<u>Public Debt Rating S&P/Moody's</u>	<u>3-Year Tranche</u>		<u>5-Year Tranche</u>	
	<u>Applicable Margin for Base Rate Advances</u>	<u>Applicable Margin for Eurocurrency Rate Advances</u>	<u>Applicable Margin for Base Rate Advances</u>	<u>Applicable Margin for Eurocurrency Rate Advances</u>
Level 1				
A+ / A1 or above	0.000%	0.750%	0.000%	0.875%
Level 2				
A / A2	0.000%	0.875%	0.000%	1.000%
Level 3				
A- / A3	0.000%	1.000%	0.125%	1.125%
Level 4				
BBB+ / Baa1	0.125%	1.125%	0.250%	1.250%
Level 5				
BBB / Baa2	0.250%	1.250%	0.375%	1.375%
Level 6				
BBB- / Baa3	0.500%	1.500%	0.625%	1.625%
Level 7				
Lower than Level 6	1.000%	2.000%	1.125%	2.125%

“**Approved Fund**” means any Fund that is administered or managed by (a) a Lender, (b) an Affiliate of a Lender or (c) an entity or an Affiliate of an entity that administers or manages a Lender.

“**Arrangers**” means Morgan Stanley, Credit Suisse Loan Funding LLC, CoBank ACB, BNP Paribas, Citibank, N.A. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., each in its capacity as a joint lead arranger and joint bookrunner for the term loan facility provided under this Agreement.

“**Assignment and Assumption**” means an assignment and assumption entered into by a Lender and an Eligible Assignee (with the consent of any party whose consent is required by Section 9.07(b)(iii)), and accepted by the Agent, in substantially the form of Exhibit C or any other form approved by the Agent.

“**Authorization**” means an authorization, consent, approval, resolution, license exemption, filing or registration (including, without limitation, Environmental Permits).

“**Bail-In Action**” has the meaning specified in Section 9.14.

“Base Rate” means a fluctuating interest rate per annum in effect from time to time, which rate per annum shall at all times be equal to the highest of:

(a) the rate of interest per annum from time to time published in the “Money Rates” section of The Wall Street Journal as being the “Prime Lending Rate” or, if more than one rate is published as the Prime Lending Rate, then the highest of such rates (each change in the Prime Lending Rate to be effective as of the date of publication in The Wall Street Journal of a “Prime Lending Rate” that is different from that published on the preceding domestic Business Day); provided, that in the event that The Wall Street Journal shall, for any reason, fail or cease to publish the Prime Lending Rate, the Agent shall choose a reasonably comparable index or source to use as the basis for the Prime Lending Rate;

(b) 1/2 of one percent per annum above the Federal Funds Rate; and

(c) the ICE Benchmark Administration Settlement Rate applicable to Dollars for a period of one month (“**One Month LIBOR**”) plus 1.00% (for the avoidance of doubt, the One Month LIBOR for any day shall be based on the LIBOR Screen Rate at approximately 11:00 A.M. London time on such day); provided that if One Month LIBOR shall be less than zero, such rate shall be deemed to be zero for purposes of this Agreement.

“Base Rate Advance” means an Advance that bears interest as provided in Section 2.07(a)(i).

“Benchmark Replacement” means the sum of: (a) the alternate benchmark rate (which may include Term SOFR) that has been selected by the Agent and the Parent giving due consideration to (i) any selection or recommendation of a replacement rate or the mechanism for determining such a rate by the Relevant Governmental Body or (ii) any evolving or then-prevailing market convention for determining a rate of interest as a replacement to the LIBOR Screen Rate for U.S. dollar-denominated syndicated credit facilities and (b) the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment; provided that, if the Benchmark Replacement as so determined would be less than zero, the Benchmark Replacement will be deemed to be zero for the purposes of this Agreement.

“Benchmark Replacement Adjustment” means, with respect to any replacement of the LIBOR Screen Rate with an Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement for each applicable Interest Period, the spread adjustment, or method for calculating or determining such spread adjustment, (which may be a positive or negative value or zero) that has been selected by the Agent and the Parent giving due consideration to (i) any selection or recommendation of a spread adjustment, or method for calculating or determining such spread adjustment, for the replacement of the LIBOR Screen Rate with the applicable Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement by the Relevant Governmental Body or (ii) any evolving or then-prevailing market convention for determining a spread adjustment, or method for calculating or determining such spread adjustment, for the replacement of LIBOR with the applicable Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement for U.S. dollar denominated syndicated credit facilities at such time.

“Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes” means, with respect to any Benchmark Replacement, any technical, administrative or operational changes (including changes to the definition of “Base Rate,” the definition of “Interest Period,” timing and frequency of determining rates and making payments of interest and other administrative matters) that the Agent and the Parent decide may be appropriate to reflect the adoption and implementation of such Benchmark Replacement and to permit the administration thereof by the Agent in a manner substantially consistent with market

practice (or, if the Agent decides that adoption of any portion of such market practice is not administratively feasible or if the Agent determines that no market practice for the administration of the Benchmark Replacement exists, in such other manner of administration as the Agent decides (in consultation with the Parent) is reasonably necessary in connection with the administration of this Agreement).

“Benchmark Replacement Date” means the earlier to occur of the following events with respect to LIBOR Screen Rate: (1) in the case of clause (1) or (2) of the definition of “Benchmark Transition Event,” the later of (a) the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein and (b) the date on which the administrator of the LIBOR Screen Rate permanently or indefinitely ceases to provide the LIBOR Screen Rate; or (2) in the case of clause (3) of the definition of “Benchmark Transition Event,” the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein.

“Benchmark Transition Event” means the occurrence of one or more of the following events with respect to the LIBOR Screen Rate: (1) a public statement or publication of information by or on behalf of the administrator of the LIBOR Screen Rate announcing that such administrator has ceased or will cease to provide the LIBOR Screen Rate, permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the LIBOR Screen Rate; (2) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the LIBOR Screen Rate, the U.S. Federal Reserve System, an insolvency official with jurisdiction over the administrator for the LIBOR Screen Rate, a resolution authority with jurisdiction over the administrator for the LIBOR Screen Rate or a court or an entity with similar insolvency or resolution authority over the administrator for the LIBOR Screen Rate, which states that the administrator of the LIBOR Screen Rate has ceased or will cease to provide the LIBOR Screen Rate permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the LIBOR Screen Rate; or (3) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the LIBOR Screen Rate announcing that the LIBOR Screen Rate is no longer representative and such circumstances are unlikely to be temporary.

“Benchmark Transition Start Date” means (a) in the case of a Benchmark Transition Event, the earlier of (i) the applicable Benchmark Replacement Date and (ii) if such Benchmark Transition Event is a public statement or publication of information of a prospective event, the 90th day prior to the expected date of such event as of such public statement or publication of information (or if the expected date of such prospective event is fewer than 90 days after such statement or publication, the date of such statement or publication) and (b) in the case of an Early Opt-in Election, the date specified by the Agent or the Required Lenders, as applicable, and, in each case, consented to by the Parent in writing (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), and notified to the Agent (in the case of such notice by the Required Lenders) and the Lenders.

“Benchmark Unavailability Period” means, if a Benchmark Transition Event and its related Benchmark Replacement Date have occurred with respect to the LIBOR Screen Rate and solely to the extent that the LIBOR Screen Rate has not been replaced with a Benchmark Replacement, the period (x) beginning at the time that such Benchmark Replacement Date has occurred if, at such time, no Benchmark Replacement has replaced the LIBOR

Screen Rate for all purposes hereunder in accordance with Section 2.22 and (y) ending at the time that a Benchmark Replacement has replaced the LIBOR Screen Rate for all purposes hereunder pursuant to Section 2.22.

“Beneficial Ownership Certification” means a certification regarding beneficial ownership as required by the Beneficial Ownership Regulation.

“Beneficial Ownership Regulation” means 31 C.F.R. §1010.230.

“Benefit Plan” means any of (a) an “employee benefit plan” (as defined in ERISA) that is subject to Title I of ERISA, (b) a “plan” as defined in Section 4975 of the Code or (c) any Person whose assets include (for purposes of ERISA Section 3(42) or otherwise for purposes of Title I of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code) the assets of any such “employee benefit plan” or “plan”.

“Borrowing” means Advances of the same Class and Type, made, converted or continued on the same date and, in the case of Eurocurrency Rate Advances, as to which a single Interest Period is in effect.

“Bridge Commitment Letter” means the commitment letter in respect of a senior unsecured 364-day bridge facility described therein, dated as of December 15, 2019, among the Company, Icon, Morgan Stanley, Credit Suisse Loan Funding LLC and Credit Suisse AG, as amended from time to time.

“Business Day” means a day of the year on which banks are not required or authorized by law to close in New York City and, if the applicable Business Day relates to any Eurocurrency Rate Advances, on which dealings are carried on in the London interbank market and banks are open for business in London and in New York City.

“Cash” means, at any time, cash as defined in the Audit and Accounting Guides issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants of the United States of America (as amended from time to time) which includes as at the date of this Agreement currency on hand, demand deposits with financial institutions and other similar deposit accounts.

“Cash Equivalents” means, at any time, cash equivalents as defined in the Audit and Accounting Guides issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants of the United States of America (as amended from time to time) which includes as at the date of this Agreement short term instruments having not more than three months to final maturity and highly liquid instruments readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

“Change in Law” means the occurrence, after the date of this Agreement, or, with respect to any Lender that becomes a party to this Agreement after the date hereof, such later date on which such Lender becomes a party to this Agreement, of any of the following: (a) the adoption or taking effect of any law, rule, regulation or treaty, (b) any change in any law, rule, regulation or treaty or in the administration, interpretation, implementation or application thereof by any Governmental Authority or (c) the making or issuance of any request, rule, guideline or directive (whether or not having the force of law) by any Governmental Authority; provided that notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, (x) the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform

and Consumer Protection Act and all requests, rules, guidelines or directives thereunder or issued in connection therewith and (y) all requests, rules, guidelines or directives promulgated by the Bank for International Settlements, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or any successor or similar authority) or the United States or foreign regulatory authorities, in each case pursuant to Basel III, shall in each case be deemed to be a “Change in Law”, regardless of the date enacted, adopted, issued or implemented.

“**Class**” when used in reference to any (a) any Advance or any Borrowing, refers to whether such Advance or the Advances comprising such Borrowing, are 3-Year Tranche Advances or 5-Year Tranche Advances and (b) any Commitment, refers to whether such Commitment is a 3-Year Tranche Commitment or a 5-Year Tranche Commitment.

“**Closing Date**” means the date on which the conditions precedent set forth in Section 3.02 have been satisfied (or waived in accordance with Section 9.01).

“**Code**” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, and the regulations promulgated and rulings issued thereunder.

“**Commitment**” means each 3-Year Tranche Commitment and each 5-Year Tranche Commitment, as applicable.

“**Commitment Termination Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(c).

“**Company**” has the meaning specified in the recital of parties.

“**Connection Income Taxes**” means Other Connection Taxes that are imposed on or measured by net income (however denominated) or that are franchise Taxes or branch profits Taxes.

“**Consolidated**” refers to the consolidation of accounts in accordance with GAAP.

“**Consolidated Net Tangible Assets**” means, as of any particular time, the total of all the assets appearing on the most recent consolidated balance sheet of the Parent and its Subsidiaries (in each case, less applicable reserves and other properly deductible items) after deducting therefrom: (i) all current liabilities, including current maturities of long-term debt and of obligations under capital leases; and (ii) the total of the net book values of all assets of the Parent and its Subsidiaries, properly classified as intangible assets under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (including goodwill, trade names, trademarks, patents, unamortized debt discount and expense and other like intangible assets).

“**Convert**”, “**Conversion**” and “**Converted**” each refers to a conversion of Advances of one Type into Advances of the other Type pursuant to Section 2.08 or 2.09.

“**Debt**” of any Person means, without duplication: (a) all indebtedness of such Person for borrowed money, (b) all obligations of such Person for the deferred purchase price of assets or services (other than trade payables incurred in the ordinary course of such Person’s business), (c) all obligations of such Person evidenced by notes, bonds, debentures or other similar instruments, (d) all obligations of such Person created or arising under any

conditional sale or other title retention agreement with respect to assets acquired by such Person (even though the rights and remedies of the seller or lender under such agreement in the event of default are limited to repossession or sale of such assets), (e) all obligations of such Person as lessee under leases that have been or should be, in accordance with GAAP (subject to the provisions of Section 1.03) recorded as capital leases, (f) all obligations, contingent or otherwise, of such Person in respect of acceptances, letters of credit or similar extensions of credit, (g) the net obligations of such Person in respect of Hedge Agreements, (h) receivables sold or discounted (other than any receivables to the extent they are sold on a non-recourse basis), (i) [reserved], (j) any amount raised under any other transaction (including any forward sale or purchase agreement) having the commercial effect of a borrowing, (k) all Debt of others referred to in paragraphs (a) through (j) above or paragraph (l) below guaranteed directly or indirectly in any manner by such Person, or in effect guaranteed directly or indirectly by such Person through an agreement (1) to pay or purchase such Debt or to advance or supply funds for the payment or purchase of such Debt, (2) to purchase, sell or lease (as lessee or lessor) assets, or to purchase or sell services, primarily for the purpose of enabling the debtor to make payment of such Debt or to assure the holder of such Debt against loss, (3) to supply funds to or in any other manner invest in the debtor (including any agreement to pay for assets or services irrespective of whether such assets are received or such services are rendered) or (4) otherwise to assure a creditor against loss, and (l) all Debt referred to in paragraphs (a) through (k) above secured by (or for which the holder of such Debt has an existing right, contingent or otherwise, to be secured by) any Lien on assets (including, without limitation, accounts and contract rights) owned by such Person, even though such Person has not assumed or become liable for the payment of such Debt. **“Debt for Borrowed Money”** of a person means all items that, in accordance with GAAP, would be classified as indebtedness on a Consolidated balance sheet of such person other than any amounts which would be classified as indebtedness, in accordance with GAAP, which arise under any Hedge Agreements.

“Debtor Relief Laws” means the Bankruptcy Code of the United States of America, and all other liquidation, conservatorship, bankruptcy, assignment for the benefit of creditors, moratorium, rearrangement, receivership, insolvency, reorganization, or similar debtor relief laws of the United States or other applicable jurisdictions from time to time in effect.

“Default” means any Event of Default or any event that would constitute an Event of Default but for the requirement that notice be given or time elapse or both.

“Default Interest” has the meaning specified in Section 2.07(b).

“Defaulting Lender” means at any time, subject to Section 2.20(c), (i) any Lender that has failed for two or more Business Days to comply with its obligations under this Agreement to make an Advance or make any other payment due hereunder (each, a **“funding obligation”**), unless such Lender has notified the Agent and the Company in writing that such failure is the result of such Lender’s good faith determination that one or more conditions precedent to funding has not been satisfied (which conditions precedent, together with the applicable default, if any, will be specifically identified in such writing), (ii) any Lender that has notified the Agent or the Company in writing, or has stated publicly, that it does not intend to comply with its funding obligations hereunder, unless such writing or statement states that such position is based on such Lender’s good faith determination that one or more conditions precedent to funding cannot be satisfied (which conditions precedent, together with the applicable default, if any, will be specifically

identified in such writing or public statement), (iii) any Lender that has defaulted on its funding obligations under other loan agreements or credit agreements generally under which it has commitments to extend credit or that has notified, or whose Parent Company has notified, the Agent or the Company in writing, or has stated publicly, that it does not intend to comply with its funding obligations under loan agreements or credit agreements generally, (iv) any Lender that has, for two or more Business Days after written request of the Agent or the Company, failed to confirm in writing to the Agent and the Company that it will comply with its prospective funding obligations hereunder (provided that such Lender will cease to be a Defaulting Lender pursuant to this clause (iv) upon the Agent's and the Company's receipt of such written confirmation), or (v) any Lender with respect to which a Lender Insolvency Event has occurred and is continuing with respect to such Lender or its Parent Company; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, a Lender shall not be a Defaulting Lender solely by virtue of (1) the control, ownership or acquisition of any equity interest in that Lender or any direct or indirect Parent Company thereof by a Governmental Authority or instrumentality thereof or (2) in the case of a solvent Lender, the precautionary appointment of an administrator, guardian, custodian or other similar official by a Governmental Authority or instrumentality thereof under or based on the law of the country where such Lender is subject to home jurisdiction supervision if applicable law requires that such appointment not be publicly disclosed, so long as, in the case of clause (1) and clause (2), such action does not result in or provide such Lender with immunity from the jurisdiction of courts within the United States or from the enforcement of judgments or writs of attachment on its assets or permit such Lender (or such Governmental Authority or instrumentality) to reject, repudiate, disavow or disaffirm any contracts or agreements made with such Lender. Any determination by the Agent that a Lender is a Defaulting Lender under any of clauses (i) through (v) above will be conclusive and binding absent manifest error, and such Lender will be deemed to be a Defaulting Lender (subject to Section 2.20(c)) upon notification of such determination by the Agent to the Company, and the Lenders.

"Disclosure Documents" means the Remainco SEC Documents and the RMT Partner SEC Documents (each as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement as in effect on December 15, 2019) filed or furnished with the SEC on or prior to the Effective Date.

"Dollars" and the **"\$"** sign each means lawful currency of the United States of America.

"Domestic Lending Office" means, with respect to any Lender, its office set forth in its Administrative Questionnaire (or identified in its Administrative Questionnaire as its Domestic Lending Office) or such other office as such Lender may hereafter designate as its Domestic Lending Office by notice to the Company and the Agent.

"Dupont" means DuPont de Nemours, Inc., a Delaware corporation.

"Early Opt-in Election" means the occurrence of: (1) (i) a determination by the Agent or (ii) a notification by the Required Lenders to the Agent (with a copy to the Company) that the Required Lenders have determined that U.S. dollar-denominated syndicated credit facilities being executed at such time, or that include language similar to that contained in Section 2.22 are being executed or amended, as applicable, to incorporate or adopt a new benchmark interest rate to replace the LIBOR Screen Rate, and (2) (i) the election by the Agent with the written consent of the Company (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) or (ii) the election by the Required Lenders with the written consent of the Company (such consent not

to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) to declare that an Early Opt-in Election has occurred and the provision, as applicable, by the Agent and the Company of written notice of such election to the Lenders or by the Required Lenders and the Company of written notice of such election to the Agent.

“EEA Financial Institution” has the meaning specified in Section 9.14.

“EBITDA” of a Person means, for any Relevant Period, net income (or net loss) plus the sum of: (a) interest expense; (b) income tax expense; (c) depreciation expense; (d) amortization expense and all other non-cash charges; (e) extraordinary or unusual losses deducted in calculating net income less extraordinary or unusual gains added in calculating net income, (f) all non-recurring non-cash expenses and charges, (g) any non-cash gains or losses from asset sales, (h) non-cash purchase accounting adjustments, (i) customary costs and expenses incurred in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Loan Documents, (j) non-cash stock-based compensation expense for such period, (k) other expenses reducing such net income which do not represent a cash item in such period or any future period less all non-cash items increasing net income which do not represent a cash item in such period or any future period, and (l) costs and expenses incurred in connection with the Palate Transactions and the Neptune Transactions and customary costs and expenses incurred in connection with acquisitions, investments, issuances of equity and incurrence of indebtedness to the extent any such transaction is not prohibited by this Agreement, in each case determined in accordance with GAAP for the Relevant Period.

“Effective Date” means the date on which the conditions precedent set forth in Section 3.01 have been satisfied (or waived in accordance with Section 9.01).

“Eligible Assignee” means any Person that meets the requirements to be an assignee under Section 9.07(b)(iii), (v) and (vi) (subject to such consents, if any, as may be required under Section 9.07(b)(iii)).

“Environmental Action” means any action, suit, demand, demand letter, claim, notice of non-compliance or violation, notice of liability or potential liability, investigation, proceeding, consent order or consent agreement relating in any way to any Environmental Law, Environmental Permit or Hazardous Materials or arising from alleged injury or threat of injury to health, safety or the environment, including, without limitation, (a) by any governmental or regulatory authority or third party for enforcement, cleanup, removal, response, remedial or other actions or damages and (b) by any governmental or regulatory authority or any third party for damages, contribution, indemnification, cost recovery, compensation or injunctive relief.

“Environmental Law” means any federal, state, local or foreign statute, law (including common law), ordinance, rule, regulation, code, order, judgment, decree or judicial or agency interpretation, policy or guidance relating to pollution or protection of the environment, health, safety or natural resources, including, without limitation, those relating to the use, handling, transportation, treatment, storage, disposal, release or discharge of, or exposure to, Hazardous Materials.

“Environmental Permit” means any permit, approval, identification number, license or other authorization required under any Environmental Law.

“ERISA” means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time, and the regulations promulgated and rulings issued thereunder.

“ERISA Affiliate” means any Person that for purposes of Title IV of ERISA is a member of the Company’s controlled group, or under common control with the Company, within the meaning of Section 414 of the Code.

“ERISA Event” means (a) (i) the occurrence of a reportable event, within the meaning of Section 4043 of ERISA, with respect to any Plan unless the 30-day notice requirement with respect to such event has been waived by the PBGC, or (ii) the requirements of Section 4043(b) of ERISA are met with respect to a contributing sponsor, as defined in Section 4001(a)(13) of ERISA, of a Plan, and an event described in paragraph (9), (10), (11), (12) or (13) of Section 4043(c) of ERISA is reasonably expected to occur with respect to such Plan within the following 30 days; (b) the application for a minimum funding waiver pursuant to Section 412 of the Code with respect to a Plan; (c) the provision by the administrator of any Plan of a notice of intent to terminate such Plan pursuant to Section 4041(a)(2) of ERISA (including any such notice with respect to a plan amendment referred to in Section 4041(e) of ERISA); (d) the cessation of operations at a facility of the Company or any ERISA Affiliate in the circumstances described in Section 4062(e) of ERISA; (e) the withdrawal by the Company or any ERISA Affiliate from a Multiple Employer Plan during a plan year for which it was a “substantial employer,” as defined in Section 4001(a)(2) of ERISA; (f) the conditions for the imposition of a lien under Section 303(k) of ERISA shall have been met with respect to any Plan; (g) a determination that any Plan is in **“at risk”** status (within the meaning of Section 303 of ERISA); or (h) the institution by the PBGC of proceedings to terminate a Plan pursuant to Section 4042 of ERISA, or the occurrence of any event or condition described in Section 4042 of ERISA that constitutes grounds for the termination of, or the appointment of a trustee to administer, a Plan.

“Eurocurrency Lending Office” means, with respect to any Lender, its office, branch or Affiliate located at its address set forth in its Administrative Questionnaire (or identified in its Administrative Questionnaire as its Eurocurrency Lending Office) or such other office, branch or Affiliate as such Lender may hereafter designate as its Eurocurrency Lending Office by notice to the Company and the Agent.

“Eurocurrency Liabilities” has the meaning assigned to that term in Regulation D of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, as in effect from time to time.

“Eurocurrency Rate” means, for any Interest Period for each Eurocurrency Rate Advance comprising part of the same Borrowing (a) an interest rate per annum appearing on the LIBOR Screen Rate as of approximately 11:00 A.M. (London time) on the date two Business Days before the first day of such Interest Period as the rate for Dollar deposits having a term comparable to such Interest Period by (b) a percentage equal to 100% minus the Eurocurrency Rate Reserve Percentage for such Interest Period; provided that if the Eurocurrency Rate shall be less than zero, such rate shall be deemed to be zero for purposes of this Agreement.

“Eurocurrency Rate Advance” means an Advance that bears interest as provided in Section 2.07(a)(ii).

“Eurocurrency Rate Reserve Percentage” for any Interest Period for all Eurocurrency Rate Advances comprising part of the same Borrowing means the reserve percentage applicable two Business Days before the first day of such Interest Period under regulations issued from time to time by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (or any successor) for determining the maximum reserve requirement (including, without limitation, any emergency, supplemental or other marginal reserve requirement) for a member bank of the Federal Reserve System in New York City with respect to liabilities or assets consisting of or including Eurocurrency Liabilities (or with respect to any other category of liabilities that includes deposits by reference to which the interest rate on Eurocurrency Rate Advances is determined) having a term equal to such Interest Period.

“Events of Default” has the meaning specified in Section 6.01.

“Excluded Taxes” means any of the following Taxes imposed on or with respect to a Recipient or required to be withheld or deducted from a payment to a Recipient, (a) Taxes imposed on or measured by net income (however denominated), franchise and similar Taxes, and branch profits Taxes, in each case, (i) imposed as a result of such Recipient being organized under the laws of, or having its principal office or, in the case of any Lender, its Applicable Lending Office located in, the jurisdiction imposing such Tax (or any political subdivision thereof) or (ii) that are Other Connection Taxes, (b) in the case of a Lender, U.S. federal withholding Taxes imposed on amounts payable to or for the account of such Lender with respect to an applicable interest in an Advance or Commitment pursuant to a law in effect on the date on which (i) such Lender acquires such interest in such Advance or Commitment (other than pursuant to an assignment request by the Company under Section 2.21(b)) or (ii) such Lender changes its lending office, except in each case to the extent that, pursuant to Section 2.14, amounts with respect to such Taxes were payable either to such Lender’s assignor immediately before such Lender became a party hereto or to such Lender immediately before it changed its lending office, (c) Taxes attributable to such Recipient’s failure to comply with Section 2.14(g) and (d) any withholding Taxes imposed under FATCA.

“FATCA” means Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, as of the date of this Agreement (or any amended or successor version that is substantively comparable and not materially more onerous to comply with) and any current or future regulations or official interpretations thereof, any agreements entered into pursuant to Section 1471(b)(1) of the Code and any fiscal or regulatory legislation, rules or practices adopted pursuant to any intergovernmental agreement, treaty or convention among Governmental Authorities and implementing such Sections of the Code.

“Federal Funds Rate” means, for any period, a fluctuating interest rate per annum equal for each day during such period to the weighted average of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions with members of the Federal Reserve System, as published for such day (or, if such day is not a Business Day, for the next preceding Business Day) by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or, if such rate is not so published for any day that is a Business Day, the average of the quotations for such day on such transactions received by the Agent; provided that if the Federal Funds Rate shall be less than zero, such rate shall be deemed to be zero for purposes of this Agreement.

“**Federal Reserve Bank of New York’s Website**” means the website of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at <http://www.newyorkfed.org>, or any successor source.

“**Foreign Lender**” means a Lender that is not a U.S. Person.

“**Fund**” means any Person (other than a natural Person) that is (or will be) engaged in making, purchasing, holding or otherwise investing in commercial loans and similar extensions of credit in the ordinary course of its activities.

“**GAAP**” has the meaning specified in Section 1.03.

“**Governmental Authority**” means the government of the United States of America or any other nation, or of any political subdivision thereof, whether state or local, and any agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, court, central bank or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any supra-national bodies such as the European Union or the European Central Bank).

“**Group Member**” means (i) prior to the consummation of the Neptune Acquisition, each of the Company and its Subsidiaries, (ii) on and after the consummation of the Neptune Acquisition, Icon and its Subsidiaries and (iii) any other entity which has been established by the Company or its Subsidiaries for the purpose of financing the Special Cash Payment.

“**Guaranty**” means a Guaranty executed by Icon in favor of the Agent and the Lenders, substantially in the form of Exhibit F.

“**Hazardous Materials**” means (a) petroleum and petroleum products, byproducts or breakdown products, radioactive materials, asbestos-containing materials, polychlorinated biphenyls and radon gas and (b) any other chemicals, materials, wastes or substances designated, classified or regulated as hazardous or toxic or as a pollutant or contaminant, or which can form the basis for liability, under any Environmental Law.

“**Hedge Agreements**” means interest rate swap, cap or collar agreements, interest rate future or option contracts, currency swap agreements, currency future or option contracts and other similar agreements.

“**Icon**” means International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., a New York corporation.

“**Icon Revolving Credit Agreement**” means that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of November 9, 2011, among Icon and certain of its Subsidiaries party thereto, the lenders party thereto from time to time and Citibank, N.A., as administrative agent (as amended, amended and restated, supplemented, modified or replaced from time to time).

“**Icon Debt Assumption**” means an assumption by Icon of the obligations of the Company under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents pursuant to the Icon Debt Assumption Supplement in accordance with Section 9.21.

“Icon Debt Assumption Supplement” means a supplement to this Agreement executed by the Company and Icon and acknowledged by the Agent, substantially in the form of Exhibit G.

“Indemnified Taxes” means (a) Taxes, other than Excluded Taxes, imposed on or with respect to any payment made by or on account of any obligation of the Company under any Loan Document and (b) to the extent not otherwise described in (a), Other Taxes.

“Indemnitee” has the meaning specified in Section 9.04(b).

“Information” has the meaning specified in Section 9.08.

“Information Memorandum” means the information memorandum dated January 2020, as modified or supplemented prior to the date hereof, used by the Agent in connection with the syndication of the Commitments.

“Interest Period” means for each Eurocurrency Rate Advance comprising part of the same Borrowing, the period commencing on the date of such Eurocurrency Rate Advance or the date of the Conversion of any Base Rate Advance into such Eurocurrency Rate Advance and ending on the last day of the period selected by the Company pursuant to the provisions below and, thereafter, each subsequent period commencing on the last day of the immediately preceding Interest Period and ending on the last day of the period selected by the Company pursuant to the provisions below. The duration of each such Interest Period for Eurocurrency Rate Advances shall be one, two, three or six months; provided, however, that:

(a) the Company may not select any Interest Period (i) for any 3-Year Tranche Advance that ends after the 3-Year Tranche Maturity Date or (ii) for any 5-Year Tranche Advance that ends after the 5-Year Tranche Maturity Date;

(b) Interest Periods commencing on the same date for Eurocurrency Rate Advances comprising part of the same Borrowing shall be of the same duration;

(c) [reserved];

(d) whenever the last day of any Interest Period would otherwise occur on a day other than a Business Day, the last day of such Interest Period shall be extended to occur on the next succeeding Business Day, provided, however, that, if such extension would cause the last day of such Interest Period to occur in the next following calendar month, the last day of such Interest Period shall occur on the next preceding Business Day; and

(e) whenever the first day of any Interest Period for Eurocurrency Rate Advances occurs on a day of an initial calendar month for which there is no numerically corresponding day in the calendar month that succeeds such initial calendar month by the number of months equal to the number of months in such Interest Period, such Interest Period shall end on the last Business Day of such succeeding calendar month.

“IRS” means the United States Internal Revenue Service.

“Lender Insolvency Event” means that (a) a Lender or its Parent Company is insolvent, or is generally unable to pay its debts as they become due, or admits in writing its inability to pay its debts as they become due, or makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors, or (b) such Lender or its Parent Company is the subject of a bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, liquidation or similar proceeding or a Bail-In Action, or a receiver, trustee, conservator, intervenor or sequestrator or the like has been appointed for such Lender or its Parent Company, or such Lender or its Parent Company has taken any action in furtherance of or indicating its consent to or acquiescence in any such proceeding or appointment.

“Lenders” has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

“Leverage Ratio” means the ratio of Net Debt as of the end of any Relevant Period to Consolidated EBITDA of the Group Members, in each case on a consolidated basis, in respect of such Relevant Period.

“LIBOR Screen Rate” means the London interbank offered rate as administered by the ICE Benchmark Administration (or any other Person that takes over the administration of such rate) for a period equal in length to such Interest Period as displayed on page LIBOR01 of the Reuters Screen that displays such rate (or, in the event such rate does not appear on a Reuters page or screen, on any successor or substitute page on such screen that displays such rate, on or the approximate page of such other information service that publishes such rate from time to time as selected by the Agent in its reasonable discretion).

“Lien” means any lien, security interest or other charge or encumbrance of any kind, or any other type of preferential arrangement, including, without limitation, the lien or retained security title of a conditional vendor and any easement, right of way or other encumbrance on title to real property.

“Loan Documents” shall mean this Agreement, the Guaranty, the Icon Debt Assumption and any Note.

“Material Adverse Change” means any material adverse change in the business, condition (financial or otherwise) or results of operations of Icon and its Subsidiaries (including, following the Neptune Acquisition, the Company) taken as a whole.

“Material Adverse Effect” means a material adverse effect on: (a) the business, condition (financial or otherwise) or results of operations of the Group Members taken as a whole; (b) the rights and remedies of the Agent or any Lender under the Loan Documents; or (c) the ability of the Company and Icon taken as a whole to perform their payment obligations under the Loan Documents.

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., or any successor to its rating agency business.

“Morgan Stanley” has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph of this Agreement.

“Multiemployer Plan” means a multiemployer plan, as defined in Section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA, to which the Company or any ERISA Affiliate is making or accruing an obligation to make contributions, or has within any of the preceding five plan years made or accrued an obligation to make contributions.

“Multiple Employer Plan” means a single employer plan, as defined in Section 4001(a)(15) of ERISA, which is subject to Title IV of ERISA, and that (a) is maintained for employees of the Parent or any ERISA Affiliate and at least one Person other than the Parent and the ERISA Affiliates or (b) was so maintained and in respect of which the Parent or any ERISA Affiliate could have liability under Section 4064 or 4069 of ERISA in the event such plan has been or were to be terminated.

“Neptune Acquired Business” means the Company and its Subsidiaries.

“Neptune Acquisition” means the acquisition of all of the shares of the Company by Icon immediately following the Neptune Separation pursuant to the Neptune Acquisition Agreement.

“Neptune Acquisition Agreement” means that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 15, 2019 (together with the exhibits and schedules thereto), among Dupont, the Company, Icon and Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Icon, as amended and in effect from time to time.

“Neptune Acquisition Agreement Representations” means such of the representations made by or with respect to the Neptune Acquired Business in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement as are material to the interests of the Lenders (in their capacities as such), but only to the extent that Icon or its affiliates have the right (taking into account any applicable cure provisions) to decline to consummate the Neptune Acquisition or to terminate Icon’s or its affiliates’ obligations (or otherwise do not have an obligation to close) under the Neptune Acquisition Agreement as a result of a failure of such representations in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement to be true and correct.

“Neptune Separation” means, collectively, (i) the transfer by Dupont to the Company, or to the applicable member of the Company’s group of affiliated companies, the capital stock of certain entities and certain assets, liabilities and operations of Dupont’s nutrition and bioscience business, (ii) the making of the Special Cash Payment by the Company pursuant to the terms of the Neptune Separation Agreement and (iii) the distribution of 100% of the outstanding shares of the common stock of the Company (by way of dividend, exchange offer or a combination of both) to the stockholders of Dupont.

“Neptune Separation Agreement” means that certain Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019 (together with the exhibits and schedules thereto, and including the Separation Plan, as defined therein), by and among Dupont, the Company and Icon, as amended and in effect from time to time.

“Neptune Transactions” means the Neptune Acquisition, the Neptune Separation, the execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement, the execution and delivery by Icon of the Guaranty (or in lieu or replacement thereof, the Icon Debt Assumption, as applicable), the making of the Advances hereunder and the use of the proceeds thereof, the making of the Special Cash Payment and the other transactions contemplated by or related to the foregoing.

“**Net Debt**” means Debt for Borrowed Money less Cash and Cash Equivalents.

“**Non-Consenting Lender**” means any Lender that does not approve any consent, waiver or amendment that (i) requires the approval of all affected Lenders in accordance with the terms of Section 9.01 and (ii) has been approved by the Required Lenders.

“**Non-Defaulting Lender**” means, at any time, a Lender that is not a Defaulting Lender.

“**Note**” means any 3-Year Tranche Note and any 5-Year Tranche Note, as applicable.

“**Notice of Borrowing**” has the meaning specified in Section 2.02(a).

“**Nutrition & Biosciences**” means Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and any successor by merger thereto pursuant to the Neptune Transactions.

“**Other Connection Taxes**” means, with respect to any Recipient, Taxes imposed as a result of a present or former connection between such Recipient and the jurisdiction imposing such Tax (other than connections arising from such Recipient having executed, delivered, become a party to, performed its obligations under, received payments under, received or perfected a security interest under, engaged in any other transaction pursuant to or enforced any Loan Document, or sold or assigned an interest in any Advance or Loan Document).

“**Other Taxes**” means all present or future stamp, court or documentary, intangible, recording, filing or similar Taxes that arise from any payment made under, from the execution, delivery, performance, enforcement or registration of, from the receipt or perfection of a security interest under, or otherwise with respect to, any Loan Document, except any such Taxes that are Other Connection Taxes imposed with respect to an assignment (other than an assignment made pursuant to Section 2.21(b)).

“**Palate Transactions**” means the acquisition by Icon of Frutarom Industries Ltd. pursuant to that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of May 7, 2018 (together with the exhibits and schedules thereto), among Icon, Icon Newco Ltd. and Frutarom Industries Ltd. and the other transactions contemplated by or related to the foregoing.

“**Parent**” means (i) prior to the consummation of the Neptune Acquisition, the Company and (ii) on and after the consummation of the Neptune Acquisition, Icon.

“**Parent Company**” means, with respect to a Lender, the bank holding company (as defined in Federal Reserve Board Regulation Y), if any, of such Lender, or if such Lender does not have a bank holding company, then any corporation, association, partnership or other business entity owning, beneficially or of record, directly or indirectly, a majority of the shares of such Lender.

“**Participant**” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 9.07(d).

“Participant Register” has the meaning specified in Section 9.07(d).

“Patriot Act” means the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001, Pub. L. 107-56, signed into law October 26, 2001, as amended.

“PBGC” means the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (or any successor).

“Permitted Liens” means such of the following as to which no enforcement, collection, execution, levy or foreclosure proceeding shall have been commenced: (a) Liens for Taxes, assessments and governmental charges or levies to the extent not required to be paid under Section 5.01(c); (b) Liens imposed by law, such as materialmen’s, mechanics’, carriers’, workmen’s and repairmen’s Liens and other similar Liens arising in the ordinary course of business securing obligations that are not overdue for a period of more than 60 days or which are being contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings diligently conducted, if adequate reserves with respect thereto are maintained on the books of the applicable Person; (c) pledges or deposits to secure obligations under workers’ compensation, unemployment insurance and other social security laws or similar legislation or to secure public or statutory obligations or to secure the performance of bids, trade contracts, leases, statutory obligations, surety and appeal bonds, performance bonds and other obligations of a like nature in the ordinary course of business; (d) easements, rights of way and other encumbrances on title to real property that do not render title to the real property encumbered thereby unmarketable or materially adversely affect the use of such real property for its present purposes; (e) any netting or set-off arrangement entered into by any Group Member in the ordinary course of its banking arrangements for the purpose of netting debit and credit balances of any Group Member; (f) any Lien arising solely by virtue of the maintenance of a bank account by any Group Member in the ordinary course of business pursuant to the general terms and conditions of the bank with which such account is held; and (g) any Lien arising by operation of law and in the ordinary course of trading.

“Person” means any natural Person, corporation, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, association, company, partnership, Governmental Authority or any political subdivision or agency thereof or other entity.

“Plan” means a Single Employer Plan or a Multiple Employer Plan, which is maintained for employees of the Parent or any ERISA Affiliate.

“Pre-Funded Account” means an account in the name of the Agent or an Affiliate of the Agent.

“Pre-Funding Date” has the meaning specified in Section 3.03.

“PTE” means a prohibited transaction class exemption issued by the U.S. Department of Labor, as any such exemption may be amended from time to time.

“Public Debt Rating” means, as of any date, the rating that has been most recently announced by either S&P or Moody’s, as the case may be, for any class of non-credit enhanced long-term senior unsecured debt issued by Icon or, if any such rating agency shall have issued more than one such

rating, the most recent such rating issued by such rating agency. For purposes of the foregoing, (a) if only one of S&P and Moody's shall have in effect a Public Debt Rating, the Applicable Margin shall be determined by reference to the available rating; (b) if neither S&P nor Moody's shall have in effect a Public Debt Rating, the Applicable Margin will be set in accordance with Level 7 under the definition of "Applicable Margin"; (c) if the ratings established by S&P and Moody's shall fall within different levels, the Applicable Margin shall be based upon the higher rating unless the such ratings differ by two or more levels, in which case the applicable level will be deemed to be one level below the higher of such levels; (d) if any rating established by S&P or Moody's shall be changed, such change shall be effective as of the date on which such change is first announced publicly by the rating agency making such change; and (e) if S&P or Moody's shall change the basis on which ratings are established, each reference to the Public Debt Rating announced by S&P or Moody's, as the case may be, shall refer to the then equivalent rating by S&P or Moody's, as the case may be.

"Qualifying Acquisition" has the meaning specified in Section 5.03.

"Ratable Share" means, with respect to any Lender at any time, the percentage of the total Commitments held by such Lender.

"Reacquisition Sale and Leaseback Transaction" has the meaning specified in Section 5.02(b)(v).

"Recipient" means (a) the Agent and (b) any Lender, as applicable.

"Register" has the meaning specified in Section 9.07(c).

"Regulation U" has the meaning specified in Section 4.01(g).

"Related Parties" means, with respect to any Person, such Person's Affiliates and the partners, directors, officers, employees, agents, trustees, administrators, managers, advisors and representatives of such Person and of such Person's Affiliates.

"Relevant Governmental Body" means the Federal Reserve Board and/or the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or a committee officially endorsed or convened by the Federal Reserve Board and/or the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or any successor thereto.

"Relevant Period" means, as of any date, the four fiscal quarter period of the Parent most recently ended on or as of such date.

"Removal Effective Date" has the meaning specified in Section 8.06(b).

"Required Lenders" means at any time Lenders owed in excess of 50% of the then aggregate unpaid principal amount of the Advances owing to Lenders, or, if no such principal amount is then outstanding, Lenders having in excess of 50% of the Commitments; provided that if the Required Lenders are being determined only with respect to a specific Class, then the Required Lenders of such applicable Class shall be the Lenders owed in excess of 50% of the then aggregate unpaid principal amount of the Advances of such Class owing to such Lenders, or if no principal amount is then outstanding, Lenders having in excess of 50% of the Commitments of such Class; provided, further, that if any Lender shall be a Defaulting Lender at such time, there shall be excluded from the determination of Required Lenders at such time the Commitments of such Lender at such time.

“**Resignation Effective Date**” has the meaning specified in Section 8.06(a).

“**Return Date**” has the meaning specified in Section 3.03.

“**S&P**” means S&P Global Ratings or any successor to its rating agency business.

“**Sanctioned Country**” means, at any time, a country, region or territory with which dealings are broadly restricted or prohibited by Sanctions (currently Crimea, Cuba, Iran, North Korea and Syria).

“**Sanctioned Person**” means, at any time, (a) any Person listed in any Sanctions-related list of designated Persons maintained by the United States government, including the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the U.S. Department of State, or by the United Nations Security Council, the European Union, any EU member state or Her Majesty’s Treasury of the United Kingdom, (b) any Person located, organized or resident in a Sanctioned Country or (c) any other Person with whom dealings are restricted or prohibited by Sanctions (including by reason of ownership or control).

“**Sanctions**” means economic or financial sanctions enforced by the United States government, including the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the U.S. Department of State, the United Nations Security Council, the European Union, any EU member state or Her Majesty’s Treasury of the United Kingdom, including embargoes, export restrictions, the ability to make or receive international payments, the freezing or blocking of assets of targeted Persons, the ability to engage in transactions with specified persons or countries, or the ability to take an ownership interest in assets of specified Persons or located in a specified country, including any laws or regulations threatening to impose economic sanctions on any person for engaging in proscribed behavior.

“**Significant Subsidiary**” means (x) following the consummation of the Neptune Acquisition and prior to its release from its obligations as the “Company” hereunder in accordance with Section 9.21, Nutrition & Biosciences and (y) any Subsidiary of the Parent that would be a “significant subsidiary” of the Company within the meaning of Rule 1-02 under Regulation S-X promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

“**Single Employer Plan**” means any Plan that is subject to Title IV of ERISA, but that is not a Multiemployer Plan or a Multiple Employer Plan.

“**SOFR**” with respect to any day means the secured overnight financing rate published for such day by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as the administrator of the benchmark, (or a successor administrator) on the Federal Reserve Bank of New York’s Website.

“**Solvent**” means (i) the fair value of the assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, at a fair valuation on a going concern basis, exceeds, on a consolidated basis, their Debts and liabilities, subordinated, contingent or otherwise, (ii) the present fair saleable value of the

property of the Company and its Subsidiaries, on a consolidated and going concern basis, is greater than the amount that will be required to pay the probable liability, on a consolidated basis, of their Debts and other liabilities, subordinated, contingent or otherwise, as such Debts and other liabilities become absolute and matured in the ordinary course of business, (iii) the Company and its Subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, are able to pay their Debts and liabilities, subordinated, contingent or otherwise, as such liabilities become absolute and matured in the ordinary course of business, and (iv) the Company and its Subsidiaries are not engaged in businesses, and are not about to engage in businesses for which they have unreasonably small capital. For purposes of this definition, the amount of any contingent liability at any time shall be computed as the amount that, in light of all the facts and circumstances existing as of the applicable date of determination, would reasonably be expected to become an actual and matured liability.

“Special Cash Payment” means the Special Cash Payment (as defined in the Neptune Separation Agreement as in effect on December 15, 2019).

“Specified Representations” means the representations and warranties of, and only with respect to, the Company set forth in Sections 4.01(a), 4.01(b)(i) and (iii) (with respect to subclause (iii), limited to non-contravention of any agreement or instrument evidencing Debt for borrowed money of the Company in a committed or an outstanding aggregate principal amount in excess of \$100,000,000 determined on a pro forma basis giving effect to the Neptune Transactions and without giving effect to any “materiality” qualification with respect thereto), 4.01(d), 4.01(g), 4.01(h), 4.01(l) (limited to the last sentence thereof), 4.01(n) and 4.01(o).

“Subsidiary” of any Person means any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, trust or estate of which (or in which) more than 50% of (a) the issued and outstanding capital stock having ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the Board of Directors of such corporation (irrespective of whether at the time capital stock of any other class or classes of such corporation shall or might have voting power upon the occurrence of any contingency), (b) the interest in the capital or profits of such limited liability company, partnership or joint venture or (c) the beneficial interest in such trust or estate is at the time directly or indirectly owned or controlled by such Person, by such Person and one or more of its other Subsidiaries or by one or more of such Person’s other Subsidiaries.

“Taxes” means all present or future taxes, levies, imposts, duties, deductions, withholdings (including backup withholding), assessments, fees or other charges imposed by any Governmental Authority, including any interest, additions to tax or penalties applicable thereto.

“Term Fee Letter” means the fee letter in respect of, among other things, the unsecured term loan facility contemplated by this Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among the Company, Icon, Morgan Stanley, Credit Suisse Loan Funding LLC and Credit Suisse AG.

“Term SOFR” means the forward-looking term rate based on SOFR that has been selected or recommended by the Relevant Governmental Body.

“Total Credit Exposure” means, as to any Lender at any time, the sum of the aggregate principal amount at such time of its outstanding Advances and Commitments.

“**Type**” refers to the character of an Advance as a Base Rate Advance or a Eurocurrency Rate Advance.

“**U.S. Person**” means any Person that is a “**United States person**” as defined in Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code.

“**U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate**” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.14(g).

“**Unadjusted Benchmark Replacement**” means the Benchmark Replacement excluding the Benchmark Replacement Adjustment.

“**Voting Stock**” means capital stock issued by a corporation, or equivalent interests in any other Person, the holders of which are ordinarily, in the absence of contingencies, entitled to vote for the election of directors (or persons performing similar functions) of such Person, even if the right so to vote has been suspended by the happening of such a contingency.

“**Withholding Agent**” means the Company and Morgan Stanley, as Agent.

Section 1.02. Computation of Time Periods. In this Agreement in the computation of periods of time from a specified date to a later specified date, the word “from” means “from and including” and the words “to” and “until” each mean “to but excluding”.

Section 1.03. Accounting Terms. All accounting terms not specifically defined herein shall be construed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America consistent with those applied in the preparation of the financial statements referred to in Section 4.01(e) (“**GAAP**”). Notwithstanding any other provision contained herein, all terms of an accounting or financial nature used herein shall be construed, and all computations of amounts and ratios referred to herein shall be made (i) without giving effect to any election under Accounting Standards Codification 825-10-25 (or any other Accounting Standards Codification or Financial Accounting Standard having a similar result or effect) to value any Debt or other liabilities of the Company or any Subsidiary thereof at “fair value”, as defined therein, (ii) without giving effect to any treatment of Debt in respect of convertible debt instruments under Accounting Standards Codification 470-20 (or any other Accounting Standards Codification or Financial Accounting Standard having a similar result or effect) to value any such Debt in a reduced or bifurcated manner as described therein, and such Debt shall at all times be valued at the full stated principal amount thereof and (iii) in a manner such that any obligations relating to a lease that was accounted for by a Person as an operating lease as of December 2, 2016 and any similar lease entered into after December 2, 2016 by such Person shall be accounted for as obligations relating to an operating lease and not as a capital lease.

Section 1.04. Pro Forma Calculations. For the purpose of calculating Consolidated EBITDA for any period, if during such period any Group Member shall have made a material acquisition or material disposition (with materiality calculated in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended) (including for the avoidance of doubt, the Neptune Acquisition and the acquisition of Frutarom Industries Ltd. by Icon (as referenced in the definition of “Palate Transactions”)), Consolidated EBITDA shall be calculated giving pro forma effect (in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended) thereto as if such material acquisition or material disposition occurred on the first day of such period.

Section 1.05. Classification of Advances and Borrowings. For purposes of this Agreement, Advances may be classified and referred to by Class (e.g. a “3-Year Tranche Advance”) and/or by Type (e.g., a “Eurodollar 3-Year Tranche Advance”). Borrowings also may be classified and referred to by Class (e.g., a “3-Year Tranche Borrowing”) or by Type (e.g., a “Eurodollar 3-Year Tranche Borrowing”).

Section 1.06. Divisions. For all purposes under the Loan Documents, in connection with any division or plan of division under Delaware law (or any comparable event under a different jurisdiction’s laws): (a) if any asset, right, obligation or liability of any Person becomes the asset, right, obligation or liability of a different Person, then it shall be deemed to have been transferred from the original Person to the subsequent Person, and (b) if any new Person comes into existence, such new Person shall be deemed to have been organized on the first date of its existence by the holders of its equity interests at such time.

Section 1.07. Benchmark Replacement. The Agent does not warrant nor accept any responsibility nor shall the Agent have any liability with respect to (i) any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes, (ii) the administration, submission or any matter relating to the rates in the definition of Eurocurrency Rate or with respect to any rate that is an alternative, comparable or successor rate thereto or (iii) the effect of any of the foregoing.

ARTICLE 2

AMOUNTS AND TERMS OF THE ADVANCES

Section 2.01. The Advances.

(a) Subject to Sections 2.05 and 3.03, and subject to and upon the other terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, each 3-Year Tranche Lender severally agrees to make a 3-Year Tranche Advance to the Company in Dollars on the Closing Date up to an aggregate principal amount not exceeding such Lender’s 3-Year Tranche Commitment. The 3-Year Tranche Commitment of each 3-Year Tranche Lender shall automatically expire on the Closing Date after giving effect to the 3-Year Tranche Advances made pursuant to this Section 2.01(a) on such date (but, with respect to each such 3-Year Tranche Lender, only to the extent that such Lender fulfills its obligation to make such 3-Year Tranche Advances on such date).

(b) Subject to Sections 2.05 and 3.03, and subject to and upon the other terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, each 5-Year Tranche Lender severally agrees to make a 5-Year Tranche Advance to the Company in Dollars on the Closing Date up to an aggregate principal amount not exceeding such Lender’s 5-Year Tranche Commitment. The 5-Year Tranche Commitment of each 5-Year Tranche Lender shall automatically expire on the Closing Date after giving effect to the 5-Year Tranche Advances made pursuant to this Section 2.01(b) on such date (but, with respect to each such 5-Year Tranche Lender, only to the extent that such 5-Year Tranche Lender fulfills its obligation to make such 5-Year Tranche Advances on such date).

(c) Except as provided for in Section 3.03, Advances made under this Section 2.01 and paid or prepaid may not be reborrowed.

Section 2.02. Making the Advances. (a) Each Borrowing shall be made on notice, given not later than (x) 1:00 P.M. (New York City time) on the second Business Day prior to either the Closing Date or (if applicable) the Pre-Funding Date, in the case of a Eurocurrency Rate Advance, or (y) noon (New York City time) on the Business Day prior to either the Closing Date or (if applicable) the Pre-Funding Date, in the case of a Base Rate Advance, by the Company to the Agent, which shall give to each Lender prompt notice thereof. Each such notice of a Borrowing (a “**Notice of Borrowing**”) shall be in writing, via email or telecopier, in substantially the form of Exhibit B hereto, specifying therein the requested (i) date of such Borrowing, (ii) Type of Advances comprising such Borrowing, (iii) the Class of Advances comprising such Borrowing, (iv) aggregate amount of such Borrowing, and (v) in the case of a Borrowing consisting of Eurocurrency Rate Advances, the initial Interest Period for each such Advance. Each Lender shall, before 1:00 P.M. (New York City time) on the date of such Borrowing, make available for the account of its Applicable Lending Office to the Agent at the applicable Agent’s Account, in same day funds, such Lender’s ratable portion of such Borrowing in accordance with the respective Commitment of such Lender. After the Agent’s receipt of such funds and upon fulfillment of the applicable conditions set forth in Section 3.02, subject to Section 3.03 (if applicable), the Agent will make such funds available to the Company at the Agent’s address referred to in Section 9.02 or at the applicable Payment Office, as the case may be.

(b) [Reserved]

(c) Anything in subsection (a) above to the contrary notwithstanding, (i) the Company may not select Eurocurrency Rate Advances for any Borrowing if the aggregate amount of such Borrowing is less than \$10,000,000 or is not in an integral multiple of \$1,000,000 in excess thereof, or if the obligation of the Lenders to make Eurocurrency Rate Advances shall then be suspended pursuant to Section 2.08 or 2.12 and (ii) the Eurocurrency Rate Advances may not be outstanding as part of more than six separate Borrowings.

(d) Each Notice of Borrowing shall be irrevocable and binding on the Company; provided however, that any Notice of Borrowing may be conditioned on the occurrence of any event, in which case such notice may be revoked by the Company (by notice delivered to the Agent on or prior to the date of the proposed Borrowing (whether into the Pre-Funded Account pursuant to Section 3.03 or otherwise)) if such condition is not satisfied (it being understood that any revocation of a Notice of Borrowing shall be subject to the provisions in the succeeding sentence). In the case of a Borrowing that the related Notice of Borrowing specifies is to be comprised of Eurocurrency Rate Advances, the Company shall indemnify each Lender against any loss, cost or expense incurred by such Lender as a result of any failure to fulfill on or before the date specified in such Notice of Borrowing for such Borrowing the applicable conditions set forth in Section 3.02, including, without limitation, any loss (excluding any loss of profits), cost or expense incurred by reason of the liquidation or redeployment of deposits or other funds acquired by such Lender to fund the Advance to be made by such Lender as part of such Borrowing when such Advance, as a result of such failure, is not made on such date.

(e) Unless the Agent shall have received notice from a Lender prior to the time of any Borrowing that such Lender will not make available to the Agent such Lender's ratable portion of such Borrowing, the Agent may assume that such Lender has made such portion available to the Agent on the date of such Borrowing in accordance with this Section 2.02, and the Agent may, in reliance upon such assumption, make available to the Company on such date a corresponding amount. If and to the extent that such Lender shall not have so made such ratable portion available to the Agent, such Lender and the Company severally agree to repay to the Agent forthwith on demand such corresponding amount together with interest thereon, for each day from the date such amount is made available to the Company until the date such amount is repaid to the Agent, at (i) in the case of the Company, the higher of the interest rate applicable at the time to the Advances comprising such Borrowing and the cost of funds incurred by the Agent in respect of such amount and (ii) in the case of such Lender, the higher of the Federal Funds Rate and the cost of funds incurred by the Agent in respect of such amount, plus any administrative, processing or similar fees customarily charged by the Agent in connection with the foregoing. If such Lender shall repay to the Agent such corresponding amount, such amount so repaid shall constitute such Lender's Advance as part of such Borrowing for purposes of this Agreement.

(f) [Reserved]

(g) The failure of any Lender to make the Advances to be made by it as part of any Borrowing shall not relieve any other Lender of its obligation, if any, hereunder to make its Advance on the date of such Borrowing, but no Lender shall be responsible for the failure of any other Lender to make the Advance to be made by such other Lender on the date of any Borrowing.

Section 2.03. [Reserved].

Section 2.04. Fees. (a) *Commitment Fees.* The Company agrees to pay or cause to be paid to the Agent for the ratable account of each Lender a commitment fee equal to 0.150% per annum times the actual daily undrawn Commitments (as such amounts shall be adjusted to give effect to any reductions of the Commitments pursuant to Section 2.05), which fees will accrue during the period commencing on March 14, 2020 and ending on and including the earlier of (x) the Closing Date and (y) the date of termination of the Commitments, payable in arrears on the earlier of the Closing Date and the date of termination of the Commitments; provided that no Defaulting Lender shall be entitled to receive any commitment fee for any period during which that Lender is a Defaulting Lender (and the Company shall not be required to pay such fee that otherwise would have been required to have been paid to that Defaulting Lender).

(b) *Agent's Fees.* The Company shall pay to the Agent for its own account such fees as may from time to time be agreed between the Company and the Agent, including such fees indicated in the Term Fee Letter.

Section 2.05. Termination or Reduction of the Commitments. (a) The Company shall have the right, upon at least one Business Day's notice to the Agent, to terminate in whole or permanently reduce ratably in part the unused portions of Commitments of any Class of the Lenders under this

Agreement; provided that each partial reduction (x) shall be in the minimum aggregate amount of \$10,000,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000,000 in excess thereof and (y) shall be made ratably among the Lenders in accordance with their Commitments of such Class; provided further, that any notice of termination or reduction by the Company may be conditioned on the occurrence of any event, in which case such notice may be revoked by the Company (by notice delivered to the Agent on or prior to the date of the proposed termination or reduction) if such condition is not satisfied.

(b) The Company shall have the right, at any time, upon at least three Business Days' notice to a Defaulting Lender (with a copy to the Agent), to terminate in whole such Defaulting Lender's Commitment under this Section 2.05(b), provided the Company will pay all principal of, and interest accrued to the date of such payment on, Advances owing to such Defaulting Lender and pay any accrued commitment fee payable to such Defaulting Lender pursuant to Section 2.04(a) and all other amounts payable to such Defaulting Lender hereunder (including but not limited to any increased costs, additional interest or other amounts owing under Section 2.11, any indemnification for taxes under Section 2.14, and any compensation payments due as provided in Section 9.04(c); and upon such payments, the obligations of such Defaulting Lender hereunder shall, by the provisions hereof, be released and discharged; provided, however, that (i) such Defaulting Lender's rights under Sections 2.11, 2.14 and 9.04 and its obligations under Section 9.04 shall survive such release and discharge as to matters occurring prior to such date and (ii) no claim that the Company may have against such Defaulting Lender arising out of such Defaulting Lender's default hereunder shall be released or impaired in any way, and the aggregate amount of the Commitments of the Lenders once reduced pursuant this Section 2.05(b) may not be reinstated; provided, further, however, that if pursuant to this Section 2.05(b), the Company shall pay to a Defaulting Lender any principal of, or interest accrued on, the Advances of any Class owing to such Defaulting Lender, then the Company shall pay or cause to be paid a ratable payment of principal and interest to all Lenders with Advances of such Class who are not Defaulting Lenders.

(c) The aggregate Commitments hereunder shall be permanently reduced to zero on the earliest of (i) the consummation of the Neptune Acquisition without using any Advances under this Agreement, (ii) the date on which the Neptune Acquisition Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms without the closing of the Neptune Acquisition, (iii) receipt by the Agent of written notice from the Company of its election to terminate all Commitments hereunder in full pursuant to Section 2.05(a) above and (iv) 11:59 P.M. (New York City time) on March 15, 2021, (or if the Initial Outside Date (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement as in effect on December 15, 2019) shall have been extended to a date not later than 11:59 P.M. (New York City time) on June 15, 2021 as provided in Section 10.1(c) of the Neptune Acquisition Agreement as in effect on December 15, 2019, then on such Extended Outside Date (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement)) (the "**Commitment Termination Date**").

Section 2.06. Repayment of Advances; Amortization.

(a) The Company shall repay on the 3-Year Tranche Maturity Date to the Agent for the ratable account of the 3-Year Tranche Lenders the aggregate principal amount of all unpaid 3-Year Tranche Advances made to the Company outstanding on such date.

(b) Following the third anniversary of the Closing Date, the Company shall repay the 5-Year Tranche Advances to the Agent for the ratable account of the 5-Year Tranche Lenders (which repayments shall be adjusted from time to time pursuant to Section 2.10(a)), each such repayment to be made on the last Business Day of each March, June, September and December, in an aggregate principal amount equal to 2.5% of the 5-Year Tranche Advances funded on the Closing Date (or, if applicable, the Pre-Funding Date). The Company shall repay on the 5-Year Tranche Maturity Date to the Agent for the ratable account of the 5-Year Tranche Lenders the aggregate principal amount of all unpaid 5-Year Tranche Advances made to the Company outstanding on such date.

Section 2.07. Interest on Advances. (a) *Scheduled Interest.* The Company shall pay interest on the unpaid principal amount of each Advance made to it and owing to each Lender from the date of such Advance until such principal amount shall be paid in full, at the following rates per annum:

(i) *Base Rate Advances.* During such periods as such Advance is a Base Rate Advance, a rate per annum equal at all times to the sum of (x) the Base Rate in effect from time to time plus (y) the Applicable Margin for Base Rate Advances in effect from time to time, payable in arrears quarterly on the last day of each March, June, September and December during such periods and on the date such Base Rate Advance shall be Converted or paid in full.

(ii) *Eurocurrency Rate Advances.* During such periods as such Advance is a Eurocurrency Rate Advance, a rate per annum equal at all times during each Interest Period for such Advance to the sum of (x) the Eurocurrency Rate for such Interest Period for such Advance plus (y) the Applicable Margin for Eurocurrency Rate Advances in effect from time to time, payable in arrears on the last day of such Interest Period and, if such Interest Period has a duration of more than three months, on each day that occurs during such Interest Period every three months from the first day of such Interest Period and on the date such Eurocurrency Rate Advance shall be Converted or such Advance shall be paid in full.

(b) *Default Interest.* Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default under Section 6.01(a), the Agent may, and upon the request of the Required Lenders shall, require the Company to pay interest (“**Default Interest**”) on (i) the unpaid principal amount of each overdue Advance owing to each Lender, payable in arrears on the dates referred to in clause (a)(i) or (a)(ii) above, at a rate per annum equal at all times to 2% per annum above the rate per annum required to be paid on such Advance pursuant to clause (a)(i) or (a)(ii) above and (ii) to the fullest extent permitted by law, the amount of any interest, fee or other amount payable hereunder that is not paid when due, from the date such amount shall be due until such amount shall be paid in full, payable in arrears on the date such amount shall be paid in full and on demand, at a rate per annum equal at all times to 2% per annum above the rate per annum required to be paid on Base Rate Advances pursuant to clause (a)(i) above; provided, however, that following acceleration of the Advances pursuant to Section 6.01, Default Interest shall accrue and be payable hereunder whether or not previously required by the Agent.

Section 2.08. Interest Rate Determination. (a) The Agent shall give prompt notice to the Company and the Lenders of the applicable interest rate determined by the Agent for purposes of Section 2.07(a)(i) or (ii).

(b) If, with respect to any Eurocurrency Rate Advances, the Agent determines, or the Required Lenders notify the Agent, that the Eurocurrency Rate for any Interest Period for such Advances (1) will not adequately reflect the cost to the Lenders of making, funding or maintaining their Eurocurrency Rate Advances for such Interest Period, (2) Dollar deposits are not being offered to banks in the London interbank market for the applicable amount and Interest Period of any applicable Eurocurrency Rate Advance or (3) adequate and reasonable means do not exist for determining the Eurocurrency Rate for any requested Interest Period with respect to a proposed Eurocurrency Rate Advance, the Agent shall forthwith so notify the Company and the Lenders, whereupon (i) the Company will, on the last day of the then existing Interest Period therefor, either (x) prepay such Advances or (y) Convert such Advances into Base Rate Advances and (ii) the obligation of the Lenders to make, or to Convert Advances into, Eurocurrency Rate Advances shall be suspended until the Agent shall notify the Company and the Lenders that the circumstances causing such suspension no longer exist, in each case, subject to Section 9.04(c).

(c) If the Company shall fail to select the duration of any Interest Period for any Eurocurrency Rate Advances in accordance with the provisions contained in the definition of “**Interest Period**” in Section 1.01, the Agent will forthwith so notify the Company and the Lenders and such Advances will automatically, on the last day of the then existing Interest Period therefor, Convert into Base Rate Advances.

(d) [Reserved].

(e) Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any Event of Default, (i) each Eurocurrency Rate Advance will automatically, on the last day of the then existing Interest Period therefore, be Converted into Base Rate Advances and (ii) the obligation of the Lenders to make, or to Convert Advances into, Eurocurrency Rate Advances shall be suspended.

(f) If the LIBOR Screen Rate is unavailable, subject to Section 2.22 below,

(i) the Agent shall forthwith notify the Company and the Lenders that the interest rate cannot be determined for such Eurocurrency Rate Advances,

(ii) each such Advance will automatically, on the last day of the then existing Interest Period therefor, (A) Convert into a Base Rate Advance, and

(iii) the obligation of the Lenders to make Eurocurrency Rate Advances or to Convert Advances into Eurocurrency Rate Advances shall be suspended until the Agent shall notify the Company and the Lenders that the circumstances causing such suspension no longer exist.

Section 2.09. Optional Conversion of Advances. The Company may on any Business Day, upon notice given to the Agent not later than 1:00 P.M. (New York City time) on the third Business Day prior to the date of the proposed Conversion and subject to the provisions of Sections 2.08 and 2.12, Convert all Advances of one Type and one Class comprising the same Borrowing into Advances of the other Type of the same Class; provided, however, that (1) any Conversion of Eurocurrency Rate Advances into Base Rate Advances shall be made only on the last day of an Interest Period for such Eurocurrency Rate Advances, (2) any Conversion of Base Rate Advances into Eurocurrency Rate Advances shall be in an amount not less than

\$10,000,000 or in an integral multiple of \$1,000,000 in excess thereof, (3) no Conversion of any Advances shall result in more separate Borrowings than permitted under Section 2.02(c) and (4) each Conversion of Advances comprising part of the same Borrowing shall be made ratably among the Lenders with Advances comprising such Borrowing. Each such notice of a Conversion shall, within the restrictions specified above, specify (i) the date of such Conversion, (ii) the Advances to be Converted, and (iii) if such Conversion is into Eurocurrency Rate Advances, the duration of the initial Interest Period for each such Advance. Each notice of Conversion shall be irrevocable and binding on the Company giving such notice.

Section 2.10. Prepayments of Advances. The Company may, upon notice not later than 11:00 A.M. (New York City time) one Business Day prior to the date of such prepayment, to the Agent stating the proposed date and aggregate principal amount of the prepayment, and if such notice is given the Company shall, prepay the outstanding principal amount of the Advances of any Class comprising part of the same Borrowing in whole or ratably in part, together with accrued interest to the date of such prepayment on the principal amount prepaid; provided, however, that (x) each partial prepayment of Advances shall be in an aggregate principal amount of not less than \$10,000,000 or a multiple of \$1,000,000 in excess thereof, and (y) in the event of any such prepayment of a Eurocurrency Rate Advance, the Company shall be obligated to reimburse the Lenders in respect of any such Borrowing pursuant to Section 9.04(c) for any such prepayment other than on the last day of the Interest Period for such Advance. Optional prepayments shall be applied to Advances (and, in the case of 5-Year Tranche Advances, to amortization payments thereof) as directed by the Company, and absent any direction, shall be applied (x) to 3-Year Tranche Advances and 5-Year Tranche Advances *pro rata* and (y) in the case of 5-Year Tranche Advances, to the amortization payments required by Section 2.06 in direct order of maturity. Any notice of prepayment by the Company may be conditioned on the occurrence of any event, in which case such notice may be revoked by the Company (by notice delivered to the Agent on or prior to the date of the proposed prepayment) if such condition is not satisfied. The Company shall indemnify each Lender against any loss, cost or expense incurred by such Lender as a result of any failure to fulfill on or before the date specified in such notice of prepayment the applicable conditions set forth therein, including, without limitation, any loss (excluding any loss of profits), cost or expense incurred by reason of the liquidation or reemployment of deposits or other funds acquired by such Lender in anticipation of such prepayment, as a result of such failure, is not made on such date.

Section 2.11. Increased Costs. (a) *Increased Costs Generally.* If any Change in Law shall:

(i) impose, modify or deem applicable any reserve, special deposit, compulsory loan, insurance charge or similar requirement against assets of, deposits with or for the account of, or credit extended or participated in by, any Lender (except any reserve requirement reflected in the Eurocurrency Rate);

(ii) subject any Recipient to any Taxes (other than (A) Indemnified Taxes, (B) Taxes described in clauses (b) through (d) of the definition of Excluded Taxes and (C) Connection Income Taxes) on its loans, loan principal, letters of credit, commitments, or other obligations, or its deposits, reserves, other liabilities or capital attributable thereto; or

(iii) impose on any Lender or the London interbank market any other condition, cost or expense (other than Taxes) affecting this Agreement or Advances made by such Lender;

and the result of any of the foregoing shall be to increase the cost to such Lender or such other Recipient of making, converting to, continuing or maintaining any Advance or of maintaining its obligation to make any such Advance, or to reduce the amount of any sum received or receivable by such Lender or other Recipient hereunder (whether of principal, interest or any other amount) then, upon written request of such Lender or other Recipient, the Company will pay to such Lender or other Recipient, as the case may be, such additional amount or amounts as will compensate such Lender or other Recipient, as the case may be, for such additional costs incurred or reduction suffered.

(b) *Capital Requirements.* If any Lender reasonably determines that any Change in Law affecting such Lender or any lending office of such Lender or such Lender's holding company, if any, regarding capital or liquidity requirements, has or would have the effect of reducing the rate of return on such Lender's capital or on the capital of such Lender's holding company, if any, as a consequence of this Agreement, the Commitments of such Lender or the Advances made by such Lender, to a level below that which such Lender or such Lender's holding company could have achieved but for such Change in Law (taking into consideration such Lender's and the policies of such Lender's holding company with respect to capital adequacy and liquidity), then from time to time the Company will pay to such Lender such additional amount or amounts as will compensate such Lender or such Lender's holding company for any such reduction suffered.

(c) *Certificates for Reimbursement.* A certificate of a Lender or other Recipient setting forth the amount or amounts necessary to compensate such Lender or its holding company, as the case may be, and demonstrating in reasonable detail the calculations used, as specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section and delivered to the Company, shall be conclusive absent manifest error. In preparation of any certificate by a Lender or other Recipient under this subsection (c), such Person shall not be required to disclose any information that such Person reasonably deems to be confidential or proprietary. The Company shall pay such Lender or Recipient, as the case may be, the amount shown as due on any such certificate within 10 days after receipt thereof.

(d) *Delay in Requests.* Failure or delay on the part of any Lender or other Recipient to demand compensation pursuant to this Section shall not constitute a waiver of such Lender's or other Recipient's right to demand such compensation; provided that the Company shall not be required to compensate a Lender or other Recipient pursuant to this Section for any increased costs incurred or reductions suffered more than 180 days prior to the date that such Lender or other Recipient, as the case may be, notifies the Company of the Change in Law giving rise to such increased costs or reductions, and of such Lender's or other Recipient's intention to claim compensation therefor (except that, if the Change in Law giving rise to such increased costs or reductions is retroactive, then the 180-day period referred to above shall be extended to include the period of retroactive effect thereof).

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 2.11, no Lender shall demand compensation for any increased cost or reduction pursuant to this Section 2.11 if it shall not at the time be the general policy or practice of such Lender to demand such compensation in similar circumstances under comparable provisions of other credit agreements with similarly situated borrowers.

Section 2.12. Illegality. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any Lender shall notify the Agent that the introduction of or any change in or in the interpretation of any law or regulation makes it unlawful, or any central bank or other Governmental Authority asserts that it is unlawful, for any Lender or its Eurocurrency Lending Office to perform its obligations hereunder to make Eurocurrency Rate Advances or to fund or maintain Eurocurrency Rate Advances, (a) each Eurocurrency Rate Advance will automatically, upon such demand, be Converted into a Base Rate Advance and (b) the obligation of the Lenders to make Eurocurrency Rate Advances or to Convert Advances into Eurocurrency Rate Advances shall be suspended until the Agent shall notify the Company and the Lenders that the circumstances causing such suspension no longer exist; provided, however, that before making any such demand, each Lender agrees to use reasonable efforts (consistent with its internal policy and legal and regulatory restrictions) to designate a different Eurocurrency Lending Office if the making of such a designation would allow such Lender or its Eurocurrency Lending Office to continue to perform its obligations to make Eurocurrency Rate Advances or to continue to fund or maintain Eurocurrency Rate Advances and would not, in the judgment of such Lender, be otherwise disadvantageous to such Lender.

Section 2.13. Payments and Computations. (a) The Company shall make each payment hereunder, irrespective of any right of counterclaim or set-off, not later than 11:00 A.M. (New York City time) on the day when due to the Agent at the applicable Agent's Account in same day funds. The Agent will promptly thereafter cause to be distributed like funds relating to the payment of principal or interest or fees ratably (other than amounts payable pursuant to Section 2.11, 2.14 or 9.04(c)) to the applicable Lenders for the account of their respective Applicable Lending Offices, and like funds relating to the payment of any other amount payable to such Lender for the account of its Applicable Lending Office, in each case to be applied in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. Upon its acceptance of an Assignment and Assumption and recording of the information contained therein in the Register pursuant to Section 9.07(c), from and after the effective date specified in such Assignment and Assumption, the Agent shall make all payments hereunder and under the Notes in respect of the interest assigned thereby to the Lender assignee thereunder, and the parties to such Assignment and Assumption shall make all appropriate adjustments in such payments for periods prior to such effective date directly between themselves.

(b) All computations of interest based on clause (a) of the definition of Base Rate shall be made by the Agent on the basis of a year of 365 or 366 days, as the case may be, and all other computations of interest and of fees shall be made by the Agent on the basis of a year of 360 days, in each case for the actual number of days (including the first day but excluding the last day) occurring in the period for which such interest or fees are payable. Each determination by the Agent of an interest rate hereunder shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error.

(c) Whenever any payment hereunder or under the Notes shall be stated to be due on a day other than a Business Day, such payment shall be made on the next succeeding Business Day, and such extension of time shall in such case be included in the computation of payment of interest or fee, as the case may be; provided, however, that, if such extension would cause payment of interest on or principal of Eurocurrency Rate Advances to be made in the next following calendar month, such payment shall be made on the next preceding Business Day.

(d) Unless the Agent shall have received notice from the Company prior to the date on which any payment is due to the Lenders hereunder that the Company will not make such payment in full, the Agent may assume that the Company has made such payment in full to the Agent on such date and the Agent may, in reliance upon such assumption, cause to be distributed to each Lender on such due date an amount equal to the amount then due such Lender. If and to the extent the Company shall not have so made such payment in full to the Agent, each Lender shall repay to the Agent forthwith on demand such amount distributed to such Lender together with interest thereon, for each day from the date such amount is distributed to such Lender until the date such Lender repays such amount to the Agent, at the higher of the Federal Funds Rate and the cost of funds incurred by the Agent in respect of such amount, plus any administrative, processing or similar fees customarily charge by the Agent in connection with the foregoing.

Section 2.14. Taxes. (a) [Reserved].

(b) *Payments Free of Taxes.* Any and all payments by or on account of any obligation the Company under any Loan Document shall be made without deduction or withholding for any Taxes, except as required by applicable law. If any applicable law (as determined in the good faith discretion of an applicable Withholding Agent) requires the deduction or withholding of any Tax from any such payment by a Withholding Agent, then the applicable Withholding Agent shall be entitled to make such deduction or withholding and shall timely pay the full amount deducted or withheld to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with applicable law and, if such Tax is an Indemnified Tax, then the sum payable by the Company shall be increased as necessary so that after such deduction or withholding has been made (including such deductions and withholdings applicable to additional sums payable under this Section) the applicable Recipient receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no such deduction or withholding been made.

(c) *Payment of Other Taxes by the Company.* The Company shall timely pay to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with applicable law, or at the option of the Agent timely reimburse it for the payment of, any Other Taxes.

(d) *Indemnification by the Company.* The Company shall indemnify each Recipient, within 10 days after demand therefor, for the full amount of any Indemnified Taxes (including Indemnified Taxes imposed or asserted on or attributable to amounts payable under this Section) payable or paid by such Recipient or required to be withheld or deducted from a payment to such Recipient and any reasonable expenses arising therefrom or with respect thereto, whether or not such Indemnified Taxes were correctly or legally imposed or asserted by the relevant Governmental Authority. A certificate as to the amount of such payment or liability delivered to the Company by a Lender (with a copy to the Agent), or by the Agent on its own behalf or on behalf of a Lender, shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

(e) *Indemnification by the Lenders.* Each Lender shall severally indemnify the Agent, within 10 days after demand therefor, for (i) any Indemnified Taxes attributable to such Lender (but only to the extent that the Company has not already indemnified the Agent for such Indemnified Taxes and without limiting the obligation of the Company to do so), (ii) any Taxes attributable to such Lender's failure to comply with the provisions of Section 9.07(d) relating to the maintenance of a Participant Register and (iii) any Excluded Taxes attributable to such Lender, in each case, that are payable or paid by the Agent in connection with any Loan Document, and any reasonable expenses arising therefrom or with respect thereto, whether or not such Taxes were correctly or legally imposed or asserted by the relevant Governmental Authority. A certificate as to the amount of such payment or liability delivered to any Lender by the Agent shall be conclusive absent manifest error. Each Lender hereby authorizes the Agent to set off and apply any and all amounts at any time owing to such Lender under any Loan Document or otherwise payable by the Agent to the Lender from any other source against any amount due to the Agent under this paragraph (e).

(f) *Evidence of Payments.* As soon as practicable after any payment of Taxes by the Company to a Governmental Authority pursuant to this Section 2.14, the Company shall deliver to the Agent the original or a certified copy of a receipt issued by such Governmental Authority evidencing such payment, a copy of the return reporting such payment or other evidence of such payment reasonably satisfactory to the Agent.

(g) *Status of Lenders.* (i) Any Lender that is entitled to an exemption from or reduction of withholding Tax with respect to payments made under any Loan Document shall deliver to the Company and the Agent, at the time or times reasonably requested by the Company or the Agent, such properly completed and executed documentation reasonably requested by the Company or the Agent as will permit such payments to be made without withholding or at a reduced rate of withholding. In addition, any Lender, if reasonably requested by the Company or the Agent, shall deliver such other documentation prescribed by applicable law or reasonably requested by the Company or the Agent as will enable the Company or the Agent to determine whether or not such Lender is subject to backup withholding or information reporting requirements. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the preceding two sentences, the completion, execution and submission of such documentation (other than such documentation set forth in Section 2.14(g)(ii)(A) and (ii)(B) below) shall not be required if in the Lender's reasonable judgment such completion, execution or submission would subject such Lender to any material unreimbursed cost or expense or would materially prejudice the legal or commercial position of such Lender.

(ii) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing,

(A) any Lender that is a U.S. Person shall deliver to the Company and the Agent on or prior to the date on which such Lender becomes a Lender under this Agreement (and from time to time thereafter upon the reasonable request of the Company or the Agent), executed originals of IRS Form W-9 certifying that such Lender is exempt from U.S. federal backup withholding tax;

(B) any Foreign Lender shall, to the extent it is legally entitled to do so, deliver to the Company and the Agent (in such number of copies as shall be requested by the recipient) on or prior to the date on which such Foreign Lender becomes a Lender under this Agreement (and from time to time thereafter upon the reasonable request of the Company or the Agent), whichever of the following is applicable:

(1) in the case of a Foreign Lender claiming the benefits of an income tax treaty to which the United States is a party (x) with respect to payments of interest under any Loan Document, executed originals of IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable, establishing an exemption from, or reduction of, U.S. federal withholding Tax pursuant to the “**interest**” article of such tax treaty and (y) with respect to any other applicable payments under any Loan Document, IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable, establishing an exemption from, or reduction of, U.S. federal withholding Tax pursuant to the “**business profits**” or “**other income**” article of such tax treaty;

(2) executed originals of IRS Form W-8ECI;

(3) in the case of a Foreign Lender claiming the benefits of the exemption for portfolio interest under Section 881(c) of the Code, (x) a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit D-1 to the effect that such Foreign Lender is not a “**bank**” within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code, a “**10 percent shareholder**” of the Company within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(B) of the Code, or a “**controlled foreign corporation**” described in Section 881(c)(3)(C) of the Code (a “**U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate**”) and (y) executed originals of IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable; or

(4) to the extent a Foreign Lender is not the beneficial owner, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles, executed originals of IRS Form W-8IMY, accompanied by IRS Form W-8ECI, IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable, a U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit D-2 or Exhibit D-3, IRS Form W-9, and/or other certification documents from each beneficial owner, as applicable; provided that if the Foreign Lender is a partnership and one or more direct or indirect partners of such Foreign Lender are claiming the portfolio interest exemption, such Foreign Lender may provide a U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit D-4 on behalf of each such direct and indirect partner;

(C) any Foreign Lender shall, to the extent it is legally entitled to do so, deliver to the Company and the Agent (in such number of copies as shall be requested by the recipient) on or prior to the date on which such Foreign Lender becomes a Lender under this Agreement (and from time to time thereafter upon the reasonable request of the Company or the Agent), executed originals of any other form prescribed by applicable law as a basis for claiming exemption from or a reduction in U.S. federal withholding Tax, duly completed, together with such supplementary documentation as may be prescribed by applicable law to permit the Company or the Agent to determine the withholding or deduction required to be made; and

(D) if a payment made to a Lender under any Loan Document would be subject to U.S. federal withholding Tax imposed by FATCA if such Lender were to fail to comply with the applicable reporting requirements of FATCA (including those contained in Section 1471(b) or 1472(b) of the Code, as applicable), such Lender shall deliver to the Company and the Agent at the time or times prescribed by law and at such time or times reasonably requested by the Company or the Agent such documentation prescribed by applicable law (including as prescribed by Section 1471(b)(3)(C)(i) of the Code) and such additional documentation reasonably requested by the Company or the Agent as may be necessary for the Company and the Agent to comply with their obligations under FATCA and to determine that such Lender has complied with such Lender's obligations under FATCA or to determine the amount to deduct and withhold from such payment. Solely for purposes of this clause (D), "FATCA" shall include any amendments made to FATCA after the date of this Agreement.

Each Lender agrees that if any form or certification it previously delivered expires or becomes obsolete or inaccurate in any respect, it shall update such form or certification or promptly notify the Company and the Agent in writing of its legal inability to do so.

(h) *Treatment of Certain Refunds.* If any party determines, in its sole discretion exercised in good faith, that it has received a refund of any Taxes as to which it has been indemnified pursuant to this Section 2.14 (including by the payment of additional amounts pursuant to this Section 2.14), it shall pay to the indemnifying party an amount equal to such refund (but only to the extent of indemnity payments made under this Section with respect to the Taxes giving rise to such refund), net of all out-of-pocket expenses (including Taxes) of such indemnified party and without interest (other than any interest paid by the relevant Governmental Authority with respect to such refund). Such indemnifying party, upon the request of such indemnified party, shall repay to such indemnified party the amount paid over pursuant to this paragraph (h) (plus any penalties, interest or other charges imposed by the relevant Governmental Authority) in the event that such indemnified party is required to repay such refund to such Governmental Authority. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this paragraph (h), in no event will the indemnified party be required to pay any amount to an indemnifying party pursuant to this paragraph (h) the payment of which would place the indemnified party in a less favorable net after-Tax position than the indemnified party would have been in if the indemnification payments or additional amounts giving rise to such refund had never been paid. This paragraph shall not be construed to require any indemnified party to make available its Tax returns (or any other information relating to its Taxes that it deems confidential) to the indemnifying party or any other Person.

Section 2.15. Sharing of Payments, Etc. If any Lender shall, by exercising any right of setoff or counterclaim or otherwise, obtain payment in respect of any principal of or interest on any of its Advances of any Class or other obligations hereunder resulting in such Lender receiving payment of a proportion of the aggregate amount of its Advances of such Class and accrued interest thereon or other such obligations greater than its pro rata share thereof as provided herein, then the Lender receiving such greater proportion shall (a) notify the Agent of such fact, and (b) purchase (for cash at face value) participations in the Advances of such Class and such other obligations of the other Lenders, or make such other adjustments as shall be equitable, so that the benefit of all such payments shall be shared by the Lenders of such Class ratably in accordance with the aggregate amount of principal of and accrued interest on their respective Advances of such Class and other amounts owing them; provided that

(a) so long as the Advances of such Class shall not have become due and payable pursuant to Section 6.01, any excess payment received by any Lender of such Class shall be shared on a pro rata basis only with other Lenders of such Class;

(i) if any such participations are purchased and all or any portion of the payment giving rise thereto is recovered, such participations shall be rescinded and the purchase price restored to the extent of such recovery, without interest; and

(ii) the provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to apply to (x) any payment made by the Company pursuant to and in accordance with the express terms of this Agreement (including the application of funds arising from the existence of a Defaulting Lender), or (y) any payment obtained by a Lender as consideration for the assignment of or sale of a participation in any of its Advances of such Class to any assignee or participant, other than to the Company or any Subsidiary thereof (as to which the provisions of this paragraph shall apply).

The Company consents to the foregoing and agrees, to the extent it may effectively do so under applicable law, that any Lender acquiring a participation pursuant to the foregoing arrangements may exercise against the Company rights of setoff and counterclaim with respect to such participation as fully as if such Lender were a direct creditor of each Company in the amount of such participation

Section 2.16. Evidence of Debt. (a) Each Lender shall maintain in accordance with its usual practice an account or accounts evidencing the indebtedness of the Company to such Lender resulting from each Advance owing to such Lender from time to time, including the amounts of principal and interest payable and paid to such Lender from time to time hereunder in respect of Advances. The Company agrees that (i) upon notice by any 3-Year Tranche Lender to the Company (with a copy of such notice to the Agent) to the effect that a 3-Year Tranche Note is required or appropriate in order for such Lender to evidence (whether for purposes of pledge, enforcement or otherwise) the 3-Year Tranche Advances owing to, or to be made by, such 3-Year Tranche Lender, the Company shall promptly execute and deliver to such 3-Year Tranche Lender a 3-Year Tranche Note payable to such 3-Year Tranche Lender in a principal amount up to the 3-Year Tranche Commitment of such 3-Year Tranche Lender and (ii) upon notice by any 5-Year Tranche Lender to the Company (with a copy of such notice to the Agent) to the effect that a 5-Year Tranche Note is required or appropriate in order for such Lender to evidence (whether for purposes of pledge, enforcement or otherwise) the 5-Year Tranche Advances owing to, or to be made by, such 5-Year Tranche Lender, the Company shall promptly execute and deliver to such 5-Year Tranche Lender a 5-Year Tranche Note payable to such 5-Year Tranche Lender in a principal amount up to the 5-Year Tranche Commitment of such 5-Year Tranche Lender.

(b) The Register maintained by the Agent pursuant to Section 9.07(c) shall include a control account, and a subsidiary account for each Lender, in which accounts (taken together) shall be recorded (i) the date and amount of each Borrowing made hereunder, the Type and Class of Advances comprising such Borrowing and, if appropriate, the Interest Period applicable thereto, (ii) the terms of each Assumption Agreement and each

Assignment and Assumption delivered to and accepted by it, (iii) the amount of any principal or interest due and payable or to become due and payable from the Company to each Lender hereunder with respect to each Class of Advances and (iv) the amount of any sum received by the Agent from the Company hereunder with respect to each Class of Advances and each applicable Lender's share thereof.

(c) Entries made in good faith by the Agent in the Register pursuant to subsection (b) above, and by each Lender in its account or accounts pursuant to subsection (a) above, shall be prima facie evidence of the amount of principal and interest due and payable or to become due and payable from the Company to, in the case of the Register, each Lender and, in the case of such account or accounts, such Lender, under this Agreement, absent manifest error; provided, however, that the failure of the Agent or such Lender to make an entry, or any finding that an entry is incorrect, in the Register or such account or accounts shall not limit or otherwise affect the obligations of the Company under this Agreement.

Section 2.17. Use of Proceeds. The proceeds of the Advances shall be used solely to finance, in part, the Special Cash Payment and the payment of fees and expenses in connection therewith.

Section 2.18. [Reserved]

Section 2.19. [Reserved]

Section 2.20. Defaulting Lenders. (a) If a Lender becomes, and during the period it remains, a Defaulting Lender, any amount paid by the Company or otherwise received by the Agent for the account of a Defaulting Lender under this Agreement (whether on account of principal, interest, fees, indemnity payments or other amounts) will not be paid or distributed to such Defaulting Lender, but will instead be retained by the Agent in a segregated non-interest bearing account until the payment in full of all obligations of the Company hereunder, and will be applied by the Agent, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to the making of payments from time to time in the following order of priority: first to the payment of any amounts owing by such Defaulting Lender to the Agent under this Agreement, second to the payment of post-default interest and then current interest due and payable to the Non-Defaulting Lenders of the applicable Class, ratably among them in accordance with the amounts of such interest then due and payable to them, third to the payment of fees then due and payable to the Non-Defaulting Lenders of the applicable Class hereunder in respect of this Agreement, ratably among them in accordance with the amounts of such fees then due and payable to them, fourth to pay principal then due and payable to the Non-Defaulting Lenders of the applicable Class hereunder in respect of this Agreement ratably in accordance with the amounts thereof then due and payable to them, fifth to the ratable payment of other amounts then due and payable to the Non-Defaulting Lenders of the applicable Class, and sixth, after the payment in full in cash of all obligations of the Company hereunder, to pay amounts owing under this Agreement to such Defaulting Lender or as a court of competent jurisdiction may otherwise direct. Any payments, prepayments or other amounts paid or payable to a Defaulting Lender that are applied (or held) to pay amounts owed by a Defaulting Lender shall be deemed paid to and redirected by such Defaulting Lender, and each Lender irrevocably consents hereto.

(b) No Commitment of any Lender shall be increased or otherwise affected and, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Section 2.20, performance by the Company of its obligations shall not be excused or otherwise modified as a result of the operation of this Section 2.20. The rights and remedies against a Defaulting Lender under this Section 2.20 are in addition to any other rights and remedies which the Company, the Agent or any Lender may have against such Defaulting Lender.

(c) If the Company and the Agent agree in writing in their reasonable determination that a Defaulting Lender should no longer be deemed to be a Defaulting Lender, the Agent will so notify the parties hereto, whereupon as of the effective date specified in such notice and subject to any conditions set forth therein, that Lender will, to the extent applicable, purchase at par that portion of outstanding Advances of the other Lenders or take such other actions as the Agent may determine to be necessary to cause the Advances under this Agreement and funded and held on a pro rata basis by the Lenders in accordance with their Ratable Shares, whereupon such Lender will cease to be a Defaulting Lender, provided that no adjustments will be made retroactively with respect to fees accrued or payments made by or on behalf of the Company while that Lender was a Defaulting Lender; and provided, further, that except to the extent otherwise expressly agreed by the affected parties, no change hereunder from Defaulting Lender to Lender will constitute a waiver or release of any claim of any party hereunder arising from such Lender's having been a Defaulting Lender.

Section 2.21. Mitigation Obligations; Replacement of Lenders.

(a) *Designation of a Different Lending Office.* If any Lender requests compensation under Section 2.11, or requires the Company to pay any Indemnified Taxes or additional amounts to any Lender or any Governmental Authority for the account of any Lender pursuant to Section 2.14, then such Lender shall (at the request of the Company) use reasonable efforts to designate a different Applicable Lending Office for funding or booking its Advances hereunder or to assign its rights and obligations hereunder to another of its offices, branches or affiliates, if, in the reasonable judgment of such Lender, such designation or assignment (i) would eliminate or reduce amounts payable pursuant to Section 2.11 or 2.14, as the case may be, in the future, and (ii) would not subject such Lender to any unreimbursed cost or expense and would not otherwise be disadvantageous to such Lender. The Company hereby agrees to pay all reasonable and documented costs and expenses incurred by any Lender in connection with any such designation or assignment.

(b) *Replacement of Lenders.* If any Lender requests compensation under Section 2.11, or if the Company is required to pay any Indemnified Taxes or additional amounts to any Lender or any Governmental Authority for the account of any Lender pursuant to Section 2.14 and, in each case, such Lender has declined or is unable to designate a different Applicable Lending Office in accordance with Section 2.21(a), or if any Lender is a Defaulting Lender or a Non-Consenting Lender, then the Company may, at its sole expense and effort, upon notice to such Lender and the Agent, require such Lender to assign and delegate, without recourse (in accordance with and subject to the restrictions contained in, and consents required by, Section 9.07), all of its interests, rights (other than its existing rights to payments pursuant to Section 2.11 or Section 2.14) and obligations under this Agreement and the related Loan Documents to an Eligible Assignee that shall assume such obligations (which assignee may be another Lender, if a Lender accepts such assignment); provided that:

(i) the Company or the assignee assuming such obligations shall have paid to the Agent the assignment fee (if any) specified in Section 9.07;

(ii) such Lender shall have received payment of an amount equal to the outstanding principal of its Advances, accrued interest thereon, accrued fees and all other amounts payable to it hereunder and under the other Loan Documents (including any amounts under Section 9.04(c)) from the assignee (to the extent of such outstanding principal and accrued interest and fees) or the Company (in the case of all other amounts);

(iii) in the case of any such assignment resulting from a claim for compensation under Section 2.11 or payments required to be made pursuant to Section 2.14, such assignment will result in a reduction in such compensation or payments thereafter;

(iv) such assignment does not conflict with applicable law; and

(v) in the case of any assignment resulting from a Lender becoming a Non-Consenting Lender, the applicable assignee shall have consented to the applicable amendment, waiver or consent.

A Lender shall not be required to make any such assignment or delegation if, prior thereto, as a result of a waiver by such Lender or otherwise, the circumstances entitling the Company to require such assignment and delegation cease to apply.

Section 2.22. Benchmark Replacement.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in any other Loan Document, upon the occurrence of a Benchmark Transition Event or an Early Opt-in Election, as applicable, the Agent and the Company may amend this Agreement to replace the LIBOR Screen Rate with a Benchmark Replacement. Any such amendment with respect to a Benchmark Transition Event will become effective at 5:00 P.M. (New York City time) on the fifth (5th) Business Day after the Agent has posted such proposed amendment to all Lenders and the Company so long as the Agent has not received, by such time, written notice of objection to such amendment from Lenders comprising the Required Lenders of each Class. Any such amendment with respect to an Early Opt-in Election will become effective on the date that Lenders comprising the Required Lenders of each Class have delivered to the Agent written notice that such Required Lenders accept such amendment. No replacement of the LIBOR Screen Rate with a Benchmark Replacement pursuant to this Section 2.22 will occur prior to the applicable Benchmark Transition Start Date.

(b) Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes. In connection with the implementation of a Benchmark Replacement, the Agent, with the written consent of the Parent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), will have the right to make Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes from time to time and, notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in any other Loan Document, any amendments implementing such Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes will become effective without any further action or consent of any other party to this Agreement.

(c) Notices; Standards for Decisions and Determinations. The Agent will promptly notify the Company and the Lenders of (i) any occurrence of a Benchmark Transition Event or an Early Opt-in Election, as applicable, and its related Benchmark Replacement Date and Benchmark Transition Start Date, (ii) the implementation of any Benchmark Replacement, (iii) the effectiveness of any Benchmark Replacement Conforming Changes and (iv) the commencement or conclusion of any Benchmark Unavailability Period. Any determination, decision or election that may be made by the Agent or Required Lenders, in each case with the consent of the Company (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), pursuant to Section 2.22, including any determination with respect to a tenor, rate or adjustment or of the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event, circumstance or date and any decision to take or refrain from taking any action, will be conclusive and binding absent manifest error and may be made in its or their sole discretion and without consent from any other party hereto, except, in each case, as expressly required pursuant to Section 2.22.

(d) Benchmark Unavailability Period. Upon the Company's receipt of notice of the commencement of a Benchmark Unavailability Period, the Company may revoke any request for a Eurodollar Rate Borrowing of, Conversion to or continuation of Eurodollar Rate Advances to be made, Converted or continued during any Benchmark Unavailability Period and, failing that, the Company will be deemed to have converted any such request into a request for a Borrowing of or Conversion to Base Rate Advances. During any Benchmark Unavailability Period, the component of this Base Rate based upon One Month LIBOR will not be used in any determination of Base Rate.

ARTICLE 3

CONDITIONS TO EFFECTIVENESS AND LENDING

Section 3.01. Conditions to Effective Date. This Agreement shall become effective on and as of the first date (the "**Effective Date**") on which all of the following conditions precedent have been satisfied:

(a) The Agent shall have received from each party hereto a counterpart of this Agreement signed on behalf of such party.

(b) The Company shall have paid all accrued fees due and payable under the Term Fee Letter and all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses of the Agent and the Lenders (including the accrued fees and expenses of counsel to the Agent) required to be paid pursuant to this Agreement, in the case of expenses to the extent invoiced at least three Business Days prior to the Effective Date.

(c) Each of the Lenders shall have received, at least three Business Days in advance of the Effective Date, all documentation and other information with respect to the Company, as has been reasonably requested in writing at least ten (10) Business Days prior to the Effective Date, required by Governmental Authorities under applicable "know-your-customer" and anti-money laundering rules and regulations, including as required by the Patriot Act and including a Beneficial Ownership Certification if it qualifies as a "legal entity customer" under the Beneficial Ownership Regulation.

(d) Subject to Section 3.05, on the Effective Date, the following statement will be true and the Agent shall have received for the account of each Lender a certificate signed by a duly authorized officer of the Company, dated the Effective Date, stating that the Specified Representations, other than Section 4.01(n), are correct on and as of the Effective Date.

(e) The Agent shall have received on or before the Effective Date (x) the 3-Year Tranche Notes to the extent requested by 3-Year Tranche Lenders pursuant to Section 2.16 and (y) the 5-Year Tranche Notes to the extent requested by the 5-Year Tranche Lenders pursuant to Section 2.16, in each case, to the extent requested at least three Business Days in advance of the Effective Date.

(f) The Agent shall have received such documents and certificates as the Agent or its counsel may reasonably request relating to the organization, existence and good standing (or equivalent) of the Company hereto on the Effective Date, and authorization by the Board of Directors or other similar governing body of the Company of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and of all documents evidencing other necessary corporate action and governmental approvals, if any, with respect to this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, as applicable.

(g) The Agent shall have received a certificate of the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary or comparable officer of the Company certifying the names and true signatures of the officers of the Company authorized to sign this Agreement and the other Loan Documents.

(h) The Agent shall have received a favorable opinions of (x) Erik T. Hoover, General Counsel of the shareholder of the Company and (y) Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, counsel for the Company, in each case, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Agent and as to such other matters as any Lender through the Agent may reasonably request.

Section 3.02. Conditions to Borrowing on the Closing Date. The occurrence of the Closing Date and the availability to the Company of the proceeds of the Advances on the Closing Date (including by way of a release of the proceeds from the Pre-Funded Account) is subject solely to the satisfaction of the following conditions:

(a) The Effective Date shall have occurred.

(b) Each of the Neptune Acquisition and the Neptune Separation shall be consummated substantially concurrently with the funding to the Company of the Advances, in all material respects in accordance with, as applicable, the Neptune Acquisition Agreement and the Neptune Separation Agreement after giving effect to any modifications, amendments, supplements, consents, waivers or requests, other than those modifications, amendments, supplements, consents, waivers or requests (including the effects of any such requests) by the Company or Icon that are materially adverse to the Lenders or the Arrangers (in their capacities as such) without the Arrangers' prior written consent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned); provided that changes in the amount of the Special Cash Payment pursuant to the Neptune Separation Agreement in effect

on December 15, 2019 shall not be deemed to be materially adverse to the interests of the Lenders or the Arrangers and shall not require the consent of the Arrangers if, in the case of a reduction of the Special Cash Payment, subject to the applicable mandatory prepayment and commitment reduction provisions of the bridge facility contemplated by the Bridge Commitment Letter, the Commitments are reduced dollar-for-dollar (with such reduction applied pro rata between the 3-Year Tranche Commitments and the 5-Year Tranche Commitments).

(c) (x) To the extent provided to Morgan Stanley and Credit Suisse Loan Funding LLC, in their capacities as joint lead arrangers for the bridge facility contemplated by the Bridge Commitment Letter, the Agent shall have received, (i) U.S. GAAP audited consolidated balance sheets and related consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, of shareholders' equity and of cash flows of Icon and its subsidiaries for the three most recent fiscal years ended at least 60 days prior to the Closing Date and (ii) U.S. GAAP unaudited consolidated balance sheets and related consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, of shareholders' equity and of cash flows of Icon and its subsidiaries for each subsequent fiscal quarter ended at least 40 days before the Closing Date and for the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year; provided that in each case the financial statements required to be delivered by this subclause (x) shall meet the requirements of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all other accounting rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission promulgated thereunder applicable to a registration statement under such Act on Form S-3. The Arrangers hereby acknowledge receipt of the financial statements in the foregoing subclause (x)(i) for the fiscal years ended December 28, 2018, December 29, 2017 and December 30, 2016. Icon's filing of any required audited financial statements with respect to Icon on Form 10-K or required unaudited financial statements with respect to Icon on Form 10-Q, in each case, will satisfy the requirements under subclauses (x)(i) or (x)(ii), as applicable.

(y) To the extent provided to Morgan Stanley and Credit Suisse Loan Funding LLC, in their capacities as joint lead arrangers for the bridge facility contemplated by the Bridge Commitment Letter, the Agent shall have received, (i) U.S. GAAP audited combined balance sheets, statements of income and comprehensive income, of equity and of cash flows for the Neptune Acquired Business as of and for the Required Periods (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement) applicable to the Distribution Registration Statement (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement) and (ii) U.S. GAAP unaudited quarterly combined balance sheets, statements of income and comprehensive income, of equity and of cash flows for the Neptune Acquired Business as of and for the Required Periods (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement) applicable to the Distribution Registration Statement (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement); provided that the Company's filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of any required financial statements with respect to the Neptune Acquired Business as part of the Distribution Registration Statement (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement) will satisfy the requirements under subclauses (y)(i) or (y)(ii), as applicable.

(z) To the extent provided to Morgan Stanley and Credit Suisse Loan Funding LLC, in their capacities as joint lead arrangers for the bridge facility contemplated by the Bridge Commitment Letter, the Agent shall have received pro forma financial statements, in each case as would be required to be included in the Securities Filings (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement) and which shall meet the requirements of

Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all other accounting rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission promulgated thereunder applicable to the Securities Filings (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement); provided, however, to the extent such pro forma financial statements are filed by Icon or the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the condition set forth in this subclause (z) shall be deemed satisfied.

(d) The Agent shall have received copies of the Distribution Registration Statement and the RMT Partner Registration Statement (each as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement as in effect on December 15, 2019).

(e) Except as otherwise disclosed or identified in:

(x) the Remainco SEC Documents (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement as in effect on December 15, 2019) filed or furnished with the Securities Exchange Commission on or prior to December 15, 2019 (excluding any disclosures (other than statements of historical fact) in any risk factors section or in any “forward-looking statement” disclaimer); provided that this exception shall apply only to the extent that the relevance of such disclosure to this clause (e) is reasonably apparent on its face, or

(y) the Spinco Disclosure Schedule (it being understood that any information set forth in one section or subsection of the Spinco Disclosure Schedule shall be deemed to apply to and qualify the representation and warranty set forth in the Section of the Neptune Acquisition Agreement to which it corresponds in number and, whether or not an explicit reference or cross-reference is made, each other representation and warranty set forth in each other Section of Article V or Article VI of the Neptune Acquisition Agreement (as in effect on December 15, 2019) for which it is reasonably apparent on the face of such information that such information is relevant to such other Section),

since December 31, 2018, there shall not have been any Effect that has had or would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Spinco Material Adverse Effect. “Spinco Material Adverse Effect” and each other capitalized term used in this clause (e) shall have the meanings assigned thereto in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement (as in effect on December 15, 2019) for the purposes of this clause (e).

(f) Upon giving effect to the Neptune Transactions, the Company and its subsidiaries shall have no Debt other than pursuant to the bridge facility contemplated under the Bridge Commitment Letter, Debt incurred under this Agreement or any other Permanent Financing (as defined in the Bridge Commitment Letter), other than as contemplated by the Neptune Separation Agreement or as permitted under the Neptune Acquisition Agreement.

(g) Each of the Neptune Acquisition Agreement Representations and the Specified Representations shall be true and correct in all material respects after giving effect to the making of the Advances on the Closing Date and there shall be no Default hereunder (limited to no Default under Section 6.01(a), Section 6.01(c) (limited to intentional breaches of Section 5.02(b) by the Company only) and Section 6.01(e) (with respect to the Company only)).

(h) The Agent shall have received (i) a solvency certificate from the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, treasurer or assistant treasurer of the Company, which shall be substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E, (ii) a Notice of Borrowing, which shall be substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B, (iii) a certificate dated the Closing Date and signed by a responsible officer of the Company confirming the satisfaction of the conditions precedent in paragraphs (b), (e), (f) and (g) of this Section 3.02 and certifying that there has been no change to the matters contained in the certificates, resolutions or other equivalent documents since the date of their delivery pursuant to Section 3.01(f) and (g) (or otherwise attaching any applicable updates thereto) and (iv) at least three Business Days in advance of the Closing Date, all documentation and other information with respect to the Company, as has been reasonably requested in writing at least ten (10) Business Days prior to the Closing Date, required by Governmental Authorities under applicable “know-your-customer” and anti-money laundering rules and regulations, including as required by the Patriot Act and including a Beneficial Ownership Certification if it qualifies as a “legal entity customer” under the Beneficial Ownership Regulation.

(i) The Agent and the Lenders shall have received (or shall simultaneously receive) all fees and, to the extent invoiced at least three Business Days prior to the Closing Date, expenses required to be paid on or prior to the Closing Date pursuant to the Term Fee Letter and this Agreement.

Section 3.03. Funding of the Advances Prior to the Closing Date. The Company may request in the applicable Notice of Borrowing, which shall be delivered in accordance with Section 2.02, that the Lenders fund their Ratable Share of the applicable Borrowing one Business Day in advance of the anticipated Closing Date (which anticipated Closing Date shall have been reasonably determined by the Company upon delivering such Notice of Borrowing) (such requested date of funding, the “**Pre-Funding Date**”), in which case, each Lender shall make available to the Agent its Ratable Share of the applicable Borrowing in same day funds not later than 1:00 P.M. (New York City time) on the Pre-Funding Date in accordance with Section 2.02, as if such Pre-Funding Date was the applicable date of Borrowing; provided that all conditions set forth in Section 3.02 (other than Sections 3.02(b), (e), (f) and (g)) shall be satisfied on such Pre-Funding Date. The parties hereby agree that (i) the Advances so funded shall accrue interest as contemplated by Section 2.07 from the Pre-Funding Date and be due and payable to the Lenders on the dates set forth in and otherwise in accordance with Section 2.07 (except to the extent provided in clause (y) of the immediately succeeding sentence), as if such Advances were funded to the Company on the Pre-Funding Date, (ii) all fees that would have been payable to the Lenders on the Closing Date pursuant to Section 3.02(i) shall be due and payable on the Pre-Funding Date and (iii) the proceeds of the Advances shall not be released from the Pre-Funded Account until the Closing Date occurs in accordance with Section 3.02. If the Closing Date does not occur on or before the earlier of the third Business Day after the Pre-Funding Date and the Commitment Termination Date, then on the Business Day immediately following such earlier date (such date, the “**Return Date**”), (x) the Advances shall be repaid immediately, (y) the Company shall pay all interest accrued thereon from the Pre-Funding Date to the Return Date (together with any such amounts owed under Section 9.04(c), calculated as if the return of such funds was a prepayment of Advances in an equal principal amount on the Return Date) and (z) if the Commitment Termination Date has not occurred, the Commitments shall be restored to the amount they would have been at but for the funding of the Advances on the Pre-Funding Date. The Company shall be liable for all accrued and unpaid interest, fees and other expenses as provided for herein, including any fees and expenses of the Agent in connection with the establishment and maintenance of the Pre-Funded Account.

Section 3.04. Determinations Under Section 3.01, 3.02 and 3.03. For purposes of determining compliance with the conditions specified in Section 3.01, 3.02 or 3.03, as the case may be, each Lender shall be deemed to have consented to, approved or accepted or to be satisfied with each document or other matter required thereunder to be consented to or approved by or acceptable or satisfactory to the Lenders unless an officer of the Agent responsible for the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall have received notice from such Lender prior to the date that the Company, by notice to the Lenders, designates as the proposed Effective Date, the Closing Date or the Pre-Funding Date (as applicable) to the Company specifying its objection thereto. The Agent shall promptly notify the Lenders of the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Closing Date and the Pre-Funding Date (as applicable) and each such notice shall be conclusive and binding.

Section 3.05. Certain Funds Availability. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein (including Section 6.01), during the period from and including the Effective Date and to and including the Closing Date (after giving effect to the funding of the Advances on such date), and notwithstanding (i) that any representation given on the Effective Date or the Closing Date (excluding the Specified Representations and Neptune Acquisition Agreement Representations constituting conditions to the Closing Date) was incorrect, (ii) any failure by the Company to comply with the affirmative covenants and negative covenants or the existence of any Default or Event of Default (excluding (i) compliance on the Closing Date with Section 5.02(b) to the extent constituting a condition precedent to the Closing Date or (ii) the occurrence and continuation of any Event of Default under this Agreement with respect to Section 6.01(a) or Section 6.01(e) (with respect to the Company only)), (iii) any provision to the contrary in this Agreement, any other Loan Document or otherwise or (iv) that any condition to the Effective Date may subsequently be determined not to have been satisfied, neither the Agent nor any Lender shall be entitled to (a) cancel any of its Commitments (except as set forth in Section 2.05(c)), (b) rescind, terminate or cancel this Agreement or any Loan Document or any of its Commitments hereunder or exercise any right or remedy under this Agreement or any Loan Document, to the extent to do so would restrict, prevent, limit or delay the making of its Advance on the Closing Date or the Pre-Funding Date, as applicable, (c) refuse to participate in making its Advance on the Closing Date or the Pre-Funding Date, as applicable or (d) exercise any right of set-off or counterclaim in respect of its Advance to the extent to do so would prevent, limit or delay the making of its Advance on the Closing Date or the Pre-Funding Date, as applicable; provided that from the Closing Date after giving effect to the funding of the Advances on such date, all of the rights, remedies and entitlements of the Agent and the Lenders shall be available notwithstanding that such rights were not available prior to such time as a result of the foregoing. In addition, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, any other Loan Document or otherwise, the only representations the accuracy of which shall be a condition to the availability of Advances on the Closing Date shall be the Neptune Acquisition Agreement Representations and the Specified Representations to the extent set forth in Section 3.02(g) and the only defaults the absence of which shall be a condition to the availability of Advances on the Closing Date shall be the Defaults set forth in Section 3.02(g).

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

Section 4.01. Representations and Warranties. On the Effective Date (solely with respect to the Specified Representations, other than Section 4.01(n)) and on the Closing Date (with respect to all representations and warranties set forth below), the Company represents and warrants as follows:

(a) *Status*. The Company is duly organized or duly incorporated (as the case may be), validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation or organization.

(b) *Power and Authority*. The execution, delivery and performance by each Group Member of the Loan Documents to which it is a party, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby, are within such Group Member's corporate powers, have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action, and do not conflict with (i) such Group Member's charter, by-laws or other constitutive documents or (ii) any law or (iii) any material contractual restriction, or to the knowledge of such Group Member, any other contractual restriction, binding on or affecting such Group Member.

(c) *Validity and Admissibility in Evidence*. All Authorizations required (i) for the due execution, delivery and performance by each Group Member of the Loan Documents to which it is a party or (ii) to make the Loan Documents to which any Group Member is a party admissible in evidence in its jurisdiction of incorporation have been obtained or effected and are in full force and effect.

(d) *Binding Obligations*. Each Loan Document once delivered will have been duly executed and delivered by each Group Member which is a party thereto and each Loan Document once delivered will be the legal, valid and binding obligation of such Group Member enforceable against it in accordance with its terms except to the extent that such enforceability may be limited by any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally from time to time in effect and may be subject to the discretion of courts with respect to the granting of equitable remedies and to the power of courts to stay proceedings for the execution of judgments.

(e) *Financial Statements*. The consolidated balance sheet of Icon and its subsidiaries as at December 28, 2018, and the related consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, of shareholders' equity and of cash flows for Icon and its subsidiaries for the financial year then ended, accompanied by an opinion of the Icon's auditors, copies of which have been furnished to each Lender, fairly present in all material respects the Consolidated financial condition of Icon and its subsidiaries as at such date and the Consolidated results of the operations of the Icon and its Subsidiaries for the period ended on such date, all in accordance with GAAP consistently applied. Since December 28, 2018, there has been no Material Adverse Change.

(f) *No Proceedings Pending or Threatened.* There is no pending or threatened action, suit, investigation, litigation or proceeding, including, without limitation, any Environmental Action, affecting any Group Member before any court, governmental agency or arbitrator that (i) except as disclosed in the Disclosure Documents (excluding any risk factor disclosure contained in a “**risk factors**” section (other than any factual information contained therein) or in any “**forward-looking statements**” legend or other similar disclosures included therein to the extent they are similarly predictive or forward-looking in nature), could be reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect or (ii) purports to affect the legality, validity or enforceability of the Loan Documents or the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby.

(g) *Margin Stock Regulations.* Neither the Company nor Icon is engaged, principally or as one of its important activities, in the business of extending and neither the Company nor Icon will, principally or as one of its important activities, extend credit for the purpose of purchasing or carrying margin stock (within the meaning of the United States Regulation U issued by the Board of Governors of the United States Federal Reserve System (“**Regulation U**”)), and no proceeds of any Advances will be used directly or indirectly to purchase or carry any margin stock, or to extend credit to others for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any margin stock, in violation of Regulation U.

(h) *Investment Company.* Neither the Company nor Icon is required to be registered as an “investment company” under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

(i) *No Misleading Information.*

(i) Any written or formally presented information taken as a whole and other than projections, estimates and other forward-looking materials and information of a general economic or industry nature provided by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Icon or any of its Subsidiaries for the purposes of the Information Memorandum was true and accurate in all material respects as at the date it was provided.

(ii) Nothing has been omitted from the Information Memorandum and no information has been given or withheld that results in the information contained in the Information Memorandum, when taken as a whole, being untrue or misleading in any material respect.

(iii) All written or formally presented information taken as a whole and other than projections, estimates and other forward-looking materials and information of a general economic or industry nature (other than the Information Memorandum taken as a whole and other than projections, estimates and other forward-looking materials and information of a general economic or industry nature) supplied by the Company or any of the Company’s Subsidiaries or by Icon or any of Icon’s Subsidiaries to the Agent or any Lender is true, complete and accurate in all material respects as at the date it was given and is not misleading in any material respect (after giving effect to any supplements and updates provided thereto).

(iv) The information included in any Beneficial Ownership Certification delivered hereunder is accurate in all material respects.

(j) *[Reserved]*.

(k) *[Reserved]*.

(l) *Anti-Corruption Laws and Sanctions.* The Parent has implemented and maintains in effect policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance by each Group Member and its directors, officers, employees and agents with Anti-Corruption Laws and applicable anti-money laundering laws and Sanctions, and each Group Member and its directors, officers and, to the knowledge of such Group Member, its employees and agents, when acting on behalf of such Group Member, are in compliance with Anti-Corruption Laws and applicable anti-money laundering laws and Sanctions in all material respects. None of (a) the Group Members or any of their respective directors or officers or (b) to the knowledge of the Parent, any employee or agent of such Group Member that will act in any capacity in connection with this Agreement established hereby, is a Sanctioned Person. No Borrowing, use of proceeds or other transaction contemplated by this Agreement will result in a violation of Anti-Corruption Laws or applicable anti-money laundering laws or Sanctions.

(m) *[Reserved]*.

(n) *Solvency.* On the Closing Date after giving effect to the Transactions, the Company and its Subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, are Solvent.

(o) *Patriot Act.* The Parent is in compliance in all material respects with applicable provisions of the Patriot Act.

(p) *Event of Default.* No Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.

ARTICLE 5

COVENANTS

Section 5.01. *Affirmative Covenants.* From and after the Closing Date and for so long as any Advance shall remain unpaid:

(a) *Authorization.* Each of the Company and Icon shall promptly (i) obtain, comply with and do all that is necessary to maintain in full force and effect; and (ii) supply certified copies to the Agent of, any Authorization required under any law or regulation of its jurisdiction of incorporation to enable it to perform all of its payment and other material obligations under any Loan Document to which it is a party and to ensure the legality, validity, enforceability or admissibility in evidence in its jurisdiction of incorporation of any Loan Document.

(b) *Compliance with Laws.* Each Group Member shall comply, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to comply with all applicable laws, rules, regulations and orders, such compliance to include, without limitation, compliance with ERISA and Environmental Laws and Environmental Permits, except where (i) non-compliance would not, in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect or (ii) the necessity of compliance therewith is contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings. The Parent will maintain in effect and enforce policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance by each Group Member and its respective directors, officers, employees and agents with Anti-Corruption Laws and applicable anti-money laundering laws and Sanctions.

(c) *Taxes.* Each Group Member shall pay and discharge, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to pay and discharge, before the same shall become overdue, (i) all material Taxes, assessments and governmental charges or levies imposed upon it or upon its assets and (ii) all lawful claims that, if unpaid, might by law become a Lien upon its assets; provided, however, that no Group Member shall be required to pay or discharge any such tax, assessment, charge or claim that is being contested in good faith and by proper proceedings and as to which appropriate reserves are being maintained in accordance with GAAP.

(d) *Maintenance of Insurance.* Each Group Member shall maintain insurance with responsible and reputable insurance companies or associations in such amounts and covering such risks as is usually carried by companies engaged in similar businesses and owning similar properties in the same general areas in which such Group Member operates; provided, however, that each Group Member may self-insure to the same extent as other companies engaged in similar businesses and owning similar properties in the same general areas in which such Group Member operates and to the extent consistent with prudent business practice.

(e) *Preservation of Corporate Existence, Etc.* Each Group Member shall preserve and maintain its corporate existence, rights (charter and statutory) and franchises, provided, however, that any Group Member may consummate any merger or consolidation permitted under Section 5.02(b) (including for the avoidance of doubt, the Neptune Separation and the Neptune Acquisition) and provided further that none of the Group Members shall be required to preserve any right or franchise if the preservation thereof is no longer desirable in the conduct of the business of the Group Members, and that the loss thereof is not disadvantageous in any material respect to the Group Members or the Lenders.

(f) *Keeping of Books.* Each Group Member shall keep proper books of record and account, in which full and correct entries shall be made of all financial transactions and the assets and business of each such Group Member in accordance with, and to the extent required by, generally accepted accounting principles in effect from time to time.

(g) *Maintenance of Properties, Etc.* Each Group Member shall maintain and preserve all of its properties that are used or useful in the conduct of its business in good working order and condition (ordinary wear and tear excepted), except where failure to do so would not result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(h) *Reporting Requirements.* Icon shall furnish to the Agent (which shall make available to the Lenders):

(i) as soon as available and in any event within 45 days after the end of each of the first three quarters of each fiscal year of Icon, the Consolidated balance sheet of the Icon and its Subsidiaries as of the end of such quarter and Consolidated statements of income and cash flows of the Icon and its Subsidiaries for the period commencing at the end of the previous fiscal year and ending with the end of such quarter, duly certified

(subject to year-end audit adjustments and the absence of footnotes) by a financial officer of Icon as having been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in effect at such date and a certificate of a financial officer of Icon as to compliance with the terms of this Agreement and setting forth in reasonable detail the calculations necessary to demonstrate compliance with Section 5.03, provided that in the event of any change in generally accepted accounting principles used in the preparation of such financial statements, Icon shall also provide, if necessary for the determination of compliance with Section 5.03, a statement of reconciliation conforming such financial statements to GAAP;

(ii) as soon as available and in any event within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year of Icon, a copy of the annual audit report for such year for Icon and its Subsidiaries, containing the Consolidated balance sheet of Icon and its Subsidiaries as of the end of such fiscal year and Consolidated statements of income and cash flows of Icon and its Subsidiaries for such fiscal year, in each case accompanied by an opinion by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP or other independent public accountants of comparable size and of international reputation (which opinion shall be unqualified as to going concern and scope of audit) and a certificate of a financial officer of Icon as to compliance with the terms of this Agreement and setting forth in reasonable detail the calculations necessary to demonstrate compliance with Section 5.03, provided that in the event of any change in generally accepted accounting principles used in the preparation of such financial statements, Icon shall also provide, if necessary for the determination of compliance with Section 5.03, a statement of reconciliation conforming such financial statements to GAAP;

(iii) as soon as possible and in any event within five days after the occurrence of each Default continuing on the date of such statement, a statement of an officer of the Parent setting forth details of such Default and the action that the Parent or the applicable Group Member has taken or proposes to take with respect thereto;

(iv) promptly after the sending or filing thereof, copies of all material reports that the Parent sends to any of its securityholders, and copies of all material reports and registration statements that any Group Member files with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any national securities exchange;

(v) promptly after the commencement thereof, notice of all material actions and proceedings before any court, governmental agency or arbitrator affecting any Group Member of the type described in Section 4.01(f); and

(vi) such other information respecting any Group Member as any Lender through the Agent may from time to time reasonably request.

Reports and financial statements required to be delivered by the Parent pursuant to paragraphs (i), (ii) and (iv) of this Section 5.01(h) shall be deemed to have been delivered on the date on which the Parent posts such reports, or reports containing such financial statements, on its website on the Internet at www.iff.com (or any successor website) or is made publicly available on the Securities and Exchange Commission's EDGAR database provided that the Parent notifies the Agent that such reports have been posted and that such web site is accessible by the Agent and the Lenders; and provided further that paper copies of the reports and financial statements referred to in Sections 5.01(h)(i), (ii) and (iv) shall be delivered by the Parent to the Agent or any Lender who requests it to deliver such paper copies until written notice to cease delivering paper copies is given by the Agent or such Lender.

(i) *Visitation Rights.* The Parent shall, at any reasonable time and with reasonable prior notice and from time to time, permit the Agent or any of the Lenders or any agents or representatives thereof, to examine and make copies of and abstracts from the records and books of account of, and visit the properties of, such Group Member, and to discuss the affairs, finances and accounts of the Group Members with any of their officers or directors and with their independent certified public accountants; provided however, rights of the Agent and the Lenders shall not extend to any information covered by attorney-client or other legal privilege or to the extent the exercise of such inspection rights would reasonably be expected to result in violation or other breach of any third-party confidentiality agreements). Unless an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Agent and the Lenders shall be limited to one visit in any year, to be coordinated through the Agent.

(j) *Guaranty.* On the Closing Date, immediately following the consummation of the Neptune Separation and Neptune Acquisition, unless the Icon Debt Assumption shall have occurred, Icon shall (i) guarantee all of the Company's obligations hereunder (and agree to comply with the covenants and agreements hereunder which are applicable to the Parent and its Subsidiaries) by executing and delivering to the Agent the Guaranty and (ii) deliver to the Agent documents with respect to Icon of the types referred to in clauses (c), (f), (g) and (h) of Section 3.01, all in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Agent. Icon shall be automatically released from its obligations under the Guaranty upon the occurrence of the Icon Debt Assumption in accordance with Section 9.21. The Lenders irrevocably authorize the Agent (1) to enter into the Guaranty and (2) to, at the sole expense of the Parent, execute and deliver any documentation reasonably requested by the Company or Icon to evidence any release in accordance with the immediately preceding sentence.

Section 5.02. Negative Covenants. From and after the Closing Date and for so long as any Advance shall remain unpaid:

(a) *Liens, Etc.* No Group Member shall create or suffer to exist, or permit any of their Subsidiaries to create or suffer to exist, any Lien on or with respect to any of its properties, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, or assign, or permit any of their Subsidiaries to assign, any right to receive income, other than:

(i) Permitted Liens;

(ii) purchase money Liens upon or in any real property or equipment acquired or held by any Group Member in the ordinary course of business to secure the purchase price of such real property or equipment or to secure Debt incurred solely for the purpose of financing the acquisition of such real property or equipment, or Liens existing on such real property or equipment at the time of its acquisition (other than any such Liens created in contemplation of such acquisition that were not incurred to finance the acquisition of such real property) or extensions, renewals or replacements of any of the foregoing for the same or a lesser amount, provided, however, that no such Lien shall extend to or cover any assets of any character other than the real property or equipment being acquired, and no such extension, renewal or replacement shall extend to or cover any assets

not theretofore subject to the Lien being extended, renewed or replaced, provided further that the aggregate principal amount of the indebtedness secured by the Lien referred to in this paragraph (ii) shall not exceed \$250,000,000 (or its equivalent in another currency or currencies) at any time outstanding;

(iii) Liens on assets of a Person existing at the time such Person is merged into or consolidated with any Group Member or becomes a Group Member or a Subsidiary of the Parent; provided that such Liens were not created in contemplation of such merger, consolidation or acquisition and do not extend to any assets other than those of the Person so merged into or consolidated with such Group Member or acquired by such Group Member;

(iv) other Liens securing Debt or other obligations in an aggregate principal amount at any time outstanding not to exceed the greater of (x) \$500,000,000 (or its equivalent in another currency or currencies) and (y) 15% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets;

(v) the replacement, extension or renewal of any Lien permitted by paragraph (iii) above, provided that such replacement, extension or renewal shall not extend to or cover any assets not subject to the Lien being replaced, extended or renewed and provided further that the grantor of the Lien as obligor of the relevant Debt shall not change and the amount of the Debt secured thereby shall not increase as a result of such replacement, extension or renewal;

(vi) any Liens or pledges for the benefit of any Group Member arising by reason of deposits to qualify such Group Member to maintain self-insurance;

(vii) any Lien with respect to judgments and attachments that do not result in an Event of Default;

(viii) Liens or assignments of accounts receivable arising in the ordinary course of business under supply chain financing arrangements;

(ix) Liens existing on the date of this Agreement granted by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Icon or any of its Subsidiaries and securing Debt or other obligations outstanding on the date of this Agreement, as set forth on Schedule 5.02(a); and

(x) any Liens arising in connection with customary escrow arrangements with lenders and other financing sources or any agent with respect to Debt to fund the Special Cash Payment pending consummation of the Neptune Separation and the Neptune Acquisition.

(b) *Mergers, Etc.* The Company and Icon shall not merge or consolidate with or into, or convey, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of (whether in one transaction or in a series of transactions) all or substantially all of the assets (whether now owned or hereafter acquired) of the Group Members, taken as a whole, to any person, or permit any of its Subsidiaries to do so, except that:

(i) any Subsidiary of the Parent (other than, prior to the release of its obligations as “the Company” in accordance with Section 9.21, Nutrition & Biosciences) may (A) merge or consolidate with or into any other Subsidiary of the Parent or an entity that will

substantially concurrently therewith become a Subsidiary of the Parent (provided if such merger or consolidation involves the Parent or, prior to the release of its obligations as “the Company” in accordance with Section 9.21, Nutrition & Biosciences, the Parent or Nutrition & Biosciences, as applicable, shall be the surviving entity or successor) or (B) dispose of its assets to any other Subsidiary of the Parent;

(ii) any Group Member may merge into or dispose of assets to the Parent;

(iii) the liquidation or reorganization of any Group Member (other than the Parent or, prior to the release of its obligations as “the Company” in accordance with Section 9.21, Nutrition & Biosciences) is permitted so long as any payments or assets distributed as a result of such liquidation or reorganization are distributed to a Group Member;

(iv) [reserved];

(v) any Group Member may dispose of an asset to a Person which is not a Group Member on terms that such asset is to be reacquired by a Group Member (a “**Reacquisition Sale and Leaseback Transaction**”); provided that the principal obligations of such Group Member, when aggregated with the principal obligations of the Group Members in respect of all other Reacquisition Sale and Leaseback Transactions entered into after the date hereof, do not exceed \$300,000,000 (or its equivalent in another currency or currencies),

provided, in each case, that no Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing at the time of such proposed transaction or would result therefrom.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 5.02(b), the transactions contemplated in the Neptune Separation Agreement and the Neptune Acquisition Agreement shall be permitted.

(c) [Reserved]

(d) *Change in Nature of Business.* The Parent shall not make, or permit any of its Subsidiaries to make, any material change (other than pursuant to the Neptune Acquisition Agreement or Neptune Separation Agreement) in the nature of the business of the Group Members, taken as a whole, as carried on at the date hereof.

(e) *Subsidiary Debt.* None of the Subsidiaries of the Company nor any of the Subsidiaries of Icon (other than the Company prior to the occurrence of the Icon Debt Assumption) shall create or suffer to exist, any Debt other than:

(i) Debt owed to the Company or Icon or to a wholly-owned Subsidiary of the Company or Icon;

(ii) Debt (not falling within the other paragraphs of this Section 5.02(e)) aggregating for all of the Company’s and Icon’s Subsidiaries (other than, prior to the Icon Debt Assumption, the Company) not more than \$1,750,000,000 (or its equivalent in another currency or currencies) at any one time outstanding;

- (iii) endorsement of negotiable instruments for deposit or collection or similar transactions in the ordinary course of business;
- (iv) Debt owed pursuant to the Loan Documents;
- (v) Debt which is effectively subordinated to the payment obligations of the Company to the Lenders hereunder to the reasonable satisfaction of the Agent;
- (vi) Debt under any Hedge Agreements entered into with any Lender or any Affiliate of any Lender for the purpose of hedging risks associated with the Group Members' operations (including, without limitation, interest rate and foreign exchange and commodities price risks) in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice and not for speculative purposes;
- (vii) Debt arising as a result of any Group Member entering into a Reacquisition Sale and Leaseback Transaction provided that the principal obligations of such Group Member, when aggregated with the principal obligations of all of the Group Members in respect of all other Reacquisition Sale and Leaseback Transactions entered into after the date hereof, do not exceed \$300,000,000 (or its equivalent in another currency or currencies);
- (viii) Debt of Subsidiaries of Icon owed under the Icon Revolving Credit Agreement in an aggregate principal amount at any time outstanding not to exceed \$2,000,000,000;
- (ix) Guarantees by any Subsidiary of Debt otherwise permitted pursuant to this Section 5.02(e); and
- (x) After the occurrence of the Icon Debt Assumption, Guarantees by Nutrition & Biosciences of Debt of Icon in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$250,000,000.

(f) *Use of Proceeds.* The Company will not request any Borrowing, and no Group Member shall use, and each Group Member shall procure that its Subsidiaries and its or their respective directors, officers, employees and agents shall not use the proceeds of any Borrowing, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any Person (A) in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay, or authorization of the payment or giving of money, or anything else of value, to any Person in violation of any Anti-Corruption Laws, or (B) for the purpose of funding, financing or facilitating any activities, business or transaction of or with any Sanctioned Person, or in any Sanctioned Country, or otherwise, in each case in any manner that would result in the violation of any Sanctions applicable to any party hereto.

Section 5.03. Financial Covenant. So long as any Advance shall remain unpaid, the Parent shall maintain a Leverage Ratio as of the last day of any Relevant Period of not more than (i) 4.50 to 1.00 commencing on the last day of the first full fiscal quarter period of Icon ended after the Closing Date until and including the last day of the third full fiscal quarter after the Closing Date, (ii) then 4.25 to 1.00 until and including the last day of the sixth full fiscal quarter after the Closing Date and (iii) thereafter 3.50 to 1.00; *provided* that, commencing after the last day of the sixth full fiscal

quarter after the Closing Date, if any Group Member consummates an acquisition of all or substantially all of the assets of a Person, or of any business or division of a Person, for which it paid at least \$500,000,000 in consideration (a “**Qualifying Acquisition**”), the maximum Leverage Ratio shall step up to no greater than 3.75 to 1.00, which shall be reduced to 3.50 to 1.00 as of the end of the third full fiscal quarter after such Qualifying Acquisition.

ARTICLE 6

EVENTS OF DEFAULT

Section 6.01. Events of Default. If any of the following events (“**Events of Default**”) shall occur and be continuing at any time on or after the Closing Date:

(a) *Non-payment*. The Company shall fail to pay any principal of any Advance when the same becomes due and payable after the same becomes due and payable; or the Company shall fail to pay any interest on any Advance or make any other payment of fees or other amounts payable under this Agreement or any Note within three Business Days after the same becomes due and payable; or

(b) *Misrepresentation*. Any representation or warranty made by the Company herein or by the Company or Icon (or any of their officers) in connection with any Loan Document shall prove to have been incorrect in any material respect when made; or

(c) *Other Obligations*. (i) The Parent or its applicable Subsidiary shall fail to perform or observe any term, covenant or agreement contained in Section 5.01(e), 5.01(h)(iii), 5.02 or 5.03 or (ii) the Parent or its applicable Subsidiary shall fail to perform or observe any other term, covenant or agreement contained in this Agreement or any other Loan Document on its part to be performed or observed if such failure shall remain unremedied for 30 days after written notice thereof shall have been given to the Company by the Agent or any Lender; or

(d) *Cross Default*. Any Group Member shall fail to pay any principal of or premium or interest on any Debt that is outstanding in a principal or notional amount of at least \$250,000,000 in the aggregate of such Group Member, when the same becomes due and payable (whether by scheduled maturity, required prepayment, acceleration, demand or otherwise), and such failure shall continue after the applicable grace period, if any, specified in the agreement or instrument relating to such Debt; or any other event shall occur or condition shall exist under any agreement or instrument relating to any such Debt and shall continue after the applicable grace period, if any, specified in such agreement or instrument, if the effect of such event or condition is to accelerate, or to permit the acceleration of, the maturity of such Debt; or any such Debt shall be declared to be due and payable, or required to be prepaid or redeemed (other than by a regularly scheduled required prepayment or redemption), purchased or defeased, or an offer to prepay, redeem, purchase or defease such Debt shall be required to be made, in each case prior to the stated maturity thereof; or

(e) *Insolvency*. The Parent or any of its Significant Subsidiaries shall (i) generally not pay its debts as such debts become due, (ii) admit in writing its inability to pay its debts generally, (iii) make a general assignment for the benefit of creditors; or (iv) any proceeding shall be

instituted by or against the Parent or any of its Significant Subsidiaries seeking to adjudicate it a bankrupt or insolvent, or seeking liquidation, winding up, reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, protection, relief, or composition of it or its debts under any law relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization or relief of debtors, or seeking the entry of an order for relief or the appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian or other similar official for it or for any substantial part of its property and, in the case of any such proceeding instituted against it (but not instituted by it), either such proceeding shall remain undismitted or unstayed for a period of 60 days, or any of the actions sought in such proceeding (including, without limitation, the entry of an order for relief against, or the appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian or other similar official for, it or for any substantial part of its property) shall occur; or the Parent or any of its Significant Subsidiaries shall take any corporate action to authorize any of the actions set forth above in this subsection (e); or

(f) *Judgments.* Judgments or court orders for the payment of money in excess of \$250,000,000 in the aggregate shall be rendered against any Group Member and either (i) enforcement proceedings shall have been commenced by any creditor upon such judgment or court order or (ii) there shall be any period of 30 consecutive days during which such judgment or court order shall not have been satisfied, vacated or stayed by reason of a pending appeal or otherwise; provided, however, that any such judgment or court order shall not be an Event of Default under this subsection (f) if and for so long as (i) the amount of such judgment or court order is covered by a valid and binding policy of insurance between the defendant and the insurer covering payment thereof and (ii) such insurer, which shall be rated at least "A-" by A.M. Best Company, has been notified of, and has not disputed the claim made for payment of, the amount of such judgment or court order; or

(g) *Change of Control or Ownership.* (i) Any Person or two or more Persons acting in concert shall have acquired beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), directly or indirectly, of Voting Stock of Icon (or other securities convertible into such Voting Stock) representing 35% or more of the combined voting power of all Voting Stock of Icon; or (ii) unless the Icon Debt Assumption has occurred, the Company shall cease to be a wholly-owned Subsidiary of Icon; or (iii) during any period of up to 24 consecutive months, commencing on the date of this Agreement, individuals who at the beginning of such 24-month period were directors of Icon (together with any successors appointed, nominated or elected by such directors in the ordinary course) shall cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the board of directors of Icon; provided, that neither the consummation of the Neptune Separation nor the consummation of the Neptune Acquisition shall constitute an Event of Default under this clause (g); or

(h) *ERISA.* The Parent or any of its ERISA Affiliates shall incur, or shall be reasonably likely to incur, liability in excess of \$250,000,000 in the aggregate as a result of one or more of the following (and in each case (i) through (iii), only if such event or condition, together with all other such events or condition, if any, would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect): (i) the occurrence of any ERISA Event; (ii) the partial or complete withdrawal of the Parent or any of its ERISA Affiliates from a Multiemployer Plan; or (iii) the reorganization or termination of a Multiemployer Plan; or

(i) *Guaranty*. (i) Unless the Icon Debt Assumption shall have occurred, Icon shall not have executed and delivered the Guaranty and complied with the other requirements set forth in Section 5.01(j) on the Closing Date, or (ii) at any time after the execution and delivery of the Guaranty and prior to the Icon Debt Assumption, except to the extent in accordance with the terms of the Guaranty or this Agreement: (w) any material provision of the Guaranty ceases to be in full force and effect, (x) any Group Member contests in writing the validity or enforceability of the Guaranty, (y) Icon denies in writing that it has any or further liability or obligation under the Guaranty or (z) Icon revokes, terminates or rescinds in writing the Guaranty;

then, and in any such event (subject to the provisions of Section 3.05), the Agent (i) shall at the request, or may with the consent, of the Required Lenders, by written notice to the Company, declare the obligation of each Lender to make Advances to be terminated, whereupon the same shall forthwith terminate, and (ii) shall at the request, or may with the consent, of the Required Lenders, by written notice to the Company, declare the Advances, all interest thereon and all other amounts payable under this Agreement to be forthwith due and payable, whereupon the Advances, all such interest and all such amounts shall become and be forthwith due and payable, without presentment, demand, protest or further notice of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived by the Company; provided, however, that in the event of an actual or deemed entry of an order for relief with respect to the Company under the Federal Bankruptcy Code, (A) the obligation of each Lender to make Advances shall automatically be terminated and (B) the Advances, all such interest and all such amounts shall automatically become and be due and payable, without presentment, demand, protest or any notice of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived by the Company.

ARTICLE 7

[RESERVED]

ARTICLE 8

THE AGENT

Section 8.01. Appointment and Authority. Each of the Lenders hereby irrevocably appoints Morgan Stanley to act on its behalf as the Agent hereunder and under the other Loan Documents and authorizes the Agent to take such actions on its behalf and to exercise such powers as are delegated to the Agent by the terms hereof or thereof, together with such actions and powers as are reasonably incidental thereto. The provisions of this Article are solely for the benefit of the Agent and the Lenders, and the Company shall not have rights as a third-party beneficiary of any of such provisions (except as explicitly provided for in Section 8.06). It is understood and agreed that the use of the term "agent" herein or in any other Loan Documents (or any other similar term) with reference to the Agent is not intended to connote any fiduciary or other implied (or express) obligations arising under agency doctrine of any applicable law. Instead such term is used as a matter of market custom, and is intended to create or reflect only an administrative relationship between contracting parties.

Section 8.02. Rights as a Lender. The Person serving as the Agent hereunder shall have the same rights and powers in its capacity as a Lender as any other Lender and may exercise the same as though it were not the Agent, and the term “**Lender**” or “**Lenders**” shall, unless otherwise expressly indicated or unless the context otherwise requires, include the Person serving as the Agent hereunder in its individual capacity. Such Person and its Affiliates may accept deposits from, lend money to, own securities of, act as the financial advisor or in any other advisory capacity for, and generally engage in any kind of business with, the Company or any Subsidiary or other Affiliate thereof as if such Person were not the Agent hereunder and without any duty to account therefor to the Lenders.

Section 8.03. Exculpatory Provisions. (a) The Agent shall not have any duties or obligations except those expressly set forth herein and in the other Loan Documents, and its duties hereunder shall be administrative in nature. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Agent:

(i) shall not be subject to any fiduciary or other implied duties, regardless of whether a Default has occurred and is continuing;

(ii) shall not have any duty to take any discretionary action or exercise any discretionary powers, except discretionary rights and powers expressly contemplated hereby or by the other Loan Documents that the Agent is required to exercise as directed in writing by the Required Lenders (or such other number or percentage of the Lenders as shall be expressly provided for herein or in the other Loan Documents); provided that the Agent shall not be required to take any action that, in its opinion or the opinion of its counsel, may expose the Agent to liability or that is contrary to any Loan Document or applicable law, including for the avoidance of doubt any action that may be in violation of the automatic stay under any Debtor Relief Law or that may effect a forfeiture, modification or termination of property of a Defaulting Lender in violation of any Debtor Relief Law; provided, further, the Agent may seek clarification or direction from the Required Lenders (or such other number or percentage of the Lenders as the Agent shall reasonably determine) prior to the exercise of any directed actions and may refrain from taking any such directed actions until such clarification or direction that is satisfactory to the Agent is received;

(iii) shall not, except as expressly set forth herein and in the other Loan Documents, have any duty to disclose, and shall not be liable for the failure to disclose, any information relating to the Company or any of its Affiliates that is communicated to or obtained by the Person serving as the Agent or any of its Affiliates in any capacity.

(b) The Agent shall not be liable for any action taken or not taken by it (i) with the consent or at the request of the Required Lenders (or such other number or percentage of the Lenders as shall be necessary, or as the Agent shall believe in good faith shall be necessary, under the circumstances as provided in Sections 9.01 and 6.01), or (ii) in the absence of its own gross negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction by final and non-appealable judgment. The Agent shall be deemed not to have knowledge of any Default unless and until notice describing such Default is given to the Agent in writing by the Company or a Lender.

(c) The Agent shall not be responsible for or have any duty to ascertain or inquire into (i) any statement, warranty or representation made in or in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document, (ii) the contents of any certificate, report or other document delivered hereunder

or thereunder or in connection herewith or therewith, (iii) the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or other terms or conditions set forth herein or therein or the occurrence of any Default, (iv) the validity, enforceability, effectiveness or genuineness of this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any other agreement, instrument or document, or (v) the satisfaction of any condition set forth in Article III or elsewhere herein, other than to confirm receipt of items expressly required to be delivered to the Agent.

(d) Nothing in this Agreement or any other Loan Document shall require the Agent or any of its Related Parties to carry out any “know your customer” or other checks in relation to any person on behalf of any Lender and each Lender confirms to the Agent that it is solely responsible for any such checks it is required to carry out and that it may not rely on any statement in relation to such checks made by the Agent or any of its Related Parties.

Section 8.04. Reliance by Agent. The Agent shall be entitled to rely upon, and shall not incur any liability for relying upon, any notice, request, certificate, consent, statement, instrument, document or other writing (including any electronic message, Internet or intranet website posting or other distribution) believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed, sent or otherwise authenticated by the proper Person. The Agent also may rely upon any statement made to it orally or by telephone and believed by it to have been made by the proper Person, and shall not incur any liability for relying thereon. In determining compliance with any condition hereunder to the making of a Advance that by its terms must be fulfilled to the satisfaction of a Lender, the Agent may presume that such condition is satisfactory to such Lender unless the Agent shall have received notice to the contrary from such Lender prior to the making of such Advance. The Agent may consult with legal counsel (who may be counsel for the Company), independent accountants and other experts selected by it, and shall not be liable for any action taken or not taken by it in accordance with the advice of any such counsel, accountants or experts.

Section 8.05. Delegation of Duties. The Agent may perform any and all of its duties and exercise its rights and powers hereunder or under any other Loan Document by or through any one or more sub-agents appointed by the Agent. The Agent and any such sub-agent may perform any and all of its duties and exercise its rights and powers by or through their respective Related Parties. The exculpatory provisions of this Article shall apply to any such sub-agent and to the Related Parties of the Agent and any such sub-agent, and shall apply to their respective activities in connection with the syndication of this Agreement as well as activities as Agent.

The Agent shall not be responsible for the negligence or misconduct of any sub-agents except to the extent that a court of competent jurisdiction determines in a final and nonappealable judgment that the Agent acted with gross negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct in the selection of such sub-agents.

Section 8.06. Resignation of Agent. (a) The Agent may at any time give notice of its resignation to the Lenders and the Company. Upon receipt of any such notice of resignation, the Required Lenders shall have the right, in consultation with and subject, so long as no Event of Default is continuing, to the approval of the Company (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), to appoint a successor, which shall be a bank with an office in the United States, or an Affiliate of any such bank with an office in the United States. If no such successor shall have been so appointed by the Required Lenders and shall have accepted such appointment within 30 days after the retiring Agent gives notice of its resignation (or such

earlier day as shall be agreed by the Required Lenders) (the “**Resignation Effective Date**”), then the retiring Agent may (but shall not be obligated to), on behalf of the Lenders, appoint a successor Agent meeting the qualifications set forth above. Whether or not a successor has been appointed, such resignation shall become effective in accordance with such notice on the Resignation Effective Date.

(b) If the Person serving as Agent is a Defaulting Lender pursuant to clause (v) of the definition thereof, the Required Lenders may, to the extent permitted by applicable law, by notice in writing to the Company and such Person remove such Person as Agent and, in consultation with and subject, so long as no Event of Default is continuing, to the approval of the Company (such approval not to be unreasonable withheld or delayed), appoint a successor. If no such successor shall have been so appointed by the Required Lenders and shall have accepted such appointment within 30 days (or such earlier day as shall be agreed by the Required Lenders) (the “**Removal Effective Date**”), then such removal shall nonetheless become effective in accordance with such notice on the Removal Effective Date.

(c) With effect from the Resignation Effective Date or the Removal Effective Date (as applicable) (1) the retiring or removed Agent shall be discharged from its duties and obligations hereunder and under the other Loan Documents (except that in the case of any collateral security held by the Agent on behalf of the Lenders under any of the Loan Documents, the retiring or removed Agent shall continue to hold such collateral security until such time as a successor Agent is appointed) and (2) except for any indemnity payments owed to the retiring or removed Agent, all payments, communications and determinations provided to be made by, to or through the Agent shall instead be made by or to each Lender directly, until such time, if any, as the Required Lenders appoint a successor Agent as provided for above. Upon the acceptance of a successor’s appointment as Agent hereunder, such successor shall succeed to and become vested with all of the rights, powers, privileges and duties of the retiring or removed Agent (other than any rights to indemnity payments owed to the retiring or removed Agent), and the retiring or removed Agent shall be discharged from all of its duties and obligations hereunder or under the other Loan Documents. The fees payable by the Company to a successor Agent shall be the same as those payable to its predecessor unless otherwise agreed between the Company and such successor. After the retiring or removed Agent’s resignation or removal hereunder and under the other Loan Documents, the provisions of this Article and Section 9.04 shall continue in effect for the benefit of such retiring or removed Agent, its sub-agents and their respective Related Parties in respect of any actions taken or omitted to be taken by any of them while the retiring or removed Agent was acting as Agent.

Section 8.07. Non-Reliance on Agent and Other Lenders. Each Lender acknowledges that it has, independently and without reliance upon the Agent or any other Lender or any of their Related Parties and based on such documents and information as it has deemed appropriate, made its own credit analysis and decision to enter into this Agreement. Each Lender also acknowledges that it will, independently and without reliance upon the Agent or any other Lender or any of their Related Parties and based on such documents and information as it shall from time to time deem appropriate, continue to make its own decisions in taking or not taking action under or based upon this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any related agreement or any document furnished hereunder or thereunder.

Section 8.08. No Other Duties, etc. Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, none of the Bookrunners or Arrangers listed on the cover page hereof shall have any powers, duties or responsibilities under this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents, except in its capacity, as applicable, as the Agent or a Lender hereunder.

ARTICLE 9

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 9.01. Amendments, Etc. No amendment or waiver of any provision of this Agreement or the Notes, nor consent to any departure by the Company therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the Required Lenders, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given; provided, however, that no amendment, waiver or consent shall, unless in writing and signed by (a) all the Lenders, do any of the following: (i) waive any of the conditions specified in Section 3.01, (ii) change the definition of “**Required Lenders**” or the percentage of the Commitments or of the aggregate unpaid principal amount of the Advances, or the number of Lenders, that shall be required for the Lenders or any of them to take any action hereunder, (iii) [reserved], (iv) change Section 2.15 in a manner that would alter the pro rata sharing of payments required thereby, (v) amend this Section 9.01 or (vi) release the Guaranty (other than in accordance with the express terms of Section 5.01(j)); or (b) each Lender directly affected thereby, do any of the following: (i) increase the Commitments of the Lenders or extend the Commitment Termination Date, (ii) reduce the principal of, or rate of interest on, the Advances or any fees or other amounts payable hereunder or (iii) postpone any date fixed for any payment of principal of, or interest on, the Advances or any fees or other amounts payable hereunder; and provided further that no amendment, waiver or consent shall, unless in writing and signed by the Agent in addition to the Lenders required above to take such action, affect the rights or duties of the Agent under this Agreement, any 3-Year Tranche Note or any 5-Year Tranche Note; provided, further that any amendment, waiver or consent that affects the rights or obligations of Lenders of one Class differently than the Lenders of the other Class shall additionally require the consent of the Lenders of each such Class representing the Required Lenders with respect to such Class.

Section 9.02. Notices, Etc. (a) *Notices Generally.* Except in the case of notices and other communications expressly permitted to be given by telephone (and except as provided in paragraph (b) below), all notices and other communications provided for herein shall be in writing and shall be delivered by hand or overnight courier service, mailed by certified or registered mail or sent by email or facsimile as follows:

(i) if to the Company:

(A) prior to the Closing Date, to it at c/o DuPont de Nemours, Inc., Chestnut Run Plaza Bldg., 730,974 Centre Road, Wilmington, Delaware 19805, Attention of Frank Markey, Vice President and Assistant Treasurer (Telephone No. (302) 892-7146; E-mail: Francis.Xavier.Markey@dupont.com); and

(B) on and following the Closing Date, to it at c/o Icon, 521 W. 57th Street, New York, New York, 10019, Attention of Treasurer (Facsimile No. (212) 708-7130; Telephone No. (212) 708-7231; E-mail: John.Taylor@iff.com);

(ii) if to Icon, to it at 521 W. 57th Street, New York, New York, 10019, Attention of Treasurer (Facsimile No. (212) 708-7130; Telephone No. (212) 708-7231; E-mail: John.Taylor@iff.com);

(iii) if to the Agent, to Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc. at 1300 Thames Street, Thames Street Wharf, 4th Floor, Baltimore, Maryland 21231, Attention: Morgan Stanley Loan Operations (Group Hotline. (917) 260-0588; E-mail: agency.borrowers@morganstanley.com); and

(iv) if to a Lender, to it at its address (or facsimile number or e-mail) set forth in its Administrative Questionnaire.

Notices sent by hand or overnight courier service, or mailed by certified or registered mail, shall be deemed to have been given when received; notices sent by facsimile shall be deemed to have been given when sent (except that, if not given during normal business hours for the recipient, shall be deemed to have been given at the opening of business on the next Business Day for the recipient). Notices delivered through electronic communications, to the extent provided in paragraph (b) below, shall be effective as provided in said paragraph (b).

(b) *Electronic Communications.* Notices and other communications to the Lenders hereunder may be delivered or furnished by electronic communication (including e-mail and Internet or intranet websites) pursuant to procedures approved by the Agent, provided that the foregoing shall not apply to notices to any Lender pursuant to Article II if such Lender has notified the Agent that it is incapable of receiving notices under such Article by electronic communication. The Agent, the Parent or the Company may, in its discretion, agree to accept notices and other communications to it hereunder by electronic communications pursuant to procedures approved by it; provided that approval of such procedures may be limited to particular notices or communications.

Unless the Agent otherwise prescribes, (i) notices and other communications sent to an e-mail address shall be deemed received upon the sender's receipt of an acknowledgement from the intended recipient (such as by the "return receipt requested" function, as available, return e-mail or other written acknowledgement), and (ii) notices or communications posted to an Internet or intranet website shall be deemed received upon the deemed receipt by the intended recipient, at its e-mail address as described in the foregoing clause (i), of notification that such notice or communication is available and identifying the website address therefor; provided that, for both clauses (i) and (ii) above, if such notice, email or other communication is not sent during the normal business hours of the recipient, such notice or communication shall be deemed to have been sent at the opening of business on the next Business Day for the recipient.

(c) *Change of Address, etc.* Any party hereto may change its address or facsimile number for notices and other communications hereunder by notice to the other parties hereto.

(d) *Platform*.

(i) The Parent agrees that the Agent may, but shall not be obligated to, make the Communications (as defined below) available to the Lenders by posting the Communications on Debt Domain, Intralinks, Syndtrak or a substantially similar electronic transmission system (the “**Platform**”).

(ii) The Platform is provided “as is” and “as available.” The Agent Parties (as defined below) do not warrant the adequacy of the Platform and expressly disclaim liability for errors or omissions in the Communications. No warranty of any kind, express, implied or statutory, including, without limitation, any warranty of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, non-infringement of third-party rights or freedom from viruses or other code defects, is made by any Agent Party in connection with the Communications or the Platform. In no event shall the Agent or any of its Related Parties (collectively, the “**Agent Parties**”) have any liability to the Parent, any Lender or any other Person or entity for damages of any kind, including, without limitation, direct or indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages, losses or expenses (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) arising out of the Parent’s, the Company’s or the Agent’s transmission of communications through the Platform. “**Communications**” means, collectively, any notice, demand, communication, information, document or other material provided by or on behalf the Parent pursuant to any Loan Document or the transactions contemplated therein which is distributed to the Agent or any Lender by means of electronic communications pursuant to this Section, including through the Platform.

Section 9.03. No Waiver; Remedies. No failure on the part of any Lender or the Agent to exercise, and no delay in exercising, any right hereunder or under any Note shall operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any such right preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right. The remedies herein provided are cumulative and not exclusive of any remedies provided by law.

Section 9.04. Costs and Expenses. (a) *Costs and Expenses*. The Company shall pay upon demand and presentation of a statement of account (i) all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Agent and its Affiliates (including the reasonable and documented fees, charges and disbursements of one New York counsel for the Agent and if reasonably necessary, a single local counsel for the Agent in each relevant jurisdiction (which may be a single local counsel acting in multiple jurisdictions)) in connection with the syndication of the facility contemplated under this Agreement, the preparation, negotiation, execution, delivery and administration of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, or any amendments, modifications or waivers of the provisions hereof or thereof and (ii) all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Agent and any Lender (including the reasonable and documented fees, charges and disbursements of one counsel for the Agent and any Lender taken as a whole and, if reasonably necessary, a single local counsel for the Agent and any Lender taken as a whole in each relevant jurisdiction (which may be a single local counsel acting in multiple jurisdictions) and, solely in the case of an actual or perceived conflict of interest among the Agent, the Arrangers and the Lenders, one additional counsel in each relevant jurisdiction to each group of affected indemnified parties similarly situated, taken as a whole) in connection with the enforcement or protection of its rights (A) in connection with this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, including its rights under this Section 9.04(a), or (B) in connection with the Advances made hereunder, including all such out-of-pocket expenses incurred during any workout, restructuring or negotiations in respect of such Advances.

(b) *Indemnification by the Company.* The Company shall indemnify the Agent, and each Lender, and each Related Party of any of the foregoing Persons (each such Person being called an “**Indemnitee**”) against, and hold each Indemnitee harmless from, any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities and related expenses (including the reasonable and documented fees, charges and disbursements of any counsel for any Indemnitee but excluding loss of anticipated profits, business or anticipated savings), incurred by any Indemnitee or asserted against any Indemnitee by any Person other than such Indemnitee and its Related Parties arising out of, in connection with, or as a result of (i) the execution or delivery of this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any agreement or instrument contemplated hereby or thereby, the performance by the parties hereto of their respective obligations hereunder or thereunder or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, (ii) any Advance or the use or proposed use of the proceeds therefrom, (iii) any actual or alleged presence or release of Hazardous Materials at, on, under, in, to or from any property currently or, to the extent of liability of or related to the any Group Member with respect to such property, formerly owned, leased or operated by any Group Member, any Environmental Action related in any way to any Group Member or any other liability of or related to any Group Member related to Environmental Laws, Environmental Permits or Hazardous Materials, or (iv) any actual or prospective claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, whether based on contract, tort or any other theory, whether brought by a third party or by the Parent or its Subsidiaries, and regardless of whether any Indemnitee is a party thereto; provided that any such indemnity as provided in this Section 9.04(b) shall not, as to any Indemnitee, be available to the extent that such losses, claims, damages, liabilities or related expenses (A) are determined by a court of competent jurisdiction by final and non-appealable judgment to have resulted from (x) the gross negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct of such Indemnitee or any of its Related Parties or (y) a material breach of the obligations under this Agreement of such Indemnitee or (B) are related to any investigation, litigation, or proceeding (each, a “**Proceeding**”) that does not arise from any act or omission by the Company, Icon or their respective affiliates and that is brought by any Indemnitee against any other Indemnitee (other than any claims against the Agent in its capacity or in fulfilling its role as agent with respect to this Agreement and other than any claims arising out of any act or omission on the part of the Company or its affiliates); provided that the Agent and the Arrangers to the extent fulfilling their respective roles as an agent or arranger under or in connection with this Agreement and in their capacities as such, shall remain indemnified in respect of such Proceedings to the extent that none of the exceptions set forth in any of clauses (x) or (y) of clause (A) above applies to such Person at such time; provided further that any legal expenses shall be limited to one counsel for all indemnified parties taken as a whole and if reasonably necessary, a single local counsel for all indemnified parties taken as a whole in each relevant jurisdiction (which may be a single local counsel acting in multiple jurisdictions) and, solely in the case of an actual or perceived conflict of interest among the Agent, the Arrangers and the Lenders, one additional counsel in each relevant jurisdiction to each group of affected indemnified parties similarly situated taken as a whole). This Section 9.04(b) shall not apply with respect to Taxes other than any Taxes that represent losses, claims, damages, etc. arising from any non-Tax claim.

(c) *Breakage Indemnity.* If any payment of principal of, or Conversion of, any Eurocurrency Rate Advance is made by the Company to or for the account of a Lender other than on the last day of the Interest Period for such Advance as a result of a payment or Conversion, acceleration of the maturity of the Advances pursuant to Section 6.01 or for any other reason, or by an Eligible Assignee to a Lender other than on the last day of the Interest Period for such Advance upon an assignment of rights and obligations under this Agreement pursuant to Section 9.07 as a result of a demand by the Company pursuant to Section 2.21(b), or if the Company fails to make any payment or prepayment of an Advance for which a notice of prepayment has been given or that is otherwise required to be made, the Company shall, upon written demand by such Lender (with a copy of such demand to the Agent), pay to the Agent for the account of such Lender any amounts required to compensate such Lender for any additional losses, costs or expenses that it reasonably incurs as a result of such payment or Conversion, including, without limitation, any loss (excluding loss of profits), cost or expense incurred by reason of the liquidation or reemployment of deposits or other funds acquired by any Lender to fund or maintain such Advance.

(d) *Reimbursement by Lenders.* To the extent that the Company for any reason fails to indefeasibly pay any amount required under paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section to be paid by it to the Agent, or any Related Party of the Agent, each Lender severally agrees to pay to the Agent, such Related Party, as the case may be, such Lender's pro rata share (determined as of the time that the applicable unreimbursed expense or indemnity payment is sought based on each Lender's share of the Total Credit Exposure at such time) of such unpaid amount (including any such unpaid amount in respect of a claim asserted by such Lender); provided that the unreimbursed expense or indemnified loss, claim, damage, liability or related expense, as the case may be, was incurred by or asserted against the Agent in its capacity as such, or against any Related Party of the Agent acting for the Agent in its capacity as such; provided, further, that no Lender shall be liable for any portion of such losses, claims, damages, liabilities or related expenses to the extent they are determined by a court of competent jurisdiction by final and non-appealable judgment to have resulted from the gross negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct of the Agent. The obligations of the Lenders under this paragraph (c) are several, and the failure of any Lender to perform its obligations under this paragraph (c) shall not affect any other Lender's obligations under this paragraph nor shall any Lender be responsible for the failure of any other Lender to perform its obligations under this paragraph.

(e) *Waiver of Consequential Damages, Etc.* To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, no party hereto shall assert, and each hereby waives, any claim against any other party hereto, on any theory of liability, for special, indirect, consequential or punitive damages, including without limitation, any loss of profits, business or anticipated savings (as opposed to direct or actual damages) arising out of, in connection with, or as a result of, this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any agreement or instrument contemplated hereby, the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, any Advance, or the use of the proceeds thereof; provided that nothing in this clause (e) shall relieve the Company of any obligation it may have to indemnify an Indemnitee against special, indirect, consequential or punitive damages asserted against such Indemnitee by a third party. No party hereto shall be liable for any damages arising from the use by unintended recipients of any information or other materials distributed by it through telecommunications, electronic or other information transmission systems in connection with this Agreement or the other Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.

(f) *Payments.* All amounts due under this Section shall be payable promptly after written demand therefor.

(g) *Survival.* Each party's obligations under Section 2.11, Section 2.14 and this Section shall survive the termination of the Loan Documents and payment of the obligations hereunder.

Section 9.05. Right of Set-off. If an Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, each Lender and each of its Affiliates is hereby authorized at any time and from time to time, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law and subject to exceptions of mandatory law in the country of incorporation of the Company or Icon, to set off and apply any and all deposits (general or special, time or demand, provisional or final, in whatever currency) at any time held, and other obligations (in whatever currency) at any time owing, by such Lender or any such Affiliate, to or for the credit or the account of the Company or Icon against any and all of the obligations of the Company or Icon now or hereafter existing under this Agreement or any other Loan Document to such Lender or its Affiliates, irrespective of whether or not such Lender or Affiliate shall have made any demand under this Agreement or any other Loan Document and although such obligations of the Company or Icon may be contingent or unmatured or are owed to a branch, office or Affiliate of such Lender different from the branch, office or Affiliate holding such deposit or obligated on such indebtedness; provided that in the event that any Defaulting Lender shall exercise any such right of setoff, (x) all amounts so set off shall be paid over immediately to the Agent for further application in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.20 and, pending such payment, shall be segregated by such Defaulting Lender from its other funds and deemed held in trust for the benefit of the Agent and the Lenders, and (y) the Defaulting Lender shall provide promptly to the Agent a statement describing in reasonable detail the obligations owing to such Defaulting Lender as to which it exercised such right of setoff. The rights of each Lender and its Affiliates under this Section are in addition to other rights and remedies (including other rights of setoff) that such Lender or its Affiliates may have. Each Lender agrees to notify the Company and the Agent promptly after any such setoff and application; provided that the failure to give such notice shall not affect the validity of such setoff and application.

Section 9.06. Binding Effect. On the Effective Date, this Agreement shall become effective and shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company, the Agent and each Lender and their respective successors and assigns, except that the Company shall not have the right to assign its rights hereunder or any interest herein without the prior written consent of all of the Lenders, except as otherwise permitted by this Agreement, including without limitation, Section 5.02(b) and Section 9.21.

Section 9.07. Assignments and Participations. (a) Successors and Assigns Generally. No Lender may assign or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations hereunder except (i) to an assignee in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this Section, (ii) by way of participation in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (d) of this Section, or (iii) by way of pledge or assignment of a security interest subject to the restrictions of paragraph (f) of this Section (and any other attempted assignment or transfer by any party hereto shall be null and void). Nothing in this Agreement, expressed or implied, shall be construed to confer upon any Person (other than the parties hereto, their respective successors and assigns permitted hereby, Participants to the extent provided in paragraph (d) of this Section and, to the extent expressly contemplated hereby, the Related Parties of each of the Agent and the Lenders) any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or by reason of this Agreement.

(b) *Assignments by Lenders.* Any Lender may at any time assign to one or more assignees all or a portion of its rights and obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of its Commitment and the Advances at the time owing to it); provided that any such assignment shall be subject to the following conditions:

(i) *Minimum Amounts.*

(A) in the case of an assignment of the entire remaining amount of the assigning Lender's Commitment and/or the Advances at the time owing to it or contemporaneous assignments to related Approved Funds that equal at least the amount specified in paragraph (b) (i)(B) of this Section in the aggregate or in the case of an assignment to a Lender, an Affiliate of a Lender or an Approved Fund, no minimum amount need be assigned; and

(B) in any case not described in paragraph (b)(i)(A) of this Section, the aggregate amount of the Commitment (which for this purpose includes Advances outstanding thereunder) or, if the applicable Commitment is not then in effect, the principal outstanding balance of the Advances of the assigning Lender subject to each such assignment (determined as of the date the Assignment and Assumption with respect to such assignment is delivered to the Agent or, if "**Trade Date**" is specified in the Assignment and Assumption, as of the Trade Date) shall not be less than \$10,000,000, or an integral multiple of \$1,000,000 in excess thereof, unless each of the Agent and, so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Company otherwise consents (each such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed).

(ii) *Proportionate Amounts.* Each partial assignment shall be made as an assignment of a proportionate part of all the assigning Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement with respect to the Advances or the Commitment assigned, except that this clause (ii) shall not prohibit any Lender from assigning all or a portion of its rights and obligations among separate Facilities on a non-pro rata basis.

(iii) *Required Consents.* No consent shall be required for any assignment except to the extent required by paragraph (b)(i)(B) of this Section and, in addition:

(A) (i) prior to the funding of the Advances on the Closing Date, the consent of the Company and Icon shall be required and (ii) after the funding of the Advances on the Closing Date, the consent of the Company and Icon (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) shall be required; *provided* that, solely in the case of this clause (ii), no such consent shall be required with respect to any assignment if (x) an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing at the time of such assignment, or (y) such assignment is to a Lender, an Affiliate of a Lender or an Approved Fund; *provided further* that, solely in the case of this clause (ii), the Company shall be deemed to have consented to any such assignment unless it shall object thereto by written notice to the Agent within ten Business Days after having received written notice thereof; and

(B) the consent of the Agent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) shall be required for assignments to a Person that is not a Lender, an Affiliate of a Lender or an Approved Fund.

(iv) *Assignment and Assumption.* The parties to each assignment shall execute and deliver to the Agent an Assignment and Assumption, together with a processing and recordation fee of \$3,500; provided that the Agent may, in its sole discretion, elect to waive such processing and recordation fee in the case of any assignment. The assignee, if it is not a Lender, shall deliver to the Agent an Administrative Questionnaire.

(v) *No Assignment to Certain Persons.* No such assignment shall be made to (A) the Parent or any of its Affiliates or Subsidiaries or (B) to any Defaulting Lender or any of its Subsidiaries, or any Person who, upon becoming a Lender hereunder, would constitute any of the foregoing Persons described in this clause (B).

(vi) *No Assignment to Natural Persons.* No such assignment shall be made to a natural Person (or a holding company, investment vehicle or trust for, or owned and operated by or for the primary benefit of a natural Person).

(vii) *Certain Additional Payments.* In connection with any assignment of rights and obligations of any Defaulting Lender hereunder, no such assignment shall be effective unless and until, in addition to the other conditions thereto set forth herein, the parties to the assignment shall make such additional payments to the Agent in an aggregate amount sufficient, upon distribution thereof as appropriate (which may be outright payment, purchases by the assignee of participations or subparticipations, or other compensating actions, including funding, with the consent of the Company and the Agent, the applicable pro rata share of Advances previously requested but not funded by the Defaulting Lender, to each of which the applicable assignee and assignor hereby irrevocably consent), to (x) pay and satisfy in full all payment liabilities then owed by such Defaulting Lender to the Agent and each other Lender hereunder (and interest accrued thereon), and (y) acquire (and fund as appropriate) its full pro rata share of all Advances and participations in accordance with its Ratable Share. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that any assignment of rights and obligations of any Defaulting Lender hereunder shall become effective under applicable law without compliance with the provisions of this paragraph, then the assignee of such interest shall be deemed to be a Defaulting Lender for all purposes of this Agreement until such compliance occurs.

Subject to acceptance and recording thereof by the Agent pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Section, from and after the effective date specified in each Assignment and Assumption, the assignee thereunder shall be a party to this Agreement and, to the extent of the interest assigned by such Assignment and Assumption, have the rights and obligations of a Lender under this Agreement, and the assigning Lender thereunder shall, to the extent of the interest assigned by such Assignment and Assumption, be released from its obligations under this Agreement (and, in the case of an Assignment and Assumption covering all of the assigning Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement, such Lender shall cease to be a party hereto) but

shall continue to be entitled to the benefits of Sections 2.11 and 9.04 with respect to facts and circumstances occurring prior to the effective date of such assignment; provided, that except to the extent otherwise expressly agreed by the affected parties, no assignment by a Defaulting Lender will constitute a waiver or release of any claim of any party hereunder arising from that Lender's having been a Defaulting Lender. Any assignment or transfer by a Lender of rights or obligations under this Agreement that does not comply with this paragraph shall be treated for purposes of this Agreement as a sale by such Lender of a participation in such rights and obligations in accordance with paragraph (d) of this Section.

(c) *Register.* The Agent, acting solely for this purpose as a non-fiduciary agent of the Company, shall maintain at one of its offices in the United States a copy of each Assignment and Assumption delivered to it and a register for the recordation of the names and addresses of the Lenders, and the Commitments of, and principal amounts (and stated interest) of the Advances owing to, each Lender pursuant to the terms hereof from time to time (the "**Register**"). The entries in the Register shall be conclusive absent manifest error, and the Company, the Agent and the Lenders shall treat each Person whose name is recorded in the Register pursuant to the terms hereof as a Lender hereunder for all purposes of this Agreement. The Register shall be available for inspection by the Company and any Lender, at any reasonable time and from time to time upon reasonable prior notice.

(d) *Participations.* Any Lender may at any time, without the consent of, or notice to, the Company or the Agent, sell participations to any Person (other than a natural Person (or a holding company, investment vehicle or trust for, or owned and operated by or for the primary benefit of a natural Person) or the Parent or any of its Affiliates or Subsidiaries) (each, a "**Participant**") in all or a portion of such Lender's rights and/or obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of its Commitment and/or the Advances owing to it); provided that (i) such Lender's obligations under this Agreement shall remain unchanged, (ii) such Lender shall remain solely responsible to the other parties hereto for the performance of such obligations and (iii) the Company, the Agent and Lenders shall continue to deal solely and directly with such Lender in connection with such Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement.

Any agreement or instrument pursuant to which a Lender sells such a participation shall provide that such Lender shall retain the sole right to enforce this Agreement and to approve any amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of this Agreement; provided that such agreement or instrument may provide that such Lender will not, without the consent of the Participant, agree to any amendment, modification or waiver described in the first proviso to Section 9.01 that affects such Participant. The Company agrees that each Participant shall be entitled to the benefits of Sections 2.11, 9.04(c) and 2.14 (subject to the requirements and limitations therein, including the requirements under Section 2.14(g) (it being understood that the documentation required under Section 2.14(g) shall be delivered to the participating Lender)) to the same extent as if it were a Lender and had acquired its interest by assignment pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Section; provided that such Participant (A) agrees to be subject to the provisions of Sections 2.21 as if it were an assignee under paragraph (b) of this Section; and (B) shall not be entitled to receive any greater payment under Sections 2.11 or 2.14, with respect to any participation, than its participating Lender would have been entitled to receive, except to the extent such entitlement to receive a greater payment results from a Change in Law that occurs after the Participant acquired the applicable participation. Each Lender that sells a

participation agrees, at the Company's request and expense, to use reasonable efforts to cooperate with the Company to effectuate the provisions of Section 2.21(b) with respect to any Participant. To the extent permitted by law, each Participant also shall be entitled to the benefits of Section 9.05 as though it were a Lender; provided that such Participant agrees to be subject to Section 2.15 as though it were a Lender. Each Lender that sells a participation shall, acting solely for this purpose as a non-fiduciary of the Company, maintain a register on which it enters the name and address of each Participant and the principal amounts (and stated interest) of each Participant's interest in the Advances or other obligations under the Loan Documents (the "**Participant Register**"); provided that no Lender shall have any obligation to disclose all or any portion of the Participant Register (including the identity of any Participant or any information relating to a Participant's interest in any commitments, loans, letters of credit or its other obligations under any Loan Document) to any Person except to the extent that such disclosure is necessary to establish that such commitment, loan, or other obligation is in registered form under Section 5f.103-1(c) of the United States Treasury Regulations. The entries in the Participant Register shall be conclusive absent manifest error, and such Lender shall treat each Person whose name is recorded in the Participant Register as the owner of such participation for all purposes of this Agreement notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. For the avoidance of doubt, the Agent (in its capacity as Agent) shall have no responsibility for maintaining a Participant Register.

(e) *Certain Pledges.* Any Lender may at any time pledge or assign a security interest in all or any portion of its rights under this Agreement to secure obligations of such Lender, including any pledge or assignment to secure obligations to a Federal Reserve Bank or any central bank having jurisdiction over such Lender; provided that no such pledge or assignment shall release such Lender from any of its obligations hereunder or substitute any such pledgee or assignee for such Lender as a party hereto.

(f) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, any Lender (a "**Granting Lender**") may grant to a special purpose funding vehicle identified as such in writing from time to time by the Granting Lender to the Agent and the Company (an "**SPC**") the option to provide all or any part of any Advance that such Granting Lender would otherwise be obligated to make pursuant to this Agreement; provided that (i) nothing herein shall constitute a commitment by any SPC to fund any Advance; and (ii) if an SPC elects not to exercise such option or otherwise fails to make all or any part of such Advance, the Granting Lender shall be obligated to make such Advance pursuant to the terms hereof. Each party hereto hereby agrees that (A) neither the grant to any SPC nor the exercise by any SPC of such option shall increase the costs or expenses or otherwise increase or change the obligations of the Company under this Agreement (including their obligations under Section 2.14); (B) no SPC shall be liable for any indemnity or similar payment obligation under this Agreement for which a Lender would be liable (which indemnity or similar payment obligation should be retained by the Granting Lender); and (C) the Granting Lender shall for all purposes, including the approval of any amendment, waiver or other modification of any provision of any Loan Document, remain the lender of record hereunder. The making of an Advance by an SPC hereunder shall utilize the Commitment of the Granting Lender to the same extent, and as if, such Advance were made by such Granting Lender. In furtherance of the foregoing, each party hereto hereby agrees (which agreement shall survive the termination of this Agreement) that, prior to the date that is one year and one day after the payment in full of all outstanding commercial paper or other senior debt of any SPC, it will not institute against, or join any other Person in instituting against, such SPC any bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, insolvency or liquidation proceeding under the laws of the

United States or any State thereof. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, any SPC may (x) with notice to, but without prior consent of the Company and the Agent and with the payment of a processing fee of \$3,500, assign all or any portion of its right to receive payment with respect to any Advance to the Granting Lender and (y) disclose on a confidential basis any non-public information relating to its funding of Advances to any rating agency, commercial paper dealer or provider of any surety or guarantee or credit or liquidity enhancement to such SPC. No Company shall be required to pay any amount under Sections 2.11, 2.12, 2.14, 9.04(a), (b) and (c) that is greater than the amount which it would have been required to pay had no grant been made by a Granting Lender to a SPC.

Section 9.08. Confidentiality. Each of the Agent and the Lenders agrees to maintain the confidentiality of the Information (as defined below), except that Information may be disclosed (a) to its Affiliates and to its and its Affiliates' respective managers, administrators, trustees, partners, directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors and other representatives (it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed of the confidential nature of such Information and instructed to keep such Information confidential), (b) to the extent requested by any regulatory authority purporting to have jurisdiction over it (including any self-regulatory authority, such as the National Association of Insurance Commissioners), (c) to the extent required by applicable laws or regulations or by any subpoena or similar legal process, provided that, in such case and in the case of clauses (b) and (c) above, the Agent or such Lender, as applicable, shall notify the Company and/or Icon, as applicable, promptly thereof prior to disclosure of such Information, to the extent practicable and it is not prohibited from doing so by any law or regulation or by such subpoena or legal process and except with respect to any audit or examination conducted by bank accountants or any governmental bank regulatory authority exercising examination or regulatory authority, (d) to any other party hereto, (e) in connection with the exercise of any remedies hereunder or under any 3-Year Tranche Note or any 5-Year Tranche Note or any action or proceeding relating to this Agreement, any 3-Year Tranche Note or 5-Year Tranche Note or the enforcement of rights hereunder or thereunder, (f) subject to an agreement containing provisions substantially the same as those of this Section, to (i) any assignee of or participant in, or any prospective assignee of or participant in, any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement ((it being understood that such actual or prospective assignee or participant will be informed of the confidential nature of such Information and instructed to keep such Information confidential), (ii) any actual or prospective risk protection provider or party (or its managers, administrators, trustees, partners, directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors and other representatives) to any swap, derivative or other transaction under which payments are to be made by reference to the Company and its obligations, this Agreement or payments hereunder (it being understood that such actual or prospective party will be informed of the confidential nature of such Information and instructed to keep such Information confidential on terms not less favorable than the provisions hereof in accordance with the standard syndication processes of the Arrangers or customary market standards for the dissemination of such Information), (iii) any rating agency on a confidential basis (limited to the information contained in this Agreement), (iv) the CUSIP Service Bureau or any similar organization or (v) to market data collectors, similar service providers to the lending industry (limited to generic information about this Agreement), and service providers to the Arranger in connection with the administration and management of this Agreement, (g) with the written consent of the Company, (h) to the extent such Information (x) becomes publicly available other than as a result of a breach of this Section or

(y) becomes available to the Agent, any Lender or any of their respective Affiliates on a nonconfidential basis from a source other than the Company unless the Agent or such Lender, as applicable, has actual knowledge that such source was required to keep such Information confidential or (i) for purposes of establishing a “**due diligence**” defense.

For purposes of this Section, “**Information**” means all information received from any Group Member or relating to any Group Member or any of their respective businesses, other than any such information that is available to the Agent or any Lender on a nonconfidential basis prior to disclosure by such Group Member, provided that, in the case of information received from any Group Member after the date hereof, such information is clearly identified at the time of delivery as confidential or should, because of its nature, reasonably be understood to be confidential. Any Person required to maintain the confidentiality of Information as provided in this Section shall be considered to have complied with its obligation to do so if such Person has exercised the same degree of care to maintain the confidentiality of such Information as such Person would accord to its own confidential information.

Section 9.09. Certain ERISA Matters.

(a) Each Lender (x) represents and warrants, as of the date such Person became a Lender party hereto, to, and (y) covenants, from the date such Person became a Lender party hereto to the date such Person ceases being a Lender party hereto, for the benefit of, the Agent and the Arrangers and their respective Affiliates, and not, for the avoidance of doubt, to or for the benefit of the Company or any other Group Member, that at least one of the following is and will be true:

(i) such Lender is not using “plan assets” (within the meaning of Section 3(42) of ERISA and 29 C.F.R. 2510.3-101) of one or more Benefit Plans in connection with the Advances or the Commitments,

(ii) the transaction exemption set forth in one or more PTEs, such as PTE 84-14 (a class exemption for certain transactions determined by independent qualified professional asset managers), PTE 95-60 (a class exemption for certain transactions involving insurance company general accounts), PTE 90-1 (a class exemption for certain transactions involving insurance company pooled separate accounts), PTE 91-38 (a class exemption for certain transactions involving bank collective investment funds) or PTE 96-23 (a class exemption for certain transactions determined by in-house asset managers), is applicable with respect to such Lender’s entrance into, participation in, administration of and performance of the Advances, the Commitments and this Agreement,

(iii) (A) such Lender is an investment fund managed by a “Qualified Professional Asset Manager” (within the meaning of Part VI of PTE 84-14), (B) such Qualified Professional Asset Manager made the investment decision on behalf of such Lender to enter into, participate in, administer and perform the Advances, the Commitments and this Agreement, (C) the entrance into, participation in, administration of and performance of the Advances, the Commitments and this Agreement satisfies the requirements of sub-sections (b) through (g) of Part I of PTE 84-14 and (D) to the best knowledge of such Lender, the requirements of subsection (a) of Part I of PTE 84-14 are satisfied with respect to such Lender’s entrance into, participation in, administration of and performance of the Advances, the Commitments and this Agreement, or

(iv) such other representation, warranty and covenant as may be agreed in writing between the Agent, in its sole discretion, and such Lender.

(b) In addition, unless either (1) sub-clause (i) in the immediately preceding clause (a) is true with respect to a Lender or (2) a Lender has provided another representation, warranty and covenant in accordance with sub-clause (iv) in the immediately preceding clause (a), such Lender further (x) represents and warrants, as of the date such Person became a Lender party hereto, to, and (y) covenants, from the date such Person became a Lender party hereto to the date such Person ceases being a Lender party hereto, for the benefit of, the Agent and the Arrangers and their respective Affiliates, and not, for the avoidance of doubt, to or for the benefit of the Company or any other Group Member, that none of the Agent or any Arranger or any of their respective Affiliates is a fiduciary with respect to the assets of such Lender involved in the Advances, the Commitments and this Agreement (including in connection with the reservation or exercise of any rights by the Agent under this Agreement, any Loan Document or any documents related hereto or thereto).

Section 9.10. Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Etc.

(a) *Governing Law.* This Agreement and the other Loan Documents and any claims, controversy, dispute or cause of action (whether in contract or tort or otherwise) based upon, arising out of or relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document (except, as to any other Loan Document, as expressly set forth therein) and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the State of New York; provided that (a) the definition of “Spinco Material Adverse Effect” and the determination of whether there shall have occurred a “Spinco Material Adverse Effect” (as defined in the Neptune Acquisition Agreement), (b) the determination of whether the Neptune Acquisition and/or the Neptune Separation has been consummated in accordance with the Neptune Acquisition Agreement and/or the Neptune Separation Agreement, as applicable and (c) the determination of whether the Neptune Acquisition Agreement Representations are accurate and whether as a result of any inaccuracy thereof Icon (or its Affiliates) has the right (taking into account any applicable cure provisions) to decline to consummate to consummate the Neptune Acquisition or to terminate its (or their) obligations (or otherwise do not have an obligation to close) under the Neptune Acquisition Agreement shall, in each case be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware applicable to agreements made and to be performed entirely within such state without regard to the conflicts of law provisions thereof.

(b) *Jurisdiction.* Each party hereto irrevocably and unconditionally agrees that it will not commence any action, litigation or proceeding of any kind or description, whether in law or equity, whether in contract or in tort or otherwise, against any other party hereto, or any Related Party of the foregoing in any way relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document or the transactions relating hereto or thereto, in any forum other than the courts of the State of New York sitting in New York County, and of the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York, and any appellate court from any thereof, and each of the parties hereto irrevocably and unconditionally submits to the jurisdiction of such courts and agrees that

all claims in respect of any such action, litigation or proceeding may be heard and determined in such New York State court or, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, in such federal court. Each of the parties hereto agrees that a final judgment in any such action, litigation or proceeding shall be conclusive and may be enforced in other jurisdictions by suit on the judgment or in any other manner provided by law. Nothing in this Agreement or in any other Loan Document shall affect any right that the Agent or any Lender may otherwise have to bring any action or proceeding relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document against the Company or its properties in the courts of any jurisdiction in connection with the exercise of any rights under any agreement related to collateral provided hereunder that is governed by laws other than the law of the State of New York or to enforce a judgment obtained from a court in New York.

(c) *Waiver of Venue.* Each party hereto irrevocably and unconditionally waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document in any court referred to in paragraph (b) of this Section. Each of the parties hereto hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, the defense of an inconvenient forum to the maintenance of such action or proceeding in any such court.

(d) *Service of Process.* Each party hereto irrevocably consents to service of process in the manner provided for notices in Section 9.02. Nothing in this Agreement will affect the right of any party hereto to serve process in any other manner permitted by applicable law.

Section 9.11. Execution in Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties hereto in separate counterparts, each of which when so executed shall be deemed to be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Agreement by telecopier or other electronic means shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Agreement.

Section 9.12. [Reserved]

Section 9.13. [Reserved]

Section 9.14. Acknowledgement and Consent to Bail-In of EEA Financial Institutions. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any Loan Document or in any other agreement, arrangement or understanding among any such parties, each party hereto acknowledges that any liability of any EEA Financial Institution arising under any Loan Document, to the extent such liability is unsecured, may be subject to the Write-Down and Conversion Powers of an EEA Resolution Authority and agrees and consents to, and acknowledges and agrees to be bound by:

(a) the application of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by an EEA Resolution Authority to any such liabilities arising hereunder which may be payable to it by any party hereto that is an EEA Financial Institution; and

(b) the effects of any Bail-In Action on any such liability, including, if applicable:

(i) a reduction in full or in part or cancellation of any such liability;

(ii) a conversion of all, or a portion of, such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership in such EEA Financial Institution, its parent undertaking, or a bridge institution that may be issued to it or otherwise conferred on it, and that such shares or other instruments of ownership will be accepted by it in lieu of any rights with respect to any such liability under this Agreement or any other Loan Document; or

(iii) the variation of the terms of such liability in connection with the exercise of the Write-Down and Conversion Powers of any EEA Resolution Authority.

As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following meanings (such meanings to be equally applicable to both the singular and plural forms of the terms defined):

“Bail-In Action” means the exercise of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by the applicable EEA Resolution Authority in respect of any liability of an EEA Financial Institution.

“Bail-In Legislation” means, with respect to any EEA Member Country implementing Article 55 of Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union, the implementing law for such EEA Member Country from time to time which is described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule.“

“EEA Financial Institution” means (a) any credit institution or investment firm established in any EEA Member Country which is subject to the supervision of an EEA Resolution Authority, (b) any entity established in an EEA Member Country which is a parent of an institution described in clause (a) of this definition, or (c) any financial institution established in an EEA Member Country which is a subsidiary of an institution described in clauses (a) or (b) of this definition and is subject to consolidated supervision with its parent.

“EEA Member Country” means any of the member states of the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein, and Norway.

“EEA Resolution Authority” means any public administrative authority or any Person entrusted with public administrative authority of any EEA Member Country (including any delegee) having responsibility for the resolution of any EEA Financial Institution.

“EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule” means the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule published by the Loan Market Association (or any successor Person), as in effect from time to time.

“Write-Down and Conversion Powers” means, with respect to any EEA Resolution Authority, the write-down and conversion powers of such EEA Resolution Authority from time to time under the Bail-In Legislation for the applicable EEA Member Country, which write-down and conversion powers are described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule.

Section 9.15. Patriot Act Notice. Each Lender and the Agent (for itself and not on behalf of any Lender) hereby notifies the Company that pursuant to the requirements of the Patriot Act and the Beneficial Ownership Regulation, it is required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies the Company and Icon, which information includes the name and address of the Company and Icon, and to the extent applicable, a

Beneficial Ownership Certification, and other information that will allow such Lender or the Agent, as applicable, to identify the Company and Icon in accordance with the Patriot Act and the Beneficial Ownership Regulation. The Company shall provide such information and take such actions as are reasonably requested by the Agent or any Lenders in order to assist the Agent and the Lenders in maintaining compliance with the Patriot Act and the Beneficial Ownership Regulation.

Section 9.16. [Reserved]

Section 9.17. No Fiduciary Duty. Each Agent, each Lender and their Affiliates may have economic interests that conflict with those of the Company. The Company agrees that in connection with all aspects of the transactions contemplated hereby and any communications in connection therewith, the Company and its Affiliates, on the one hand, and the Agent, the Bookrunners, Arrangers, syndication agent, documentation agent, the Lenders and their respective Affiliates, on the other hand, will have a business relationship that does not create, by implication or otherwise, any fiduciary duty on the part of the Agent, the Bookrunners, Arrangers, syndication agent, documentation agent, the Lenders or their respective Affiliates and no such duty will be deemed to have arisen in connection with any such transactions or communications.

Section 9.18. [Reserved]

Section 9.19. Waiver of Jury Trial. Each of the Company, the Agent and the Lenders hereby irrevocably waives all right to trial by jury in any action, proceeding or counterclaim (whether based on contract, tort or otherwise) arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the Notes or the actions of the Agent or any Lender in the negotiation, administration, performance or enforcement thereof.

Section 9.20. Acknowledgement Regarding Any Supported QFCs. To the extent that the Loan Documents provide support, through a guarantee or otherwise, for any Hedge Agreement or any other agreement or instrument that is a QFC (such support, “**QFC Credit Support**”, and each such QFC, a “**Supported QFC**”), the parties acknowledge and agree as follows with respect to the resolution power of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and Title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (together with the regulations promulgated thereunder, the “**U.S. Special Resolution Regimes**”) in respect of such Supported QFC and QFC Credit Support (with the provisions below applicable notwithstanding that the Loan Documents and any Supported QFC may in fact be stated to be governed by the laws of the State of New York and/or of the United States or any other state of the United States):

(i) In the event a Covered Entity that is party to a Supported QFC (each, a “**Covered Party**”) becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, the transfer of such Supported QFC and the benefit of such QFC Credit Support (and any interest and obligation in or under such Supported QFC and such QFC Credit Support, and any rights in property securing such Supported QFC or such QFC Credit Support) from such Covered Party will be effective to the same extent as the transfer would be effective under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if the Supported QFC and such QFC Credit Support (and any such interest, obligation and rights in property) were governed by

the Laws of the United States or a state of the United States. In the event a Covered Party or a BHC Act Affiliate of a Covered Party becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, Default Rights under the Loan Documents that might otherwise apply to such Supported QFC or any QFC Credit Support that may be exercised against such Covered Party are permitted to be exercised to no greater extent than such Default Rights could be exercised under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if the Supported QFC and the Loan Documents were governed by the Laws of the United States or a state of the United States. Without limitation of the foregoing, it is understood and agreed that rights and remedies of the parties with respect to a Defaulting Lender shall in no event affect the rights of any Covered Party with respect to a Supported QFC or any QFC Credit Support.

(ii) As used in this Section 9.20, the following terms have the following meanings:

“**BHC Act Affiliate**” of a party means an “affiliate” (as such term is defined under, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 U.S.C. 1841(k)) of such party.

“**Covered Entity**” means any of the following: (i) a “covered entity” as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 252.82(b); (ii) a “covered bank” as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 47.3(b); or (iii) a “covered FSI” as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 382.2(b).

“**Default Right**” has the meaning assigned to that term in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. §§ 252.81, 47.2 or 382.1, as applicable.

“**QFC**” has the meaning assigned to the term “qualified financial contract” in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 U.S.C. 5390(c)(8)(D).

Section 9.21. Assumption by Icon of the Company’s Obligations. At any time after the consummation of the Neptune Acquisition, Icon may expressly assume all the obligations of “the Company” under this Agreement by delivering to the Agent (i) an Icon Debt Assumption Supplement executed by the Company and Icon (and which shall be acknowledged by the Agent) together with (ii) documents with respect to Icon of the types referred to in clauses (c), (f), (g) and (h) of Section 3.01, all in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Agent whereupon (x) Icon will assume and become obligated to perform all obligations of the Company and have all of the rights of the Company pursuant to this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, and (y) so long as it shall not be a guarantor of Debt of Icon in an aggregate principal amount in excess of \$250,000,000 (or shall be released from any such guarantee of Debt in excess of such amount substantially concurrently with the occurrence of the Icon Debt Assumption), Nutrition & Biosciences shall be released from all of its obligations as “the Company” pursuant to this Agreement and the other Loan Documents.

[Signature Pages Follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized, as of the date first above written.

NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC.

By: /s/ Francis Markey

Name: Francis Markey

Title: Vice President and Assistant Treasurer

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

By: /s/ Subhalakshmi Ghosh-Kohli

Name: Subhalakshmi Ghosh-Kohli

Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

MORGAN STANLEY BANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Subhalakshmi Ghosh-Kohli

Name: Subhalakshmi Ghosh-Kohli

Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

CREDIT SUISSE AG, CAYMAN ISLANDS BRANCH, as
a Lender

By: /s/ William O'Daly

Name: William O'Daly

Title: Authorized Signatory

By: /s/ D. Andrew Maletta

Name: D. Andrew Maletta

Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

COBANK, ACB, as a Lender

By: /s/ Andrew Shockley

Name: Andrew Shockley

Title: Assistant Vice President

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

BNP PARIBAS, as a Lender

By: /s/ Christopher Sked

Name: Christopher Sked

Title: Managing Director

By: /s/ Ade Adedeji

Name: Ade Adedeji

Title: Director

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

By: /s/ Michael Vondriska

Name: Michael Vondriska

Title: Vice President

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

By: /s/ Peter S. Predun

Name: Peter S. Predun

Title: Executive Director

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Brandon Weiss

Name: Brandon Weiss

Title: Vice President

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

MIZUHO BANK, LTD., as a Lender

By: /s/ Donna DeMagistris

Name: Donna DeMagistris

Title: Executive Director

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

SUMITOMO MITSUI BANKING CORPORATION, as a
Lender

By: /s/ Richard Eisenberg

Name: Richard Eisenberg

Title: Managing Director

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a
Lender

By: /s/ Denis Waltrich

Name: Denis Waltrich

Title: Director

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

BARCLAYS BANK PLC, as a Lender

By: /s/ Sydney G. Dennis

Name: Sydney G. Dennis

Title: Director

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BANK OF CHINA
LIMITED, NEW YORK BRANCH, as a Lender

By: /s/ Christine Cai

Name: Christine Cai

Title: Vice President

By: /s/ Gang Duan

Name: Gang Duan

Title: Executive Director

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

By: /s/ Louise Gough

Name: Louise Gough

Title: Vice President

By: /s/ Padraig Matthews

Name: Padraig Matthews

Title: Director

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

MUFG BANK, LTD., as a Lender

By: /s/ Jeffrey Flagg

Name: Jeffrey Flagg

Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

By: /s/ Paul E. Rouse

Name: Paul E. Rouse

Title: Vice President

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

HSBC BANK USA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a
Lender

By: /s/ Robert Levins

Name: Robert Levins

Title: Senior Credit Manager

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

By: /s/ James Beck

Name: James Beck

Title: Associate Director

[Signature Page to Neptune Term Loan Credit Agreement]

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

This AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO CREDIT AGREEMENT, dated as of August 25, 2020 (this “**Amendment**”), is entered into among NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC. (the “**Company**”), the Lenders signatory hereto and MORGAN STANLEY SENIOR FUNDING, INC., as administrative agent (in such capacity, the “**Agent**”).

WHEREAS, the Company, the Lenders from time to time party thereto and the Agent have entered into that certain Term Loan Credit Agreement, dated as of January 17, 2020 (as amended prior to the date hereof, the “**Credit Agreement**”).

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Credit Agreement, the Company, the Lenders party hereto and the Agent have agreed to amend the Credit Agreement as provided for herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual execution hereof and other good and valuable consideration, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

1. Defined Terms. Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein have the meanings given in the Credit Agreement.
2. Amendment. Upon satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Section 3 hereof, the Credit Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

(a) Section 1.01 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by amending and restating the definition of “Applicable Margin” to read as follows:

“**Applicable Margin**” means as of any date, with respect to any Base Rate Advance or Eurocurrency Rate Advance, as the case may be, a percentage per annum determined by reference to the Public Debt Rating in effect on such date as set forth below under the applicable caption:

<u>Public Debt Rating S&P/Moody's</u>	<u>3-Year Tranche</u>		<u>5-Year Tranche</u>	
	<u>Applicable Margin for Base Rate Advances</u>	<u>Applicable Margin for Eurocurrency Rate Advances</u>	<u>Applicable Margin for Base Rate Advances</u>	<u>Applicable Margin for Eurocurrency Rate Advances</u>
Level 1				
A+ / A1 or above	0.000%	0.750%	0.125%	1.125%
Level 2				
A / A2	0.000%	0.875%	0.250%	1.250%
Level 3				
A- / A3	0.000%	1.000%	0.375%	1.375%
Level 4				
BBB+ / Baa1	0.125%	1.125%	0.500%	1.500%
Level 5				
BBB / Baa2	0.250%	1.250%	0.625%	1.625%

	3-Year Tranche		5-Year Tranche	
Level 6				
BBB- / Baa3	0.500%	1.500%	0.875%	1.875%
Level 7				
Lower than Level 6	1.000%	2.000%	1.375%	2.375%

(b) Section 1.01 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by amending and restating the definition of “Special Cash Payment” to read as follows:

“**Special Cash Payment**” means the Spinco Special Cash Payment (as defined in the Neptune Separation Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019, as amended or otherwise modified from time to time, to the extent such amendment or other modification will not result in the failure or inability to satisfy the condition set forth in Section 3.02(b)).

(c) Section 1.01 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by amending and restating the definition of “Icon Revolving Credit Agreement” to read as follows:

“**Icon Revolving Credit Agreement**” means that certain Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2020, among Icon and certain of its Subsidiaries party thereto, the lenders party thereto from time to time, and Citibank, N.A., as administrative agent (as may be amended, supplemented, modified or replaced from time to time).

(d) Section 2.04 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by adding the following new clause (c) at the end thereof:

(c) *Amendment Fees.* The Company shall pay to the Agent, for the account of each of the Lenders, amendment fees in connection with Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2020, among the Company, the lenders party thereto, and the Agent in the amounts and at the times as agreed between the Company and the Agent and separately notified to the Lenders.

(e) Section 2.17 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

Section 2.17 Use of Proceeds. The proceeds of the Advances shall be used solely (i) to finance, in part, the Special Cash Payment and/or at the option of the Company, to be transferred to a Subsidiary of the Company and thereafter paid to Dupont or one of its Subsidiaries in connection with consummating the Neptune Transactions and (ii) for the payment of fees and expenses in connection with each of the foregoing.

(f) Section 5.02(e)(viii) of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

(viii) Debt of Subsidiaries of Icon owed under the Icon Revolving Credit Agreement in an aggregate principal amount at any time outstanding not to exceed \$2,500,000,000;

(g) Section 5.03 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

Section 5.03 Financial Covenant. So long as any Advance shall remain unpaid, the Parent shall maintain a Leverage Ratio as of the end of any Relevant Period of not more than: (i) 4.75 to 1.00 commencing as of the end of the first full fiscal quarter period of Icon ended after the Closing Date until and including the end of the third full fiscal quarter after the Closing Date, (ii) then 4.50 to 1.00 until and including the end of the sixth full fiscal quarter after the Closing Date, (iii) then 3.75 to 1.00 until and including end of the ninth full fiscal quarter after the Closing Date and (iv) 3.50 to 1.00 as of the end of any Relevant Period thereafter; *provided* that, commencing after the end of the ninth full fiscal quarter after the Closing Date, if any Group Member consummates an acquisition of all or substantially all of the assets of a Person, or of any business or division of a Person, for which it paid at least \$500,000,000 in consideration (a "**Qualifying Acquisition**"), the maximum Leverage Ratio shall step up to no greater than 3.75 to 1.00 for the three full fiscal quarters after such Qualifying Acquisition, which shall be reduced to 3.50 to 1.00 after the end of the third full fiscal quarter after such Qualifying Acquisition.

(h) Section 9.11 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

SECTION 9.11 Execution in Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties hereto in separate counterparts, each of which when so executed shall be deemed to be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Agreement by telecopier or other electronic means shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Agreement. The words "execution," "signed," "signature," and words of like import in this Agreement shall be deemed to include electronic signatures or the keeping of records in electronic form, each of which shall be of the same legal effect, validity or enforceability as a manually executed signature or the use of a paper-based recordkeeping system, as the case may be, to the extent and as provided for in any applicable law, including the Federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, the New York State Electronic Signatures and Records Act, or any other similar state laws based on the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act; provided that, to the extent the Borrower executes this Agreement by way of electronic signature, the Borrower shall, upon reasonable request therefor, provide to the Agent a manually executed signature to this Agreement (which may be delivered by fax or in a .pdf or similar file).

(i) Section 9.14 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

SECTION 9.14 Acknowledgement and Consent to Bail-In of Affected Financial Institutions. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any Loan Document or in any other agreement, arrangement or understanding among any such parties, each party hereto acknowledges that any liability of any Affected Financial Institution arising under any Loan Document, to the extent such liability is unsecured, may be subject to the write-down and conversion powers of the applicable Resolution Authority and agrees and consents to, and acknowledges and agrees to be bound by:

(i) the application of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by the applicable Resolution Authority to any such liabilities arising hereunder which may be payable to it by any party hereto that is an Affected Financial Institution; and

(ii) the effects of any Bail-In Action on any such liability, including, if applicable:

(1) a reduction in full or in part or cancellation of any such liability;

(2) a conversion of all, or a portion of, such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership in such Affected Financial Institution, its parent undertaking, or a bridge institution that may be issued to it or otherwise conferred on it, and that such shares or other instruments of ownership will be accepted by it in lieu of any rights with respect to any such liability under this Agreement or any other Loan Document; or

(3) the variation of the terms of such liability in connection with the exercise of the Write-Down and Conversion Powers of the applicable Resolution Authority.

As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following meanings (such meanings to be equally applicable to both the singular and plural forms of the terms defined):

“**Affected Financial Institution**” means (a) any EEA Financial Institution or (b) any UK Financial Institution.

“**Bail-In Action**” means the exercise of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by the applicable Resolution Authority in respect of any liability of an Affected Financial Institution.

“**Bail-In Legislation**” means (a) with respect to any EEA Member Country implementing Article 55 of Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union, the implementing law, regulation rule or requirement for such EEA Member Country from time to time which is described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule and (b) with respect to the United Kingdom, Part I of the United Kingdom Banking Act 2009 (as amended from time to time) and any other law, regulation or rule applicable in the United Kingdom relating to the resolution of unsound or failing banks, investment firms or other financial institutions or their affiliates (other than through liquidation, administration or other insolvency proceedings).

“**EEA Financial Institution**” means (a) any credit institution or investment firm established in any EEA Member Country which is subject to the supervision of an EEA Resolution Authority, (b) any entity established in an EEA Member Country which is a parent of an institution described in clause (a) of this definition, or (c) any financial institution established in an EEA Member Country which is a subsidiary of an institution described in clauses (a) or (b) of this definition and is subject to consolidated supervision with its parent.

“**EEA Member Country**” means any of the member states of the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein, and Norway.

“**EEA Resolution Authority**” means any public administrative authority or any person entrusted with public administrative authority of any EEA Member Country (including any delegee) having responsibility for the resolution of any EEA Financial Institution.

“**EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule**” means the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule published by the Loan Market Association (or any successor person), as in effect from time to time.

“**Resolution Authority**” means an EEA Resolution Authority or, with respect to any UK Financial Institution, a UK Resolution Authority.

“**UK Financial Institution**” means any BRRD Undertaking (as such term is defined under the PRA Rulebook (as amended from time to time) promulgated by the United Kingdom Prudential Regulation Authority) or any person falling within IFPRU 11.6 of the FCA Handbook (as amended from time to time) promulgated by the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority, which includes certain credit institutions and investment firms, and certain affiliates of such credit institutions or investment firms.

“**UK Resolution Authority**” means the Bank of England or any other public administrative authority having responsibility for the resolution of any UK Financial Institution.

“**Write-Down and Conversion Powers**” means, (a) with respect to any EEA Resolution Authority, the write-down and conversion powers of such EEA Resolution Authority from time to time under the Bail-In Legislation for the applicable EEA Member Country, which write-down and conversion powers are described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule, and (b) with respect to the United Kingdom, any powers of the applicable Resolution Authority under the Bail-In Legislation to cancel, reduce, modify or change the form of a liability of any UK Financial Institution or any contract or instrument under which that liability arises, to convert all or part of that liability into shares, securities or obligations of that person or any other person, to provide that any such contract or instrument is to have effect as if a right had been exercised under it or to suspend any obligation in respect of that liability or any of the powers under that Bail-In Legislation that are related to or ancillary to any of those powers.

3. Effectiveness. This Amendment will become effective upon the date on which the following conditions precedent are first satisfied (the “**Amendment Effective Date**”):

(a) The Agent shall have received from the Company and from the Lenders constituting (i) the Required Lenders and (ii) the Lenders having in excess of 50% of the Commitments under the 5-Year Tranche an executed counterpart of this Amendment (or photocopies thereof sent by fax, .pdf or other electronic means, each of which shall be enforceable with the same effect as a signed original).

(b) The Agent shall have received a certificate, dated the Amendment Effective Date and signed by a duly authorized officer of the Company, confirming (i) the representations and warranties set forth in this Amendment shall be true and correct in all material respects on and as of the Amendment Effective Date (unless qualified by materiality in which case are true and correct in all respects) and (ii) no event shall have occurred and be continuing, or would result from this Amendment or the transactions contemplated hereby, that would, as of the Amendment Effective Date, constitute a Default.

(c) The Agent shall have received all fees and expenses due and payable on or prior to the Amendment Effective Date, including, to the extent invoiced three (3) Business Days prior to the Amendment Effective Date, reimbursement or payment of all out-of-pocket expenses required to be reimbursed or paid by the Company under the Credit Agreement.

(d) The Company shall have paid to the Agent, for the account of each of the Lenders, an amendment fee in the amount agreed between the Company and the Agent.

4. Representations and Warranties. The Company represents and warrants, as of the date hereof, that, after giving effect to the provisions of this Amendment, (a) each of the representations and warranties made by the Company in Section 4.01 of the Credit Agreement is true in all material respects on and as of the date hereof as if made on and as of the date hereof, except (i) to the extent that such representations and warranties refer to an earlier date, in which case they were true in all material respects as of such earlier date or (ii) to the extent that such representations and warranties are qualified as to materiality or Material Adverse Effect, in which case such representations and warranties shall be true in all respects, and (b) no event shall have occurred and be continuing, or would result from this Amendment or the transactions contemplated hereby, that would, as of the Amendment Effective Date, constitute a Default.

5. Effect of the Amendment. Except as expressly set forth herein, this Amendment shall not by implication or otherwise limit, impair, constitute a waiver of, or otherwise affect the rights and remedies of the Lenders or the Agent under the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document, and shall not alter, modify, amend, serve to effect a novation of, or in any way affect any of the terms, conditions, obligations, covenants or agreements contained in the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document, all of which, as amended, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified hereby, are ratified and affirmed in all respects and shall continue in full force and effect. Upon the effectiveness of this Amendment, each reference in the Credit Agreement and in any exhibits attached thereto to “this Agreement”, “hereunder”, “hereof”, “herein” or words of similar import shall mean and be a reference to the Credit Agreement after giving effect to this Amendment.

6. Miscellaneous. The provisions of Sections 9.02 (Notices, Etc.); 9.03 (No Waiver; Remedies); 9.04 (Costs and Expenses) (except clauses (c) and (d) thereof); 9.08 (Confidentiality); 9.10 (Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Etc.); 9.11 (Execution in Counterparts); 9.14 (Acknowledgement and Consent to Bail-In of Affected Financial Institutions); and 9.19 (Waiver of Jury Trial) of the Credit Agreement (as amended by this Amendment) shall apply with like effect to this Amendment. This Amendment shall be a “Loan Document” for all purposes under the Credit Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered by their proper and duly authorized officers as of the day and year first above written.

NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC.,

By: /s/ Francis Markey
Name: Francis Markey
Title: Vice President and Assistant Treasurer

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

MORGAN STANLEY SENIOR FUNDING, INC., as
Agent

By: /s/ Subhalakshmi Ghosh-Kohli

Name: Subhalakshmi Ghosh-Kohli

Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.,
as a Lender

By: /s/ Mukesh Singh

Name: Mukesh Singh

Title: Director

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

BARCLAYS BANK PLC

as a Lender

By: /s/ Sydney G. Dennis

Name: Sydney G. Dennis

Title: Director

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

BNP Paribas

as a Lender

By: /s/ Christopher Sked

Name: Christopher Sked

Title: Managing Director

By: /s/ Karim Remtoula

Name: Karim Remtoula

Title: Vice President

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

CITIBANK, N.A.

as a Lender

By: /s/ Michael Vondriska

Name: Michael Vondriska

Title: Vice President

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

COBANK, ACB

as a Lender

By: /s/ Jared Greene

Name: Jared Greene

Title: Assistant Corporate Secretary

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch
as a Lender

By: /s/ William O'Daly

Name: William O'Daly

Title: Authorized Signatory

By: /s/ D. Andrew Maletta

Name: D. Andrew Maletta

Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

HSBC BANK USA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
as a Lender

By: /s/ Steve Zambriczki

Name: Steve Zambriczki #22548

Title: Senior Vice President

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

**Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited,
New York Branch**
as a Lender

By: /s/ Christine Cai

Name: Christine Cai

Title: Vice President

By: /s/ Pinyen Shih

Name: Pinyen Shih

Title: Executive Director

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

ING Bank N.V., Dublin Branch
as a Lender

By: /s/ Sean Hassett

Name: Sean Hassett

Title: Director

By: /s/ Barry Fehily

Name: Barry Fehily

Title: Managing Director

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A.,
as a Lender

By: /s/ Peter S. Predun

Name: Peter S. Predun

Title: Executive Director

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

MIZUHO BANK, LTD.

as a Lender

By: /s/ Donna DeMagistris

Name: Donna DeMagistris

Title: Executive Director

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

MORGAN STANLEY BANK, N.A.
as a Lender

By: /s/ Subhalakshmi Ghosh-Kohli
Name: Subhalakshmi Ghosh-Kohli
Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

MUFG Bank, Ltd.

as a Lender

By: /s/ Mark H. Maloney

Name: Mark H. Maloney

Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

STANDARD CHARTERED BANK
as a Lender

By: /s/ James Beck

Name: James Beck

Title: Associate Director

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation
as a Lender

By: /s/ Jun Ashley

Name: Jun Ashley

Title: Director

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

U.S. Bank National Association
as a Lender

By: /s/ Steven Bobinchak

Name: Steven Bobinchak

Title: Assistant Vice President

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
as a Lender

By: /s/ Michael J. Stein

Name: Michael J. Stein

Title: Vice President

[Signature Page to N&B Term Loan Amendment]

NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC.

as Issuer

and

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

as Trustee

INDENTURE

Dated as of September 16, 2020

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INDENTURE, dated as of September 16, 2020, among Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the “Trustee”):

WHEREAS, for its lawful corporate purposes, the Company has duly authorized the execution and delivery of this Indenture to provide for the issuance of (i) \$300,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 0.697% Senior Notes due 2022 (the “2022 Notes”), (ii) \$1,000,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 1.230% Senior Notes due 2025 (the “2025 Notes”), (iii) \$1,200,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 1.832% Senior Notes due 2027 (the “2027 Notes”), (iv) \$1,500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 2.300% Senior Notes due 2030 (the “2030 Notes”), (v) \$750,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.268% Senior Notes due 2040 (the “2040 Notes”) and (vi) \$1,500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.468% Senior Notes due 2050 (the “2050 Notes” and, together with the 2022 Notes, 2025 Notes, 2027 Notes, 2030 Notes and the 2040 Notes, the “Notes”);

WHEREAS, to provide the terms and conditions upon which the Notes are to be authenticated, issued and delivered, the Company has duly authorized the execution of this Indenture; and

WHEREAS, all things necessary to make this Indenture a valid agreement of the Company, in accordance with its terms, have been done.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the purchase of the Notes by the Holders thereof, it is mutually covenanted and agreed as follows for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of Notes:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

SECTION 1.01. Definitions of Terms.

The terms defined in this Section (except as in this Indenture otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires) for all purposes of this Indenture and of any indenture supplemental hereto shall have the respective meanings specified in this Section and shall include the plural as well as the singular.

“144A Global Note” means a Global Note substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto bearing the Global Note Legend and the Private Placement Legend and deposited with or on behalf of, and registered in the name of, the Depository or its nominee that will be issued in a denomination equal to the outstanding principal amount of the Notes sold or to be sold in reliance on Rule 144A.

“2022 Notes” has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

“2025 Notes” has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

“2027 Notes” has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

“2030 Notes” has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

“2040 Notes” has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

“2050 Notes” has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

“2022 Notes Par Call Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01.

“2025 Notes Par Call Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01.

“2027 Notes Par Call Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01.

“2030 Notes Par Call Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01.

“2040 Notes Par Call Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01.

“2050 Notes Par Call Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01.

“Additional Notes” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.01(b).

“Affiliate” or “Affiliated” means, with respect to a specified Person, any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, “control,” when used with respect to any specified Person, means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms “controlling” and “controlled” have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

“Agents” means, collectively, the Trustee, the Escrow Agent, any Registrar and the Paying Agent.

“Applicable Par Call Date” means (i) with respect to the 2022 Notes, the 2022 Notes Par Call Date, (ii) with respect to the 2025 Notes, the 2025 Notes Par Call Date, (iii) with respect to the 2027 Notes, the 2027 Notes Par Call Date, (iv) with respect to the 2030 Notes, the 2030 Notes Par Call Date, (v) with respect to the 2040 Notes, the 2040 Notes Par Call Date and (vi) with respect to the 2050 Notes, the 2050 Notes Par Call Date.

“Applicable Procedures” means the applicable rules and procedures of the Depositary, Euroclear and/or Clearstream.

“Attributable Debt” as used with respect to a Sale and Lease-Back Transaction, means, at the time of determination, the lesser of (a) the fair market value of the Principal Property leased, as determined in good faith by IFF’s Board of Directors, or (b) the present value of the total net amount of rent required to be paid under such lease during the remaining term thereof, including any period for which such lease has been extended, discounted at the rate of interest set forth or implicit in the terms of such lease, as determined in good faith by IFF’s Board of Directors, compounded semi-annually. In the case of any lease that is terminable by the lessee upon the payment of a penalty, such net amount shall be the lesser of (x) the net amount determined assuming termination upon the first date such lease may be terminated (in which case the net

amount shall also include the amount of the penalty, but no rent shall be considered as required to be paid under such penalty, but no rent shall be considered as required to be paid under such lease subsequent to the first date upon which it may be so terminated) and (y) the net amount determined assuming no such termination.

“Authenticating Agent” means an authenticating agent with respect to all or any of the Notes appointed with respect to all or any series of the Notes by the Trustee pursuant to Section 2.10.

“Bankruptcy Law” means Title 11, U.S. Code, or any similar federal or state law for the relief of debtors.

“Beneficial Owner” has the meaning assigned to such term in Rule 13d-3 and Rule 13d-5 under the Exchange Act. The terms “Beneficially Own,” “Beneficially Owns,” “Beneficially Owned” and “Beneficial Ownership” have corresponding meanings.

“Board of Directors” means the Board of Directors of the Company or IFF, as the case may be, or any committee of such Board duly authorized to act generally or in a particular respect for the Company or IFF, as the case may be, hereunder.

“Board Resolution” means a copy of a resolution certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company or IFF, as the case may be, to have been duly adopted by the Board of Directors and to be in full force and effect on the date of such certification.

“Business Day” means, with respect to any series of Notes, any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which banking institutions in the City of New York are authorized or required by law or regulation to close.

“Change of Control” means the occurrence of any of the following: (1) the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of IFF’s properties or assets and of IFF’s Subsidiaries’ properties or assets taken as a whole to any “person” (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) and Section 14(d) of the Exchange Act) other than IFF or one of IFF’s Subsidiaries; (2) the adoption of a plan relating to IFF’s liquidation or dissolution; (3) the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation), the result of which is that any “person” (as defined in clause (1) above) becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rule 13d-3 and Rule 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of IFF’s then outstanding Voting Stock (measured by voting power rather than number of shares); or (4) IFF consolidates with, or merges with or into, any Person, or any Person consolidates with, or merges with or into, IFF, in any such event pursuant to a transaction in which any of IFF’s outstanding Voting Stock or Voting Stock of such other Person is converted into or exchanged for cash, securities or other property, other than any such transaction where the shares of IFF’s Voting Stock outstanding immediately prior to such transaction constitute, or are converted into or exchanged for, a majority of the Voting Stock of the surviving Person immediately after giving effect to such transaction; provided, however, notwithstanding the foregoing, the Transactions, the Merger and the Second Merger shall not constitute a Change of Control under this Indenture.

“Change of Control Offer” has the meaning set for in Section 3.02.

“Change of Control Payment” has the meaning set for in Section 3.02.

“Change of Control Payment Date” has the meaning set for in Section 3.02.

“Change of Control Triggering Event” means, with respect to a series of Notes, the occurrence of both (1) a Change of Control and (2) a Ratings Event. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Change of Control Triggering Event will be deemed to have occurred in connection with any particular Change of Control unless and until such Change of Control has actually been completed.

“Clearstream” means Clearstream Banking, société anonyme.

“Collateral” has the meaning assigned to such term in the Escrow Agreement.

“Commission” means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, as from time to time constituted, created under the Exchange Act, or, if at any time after the execution of this instrument such Commission is not existing and performing the duties now assigned to it under applicable law, then the body performing such duties at such time.

“Company” means Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, and, subject to the provisions of Article X, shall also include its successors and assigns.

“Comparable Treasury Issue” means the U.S. Treasury security selected by the Reference Treasury Dealer as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term of the Notes of the applicable series to be redeemed (assuming the applicable series of Notes to be redeemed matured on the Applicable Par Call Date) that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the Notes of the applicable series, assuming the applicable series of Notes matured on the Applicable Par Call Date.

“Comparable Treasury Price” means, with respect to any Redemption Date, (a) the average of the Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for such Redemption Date, after excluding the highest and lowest such Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, or (b) if the Quotation Agent obtains fewer than four Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, the average of all these quotations.

“Consolidated Net Tangible Assets” means, as of any particular time, the aggregate amount of assets included on IFF’s consolidated balance sheet as of the end of the last fiscal quarter for which financial information is available (less applicable reserves and other properly deductible items) after deducting therefrom: (i) all current liabilities, including current maturities of long-term indebtedness and current maturities of obligations under capital leases; and (ii) the total of the net book values of all assets of IFF and its Subsidiaries properly classified as intangible assets under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (including goodwill, trade names, trademarks, patents, unamortized debt discount and expense and other like intangible assets).

“Corporate Trust Office” means the office of the Trustee at which, at any particular time, its corporate trust business shall be principally administered, which office at the date hereof is located at U.S. Bank National Association, Attention: Global Corporate Trust Services, 333 Thornall Street, Edison, NJ 08837, or such other address as the Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company, or the principal corporate trust office of any successor Trustee (or such other address as such successor Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company).

“Custodian” means any receiver, trustee, assignee, liquidator, or similar official under any Bankruptcy Law.

“Debt” has the meaning set forth in Section 4.05(a).

“Default” means any event, act or condition that with notice or lapse of time, or both, would constitute an Event of Default.

“Defaulted Interest” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(d).

“Definitive Note” means a certificated Note registered in the name of the Holder thereof and issued in accordance with Section 2.11(d) hereof, substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto except that such Note shall not bear the Global Note Legend and shall not have the “Schedule of Exchanges of Interests in the Global Note” attached thereto.

“Depository” means, with respect to Notes of any series issuable or issued in whole or in part as a Global Note, the Person designated as depository by the Company in or pursuant to this Indenture and, unless otherwise provided with respect to Notes of any series, any successor to such Person. If at any time there is more than one such Person, “Depository” shall mean, with respect to any Notes, the depository which has been appointed with respect to such Notes pursuant to Section 2.11.

“Distribution” means the distribution by DuPont, pursuant to the Separation and Distribution Agreement, of 100% of the shares of the Company’s common stock to DuPont’s stockholders in an exchange offer, spin-off or a combination thereof.

“DTC” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(a).

“DuPont” means DuPont de Nemours, Inc.

“Escrow Account” means a segregated account, established pursuant to the terms of the Escrow Agreement with U.S. Bank National Association, free from all Liens (other than those Liens permitted under the Escrow Agreement).

“Escrow Agent” means U.S. Bank National Association, as escrow agent under the Escrow Agreement or any successor escrow agent as set forth in the Escrow Agreement.

“Escrow Agreement” means the Escrow and Security Agreement dated as of September 16, 2020, among the Company, the Trustee and the Escrow Agent, as amended, supplemented, modified, extended, renewed, restated or replaced in whole or in part from time to time.

“Escrowed Property” means the net proceeds from the offering of the Notes and the Escrow Account where such funds are deposited, as specified in the Escrow Agreement.

“Euroclear” means Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System.

“Event of Default” means, with respect to the Notes of any series, any event specified in Section 6.01, continued for the period of time, if any, therein designated.

“Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

“Global Note” means, with respect to any series of Notes, a Note executed by the Company, authenticated by the Trustee, and delivered by the Trustee to the Depository or pursuant to the Depository’s instruction, all in accordance with the Indenture, which shall be registered in the name of the Depository or its nominee.

“Global Note Legend” means the legend set forth in Section 2.11(g)(2) hereof, which is required to be placed on all Global Notes issued under this Indenture.

“Governmental Obligations” means securities that are (i) direct obligations of the United States of America for the payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged or (ii) obligations of a Person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America, the payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation by the United States of America that, in either case, are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof, and shall also include a depository receipt issued by a bank (as defined in Section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Act) as custodian with respect to any such Governmental Obligation or a specific payment of principal of or interest on any such Governmental Obligation held by such custodian for the account of the holder of such depository receipt; provided, however, that (except as required by law) such custodian is not authorized to make any deduction from the amount payable to the holder of such depository receipt from any amount received by the custodian in respect of the Governmental Obligation or the specific payment of principal of or interest on the Governmental Obligation evidenced by such depository receipt.

“Guarantee” means the guarantee by each Guarantor of the Company’s obligations under this Indenture and the Notes pursuant to Article 11.

“Guaranteed Obligations” has the meaning set forth in Section 11.01.

“Guarantor” means each Person that becomes a Guarantor by executing an amended or supplemental indenture pursuant to Section 9.01 and Section 11.03 and, subject to Section 11.04, the successors and assigns of the foregoing.

“Guarantor Business Combination Event” has the meaning set forth in Section 11.04.

“herein,” “hereof” and “hereunder,” and other words of similar import, refer to this Indenture as a whole and not to any particular Article, Section or other subdivision.

“IAI Global Note” means a Global Note bearing the Private Placement Legend deposited with or on behalf of and registered in the name of the Depository or its nominee representing Notes transferred to institutional accredited investors.

“Identifying Numbers” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.12.

“IFF” means International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., a New York corporation.

“IFF Guarantee” has the meaning set forth in Section 11.05.

“IFF Notes Assumption” means, at the election of the Company and IFF, the assumption by IFF of the obligations of the Company with respect to the Notes.

“Indenture” means this instrument as it may from time to time be supplemented or amended by one or more indentures supplemental hereto entered into in accordance with the terms hereof.

“Indirect Participant” means a Person who holds a beneficial interest in a Global Note through a Participant.

“Initial Purchasers” means Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC.

“Institutional Accredited Investor” means an institution that is an “accredited investor” as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) under the Securities Act, who is not also a QIB.

“Interest Payment Date,” when used with respect to any installment of interest on Notes of a particular series, means the date specified in such Note pursuant to Section 2.01 with respect to such series as the fixed date on which an installment of interest with respect to Notes of that series is due and payable.

“Investment Grade” means a rating equal to or higher than Baa3 (or the equivalent) by Moody’s and BBB- (or the equivalent) by S&P, or, if applicable, the equivalent investment grade credit rating from any substitute Rating Agency selected by the Company.

“Issue Date” means September 16, 2020.

“Lien” has the meaning set forth in Section 4.05(a).

“Maturity” means, with respect to the Notes, the date on which the principal of the Notes shall become due and payable as therein or herein provided, whether at the Stated Maturity or by declaration of acceleration, call for redemption or otherwise.

“Merger” means the merger of Merger Sub I with and into the Company, whereby the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub I will cease and the Company will continue as the surviving company and a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF.

“Merger Agreement” means the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, IFF, the Company and Merger Sub I, as it may be amended from time to time.

“Merger Sub I” means Neptune Merger Sub I Inc., a wholly owned Subsidiary of IFF.

“Merger Sub II” means Neptune Merger Sub II LLC, a wholly owned Subsidiary of IFF.

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. and its successors.

“No Call Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01.

“Noteholder,” “Holder,” “holder,” “holder of Notes,” “registered holder,” or other similar term, means the Person or Persons in whose name or names a particular Note shall be registered on the books of the Company kept for that purpose in accordance with the terms of this Indenture.

“Note Register” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05.

“Notes” has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

“Officers’ Certificate” means a certificate signed by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, President or a Vice President and by the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, or the Controller or an Assistant Controller, or the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company or IFF, as the case may be, that is delivered to the Trustee in accordance with the terms hereof. Each such certificate shall include the statements provided for in Section 14.06, if and to the extent required by the provisions thereof.

“Opinion of Counsel” means an opinion in writing of legal counsel (reasonably acceptable to the Trustee), who may be an employee of or counsel for the Company or IFF, as the case may be, that is delivered to the Trustee in accordance with the terms hereof. Each such opinion shall include the statements provided for in Section 14.06, if and to the extent required by the provisions thereof.

“Outstanding,” when used with reference to any series of Notes, means, subject to the provisions of Section 8.04, as of any particular time, all Notes of that series theretofore authenticated and delivered by the Trustee under this Indenture, except:

(i) Notes theretofore canceled by the Trustee or any Paying Agent, or delivered to the Trustee or any Paying Agent for cancellation;

(ii) Notes or portions thereof for the payment or redemption of which moneys or Governmental Obligations in the necessary amount shall have been deposited pursuant hereto in trust with the Trustee or with any Paying Agent (other than the Company) or shall have been set aside and segregated in trust by the Company (if the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent) for the holders of such Notes; provided, however, that if such Notes or portions of such Notes are to be redeemed prior to the Maturity thereof, notice of such redemption shall have been given as provided in Article III, or provision satisfactory to the Trustee shall have been made for giving such notice; and

(iii) Notes in lieu of or in substitution for which other Notes have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the terms of Section 2.07;

provided, however, that in determining whether the Holders of the requisite principal amount of the Outstanding Notes have given any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver hereunder or are present at a meeting of Holders for quorum purposes, any Notes owned by the Company or any other obligor upon the Notes or any Affiliate of the Company or such other obligor shall be disregarded and deemed not to be Outstanding, except that, in determining whether the Trustee for such Notes shall be protected in relying upon any such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver, only the Notes which a Responsible Officer of such Trustee actually knows to be so owned shall be so disregarded. Any Notes so owned which have been pledged in good faith may be regarded as Outstanding if the pledgee establishes to the satisfaction of such Trustee that the pledgee has the right so to act with respect to such Notes and is not the Company or any other obligor upon the Notes or any Affiliate of the Company or of such other obligor.

“Participant” means, with respect to the Depository, Euroclear or Clearstream, a Person who has an account with the Depository, Euroclear or Clearstream, respectively (and, with respect to DTC, shall include Euroclear or Clearstream).

“Paying Agent” means any Person authorized by the Company to pay the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on any Notes on behalf of the Company. The Company may act as Paying Agent with respect to any Notes issued hereunder.

“Person” means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, limited liability company, government or any agency or political subdivision thereof or any other entity, and includes a “person” as used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act.

“Predecessor Notes” means, with respect to any Note, every previous Note evidencing all or a portion of the same debt as that evidenced by such particular Note; and, for the purposes of this definition, any Note authenticated and delivered under Section 2.07 in lieu of a lost, destroyed or stolen Note shall be deemed to evidence the same debt as the lost, destroyed or stolen Note.

“Principal Property” means the land, improvements, buildings and fixtures (including any leasehold interest therein) constituting the principal corporate office, any manufacturing plant or any manufacturing or research or engineering facility whether owned at or acquired after the date of the Indenture, that is owned or leased by IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary, that is located within the continental United States, and that has a net book value at the time of the determination in excess of the greater of 1% of IFF’s Consolidated Net Tangible Assets or \$100 million, unless IFF’s Board of Directors has determined in good faith that such property is not material to the operation of the business conducted by IFF and IFF’s Subsidiaries taken as a whole; provided, however, that IFF’s corporate office located at 521 West 57th Street, New York, New York 10019 will not be deemed a Principal Property.

“Private Placement Legend” means the legend set forth in Section 2.11(g)(1) hereof to be placed on all Notes issued under this Indenture, except where otherwise permitted by the provisions of this Indenture.

“QIB” means a “qualified institutional buyer” as defined in Rule 144A.

“Quotation Agent” means the Reference Treasury Dealer selected by the Company.

“Rating Agencies” means (1) each of Moody’s and S&P; and (2) if either of Moody’s or S&P ceases to rate the Notes or fails to make a rating of the Notes publicly available for reasons outside of the Company’s control, a “nationally recognized statistical rating organization” within the meaning of Rule 15c3-1(c)(2)(vi)(F) under the Exchange Act, selected by the Company (as certified by a resolution of the Company’s Board of Directors) as a replacement agency for Moody’s or S&P, or both as the case may be.

“Ratings Event” means the occurrence of the events described in (1) or (2) below on any date during the period commencing 60 days prior to the date of the public notice of the occurrence of a Change of Control or the Company’s intention to effect a Change of Control and ending 60 days following consummation of such Change of Control (the “Trigger Period”), which Trigger Period shall be extended so long as the rating of the Notes is under publicly announced consideration for possible downgrade by either of the Rating Agencies: (1) in the event the Notes are rated by both Rating Agencies as Investment Grade, the rating of the Notes shall be reduced so that the Notes are rated below Investment Grade by both Rating Agencies, or (2) in the event the Notes are rated Investment Grade by one Rating Agency and below Investment Grade by the other Rating Agency, the rating of the Notes by either Rating Agency shall be decreased by one or more gradations (including gradations within rating categories, as well as between rating categories) so that the Notes are then rated below Investment Grade by both Rating Agencies.

“Redemption” means the repurchase of any Note by the Company pursuant to Section 3.01.

“Redemption Date” when used with respect to any Note to be redeemed, means the date fixed for such redemption by or pursuant to this Indenture.

“Redemption Price” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01(b).

“Redemption Notice Date” means the date on which the trustee provides notice to the Holders of the Notes of a series of the occurrence of a Special Mandatory Redemption Event pursuant to Section 3.04.

“Reference Treasury Dealer” means (a) each of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (or their respective Affiliates which are Primary Treasury Dealers), and their respective successors; provided, however, that if any of those entities ceases to be a primary U.S. Government securities dealer in New York City (a “Primary Treasury Dealer”) the Company will substitute for those entities another Primary Treasury Dealer; and (b) any other Primary Treasury Dealer(s) selected by the Company.

“Reference Treasury Dealer Quotation” means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and any Redemption Date, the average, as determined by the Quotation Agent, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the Quotation Agent by such Reference Treasury Dealer at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the third Business Day preceding such Redemption Date.

“Registrar” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(b).

“Regular Record Date” means (i) with respect to the 2022 Notes, each March 1 and September 1, (ii) with respect to the 2025 Notes, each March 15 and September 15, (iii), with respect to the 2027 Notes, each April 1 and October 1, (iv) with respect to the 2030 Notes, each April 15 and October 15, (v), with respect to the 2040 Notes, each May 1 and November 1 and (vi) with respect to the 2050 Notes, each May 15 and November 15 (in each case whether or not that date is Business Day).

“Regulation S” means Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act.

“Regulation S Global Note” means a Regulation S Temporary Global Note or Regulation S Permanent Global Note, as applicable.

“Regulation S Permanent Global Note” means a permanent Global Note in the form of Exhibit A hereto bearing the Global Note Legend and the Private Placement Legend and deposited with or on behalf of and registered in the name of the Depository or its nominee, issued in a denomination equal to the outstanding principal amount of the Regulation S Temporary Global Note upon expiration of the Restricted Period.

“Regulation S Temporary Global Note” means a temporary Global Note in the form of Exhibit A hereto bearing the Global Note Legend, the Private Placement Legend and the Regulation S Temporary Global Note Legend and deposited with or on behalf of and registered in the name of the Depository or its nominee, issued in a denomination equal to the outstanding principal amount of the Notes initially sold or to be sold in reliance on Rule 903.

“Regulation S Temporary Global Note Legend” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.11(g)(1).

“Responsible Officer” when used with respect to the Trustee means any officer of the Trustee with direct responsibility for administration of the Indenture or to whom any corporate trust matter is referred because of his or her knowledge of and familiarity with the particular subject.

“Restricted Definitive Note” means a Definitive Note bearing the Private Placement Legend.

“Restricted Global Note” means a Global Note bearing the Private Placement Legend.

“Restricted Period”, with respect to any Notes, means the period of 40 consecutive days beginning on and including the later of (a) the day on which such Notes are first offered to persons other than distributors (as defined in Regulation S) in reliance on Regulation S, notice of which day shall be promptly given by the Company to the Trustee, and (b) the date of original issue of such Notes.

“Restricted Subsidiary” means any Subsidiary (i) substantially all of whose property is located within the continental United States, (ii) which owns a Principal Property and (iii) in which the Company’s investment exceeds 1% of the aggregate amount of assets included on IFF’s consolidated balance sheet as of the end of the last fiscal quarter for which financial information is available. However, the term “Restricted Subsidiary” shall exclude any Subsidiary that is principally engaged in the leasing and financing of real property.

“Rule 144” means Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act.

“Rule 144A” means Rule 144A promulgated under the Securities Act.

“Rule 903” means Rule 903 promulgated under the Securities Act.

“Rule 904” means Rule 904 promulgated under the Securities Act.

“S&P” means S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global, Inc., and its successors.

“Sale and Lease-Back Transaction” means any arrangement with any Person providing for the leasing by IFF or any Restricted Subsidiary of any Principal Property, whether owned at the date of the issuance of the Notes or thereafter acquired, excluding temporary leases of a term, including renewal periods, of not more than three years, that has been or is to be sold or transferred by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary to such Person with the intention of taking back a lease of this property.

“Second Merger” means the Company’s merger with and into Merger Sub II, with Merger Sub II surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF.

“Securities Act” means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

“Security Register” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05.

“Separation and Distribution Agreement” means the Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2019, by and among DuPont, IFF and the Company, as it may be amended from time to time.

“Special Record Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(d)(1).

“Special Mandatory Redemption Date” means the date, if any, on which the Notes will be redeemed pursuant to Section 3.04 upon the occurrence of a Special Mandatory Redemption Event, which date will be the date that is 10 Business Days following the Redemption Notice Date.

“Special Mandatory Redemption Event” means an event in which (i) the Escrow Release (as defined in the Escrow Agreement) related to the consummation of the Merger has not occurred on or prior to September 15, 2021 or (ii) the Merger Agreement is validly terminated in accordance with its terms on or prior to September 15, 2021.

“Special Mandatory Redemption Price” means 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the applicable series of Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount of such series of the Notes to, but excluding, the Special Mandatory Redemption Date.

“Stated Maturity,” when used with respect to any Security or any installment of principal thereof or interest thereon, means the date specified in such Security or a coupon representing such installment of interest as the fixed date on which the principal of such Security or such installment of principal or interest is due and payable.

“Subsidiary” means (i) any corporation at least a majority of whose outstanding Voting Stock shall at the time be owned, directly or indirectly, by IFF or by one or more of IFF’s Subsidiaries or by IFF and one or more of IFF’s Subsidiaries, (ii) any general partnership, limited liability company, joint venture or similar entity, at least a majority of whose outstanding partnership or similar interests shall at the time be owned by IFF, or by one or more of IFF’s Subsidiaries, or by IFF and one or more of IFF’s Subsidiaries and (iii) any limited partnership of which IFF or any of IFF’s Subsidiaries is a general partner.

“Term Loan Agreement” means the Term Loan Credit Agreement, dated as of January 17, 2020, among the Company, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, as syndication agent, and the other lenders and financial institutions party thereto, as amended on August 25, 2020, as further amended and supplemented from time to time.

“Transactions” means the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement and the Separation and Distribution Agreement and the various other transaction documents to be entered into by DuPont, N&B Inc. and IFF in connection therewith, which provide for, among other things, the Separation, the Distribution and the Merger.

“Transfer” of any Note encompasses any sale, pledge, transfer, hypothecation or other disposition or any interest therein.

“Treasury Rate” means, with respect to any Redemption Date, the rate per annum equal to the equivalent yield to maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue, assuming a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price for that Redemption Date.

“Trustee” means U.S. Bank National Association and, subject to the provisions of Article VII, shall also include its successors and assigns, and, if at any time there is more than one Person acting in such capacity hereunder, “Trustee” shall mean each such Person. The term “Trustee” as used with respect to a particular series of the Notes shall mean the trustee with respect to that series.

“Unrestricted Definitive Note” means one or more Definitive Notes that do not bear and are not required to bear the Private Placement Legend.

“Unrestricted Global Note” means a permanent Global Note, substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto that bears the Global Note Legend and that has the “Schedule of Exchanges of Interests in the Global Note” attached thereto, and that is deposited with or on behalf of and registered in the name of the Depository, representing Notes that do not bear the Private Placement Legend.

“Voting Stock,” as applied to stock of any Person, means shares, interests, participations or other equivalents in the equity interest (however designated) in such Person having ordinary voting power for the election of a majority of the directors (or the equivalent) of such Person, other than shares, interests, participations or other equivalents having such power only by reason of the occurrence of a contingency.

ARTICLE II

ISSUE, DESCRIPTION, TERMS, EXECUTION, REGISTRATION AND EXCHANGE OF NOTES

SECTION 2.01. Designation and Terms of Notes.

(a) The Company hereby creates five series of notes, to be respectively designated the “0.697% Senior Notes due 2022”, “1.230% Senior Notes due 2025”, “1.832% Senior Notes due 2027”, “2.300% Senior Notes due 2030”, “3.268% Senior Notes due 2040” and “3.468% Senior Notes due 2050” pursuant to this Indenture.

(b) The aggregate principal amount of Notes that may be authenticated and delivered under this Indenture is unlimited. The 2022 Notes shall be issued initially in an aggregate principal amount of \$300,000,000, the 2025 Notes shall be issued initially in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,000,000,000, the 2027 Notes shall be issued initially in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,200,000,000, the 2030 Notes shall be issued initially in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,500,000,000, the 2040 Notes shall be issued initially in an aggregate principal amount of \$750,000,000 and the 2050 Notes shall be issued initially in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,500,000,000.

The Company may, from time to time, without the consent of the Holders and in accordance with this Indenture, create and issue additional Notes of any series ranking equally and ratably with, having the same terms and conditions as, the Notes of such series in all respects (other than the original issuance date, the issue price, and, under certain circumstances, the first payment of interest) (“Additional Notes”) so as to form a single series with such series of Notes, including for purposes of voting and redemptions, provided, however, that unless such Additional Notes are issued pursuant to a “qualified reopening” of the original Notes of the relevant series, are otherwise treated as part of the same “issue” of debt instruments as the original Notes of the relevant series or are issued with no more than a de minimis amount of original discount, in each case for United States federal income tax purposes, the Additional Notes will have a different CUSIP number than the original Notes. Any Additional Notes may be issued with the benefit of an Officers’ Certificate of the Company or an indenture supplemental hereto.

(c) The 2022 Notes will mature on September 15, 2022 and will bear interest at the rate of 0.697% per annum. The 2025 Notes will mature on October 1, 2025 and will bear interest at the rate of 1.230% per annum. The 2027 Notes will mature on October 15, 2027 and will bear interest at the rate of 1.832% per annum. The 2030 Notes will mature on November 1, 2030 and will bear

interest at the rate of 2.300% per annum. The 2040 Notes will mature on November 15, 2040 and will bear interest at the rate of 3.268% per annum. The 2050 Notes will mature on December 1, 2050 and will bear interest at the rate of 3.468% per annum.

(d) Interest shall be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. The Company will pay interest on the 2022 Notes semiannually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning on March 15, 2021. The Company will pay interest on the 2025 Notes semiannually in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year, beginning on April 1, 2021. The Company will pay interest on the 2027 Notes semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on April 15, 2021. The Company will pay interest on the 2030 Notes semiannually in arrears on May 1 and November 1 of each year, beginning on May 1, 2021. The Company will pay interest on the 2040 Notes semiannually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning on May 15, 2021. The Company will pay interest on the 2050 Notes semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2021. On each such date (an “Interest Payment Date”), the Company will pay interest to the holders of record (which initially shall be DTC) at the close of business on the Regular Record Date immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date and on the applicable maturity date. Interest on the Notes shall accrue from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or, if no interest has been paid, from the date of issuance. Payments of the principal of and interest on the Notes shall be made in U.S. Dollars, and the Notes shall be denominated in U.S. Dollars.

SECTION 2.02. Form of Notes and Trustee’s Certificate.

(a) The Notes are to be issuable as registered securities and shall be evidenced by one or more Global Notes. The Notes of each series shall be in substantially the form of Exhibit A hereto (unless otherwise set forth in one or more indentures supplemental hereto or as provided in a Board Resolution of the Company and as set forth in an Officers’ Certificate of the Company), with such appropriate insertions, omissions, substitutions and other variations as are required or permitted by this Indenture or any indenture supplemental hereto and may have such letters, numbers or other marks of identification and such legends or endorsements (in addition to any required in accordance with Section 2.11) placed thereon as the Company may reasonably deem appropriate and as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Indenture, or as may be required to comply with any law, with any rule or regulation made pursuant thereto, with any rules of any securities exchange, automated quotation system or clearing agency or to conform to usage, as may, consistently herewith, be determined by the officers executing such Notes, as evidenced by their execution of such Notes.

The Company initially appoints The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) to act as Depository with respect to the Global Notes. The Company initially appoints the Trustee as custodian for DTC.

(b) The Definitive Notes shall be printed, lithographed or engraved or produced by any combination of these methods or may be produced in any other manner, all as determined by the officers executing such Notes, as evidenced by their execution thereof.

(c) The terms and provisions contained in the Notes of each series shall constitute, and are hereby expressly made, a part of this Indenture, and the Company and the Trustee, by their

execution and delivery of this Indenture with respect to each series of Notes, expressly agree to such terms and provisions and to be bound hereby; provided, however, that to the extent any provision of any Note thereon conflicts with the express provisions of this Indenture, the provisions of this Indenture shall govern and be controlling.

(d) The Trustee's certificates of authentication shall be in substantially the following form:

"This is one of the Notes designated therein described in the within-mentioned Indenture.

U.S. Bank National Association,
as Trustee

By: _____
Authorized Signatory"

(e) Notes offered and sold in reliance on Regulation S shall be issued initially in the form of the Regulation S Temporary Global Note, which shall be deposited on behalf of the purchasers of the Notes represented thereby with the Trustee, as custodian for the Depositary, and registered in the name of the Depositary or the nominee of the Depositary for the accounts of designated agents holding on behalf of Euroclear or Clearstream, duly executed by the Company and authenticated by the Trustee as hereinafter provided. Following the termination of the Restricted Period, beneficial interests in the Regulation S Temporary Global Note shall be exchanged for beneficial interests in the Regulation S Permanent Global Note pursuant to the Applicable Procedures. Simultaneously with the authentication of the Regulation S Permanent Global Note, the Trustee shall cancel the Regulation S Temporary Global Note. The aggregate principal amount of the Regulation S Temporary Global Note and the Regulation S Permanent Global Note may from time to time be increased or decreased by adjustments made on the records of the Trustee and the Depositary or its nominee, as the case may be, in connection with transfers of interest as hereinafter provided.

SECTION 2.03. Denominations; Provisions for Payment.

(a) The Notes shall be issuable in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

(b) The place of payment where the Notes may be presented or surrendered for payment, where the principal of and interest and any other payments due on the Notes are payable, where the Notes may be presented and surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange and where notices and demands to and upon the Company in respect of the and the Indenture may be served shall be the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee.

(c) The interest installment on any Note that is payable, and is punctually paid or duly provided for, on any Interest Payment Date for the Notes of that series shall be paid to the Person in whose name such Note (or one or more Predecessor Notes) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date for such interest installment. In the event that any Note of a particular series or portion thereof is called for redemption and the Redemption Date is subsequent to a

Regular Record Date with respect to any Interest Payment Date and prior to such Interest Payment Date, interest on such Note will be paid upon presentation and surrender of such Note as provided in Section 3.03.

(d) Any interest on any Note that is payable, but is not punctually paid or duly provided for, on any Interest Payment Date for Notes of the same series (herein called “Defaulted Interest”) shall forthwith cease to be payable to the registered holder on the relevant Regular Record Date by virtue of having been such holder, and such Defaulted Interest shall be paid by the Company, at its election, as provided in clause (1) or clause (2) below:

(1) The Company may make payment of any Defaulted Interest on Notes to the Persons in whose names such Notes (or their respective Predecessor Notes) are registered at the close of business on a special record date (“Special Record Date”) for the payment of such Defaulted Interest, which shall be fixed in the following manner: the Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of the amount of Defaulted Interest proposed to be paid on each such Note and the date of the proposed payment, and at the same time the Company shall deposit with the Trustee an amount of money equal to the aggregate amount proposed to be paid in respect of such Defaulted Interest or shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for such deposit prior to the date of the proposed payment, such money when deposited to be held in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such Defaulted Interest as in this clause provided. Thereupon the Trustee shall fix a Special Record Date for the payment of such Defaulted Interest which shall not be more than 15 nor less than 10 days prior to the date of the proposed payment and not less than 10 days after the receipt by the Trustee of the notice of the proposed payment. The Trustee shall promptly notify the Company of such Special Record Date and, in the name and at the expense of the Company, shall cause notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Interest and the Special Record Date therefor to be mailed, first class postage prepaid, to each Noteholder at his or her address as it appears in the Note Register (as hereinafter defined), not less than 10 days prior to such Special Record Date. Notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Interest and the Special Record Date therefor having been mailed as aforesaid, such Defaulted Interest shall be paid to the Persons in whose names such Notes (or their respective Predecessor Notes) are registered on such Special Record Date and shall be no longer payable pursuant to the following clause (2).

(2) The Company may make payment of any Defaulted Interest on any Notes in any other lawful manner not inconsistent with the requirements of any securities exchange on which such Notes may be listed, and upon such notice as may be required by such exchange, if, after notice given by the Company to the Trustee of the proposed payment pursuant to this clause, such manner of payment shall be deemed practicable by the Trustee.

(e) Subject to the foregoing provisions of this Section, each Note of a series delivered under this Indenture upon transfer of or in exchange for or in lieu of any other Note of such series shall carry the rights to interest accrued and unpaid, and to accrue, that were carried by such other Note.

SECTION 2.04. Execution and Authentication.

(a) The Notes shall be signed on behalf of the Company by any one of its Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, President or one of its Vice Presidents, its Treasurer or any of its Assistant Treasurers, or its Controller or any of its Assistant Controllers, or its Secretary or any of its Assistant Secretaries, under its corporate seal. Such signatures may be the manual or facsimile signatures of the present or any future such officers.

In case any such officer who shall have signed any of the Notes shall cease to be such officer before the Note so signed shall be authenticated and delivered by the Trustee or disposed of by the Company, such Note nevertheless may be authenticated and delivered or disposed of as though the Person who signed such Note had not ceased to be such officer of the Company; and any Note may be signed on behalf of the Company by such Persons as, at the actual date of the execution of such Note, shall be the proper officers of the Company, although at the date of the execution and delivery of this Indenture any such Person was not such an officer. The seal of the Company may be in the form of a facsimile of such seal and may be impressed, affixed, imprinted or otherwise reproduced on the Notes. The Notes may contain such notations, legends or endorsements required by law, stock exchange rule or usage. Each Note shall be dated the date of its authentication by the Trustee.

(b) A Note shall not be valid until authenticated manually by an authorized signatory of the Trustee, or by an Authenticating Agent. Such signature shall be conclusive evidence that the Note so authenticated has been duly authenticated and delivered hereunder and that the holder is entitled to the benefits of this Indenture.

(c) At any time and from time to time after the execution and delivery of this Indenture, the Company may deliver Notes of any series executed by the Company to the Trustee for authentication, together with a written order of the Company for the authentication and delivery of such Notes, signed by its Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, President or any Vice President, its Treasurer or any Assistant Treasurer, or its Controller or any Assistant Controller or its Secretary or any Assistant Secretary, and the Trustee in accordance with such written order shall authenticate and deliver such Notes.

If the Notes shall be represented by one or more Global Notes, then, for purposes of this Section and Section 2.06, the notation of a beneficial owner's interest therein upon original issuance of such Global Note or upon exchange of a portion of a temporary Global Note shall be deemed to have been delivered in connection with the original issuance of such beneficial owner's interest in such permanent Global Note.

(d) In authenticating such Notes and accepting the additional responsibilities under this Indenture in relation to such Notes, the Trustee shall be provided, and (subject to Section 7.01) shall be fully protected in relying upon, an Officers' Certificate of the Company and an Opinion of Counsel each stating in addition to the requirements of Section 14.06, that the form and terms thereof have been established in conformity with the provisions of this Indenture.

(e) The Trustee shall not be required to authenticate such Notes if the issue of such Notes pursuant to this Indenture will affect the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under the Notes and this Indenture or otherwise in a manner that is not reasonably acceptable to the Trustee.

SECTION 2.05. Registration of Transfer and Exchange.

(a) The Notes of any series may be exchanged upon presentation thereof at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee for other Notes of such series of authorized denominations, and for a like aggregate principal amount, upon payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge in relation thereto, all as provided in this Section. In respect of any Notes so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, the Trustee shall authenticate and such office or agency shall deliver in exchange therefor the Note or Notes of the same series that the Noteholder making the exchange shall be entitled to receive, bearing numbers not contemporaneously outstanding.

(b) The Company shall keep, or cause to be kept, at an office or agency designated for such purpose (the “Registrar”), a register or registers (herein referred to as the “Note Register”) in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, the Company shall register the Notes and the transfers of Notes as in this Article provided and which at all reasonable times shall be open for inspection by the Trustee. The Registrar shall initially be the Trustee.

Upon surrender for transfer of any Note at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, the Company shall execute, the Trustee shall authenticate and such office or agency shall deliver in the name of the transferee or transferees a new Note or Notes of the same series as the Note presented for a like aggregate principal amount.

All Notes issued upon any registration of transfer or exchange of Notes shall be the valid obligations of the Company, evidencing the same debt, and entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture, as the Notes surrendered upon such registration of transfer or exchange.

All Notes presented or surrendered for exchange or registration of transfer, as provided in this Section, shall be accompanied (if so required by the Company or the Registrar) by a written instrument or instruments of transfer, in form satisfactory to the Company or the Registrar, duly executed by the registered holder or by such holder’s duly authorized attorney in writing.

(c) No service charge shall be made for any exchange or registration of transfer of Notes, or issue of new Notes in case of partial redemption of any series, but the Company and the Trustee may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge in relation thereto, other than exchanges pursuant to Section 2.06, the second paragraph of Section 3.03 and Section 9.04 not involving any transfer.

(d) The Company shall not be required (i) to issue, exchange or register the transfer of any Notes during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before the day of the mailing of a notice of redemption of less than all the Outstanding Notes of the same series and ending at the close of business on the day of such mailing, nor (ii) to register the transfer or exchange of any Notes of any series or portions thereof called for redemption.

(e) The provisions of this Section 2.05 are, with respect to any Global Note, subject to Section 2.11 hereof.

SECTION 2.06. Temporary Notes.

Pending the preparation of Definitive Notes of any series, the Company may execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, temporary Notes in lieu thereof (printed, lithographed or typewritten) in any authorized denomination. Such temporary Notes shall be substantially in the form of the Definitive Notes in lieu of which they are issued, but with such omissions, insertions and variations as may be appropriate for temporary Notes, all as may be determined by the Company. Every temporary Note of any series shall be executed by the Company and be authenticated by the Trustee upon the same conditions and in substantially the same manner, and with like effect, as the Definitive Notes of such series. Without unnecessary delay, the Company will execute and will furnish Definitive Notes of such series and thereupon any or all temporary Notes of such series may be surrendered in exchange therefor (without charge to the holders), at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, and the Trustee shall authenticate and such office or agency shall deliver in exchange for such temporary Notes an equal aggregate principal amount of Definitive Notes of such series, unless the Company advises the Trustee to the effect that Definitive Notes need not be executed and furnished until further notice from the Company. Until so exchanged, the temporary Notes of such series shall be entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture as Definitive Notes of such series authenticated and delivered hereunder.

SECTION 2.07. Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Notes.

(a) In case any temporary or Definitive Note shall become mutilated or be destroyed, lost or stolen, the Company (subject to the next succeeding sentence) shall execute, and upon the Company's authorization and direction the Trustee (subject as aforesaid) shall authenticate and deliver, a new Note of the same series, bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding, in exchange and substitution for the mutilated Note, or in lieu of and in substitution for the Note so destroyed, lost or stolen. In every case the applicant for a substituted Note shall furnish to the Company and the Trustee such security or indemnity as may be required by them to save each of them harmless, and, in every case of destruction, loss or theft, the applicant shall also furnish to the Company and the Trustee evidence to their satisfaction of the destruction, loss or theft of the applicant's Note and of the ownership thereof. The Trustee shall authenticate any such substituted Note and deliver the same upon the written request or authorization of any officer of the Company. Upon the issuance of any substituted Note, the Company may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Trustee) connected therewith. In case any Note that has matured or is about to mature shall become mutilated or be destroyed, lost or stolen, the Company may, instead of issuing a substitute Note, pay or authorize the payment of the same (without surrender thereof except in the case of a mutilated Note) if the applicant for such payment shall furnish to the Company and the Trustee such security or indemnity as they may require to save them harmless, and, in case of destruction, loss or theft, evidence to the satisfaction of the Company and the Trustee of the destruction, loss or theft of such Note and of the ownership thereof.

(b) Every replacement Note issued pursuant to the provisions of this Section shall constitute an additional contractual obligation of the Company whether or not the mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Note shall be found at any time, or be enforceable by anyone, and shall be entitled to all the benefits of this Indenture equally and proportionately with any and all other

Notes of the same series duly issued hereunder. All Notes shall be held and owned upon the express condition that the foregoing provisions are exclusive with respect to the replacement or payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes, and shall preclude (to the extent lawful) any and all other rights or remedies, notwithstanding any law or statute existing or hereafter enacted to the contrary with respect to the replacement or payment of negotiable instruments or other securities without their surrender.

SECTION 2.08. Cancellation.

Notes surrendered for the purpose of payment, redemption, exchange or registration of transfer shall, if surrendered to the Company or any Paying Agent, be delivered to the Trustee for cancellation, or, if surrendered to the Trustee, shall be cancelled by it, and no Notes shall be issued in lieu thereof except as expressly required or permitted by any of the provisions of this Indenture. On the prompt written request of the Company at the time of such surrender, the Trustee shall deliver to the Company canceled Notes held by the Trustee. In the absence of such request the Trustee may dispose of canceled Notes in accordance with its standard procedures and, upon written request of the Company, deliver a certificate of disposition to the Company. If the Company shall otherwise acquire any of the Notes, however, such acquisition shall not operate as a redemption or satisfaction of the indebtedness represented by such Notes unless and until the same are delivered to the Trustee for cancellation.

SECTION 2.09. Benefits of Indenture.

Nothing in this Indenture or in the Notes, express or implied, shall give or be construed to give to any Person, other than the parties hereto and the holders of the Notes, any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or in respect of this Indenture, or under any covenant, condition or provision herein contained; all such covenants, conditions and provisions being for the sole benefit of the parties hereto and of the holders of the Notes.

SECTION 2.10. Authenticating Agent.

(a) So long as any of the Notes of any series remain Outstanding there may be an Authenticating Agent for any or all such series of Notes which the Trustee shall have the right to appoint. Such Authenticating Agent shall be authorized to act on behalf of the Trustee to authenticate Notes of such series issued upon exchange, transfer or partial redemption thereof, and Notes so authenticated shall be entitled to the benefits of this Indenture and shall be valid and obligatory for all purposes as if authenticated by the Trustee hereunder. All references in this Indenture to the authentication of Notes by the Trustee shall be deemed to include authentication by an Authenticating Agent for such series. Each Authenticating Agent shall be acceptable to the Company and shall be a corporation that has a combined capital and surplus, as most recently reported or determined by it, sufficient under the laws of any jurisdiction under which it is organized or in which it is doing business to conduct a trust business, and that is otherwise authorized under such laws to conduct such business and is subject to supervision or examination by Federal or State authorities. If at any time any Authenticating Agent shall cease to be eligible in accordance with these provisions, it shall resign immediately.

(b) Any Authenticating Agent may at any time resign by giving written notice of resignation to the Trustee and to the Company. The Trustee may at any time (and upon request by the Company shall) terminate the agency of any Authenticating Agent by giving written notice of termination to such Authenticating Agent and to the Company. Upon resignation, termination or cessation of eligibility of any Authenticating Agent, the Trustee may appoint an eligible successor Authenticating Agent acceptable to the Company. Any successor Authenticating Agent, upon acceptance of its appointment hereunder, shall become vested with all the rights, powers and duties of its predecessor hereunder as if originally named as an Authenticating Agent pursuant hereto.

SECTION 2.11. Global Notes.

(a) Each Global Note authenticated under this Indenture shall be registered in the name of the Depositary designated for such Global Note or a nominee thereof and delivered to such Depositary or a nominee thereof or custodian therefor, and each such Global Note shall constitute a single security for all purposes of this Indenture.

Ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Note will be limited to Participants or Indirect Participants. Upon the issuance of a Global Note, the Depositary or its custodian shall credit, on its internal system, the respective principal amount of the individual beneficial interests represented by such Global Note to the accounts of its Participants. Ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Note shall be shown only on, and the transfer of such ownership interests shall be effected only through, records maintained by the Depositary or its nominee (with respect to interests of Participants) or by any such Participant (with respect to interests of persons held by such Participants on their behalf). Payments, transfers, exchanges and other matters relating to beneficial interests in a Global Note may be subject to various policies and procedures adopted by the Depositary from time to time. None of the Company, the Trustee or any of their agents shall have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the Depositary's or any Participant's records, policies or procedures relating to, or for payments made on account of, beneficial interests in a Global Note or for any other aspect of the relationship between the Depositary and its Participants, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial interests.

Notwithstanding any provision of this Indenture or any Note to the contrary, no Global Note may be exchanged in whole or in part for Notes registered, and no transfer of a Global Note in whole or in part may be registered, in the name of any Person other than the Depositary or its nominee unless (i) the Depositary notifies the Company that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for a Global Note or has ceased to be qualified to act as such as required by this Indenture and the Company does not appoint a successor Depositary within 90 days after the Company receives such notice or becomes aware of such non-qualification or (ii) there shall have occurred and be continuing an Event of Default with respect to the Notes. All Definitive Notes issued in exchange for a Global Note or any portion thereof shall be registered in such names as the Depositary shall direct. In the event and for so long as Definitive Notes are not issued to any owner of a beneficial interest in a Global Note after the occurrence of one of the events set forth above, the Company expressly acknowledges, with respect to the right of a Holder to pursue a remedy pursuant to Section 6.04, the right of such owner to pursue such remedy with respect to the portion of the Global Note that represents such owner's Notes as if such Definitive Notes had been issued.

Except in the circumstances referred to in the preceding paragraph, as long as the Depository, or its nominee, is the registered Holder of a Global Note, the Depository or such nominee, as the case may be, shall be considered the sole owner and Holder of such Global Note (and of the Notes represented thereby) for all purposes under this Indenture and the Notes. Except in the circumstances referred to in the preceding paragraph, owners of beneficial interests in a Global Note shall not be entitled to have such Global Note or any Notes represented thereby registered in their names, shall not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of Definitive Notes in exchange therefor and shall not be considered the owners or Holders of such Global Note (or any Notes represented thereby) for any purpose under this Indenture or the Notes. In addition, no beneficial owner of an interest in a Global Note shall be able to transfer that interest except in accordance with the Depository's applicable procedures (in addition to those under the Indenture referred to herein and, if applicable, those of Euroclear and Clearstream). All payments of interest on, principal of, or additional amounts on, a Global Note shall be made to or to the order of the Depository or its nominee, as the case may be, as the Holder thereof.

Every Note authenticated and delivered upon registration of transfer of, or in exchange for or in lieu of, a Global Note or any portion thereof, whether pursuant to Section 2.05, Section 2.07 or otherwise, shall be authenticated and delivered in the form of, and shall be, a Global Note, unless such Security is registered in the name of a Person other than the Depository for such Global Note or a nominee thereof.

Neither the Trustee nor any Agent shall have any responsibility or liability for any actions taken or not taken by the Depository.

(b) *Transfer and Exchange of Global Notes.* Transfer and Exchange of Global Notes. Except as otherwise set forth in this Section 2.11, a Global Note may be transferred, in whole and not in part, only to another nominee of the Depository or to a successor Depository or a nominee of such successor Depository. A beneficial interest in a Global Note may not be exchanged for a Definitive Note unless (i) the Depository (x) notifies the Company that it is unwilling or unable to continue as Depository for such Global Note or (y) has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and, in either case, a successor Depository is not appointed by the Company within 90 days of such notice, (ii) the Company, at its option, notifies the Trustee in writing that it elects to cause the issuance of Definitive Notes (provided that Regulation S Global Notes at the Company's election pursuant to this clause may not be exchanged for Definitive Notes prior to (a) the expiration of the Restricted Period and (b) the receipt of any certificates required under the provisions of Regulation S) or (iii) there shall have occurred and be continuing a Default with respect to the Notes and the Depository requests that one or more Definitive Notes be issued. Upon the occurrence of any of the preceding events in (i), (ii) or (iii) above, Definitive Notes delivered in exchange for any Global Note or beneficial interests therein will be registered in the names, and issued in any approved denominations, requested by or on behalf of the Depository (in accordance with its customary procedures). Global Notes also may be exchanged or replaced, in whole or in part, as provided in Section 2.06 and 2.07 hereof. Every Note authenticated and delivered in exchange for, or in lieu of, a Global Note or any portion thereof, pursuant to this Section 2.11, Section 2.06 or Section 2.07 hereof, shall be authenticated and delivered in the form of, and shall be, a Global Note, except for Definitive Notes issued subsequent to any of the preceding events in (i) or (ii) above and pursuant to Sections 2.11(c)(3)(ii) and 2.11(d) hereof. A Global Note may not be exchanged for another Note other than as provided in this Section 2.11(b); provided, however, beneficial interests in a Global Note may be transferred and exchanged as provided in Section 2.11(c) or (d) hereof.

(c) *Transfer and Exchange of Beneficial Interests in the Global Notes.* The transfer and exchange of beneficial interests in the Global Notes shall be effected through the Depository, in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture and the Applicable Procedures. Beneficial interests in the Restricted Global Notes shall be subject to restrictions on transfer comparable to those set forth herein to the extent required by the Securities Act. Beneficial interests in Global Notes shall be transferred or exchanged only for beneficial interests in Global Notes pursuant to this clause (c). Transfers of beneficial interests in the Global Notes also shall require compliance with either subparagraph (1) or (2) below, as applicable, as well as one or more of the other following subparagraphs, as applicable, subject to the Applicable Procedures of the Depository:

(1) *Transfer of Beneficial Interests in the Same Global Note.* Beneficial interests in any Restricted Global Note may be transferred to Persons who take delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in the same Restricted Global Note in accordance with the transfer restrictions and procedures set forth in the Private Placement Legend in the case of Restricted Global Notes and in the Regulation S Temporary Global Note Legend in the case of Regulation S Temporary Global Notes. Beneficial interests in any Unrestricted Global Note may be transferred to Persons who take delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note. No written orders or instructions shall be required to be delivered to the Registrar to effect the transfers described in this Section 2.11(c)(1).

(2) *All Other Transfers and Exchanges of Beneficial Interests in Global Notes.* In connection with all transfers and exchanges of beneficial interests that are not subject to Section 2.11(c)(1) hereof, the transferor of such beneficial interest must deliver to the Registrar either (A) (1) a written order from a Participant or an Indirect Participant given to the Depository in accordance with the Applicable Procedures directing the Depository to credit or cause to be credited a beneficial interest in another Global Note in an amount equal to the beneficial interest to be transferred or exchanged and (2) instructions given in accordance with the Applicable Procedures containing information regarding the Participant account to be credited with such increase or (B) (1) a written order from a Participant or an Indirect Participant given to the Depository in accordance with the Applicable Procedures directing the Depository to cause to be issued a Definitive Note in an amount equal to the beneficial interest to be transferred or exchanged and (2) instructions given by the Depository to the Registrar containing information regarding the Person in whose name such Definitive Note shall be registered to effect the transfer or exchange referred to in (1) above; provided that in no event shall Definitive Notes be issued upon the transfer or exchange of beneficial interests in the Regulation S Temporary Global Note prior to (A) the expiration of the Restricted Period and (B) the receipt by the Registrar of the certificates in the form of Exhibit B. Upon satisfaction of all of the requirements for transfer or exchange of beneficial interests in Global Notes contained in this Indenture and the Notes or otherwise applicable under the Securities Act, the Trustee shall adjust the principal amount of the relevant Global Note(s) pursuant to Section 2.11(h) hereof.

(3) *Transfer of Beneficial Interests to Another Restricted Global Note.* A beneficial interest in any Restricted Global Note may be transferred to a Person who takes delivery

thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in another Restricted Global Note if the transfer complies with the requirements of Section 2.11(c)(2) hereof and the Registrar receives the following:

- (i) if the transferee will take delivery in the form of a beneficial interest in the 144A Global Note, then the transferor must deliver a certificate in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (1) thereof;
- (ii) if the transferee will take delivery in the form of a beneficial interest in the Regulation S Global Note, then the transferor must deliver a certificate in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (2) thereof; or
- (iii) if the transferee will take delivery in the form of a beneficial interest in the IAI Global Note, a certificate to the Registrar substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications, certificates and Opinion of Counsel required by item (3) thereof.

(4) *Transfer and Exchange of Beneficial Interests in a Restricted Global Note for Beneficial Interests in an Unrestricted Global Note.* A beneficial interest in any Restricted Global Note may be exchanged by any holder thereof for a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note or transferred to a Person who takes delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note if the exchange or transfer complies with the requirements of Section 2.11(c)(2) hereof and the Registrar receives the following:

- (i) if the holder of such beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note proposes to exchange such beneficial interest for a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note, a certificate from such Holder substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto, including the certifications in item (1)(a) thereof; or
- (ii) if the holder of such beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note proposes to transfer such beneficial interest to a Person who shall take delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note, a certificate from such holder in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (4) thereof;

and, in each such case set forth in this Section 2.11(c)(4), if the Registrar or the Company so requests or if the Applicable Procedures so require, an Opinion of Counsel in form reasonably acceptable to the Registrar and the Company to the effect that such exchange or transfer is in compliance with the Securities Act and that the restrictions on transfer contained herein and in the Private Placement Legend are no longer required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities Act.

If any such transfer is effected pursuant to this Section 2.11(c)(4) at a time when an Unrestricted Global Note has not yet been issued, the Company shall issue and the Trustee shall authenticate one or more Unrestricted Global Notes in an aggregate principal amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of beneficial interests transferred pursuant to this Section 2.11(c)(4).

Beneficial interests in an Unrestricted Global Note cannot be exchanged for, or transferred to Persons who take delivery thereof in the form of, a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note.

(d) *Beneficial Interests in Restricted Global Notes to Restricted Definitive Notes.*

(1) *Beneficial Interests in Restricted Global Notes to Restricted Definitive Notes.* If any holder of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note proposes to exchange such beneficial interest for a Restricted Definitive Note or to transfer such beneficial interest to a Person who takes delivery thereof in the form of a Restricted Definitive Note, then, upon the occurrence of any of the events in clauses (i) or (ii) of Section 2.11(b) hereof and receipt by the Registrar of the following documentation:

(i) if the holder of such beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note proposes to exchange such beneficial interest for a Restricted Definitive Note, a certificate from such holder substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto, including the certifications in item (2)(a) thereof;

(ii) if such beneficial interest is being transferred to a QIB in accordance with Rule 144A, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (1) thereof;

(iii) if such beneficial interest is being transferred to a Non-U.S. Person in an offshore transaction in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (2) thereof;

(iv) if such beneficial interest is being transferred pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act in accordance with Rule 144, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (3)(a) thereof;

(v) if such beneficial interest is being transferred to an Institutional Accredited Investor in reliance on an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act other than those listed in subparagraphs (i) through (iv) above, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications, certificates and Opinion of Counsel required by item 3(d) thereof, if applicable;

(vi) if such beneficial interest is being transferred to the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (3)(b) thereof; or

(vii) if such beneficial interest is being transferred pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (3)(c) thereof,

the Trustee shall cause the aggregate principal amount of the applicable Global Note to be reduced accordingly pursuant to Section 2.11(h) hereof, and the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and mail to the Person designated in the instructions a Definitive Note in the applicable principal amount. Any Definitive Note issued in exchange for a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note pursuant to this Section 2.11(d) shall be registered in such name or names and in such authorized denomination or denominations as the holder of such beneficial interest shall instruct the Registrar through instructions from the Depositary and the Participant or Indirect

Participant. The Trustee shall mail such Definitive Notes to the Persons in whose names such Notes are so registered. Any Definitive Note issued in exchange for a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note pursuant to this Section 2.11(d)(1) (except transfers pursuant to clause (vii) above) shall bear the Private Placement Legend and shall be subject to all restrictions on transfer contained therein.

(2) *Beneficial Interests in Regulation S Temporary Global Note to Definitive Notes.* Notwithstanding Section 2.11(d)(1)(i) and (iii) hereof, a beneficial interest in the Regulation S Temporary Global Note may not be exchanged for a Definitive Note or transferred to a Person who takes delivery thereof in the form of a Definitive Note prior to (A) the expiration of the Restricted Period and (B) the receipt by the Registrar of any certificates required pursuant to Exhibit B, except in the case of a transfer pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act other than Rule 903 or Rule 904.

(3) *Beneficial Interests in Restricted Global Notes to Unrestricted Definitive Notes.* A holder of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note may exchange such beneficial interest for an Unrestricted Definitive Note or may transfer such beneficial interest to a Person who takes delivery thereof in the form of an Unrestricted Definitive Note only upon the occurrence of any of the events in subsection (1) or (2) of Section 2.11(b) hereof and if the Registrar receives the following:

(i) if the holder of such beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note proposes to exchange such beneficial interest for an Unrestricted Definitive Note, a certificate from such holder substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto, including the certifications in item (1)(b) thereof; or

(ii) if the holder of such beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note proposes to transfer such beneficial interest to a Person who shall take delivery thereof in the form of an Unrestricted Definitive Note, a certificate from such holder substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (4) thereof;

and, in each such case, if the Registrar or the Company so requests or if the Applicable Procedures so require, an Opinion of Counsel in form reasonably acceptable to the Registrar and the Company to the effect that such exchange or transfer is in compliance with the Securities Act and that the restrictions on transfer contained herein and in the Private Placement Legend are no longer required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities Act.

(4) *Beneficial Interests in Unrestricted Global Notes to Unrestricted Definitive Notes.* If any holder of a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note proposes to exchange such beneficial interest for a Definitive Note or to transfer such beneficial interest to a Person who takes delivery thereof in the form of a Definitive Note, then, upon the occurrence of any of the events in subsection (1) or (2) of Section 2.11(b) hereof and satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Section 2.11(c)(2) hereof, the Trustee shall cause the aggregate principal amount of the applicable Global Note to be reduced accordingly pursuant to Section 2.11(h) hereof, and the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and mail to the Person designated in the instructions a Definitive Note in the applicable principal amount. Any Definitive Note issued in exchange for a beneficial interest pursuant to this Section 2.11(d)(4) shall be registered in such

name or names and in such authorized denomination or denominations as the holder of such beneficial interest shall instruct the Registrar through instructions from or through the Depositary and the Participant or Indirect Participant. The Trustee shall mail such Definitive Notes to the Persons in whose names such Notes are so registered. Any Definitive Note issued in exchange for a beneficial interest pursuant to this Section 2.11(d)(4) shall not bear the Private Placement Legend.

(e) *Transfer and Exchange of Definitive Notes for Beneficial Interests.*

(1) *Restricted Definitive Notes to Beneficial Interests in Restricted Global Notes.* If any Holder of a Restricted Definitive Note proposes to exchange such Note for a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note or to transfer such Restricted Definitive Note to a Person who takes delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note, then, upon receipt by the Registrar of the following documentation:

(i) if the Holder of such Restricted Definitive Note proposes to exchange such Note for a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note, a certificate from such Holder substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto, including the certifications in item (2)(b) thereof;

(ii) if such Restricted Definitive Note is being transferred to a QIB in accordance with Rule 144A, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (1) thereof;

(iii) if such Restricted Definitive Note is being transferred to a Non-U.S. Person in an offshore transaction in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (2) thereof;

(iv) if such Restricted Definitive Note is being transferred pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act in accordance with Rule 144, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (3)(a) thereof;

(v) if such Restricted Definitive Note is being transferred to an Institutional Accredited Investor in reliance on an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act other than those listed in subparagraphs (ii) through (iv) above, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications, certificates and Opinion of Counsel required by item (3)(d) thereof, if applicable;

(vi) if such Restricted Definitive Note is being transferred to the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (3)(b) thereof; or

(vii) if such Restricted Definitive Note is being transferred pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (3)(c) thereof,

the Trustee shall cancel the Restricted Definitive Note, increase or cause to be increased the aggregate principal amount of, in the case of clause (i) above, the applicable Restricted Global Note, in the case of clause (ii) above, the applicable 144A Global Note, in the case of clause (ii) above, the applicable Regulation S Global Note, and in all other cases, the applicable IAI Global Note.

(2) *Restricted Definitive Notes to Beneficial Interests in Unrestricted Global Notes.* A Holder of a Restricted Definitive Note may exchange such Note for a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note or transfer such Restricted Definitive Note to a Person who takes delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note only if the Registrar receives the following:

(i) if the Holder of such Definitive Notes proposes to exchange such Notes for a beneficial interest in the Unrestricted Global Note, a certificate from such Holder substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto, including the certifications in item (1)(c) thereof; or

(ii) if the Holder of such Definitive Notes proposes to transfer such Notes to a Person who shall take delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in the Unrestricted Global Note, a certificate from such Holder substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (4) thereof;

and, in each such case set forth in this Section 2.11(e)(2), if the Registrar or the Company so requests or if the Applicable Procedures so require, an Opinion of Counsel in form reasonably acceptable to the Registrar and the Company to the effect that such exchange or transfer is in compliance with the Securities Act and that the restrictions on transfer contained herein and in the Private Placement Legend are no longer required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities Act.

Upon satisfaction of the applicable conditions in this Section 2.11(e)(2), the Trustee (upon a written order from the Company) shall cancel the Definitive Notes and increase or cause to be increased the aggregate principal amount of the Unrestricted Global Note.

(3) *Unrestricted Definitive Notes to Beneficial Interests in Unrestricted Global Notes.* A Holder of an Unrestricted Definitive Note may exchange such Note for a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note or transfer such Definitive Notes to a Person who takes delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note at any time. Upon receipt of a request for such an exchange or transfer, the Trustee shall cancel the applicable Unrestricted Definitive Note and increase or cause to be increased the aggregate principal amount of one of the Unrestricted Global Notes.

If any such exchange or transfer from a Definitive Note to a beneficial interest is effected pursuant to clauses (2) or (3) above at a time when an Unrestricted Global Note has not yet been issued, the Company shall issue and the Trustee shall authenticate one or more Unrestricted Global Notes in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of Definitive Notes so transferred.

(f) *Transfer and Exchange of Definitive Notes for Definitive Notes.* Upon request by a Holder of Definitive Notes and such Holder's compliance with the provisions of this Section 2.11(f), the Registrar shall register the transfer or exchange of Definitive Notes. Prior to such registration of transfer or exchange, the requesting Holder shall present or surrender to the Registrar the Definitive Notes duly endorsed or accompanied by a written instruction of transfer in form satisfactory to the Registrar duly executed by such Holder or by its attorney, duly authorized in writing. In addition, the requesting Holder shall provide any additional certifications, documents and information, as applicable, required pursuant to the following provisions of this Section 2.11(f):

(1) *Restricted Definitive Notes to Restricted Definitive Notes.* Any Restricted Definitive Note may be transferred to and registered in the name of Persons who take delivery thereof in the form of a Restricted Definitive Note if the Registrar receives the following:

(i) if the transfer will be made to a QIB in accordance with Rule 144A, then the transferor must deliver a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (1) thereof;

(ii) if the transfer will be made pursuant to Rule 903 or Rule 904 then the transferor must deliver a certificate in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (2) thereof; or

(iii) if the transfer will be made pursuant to any other exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, then the transferor must deliver a certificate in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications required by item (3) thereof, if applicable.

(2) *Restricted Definitive Notes to Unrestricted Definitive Notes.* Any Restricted Definitive Note may be exchanged by the Holder thereof for an Unrestricted Definitive Note or transferred to a Person or Persons who take delivery thereof in the form of an Unrestricted Definitive Note if the Registrar receives the following:

(i) if the Holder of such Restricted Definitive Notes proposes to exchange such Notes for an Unrestricted Definitive Note, a certificate from such Holder substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto, including the certifications in item (1)(d) thereof; or

(ii) if the Holder of such Restricted Definitive Notes proposes to transfer such Notes to a Person who shall take delivery thereof in the form of an Unrestricted Definitive Note, a certificate from such Holder substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, including the certifications in item (4) thereof;

and, in each such case set forth in this Section 2.11(f)(2), if the Registrar or the Company so requests, an Opinion of Counsel in form reasonably acceptable to the Registrar and The Company to the effect that such exchange or transfer is in compliance with the Securities Act and that the restrictions on transfer contained herein and in the Private Placement Legend are no longer required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities Act.

(3) *Unrestricted Definitive Notes to Unrestricted Definitive Notes.* A Holder of Unrestricted Definitive Notes may transfer such Notes to a Person who takes delivery thereof in the form of an Unrestricted Definitive Note. Upon receipt of a request to register such a transfer, the Registrar shall register the Unrestricted Definitive Notes pursuant to the instructions from the Holder thereof.

(g) *Legends.* The following legends shall appear on the face of all Global Notes and Definitive Notes issued under this Indenture unless specifically stated otherwise in the applicable provisions of this Indenture:

(1) *Private Placement Legend.* (i) Except as permitted by subparagraph (ii) below, each Global Note and each Definitive Note (and all Notes issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof) shall bear the legend in substantially the following form:

“THIS SECURITY HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE U.S. SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION AND, ACCORDINGLY, MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OR TO, OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF, U.S. PERSONS EXCEPT AS SET FORTH BELOW. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF, THE HOLDER (1) REPRESENTS THAT (A) IT IS A “QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER” (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT), (B) IT IS AN INSTITUTIONAL ACCREDITED INVESTOR (AS DEFINED IN RULE 501(A)(1), (2), (3) OR (7) WITHIN THE MEANING OF REGULATION D UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT (AN “INSTITUTIONAL ACCREDITED INVESTOR”)), OR (C) IT IS NOT A U.S. PERSON AND IS ACQUIRING THIS SECURITY IN AN OFFSHORE TRANSACTION IN COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, (2) AGREES THAT IT WILL NOT PRIOR TO (I) IN THE CASE OF RULE 144A NOTES, THE DATE WHICH IS ONE YEAR (OR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD OF TIME AS PERMITTED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY SUCCESSOR PROVISION THEREUNDER) AFTER THE LATER OF THE ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE THEREOF, THE DATE OF ORIGINAL ISSUANCE OF ANY ADDITIONAL NOTES OR THE LAST DAY ON WHICH THE ISSUER OR ANY AFFILIATE OF THE ISSUER WAS THE OWNER OF THIS NOTE AND (II) IN THE CASE OF REGULATION S NOTES, 40 DAYS AFTER THE ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE THEREOF, RESELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY EXCEPT (A) TO THE ISSUER OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, (B) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES TO (I) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR (II) AN INSTITUTIONAL ACCREDITED INVESTOR IN A PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF NOT LESS THAN \$100,000, THAT, PRIOR TO SUCH TRANSFER, DELIVERS TO THE TRUSTEE A DULY COMPLETED AND SIGNED CERTIFICATE (THE FORM OF WHICH MAY BE OBTAINED FROM THE ISSUER) RELATING TO THE RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER OF THIS NOTE (AND AN OPINION OF COUNSEL IF THE ISSUER SO REQUESTS), (C) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN AN OFFSHORE TRANSACTION IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 903 OR RULE 904 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, (D) PURSUANT TO THE EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE

SECURITIES ACT (IF AVAILABLE), (E) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANOTHER EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT (AND BASED UPON AN OPINION OF COUNSEL IF THE ISSUER SO REQUESTS), OR (F) PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, AND (3) AGREES THAT IT WILL GIVE TO EACH PERSON TO WHOM THIS SECURITY IS TRANSFERRED A NOTICE SUBSTANTIALLY TO THE EFFECT OF THIS LEGEND. AS USED HEREIN, THE TERMS "OFFSHORE TRANSACTION," "UNITED STATES" AND "U.S. PERSON" HAVE THE MEANING GIVEN TO THEM BY REGULATIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT."

(ii) Notwithstanding the foregoing, any Global Note or Definitive Note issued pursuant to subparagraph (c)(4), (d)(3), (d)(4), (e)(2), (e)(3), (f)(3), or (f)(3) of this Section 2.11 (and all Notes issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof) shall not bear the Private Placement Legend.

(2) *Global Note Legend.* Each Global Note shall bear a legend in substantially the following form:

"THIS GLOBAL NOTE IS HELD BY THE DEPOSITARY (AS DEFINED IN THE INDENTURE GOVERNING THIS NOTE) OR ITS NOMINEE IN CUSTODY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS HEREOF, AND IS NOT TRANSFERABLE TO ANY PERSON UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES EXCEPT THAT (I) THE TRUSTEE MAY MAKE SUCH NOTATIONS HEREON AS MAY BE REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 2.11(h) OF THE INDENTURE, (II) THIS GLOBAL NOTE MAY BE EXCHANGED IN WHOLE BUT NOT IN PART PURSUANT TO SECTION 2.11(b) OF THE INDENTURE, (III) THIS GLOBAL NOTE MAY BE DELIVERED TO THE TRUSTEE FOR CANCELLATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 2.08 OF THE INDENTURE AND (IV) THIS GLOBAL NOTE MAY BE TRANSFERRED TO A SUCCESSOR DEPOSITARY WITH THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE COMPANY. UNLESS AND UNTIL IT IS EXCHANGED IN WHOLE OR IN PART FOR NOTES IN DEFINITIVE FORM, THIS NOTE MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT AS A WHOLE BY THE DEPOSITARY TO A NOMINEE OF THE DEPOSITARY OR BY A NOMINEE OF THE DEPOSITARY TO THE DEPOSITARY OR ANOTHER NOMINEE OF THE DEPOSITARY OR BY THE DEPOSITARY OR ANY SUCH NOMINEE TO A SUCCESSOR DEPOSITARY OR A NOMINEE OF SUCH SUCCESSOR DEPOSITARY. UNLESS THIS CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITARY TRUST COMPANY (55 WATER STREET, NEW YORK, NEW YORK) ("DTC") TO THE COMPANY OR ITS AGENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR SUCH OTHER NAME AS MAY BE REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC (AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS MAY BE REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN."

(3) *Regulation S Temporary Global Note Legend.* The Regulation S Temporary Global Note shall bear a legend (the “Regulation S Temporary Global Note Legend”) in substantially the following form:

“BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF, THE HOLDER HEREOF REPRESENTS THAT IT IS NOT A U.S. PERSON, NOR IS IT PURCHASING FOR THE ACCOUNT OF A U.S. PERSON, AND IS ACQUIRING THIS SECURITY IN AN OFFSHORE TRANSACTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT.

THE RIGHTS ATTACHING TO THIS REGULATION S TEMPORARY GLOBAL NOTE, AND THE CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURES GOVERNING ITS EXCHANGE FOR CERTIFICATED NOTES, ARE AS SPECIFIED IN THE INDENTURE (AS DEFINED HEREIN).”

(h) *Cancellation and/or Adjustment of Global Notes.* At such time as all beneficial interests in a particular Global Note have been exchanged for Definitive Notes or a particular Global Note has been redeemed, repurchased or canceled in whole and not in part, each such Global Note shall be returned to or retained and canceled by the Trustee in accordance with Section 2.08 hereof. At any time prior to such cancellation, if any beneficial interest in a Global Note is exchanged for or transferred to a Person who will take delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in another Global Note or for Definitive Notes, the principal amount of Notes represented by such Global Note shall be reduced accordingly and an endorsement shall be made on such Global Note by the Trustee or by the Depositary at the direction of the Trustee to reflect such reduction; and if the beneficial interest is being exchanged for or transferred to a Person who will take delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in another Global Note, such other Global Note shall be increased accordingly and an endorsement shall be made on such Global Note by the Trustee or by the Depositary at the direction of the Trustee to reflect such increase.

(i) *General Provisions Relating to Transfers and Exchanges.* (1) To permit registrations of transfers and exchanges, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate Global Notes and Definitive Notes upon receipt of an authentication order in accordance with Section 2.04(c) hereof or at the Registrar’s request.

(2) No service charge shall be made to a holder of a beneficial interest in a Global Note or to a Holder of a Definitive Note for any registration of transfer or exchange, but the Company may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax or similar governmental charge payable in connection therewith (other than any such transfer taxes or similar governmental charge payable upon exchange or transfer pursuant to Sections 2.05, 2.06, 2.07 hereof).

(3) Neither the Registrar nor the Company shall be required to register the transfer of or exchange any Note selected for redemption in whole or in part, except the unredeemed portion of any Note being redeemed in part.

(4) All Global Notes and Definitive Notes issued upon any registration of transfer or exchange of Global Notes or Definitive Notes shall be the valid obligations of the Company, evidencing the same debt, and entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture, as the Global Notes or Definitive Notes surrendered upon such registration of transfer or exchange.

(5) The Company shall not be required (A) to issue, to register the transfer of or to exchange any Notes during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before the day of any selection of Notes for redemption under Section 3.03 hereof and ending at the close of business on the day of selection, (B) to register the transfer of or to exchange any Note so selected for redemption or tendered (and not withdrawn) for repurchase in connection with a redemption or tender offer, in whole or in part, except the unredeemed portion of any Note being redeemed in part or (C) to register the transfer of or to exchange a Note between a Regular Record Date or Special Record Date and the next succeeding Interest Payment Date.

(6) Prior to due presentment for the registration of a transfer of any Note, the Trustee, any other Agent and the Company may deem and treat the Person in whose name any Note is registered as the absolute owner of such Note for the purpose of receiving payment of principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such Notes and for all other purposes, and none of the Trustee, any other Agent or the Company shall be affected by notice to the contrary.

(7) Upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Note at the office or agency of the Company designated pursuant to Section 2.03 hereof, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more replacement Notes of any authorized denomination or denominations of a like aggregate principal amount.

(8) At the option of the Holder, Notes may be exchanged for other Notes of any authorized denomination or denominations of a like aggregate principal amount upon surrender of the Notes to be exchanged at such office or agency. Whenever any Global Notes or Definitive Notes are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, the replacement Global Notes and Definitive Notes which the Holder making the exchange is entitled to in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.04 hereof.

(9) All certifications, certificates and Opinions of Counsel required to be submitted to the Registrar pursuant to this Section 2.11 to effect a registration of transfer or exchange may be submitted by facsimile.

(10) The Trustee shall have no responsibility or obligation to any Beneficial Owner of a Global Note, a member of, or a participant in, the Depositary or other Person with respect to the accuracy of the records of the Depositary or its nominee or of any participant or member thereof, with respect to any ownership interest in the Notes or with respect to the delivery to any participant, member, Beneficial Owner, or other Person (other than the Depositary) of any notice (including any notice of redemption or purchase) or the payment of any amount or delivery of any Notes (or other security or property) under or with respect to such Notes. The Trustee may rely and shall be fully protected in relying upon information furnished by the Depositary with respect to its members, participants, and any Beneficial Owners.

(11) The Trustee shall have no obligation or duty to monitor, determine or inquire as to compliance with any restrictions on transfer imposed under this Indenture or under applicable law with respect to any transfer of any interest in any Note (including any transfers between or among the Depository's participants, members, or Beneficial Owners in any Global Note) other than to require delivery of such certificates and other documentation or evidence as are expressly required by, and to do so if and when expressly required by, the terms of this Indenture, and to examine the same to determine substantial compliance as to form with the express requirements hereof. Neither the Trustee nor any of its agents shall have any responsibility for any actions taken or not taken by the Depository.

SECTION 2.12. CUSIP Numbers.

The Company in issuing the Notes may use "CUSIP" numbers (if then generally in use) or common code, ISIN, or other identifying numbers (collectively, "Identifying Numbers") and, if so, the Trustee shall use such Identifying Numbers in notices of redemption as a convenience to Holders; provided that any such notice may state that no representation is made as to the correctness of such Identifying Numbers either as printed on the Notes or as contained in any notice of a redemption and that reliance may be placed only on the other identifying numbers printed on the Notes, and any such redemption shall not be affected by any defect in or omission of such numbers. The Company will promptly notify in writing the Trustee and holders of applicable Notes of any change in the Identifying Numbers of Notes of any series.

SECTION 2.13. Ranking.

The Notes shall constitute the senior indebtedness of the Company and shall rank pari passu in right of payment among themselves and with all of the other existing and future senior indebtedness of the Company.

ARTICLE III

REDEMPTION OF NOTES

SECTION 3.01. Optional Redemption by the Company.

(a) Except as set forth in Section 3.04, the Notes are not redeemable prior to the earlier of the date of the consummation of the Second Merger and October 15, 2021 (the "No Call Date"). After the No Call Date, the Company may redeem each series of Notes, in whole or in part, at its option, at any time prior to (i) with respect to the 2022 Notes, September 15, 2022 (the "2022 Notes Par Call Date"), (ii) with respect to the 2025 Notes, September 1, 2025 (the "2025 Notes Par Call Date"), (iii) with respect to the 2027 Notes, August 15, 2027 (the "2027 Notes Par Call Date"), (iv) with respect to the 2030 Notes, August 1, 2030 (the "2030 Notes Par Call Date"), (v) with respect to the 2040 Notes, May 15, 2040 (the "2040 Notes Par Call Date") and (vi) with respect to the 2050 Notes, June 1, 2050 (the "2050 Notes Par Call Date"), at a Redemption Price equal to the greater of the following amounts:

- (1) 100% of the principal amount of the Notes of the applicable series to be redeemed on that Redemption Date; and

- (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the Notes to be redeemed on that Redemption Date as calculated by the Company, excluding accrued and unpaid interest on the Redemption Date, discounted to the Redemption Date on a semi-annual basis based at the Treasury Rate, plus (i) 10 basis points in the case of the 2022 Notes, (ii) 15 basis points in the case of the 2025 Notes, (iii) 25 basis points in the case of the 2027 Notes, (iv) 25 basis points in the case of the 2030 Notes, (v) 30 basis points in the case of the 2040 Notes and (vi) 30 basis points in the case of the 2050 Notes, as determined by the Reference Treasury Dealer;

plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes being redeemed to, but excluding, the Redemption Date.

(b) On or after (i) the 2025 Notes Par Call Date with respect to the 2025 Notes, (ii) the 2027 Notes Par Call Date with respect to the 2027 Notes, (iii) the 2030 Notes Par Call Date with respect to the 2030 Notes, (iv) the 2040 Notes Par Call Date with respect to the 2040 Notes and (v) the 2050 Notes Par Call Date with respect to the 2050 Notes, the redemption price for the Notes to be redeemed will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes to be redeemed to, but excluding, the Redemption Date (such redemption price, together with the redemption price described in paragraph (a) above, the “Redemption Price”).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, installments of interest on Notes that are due and payable on Interest Payment Dates falling on or prior to a Redemption Date will be payable on the Interest Payment Date to the holders of the Notes as of the close of business on the relevant Regular Record Date (and any such interest shall not be deemed accrued and unpaid for purposes of payment in respect of any redemption or repurchase). The Redemption Price shall be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

SECTION 3.02. Offer to Repurchase Upon Change of Control Triggering Event.

(a) This Section 3.02 shall apply solely from and after consummation of the Merger. Following the Merger, upon a Change of Control Triggering Event in respect of a series of Notes, unless the Company has previously exercised any right to redeem the Notes of such series pursuant to Section 3.01 or 3.04, each Noteholder of such series will have the right to require the Company to repurchase all or any part (in minimum denominations of \$2,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof) of such Holder’s Notes of such series pursuant to the offer described below (the “Change of Control Offer”) at a purchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on such Notes repurchased to, but excluding, the date of repurchase (the “Change of Control Payment”). Within 30 days following the date upon which the Change of Control Triggering Event occurs or, at the Company’s option, prior to any Change of Control but after the public announcement of the pending Change of Control, the Company shall mail a notice to each Noteholder (with a written copy of such notice to the Trustee on the same day as sent to the holders or at least five (5) Business Days prior to when notice is due to holders if the Company requests the Trustee to send out such notice) describing the terms of the Change of Control Offer and offering to repurchase the Notes on the

date specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than 30 days and no later than 60 days from the date such notice is given, other than as may be required by law (the “Change of Control Payment Date”), pursuant to the procedures required herein and described in such notice. The notice, if given prior to the date of consummation of the Change of Control, will state that the Change of Control Offer is conditioned on the Change of Control being completed on or prior to the Change of Control Payment Date. The Company shall comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act, and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of such Notes as a result of a Change of Control Triggering Event. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with this Section, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under this Section by virtue of compliance with such securities laws or regulations.

(b) The Company shall not be required to make a Change of Control Offer if a third party makes an offer to purchase the Notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of such Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on such Notes to the date of purchase, in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements for a Change of Control Offer made by the Company and such third party purchases all such Notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under its offer.

(c) On the Change of Control Payment Date, the Company shall, to the extent lawful, (i) accept for payment all the Notes or portions thereof properly tendered pursuant to the Change of Control Offer, (ii) deposit with the Paying Agent an amount equal to the Change of Control Payment in respect of all such Notes or portions of such Notes properly tendered; and (iii) deliver or cause to be delivered to the Trustee for cancellation the Notes properly accepted together with an Officers’ Certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of such Notes or portions thereof being purchased by the Company. The Paying Agent shall promptly mail to each holder of such Notes properly tendered the Change of Control Payment for such Notes, and the Trustee, upon receipt of a written request by the Company, shall promptly authenticate and mail (or cause to be transferred by book entry) to each holder of such Notes a new Note equal in principal amount to any unpurchased portion of such Notes surrendered by such holder, if any, in denominations as set forth in this Indenture.

SECTION 3.03. Election to Redeem; Notice of Redemption.

(a) In case the Company shall desire to redeem all or a portion, as the case may be, of the Notes of any series pursuant to Section 3.01, the Company shall, or shall cause the Trustee to, give notice of such redemption to holders of the Notes of such series to be redeemed in the manner provided in Section 14.03(b) a notice of such redemption not less than 15 days and not more than 60 days before the date fixed for redemption of that series unless a shorter period is specified in the Notes to be redeemed (with notice given to the Trustee of such redemption no later than five (5) Business Days prior to when notice is due to holders), and will give written notice to the Trustee of such redemption at least five days prior to when such notice is sent to the holders of the Notes (unless otherwise agreed by the Trustee). Failure to duly give such notice to the holder of any Note of any series designated for redemption in whole or in part, or any defect in the notice, shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other Notes of such series or any other series. In the case of any redemption of Notes no later than five (5) Business Days prior to when any notice of redemption is due to holders, the Company shall furnish the Trustee with an Officers’ Certificate evidencing compliance with any applicable restriction.

- (b) Each notice of redemption shall specify and state:
- (1) the Redemption Date;
 - (2) the Redemption Price at which Notes of that series are to be redeemed;
 - (3) that payment of the Redemption Price of such Notes to be redeemed will be made at the office or agency of the Company in the Borough of Manhattan, the City and State of New York, upon presentation and surrender of such Notes;
 - (4) that interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption will be paid as specified in such notice and that from and after such date interest will cease to accrue;
 - (5) if less than all of the Outstanding Notes of a particular series are to be redeemed, the identification of the particular Notes to be redeemed;
 - (6) in case any Note is to be redeemed in part only, the notice that relates to such Note shall state (i) the portion of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed by CUSIP numbers, and (ii) that on and after the Redemption Date, upon surrender of such Note, a new Note or Notes of such series in principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion thereof will be issued;
 - (7) CUSIP numbers or Identifying Numbers, if any, of the Notes to be redeemed;
 - (8) a description of conditions on such redemption (if any); and
 - (9) such other provisions as may be required in respect of the terms of a particular series of the Notes.

(c) If less than all the Notes are to be redeemed, upon receipt of such notice by the Trustee, the Trustee shall select, in accordance with the rules of the Depositary, in the case of Global Notes, or by lot or in such other manner the Trustee deems to be fair and appropriate in the case of any certificated Notes, the Notes (or portions thereof) of such series to be redeemed and shall thereafter promptly notify the Company in writing of the CUSIP numbers or Identifying Numbers of the Notes to be redeemed, in whole or in part. No Note of a denomination of \$2,000 shall be redeemed in part and Notes may be redeemed in part only in integral multiples of \$1,000.

Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Section, the selection of the Notes, or portions thereof, that are represented by a Global Note or that are held by or on behalf of a Depositary, in the case of any partial redemption, shall also be made in accordance with the applicable rules and procedures of such Depositary and neither the Trustee nor the Company shall have any liability or responsibility with respect thereto.

(d) The election of the Company to redeem any Notes of any series pursuant to Section 3.01 shall be evidenced by or pursuant to a Board Resolution. The Company may, if and whenever

it shall so elect, by delivery of instructions signed on its behalf by its Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, President or any Vice President, instruct the Trustee to call all or any part of the Notes of a particular series for redemption and to give notice of redemption in the manner set forth in this Section, such notice to be in the name of the Company or its own name as the Trustee may deem advisable. In any case in which notice of redemption is to be given by the Trustee, the Company shall deliver or cause to be delivered to, or permit to remain with, the Trustee, as the case may be, such Note Register, transfer books or other records, or suitable copies or extracts therefrom, sufficient to enable the Trustee to give any notice by mail that may be required under the provisions of this Section.

SECTION 3.04. Special Mandatory Redemption.

(a) Upon the occurrence of a Special Mandatory Redemption Event, the Company shall redeem all outstanding Notes at the Special Mandatory Redemption Price on the date set forth in clause (b) below.

(b) If a Special Mandatory Redemption Event has occurred, the Company will promptly (but in no event later than five Business Days following the occurrence of such Special Mandatory Redemption Event) provide written notice to the Trustee, and the Trustee shall deliver such notice to each registered Holder of such Notes five Business Days following receipt of such notice from the Company which notice shall specify the Special Mandatory Redemption Date. If funds sufficient to pay the Special Mandatory Redemption Price of all Notes to be redeemed on the Special Mandatory Redemption Date are deposited with the Trustee on or before such Special Mandatory Redemption Date, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to but excluding the Special Mandatory Redemption Date, such Notes will cease to bear interest and all rights of the holders under such Notes shall terminate (other than in respect of the right to receive the Special Mandatory Redemption Price, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the Special Mandatory Redemption Date). The Escrow Agent may release the Escrowed Property for the purpose of funding the Special Mandatory Redemption Price to the holders of the Notes on the Special Mandatory Redemption Date upon receipt of an Officer's Certificate of the Company certifying as to such matters. At or prior to 10:00 am, New York City time, on the Special Mandatory Redemption Date, the Company shall deposit with the Paying Agent, or the Trustee, funds sufficient to pay the Special Mandatory Redemption Price for the Notes. Upon the occurrence of the closing of the Merger, the foregoing provisions regarding the Special Mandatory Redemption will cease to apply.

SECTION 3.05. Payment Upon Redemption.

(a) Prior to 10:00 am on any Redemption Date, the Company shall deposit with the Trustee for the Notes to be redeemed or with a Paying Agent for such Notes (or, if the Company is acting as its own Paying Agent for such Notes, segregate and hold in trust as provided in Section 4.03(b)) an amount of money in the currency or currency unit in which the Notes of such series are payable sufficient to pay the principal amount of (and premium, if any, thereon), and (except if the Redemption Date shall be an Interest Payment Date) any accrued interest on, all the Notes which are to be redeemed on that date.

(b) If the giving of notice of redemption shall have been completed as provided in Section 3.03 or 3.04, the Notes or portions of Notes of the series to be redeemed specified in such notice shall become due and payable on the date and at the place stated in such notice at the applicable Redemption Price or Special Mandatory Redemption Price, together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption and interest on such Notes or portions of Notes shall cease to accrue on and after the date fixed for redemption, unless the Company shall default in the payment of such Redemption Price or Special Mandatory Redemption Price and accrued interest with respect to any such Note or portion thereof. On presentation and surrender of such Notes on or after the date fixed for redemption at the place of payment specified in the notice, such Notes shall be paid and redeemed at the applicable Redemption Price or Special Mandatory Redemption Price for such series, together with interest accrued thereon to the date fixed for redemption (but if the date fixed for redemption is an Interest Payment Date, the interest installment payable on such date shall be payable to the registered holder at the close of business on the Regular Record Date pursuant to Section 2.01). If any Note called for redemption shall not be so paid upon surrender thereof for redemption, the principal thereof (and premium, if any, thereon) shall, until paid, bear interest from the Redemption Date or Special Mandatory Redemption Date at a rate per annum equal to the rate borne by the Note.

(c) Upon presentation and surrender of any Note of such series that is to be redeemed in part only, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the holder of such Note, at the expense of the Company, a new Note or Notes, of any authorized denominations as requested by such holder, of the same series and having the same terms and provisions and in an aggregate principal amount equal to and in exchange for the unredeemed portion of the principal of the Note so presented and surrendered; provided, however, that if a Global Note is so presented and surrendered, such new Note so issued shall be a new Global Note in a denomination equal to the unredeemed portion of the principal of the Global Note so surrendered.

SECTION 3.06. No Redemption at the Option of Holders; No Sinking Fund.

The Notes shall not be redeemable at the option of any holder thereof. The Notes will not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

ARTICLE IV

CERTAIN COVENANTS

SECTION 4.01. Payment of Principal, Premium and Interest.

The Company agrees, for the benefit of each particular series of the Notes, that it will duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid (in the currency or currency unit in which the Notes of such series are payable) the principal of and premium, if any, and the interest on that series of the Notes in accordance with the terms of the Notes of such series and this Indenture.

SECTION 4.02. Maintenance of Office or Agency.

So long as any series of the Notes remain Outstanding, the Company agrees to maintain an office or agency in the Borough of Manhattan, the City and State of New York, with respect to

each such series and at such other location or locations as may be designated as provided in this Section 4.02, where (a) Notes of that series may be presented or surrendered for payment, (b) Notes of that series may be presented and surrendered as hereinabove authorized for registration of transfer and exchange, and (c) notices and demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Notes of that series and this Indenture may be given or served, such designation to continue with respect to such office or agency until the Company shall, by written notice signed by its Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, President or a Vice President and delivered to the trustee, designate some other office or agency for such purposes or any of them.

If at any time the Company shall fail to maintain any such required office or agency or shall fail to furnish the Trustee with the address thereof, such presentations, notices and demands may be made or served at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. The Company hereby appoints the Trustee as its agent to receive all such presentations, notices and demands.

SECTION 4.03. Paying Agents.

(a) The Company may appoint one or more Paying Agents for the Notes. The Company may change any Paying Agent without prior notice to any holder of the Notes. The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of the name and address of any Paying Agent not a party to this Indenture. If the Company fails to appoint or maintain another entity as Paying Agent, the Trustee shall, to the extent that it is capable, act as such. The Company or any of its domestic Subsidiaries may act as Paying Agent. The Company initially appoints the Trustee to act as the Paying Agent.

(b) If the Company shall appoint one or more Paying Agents for all or any series of the Notes, other than the Trustee, the Company will cause each such Paying Agent to execute and deliver to the Trustee an instrument in which such agent shall agree with the Trustee, subject to the provisions of this Section:

(1) that it will hold all sums held by it as such agent for the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) or interest on the Notes of that series (whether such sums have been paid to it by the Company or by any other obligor of such Notes) in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled thereto;

(2) that it will give the Trustee notice of any failure by the Company (or by any other obligor of such Notes) to make any payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) or interest on the Notes of that series when the same shall be due and payable;

(3) that it will, at any time during the continuance of any failure referred to in the preceding paragraph (a)(2) above, upon the written request of the Trustee, forthwith pay to the Trustee all sums so held in trust by such Paying Agent; and

(4) that it will perform all other duties of Paying Agent as set forth in this Indenture.

(c) If the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent with respect to any series of the Notes, it will on or before each due date of the principal of (and premium, if any) or interest on Notes of that series, set aside, segregate and hold in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled thereto a sum sufficient to pay such principal (and premium, if any) or interest so becoming due

on Notes of that series until such sums shall be paid to such Persons or otherwise disposed of as herein provided and will promptly notify the Trustee of such action, or any failure (by it or any other obligor on such Notes) to take such action. Whenever the Company shall have one or more Paying Agents for any series of Notes, it will, prior to each due date of the principal of (and premium, if any) or interest on any Notes of that series, deposit with the Paying Agent a sum sufficient to pay the principal (and premium, if any) or interest so becoming due, such sum to be held in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such principal, premium or interest, and (unless such Paying Agent is the Trustee) the Company will promptly notify the Trustee of this action or failure so to act.

(d) Notwithstanding anything in this Section to the contrary, (1) the agreement to hold sums in trust as provided in this Section is subject to the provisions of Section 12.05, and (2) the Company may at any time, for the purpose of obtaining the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture or for any other purpose, pay, or direct any Paying Agent to pay, to the Trustee all sums held in trust by the Company or such Paying Agent, such sums to be held by the Trustee upon the same terms and conditions as those upon which such sums were held by the Company or such Paying Agent; and, upon such payment by any Paying Agent to the Trustee, such Paying Agent shall be released from all further liability with respect to such money.

SECTION 4.04. Appointment to Fill Vacancy in Office of Trustee.

(a) The Company, whenever necessary to avoid or fill a vacancy in the office of Trustee, will appoint, in the manner provided in Section 7.10, a Trustee, so that there shall at all times be a Trustee hereunder.

SECTION 4.05. Limitation on Liens.

(a) This Section 4.05 shall apply solely from and after consummation of the Merger. Following the Merger, IFF will not, nor will it permit any Restricted Subsidiaries to, issue, incur, create, assume or guarantee any debt for borrowed money, collectively referred to as "Debt," secured by any mortgage, security interest, pledge, lien, charge or other encumbrance, each a "Lien" and collectively "Liens," upon any Principal Property or shares of stock (or other equivalents of or interests in equity) or indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary without in any such case providing concurrently with the issuance, incurrence, creation, assumption or guaranty of such secured Debt, or the grant of such Lien, that the Notes of each series (together with, at the Company's option, any other indebtedness of or guarantee by the Company ranking equally with the Notes of each series) shall be secured equally and ratably with (or, at the option of the Company, prior to) such secured Debt, for so long as such Debt is so secured. The foregoing restriction, however, will not apply to Debt secured by:

(1) Liens on property, shares of stock or indebtedness of a Person existing at the time such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary, provided that such Liens are not created in anticipation of the transaction in which such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary;

(2) Liens on property acquired by IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary existing at the time of acquisition by IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary;

(3) Liens on property acquired by IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary and created prior to, at the time of, or within 180 days after the acquisition of such property, or the completion of construction, the completion of improvements or the commencement of substantial commercial operation of such property, for the purpose of financing all or any part of the purchase price of such property, such construction or the making of such improvements;

(4) Liens on property, shares of stock or indebtedness of an entity existing at the time such entity is merged into or consolidated with IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary or at the time of a sale, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the properties of a Person as an entirety or substantially as an entirety to IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary, provided that such Lien was not incurred in contemplation of such merger or consolidation or sale, lease or other disposition;

(5) Liens on IFF's or a Restricted Subsidiary's property or in favor of governmental bodies to secure payments of amounts owed under contract or statute or to secure any indebtedness incurred for the purpose of financing all or any part of the purchase price or the cost of constructing or improving the property subject to such liens;

(6) Liens to secure indebtedness owing to IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary;

(7) Liens existing on the date of the Issue Date; or

(8) extensions, renewals or replacements of any Lien referred to in the foregoing clauses (1) through (7) or of any Debt secured thereby; provided, however, that such extension, renewal or replacement Lien shall secure no larger an amount of Debt than that existing at the time of such extension, renewal or replacement.

(b) Notwithstanding the restrictions in Section 4.05(a), IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary may issue, incur, create, assume or guarantee Debt secured by a Lien which would otherwise be subject to the foregoing restrictions, without equally and ratably securing the Notes of such series, provided that after giving effect to the Debt secured by such Lien, the aggregate amount of all Debt so secured by Liens (not including Liens permitted under clauses (1) through (8) above) does not exceed the greater of (1) 15% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets or (2) \$500 million.

SECTION 4.06. Limitation on Sale and Lease-Back Transactions.

(a) This Section 4.06 shall apply solely from and after consummation of the Merger. Following the Merger, IFF covenants that it will not, nor will it allow the Restricted Subsidiaries to, enter into, any Sale and Lease-Back Transaction with respect to any Principal Property, other than any such transaction involving a lease for a term of not more than three years or any such transaction between IFF and one of the Restricted Subsidiaries or between Restricted Subsidiaries, unless at the effective time of such transaction:

(1) IFF or the Restricted Subsidiary would be entitled, pursuant to the covenant relating to Limitation on Liens set forth in Section 4.05, without equally and ratably securing the Notes of each series, to incur Debt secured by a Lien on the Principal Property involved in such transaction in an amount at least equal to the Attributable Debt with respect to such Sale and Lease-Back Transaction; or

(2) IFF or the Restricted Subsidiary applies, within 180 days of the effective date of the Sale and Lease-Back Transaction, an amount equal to the greater of (i) the net proceeds of such sale or (ii) the Attributable Debt with respect to such Sale and Lease-Back Transaction, to either, or a combination of, (x) the prepayment or retirement, other than any mandatory retirement, mandatory prepayment or sinking fund payment or payment at Maturity, of debt for borrowed money of IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary, other than debt subordinate to the Notes of each series or debt to IFF or a Restricted Subsidiary, that matures more than 12 months after its creation or (y) the purchase, construction or development of other comparable property.

SECTION 4.07. Limitation on Activities Prior to the Closing of the Merger.

(a) Prior to the closing of the Merger, the activities of the Company shall be limited to (i) issuing the Notes, (ii) performing its obligations in respect of the Notes under the Indenture and the Escrow Agreement including, if required, redeeming the Notes in accordance with Section 3.04 as applicable, (iii) maintaining its corporate existence, (iv) paying taxes and overhead expenses (including professional fees for legal, tax and accounting services), (v) performing its obligations under the Term Loan Agreement and commitment letters entered into in connection with the Merger, (vi) performing its obligations under the Merger Agreement and the Separation and Distribution Agreement and under the documents relating thereto, (vii) taking actions permitted to be taken under the Merger Agreement and the Separation and Distribution Agreement or the documents related thereto, (viii) entering into certain agreements with DuPont and IFF in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement and the Separation and Distribution Agreement, (ix) providing indemnification to officers and directors, (x) activities incidental to the consummation of the Merger, including any "Internal Reorganization" (as such term is defined in the Separation and Distribution Agreement), the making of intercompany loans, distributions of cash, cash equivalents or equity interests and/or the making of other investments, (xi) issuing shares of the Company to DuPont and distributing them to DuPont stockholders (and amending the Company's certificate of incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares so as to facilitate such issuance), (xii) conducting the Company's business to the extent the Company or any of its Subsidiaries conducts such business prior to the closing of the Merger (including, for the avoidance of doubt, with any reasonable modifications to the business consistent with the Merger Agreement and as necessary as a result of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic), and (xiii) conducting such other activities as are necessary or appropriate to carry out the activities described above; provided, however, any affiliate transaction by and between DuPont and the Company, or among their respective Affiliates, shall be permitted prior to the Merger that DuPont and the Company deem reasonable.

(b) Prior to the closing of the Merger, except as required or permitted pursuant to the activities described in paragraph (a) of this Section 4.07 and except for any Affiliate transaction permitted by the immediately preceding sentence, the Company and its Subsidiaries will not incur any debt other than the Notes, the loans under the Term Loan Agreement and/or the bridge credit facility or intercompany debt.

ARTICLE V

**SECURITYHOLDERS' LISTS AND REPORTS
BY THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE**

SECTION 5.01. Company to Furnish Trustee Names and Addresses of Holders.

If the Trustee is not the Registrar, the Company shall cause the Registrar to furnish to the Trustee, in writing at least five Business Days before each Interest Payment Date and at such other times as the Trustee may request in writing, a list in such form and as of such date as the Trustee may reasonably require of the names and addresses of Holders of the Notes of each series.

SECTION 5.02. Preservation of Information; Communications to Holders.

(a) The Trustee shall preserve, in as current a form as is reasonably practicable, the names and addresses of Holders contained in the most recent list furnished to the Trustee as provided in Section 5.01 and the names and addresses of Holders received by the Trustee in its capacity as Registrar. The Trustee may dispose of any list furnished to it as provided in Section 5.01 upon receipt of a new list so furnished.

(b) The rights of Holders to communicate with other Holders with respect to their rights under this Indenture or under the Notes, and the corresponding rights and privileges of the Trustee, shall be as provided by this Indenture or the Notes.

(c) Every Holder of Notes, by receiving and holding the same, agrees with the Company and the Trustee that neither the Company nor the Trustee nor any agent of either of them shall be held accountable by reason of any disclosure of information as to names and addresses of Holders made pursuant to this Indenture or the Notes.

SECTION 5.03. Reports by the Company.

(a) Prior to the consummation of the Merger, the Company shall furnish to the holders of Notes and to prospective investors designated by such holders, upon the holders' request, the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act. From and after the consummation of the Merger, IFF shall send to the Trustee, within 15 days after IFF is required to file the same with the Commission, copies of the annual reports and of the information, documents and other reports (or copies of such portions of any of the foregoing as the Commission may from time to time by rules and regulations prescribe) that IFF may be required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act; or, if IFF is not required to file information, documents or reports pursuant to either of such sections, then to file with the Trustee and the Commission, in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed from time to time by the Commission, if any, such of the supplementary and periodic information, documents and reports that may be required pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act, in respect of a security listed and registered on a national securities exchange as may be prescribed from time to time in such rules and regulations.

(b) Any document or report that IFF or the Company files with the Commission via the Commission's EDGAR system (or any successor thereto) shall be deemed to be delivered to the Trustee at the time such document or report is filed via the EDGAR system (or any successor thereto) for the purposes of this Section 5.03.

(c) Delivery of reports, information and documents to the Trustee is for informational purposes only and shall not constitute a representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the reports, information and documents. The Trustee's receipt of such shall not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company's compliance with any of its covenants hereunder (as to which the Trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on Officers' Certificates of the Company).

SECTION 5.04. Reports by the Trustee.

(a) On or before May 15 in each year in which any of the Notes are Outstanding, the Trustee shall transmit by mail, first class postage prepaid, to the Noteholders, as their names and addresses appear upon the Security Register, a brief report dated as of the preceding May 15.

(b) A copy of each such report shall, at the time of such transmission to Noteholders, be filed by the Trustee with (1) the Company, (2) each stock exchange upon which any Notes are listed (if so listed) and (3) the Commission. The Company agrees to notify the Trustee when any Notes become listed on any stock exchange.

SECTION 5.05. No Accountability by Reason of Disclosure.

Each and every Noteholder, by receiving and holding the same, agrees with the Company and the Trustee that neither the Company nor the Trustee shall be held accountable by reason of the disclosure of any such information as to the names and addresses of the Noteholders in accordance with the provisions of this Article V, regardless of the source from which such information was derived and that the Trustee shall not be held accountable by reason of mailing any material pursuant to a request made under this Article V.

ARTICLE VI

**REMEDIES OF THE TRUSTEE AND SECURITYHOLDERS ON
EVENT OF DEFAULT**

SECTION 6.01. Events of Default.

(a) Whenever used herein with respect to Notes of a particular series, "Event of Default" means any one or more of the following events that has occurred and is continuing:

(1) the Company defaults in the payment of any installment of interest upon any of the Notes of that series, as and when the same shall become due and payable, and continuance of such default for a period of 30 days; provided, however, that a valid extension of an interest payment period by the Company in accordance with the terms of any indenture supplemental hereto shall not constitute a default in the payment of interest for this purpose;

(2) the Company defaults in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any of the Notes of that series as and when the same shall become due and payable whether at Maturity, upon redemption, by declaration or otherwise; provided, however, that a valid extension of the Maturity of such Notes in accordance with the terms of any indenture supplemental hereto shall not constitute a default in the payment of principal or premium, if any, for this purpose;

(3) the Company fails to deliver a notice upon the occurrence of a Special Mandatory Redemption Event with respect to the Notes and such default continues for three Business Days after such delivery is required;

(4) the guarantee of the Notes by IFF ceases to be, or is asserted by the Company or any of the foregoing not to be, in full force or effect or enforceable in accordance with its terms at any point after the consummation of the Merger and the release of the Escrowed Property from the Escrow Account and prior to the IFF Notes Assumption;

(5) the Company fails to observe or perform any other of its covenants or agreements with respect to that series contained in this Indenture (other than a covenant or agreement that has been expressly included in this Indenture solely for the benefit of one or more series of Notes other than such series) for a period of 30 days after the date on which written notice of such failure, requiring the same to be remedied and stating that such notice is a "Notice of Default" hereunder, shall have been given to the Company by the Trustee, by registered or certified mail, or to the Company and the Trustee by the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the Notes of that series at the time Outstanding;

(6) the Company, or after the consummation of the Merger, IFF, pursuant to or within the meaning of any Bankruptcy Law (i) commences a voluntary case, (ii) consents to the entry of an order for relief against it in an involuntary case, (iii) consents to the appointment of a Custodian of it or for all or substantially all of its property or (iv) makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors; or

(7) a court of competent jurisdiction enters an order under any Bankruptcy Law that (i) is for relief against the Company, or after the consummation of the Merger, IFF, in an involuntary case, (ii) appoints a Custodian of the Company, or after the consummation of the Merger, IFF, for all or substantially all of their respective property, or (iii) orders the liquidation of the Company or after the consummation of the Merger, IFF, and the order or decree remains unstayed and in effect for 90 days.

(b) If an Event of Default occurs (other than an Event of Default relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization described in clause (6) and clause (7) above) and is continuing, either the Trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of that series then Outstanding hereunder, by notice in writing to the Company (and to the Trustee if given by such Noteholders), may declare the entire principal of all the Notes of that series to be due and payable immediately, and upon any such declaration the principal, together with accrued interest and all other amounts owing, shall become and shall be immediately due and payable, without presentment, demand, protest or notice of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived, notwithstanding anything contained in this Indenture or in the Notes of that series.

If any Event of Default specified in clause (6) and clause (7) above occurs with respect to the Company, all of the unpaid principal amount and accrued interest on all of the Notes of each series then Outstanding shall ipso facto become and be immediately due and payable without any declaration or other act by the Trustee or any Holder.

(c) At any time after the principal of the Notes of that series shall have been so declared due and payable, and before any judgment or decree for the payment of the moneys due shall have been obtained or entered as hereinafter provided, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of that series then Outstanding hereunder, by written notice to the Company and the Trustee, may rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences if:

(1) the Company has paid or deposited with the Trustee a sum sufficient to pay (i) all matured installments of interest upon all the Notes of that series, (ii) the principal of (and premium, if any, on) any and all Notes of that series that shall have become due otherwise than by acceleration (with interest upon such principal and premium, if any, (iii) to the extent that such payment is enforceable under applicable law, interest upon overdue installments of interest, at the rate per annum expressed in the Notes of that series to the date of such payment or deposit) and (iv) the amount payable to the Trustee under Section 7.06; and

(2) any and all Events of Default under the Indenture with respect to such series, other than the nonpayment of principal on Notes of that series that shall not have become due by their terms, shall have been remedied or waived as provided in Section 6.06. No such rescission and annulment shall extend to or shall affect any subsequent default or impair any right consequent thereon.

(d) In case the Trustee shall have proceeded to enforce any right with respect to Notes of that series under this Indenture and such proceedings shall have been discontinued or abandoned because of such rescission or annulment or for any other reason or shall have been determined adversely to the Trustee, then and in every such case the Company, and the Trustee shall be restored respectively to their former positions and rights hereunder, and all rights, remedies and powers of the Company and the Trustee shall continue as though no such proceedings had been taken.

(e) The Trustee may withhold notice to the holders of the Notes of any default (other than an Event of Default relating to the payment on Notes of that particular series) with respect to the Notes of that series if a responsible officer of the Trustee in good faith determines that withholding notice is in the interest of the holders of those Notes. Except in the case of a default in the payment of principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on, any Note that is to be paid by the Trustee, as paying agent, the Trustee shall not be deemed to have knowledge or notice of the occurrence of any default or event of default, unless a responsible officer of the Trustee shall have received written notice from the Company or a holder describing such default or event of default and stating that such notice is a notice of default.

SECTION 6.02. Collection of Indebtedness and Suits for Enforcement by Trustee.

(a) The Company covenants that:

(1) in case it shall default in the payment of any installment of interest on any of the Notes of a series as and when the same shall have become due and payable, and such default shall have continued for a period of 90 Business Days, or

(2) in case it shall default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any of the Notes of that series when the same shall have become due and payable, whether upon Maturity of the Notes of a series or upon redemption or upon declaration or otherwise, then, upon demand of the Trustee, the Company will pay to the Trustee, for the benefit of the holders of the Notes of that series, the whole amount that then shall have been become due and payable on all such Notes for principal (and premium, if any) or interest, or both, as the case may be, with interest upon the overdue principal (and premium, if any) and (to the extent that payment of such interest is enforceable under applicable law) upon overdue installments of interest at the rate per annum expressed in the Notes of that series; and, in addition thereto, such further amount as shall be sufficient to cover the costs and expenses of collection, and the amount payable to the Trustee under Section 7.06.

(b) If the Company shall fail to pay such amounts forthwith upon such demand, the Trustee, in its own name and as trustee of an express trust, shall be entitled and empowered to institute any action or proceedings at law or in equity for the collection of the sums so due and unpaid, and may prosecute any such action or proceeding to judgment or final decree, and may enforce any such judgment or final decree against the Company or other obligor upon the Notes of that series and collect the moneys adjudged or decreed to be payable in the manner provided by law out of the property of the Company or other obligor upon the Notes of that series, wherever situated.

(c) In case of any receivership, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, reorganization, readjustment, arrangement, composition or judicial proceedings affected the Company, or its creditors or property, the Trustee shall have power to intervene in such proceedings and take any action therein that may be permitted by the court and shall (except as may be otherwise provided by law) be entitled to file such proofs of claim and other papers and documents as may be necessary or advisable in order to have the claims of the Trustee and of the holders of Notes of that series allowed for the entire amount due and payable by the Company under the Indenture at the date of institution of such proceedings and for any additional amount that may become due and payable by the Company after such date, and to collect and receive any moneys or other property payable or deliverable on any such claim, and to distribute the same after the deduction of the amount payable to the Trustee under Section 7.06; and any receiver, assignee or trustee in bankruptcy or reorganization is hereby authorized by each of the holders of Notes of that series to make such payments to the Trustee, and, in the event that the Trustee shall consent to the making of such payments directly to such Noteholders, to pay to the Trustee any amount due it under Section 7.06.

(d) All rights of action and of asserting claims under this Indenture, or under any of the terms established with respect to Notes of that series, may be enforced by the Trustee without the possession of any of such Notes, or the production thereof at any trial or other proceeding relative thereto, and any such suit or proceeding instituted by the Trustee shall be brought in its own name as trustee of an express trust, and any recovery of judgment shall, after provision for payment to the Trustee of any amounts due under Section 7.06, be for the ratable benefit of the holders of the Notes of such series.

(e) In case of an Event of Default hereunder, the Trustee may in its discretion proceed to protect and enforce the rights vested in it by this Indenture by such appropriate judicial proceedings as the Trustee shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce any of such rights, either at law or in equity or in bankruptcy or otherwise, whether for the specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement contained in the Indenture or in aid of the exercise of any power granted in this Indenture, or to enforce any other legal or equitable right vested in the Trustee by this Indenture or by law.

(f) Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to authorize the Trustee to authorize or consent to or accept or adopt on behalf of any Noteholder any plan of reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition affecting the Notes of that series or the rights of any holder thereof or to authorize the Trustee to vote in respect of the claim of any Noteholder in any such proceeding.

SECTION 6.03. Application of Moneys Collected.

Any moneys collected by the Trustee with respect to a series of Notes under this Article VI or the Escrow Agreement shall be applied in the following order, at the date or dates fixed by the Trustee for the distribution of such moneys, and, in case of the distribution of such moneys on account of principal (or premium, if any) or interest, upon presentation of the Notes of that series, stamping thereon the payment if only partially paid, and upon surrender thereof, if fully paid:

FIRST: To the payment of costs and expenses of collection and of all amounts payable to the Trustee under Section 7.06; and

SECOND: To the payment of the amounts then due and unpaid upon Notes of such series for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, in respect of which or for the benefit of which such money has been collected, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the amounts due and payable on such Notes for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, respectively.

SECTION 6.04. Limitation on Suits.

(a) No holder of any Note of any series shall have any right by virtue or by availing of any provision of this Indenture to institute any suit, action or proceeding in equity or at law upon or under or with respect to this Indenture or for the appointment of a receiver or trustee, or for any other remedy hereunder, unless:

(1) such holder previously shall have given to the Trustee written notice of an Event of Default and of the continuance thereof with respect to the Notes of such series specifying such Event of Default, as hereinbefore provided;

(2) the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of such series then Outstanding shall have made written request upon the Trustee to institute such action, suit or proceeding in its own name as trustee hereunder;

(3) such holder or holders shall have offered to the Trustee such reasonable indemnity as it may require against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred therein or thereby;

(4) the Trustee for 60 days after its receipt of such notice, request and offer of indemnity, shall have failed to institute any such action, suit or proceeding; and

(5) during such 60 day period, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes of that series do not give the Trustee a direction inconsistent with the request.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the right of any holder of any Note to receive payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such Note, as therein provided, on or after the respective due dates expressed in such Note (or in the case of redemption, on the Redemption Date), or to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after such respective dates or Redemption Date, shall not be impaired or affected without the consent of such holder, and by accepting a Note hereunder it is expressly understood, intended and covenanted by the taker and holder of every Note of such series with every other such taker and holder and the Trustee, that no one or more holders of the Notes of such series shall have any right in any manner whatsoever by virtue or by availing of any provision of this Indenture to affect, disturb or prejudice the rights of the holders of any other of such Notes, or to obtain or seek to obtain priority over or preference to any other such holder, or to enforce any right under this Indenture, except in the manner herein provided and for the equal, ratable and common benefit of all holders of Notes of such series.

(c) For the protection and enforcement of the provisions of this Section, each and every Noteholder and the Trustee shall be entitled to such relief as can be given either at law or in equity.

SECTION 6.05. Rights and Remedies Cumulative; Delay or Omission Not Waiver.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 2.07, all powers and remedies given by this Article to the Trustee or to the Noteholders shall, to the extent permitted by law, be deemed cumulative and not exclusive of any other powers and remedies available to the Trustee or the holders of the Notes, by judicial proceedings or otherwise, to enforce the performance or observance of the covenants and agreements contained in this Indenture or otherwise established with respect to such Notes.

(b) No delay or omission of the Trustee or of any holder of any of the Notes to exercise any right or power accruing upon any Event of Default occurring and continuing as aforesaid shall impair any such right or power, or shall be construed to be a waiver of any such default or on acquiescence therein; and, subject to the provisions of Section 6.04, every power and remedy given by this Article or by law to the Trustee or the Noteholders may be exercised from time to time, and as often as shall be deemed expedient, by the Trustee or by the Noteholders.

SECTION 6.06. Control by Noteholders.

(a) Subject to Section 6.01(c)(1)(iv), the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of any series at the time Outstanding, determined in accordance with Section 8.04, shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee with respect to such series; provided, however, that such direction shall not be in conflict with any rule of law or with this Indenture or be unduly prejudicial to the rights of holders of Notes of any other series at the time Outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04.

(b) Subject to the provisions of Section 7.01, the Trustee shall have the right to decline to follow any such direction if the Trustee in good faith shall, by a Responsible Officer or Officers of the Trustee, determine that the proceeding so directed would involve the Trustee in personal liability.

(c) The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of any series at the time Outstanding affected thereby, determined in accordance with Section 8.04, may on behalf of the holders of all of the Notes of such series waive any past default in the performance of any of the covenants contained herein with respect to such series and its consequences, except a default in the payment of the principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on, any of the Notes of that series as and when the same shall become due by the terms of such Notes otherwise than by acceleration (unless such default has been cured and a sum sufficient to pay all matured installments of interest and principal and any premium has been deposited with the Trustee in accordance with Section 6.01(c)). Upon any such waiver, the default covered thereby shall be deemed to be cured for all purposes of this Indenture and the Company, the Trustee and the holders of the Notes of such series shall be restored to their former positions and rights hereunder, respectively; but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other default or impair any right consequent thereon.

SECTION 6.07. Undertaking to Pay Costs.

All parties to this Indenture agree, and each holder of any Notes by such holder's acceptance thereof shall be deemed to have agreed, that any court may in its discretion require, in any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Indenture, or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by it as Trustee, the filing by any party litigant in such suit of an undertaking to pay the costs of such suit, and that such court may in its discretion assess reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, against any party litigant in such suit, having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by such party litigant; but the provisions of this Section shall not apply to any suit instituted by the Trustee, to any suit instituted by any Noteholder, or group of Noteholders, holding more than 10% in aggregate principal amount of the Outstanding Notes of any series, or to any suit instituted by any Noteholder for the enforcement of the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest on any Note of such series, on or after the respective due dates expressed in such Note or established pursuant to this Indenture.

ARTICLE VII

CONCERNING THE TRUSTEE

SECTION 7.01. Certain Duties and Responsibilities of Trustee.

(a) The Trustee, prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default with respect to the Notes of a series and after the curing of all Events of Default with respect to the Notes of that series that may have occurred, shall undertake to perform with respect to the Notes of such series such duties and only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Indenture, and no implied covenants shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee. In case an Event of Default with respect to the Notes of a series has occurred (that has not been cured or waived), the Trustee shall exercise with

respect to the Notes of that series such of the rights and powers vested in it by this Indenture, and use the same degree of care and skill in their exercise, as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of his or her own affairs.

(b) Within ninety days after the occurrence of an Event of Default with respect to the Notes of a series, the Trustee shall give to the holders of the Notes of such series notice of each default with respect to the Notes of such series actually known to a Responsible Officer of the Trustee, unless such Event of Default shall have been cured before the giving of such notice; but, unless such default be the failure to pay the principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on any of the Notes of such series when and as the same shall become payable, the Trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice, if and so long as the board of directors, the executive committee or a trust committee of directors or Responsible Officers of the Trustee in good faith determine that the withholding of such notice is in the interests of the holders of the Notes of such series.

(c) No provision of this Indenture shall be construed to relieve the Trustee from liability for its own negligent action, its own negligent failure to act, or its own willful misconduct, except that:

(1) prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default with respect to the Notes of a series and after the curing or waiving of all such Events of Default with respect to that series that may have occurred:

(i) the duties and obligations of the Trustee shall with respect to the Notes of such series be determined solely by the express provisions of this Indenture, and the Trustee shall not be liable with respect to the Notes of such series except for the performance of such duties and obligations as are specifically set forth in this Indenture, and no implied covenants or obligations shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee; and

(ii) in the absence of bad faith on the part of the Trustee, the Trustee may with respect to the Notes of such series conclusively rely, as to the truth of the statements and the correctness of the opinions expressed therein, upon any certificates or opinions furnished to the Trustee and conforming to the requirements of this Indenture; but in the case of any such certificates or opinions that by any provision hereof are specifically required to be furnished to the Trustee, the Trustee shall be under a duty to examine the same to determine whether or not they conform to the requirement of this Indenture;

(2) the Trustee shall not be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith by a Responsible Officer or Responsible Officers of the Trustee, unless it shall be proved that the Trustee was negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts;

(3) the Trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance with the direction of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Notes of any series at the time Outstanding relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee under this Indenture with respect to the Notes of that series; and

(4) None of the provisions contained in this Indenture shall require the Trustee to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur personal financial liability in the performance of any of its duties or in the exercise of any of its rights or powers, if there is reasonable ground for believing that the repayment of such funds or liability is not reasonably assured to it under the terms of this Indenture or adequate indemnity against such risk is not reasonably assured to it.

SECTION 7.02. Certain Rights of Trustee.

Except as otherwise provided in Section 7.01:

(a) the Trustee may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, approval, bond, security or other paper or document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties;

(b) any request, direction, order or demand of the Company mentioned herein shall be sufficiently evidenced by a Board Resolution or an instrument signed in the name of the Company, by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the President or any Vice President and by the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, or the Controller or an Assistant Controller, or the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary thereof (unless other evidence in respect thereof is specifically prescribed herein);

(c) the Trustee may consult with counsel, investment bankers, accountants or other professionals and the written advice of such counsel, investment bankers, accountants or other professionals or any Opinion of Counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or suffered or omitted hereunder in good faith and in reliance thereon;

(d) the Trustee shall be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers vested in it by this Indenture at the request, order or direction of any of the Noteholders, pursuant to the provisions of this Indenture, unless such Noteholders shall have offered to the Trustee security or indemnity as it may require against the costs, expenses and liabilities that may be incurred therein or thereby;

(e) the Trustee shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith and believed by it to be authorized or within the discretion or rights or powers conferred upon it by this Indenture;

(f) the Trustee shall not be bound to make any investigation into the facts or matters stated in any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, approval, bond, security, or other papers or documents, unless requested in writing so to do by the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Notes of the particular series affected thereby (determined as provided in Section 8.04); provided, however, that if the payment within a reasonable time to the Trustee of the costs, expenses or liabilities likely to be incurred by it in the making of such investigation is, in the opinion of the Trustee, not reasonably assured to the Trustee by the security afforded to it by the terms of this Indenture, the Trustee may require indemnity satisfactory to it against such costs, expenses or liabilities as a condition to so proceeding. The reasonable expense of every such examination shall be paid by the Company or, if paid by the Trustee, shall be repaid by the Company upon demand;

(g) the Trustee may execute any of the trusts or powers hereunder or perform any duties hereunder either directly or by or through agents or attorneys and the Trustee shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any agent or attorney appointed with due care by it hereunder;

(h) the Trustee shall be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers vested in it by this Indenture at the request or direction of any of the Holders pursuant to this Indenture, unless such Holders shall have offered to the Trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to it against the costs, expenses and liabilities which might be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction;

(i) the rights, privileges, protections, immunities and benefits given to the Trustee, including, without limitation, its right to be indemnified, are extended to, and shall be enforceable by, the Trustee in each of its capacities hereunder and to its agents; provided however, that (i) an Agent shall only be liable to extent of its gross negligence or willful misconduct; and (ii) in and during an Event of Default, only the Trustee, and not any Agent, shall be subject to the prudent person standard;

(j) the Trustee shall not be liable for any action taken, suffered, or omitted to be taken by it in good faith and reasonably believed by it to be authorized or within the discretion or rights or powers conferred upon it by this Indenture;

(k) anything in this Indenture notwithstanding, in no event shall the Trustee be responsible or liable for special, indirect, punitive or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including, but not limited to, loss of profit) irrespective of whether the Trustee has been advised of the likelihood of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action;

(l) in no event shall the Trustee be responsible or liable for any failure or delay in the performance of its obligations hereunder arising out of or caused by, directly or indirectly, forces beyond its control, including, without limitation, strikes, work stoppages, accidents, acts of war or terrorism, civil or military disturbances, nuclear or natural catastrophes or acts of God, and interruptions, loss or malfunctions of utilities, communications or computer (software and hardware) services (it being understood that the Trustee shall use reasonable efforts which are consistent with accepted practices in the banking industry to resume performance as soon as practicable under the circumstances);

(m) the Trustee shall not be deemed to have notice of any Default or Event of Default unless written notice of such Default or Event of Default, as the case may be, has been received by a Responsible Officer of the Trustee at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, and such notice references the Notes and this Indenture;

(n) the Trustee may request that the Company deliver an Officers' Certificate setting forth the names of individuals and/or titles of officers authorized at such time to take specified actions pursuant to this Indenture, which Officers' Certificate may be signed by any person authorized to sign an Officers' Certificate, including any person specified as so authorized in any such certificate previously delivered and not superseded;

(o) the permissive right of the Trustee to take or refrain from taking action hereunder shall not be construed as a duty; and

(p) if at any time the Trustee is served with any arbitral, judicial or administrative order, judgment, award, decree, writ or other form of arbitral, judicial or administrative process in respect of this Indenture, the Collateral or any parts thereof, funds held by it, or the Guarantees (including, but not limited to, orders of attachment or garnishment or other forms of levies or injunctions), it shall (i) forward a copy of such arbitral, judicial or administrative order, judgment, award, decree, writ or other form of arbitral, judicial or administrative process to the Company and (ii) be authorized to comply therewith in any manner as it or its legal counsel of its own choosing deems appropriate; and if the Trustee complies with any such arbitral, judicial or administrative order, judgment, award, decree, writ or other form of arbitral, judicial or administrative process, the Trustee shall not be liable to any of the parties hereto or to any other person or entity even though such order, judgment, award, decree, writ or process may be subsequently modified or vacated or otherwise determined to have been without legal force or effect.

SECTION 7.03. Trustee Not Responsible for Recitals, Validity of Notes or Application of Proceeds Thereof.

(a) The recitals contained herein and in the Notes shall be taken as the statements of the Company, and the Trustee assumes no responsibility for the correctness of the same.

(b) The Trustee makes no representations as to the validity or sufficiency of this Indenture or of the Notes.

(c) The Trustee shall not be accountable for the use or application by the Company of any of the Notes or of the proceeds of such Notes, or for the use or application of any moneys paid over by the Trustee in accordance with any provision of this Indenture, or for the use or application of any moneys received by any Paying Agent other than the Trustee.

SECTION 7.04. May Hold Notes.

The Trustee or any Paying Agent or Registrar, in its individual or any other capacity, may become the owner or pledgee of Notes with the same rights it would have if it were not Trustee, Paying Agent or Registrar.

SECTION 7.05. Moneys Held in Trust.

Subject to the provisions of Section 12.05, all moneys received by the Trustee shall, until used or applied as herein provided, be held in trust for the purposes for which they were received, but need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law. The Trustee shall be under no liability for interest on any moneys received by it hereunder except such as it may agree with the Company to pay thereon.

SECTION 7.06. Compensation and Reimbursement.

(a) The Company covenants and agrees to pay to the Trustee, and the Trustee shall be entitled to, such reasonable compensation as the Company, and the Trustee may from time to time

agree in writing, for all services rendered by it in the execution of the trusts hereby created and in the exercise and performance of any of the powers and duties hereunder of the Trustee, and, except as otherwise expressly provided herein, the Company will pay or reimburse the Trustee upon its request for all reasonable expenses, disbursements and advances incurred or made by the Trustee in accordance with any of the provisions of this Indenture (including the reasonable compensation and the expenses and disbursements of its counsel and of all Persons not regularly in its employ) except any such expense, disbursement or advance as may arise from its negligence or bad faith. The Company also covenants to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Trustee (and its officers, agents, directors and employees) for, and to hold it harmless against, any loss, liability cost, or expense, including without limitation the costs and expenses of enforcing this Indenture (including the indemnification provided herein and of defending itself against any claims), incurred without negligence or bad faith on the part of the Trustee and arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of this trust, including the costs and expenses of defending itself against any claim of liability in the premises.

(b) The obligations of the Company under this Section to compensate and indemnify the Trustee and to pay or reimburse the Trustee for expenses, disbursements and advances shall constitute additional indebtedness hereunder. Such additional indebtedness shall be secured by a lien prior to that of the Notes upon all property and funds held or collected by the Trustee as such, except funds held in trust for the benefit of the holders of particular Notes.

(c) When the Trustee incurs expenses or renders services after an Event of Default occurs, the expenses and the compensation for the services are intended to constitute expenses of administration under any Bankruptcy Law.

(d) The provisions of this Section 7.06 shall survive the satisfaction and discharge of the Notes, resignation or removal of the Trustee and the termination of this Indenture.

SECTION 7.07. Reliance on Officers' Certificate.

Except as otherwise provided in Section 7.01, whenever in the administration of the provisions of this Indenture the Trustee shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking or suffering or omitting to take any action hereunder, such matter (unless other evidence in respect thereof be herein specifically prescribed) may, in the absence of negligence or bad faith on the part of the Trustee, be deemed to be conclusively proved and established by an Officers' Certificate delivered to the Trustee and such certificate, in the absence of negligence or bad faith on the part of the Trustee, shall be full warrant to the Trustee for any action taken, suffered or omitted to be taken by it under the provisions of this Indenture upon the faith thereof.

SECTION 7.08. Reserved.

SECTION 7.09. Corporate Trustee Required; Eligibility.

(a) There shall at all times be a Trustee with respect to the Notes issued hereunder which shall at all times be a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America or any State or Territory thereof or of the District of Columbia, or a corporation or other Person permitted to act as trustee by the Commission, authorized under such laws to

exercise corporate trust powers, having a combined capital and surplus of at least fifty million U.S. dollars (\$50,000,000), and subject to supervision or examination by Federal, State, Territorial, or District of Columbia authority. If such corporation publishes reports of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or to the requirements of the aforesaid supervising or examining authority, then for the purposes of this Section, the combined capital and surplus of such corporation shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published.

(b) The Company may not, nor may any Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the Company, serve as Trustee.

(c) In case at any time the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section, the Trustee shall resign immediately in the manner and with the effect specified in Section 7.10.

SECTION 7.10. Resignation and Removal; Appointment of Successor.

(a) The Trustee or any successor hereafter appointed, may at any time resign with respect to the Notes of one or more series by giving thirty days written notice thereof to the Company and by transmitting notice of resignation to the Noteholders of such series in the manner provided in Section 14.03(b). Upon receiving such notice of resignation, the Company shall promptly appoint a successor trustee with respect to Notes of such series by written instrument, in duplicate, executed by order of the Board of Directors, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the resigning Trustee and one copy to the successor trustee. If no successor trustee shall have been so appointed and have accepted the appointment within 30 days after the giving of such notice of resignation, (1) the resigning Trustee may at the expense of the Company petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor trustee with respect to Notes of such series or (2) any Noteholder of that series who has been a bona fide holder of a Note or Notes for at least six months may on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, petition any such court for the appointment of a successor trustee, upon which such court may after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper and prescribe, appoint a successor trustee.

(b) In case at any time any one of the following shall occur:

(1) the Trustee shall fail to comply with the provisions of Section 7.08 after written request therefor by the Company or by any Noteholder who has been a bona fide holder of a Note or Notes for at least six months; or

(2) the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of Section 7.09 and shall fail to resign after written request therefor by the Company or by any such Noteholder; or

(3) the Trustee shall become incapable of acting, or shall be adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent, or commence a voluntary bankruptcy proceeding, or a receiver of the Trustee or of its property shall be appointed or consented to, or any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee or of its property or affairs for the purpose of rehabilitation, conservation or liquidation,

then, in any such case, (i) the Company may remove the Trustee with respect to all Notes and appoint a successor trustee by written instrument, in duplicate, executed by order of the Board of Directors, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the Trustee so removed and one copy to the successor trustee, or, unless the Trustee's duty to resign is stayed as provided herein or (ii) any Noteholder who has been a bona fide holder of a Note or Notes for at least six months may, on behalf of that holder and all others similarly situated, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the removal of the Trustee and the appointment of a successor trustee, upon which such court may after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper and prescribe, remove the Trustee and appoint a successor trustee.

(c) If the Trustee for the Notes of any series shall resign, be removed or become incapable of acting, or if a vacancy shall occur in the office of the Trustee for the Notes of any series for any cause, the Company, by written instrument executed by order of the Board of Directors, shall promptly appoint a successor Trustee with respect to the Notes of such series and shall comply with the applicable requirements of Section 7.11. If, within six months after such resignation, removal or incapability, or the occurrence of such vacancy, a successor Trustee with respect to the Notes of such series shall have not been appointed by the Company pursuant to this Section, then holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of any series at the time Outstanding may appoint a successor Trustee for such series by notifying the Company and the retiring Trustee. If no successor Trustee for the Notes of such series shall have been so appointed by the Company or the Holders and shall have accepted appointment in the manner required by Section 7.11, and if such Trustee to be replaced is still incapable of acting, any Noteholder who has been a bona fide holder of a Note or Notes for at least six months, on behalf of that holder and all others similarly situated, or the retiring Trustee, at the Company's expense, may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor trustee, upon which such court may after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper and prescribe, appoint a successor trustee.

(d) The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of any series at the time Outstanding may at any time remove the Trustee with respect to such series by so notifying the Trustee and the Company and may appoint a successor Trustee for such series with the consent of the Company.

(e) Any resignation or removal of the Trustee and appointment of a successor trustee with respect to the Notes of a series pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section shall become effective upon acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee as provided in Section 7.11.

(f) Any successor trustee appointed pursuant to this Section may be appointed with respect to the Notes of one or more series or all of such series, and at any time there shall be only one Trustee with respect to the Notes of any particular series.

SECTION 7.11. Acceptance of Appointment By Successor.

(a) In case of the appointment hereunder of a successor trustee with respect to all Notes, every such successor trustee so appointed shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to the Company and to the retiring Trustee an instrument accepting such appointment, and thereupon the resignation or removal of the retiring Trustee shall become effective and such successor trustee,

without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee; but, on the request of the Company or the successor trustee, such retiring Trustee shall, upon payment of its charges, execute and deliver an instrument transferring to such successor trustee all the rights, powers, and trusts of the retiring Trustee and shall duly assign, transfer and deliver to such successor trustee all property and money held by such retiring Trustee hereunder.

(b) In case of the appointment hereunder of a successor trustee with respect to the Notes of one or more (but not all) series, the Company, the retiring Trustee and each successor trustee with respect to the Notes of one or more series shall execute and deliver an indenture supplemental hereto wherein each successor trustee shall accept such appointment and which shall:

(1) contain such provisions as shall be necessary or desirable to transfer and confirm to, and to vest in, each successor trustee all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee with respect to the Notes of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor trustee relates;

(2) contain such provisions as shall be deemed necessary or desirable to confirm that all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee with respect to the Notes of that or those series as to which the retiring Trustee is not retiring shall continue to be vested in the retiring Trustee; and

(3) add to or change any of the provisions of this Indenture as shall be necessary to provide for or facilitate the administration of the trusts hereunder by more than one Trustee, it being understood that nothing herein or in such supplemental indenture shall constitute such Trustees co-trustees of the same trust, that each such Trustee shall be trustee of a trust or trusts hereunder separate and apart from any trust or trusts hereunder administered by any other such Trustee and that no Trustee shall be responsible for any act or failure to act on the part of any other Trustee hereunder.

Upon the execution and delivery of such supplemental indenture, the resignation or removal of the retiring Trustee shall become effective to the extent provided therein, such retiring Trustee shall with respect to the Notes of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor trustee relates have no further responsibility for the exercise of rights and powers or for the performance of the duties and obligations vested in the Trustee under this Indenture, and each such successor trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee with respect to the Notes of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor trustee relates; but, on request of the Company or any successor trustee, such retiring Trustee shall duly assign, transfer and deliver to such successor trustee, to the extent contemplated by such supplemental indenture, the property and money held by such retiring Trustee hereunder with respect to the Notes of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor trustee relates.

(c) Upon request of any such successor trustee, the Company shall execute any and all instruments for more fully and certainly vesting in and confirming to such successor trustee all such rights, powers and trusts referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section, as the case may be.

(d) No successor trustee shall accept its appointment unless at the time of such acceptance such successor trustee shall be qualified and eligible under this Article.

(e) Upon acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee as provided in this Section, the Company shall transmit notice of the succession of such trustee hereunder to the Noteholders in the manner provided in Section 14.03(b). If the Company fails to transmit such notice within ten days after acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee, the successor trustee shall cause such notice to be transmitted at the expense of the Company.

SECTION 7.12. Merger, Conversion, Consolidation or Succession to Business.

Any corporation into which the Trustee may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which the Trustee shall be a party, or any corporation succeeding to the corporate trust business of the Trustee, shall be the successor of the Trustee hereunder, provided that such corporation shall be qualified under the provisions of Section 7.08 and eligible under the provisions of Section 7.09, without the execution or filing of any paper or any further act on the part of any of the parties hereto, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding. In case any Notes shall have been authenticated, but not delivered, by the Trustee then in office, any successor by merger, conversion or consolidation to such authenticating Trustee may adopt such authentication and deliver the Notes so authenticated with the same effect as if such successor Trustee had itself authenticated such Notes.

SECTION 7.13. Reserved.

SECTION 7.14. Authority to Enter Into Escrow Agreement.

The Trustee is authorized and directed to execute, deliver and perform its duties under the Escrow Agreement. The Trustee is also authorized and directed to act on behalf of the holders of the Notes with respect to the Collateral.

ARTICLE VIII

CONCERNING THE NOTEHOLDERS

SECTION 8.01. Evidence of Action by Noteholders.

(a) Whenever in this Indenture it is provided that the holders of a majority or specified percentage in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of a particular series may take any action (including the making of any demand or request, the giving of any notice, consent or waiver or the taking of any other action), the fact that at the time of taking any such action the holders of such majority or specified percentage of that series have joined therein may be evidenced by any instrument or any number of instruments of similar tenor executed by such holders of the Notes of that series in Person or by agent or proxy appointed in writing.

(b) If the Company shall solicit from the Noteholders of any series any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action, the Company may, at its option, as evidenced by an Officers' Certificate, fix in advance a record date for such series for the

determination of Noteholders entitled to give such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action, but the Company shall have no obligation to do so. If such a record date is fixed, such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action may be given before or after the record date, but only the Noteholders of record at the close of business on the record date shall be deemed to be Noteholders for the purposes of determining whether Noteholders of the requisite proportion of Outstanding Notes of that series have authorized or agreed or consented to such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action, and for that purpose the Outstanding Notes of that series shall be computed as of the record date; provided, however, that no such authorization, agreement or consent by such Noteholders on the record date shall be deemed effective unless it shall become effective pursuant to the provisions of this Indenture not later than six months after the record date.

SECTION 8.02. Proof of Execution by Noteholders.

Subject to the provisions of Section 7.01, proof of the execution of any instrument by a Noteholder (such proof will not require notarization) or his agent or proxy and proof of the holding by any Person of any of the Notes shall be sufficient if made in the following manner:

- (a) The fact and date of the execution by any such Person of any instrument may be proved in any reasonable manner acceptable to the Trustee.
- (b) The ownership of Notes shall be proved by the Note Register of such Notes or by a certificate of the Registrar thereof.
- (c) The Trustee may require such additional proof of any matter referred to in this Section as it shall deem necessary.

SECTION 8.03. Who May be Deemed Owners.

Prior to the due presentment for registration of transfer of any Note, the Company, the Trustee, any Paying Agent and any Registrar may deem and treat the Person in whose name such Note shall be registered upon the books of the Company as the absolute owner of such Note (whether or not such Note shall be overdue and notwithstanding any notice of ownership or writing thereon made by anyone other than the Registrar) for the purpose of receiving payment of or on account of the principal of, premium, if any, and (subject to Section 2.03) interest on such Note and for all other purposes; and neither the Company nor the Trustee nor any Paying Agent nor any Registrar shall be affected by any notice to the contrary.

So long as the Depositary, or its nominee, is the registered owner of a Global Note, the Depositary or its nominee, as the case may be, shall be considered the sole owner or holder of the Notes represented by the Global Note for all purposes under this Indenture and under the Notes. Ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Note will be shown on, and the transfer of ownership interests will be effected only through, records maintained by the Depositary, with respect to interests of Participants, and on the records of Participants, with respect to interests of persons holding through Participants.

SECTION 8.04. Certain Notes Owned by Company Disregarded.

In determining whether the holders of the requisite aggregate principal amount of Notes of a particular series have concurred in any direction, consent of waiver under this Indenture, the Notes of that series that are owned by the Company or any other obligor on the Notes of that series or by any Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under common control with the Company or any other obligor on the Notes of that series shall be disregarded and deemed not to be Outstanding for the purpose of any such determination, except that for the purpose of determining whether the Trustee shall be protected in relying on any such direction, consent or waiver, only Notes of such series that the Trustee actually knows are so owned shall be so disregarded. The Notes so owned that have been pledged in good faith may be regarded as Outstanding for the purposes of this Section, if the pledgee shall establish to the satisfaction of the Trustee the pledgee's right so to act with respect to such Notes and that the pledgee is not a Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with the Company or any such other obligor. In case of a dispute as to such right, any decision by the Trustee taken upon the advice of counsel shall be full protection to the Trustee.

SECTION 8.05. Actions Binding on Future Noteholders.

At any time prior to (but not after) the evidencing to the Trustee, as provided in Section 8.01, of the taking of any action by the holders of the majority or percentage in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of a particular series specified in this Indenture in connection with such action, any holder of a Note of that series that is shown by the evidence to be included in the Notes the holders of which have consented to such action may, by filing written notice with the Trustee, and upon proof of holding as provided in Section 8.02, revoke such action so far as concerns such Note. Except as aforesaid any such action taken by the holder of any Note shall be conclusive and binding upon such holder and upon all future holders and owners of such Note, and of any Note issued in exchange therefor, on registration of transfer thereof or in place thereof, irrespective of whether or not any notation in regard thereto is made upon such Note. Any action taken by the holders of the majority or percentage in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of a particular series specified in this Indenture in connection with such action shall be conclusively binding upon the Company, the Trustee and the holders of all the Notes of that series.

ARTICLE IX

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES

SECTION 9.01. Consent, Waiver or Amendment Without the Consent of Noteholders.

(a) The Company and the Trustee may amend, waive, supplement or otherwise modify this Indenture, one or more series of the Notes, individually or collectively, or any other agreement or instrument entered into in connection with this Indenture without notice to or consent of any Noteholder, for one or more of the following purposes:

(1) to cure any ambiguity, mistake or inconsistency in the Indenture; or to correct or supplement any provision contained herein or in any supplemental indenture which may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision contained herein or in any supplemental

indenture; or to make such other provisions in regard to matters or questions arising under this Indenture or under any supplemental indenture as the Board of Directors of the Company may deem necessary or desirable and which shall not materially and adversely affect the interests of the Holders of the Notes;

(2) evidence the succession of another Person to the Company, or successive successions and the assumption by the Company's successor of the covenants, agreements and obligations of the Company pursuant to Article X, including, without limitation in connection with the Merger and the Second Merger;

(3) to provide for uncertificated Notes in addition to or in place of certificated Notes;

(4) to add to the covenants of the Company for the benefit of the holders of all or any series of Notes (and if such covenants are to be for the benefit of less than all series of Notes, stating that such covenants are expressly being included solely for the benefit of such series) or to surrender any right or power herein conferred upon the Company;

(5) to add to, delete from, or revise the conditions, limitations, and restrictions on the authorized amount, terms, or purposes of issue, authentication, and delivery of Notes, as herein set forth;

(6) to make any change that does not adversely affect the rights of any Noteholder in any material respect;

(7) to provide for the issuance of and establish the form and terms and conditions of the Notes of any series as provided in Section 2.01, to establish the form of any certifications required to be furnished pursuant to the terms of this Indenture or any series of Notes, or to add to the rights of the holders of any series of Notes;

(8) to add or change CUSIP numbers or other Identifying Numbers of the Notes of any series upon notice to holders of such Notes;

(9) to remove any legends placed on a Note in accordance with this Indenture;

(10) to add any additional Events of Default;

(11) to change or eliminate any of the provisions of this Indenture; provided that any such change or elimination shall become effective only when there is no Note of any series Outstanding created prior to the execution of such supplemental indenture which is entitled to the benefit of such provision; and

(12) to evidence and provide for the acceptance of appointment hereunder by a successor Trustee with respect to the Notes of one or more series and to add to or change any of the provisions of this Indenture as shall be necessary to provide for or facilitate the administration of the trusts hereunder by more than the one Trustee, pursuant to the requirements of Section 7.11.

(b) The Trustee is hereby authorized to join with the Company in the execution of any such supplemental indenture, and to make any further appropriate agreements and stipulations that may be therein contained, but the Trustee shall not be obligated to enter into any such supplemental indenture that affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise.

(c) Any supplemental indenture authorized by the provisions of this Section may be executed by the Company and the Trustee without the consent of the holders of any of the Notes at the time Outstanding, notwithstanding any of the provisions of Section 9.02.

SECTION 9.02. Supplemental Indentures With Consent of Noteholders.

(a) With the consent (evidenced as provided in Section 8.01) of the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of each series affected by such supplemental indenture or indentures at the time Outstanding, the Company and the Trustee may from time to time and at any time enter into an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto for the purpose of adding any provisions to or changing in any manner or eliminating any of the provisions of this Indenture or of any supplemental indenture or of modifying in any manner not covered by Section 9.01 the rights of the holders of the Notes of such series under this Indenture; provided, however, that no such supplemental indenture shall, without the consent of the holders of each Note then Outstanding and affected thereby:

- (1) extend the fixed Maturity of any Notes of any series;
- (2) reduce the principal amount thereof;
- (3) reduce the rate or extend the time of payment of interest thereon;
- (4) reduce any premium payable upon the redemption thereof or;
- (5) reduce the aforesaid percentage of Notes, the holders of which are required to consent to any such supplemental indenture;
- (6) modify the right of any holder to receive or sue for payment of principal, premium or interest that would be due at the Stated Maturity therefor; or
- (7) expressly subordinate the obligations of any series of the Notes to other indebtedness of the Company.

(b) A supplemental indenture that changes or eliminates any covenant or other provision of this Indenture that has expressly been included solely for the benefit of one or more particular series of the Notes, or that modifies the rights of the Holders of the Notes of such series with respect to such covenant or other provision, shall be deemed not to affect the rights under this Indenture of the Holders of the Notes of any other series.

It shall not be necessary for the consent of the Holders of the Notes of any series affected thereby under this Section to approve the particular form of any proposed supplemental indenture, but it shall be sufficient if such consent shall approve the substance thereof.

SECTION 9.03. Effect of Supplemental Indentures.

Upon the execution of any supplemental indenture pursuant to the provisions of this Article or of Section 10.01, this Indenture shall be and be deemed to be modified and amended in accordance therewith and the respective rights, limitations of rights, obligations, duties and immunities under this Indenture of the Trustee, the Company and the holders of Notes of the series affected thereby shall thereafter be determined, exercised and enforced hereunder subject in all respects to such modifications and amendments, and all the terms and conditions of any such supplemental indenture shall be and be deemed to be part of the terms and conditions of this Indenture for any and all purposes.

SECTION 9.04. Notes Affected by Supplemental Indentures.

Notes of any series affected by a supplemental indenture, authenticated and delivered after the execution of such supplemental indenture pursuant to the provisions of this Article or of Section 10.01 may bear a notation in form approved by the Company, provided that such form meets the requirements of any exchange upon which such series may be listed, as to any matter provided for in such supplemental indenture.

If the Company shall so determine, new Notes of that series so modified as to conform, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company, to any modification of this Indenture contained in any such supplemental indenture may be prepared by the Company, authenticated by the Trustee and delivered in exchange for the Notes of that series then Outstanding.

SECTION 9.05. Reserved.

SECTION 9.06. Execution of Supplemental Indentures.

(a) Upon the request of the Company, accompanied by its Board Resolutions authorizing the execution of any such supplemental indenture, and upon the filing with the Trustee of evidence of the consent of Noteholders, if required to consent thereto as aforesaid, the Trustee shall join with the Company in the execution of such supplemental indenture unless such supplemental indenture affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise, in which case the Trustee may in its discretion but shall not be obligated to enter into such supplemental indenture.

(b) In executing, or accepting the additional trusts created by, any supplemental indenture permitted by this Article IX or the modifications thereby of the trusts created by this Indenture, the Trustee shall be entitled to receive, and shall be fully protected in relying upon, in addition to the documents required by Section 14.06, an Opinion of Counsel and an Officers' Certificate of the Company, each stating that the execution of such supplemental indenture is authorized or permitted by this Indenture and that all conditions precedent in this Indenture to the execution of such supplemental indenture, if any, have been complied with. The Trustee may, but shall not be obligated to, enter into any such supplemental indenture which affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise.

(c) Promptly after the execution by the Company and the Trustee of any supplemental indenture pursuant to the provisions of this Section, the Company shall transmit in a manner

consistent with Section 14.03(b), a notice, setting forth in general terms the substance of such supplemental indenture, to the Noteholders of all series affected thereby. Any failure of the Company to mail such notice, or any defect therein, shall not, however, in any way impair or affect the validity of any such supplemental indenture.

ARTICLE X

SUCCESSORS

SECTION 10.01. Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets.

(a) Nothing contained in this Indenture or in any of the Notes shall prevent any consolidation or merger of the Company or IFF with or into any other Person or Persons (whether or not Affiliated with the Company or IFF) or successive consolidations or mergers in which the Company or IFF or their respective successor or successors shall be a party or parties, or shall prevent any sale, conveyance, transfer or other disposition of the assets of the Company or IFF or their respective successor or successors as an entirety, or substantially as an entirety, to any other Person (whether or not Affiliated with the Company or IFF or their respective successor or successors) authorized to acquire and operate the same. In particular:

- (1) the Merger shall be expressly permitted,
- (2) the Second Merger shall be expressly permitted, and

(3) any other such transaction shall be permitted as long as the entity formed by such consolidation, or into which the Company shall have been merged, or the entity which shall have acquired substantially all of the Company's or IFF's assets, as applicable, shall expressly assume, by supplemental indenture, satisfactory in form to the Trustee executed and delivered to the Trustee, the due and punctual payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on all of the Notes of all series in accordance with the terms of such series and the due and punctual performance and observance of all the covenants and conditions of this Indenture.

(b) In connection with the Merger, substantially concurrently with the release of the Escrowed Property and the consummation of the Merger, IFF shall, by supplemental indenture substantially in the form attached to this Indenture as Exhibit E (which the Company and the Trustee shall countersign), effective upon the date of the consummation of the Merger, become party to this Indenture as the guarantor of the Notes.

(c) In connection with the Second Merger, either (i) Merger Sub II, a wholly owned Subsidiary of IFF, shall (a) assume all of the Company's obligations under the Notes and the Indenture and (b) by supplemental indenture effective upon the date of the consummation of the Second Merger become party to this Indenture as the issuer of the Notes or (ii) the IFF Notes Assumption shall be substantially contemporaneously consummated and IFF, by supplemental indenture substantially in the form attached to this Indenture as Exhibit F (which the Company and the Trustee shall countersign), shall become further party to this Indenture as the issuer of the Notes.

(d) Upon consummation of the Second Merger, IFF may (but is not obligated to) assume all of the Company's obligations under the Notes and Indenture through the IFF Notes Assumption; provided, however, if the Company and IFF elect the IFF Notes Assumption, IFF must by supplemental indenture substantially in the form attached to this Indenture as Exhibit F (which the Company and the Trustee shall countersign) become further party to the Indenture as the issuer of the Notes whereupon Merger Sub II will be released from any further obligation under the Notes and this Indenture shall be deemed amended as set forth in such supplemental indenture.

(e) For the avoidance of doubt, the execution of the supplemental indentures referred to in Sections 10.01(b) and (d) shall each constitute an amendment pursuant to Section 9.01 and, as such, shall not require notice to or consent of any Noteholder.

SECTION 10.02. Successor Substituted.

(a) In case of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or other disposition and upon the assumption by the Company's successor, by supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the Trustee and satisfactory in form to the Trustee, of the due and punctual payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on all of the Notes of all series Outstanding and the due and punctual performance of all of the covenants and conditions of this Indenture to be performed by the Company with respect to each series, such successor shall succeed to and be substituted for the Company with the same effect as if it had been named as the Company herein, and thereupon the predecessor Person shall be relieved of all obligations and covenants under this Indenture and the Notes.

(b) In case of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or other disposition such changes in phraseology and form (but not in substance) may be made in the Notes thereafter to be issued as may be appropriate.

(c) Nothing contained in this Indenture or in any of the Notes shall prevent the Company from merging into itself or acquiring by purchase or otherwise all or any part of the property of any other Person (whether or not Affiliated with the Company).

SECTION 10.03. Evidence of Consolidation, Etc. to Trustee.

The Trustee, subject to the provisions of Section 7.01, shall be provided an Officers' Certificate of the Company and an Opinion of Counsel as conclusive evidence that any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or other disposition, any such assumption, and any supplemental indenture relating thereto comply with the provisions of this Article and that all conditions precedent provided for in this Indenture relating to such transaction have been complied with.

ARTICLE XI

GUARANTEES

SECTION 11.01. Guarantees.

(a) By its execution of this Indenture (by any amendment or supplemental indenture pursuant to Section 9.01), each Guarantor acknowledges and agrees that it receives substantial benefits from the Company and that such Guarantor is providing its Guarantee for good and valuable consideration, including such substantial benefits. Subject to this Article XI, each of the Guarantors hereby, jointly and severally, fully and unconditionally guarantees, to each Holder of a Note authenticated and delivered by the Trustee and to the Trustee and its successors and assigns, regardless of the validity or enforceability of this Indenture, the Notes or the obligations of the Company under this Indenture or the Notes, that:

(1) the principal, premium, if any, and interest on, the Notes will be promptly paid in full when due, whether at maturity, by acceleration, upon Redemption or otherwise, and interest on the overdue principal, premium, if any, and interest on, of, any interest on, the Notes, if lawful, and all other obligations of the Company to the Holders or the Trustee under this Indenture or the Notes, will be promptly paid or delivered in full or performed, as applicable, in each case in accordance with this Indenture and the Notes; and

(2) in case of any extension of time of payment or renewal of any Notes or any of such other obligations, that the same will be promptly paid in full when due or performed in accordance with the terms of the extension or renewal, whether at stated maturity, by acceleration, on a Change of Control Payment Date, upon Redemption or otherwise (collectively, the "Guaranteed Obligations"), in each case subject to Section 11.02.

Upon the failure of any payment when due of any amount so guaranteed, and upon the failure of any performance so guaranteed, for whatever reason, the Guarantors will be jointly and severally obligated to pay or perform, as applicable, the same immediately. Each Guarantor agrees that this is a guarantee of payment and not a guarantee of collection.

(b) Each Guarantor agrees that its Guarantee of the Guaranteed Obligations is unconditional, regardless of the validity or enforceability of this Indenture, the Notes or the obligations of the Company under this Indenture or the Notes, the absence of any action to enforce the same, any waiver or consent by any Holder with respect to any provisions of this Indenture or the Notes, the recovery of any judgment against the Company, any action to enforce the same or any other circumstance that might otherwise constitute a legal or equitable discharge or defense of a guarantor. Each Guarantor waives diligence, presentment, demand of payment, filing of claims with a court in the event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company, any right to require a proceeding first against the Company, protest, notice and all demands whatsoever, and covenants that this Guarantee will not be discharged except by complete performance of the obligations contained in this Indenture and the Notes.

(c) If any Holder or the Trustee is required by any court or otherwise to return, to the Company, the Guarantors or any custodian, trustee, liquidator or other similar official acting in

relation to the Company or the Guarantors, any consideration paid or delivered by the Company or the Guarantors to such Holder or the Trustee, then each Guarantee, to the extent theretofore discharged, will be reinstated in full force and effect.

(d) Each Guarantor agrees that any right of subrogation, reimbursement or contribution it may have in relation to the Holders or in respect of any Guaranteed Obligations will be subordinated to, and will not be enforceable until payment in full of, all Guaranteed Obligations. Each Guarantor further agrees that, as between the Guarantors, on the one hand, and the Holders and the Trustee, on the other hand, (i) the maturity of the Guaranteed Obligations may be accelerated as provided in Article 6, notwithstanding any stay, injunction or other prohibition preventing such acceleration in respect of the Guaranteed Obligations; and (ii) if any Guaranteed Obligations are accelerated pursuant to Article 6, then such Guaranteed Obligations will, whether or not due and payable, immediately become due and payable by the Guarantors. Each Guarantor will have the right to seek contribution from any non-paying Guarantor, but only if the exercise of such right does not impair the rights of the Holders under any Guarantee.

SECTION 11.02. Limitation on Guarantor Liability.

Each Guarantor, and, by its acceptance of any Note, each Holder, confirms that each Guarantor and the Holders intend that the Guarantee of each Guarantor not constitute a fraudulent transfer or conveyance for purposes of Bankruptcy Law, the Uniform Fraudulent Conveyance Act, the Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act or any similar federal or state law to the extent applicable to any Guarantee. Each of the Trustee, the Holders and each Guarantor irrevocably agrees that the obligations of each Guarantor under its Guarantee will be limited to the maximum amount that will, after giving effect to such maximum amount and all other contingent and fixed liabilities of such Guarantor that are relevant under such laws, and after giving effect to any collections from, rights to receive contribution from or payments made by or on behalf of any other Guarantor in respect of the obligations of such other Guarantor under its Guarantee, result in the obligations of such Guarantor under its Guarantee not constituting a fraudulent transfer or conveyance.

SECTION 11.03. Execution and Delivery of Guarantee.

The execution by each Guarantor of this Indenture (by an amended or supplemental indenture pursuant to Section 9.01) evidences the Guarantee of such Guarantor, and the delivery of any Note by the Trustee after its authentication constitutes due delivery of each Guarantee on behalf of each Guarantor. A Guarantee's validity will not be affected by the failure of any officer of a Guarantor executing this Indenture or any such amended or supplemental indenture on such Guarantor's behalf to hold, at the time any Note is authenticated, the same or any other office at each Guarantor, and each Guarantee will be valid and enforceable even if no notation, certificate or other instrument is set upon or attached to, or otherwise executed and delivered to the Holder of, any Note.

SECTION 11.04. When Guarantors May Merge, etc.

(a) No Guarantor will consolidate with or merge with or into, or sell, lease or otherwise transfer, in one transaction or a series of transactions, all or substantially all of the assets of such Guarantor and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to another Person (other than the Company or

another Guarantor or pursuant to Article X) (a “Guarantor Business Combination Event”), unless the resulting, surviving or transferee Person is such Guarantor or, if not such Guarantor, expressly assumes (by executing and delivering to the Trustee, at or before the effective time of such Guarantor Business Combination Event, a supplemental indenture) all of such Guarantor’s obligations under this Indenture and the Notes.

(b) Before the effective time of any Guarantor Business Combination Event, the Company will deliver to the Trustee an Officer’s Certificate of the Company and Opinion of Counsel, each stating that (i) such Guarantor Business Combination Event (and, if applicable, the related supplemental indenture) complies with Section 11.04(a); and (ii) all conditions precedent to such Guarantor Business Combination Event provided in this Indenture have been satisfied.

(c) At the effective time of any Guarantor Business Combination Event that complies with Section 11.04(a) and Section 11.04(b), the successor Guarantor (if not the applicable Guarantor) will succeed to, and may exercise every right and power of, such Guarantor under this Indenture and the Notes with the same effect as if such successor Guarantor had been named as a Guarantor in this Indenture and the Notes, and, except in the case of a lease, the predecessor Guarantor will be discharged from its obligations under this Indenture and the Notes.

(d) For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 11.04 shall have no applicability to IFF following release of IFF’s Guarantee of the Notes pursuant to Section 11.07.

SECTION 11.05. Future Guarantors.

(a) The Company shall cause IFF to become a Guarantor under the Indenture substantially concurrently with the consummation of the Merger by means of a supplemental indenture in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E (the “IFF Guarantee”).

(b) On or prior to the 90th day following the consummation of the Merger, if IFF has not consummated the IFF Notes Assumption, the Company shall guarantee on a pari passu basis IFF’s debt securities and syndicated credit facilities and nothing in this Indenture shall prohibit such guarantee. The Guarantee by IFF described in the foregoing clause (a) shall be released upon the IFF Notes Assumption.

SECTION 11.06. Applicability of Certain Provisions of the Guarantors.

(a) Upon any request or application by any Guarantor to the Trustee to take any action under this Indenture, the Trustee will be entitled to receive an Officer’s Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel pursuant to Article 14 with the same effect as if each reference to the Company in Article 14 or in the definitions of “Officer’s Certificate” or “Opinion of Counsel” were instead a reference to such Guarantor; provided, however, that no such Officer’s Certificate or Opinion of Counsel shall be necessary or provided in connection with the IFF Guarantee or the IFF Notes Assumption.

(b) Any notice or demand that this Indenture requires or permits to be given by the Trustee, or by any Holders, to the Company may instead be given to any Guarantor.

SECTION 11.07. Release of Guarantor.

IFF's Guarantee of the Notes shall be automatically released upon the IFF Notes Assumption (and IFF shall thereafter be the obligor under the Notes).

ARTICLE XII

SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE AND DEFEASANCE

SECTION 12.01. Satisfaction and Discharge of Indenture.

(a) If at any time:

(1) the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee for cancellation all Notes of a series theretofore authenticated (other than any Notes that shall have been destroyed, lost or stolen and that shall have been replaced or paid as provided in Section 2.07 and Notes for whose payment money or Governmental Obligations have theretofore been deposited in trust or segregated and held in trust by the Company and thereupon repaid to the Company or discharged from such trust, as provided in Section 12.05); or

(2) all such Notes of a particular series not theretofore delivered to the Trustee for cancellation (i) shall have become due and payable, are by their terms to become due and payable within one year, or are to be called for redemption within one year under arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for the giving of notice of redemption; and (ii) the Company shall (in the case of (1) and (2) herein): (A) deposit or cause to be deposited with the Trustee as trust funds the entire amount in moneys or Governmental Obligations sufficient or a combination thereof, sufficient in the opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants expressed in a written certification thereof delivered to the Trustee, to pay at Maturity or upon redemption all Notes of that series not theretofore delivered to the Trustee for cancellation, including principal (and premium, if any) and interest due or to become due to such date of Maturity or date fixed for redemption, as the case may be; (B) pay or cause to be paid all other sums payable hereunder with respect to such series by the Company; and (C) deliver an Officer's Certificate of the Company and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent herein provided for relating to the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture with respect to such series have been complied with, then this Indenture shall thereupon cease to be of further effect with respect to such series, and the Trustee, on demand of the Company and at the cost and expense of the Company, shall execute proper instruments acknowledging satisfaction of and discharging this Indenture with respect to such series.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of Sections 2.03, 2.05, 2.07, 4.01, 4.02, 4.03 and 7.10 shall survive until the date of Maturity or Redemption Date, as the case may be, and Sections 7.06 and 12.05 shall survive to such date and thereafter.

SECTION 12.02. Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance.

In addition to discharge of this Indenture pursuant to Section 12.01, the Company may at its option elect at any time either to effect: (i) a defeasance and discharge of the Notes of any particular series under Section 12.02(a) below; or (ii) a covenant defeasance of the Notes of any particular series under Section 12.02(b) below; in each case upon compliance with the applicable conditions set forth in Section 12.02(b).

(a) Upon election by the Company to effect a defeasance and discharge of the Notes of any series under this Section 12.02(a) and satisfaction of the conditions precedent set forth in Section 12.02(b) with respect to the Notes of such series, the Company shall be deemed to have paid and discharged the Notes of such series and the Company shall be deemed to have satisfied all its other obligations under such Notes and all its other obligations relating to such Notes under the Indenture, except for Sections 2.03, 2.05, 2.07, 4.01, 4.02, 4.03, 7.06, 7.10 and 12.05 of the Indenture that shall survive until the Notes of such series mature and are paid. Thereafter, Sections 7.06 and 12.05 of this Indenture shall survive with respect to the Notes of such series.

(b) Upon election by the Company to effect a covenant defeasance with respect to the Notes of any series under this Section 12.02(b), the Company shall be released from its obligations under any covenants applicable to the Notes of such series which are subject to defeasance under the terms of this Indenture on or after the date the conditions precedent set forth in Section 12.02(b) are satisfied (hereinafter, "covenant defeasance"). For this purpose, such covenant defeasance means that the Company may omit to comply with and shall have no liability in respect of any term, condition or limitation set forth in any covenant applicable to such series which is subject to defeasance under the terms established with respect to such series pursuant to this Indenture.

(c) The following shall be conditions precedent to the application of Sections 12.02(a) and 12.02(b):

(1) with respect to Section 12.02(a) or Section 12.02(b), the Company shall have deposited or cause to be deposited irrevocably with the Trustee, as trust funds in trust for the purpose of making the following payments and specifically pledged as security for and dedicated solely to the benefit of the holders of the Notes to be defeased, cash in U.S. dollars (or such other money or currencies as shall then be legal tender in the United States) and/or Governmental Obligations, which through the scheduled payment of interest and principal in respect thereof, in accordance with their terms, will be provided (and without reinvestment and assuming no tax liability will be imposed on the Trustee), not later than one day before the due date of any payment of money, an amount in cash, sufficient, in the opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent certified public accountants expressed in a written certification thereof delivered to the Trustee, to discharge principal (including premium, if any) and interest on such Notes on the Stated Maturity of such principal or installment of principal or interest on the dates on which such installments of principal and interest are due, in accordance with the terms of this Indenture and such Notes;

(2) in the case of defeasance under Section 12.02(a), the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel based on the fact that (A) the Company has received from, or there has been published by, the Internal Revenue Service a ruling (which ruling may be, but need not be, issued with respect to the Company) or (B) since the date of this Indenture, there has been a change in the applicable United States federal income tax law, in either case to the effect that, and such opinion shall confirm (i) that all conditions precedent to such defeasance have been satisfied and (ii) that the holders of the Outstanding Notes of such series will not recognize

income, gain or loss for United States federal income tax purposes as a result of such deposit, defeasance and discharge and will be subject to United States federal income tax on the same amount and in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such deposit, defeasance and discharge had not occurred;

(3) in the case of covenant defeasance under Section 12.02(b), the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that, and such opinion shall confirm that, (i) that all conditions precedent to such defeasance have been satisfied and (ii) the holders of the Outstanding Notes of such series will not recognize income, gain or loss for United States federal income tax purposes as a result of such deposit and covenant defeasance and will be subject to United States federal income tax on the same amount and in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such deposit and covenant defeasance had not occurred;

(4) such deposit and defeasance or covenant defeasance will not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, this Indenture or any other agreement or instrument to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound;

(5) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent provided for relating to either the defeasance and discharge under (a) or the covenant defeasance under (b) (as the case may be) have been complied with;

(6) such defeasance and discharge or covenant defeasance will not cause the Trustee to have a conflicting interest; and

(7) the Company has paid or caused to be paid all other sums payable with respect to the Notes to be defeased.

SECTION 12.03. Deposited Moneys to be Held in Trust.

All moneys or Governmental Obligations deposited with the Trustee pursuant to Sections 12.01 or 12.02 shall be held in trust and shall be available for payment as due, either directly or through any Paying Agent (including the Company acting as its own Paying Agent), to the holders of the particular series of Notes for the payment or redemption of which such moneys or Governmental Obligations have been deposited with the Trustee.

SECTION 12.04. Payment of Moneys Held by Paying Agents.

In connection with the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, all moneys or Governmental Obligations then held by any Paying Agent under the provisions of this Indenture shall, upon demand of the Company, be paid to the Trustee and thereupon such Paying Agent shall be released from all further liability with respect to such moneys or Governmental Obligations.

SECTION 12.05. Repayment to Company.

Any moneys or Governmental Obligations deposited with any Paying Agent or the Trustee, or then held by the Company, in trust for payment of principal of or premium or interest on the Notes of a particular series that are not applied but remain unclaimed by the holders of such Notes

for at least two years after the date upon which the principal of (and premium, if any) or interest on such Notes shall have respectively become due and payable, shall be repaid to the Company on May 31 of each year or (if then held by the Company) shall be discharged from such trust; and thereupon the Paying Agent and the Trustee shall be released from all further liability with respect to such moneys or Governmental Obligations, and the holder of any of the Notes entitled to receive such payment shall thereafter, as an unsecured general creditor, look only to the Company for the payment thereof.

SECTION 12.06. Reinstatement.

If the Trustee or the Paying Agent is unable to apply any money in accordance with either Section 12.01 or Section 12.02 by reason of any order or judgment of any court or governmental authority enjoining, restraining, or otherwise prohibiting such application, then the Company's obligations under the Notes to be defeased shall be revived and reinstated as though no deposit had occurred pursuant to this Article XI until such time as the Trustee or Paying Agent is permitted to apply all such money in accordance with Section 12.01 or Section 12.02; provided, however, that if the Company makes any payment of principal of (and premium, if any) or interest on any such Notes following the reinstatement of its obligations, the Company shall be subrogated to the rights of the holders of such Notes to receive such payment from the money held by the Trustee or Paying Agent.

ARTICLE XIII

**IMMUNITY OF INCORPORATORS, STOCKHOLDERS,
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS**

SECTION 13.01. Immunity of Incorporators, Stockholders, Officers and Directors.

No recourse under or upon any obligation, covenant or agreement of this Indenture, or of any Note, or for any claim based thereon or otherwise in respect thereof, shall be had against any incorporator, stockholder, officer or director, past, present or future as such, of the Company or of any predecessor or successor to the Company, either directly or through the Company or any such predecessor or successor to the Company, whether by virtue of any constitution, statute or rule of law, or by the enforcement of any assessment or penalty or otherwise; it being expressly understood that this Indenture and the obligations issued hereunder are solely corporate obligations, and that no such personal liability whatever shall attach to, or is or shall be incurred by, the incorporators, stockholders, officers or directors as such, of the Company or of any predecessor or successor to the Company, or any of them, because of the creation of the indebtedness hereby authorized, or under or by reason of the obligations, covenants or agreements contained in this Indenture or in any of the Notes or implied therefrom; and that any and all such personal liability of every name and nature, either at common law or in equity or by constitution or statute, of, and any and all such rights and claims against, every such incorporator, stockholder, officer or director as such, because of the creation of the indebtedness hereby authorized, or under or by reason of the obligations, covenants or agreements contained in this Indenture or in any of the Notes or implied therefrom, are hereby expressly waived and released as a condition of, and as a consideration for, the execution of this Indenture and the issuance of such Notes.

ARTICLE XIV

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SECTION 14.01. Effect on Successors and Assigns.

All the covenants, stipulations, promises and agreements in this Indenture contained by or on behalf of the Company shall bind their respective successors and assigns, whether so expressed or not.

SECTION 14.02. Actions by Successor.

Any act or proceeding by any provision of this Indenture authorized or required to be done or performed by any board, committee or officer of the Company shall and may be done and performed with like force and effect by the corresponding board, committee or officer of any Person that shall at the time be the lawful sole successor of the Company.

SECTION 14.03. Notices.

(a) Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver or other documents provided or permitted by this Indenture to be made upon, given or furnished to, or filed with:

(1) the Trustee for a series of the Notes by any Holder or by the Company shall be sufficient for every purpose hereunder (unless otherwise herein expressly provided) if made, given, furnished or filed in writing (which may be via facsimile or electronic mail) to or with the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Office, or if sent by facsimile or electronic transmission, to a facsimile number or e-mail provided by the Trustee, with a copy mailed, first class postage prepaid to the Trustee addressed to it as provided above; or

(2) the Company by the Trustee or by any Holder shall be sufficient for every purpose hereunder (unless otherwise herein expressly provided) if furnished in writing (which may be via facsimile) and mailed, first class postage prepaid, addressed (i) in the case of the Company prior to the Merger, to Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., 974 Centre Road, Wilmington, DE 19805 (or at any other address previously furnished in writing to such Trustee by the Company) and (ii) in the case of the Company following the merger or of IFF, to International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., 521 West 57th Street, New York, New York 10019 (or at any other address previously furnished in writing to such Trustee by IFF), Attention: Chief Financial Officer, or if sent by facsimile transmission, to a facsimile number provided to the Trustee by the Company or IFF, as applicable, with a copy mailed, first class postage prepaid, to the Company or IFF, as applicable addressed to the Company or IFF, as applicable, as provided above.

(b) Where this Indenture provides for notice to Holders of any event, such notice shall be sufficiently given (unless otherwise herein expressly provided) to Holders of the Notes if in writing and mailed, first class postage prepaid, to each Holder affected by such event, at his or her address as it appears in the Note Register, not later than the latest date, and not earlier than the earliest date, prescribed for the giving of such notice. In any case where notice to Holders of the Notes is given by mail, neither the failure to mail such notice, nor any defect in any notice so

mailed, to any particular Holder of a Note shall affect the sufficiency of such notice with respect to other Holders of the Notes given as provided herein. Any notice mailed in the manner prescribed by this Indenture shall be conclusively deemed to have been given whether or not received by any particular Holder. In case by reason of the suspension of regular mail service or by reason of any other cause it shall be impracticable to give such notice to Holders of the Notes by mail, then such notification as shall be made with the reasonable approval of the Trustee for such Notes shall constitute a sufficient notification for every purpose hereunder. Where this Indenture provides for notice in any manner, such notice may be waived in writing by the Person entitled to receive such notice, either before or after the event, and such waiver shall be the equivalent of such notice. Waivers of notice by Holders shall be filed with the Trustee for such Notes, but such filing shall not be a condition precedent to the validity of any action taken in reliance upon such waiver. In the case of any Global Notes, notices to Holders thereof shall be deemed to have been "mailed" for purposes of this Indenture if given in accordance with the Applicable Procedures of the Depository.

SECTION 14.04. Governing Law and Jurisdiction.

This Indenture and each Note shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, the Company and each Guarantor hereby irrevocably (a) submits to the jurisdiction of any Federal or state court located in the Borough of Manhattan in The City of New York, New York in connection with any suit, action or proceeding related to this indenture (including the guarantees) or the Notes and (b) irrevocably waives to the fullest extent it may effectively do so under applicable law, any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any suit, action or proceeding brought in such courts.

SECTION 14.05. Treatment of Notes as Debt.

It is intended that the Notes will be treated as indebtedness and not as equity for federal income tax purposes. The provisions of this Indenture shall be interpreted to further this intention.

SECTION 14.06. Compliance Certificates and Opinions.

(a) Upon any application or demand by the Company to the Trustee for any series of the Notes to take any action under any of the provisions of this Indenture or any supplement hereto, the Company, shall furnish to such Trustee an Officers' Certificate stating that all conditions precedent provided for in this Indenture relating to the proposed action have been complied with and an Opinion of Counsel stating that in the opinion of such counsel all such conditions precedent have been complied with, except that in the case of any such application or demand as to which the furnishing of such documents is specifically required by any provision of this Indenture relating to such particular application or demand, no additional certificate or opinion need be furnished.

(b) Each certificate or opinion provided for in this Indenture and delivered to the Trustee with respect to compliance with a condition or covenant in this Indenture shall include:

- (1) a statement that the Person making such certificate or opinion has read such covenant or condition;

(2) a brief statement as to the nature and scope of the examination or investigation upon which the statements or opinions contained in such certificate or opinion are based;

(3) a statement that, in the opinion of such Person, he has made such examination or investigation as is necessary to enable him to express an informed opinion as to whether or not such covenant or condition has been complied with; and

(4) a statement as to whether or not, in the opinion of such Person, such condition or covenant has been complied with.

SECTION 14.07. Form of Documents Delivered to Trustee.

In any case where several matters are required to be certified by, or covered by an opinion of, any specified Person, it is not necessary that all such matters be certified by, or covered by the opinion of, only one such Person, or that they be so certified or covered by only one document, but one such Person may certify or give an opinion with respect to some matters and one or more other such Persons as to other matters, and any such Person may certify or give an opinion as to such matters in one or several documents.

Any certificate or opinion of an officer of the Company may be based, insofar as it relates to legal matters, upon an Opinion of Counsel, or a certificate or representations by, counsel, unless such officer knows, or in the exercise of reasonable care should know, that the opinion, certificate or representations with respect to matters upon which his certificate or opinion is based are erroneous.

Any such Opinion of Counsel or certificate or representations may be based, insofar as it relates to factual matters, upon a certificate or opinion of, or representations by, an officer or officers of the Company stating that the information with respect to such factual matters is in the possession of the Company unless such counsel knows, or in the exercise of reasonable care should know, that the certificate or opinion or representations with respect to such matters are erroneous.

Where any Person is required to make, give or execute two or more applications, requests, consents, certificates, statements, opinions or other instruments under this Indenture, they may, but need not, be consolidated and form one instrument.

SECTION 14.08. Payments on Business Days.

In any case where the date of Maturity of interest or principal of any Note or the date of redemption of any Note shall not be a Business Day, then payment of interest or principal (and premium, if any) may be made on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if made on the nominal date of Maturity or redemption, and no interest shall accrue for the period after such nominal date.

SECTION 14.09. Reserved.

SECTION 14.10. Effect of Headings and Table of Contents.

The Article and Section headings herein and the Table of Contents are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

SECTION 14.11. Counterparts and Electronic Execution.

This Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which shall together constitute but one and the same instrument. The exchange of copies of this Indenture and of signature pages by facsimile, PDF or other electronic transmission shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Indenture as to the parties hereto and may be used in lieu of the original Indenture for all purposes. Signatures of the parties hereto transmitted by facsimile, PDF or other electronic transmission shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Indenture as to the parties hereto and such signatures shall be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes. The words "execution," "signed," "signature," "delivery," and words of like import in or relating to this Indenture or any document to be signed in connection with this Indenture (including, without limitation, the Notes, the Guarantee and any Officers' Certificate) shall be deemed to include electronic signatures, including without limitation, digital signature provided by DocuSign (or such other digital signature provider as specified in writing to Trustee by the authorized representative), each of which shall be of the same legal effect, validity or enforceability as a manually executed signature. The Company agrees to assume all risks arising out of the use of using digital signatures and electronic methods to submit communications to Trustee, including without limitation the risk of Trustee acting on unauthorized instructions, and the risk of interception and misuse by third parties.

SECTION 14.12. Separability.

In case any one or more of the provisions contained in this Indenture or in the Notes of any series shall for any reason be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other provisions of this Indenture or of such Notes, but this Indenture and such Notes shall be construed as if such invalid or illegal or unenforceable provision had never been contained herein or therein.

SECTION 14.13. Assignment.

The Company will have the right at all times to assign any of its rights or obligations under this Indenture to a direct or indirect wholly-owned Subsidiary with the written consent of the Trustee, provided that, in the event of any such assignment, the Company, will remain liable for all such obligations. Subject to the foregoing, the Indenture is binding upon and inures to the benefit of the parties thereto and their respective successors and assigns. This Indenture may not otherwise be assigned by the parties thereto.

SECTION 14.14. WAIVER OF JURY BY TRIAL.

EACH OF THE COMPANY, THE TRUSTEE AND THE HOLDERS, BY THEIR ACCEPTANCE OF THE NOTES, HEREBY IRREVOCABLY

WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING AS AMONG THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE ONLY ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS INDENTURE OR THE NOTES.

SECTION 14.15. Patriot Act.

In order to comply with the laws, rules, regulations and executive orders in effect from time to time applicable to banking institutions, including, without limitation, those relating to the funding of terrorist activities and money laundering, including Section 326 of the USA PATRIOT Act of the United States ("Applicable Law"), the Trustee is required to obtain, verify, record and update certain information relating to individuals and entities which maintain a business relationship with the Trustee. Accordingly, the Company agrees to provide to the Trustee, upon its request from time to time such identifying information and documentation as may be available for such party in order to enable the Trustee to comply with Applicable Law.

[Signatures on following page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Indenture to be duly executed all as of the day and year first above written.

NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC.

By: /s/ Francis X. Markey

Name: Francis X. Markey

Title: Vice President and Assistant Treasurer

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION as Trustee

By: /s/ Annette M. Marsula

Name: Annette M. Marsula

Title: Vice President

[Insert Private Placement Legend, if applicable, pursuant to Section 2.11(g)(1) of the Indenture]

[Insert Global Note Legend, if applicable, pursuant to Section 2.11(g)(2) of the Indenture]

[Insert Regulation S Temporary Global Note Legend, if applicable, pursuant to Section 2.11(g)(3) of the Indenture]

Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc.
% Senior Notes due

No.

CUSIP NO.

ISIN NO.

\$

[as revised by “Exchanges of Interests in
the Global Note,” attached hereto]¹

Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware (herein called the “Company,” which term includes any successor Person under the Indenture hereinafter referred to), for value received, hereby promises to pay to _____, or registered assigns, the principal sum of _____ Dollars[, or such greater or lesser amount set forth on “Exchanges of Interests in the Global Note,” attached hereto,]¹ on _____ and to pay interest thereon from _____ or from the most recent Interest Payment Date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, semi-annually in arrears on _____ and _____ in each year, commencing _____, at the rate of _____ % per annum, until the principal hereof is paid or made available for payment; provided that any principal and any such installment of interest that is overdue shall bear interest at the rate of _____ % per annum (to the extent that payment of such interest shall be legally enforceable) from the dates such amounts are due until they are paid or made available for payment. Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months. The Indenture provides conditions under which the Company’s obligations hereunder may be assumed by IFF, whereupon the Company shall be released from all further obligation hereunder and under the Indenture and references herein and therein to the Company shall thereafter be deemed to be to IFF.

The interest so payable, and punctually paid or duly provided for (except for Defaulted Interest), on any Interest Payment Date will, as provided in the Indenture, be paid to the Person in whose name this Note (or one or more predecessor Notes) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date for such interest, which shall be on _____ or _____ (whether or not a Business Day), as the case may be, next preceding such Interest Payment Date even if the Notes are cancelled, repurchased or redeemed after the Regular Record Date and on or before the

¹ Include this provision if this Security is a Global Note.

Interest Payment Date (and any such interest shall not be deemed accrued and unpaid for purposes of payment in respect of any redemption or repurchase). Any such interest not so punctually paid or duly provided for will forthwith cease to be payable to the Holder on such Regular Record Date and may either be paid to the Person in whose name this Note (or one or more predecessor Notes) is registered at the close of business on a Special Record Date for the payment of such Defaulted Interest to be fixed by the Trustee, notice whereof shall be given to holders of Notes not less than 10 days prior to such Special Record Date, or be paid at any time in any other lawful manner not inconsistent with the requirements of any securities exchange on which the Notes may be listed, and upon such notice as may be required by such exchange, all as more fully provided in the Indenture.

The term "Business Day" means any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which banking institutions in The City of New York are authorized or required by law or regulation to close.

[Payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on this Note will be made at the office or agency of the Company maintained for that purpose in the Borough of Manhattan, the City and State of New York or at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, in its capacity as Paying Agent, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts; provided, however, that payments of interest will be made by wire transfer if a Noteholder of at least \$1,000,000 in principal amount of the Notes has given wire transfer instructions to the Trustee at least 15 Business Days prior to the applicable Interest Payment Date.]²

[Payments in respect of the Notes (including principal, premium, if any, and interest) will be made by the transfer of immediately available funds to the accounts specified by the Depositary.]³

Reference is hereby made to the further provisions of this Note set forth on the reverse hereof, which further provisions shall for all purposes have the same effect as if set forth at this place.

Unless the certificate of authentication hereon has been executed by the Trustee referred to on the reverse hereof by manual signature, this Note shall not be entitled to any benefit under the Indenture or be valid or obligatory for any purpose.

² Include this provision if this Note is not a Global Note.

³ Include this provision if this Note is a Global Note.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this instrument to be duly executed.

Dated

NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC.

By: _____
Name:
Title

Trustee's Certificate of Authentication

This is one of the Notes of the series designated therein referred to in the within-mentioned Indenture.

Dated:

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION as Trustee

By: _____
Authorized Signatory

Exhibit A-3

(Form of Reverse of Note)

This Note is one of a duly authorized issue of securities of the Company (herein called the “Notes”), issued under an Indenture, dated as of September 16, 2020 (herein called the “Indenture,” which term shall have the meaning assigned to it in such instrument), between the Company and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (herein called the “Trustee,” which term includes any successor trustee under the Indenture). This Note is one of the series designated on the face hereof, initially limited in aggregate principal amount to \$. Reference is hereby made to the Indenture and all indentures supplemental thereto or Officer’s Certificates for a statement of the respective rights, limitations of rights, duties and immunities thereunder of the Company, the Trustee and the Noteholders of the Notes and of the terms upon which the Notes are, and are to be, authenticated and delivered.

All terms used in this Note which are defined in the Indenture shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

In the event of redemption or repurchase of this Note in part only, a new Note or Notes of like tenor for the unredeemed portion hereof will be issued in the name of the Noteholder hereof upon the cancellation hereof.

The Indenture contains provisions for defeasance at any time of the entire indebtedness of this Note or certain restrictive covenants and Events of Default with respect to this Note, in each case, upon compliance with certain conditions set forth in the Indenture.

If an Event of Default with respect to the Notes shall occur and be continuing, the principal of the Notes may be declared due and payable in the manner and with the effect provided in the Indenture.

The Indenture permits, with certain exceptions as therein provided, the amendment thereof and the modification or waiver of the rights and obligations of the Company and the rights of the Noteholders of the Notes to be affected under the Indenture at any time by the Company and the Trustee with the consent of the Noteholders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time Outstanding to be affected. The Indenture also contains provisions permitting the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time Outstanding, on behalf of the Noteholders of all of the Notes, to waive compliance with certain provisions of the Indenture and certain past Defaults (other than with respect to nonpayment or in respect of a provision that cannot be amended without the written consent of each Noteholders affected) under the Indenture and their consequences. Any such consent or waiver by the Noteholders of this Note shall be conclusive and binding upon such Noteholders and upon all future Noteholders of this Note and of any Note issued upon the registration of transfer hereof or in exchange herefor or in lieu hereof, whether or not notation of such consent or waiver is made upon this Note.

As provided in and subject to the provisions of the Indenture, the Noteholders of this Note shall not have the right to institute any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, with respect to the Indenture or for the appointment of a receiver or trustee or for any other remedy thereunder, unless such Noteholders shall have previously given the Trustee written notice of a continuing Event of Default with respect to the Notes, the Noteholders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal

amount of the Notes at the time Outstanding shall have made written request to the Trustee to institute proceedings in respect of such Event of Default as Trustee and offered the Trustee satisfactory indemnity, and the Trustee shall not have received from the Noteholders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time Outstanding a direction inconsistent with such request, and shall have failed to institute any such proceeding, for 60 days after receipt of such notice, request and offer of indemnity. The foregoing shall not apply to any suit instituted by the Noteholders of this Note for the enforcement of any payment of principal hereof or any premium or interest hereon on or after the respective due dates expressed herein.

No reference herein to the Indenture and no provision of this Note or of the Indenture shall alter or impair the obligation of the Company, which is absolute and unconditional, to pay the principal of and any premium and interest on this Note at the times, place and rate, and in the coin or currency, herein prescribed.

As provided in the Indenture and subject to certain limitations therein set forth, the transfer of this Note is registrable in the Note Register, upon surrender of this Note for registration of transfer at the office or agency of the Company in any place where the principal of and any premium and interest on this Note are payable, duly endorsed by, or accompanied by a written instrument of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and the Registrar duly executed by, the Noteholders hereof or its attorney duly authorized in writing, and thereupon one or more new Notes of like tenor, of authorized denominations and for the same aggregate principal amount, will be issued to the designated transferee or transferees.

The Notes are issuable only in registered form without coupons in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 thereof. As provided in the Indenture and subject to certain limitations therein set forth, the Notes are exchangeable for a like aggregate principal amount of the Notes of like tenor of a different authorized denomination, as requested by the Noteholders surrendering the same.

No service charge shall be made for any such registration of transfer or exchange, but the Company may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith.

Prior to due presentment of this Note for registration of transfer, the Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company or the Trustee may treat the Person in whose name this Note is registered as the owner hereof for all purposes, whether or not this Note be overdue, and neither the Company, the Trustee nor any such agent shall be affected by notice to the contrary.

The Indenture and the Notes shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

All terms used in this Note that are defined in the Indenture shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

Exhibit A-5

ASSIGNMENT FORM

To assign this Note, fill in the form below and have your signature guaranteed: (I) or (we) assign and transfer this Security to

(Insert assignee's soc. Sec. or tax I.D. no.)

(Print or type assignee's name, address and zip code)

and irrevocably appoint agent to transfer this Note on the books of the Company. The agent may substitute another to act for him.

Date: _____

Your name: _____
(Print your name exactly as it appears on the face of this note)

Your _____
signature: (Sign exactly as your name appears on the face of this note)

Signature Guarantee*: _____

* Participant in a recognized Signature Guarantee Medallion Program (or other signature guarantor acceptable to the Trustee).

EXCHANGES OF INTERESTS IN THE GLOBAL NOTE⁴

The following exchanges of a part of this Global Note for an interest in another Global Note or for a Definitive Note, or exchanges of a part of another Global Note or Definitive Note for an interest in this Global Note, have been made:

<u>Date of Exchange</u>	<u>Amount of decrease in Principal Amount of this Global Note</u>	<u>Amount of increase in Principal Amount of this Global Note</u>	<u>Principal Amount of this Global Note following such decrease (or increase)</u>	<u>Signature of authorized signatory of Trustee or Security Custodian</u>

⁴ If this Security is Global Note, include this provision.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF TRANSFER

Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc.
974 Centre Road
Wilmington, DE 19805
Email:
Attention:

With a copy to:
International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
521 West 57th Street
New York, New York 10019
Email:
Attention:

U.S Bank National Association
Attn: Corporate Trust Settlement Services
111 Fillmore Ave.
St. Paul, Minnesota 55107

Re: Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. % Senior Notes due 20

Reference is hereby made to the Indenture, dated as of September 16, 2020, as amended or supplemented from time to time (the "Indenture"), among Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., the Guarantors named therein] and the Trustee. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Indenture.

(the "Transferor") owns and proposes to transfer the Note[s] or interest in such Note[s] specified in Annex A hereto, in the principal amount of \$ in such Note[s] or interests (the "Transfer"), to (the "Transferee"), as further specified in Annex A hereto. In connection with the Transfer, the Transferor hereby certifies that:

[CHECK ALL THAT APPLY]

1. CHECK IF TRANSFEREE WILL TAKE DELIVERY OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN THE 144A GLOBAL NOTE OR A DEFINITIVE NOTE PURSUANT TO RULE 144A. The Transfer is being effected pursuant to and in accordance with Rule 144A under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and, accordingly, the Transferor hereby further certifies that the beneficial interest or Definitive Note is being transferred to a Person that the Transferor reasonably believes is purchasing the beneficial interest or Definitive Note for its own account, or for one or more accounts with respect to which such Person exercises sole investment discretion, and such Person and each such account is a "qualified institutional buyer" within the meaning of Rule 144A in a transaction meeting the requirements of Rule 144A and such Transfer is in compliance with any applicable blue sky securities laws of any state of the United States.

Exhibit B-1

2. CHECK IF TRANSFEREE WILL TAKE DELIVERY OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN THE REGULATION S GLOBAL NOTE OR A DEFINITIVE NOTE PURSUANT TO REGULATION S. The Transfer is being effected pursuant to and in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904 under the Securities Act and, accordingly, the Transferor hereby further certifies that (i) the Transfer is not being made to a person in the United States and (x) at the time the buy order was originated, the Transferee was outside the United States or such Transferor and any Person acting on its behalf reasonably believed and believes that the Transferee was outside the United States or (y) the transaction was executed in, on or through the facilities of a designated offshore securities market and neither such Transferor nor any Person acting on its behalf knows that the transaction was prearranged with a buyer in the United States, (ii) no directed selling efforts have been made in contravention of the requirements of Rule 903(b) or Rule 904(b) of Regulation S under the Securities Act (iii) the transaction is not part of a plan or scheme to evade the registration requirements of the Securities Act and (iv) if the proposed transfer is being made prior to the expiration of the Restricted Period, the transfer is not being made to a U.S. Person or for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person (other than a Purchaser or pursuant to Rule 144A). Upon consummation of the proposed transfer in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the transferred beneficial interest or Definitive Note will be subject to the restrictions on Transfer enumerated in the Indenture and the Securities Act.

3. CHECK AND COMPLETE IF TRANSFEREE WILL TAKE DELIVERY OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN THE IAI GLOBAL NOTE OR A DEFINITIVE NOTE PURSUANT TO ANY PROVISION OF THE SECURITIES ACT OTHER THAN RULE 144A OR REGULATION S. The Transfer is being effected in compliance with the transfer restrictions applicable to beneficial interests in Restricted Global Notes and Restricted Definitive Notes and pursuant to and in accordance with the Securities Act and any applicable blue sky securities laws of any state of the United States, and accordingly the Transferor hereby further certifies that (check one):

(a) such Transfer is being effected pursuant to and in accordance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act;

or

(b) such Transfer is being effected to the Company or a subsidiary thereof;

or

(c) such Transfer is being effected pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act and, if applicable, in compliance with the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act;

or

(d) such Transfer is for at least \$100,000 principal amount of Note and is being effected to an Institutional Accredited Investor and pursuant to an

Exhibit B-2

exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act other than Rule 144A, Rule 144 or Rule 904, and the Transferor hereby further certifies that it has not engaged in any general solicitation within the meaning of Regulation D under the Securities Act and the Transfer complies with the transfer restrictions applicable to beneficial interests in a Restricted Global Note or Restricted Definitive Note and the requirements of the exemption claimed, which certification is supported by (1) a certificate executed by the Transferee in the form of Exhibit D to the Indenture and (2) an Opinion of Counsel, in form and from counsel reasonably acceptable to the Company, provided by the Transferor or the Transferee (a copy of which the Transferor has attached to this certification), to the effect that such Transfer is in compliance with the Securities Act. Upon consummation of the proposed transfer in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the transferred beneficial interest or Definitive Note will be subject to the restrictions on transfer enumerated in the Private Placement Legend printed on the IAI Global Note and/or a Restricted Definitive Note and in the Indenture and the Securities Act.]

4. CHECK IF TRANSFEREE WILL TAKE DELIVERY OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN AN UNRESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTE OR OF AN UNRESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTE.

(a) CHECK IF TRANSFER IS PURSUANT TO RULE 144. (i) The Transfer is being effected pursuant to and in accordance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act and in compliance with the transfer restrictions contained in the Indenture and any applicable blue sky securities laws of any state of the United States and (ii) the restrictions on transfer contained in the Indenture and the Private Placement Legend are not required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities Act. Upon consummation of the proposed Transfer in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the transferred beneficial interest or Definitive Note will no longer be subject to the restrictions on transfer enumerated in the Private Placement Legend printed on the Restricted Global Notes, on Restricted Definitive Notes and in the Indenture.

(b) CHECK IF TRANSFER IS PURSUANT TO REGULATION S. (i) The Transfer is being effected pursuant to and in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904 under the Securities Act and in compliance with the transfer restrictions contained in the Indenture and any applicable blue sky securities laws of any state of the United States and (ii) the restrictions on transfer contained in the Indenture and the Private Placement Legend are not required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities Act. Upon consummation of the proposed Transfer in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the transferred beneficial interest or Definitive Note will no longer be subject to the restrictions on transfer enumerated in the Private Placement Legend printed on the Restricted Global Notes, on Restricted Definitive Notes and in the Indenture.

(c) CHECK IF TRANSFER IS PURSUANT TO OTHER EXEMPTION. (i) The Transfer is being effected pursuant to and in compliance with an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act other than Rule 144, Rule 903 or Rule 904 and in compliance with the transfer restrictions contained in the Indenture and any applicable blue sky securities laws of any State of the United States and (ii) the restrictions on transfer contained in the Indenture and the Private Placement Legend are not required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities

Act. Upon consummation of the proposed Transfer in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the transferred beneficial interest or Definitive Note will not be subject to the restrictions on transfer enumerated in the Private Placement Legend printed on the Restricted Global Notes or Restricted Definitive Notes and in the Indenture.

Exhibit B-4

This certificate and the statements contained herein are made for your benefit and the benefit of the Company.

[Insert Name of Transferor]

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Dated: _____

Exhibit B-5

1. The Transferor owns and proposes to transfer the following:

[CHECK ONE OF (a) OR (b)]

- (a) a beneficial interest in the:
- (i) 144A Global Note (CUSIP []), or
 - (ii) Regulation S Global Note (CUSIP []), or
 - [(iii) IAI Global Note (CUSIP []), or]
- (b) a Restricted Definitive Note.

2. After the Transfer the Transferee will hold:

[CHECK ONE]

- (a) a beneficial interest in the:
- (i) 144A Global Note (CUSIP []), or
 - (ii) Regulation S Global Note (CUSIP []), or
 - [(iii) IAI Global Note (CUSIP []), or]
 - (iv) Unrestricted Global Note (CUSIP []); or
- (b) a Restricted Definitive Note; or
- (c) an Unrestricted Definitive Note,
in accordance with the terms of the Indenture.

Exhibit B-6

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF EXCHANGE

Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc.
974 Centre Road
Wilmington, DE 19805
Email:
Attention:

With a copy to:
International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
521 West 57th Street
New York, New York 10019
Email:
Attention:

U.S Bank National Association
Attn: Corporate Trust Settlement Services
111 Fillmore Ave.
St. Paul, Minnesota 55107

Re: Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. % Senior Notes due 20

Reference is hereby made to the Indenture, dated as of September 16, 2020, as amended or supplemented from time to time (the "Indenture"), among Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., the Guarantors named therein] and the Trustee. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Indenture.

(the "Owner") owns and proposes to exchange the Note[s] or interest in such Note[s] specified herein, in the principal amount of \$ in such Note[s] or interests (the "Exchange"). In connection with the Exchange, the Owner hereby certifies that:

1) EXCHANGE OF RESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTES OR BENEFICIAL INTERESTS IN A RESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTE FOR UNRESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTES OR BENEFICIAL INTERESTS IN AN UNRESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTE

a) CHECK IF EXCHANGE IS FROM BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A RESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTE TO BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN AN UNRESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTE. In connection with the Exchange of the Owner's beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note for a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note in an equal principal amount, the Owner hereby certifies (i) the beneficial interest is being acquired for the Owner's own account without transfer, (ii) such Exchange has been effected in compliance with the transfer restrictions applicable to the Global Notes and pursuant to and in accordance with the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), (iii) the restrictions on transfer contained in the Indenture and the Private Placement Legend are not required in order to maintain compliance

Exhibit C-1

with the Securities Act and (iv) the beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note is being acquired in compliance with any applicable blue sky securities laws of any state of the United States.

b) CHECK IF EXCHANGE IS FROM BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A RESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTE TO UNRESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTE. In connection with the Exchange of the Owner's beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note for an Unrestricted Definitive Note, the Owner hereby certifies (i) the Definitive Note is being acquired for the Owner's own account without transfer, (ii) such Exchange has been effected in compliance with the transfer restrictions applicable to the Restricted Global Notes and pursuant to and in accordance with the Securities Act, (iii) the restrictions on transfer contained in the Indenture and the Private Placement Legend are not required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities Act and (iv) the Definitive Note is being acquired in compliance with any applicable blue sky securities laws of any state of the United States.

c) CHECK IF EXCHANGE IS FROM RESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTE TO BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN AN UNRESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTE. In connection with the Owner's Exchange of a Restricted Definitive Note for a beneficial interest in an Unrestricted Global Note, the Owner hereby certifies (i) the beneficial interest is being acquired for the Owner's own account without transfer, (ii) such Exchange has been effected in compliance with the transfer restrictions applicable to Restricted Definitive Notes and pursuant to and in accordance with the Securities Act, (iii) the restrictions on transfer contained in the Indenture and the Private Placement Legend are not required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities Act and (iv) the beneficial interest is being acquired in compliance with any applicable blue sky securities laws of any state of the United States.

d) CHECK IF EXCHANGE IS FROM RESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTE TO UNRESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTE. In connection with the Owner's Exchange of a Restricted Definitive Note for an Unrestricted Definitive Note, the Owner hereby certifies (i) the Unrestricted Definitive Note is being acquired for the Owner's own account without transfer, (ii) such Exchange has been effected in compliance with the transfer restrictions applicable to Restricted Definitive Notes and pursuant to and in accordance with the Securities Act, (iii) the restrictions on transfer contained in the Indenture and the Private Placement Legend are not required in order to maintain compliance with the Securities Act and (iv) the Unrestricted Definitive Note is being acquired in compliance with any applicable blue sky securities laws of any state of the United States.

2) EXCHANGE OF RESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTES OR BENEFICIAL INTERESTS IN RESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTES FOR RESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTES OR BENEFICIAL INTERESTS IN RESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTES

Exhibit C-2

a) CHECK IF EXCHANGE IS FROM BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A RESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTE TO RESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTE. In connection with the Exchange of the Owner's beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note for a Restricted Definitive Note with an equal principal amount, the Owner hereby certifies that the Restricted Definitive Note is being acquired for the Owner's own account without transfer. Upon consummation of the proposed Exchange in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the Restricted Definitive Note issued will continue to be subject to the restrictions on transfer enumerated in the Private Placement Legend printed on the Restricted Definitive Note and in the Indenture and the Securities Act.

b) CHECK IF EXCHANGE IS FROM RESTRICTED DEFINITIVE NOTE TO BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A RESTRICTED GLOBAL NOTE. In connection with the Exchange of the Owner's Restricted Definitive Note for a beneficial interest in the [CHECK ONE] 144A Global Note Regulation S Global Note [IAI Global Note,] with an equal principal amount, the Owner hereby certifies (i) the beneficial interest is being acquired for the Owner's own account without transfer and (ii) such Exchange has been effected in compliance with the transfer restrictions applicable to the Restricted Global Notes and pursuant to and in accordance with the Securities Act, and in compliance with any applicable blue sky securities laws of any state of the United States. Upon consummation of the proposed Exchange in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the beneficial interest issued will be subject to the restrictions on transfer enumerated in the Private Placement Legend printed on the relevant Restricted Global Note and in the Indenture and the Securities Act.

This certificate and the statements contained herein are made for your benefit and the benefit of the Company.

[Insert Name of Transferor]

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Dated: _____

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF EXCHANGE

Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc.
974 Centre Road
Wilmington, DE 19805
Email:
Attention:

With a copy to:
International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.
521 West 57th Street
New York, New York 10019
Email:
Attention:

U.S Bank National Association
Attn: Corporate Trust Settlement Services
111 Fillmore Ave.
St. Paul, Minnesota 55107

Re: Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc. % Senior Notes due 20

Reference is hereby made to the Indenture, dated as of September 16, 2020, as amended or supplemented from time to time (the "Indenture"), among Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., the Guarantors named therein, and the Trustee. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Indenture.

In connection with our proposed purchase of \$ aggregate principal amount of:

- (a) a beneficial interest in a Global Note, or
(b) a Definitive Note,

we confirm that:

1. We understand that any subsequent transfer of the Notes or any interest therein is subject to certain restrictions and conditions set forth in the Indenture and the undersigned agrees to be bound by, and not to resell, pledge or otherwise transfer the Notes or any interest therein except in compliance with, such restrictions and conditions and the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "*Securities Act*").

Exhibit D-1

2. We understand that the offer and sale of the Notes has not been registered under the Securities Act, and that the Notes and any interest therein may not be offered or sold except as permitted in the following sentence. We agree, on our own behalf and on behalf of any accounts for which we are acting as hereinafter stated, that if we should sell the Notes or any interest therein, we will do so only (A) to the Company or any Subsidiary thereof, (B) inside the United States in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act to a “qualified institutional buyer” (as defined therein), (C) inside the United States in a minimum principal amount of \$100,000 of Notes to an institutional “accredited investor” (as defined below) that, prior to such transfer, furnishes (or has furnished on its behalf by a U.S. broker-dealer) to you and to the Company a signed letter substantially in the form of this letter and an Opinion of Counsel, in form and from counsel reasonably acceptable to the Company, to the effect that such transfer is in compliance with the Securities Act, (D) outside the United States in accordance with Rule 904 of Regulation S under the Securities Act, (E) pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 under the Securities Act (if available) or (F) pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, and we further agree to provide to any Person purchasing the Definitive Note or beneficial interest in a Global Note from us in a transaction meeting the requirements of clauses (A) through (E) of this paragraph a notice advising such purchaser that resales thereof are restricted as stated herein.

3. We understand that, on any proposed resale of the Notes or beneficial interest therein, we will be required to furnish to you and the Company such certifications, legal opinions and other information as you and the Company may reasonably require to confirm that the proposed sale complies with the foregoing restrictions. We further understand that the Notes purchased by us will bear a legend to the foregoing effect.

4. We are an institutional “accredited investor” (as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) and have such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters as to be capable of evaluating the merits and risks of our investment in the Notes, and we and any accounts for which we are acting are each able to bear the economic risk of our or its investment.

5. We are acquiring the Notes or beneficial interest therein purchased by us for our own account or for one or more accounts (each of which is an institutional “accredited investor”) as to each of which we exercise sole investment discretion and have authority to make, and do make, the statements contained in this letter, and not with a view to any distribution of the Notes.

6. The source of funds to be used to pay for the Notes purchased by us does not include assets of any employee benefit plan (other than a plan exempt from the coverage of ERISA) or plan or any other entity the assets of which consist of “plan assets” of employee benefit plans or plans as defined in Department of Labor regulation Section 2510.3-101, as amended by Section 3(42) of ERISA (the “Plan Asset Regulation”). As used in this paragraph, the term “employee benefit plan” shall have the meaning assigned to such term in Section 3(3) of ERISA, and the term “plan” shall have the meaning assigned thereto in Section 4975(e)(1) of the Code.

Exhibit D-2

7. We either (A) are, and for so long as we hold any Notes, will be, a “venture capital operating company” or wholly owned by a “venture capital operating company” or (B) do not have, and for so long as we hold any Notes, will not have, “significant equity participation” by benefit plan investors pursuant to the Plan Asset Regulation. The term “venture capital operating company” shall have the meaning assigned to such term in the Plan Asset Regulation.

You and the Company are entitled to rely upon this letter and are irrevocably authorized to produce this letter or a copy hereof to any interested party in any administrative or legal proceedings or official inquiry with respect to the matters covered hereby.

Exhibit D-3

[Insert Name of Accredited Investor]

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Dated: _____

Exhibit D-4

FORM OF SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE
TO BE DELIVERED BY GUARANTORS

Supplemental Indenture (this "Supplemental Indenture"), dated as of _____ among Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), (the "Guarantor"), and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Company has heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture (as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Indenture"), dated as of September 16, 2020, providing for the issuance of (i) \$300,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 0.697% Senior Notes due 2022 (the "2022 Notes"), (ii) \$1,000,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 1.230% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes"), (iii) \$1,200,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 1.832% Senior Notes due 2027 (the "2027 Notes"), (iv) \$1,500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 2.300% Senior Notes due 2030 (the "2030 Notes"), (v) \$750,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.268% Senior Notes due 2040 and (vi) \$1,500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.468% Senior Notes due 2050 (together with the 2022 Notes, 2025 Notes, 2027 Notes, 2030 Notes and the 2040 Notes, the "Notes");

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Guarantor may execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guarantor shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Company's obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein and under the Indenture (the "Guarantee"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture without the consent of Holders.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders as follows:

- (1) Capitalized Terms. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.
- (2) Agreement to Guarantee. The Guarantor hereby agrees to be a Guarantor under the Indenture and to be bound by the terms of the Indenture applicable to Guarantors, including Article 11 thereof. [To be added for Guarantee by IFF: This Guarantee by the Guarantor shall be automatically released upon the IFF Notes Assumption.]
- (3) Execution and Delivery. The Guarantor agrees that the Guarantee shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding the absence of the endorsement of any notation of such Guarantee on the Notes.

(4) Governing Law. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE WILL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

(5) Counterparts. This Supplemental Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which shall together constitute but one and the same instrument. The exchange of copies of this Supplemental Indenture and of signature pages by facsimile, PDF or other electronic transmission shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Supplemental Indenture as to the parties hereto and may be used in lieu of the original Indenture for all purposes. Signatures of the parties hereto transmitted by facsimile, PDF or other electronic transmission shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Indenture as to the parties hereto and such signatures shall be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes. The words “execution,” “signed,” “signature,” “delivery,” and words of like import in or relating to this Supplemental Indenture or any document to be signed in connection with this Supplemental Indenture shall be deemed to include electronic signatures, including without limitation, digital signature provided by DocuSign (or such other digital signature provider as specified in writing to Trustee by the authorized representative), each of which shall be of the same legal effect, validity or enforceability as a manually executed signature. The Company agrees to assume all risks arising out of the use of using digital signatures and electronic methods to submit communications to Trustee, including without limitation the risk of Trustee acting on unauthorized instructions, and the risk of interception and misuse by third parties.

(6) Effect of Headings. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

(7) The Trustee. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by the Guarantor.

(8) Ratification of Indenture; Supplemental Indenture Part of Indenture. Except as expressly amended hereby, the Indenture is in all respects ratified and confirmed and all the terms, conditions and provisions thereof shall remain in full force and effect. This Supplemental Indenture shall form a part of the Indenture for all purposes, and every Holder of Notes heretofore or hereafter authenticated and delivered shall be bound hereby.

(9) Representations and Warranties by Guarantor. The Guarantor hereby represents and warrants to the Trustee that this Supplemental Indenture has been duly and validly executed and delivered by it and constitutes its legal, valid and binding obligation, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms and the terms of the Indenture.

[Signature pages follow]

Exhibit E-2

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed, all as of the date first above written.

NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

[GUARANTOR]

By: _____
Name:
Title:

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By: _____
Name:
Title:

[Signature page to Supplemental Indenture]

FORM OF SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE FOR ASSUMPTION

Supplemental Indenture (this "Supplemental Indenture"), (this "Supplemental Indenture"), dated as of _____ among Nutrition & Biosciences, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., a New York corporation ("IFF"), and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Company has heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture (as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Indenture"), dated as of September 16, 2020, providing for the issuance of (i) \$300,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 0.697% Senior Notes due 2022 (the "2022 Notes"), (ii) \$1,000,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 1.230% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes"), (iii) \$1,200,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 1.832% Senior Notes due 2027 (the "2027 Notes"), (iv) \$1,500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 2.300% Senior Notes due 2030 (the "2030 Notes"), (v) \$750,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.268% Senior Notes due 2040 and (vi) \$1,500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.468% Senior Notes due 2050 (together with the 2022 Notes, 2025 Notes, 2027 Notes, 2030 Notes and the 2040 Notes, the "Notes");

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that substantially contemporaneously with the Company's merger with and into Neptune Merger Sub II LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of IFF, IFF, at the election of the Company and IFF, may assume the obligations of the Company with respect to the Notes and the Indenture; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture without the consent of Holders.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders as follows:

- (1) Capitalized Terms. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.
- (2) Assumption. IFF hereby expressly assumes the due and punctual payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on all of the Notes of each series and the performance and observance of all of the covenants and conditions of the Indenture to be performed or observed by the Company.
- (3) Release and Substitution. IFF is hereby substituted for the Company under the Indenture and Notes and references therein to the Company shall henceforth be deemed to be to IFF, the Company is hereby released from any further obligation under the Indenture and Notes, IFF's Guarantee under the Indenture is hereby released and the Indenture and Notes shall be deemed correspondingly amended to reflect and implement the foregoing.

(4) Effect upon Indenture. Except as expressly amended hereby, the Indenture is in all respects ratified and confirmed and all the terms, conditions and provisions thereof shall remain in full force and effect. This Supplemental Indenture shall form a part of the Indenture for all purposes, and every Holder of Notes heretofore or hereafter authenticated and delivered shall be bound hereby.

(5) Execution and Delivery. IFF agrees that the Supplemental Indenture shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding the absence of the endorsement of any notation of such Supplemental Indenture on the Notes.

(6) Governing Law. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE WILL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

(7) Counterparts. This Supplemental Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which shall together constitute but one and the same instrument. The exchange of copies of this Supplemental Indenture and of signature pages by facsimile, PDF or other electronic transmission shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Supplemental Indenture as to the parties hereto and may be used in lieu of the original Indenture for all purposes. Signatures of the parties hereto transmitted by facsimile, PDF or other electronic transmission shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Indenture as to the parties hereto and such signatures shall be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes. The words “execution,” “signed,” “signature,” “delivery,” and words of like import in or relating to this Supplemental Indenture or any document to be signed in connection with this Supplemental Indenture shall be deemed to include electronic signatures, including without limitation, digital signature provided by DocuSign (or such other digital signature provider as specified in writing to Trustee by the authorized representative), each of which shall be of the same legal effect, validity or enforceability as a manually executed signature. The Company agrees to assume all risks arising out of the use of using digital signatures and electronic methods to submit communications to Trustee, including without limitation the risk of Trustee acting on unauthorized instructions, and the risk of interception and misuse by third parties.

(8) Effect of Headings. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

(9) The Trustee. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by IFF and the Company.

[Signature pages follow]

Exhibit F-2

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed, all as of the date first above written.

NUTRITION & BIOSCIENCES, INC.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES INC.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Exhibit F-3